## Florida Senate - 2000

By Senator Campbell

|    | 33-1291-00 See HB 377                           |
|----|-------------------------------------------------|
| 1  | A bill to be entitled                           |
| 2  | An act relating to child custody jurisdiction   |
| 3  | and enforcement; creating the "Uniform Child    |
| 4  | Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act";      |
| 5  | providing definitions; specifying proceedings   |
| 6  | not governed by the act; providing application  |
| 7  | to Indian tribes; providing international       |
| 8  | application of the act; providing the effect of |
| 9  | a child custody determination; providing        |
| 10 | priority for questions of jurisdiction under    |
| 11 | the act; providing for notice to persons        |
| 12 | outside the state; providing for appearance at  |
| 13 | proceedings and limited immunity; providing for |
| 14 | communication between courts of this state and  |
| 15 | courts of other states; providing for taking    |
| 16 | testimony in another state; providing for       |
| 17 | cooperation between courts and the preservation |
| 18 | of records; providing for initial child custody |
| 19 | jurisdiction; providing for exclusive,          |
| 20 | continuing jurisdiction; providing for          |
| 21 | jurisdiction to modify a child custody          |
| 22 | determination; providing for temporary          |
| 23 | emergency jurisdiction; providing for notice,   |
| 24 | opportunity to be heard, and joinder; providing |
| 25 | procedures with respect to simultaneous         |
| 26 | proceedings; providing for determination of an  |
| 27 | inconvenient forum; providing procedures for a  |
| 28 | decline of jurisdiction by reason of conduct;   |
| 29 | specifying information to be submitted to the   |
| 30 | court; providing for the appearance of the      |
| 31 | parties and the child at proceedings; providing |
|    | 1                                               |

## **Florida Senate - 2000** 33-1291-00

| 1  | definitions relating to enforcement; providing  |
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| 2  | for enforcement under the Hague Convention;     |
| 3  | providing duty of the court to enforce child    |
| 4  | custody determinations of a court of another    |
| 5  | state; providing for temporary visitation;      |
| 6  | providing for registration of out-of-state      |
| 7  | child custody determinations; providing for     |
| 8  | enforcement of registered determinations;       |
| 9  | providing procedures with respect to            |
| 10 | simultaneous proceedings; providing for         |
| 11 | expedited enforcement of a child custody        |
| 12 | determination; providing for service of         |
| 13 | petition and order; providing for hearing and   |
| 14 | order; providing for issuance of a warrant to   |
| 15 | take physical custody of a child under certain  |
| 16 | circumstances; providing for award of costs,    |
| 17 | fees, and expenses to the prevailing party;     |
| 18 | providing for recognition of enforcement orders |
| 19 | of a court of another state; providing for      |
| 20 | appeals; providing for actions by the state     |
| 21 | attorney; providing for actions by law          |
| 22 | enforcement officers; providing for assessment  |
| 23 | of costs and expenses incurred by the state     |
| 24 | attorney and law enforcement officers;          |
| 25 | providing for application and construction of   |
| 26 | the act; providing severability; providing for  |
| 27 | transition; amending ss. 39.502, 61.13, and     |
| 28 | 741.30, F.S.; conforming references and         |
| 29 | cross-references; repealing ss. 61.1302,        |
| 30 | 61.1304, 61.1306, 61.1308, 61.131, 61.1312,     |
| 31 | 61.1314, 61.1316, 61.1318, 61.132, 61.1322,     |
|    |                                                 |

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1 61.1324, 61.1326, 61.1328, 61.133, 61.1332, 61.1334, 61.1336, 61.1338, 61.134, 61.1342, 2 3 61.1344, 61.1346, and 61.1348, F.S., relating to the "Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction 4 5 Act"; providing an effective date. б 7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 8 9 Section 1. Short title.--This act may be cited as the "Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act." 10 11 Section 2. Definitions.--As used in this act, the 12 term: (1) "Abandoned" means left without provision for 13 14 reasonable and necessary care or supervision. 15 (2) "Child" means an individual who has not attained 16 18 years of age. 17 "Child custody determination" means a judgment, (3) decree, or other order of a court providing for the legal 18 19 custody, physical custody, or visitation with respect to a child. The term includes a permanent, temporary, initial, and 20 modification order. The term does not include an order 21 22 relating to child support or other monetary obligation of an individual. 23 (4) "Child custody proceeding" means a proceeding in 24 25 which legal custody, physical custody, or visitation with respect to a child is an issue. The term includes a proceeding 26 27 for divorce, separation, neglect, abuse, dependency, 28 guardianship, paternity, termination of parental rights, and 29 protection from domestic violence, in which the issue may 30 appear. The term does not include a proceeding involving 31

1 juvenile delinquency, contractual emancipation, or enforcement 2 under sections 23 through 39. 3 (5) "Commencement" means the filing of the first 4 pleading in a proceeding. 5 "Court" means an entity authorized under the law (6) б of a state to establish, enforce, or modify a child custody 7 determination. 8 "Home state" means the state in which a child (7) 9 lived with a parent or a person acting as a parent for at 10 least 6 consecutive months immediately before the commencement 11 of a child custody proceeding. In the case of a child less than 6 months of age, the term means the state in which the 12 child lived from birth with any of the persons mentioned. A 13 14 period of temporary absence of any of the mentioned persons is 15 part of the period. (8) "Initial determination" means the first child 16 17 custody determination concerning a particular child. "Issuing court" means the court that makes a child (9) 18 19 custody determination for which enforcement is sought under 20 this act. "Issuing state" means the state in which a child 21 (10)22 custody determination is made. "Modification" means a child custody 23 (11)determination that changes, replaces, supersedes, or is 24 otherwise made after a previous determination concerning the 25 same child, whether or not it is made by the court that made 26 27 the previous determination. 28 (12) "Person" means an individual, corporation, 29 business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, or government; 30 31

