## Florida Senate - 2000

By Senator King

8-1431-00 See HB 731 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to local government audits; amending s. 11.45, F.S.; correcting a 3 4 cross-reference; raising the threshold at which 5 a municipality, other than one in a state of 6 financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records 7 conducted by an independent certified public 8 9 accountant in order to continue to receive revenue sharing funds; amending ss. 218.32, 10 218.321, and 311.07, F.S.; correcting 11 12 cross-references; providing an effective date. 13 14 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 15 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and 16 17 paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 18 19 11.45 Definitions; duties; audits; reports.--(1) As used in this section, the term: 20 (a) "County agency," for the exclusive purposes of 21 22 this section, means a board of county commissioners or other legislative and governing body of a county, however styled, 23 including that of a consolidated or metropolitan government, a 24 25 clerk of the circuit court, a separate or ex officio clerk of 26 the county court, a sheriff, a property appraiser, a tax 27 collector, a supervisor of elections, or any other officer in 28 whom any portion of the fiscal duties of the above are under 29 law separately placed. Each county agency is a local 30 governmental entity for purposes of subparagraph (3)(a)5.4. 31 1

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 2002

## **Florida Senate - 2000** 8-1431-00

1 (3)(a)1. The Auditor General shall annually make 2 financial audits of the accounts and records of all state 3 agencies, as defined in this section, of all district school boards in counties with populations of fewer than 125,000, 4 5 according to the most recent federal decennial statewide б census, and of all district boards of trustees of community 7 colleges. The Auditor General shall, at least every other year, make operational audits of the accounts and records of 8 all state agencies, as defined in this section. The Auditor 9 10 General shall, at least once every 3 years, make financial 11 audits of the accounts and records of all district school boards in counties with populations of 125,000 or more. For 12 13 each of the 2 years that the Auditor General does not make the financial audit, each district school board shall contract for 14 an independent certified public accountant to perform a 15 financial audit as defined in paragraph (1)(b). This section 16 17 does not limit the Auditor General's discretionary authority to conduct performance audits of these governmental entities 18 19 as authorized in subparagraph 3. A district school board may select an independent certified public accountant to perform a 20 financial audit as defined in paragraph (1)(b) notwithstanding 21 the notification provisions of this section. In addition, a 22 district school board may employ an internal auditor to 23 24 perform ongoing financial verification of the financial 25 records of a school district, who must report directly to the district school board or its designee. The Auditor General 26 shall, at a minimum, provide to the successor independent 27 28 certified public accountant of a district school board the 29 prior year's working papers, including documentation of planning, internal control, audit results, and other matters 30 31 of continuing accounting and auditing significance, such as

2

the working paper analysis of balance sheet accounts and those
 relating to contingencies.

3 2. Each charter school established under s. 228.056 shall have an annual financial audit of its accounts and 4 5 records completed within 12 months after the end of its fiscal б year by an independent certified public accountant retained by 7 it and paid from its funds. The independent certified public 8 accountant who is selected to perform an annual financial 9 audit of the charter school shall provide a copy of the audit 10 report to the district school board, the Department of 11 Education, and the Auditor General. A management letter must be prepared and included as a part of each financial audit 12 report. The Auditor General may, pursuant to his or her own 13 authority or at the direction of the Joint Legislative 14 Auditing Committee, conduct an audit of a charter school. 15

The Auditor General may at any time make financial 16 3. 17 audits and performance audits of the accounts and records of 18