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1 governmental subdivision, agency, instrumentality, or public corporation; or any other legal or commercial entity. 2 3 (13) "Person acting as a parent" means a person, other 4 than a parent, who: 5 (a) Has physical custody of the child or has had б physical custody for a period of 6 consecutive months, 7 including any temporary absence, within 1 year immediately 8 before the commencement of a child custody proceeding; and 9 (b) Has been awarded legal custody by a court or 10 claims a right to legal custody under the law of this state. 11 (14) "Physical custody" means the physical care and supervision of a child. 12 (15) "State" means a state of the United States, the 13 District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin 14 Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the 15 jurisdiction of the United States. 16 17 (16) "Tribe" means an Indian tribe, or band, or Alaskan Native village which is recognized by federal law or 18 19 formally acknowledged by a state. (17) "Warrant" means an order issued by a court 20 21 authorizing law enforcement officers to take physical custody 22 of a child. 23 Section 3. Proceedings governed by other law.--This 24 act does not govern an adoption proceeding or a proceeding 25 pertaining to the authorization of emergency medical care for a child. 26 27 Section 4. Application to Indian tribes .--28 (1) A child custody proceeding that pertains to an 29 Indian child as defined in the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 30 U.S.C. s. 1901 et seq., is not subject to this act to the extent that it is governed by the Indian Child Welfare Act. 31 5

| 1  | (2) A court of this state shall treat a tribe as if it         |  |  |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| 2  | were a state of the United States for purposes of applying     |  |  |
| 3  | sections 1 through 22.                                         |  |  |
| 4  | (3) A child custody determination made by a tribe              |  |  |
| 5  | under factual circumstances in substantial conformity with the |  |  |
| 6  | jurisdictional standards of this act must be recognized and    |  |  |
| 7  | enforced under sections 23 through 39.                         |  |  |
| 8  | Section 5. International application of act                    |  |  |
| 9  | (1) A court of this state shall treat a foreign                |  |  |
| 10 | country as if it were a state of the United States for         |  |  |
| 11 | purposes of applying sections 1 through 22.                    |  |  |
| 12 | (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), a          |  |  |
| 13 | child custody determination made in a foreign country under    |  |  |
| 14 | factual circumstances in substantial conformity with the       |  |  |
| 15 | jurisdictional standards of this act must be recognized and    |  |  |
| 16 | enforced under sections 23 through 39.                         |  |  |
| 17 | (3) A court of this state need not apply this act if           |  |  |
| 18 | the child custody law of a foreign country violates            |  |  |
| 19 | fundamental principles of human rights.                        |  |  |
| 20 | Section 6. Effect of child custody determinationA              |  |  |
| 21 | child custody determination made by a court of this state that |  |  |
| 22 | had jurisdiction under this act binds all persons who have     |  |  |
| 23 | been served in accordance with the laws of this state or       |  |  |
| 24 | notified in accordance with section 8 or who have submitted to |  |  |
| 25 | the jurisdiction of the court, and who have been given an      |  |  |
| 26 | opportunity to be heard. As to those persons, the              |  |  |
| 27 | determination is conclusive as to all decided issues of law    |  |  |
| 28 | and fact except to the extent the determination is modified.   |  |  |
| 29 | Section 7. PriorityIf a question of existence or               |  |  |
| 30 | exercise of jurisdiction under this act is raised in a child   |  |  |
| 31 | custody proceeding, the question, upon request of a party,     |  |  |
|    | 6                                                              |  |  |

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1 must be given priority on the calendar and handled 2 expeditiously. 3 Section 8. Notice to persons outside the state .--(1) Notice required for the exercise of jurisdiction 4 5 when a person is outside this state may be given in a manner б prescribed by the laws of this state for the service of 7 process or by the laws of the state in which the service is 8 made. Notice must be given in a manner reasonably calculated to give actual notice, but may be by publication if other 9 10 means are not effective. 11 (2) Proof of service may be made in the manner prescribed by the law of this state or by the law of the state 12 in which the service is made. 13 (3) Notice is not required for the exercise of 14 jurisdiction with respect to a person who submits to the 15 jurisdiction of the court. 16 17 Section 9. Appearance and limited immunity .--(1) A party to a child custody proceeding, including a 18 19 modification proceeding, or a petitioner or respondent in a proceeding to enforce or register a child custody 20 determination, is not subject to personal jurisdiction in this 21 state for another proceeding or purpose solely by reason of 22 having participated, or of having been physically present for 23 the purpose of participating, in the proceeding. 24 25 (2) A person who is subject to personal jurisdiction in this state on a basis other than physical presence is not 26 27 immune from service of process in this state. A party present in this state who is subject to the jurisdiction of another 28 state is not immune from service of process allowable under 29 30 the laws of that state. 31

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1 (3) The immunity granted by subsection (1) does not extend to civil litigation based on acts unrelated to the 2 3 participation in a proceeding under this act committed by an individual while present in this state. 4 5 Section 10. Communication between courts.-б (1) A court of this state may communicate with a court 7 in another state concerning a proceeding arising under this 8 act. 9 (2) The court may allow the parties to participate in the communication. If the parties are not able to participate 10 11 in the communication, they must be given the opportunity to present facts and legal arguments before a decision on 12 13 jurisdiction is made. (3) Communication between courts on schedules, 14 calendars, court records, and similar matters may occur 15 without informing the parties. A record need not be made of 16 17 the communication. (4) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), a 18 19 record must be made of a communication under this section. The parties must be informed promptly of the communication and 20 21 granted access to the record. 22 (5) For the purposes of this section, "record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is 23 24 stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in 25 perceivable form. Section 11. Taking testimony in another state .--26 27 (1) In addition to other procedures available to a party, a party to a child custody proceeding may offer 28 29 testimony of witnesses who are located in another state, 30 including testimony of the parties and the child, by deposition or other means allowable in this state for 31

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1 testimony taken in another state. The court on its own motion may order that the testimony of a person be taken in another 2 3 state and may prescribe the manner in which and the terms upon which the testimony is taken. 4 5 (2) A court of this state may permit an individual б residing in another state to be deposed or to testify by 7 telephone, audiovisual means, or other electronic means before 8 a designated court or at another location in that state. A court of this state shall cooperate with courts of other 9 10 states in designating an appropriate location for the 11 deposition or testimony. (3) Documentary evidence transmitted from another 12 state to a court of this state by technological means that do 13 14 not produce an original writing may not be excluded from evidence on an objection based on the means of transmission. 15 Section 12. Cooperation between courts; preservation 16 17 of records.--18 (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate 19 court of another state to: (a) Hold an evidentiary hearing; 20 Order a person to produce or give evidence 21 (b) pursuant to procedures of that state; 22 23 (c) Order that an evaluation be made with respect to 24 the custody of a child involved in a pending proceeding; 25 (d) Forward to the court of this state a certified copy of the transcript of the record of the hearing, the 26 27 evidence otherwise presented, and any evaluation prepared in compliance with the request; and 28 29 Order a party to a child custody proceeding or any (e) 30 person having physical custody of the child to appear in the proceeding with or without the child. 31

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1 (2) Upon request of a court of another state, a court of this state may hold a hearing or enter an order described 2 3 in subsection (1). Travel and other necessary and reasonable expenses 4 (3) 5 incurred under subsections (1) and (2) may be assessed against б the parties according to the laws of this state. 7 (4) A court of this state shall preserve the 8 pleadings, orders, decrees, records of hearings, evaluations, and other pertinent records with respect to a child custody 9 10 proceeding until the child attains 18 years of age. Upon 11 appropriate request by a court or law enforcement official of another state, the court shall forward a certified copy of 12 13 these records. Section 13. Initial child custody jurisdiction .--14 15 (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 16, a court of this state has jurisdiction to make an initial child 16 17 custody determination only if: (a) This state is the home state of the child on the 18 19 date of the commencement of the proceeding, or was the home state of the child within 6 months before the commencement of 20 the proceeding and the child is absent from this state but a 21 22 parent or person acting as a parent continues to live in this 23 state; 24 (b) A court of another state does not have 25 jurisdiction under paragraph (a), or a court of the home state of the child has declined to exercise jurisdiction on the 26 27 ground that this state is the more appropriate forum under 28 section 19 or section 20, and: 29 The child and the child's parents, or the child and 1. 30 at least one parent or a person acting as a parent, have a 31

1 significant connection with this state other than mere 2 physical presence; and 3 2. Substantial evidence is available in this state concerning the child's care, protection, training, and 4 5 personal relationships; (c) All courts having jurisdiction under paragraph (a) б 7 or paragraph (b) have declined to exercise jurisdiction on the 8 ground that a court of this state is the more appropriate forum to determine the custody of the child under section 19 9 10 or section 20; or 11 (d) No court of any other state would have jurisdiction under the criteria specified in paragraph (a), 12 paragraph (b), or paragraph (c). 13 (2) Subsection (1) is the exclusive jurisdictional 14 15 basis for making a child custody determination by a court of 16 this state. (3) Physical presence of, or personal jurisdiction 17 18 over, a party or a child is not necessary or sufficient to 19 make a child custody determination. Section 14. Exclusive, continuing jurisdiction .--20 (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 16, a 21 court of this state which has made a child custody 22 determination consistent with section 13 or section 15 has 23 24 exclusive, continuing jurisdiction over the determination 25 until: (a) A court of this state determines that the child, 26 27 the child's parents, and any person acting as a parent do not have a significant connection with this state and that 28 29 substantial evidence is no longer available in this state 30 concerning the child's care, protection, training, and 31 personal relationships; or

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| 1  | (b) A court of this state or a court of another state          |  |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 2  | determines that the child, the child's parent, and any person  |  |
| 3  | acting as a parent do not presently reside in this state.      |  |
| 4  | (2) A court of this state that has made a child                |  |
| 5  | custody determination and does not have exclusive, continuing  |  |
| 6  | jurisdiction under this section may modify that determination  |  |
| 7  | only if it has jurisdiction to make an initial determination   |  |
| 8  | under section 13.                                              |  |
| 9  | Section 15. Jurisdiction to modify                             |  |
| 10 | determinationExcept as otherwise provided in section 16, a     |  |
| 11 | court of this state may not modify a child custody             |  |
| 12 | determination made by a court of another state unless a court  |  |
| 13 | of this state has jurisdiction to make an initial              |  |
| 14 | determination under section 13(1)(a) or (b) and:               |  |
| 15 | (1) The court of the other state determines it no              |  |
| 16 | longer has exclusive, continuing jurisdiction under section 14 |  |
| 17 | or that a court of this state would be a more convenient forum |  |
| 18 | under section 19; or                                           |  |
| 19 | (2) A court of this state or a court of the other              |  |
| 20 | state determines that the child, the child's parents, and any  |  |
| 21 | person acting as a parent do not presently reside in the other |  |
| 22 | state.                                                         |  |
| 23 | Section 16. Temporary emergency jurisdiction                   |  |
| 24 | (1) A court of this state has temporary emergency              |  |
| 25 | jurisdiction if the child is present in this state and the     |  |
| 26 | child has been abandoned or it is necessary in an emergency to |  |
| 27 | protect the child because the child, or a sibling or parent of |  |
| 28 | the child, is subjected to or threatened with mistreatment or  |  |
| 29 | abuse.                                                         |  |
| 30 | (2) If there is no previous child custody                      |  |
| 31 | determination that is entitled to be enforced under this act,  |  |
|    | 12                                                             |  |

| 1  | and a child custody proceeding has not been commenced in a     |  |  |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| 2  | court of a state having jurisdiction under sections 13 through |  |  |
| 3  | 15, a child custody determination made under this section      |  |  |
| 4  | remains in effect until an order is obtained from a court of a |  |  |
| 5  | state having jurisdiction under sections 13 through 15. If a   |  |  |
| 6  | child custody proceeding has not been or is not commenced in a |  |  |
| 7  | court of a state having jurisdiction under sections 13 through |  |  |
| 8  | 15, a child custody determination made under this section      |  |  |
| 9  | becomes a final determination, if it so provides and this      |  |  |
| 10 | state becomes the home state of the child.                     |  |  |
| 11 | (3) If there is a previous child custody determination         |  |  |
| 12 | that is entitled to be enforced under this act, or a child     |  |  |
| 13 | custody proceeding has been commenced in a court of a state    |  |  |
| 14 | having jurisdiction under sections 13 through 15, any order    |  |  |
| 15 | issued by a court of this state under this section must        |  |  |
| 16 | specify in the order a period which the court considers        |  |  |
| 17 | adequate to allow the person seeking an order to obtain an     |  |  |
| 18 | order from the state having jurisdiction under sections 13     |  |  |
| 19 | through 15. The order issued in this state remains in effect   |  |  |
| 20 | until an order is obtained from the other state within the     |  |  |
| 21 | period specified or the period expires.                        |  |  |
| 22 | (4) A court of this state which has been asked to make         |  |  |
| 23 | a child custody determination under this section, upon being   |  |  |
| 24 | informed that a child custody proceeding has been commenced    |  |  |
| 25 | in, or a child custody determination has been made by, a court |  |  |
| 26 | of a state having jurisdiction under sections 13 through 15,   |  |  |
| 27 | shall immediately communicate with the other court. A court of |  |  |
| 28 | this state which is exercising jurisdiction pursuant to        |  |  |
| 29 | sections 13 through 15, upon being informed that a child       |  |  |
| 30 | custody proceeding has been commenced in, or a child custody   |  |  |
| 31 | determination has been made by, a court of another state under |  |  |

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1 a statute similar to this section shall immediately communicate with the court of that state to resolve the 2 3 emergency, protect the safety of the parties and the child, and determine a period for the duration of the temporary 4 5 order. б Section 17. Notice; opportunity to be heard; 7 joinder.--8 (1) Before a child custody determination is made under 9 this act, notice and an opportunity to be heard in accordance 10 with the standards of section 8 must be given to all persons 11 entitled to notice under the laws of this state as in child custody proceedings between residents of this state, any 12 parent whose parental rights have not been previously 13 14 terminated, and any person having physical custody of the 15 child. (2) This act does not govern the enforceability of a 16 17 child custody determination made without notice or an 18 opportunity to be heard. 19 (3) The obligation to join a party and the right to 20 intervene as a party in a child custody proceeding under this 21 act are governed by the laws of this state as in child custody proceedings between residents of this state. 22 Section 18. Simultaneous proceedings .--23 24 (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 16, a 25 court of this state may not exercise its jurisdiction under sections 13 through 23 if, at the time of the commencement of 26 27 the proceeding, a proceeding concerning the custody of the child had been commenced in a court of another state having 28 29 jurisdiction substantially in conformity with this act, unless 30 the proceeding has been terminated or is stayed by the court 31

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1 of the other state because a court of this state is a more convenient forum under section 19. 2 3 (2) Except as otherwise provided in section 16, a court of this state, before hearing a child custody 4 5 proceeding, shall examine the court documents and other б information supplied by the parties pursuant to section 21. If 7 the court determines that a child custody proceeding was 8 previously commenced in a court in another state having jurisdiction substantially in accordance with this act, the 9 10 court of this state shall stay its proceeding and communicate 11 with the court of the other state. If the court of the state having jurisdiction substantially in accordance with this act 12 does not determine that the court of this state is a more 13 14 appropriate forum, the court of this state shall dismiss the 15 proceeding. (3) In a proceeding to modify a child custody 16 17 determination, a court of this state shall determine whether a proceeding to enforce the determination has been commenced in 18 19 another state. If a proceeding to enforce a child custody determination has been commenced in another state, the court 20 21 may: 22 (a) Stay the proceeding for modification pending the entry of an order of a court of the other state enforcing, 23 24 staying, denying, or dismissing the proceeding for 25 enforcement; (b) Enjoin the parties from continuing with the 26 proceeding for enforcement; or 27 28 (c) Proceed with the modification under conditions it 29 considers appropriate. 30 Section 19. Inconvenient forum. --31

| 1  | (1) A court of this state which has jurisdiction under         |  |  |  |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2  | this act to make a child custody determination may decline to  |  |  |  |
| 3  | exercise its jurisdiction at any time if it determines that it |  |  |  |
| 4  | is an inconvenient forum under the circumstances and that a    |  |  |  |
| 5  | court of another state is a more appropriate forum. The issue  |  |  |  |
| 6  | of inconvenient forum may be raised upon motion of a party,    |  |  |  |
| 7  | the court's own motion, or request of another court.           |  |  |  |
| 8  | (2) Before determining whether it is an inconvenient           |  |  |  |
| 9  | forum, a court of this state shall consider whether it is      |  |  |  |
| 10 | appropriate for a court of another state to exercise           |  |  |  |
| 11 | jurisdiction. For this purpose, the court shall allow the      |  |  |  |
| 12 | parties to submit information and shall consider all relevant  |  |  |  |
| 13 | factors, including:                                            |  |  |  |
| 14 | (a) Whether domestic violence has occurred and is              |  |  |  |
| 15 | likely to continue in the future and which state could best    |  |  |  |
| 16 | protect the parties and the child;                             |  |  |  |
| 17 | (b) The length of time the child has resided outside           |  |  |  |
| 18 | this state;                                                    |  |  |  |
| 19 | (c) The distance between the court in this state and           |  |  |  |
| 20 | the court in the state that would assume jurisdiction;         |  |  |  |
| 21 | (d) The relative financial circumstances of the                |  |  |  |
| 22 | parties;                                                       |  |  |  |
| 23 | (e) Any agreement of the parties as to which state             |  |  |  |
| 24 | should assume jurisdiction;                                    |  |  |  |
| 25 | (f) The nature and location of the evidence required           |  |  |  |
| 26 | to resolve the pending litigation, including testimony of the  |  |  |  |
| 27 | child;                                                         |  |  |  |
| 28 | (g) The ability of the court of each state to decide           |  |  |  |
| 29 | the issue expeditiously and the procedures necessary to        |  |  |  |
| 30 | present the evidence; and                                      |  |  |  |
| 31 |                                                                |  |  |  |
|    | 16                                                             |  |  |  |

1 (h) The familiarity of the court of each state with 2 the facts and issues in the pending litigation. 3 (3) If a court of this state determines that it is an inconvenient forum and that a court of another state is a more 4 5 appropriate forum, it shall stay the proceedings upon condition that a child custody proceeding be promptly б commenced in another designated state and may impose any other 7 8 condition the court considers just and proper. (4) A court of this state may decline to exercise its 9 jurisdiction under this act if a child custody determination 10 11 is incidental to an action for divorce or another proceeding while still retaining jurisdiction over the divorce or other 12 13 proceeding. Section 20. Jurisdiction declined by reason of 14 15 conduct.--(1) Except as otherwise provided in section 16 or by 16 17 other law of this state, if a court of this state has jurisdiction under this act because a person seeking to invoke 18 19 its jurisdiction has engaged in unjustifiable conduct, the court shall decline to exercise its jurisdiction unless: 20 21 The parents and all persons acting as parents have (a) 22 acquiesced in the exercise of jurisdiction; 23 (b) A court of the state otherwise having jurisdiction 24 under sections 13 through 15 determines that this state is a more appropriate forum under section 19; or 25 (c) No court of any other state would have 26 27 jurisdiction under the criteria specified in sections 13 28 through 15. 29 (2) If a court of this state declines to exercise its 30 jurisdiction pursuant to subsection (1), it may fashion an 31 appropriate remedy to ensure the safety of the child and 17

1 prevent a repetition of the unjustifiable conduct, including staying the proceeding until a child custody proceeding is 2 3 commenced in a court having jurisdiction under sections 13 4 through 15. 5 (3) If a court dismisses a petition or stays a б proceeding because it declines to exercise its jurisdiction pursuant to subsection (1), it shall assess against the party 7 8 seeking to invoke its jurisdiction necessary and reasonable expenses, including costs, communication expenses, attorney's 9 fees, investigative fees, expenses for witnesses, travel 10 11 expenses, and child care during the course of the proceedings, unless the party from whom fees are sought establishes that 12 the assessment would be clearly inappropriate. The court may 13 not assess fees, costs, or expenses against this state unless 14 authorized by law other than this act. 15 Information to be submitted to the 16 Section 21. 17 court.--(1) Subject to local law providing for the 18 19 confidentiality of procedures, addresses, and other identifying information in a child custody proceeding, each 20 21 party, in its first pleading or in an attached affidavit, shall give information, if reasonably ascertainable, under 22 oath as to the child's present address or whereabouts, the 23 24 places where the child has lived during the last 5 years, and the names and present addresses of the persons with whom the 25 child has lived during that period. The pleading or affidavit 26 27 must state whether the party: (a) Has participated, as a party or witness or in any 28 29 other capacity, in any other proceeding concerning the custody 30 of or visitation with the child and, if so, identify the 31

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1 court, the case number, and the date of the child custody determination, if any; 2 3 (b) Knows of any proceeding that could affect the current proceeding, including proceedings for enforcement and 4 5 proceedings relating to domestic violence, protective orders, б termination of parental rights, and adoptions and, if so, 7 identify the court, the case number, and the nature of the 8 proceeding; and 9 (c) Knows the names and addresses of any person not a 10 party to the proceeding who has physical custody of the child 11 or claims rights of legal custody or physical custody of, or visitation with, the child and, if so, the names and addresses 12 13 of those persons. (2) If the information required by subsection (1) is 14 not furnished, the court, upon motion of a party or its own 15 motion, may stay the proceeding until the information is 16 17 furnished. (3) If the declaration as to any of the items 18 19 described in paragraphs (1)(a)-(c) is in the affirmative, the declarant shall give additional information under oath as 20 21 required by the court. The court may examine the parties under oath as to details of the information furnished and other 22 matters pertinent to the court's jurisdiction and the 23 24 disposition of the case. 25 (4) Each party has a continuing duty to inform the court of any proceeding in this or any other state that could 26 27 affect the current proceeding. Appearance of parties and child .--28 Section 22. 29 In a child custody proceeding in this state, the (1)court may order a party to the proceeding who is in this state 30 to appear before the court in person with or without the 31

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1 child. The court may order any person who is in this state and who has physical custody or control of the child to appear in 2 3 person with the child. (2) If a party to a child custody proceeding whose 4 5 presence is desired by the court is outside this state, the б court may order that a notice given pursuant to section 8 7 include a statement directing the party to appear in person 8 with or without the child and informing the party that failure to appear may result in a decision adverse to the party. 9 10 (3) The court may enter any orders necessary to ensure 11 the safety of the child and of any person ordered to appear under this section. 12 13 (4) If a party to a child custody proceeding who is outside this state is directed to appear under subsection (2) 14 or desires to appear in person before the court with or 15 without the child, the court may require another party to pay 16 17 reasonable and necessary travel and other expenses of the party so appearing and of the child. 18 19 Section 23. Definitions.--As used in sections 23 through 39, the term: 20 "Petitioner" means a person who seeks enforcement 21 (1)of an order for return of a child under the Hague Convention 22 on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction or 23 24 enforcement of a child custody determination. (2) "Respondent" means a person against whom a 25 proceeding has been commenced for enforcement of an order for 26 27 return of a child under the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction or enforcement of a 28 29 child custody determination. 30 Section 24. Enforcement under the Hague Convention.--Under this act, a court of this state may enforce 31 20

1 an order for the return of a child made under the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child 2 3 Abduction as if it were a child custody determination. Section 25. Duty to enforce .--4 5 (1) A court of this state shall recognize and enforce б a child custody determination of a court of another state if 7 the latter court exercised jurisdiction in substantial 8 conformity with this act or the determination was made under factual circumstances meeting the jurisdictional standards of 9 this act and the determination has not been modified in 10 11 accordance with this act. (2) A court of this state may utilize any remedy 12 available under other law of this state to enforce a child 13 custody determination made by a court of another state. The 14 remedies provided by sections 23 through 39 are cumulative and 15 do not affect the availability of other remedies to enforce a 16 17 child custody determination. Section 26. Temporary visitation .--18 19 (1) A court of this state which does not have jurisdiction to modify a child custody determination may issue 20 21 a temporary order enforcing: 22 (a) A visitation schedule made by a court of another 23 state; or 24 (b) The visitation provisions of a child custody 25 determination of another state that does not provide for a 26 specific visitation schedule. 27 (2) If a court of this state makes an order under paragraph (1)(b), it shall specify in the order a period that 28 29 it considers adequate to allow the petitioner to obtain an 30 order from a court having jurisdiction under the criteria specified in sections 13 through 22. The order remains in 31 21

1 effect until an order is obtained from the other court or the 2 period expires. 3 Section 27. Registration of child custody 4 determination. --5 (1) A child custody determination issued by a court of б another state may be registered in this state, with or without a simultaneous request for enforcement, by sending to the 7 8 appropriate court in this state: 9 (a) A letter or other document requesting 10 registration; 11 (b) Two copies, including one certified copy, of the determination sought to be registered, and a statement under 12 penalty of perjury that to the best of the knowledge and 13 14 belief of the person seeking registration the order has not been modified; and 15 Except as otherwise provided in section 21, the 16 (C) 17 name and address of the person seeking registration and any parent or person acting as a parent who has been awarded 18 19 custody or visitation in the child custody determination 20 sought to be registered. 21 (2) On receipt of the documents required by subsection (1), the registering court shall: 22 23 (a) Cause the determination to be filed as a foreign 24 judgment, together with one copy of any accompanying documents and information, regardless of their form; and 25 (b) Serve notice upon the persons named pursuant to 26 27 paragraph (1)(c) and provide them with an opportunity to 28 contest the registration in accordance with this section. 29 The notice required by paragraph (2)(b) must state (3) 30 that: 31

| 1  | (a) A registered determination is enforceable as of           |  |
|----|---------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 2  | the date of the registration in the same manner as a          |  |
| 3  | determination issued by a court of this state;                |  |
| 4  | (b) A hearing to contest the validity of the                  |  |
| 5  | registered determination must be requested within 20 days     |  |
| 6  | after service of notice; and                                  |  |
| 7  | (c) Failure to contest the registration will result in        |  |
| 8  | confirmation of the child custody determination and preclude  |  |
| 9  | further contest of that determination with respect to any     |  |
| 10 | matter that could have been asserted.                         |  |
| 11 | (4) A person seeking to contest the validity of a             |  |
| 12 | registered order must request a hearing within 20 days after  |  |
| 13 | service of the notice. At that hearing, the court shall       |  |
| 14 | confirm the registered order unless the person contesting     |  |
| 15 | registration establishes that:                                |  |
| 16 | (a) The issuing court did not have jurisdiction under         |  |
| 17 | sections 13 through 22;                                       |  |
| 18 | (b) The child custody determination sought to be              |  |
| 19 | registered has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court   |  |
| 20 | having jurisdiction to do so under sections 13 through 22; or |  |
| 21 | (c) The person contesting registration was entitled to        |  |
| 22 | notice, but notice was not given in accordance with the       |  |
| 23 | standards of section 8 in the proceedings before the court    |  |
| 24 | that issued the order for which registration is sought.       |  |
| 25 | (5) If a timely request for a hearing to contest the          |  |
| 26 | validity of the registration is not made, the registration is |  |
| 27 | confirmed as a matter of law and the person requesting        |  |
| 28 | registration and all persons served must be notified of the   |  |
| 29 | confirmation.                                                 |  |
| 30 | (6) Confirmation of a registered order, whether by            |  |
| 31 | operation of law or after notice and hearing, precludes       |  |
|    | 23                                                            |  |

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1 further contest of the order with respect to any matter which could have been asserted at the time of registration. 2 3 Section 28. Enforcement of registered determination .--(1) A court of this state may grant any relief 4 5 normally available under the laws of this state to enforce a б registered child custody determination made by a court of 7 another state. 8 (2) A court of this state shall recognize and enforce, but may not modify, except in accordance with sections 13 9 10 through 22, a registered child custody determination of 11 another state. Section 29. Simultaneous proceedings.--If a proceeding 12 for enforcement under sections 23 through 39 is commenced in a 13 court of this state and the court determines that a proceeding 14 to modify the determination is pending in a court of another 15 state having jurisdiction to modify the determination under 16 17 sections 13 through 22, the enforcing court shall immediately communicate with the modifying court. The proceeding for 18 19 enforcement continues unless the enforcing court, after consultation with the modifying court, stays or dismisses the 20 proceeding. 21 Section 30. Expedited enforcement of child custody 22 determination. --23 24 (1) A petition under sections 23 through 39 must be verified. Certified copies of all orders sought to be enforced 25 and of any order confirming registration must be attached to 26 the petition. A copy of a certified copy of an order may be 27 28 attached instead of the original. 29 A petition for enforcement of a child custody (2) determination must state: 30 31

| -  |                                                                |  |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 1  | (a) Whether the court that issued the determination            |  |
| 2  | identified the jurisdictional basis it relied upon in          |  |
| 3  | exercising jurisdiction and, if so, what the basis was;        |  |
| 4  | (b) Whether the determination for which enforcement is         |  |
| 5  | sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court whose  |  |
| 6  | decision must be enforced under this act and, if so, identify  |  |
| 7  | the court, the case number, and the nature of the proceeding;  |  |
| 8  | (c) Whether any proceeding has been commenced that             |  |
| 9  | could affect the current proceeding, including proceedings     |  |
| 10 | relating to domestic violence, protective orders, termination  |  |
| 11 | of parental rights, and adoptions and, if so, identify the     |  |
| 12 | court, the case number, and the nature of the proceeding;      |  |
| 13 | (d) The present physical address of the child and the          |  |
| 14 | respondent, if known;                                          |  |
| 15 | (e) Whether relief in addition to the immediate                |  |
| 16 | physical custody of the child and attorney's fees is sought,   |  |
| 17 | including a request for assistance from law enforcement        |  |
| 18 | officers and, if so, the relief sought; and                    |  |
| 19 | (f) If the child custody determination has been                |  |
| 20 | registered and confirmed under section 27, the date and place  |  |
| 21 | of registration.                                               |  |
| 22 | (3) Upon the filing of a petition, the court shall             |  |
| 23 | issue an order directing the respondent to appear in person    |  |
| 24 | with or without the child at a hearing and may enter any order |  |
| 25 | necessary to ensure the safety of the parties and the child.   |  |
| 26 | The hearing must be held on the next judicial day after        |  |
| 27 | service of the order unless that date is impossible. In that   |  |
| 28 | event, the court shall hold the hearing on the first judicial  |  |
| 29 | day possible. The court may extend the date of the hearing at  |  |
| 30 | the request of the petitioner.                                 |  |
| 31 |                                                                |  |
|    |                                                                |  |

| 1  | (4) An order issued under subsection (3) must state            |  |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 2  | the time and place of the hearing and advise the respondent    |  |
| 3  | that at the hearing the court will order that the petitioner   |  |
| 4  | may take immediate physical custody of the child and the       |  |
| 5  | payment of fees, costs, and expenses under section 34, and may |  |
| 6  | schedule a hearing to determine whether further relief is      |  |
| 7  | appropriate, unless the respondent appears and establishes     |  |
| 8  | that:                                                          |  |
| 9  | (a) The child custody determination has not been               |  |
| 10 | registered and confirmed under section 27 and that:            |  |
| 11 | 1. The issuing court did not have jurisdiction under           |  |
| 12 | sections 13 through 22;                                        |  |
| 13 | 2. The child custody determination for which                   |  |
| 14 | enforcement is sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by |  |
| 15 | a court of a state having jurisdiction to do so under sections |  |
| 16 | 13 through 22; or                                              |  |
| 17 | 3. The respondent was entitled to notice, but notice           |  |
| 18 | was not given in accordance with the standards of section 8 in |  |
| 19 | the proceedings before the court that issued the order for     |  |
| 20 | which enforcement is sought; or                                |  |
| 21 | (b) The child custody determination for which                  |  |
| 22 | enforcement is sought was registered and confirmed under       |  |
| 23 | section 27, but has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a     |  |
| 24 | court of a state having jurisdiction to do so under sections   |  |
| 25 | 13 through 22.                                                 |  |
| 26 | Section 31. Service of petition and orderExcept as             |  |
| 27 | otherwise provided in section 33, the petition and order must  |  |
| 28 | be served by any method authorized by the laws of this state   |  |
| 29 | upon the respondent and any person who has physical custody of |  |
| 30 | the child.                                                     |  |
| 31 |                                                                |  |
|    | 26                                                             |  |

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| 1  | (1) Unless the court enters a temporary emergency              |  |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 2  | order pursuant to section 16, upon a finding that a petitioner |  |
| 3  | is entitled to immediate physical custody of the child, the    |  |
| 4  | court shall order that the petitioner may take immediate       |  |
| 5  | physical custody of the child unless the respondent            |  |
| 6  | establishes that:                                              |  |
| 7  | (a) The child custody determination has not been               |  |
| 8  | registered and confirmed under section 27 and that:            |  |
| 9  | 1. The issuing court did not have jurisdiction under           |  |
| 10 | sections 13 through 22;                                        |  |
| 11 | 2. The child custody determination for which                   |  |
| 12 | enforcement is sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by |  |
| 13 | a court of a state having jurisdiction to do so under sections |  |
| 14 | 13 through 22; or                                              |  |
| 15 | 3. The respondent was entitled to notice, but notice           |  |
| 16 | was not given in accordance with the standards of section 8 in |  |
| 17 | the proceedings before the court that issued the order for     |  |
| 18 | which enforcement is sought; or                                |  |
| 19 | (b) The child custody determination for which                  |  |
| 20 | enforcement is sought was registered and confirmed under       |  |
| 21 | section 27, but has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a     |  |
| 22 | court of a state having jurisdiction to do so under sections   |  |
| 23 | 13 through 22.                                                 |  |
| 24 | (2) The court shall award the fees, costs, and                 |  |
| 25 | expenses authorized under section 34 and may grant additional  |  |
| 26 | relief, including a request for the assistance of law          |  |
| 27 | enforcement officers, and set a further hearing to determine   |  |
| 28 | whether additional relief is appropriate.                      |  |
| 29 | (3) If a party called to testify refuses to answer on          |  |
| 30 | the ground that the testimony may be self-incriminating, the   |  |
| 31 | court may draw an adverse inference from the refusal.          |  |
|    |                                                                |  |

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1 (4) A privilege against disclosure of communications between spouses and a defense of immunity based on the 2 3 relationship of husband and wife or parent and child may not be invoked in a proceeding under sections 23 through 39. 4 5 Section 33. Warrant to take physical custody of б child.--7 (1) Upon the filing of a petition seeking enforcement 8 of a child custody determination, the petitioner may file a verified application for the issuance of a warrant to take 9 10 physical custody of the child if the child is likely to 11 imminently suffer serious physical harm or removal from this 12 state. (2) If the court, upon the testimony of the petitioner 13 or other witness, finds that the child is likely to imminently 14 suffer serious physical harm or removal from this state, it 15 may issue a warrant to take physical custody of the child. The 16 17 petition must be heard on the next judicial day after the warrant is executed unless that date is impossible. In that 18 19 event, the court shall hold the hearing on the first judicial day possible. The application for the warrant must include the 20 statements required by section 30(2). 21 22 (3) A warrant to take physical custody of a child 23 must: 24 (a) Recite the facts upon which a conclusion of 25 imminent serious physical harm or removal from the 26 jurisdiction is based; 27 (b) Direct law enforcement officers to take physical 28 custody of the child immediately; and 29 (c) Provide for the placement of the child pending 30 final relief. 31

| 1 (4) The respondent must be served with the petit               | ion,                                                           |  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| warrant, and order immediately after the child is taken into     |                                                                |  |
| physical custody.                                                |                                                                |  |
| 4 (5) A warrant to take physical custody of a chil               | d is                                                           |  |
| 5 enforceable throughout this state. If the court finds o        | n the                                                          |  |
| 6 basis of the testimony of the petitioner or other witne        | ss that                                                        |  |
| 7 <u>a less intrusive remedy is not effective, it may author</u> | a less intrusive remedy is not effective, it may authorize law |  |
| 8 enforcement officers to enter private property to take         | enforcement officers to enter private property to take         |  |
| physical custody of the child. If required by exigent            |                                                                |  |
| 10 circumstances of the case, the court may authorize law        | circumstances of the case, the court may authorize law         |  |
| 11 enforcement officers to make a forcible entry at any ho       | our.                                                           |  |
| 12 (6) The court may impose conditions upon placeme              | nt of                                                          |  |
| 13 a child to ensure the appearance of the child and the c       | a child to ensure the appearance of the child and the child's  |  |
| 14 <u>custodian.</u>                                             | custodian.                                                     |  |
| 15 Section 34. <u>Costs, fees, and expenses</u>                  | Section 34. Costs, fees, and expenses                          |  |
| 16 (1) The court shall award the prevailing party,               | (1) The court shall award the prevailing party,                |  |
| 17 including a state, necessary and reasonable expenses in       | including a state, necessary and reasonable expenses incurred  |  |
| 18 by or on behalf of the party, including costs, communic       | by or on behalf of the party, including costs, communication   |  |
| 19 expenses, attorney's fees, investigative fees, expenses       | for                                                            |  |
| 20 witnesses, travel expenses, and child care during the c       | ourse                                                          |  |
| 21 of the proceedings, unless the party from whom fees or        |                                                                |  |
| 22 expenses are sought establishes that the award would be       | <u>-</u>                                                       |  |
| 23 <u>clearly inappropriate.</u>                                 |                                                                |  |
| 24 (2) The court may not assess fees, costs, or exp              | enses                                                          |  |
| 25 against a state unless authorized by law other than thi       | s act.                                                         |  |
| 26 Section 35. <u>Recognition and enforcementA cou</u>           | rt of                                                          |  |
| 27 this state shall accord full faith and credit to an ord       | er                                                             |  |
| 28 issued by another state and consistent with this act wh       | ich                                                            |  |
| 29 enforces a child custody determination by a court of an       | other                                                          |  |
| 30 state unless the order has been vacated, stayed, or mod       | ified                                                          |  |
|                                                                  |                                                                |  |

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1 by a court having jurisdiction to do so under sections 13 2 through 22. 3 Section 36. Appeals. -- An appeal may be taken from a final order in a proceeding under sections 23 through 39 in 4 accordance with expedited appellate procedures in other civil 5 б cases. Unless the court enters a temporary emergency order 7 under section 16, the enforcing court may not stay an order 8 enforcing a child custody determination pending appeal. 9 Section 37. Role of state attorney .--10 (1) In a case arising under this act or involving the 11 Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, the state attorney may take any lawful action, 12 including resort to a proceeding under sections 23 through 39 13 or any other available civil proceeding, to locate a child, 14 obtain the return of a child, or enforce a child custody 15 determination, if there is: 16 17 (a) An existing child custody determination; (b) A request to do so from a court in a pending child 18 19 custody proceeding; (c) A reasonable belief that a criminal statute has 20 21 been violated; or 22 (d) A reasonable belief that the child has been wrongfully removed or retained in violation of the Hague 23 24 Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child 25 Abduction. (2) A state attorney acting under this section acts on 26 behalf of the court and may not represent any party. 27 28 Section 38. Role of law enforcement officers.--At the 29 request of a state attorney acting under section 37, a law 30 enforcement officer may take any lawful action reasonably 31

1 necessary to locate a child or a party and assist a state attorney with responsibilities under section 37. 2 3 Section 39. Costs and expenses.--If the respondent is not the prevailing party, the court may assess against the 4 5 respondent all direct expenses and costs incurred by the state б attorney and law enforcement officers under section 37 or 7 section 38. 8 Section 40. Application and construction.--In applying and construing this act, consideration must be given to the 9 10 need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its 11 subject matter among states that enact it. Section 41. Severability clause.--If any provision of 12 this act or its application to any person or circumstance is 13 held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions 14 or applications of this act which can be given effect without 15 the invalid provision or application, and to this end the 16 provisions of this act are severable. 17 Section 42. Transitional provision.--A motion or other 18 19 request for relief made in a child custody proceeding or to enforce a child custody determination which was commenced 20 21 before the effective date of this act is governed by the law in effect at the time the motion or other request was made. 22 Section 43. Subsection (7) of section 39.502, Florida 23 24 Statutes, is amended to read: 39.502 Notice, process, and service.--25 (7) Service of the summons and service of pleadings, 26 27 papers, and notices subsequent to the summons on persons 28 outside this state must be made pursuant to section 8 of the 29 Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act s. 30  $\frac{61.1312}{1}$ 31

1 Section 44. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 2 61.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 61.13 Custody and support of children; visitation 4 rights; power of court in making orders .--5 (2) б (b)1. The court shall determine all matters relating 7 to custody of each minor child of the parties in accordance 8 with the best interests of the child and in accordance with 9 the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act. It 10 is the public policy of this state to assure that each minor 11 child has frequent and continuing contact with both parents after the parents separate or the marriage of the parties is 12 13 dissolved and to encourage parents to share the rights and responsibilities, and joys, of childrearing. After considering 14 all relevant facts, the father of the child shall be given the 15 same consideration as the mother in determining the primary 16 17 residence of a child irrespective of the age or sex of the 18 child. 19 2. The court shall order that the parental 20 responsibility for a minor child be shared by both parents 21 unless the court finds that shared parental responsibility would be detrimental to the child. Evidence that a parent has 22 been convicted of a felony of the third degree or higher 23 24 involving domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28 and chapter 775, or meets the criteria of s. 39.806(1)(d), creates 25 a rebuttable presumption of detriment to the child. If the 26 presumption is not rebutted, shared parental responsibility, 27 28 including visitation, residence of the child, and decisions 29 made regarding the child, may not be granted to the convicted parent. However, the convicted parent is not relieved of any 30 31 obligation to provide financial support. If the court

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1 determines that shared parental responsibility would be 2 detrimental to the child, it may order sole parental 3 responsibility and make such arrangements for visitation as 4 will best protect the child or abused spouse from further 5 harm. Whether or not there is a conviction of any offense of б domestic violence or child abuse or the existence of an 7 injunction for protection against domestic violence, the court 8 shall consider evidence of domestic violence or child abuse as evidence of detriment to the child. 9

10 a. In ordering shared parental responsibility, the 11 court may consider the expressed desires of the parents and may grant to one party the ultimate responsibility over 12 13 specific aspects of the child's welfare or may divide those 14 responsibilities between the parties based on the best interests of the child. Areas of responsibility may include 15 primary residence, education, medical and dental care, and any 16 17 other responsibilities that the court finds unique to a particular family. 18

b. The court shall order "sole parental responsibility, with or without visitation rights, to the other parent when it is in the best interests of" the minor child.

The court may award the grandparents visitation 23 C 24 rights with a minor child if it is in the child's best 25 interest. Grandparents have legal standing to seek judicial enforcement of such an award. This section does not require 26 that grandparents be made parties or given notice of 27 28 dissolution pleadings or proceedings, nor do grandparents have 29 legal standing as "contestants" as defined in s. 61.1306. A court may not order that a child be kept within the state or 30 31

1 jurisdiction of the court solely for the purpose of permitting 2 visitation by the grandparents. 3 3. Access to records and information pertaining to a 4 minor child, including, but not limited to, medical, dental, 5 and school records, may not be denied to a parent because the б parent is not the child's primary residential parent. 7 Section 45. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3), 8 subsection (4), and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 741.30, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 9 10 741.30 Domestic violence; injunction; powers and 11 duties of court and clerk; petition; notice and hearing; temporary injunction; issuance of injunction; statewide 12 13 verification system; enforcement.--14 (3) If the sworn petition seeks to determine issues of 15 (d) custody or visitation with regard to the minor child or 16 17 children of the parties, the sworn petition shall be 18 accompanied by or shall incorporate the allegations required 19 by section 21 s. 61.132 of the Uniform Child Custody 20 Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act. (4) Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall 21 set a hearing to be held at the earliest possible time. The 22 respondent shall be personally served with a copy of the 23 24 petition, financial affidavit, uniform child custody 25 jurisdiction and enforcement act affidavit, if any, notice of hearing, and temporary injunction, if any, prior to the 26 27 hearing. 28 (7)(a)1. The clerk of the court shall furnish a copy of the petition, financial affidavit, uniform child custody 29 jurisdiction and enforcement act affidavit, if any, notice of 30 hearing, and temporary injunction, if any, to the sheriff or a 31 34 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 law enforcement agency of the county where the respondent resides or can be found, who shall serve it upon the 2 3 respondent as soon thereafter as possible on any day of the 4 week and at any time of the day or night. The clerk of the 5 court shall be responsible for furnishing to the sheriff such 6 information on the respondent's physical description and 7 location as is required by the department to comply with the verification procedures set forth in this section. 8 9 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, 10 the chief judge of each circuit, in consultation with the 11 appropriate sheriff, may authorize a law enforcement agency within the jurisdiction to effect service. A law enforcement 12 13 agency serving injunctions pursuant to this section shall use 14 service and verification procedures consistent with those of the sheriff. 15

2. When an injunction is issued, if the petitioner 16 17 requests the assistance of a law enforcement agency, the court may order that an officer from the appropriate law enforcement 18 19 agency accompany the petitioner and assist in placing the petitioner in possession of the dwelling or residence, or 20 otherwise assist in the execution or service of the 21 injunction. A law enforcement officer shall accept a copy of 22 an injunction for protection against domestic violence, 23 24 certified by the clerk of the court, from the petitioner and 25 immediately serve it upon a respondent who has been located but not yet served. 26

3. All orders issued, changed, continued, extended, or
vacated subsequent to the original service of documents
enumerated under subparagraph 1., shall be certified by the
clerk of the court and delivered to the parties at the time of
the entry of the order. The parties may acknowledge receipt

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of such order in writing on the face of the original order. 1 2 In the event a party fails or refuses to acknowledge the 3 receipt of a certified copy of an order, the clerk shall note 4 on the original order that service was effected. If delivery 5 at the hearing is not possible, the clerk shall mail certified б copies of the order to the parties at the last known address 7 of each party. Service by mail is complete upon mailing. When an order is served pursuant to this subsection, the clerk 8 9 shall prepare a written certification to be placed in the 10 court file specifying the time, date, and method of service and shall notify the sheriff. 11 12 13 If the respondent has been served previously with the 14 temporary injunction and has failed to appear at the initial 15 hearing on the temporary injunction, any subsequent petition for injunction seeking an extension of time may be served on 16 17 the respondent by the clerk of the court by certified mail in lieu of personal service by a law enforcement officer. 18 Section 46. Sections 61.1302, 61.1304, 61.1306, 19 61.1308, 61.131, 61.1312, 61.1314, 61.1316, 61.1318, 61.132, 20 21 61.1322, 61.1324, 61.1326, 61.1328, 61.133, 61.1332, 61.1334, 22 61.1336, 61.1338, 61.134, 61.1342, 61.1344, 61.1346, and 23 61.1348, Florida Statutes, are repealed. 24 Section 47. This act shall take effect October 1, 2000. 25 26 27 28 LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY 29 Creates the "Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act," governing interstate child custody and enforcement proceedings. Repeals the existing "Uniform 30 31 Child Custody Jurisdiction Act.

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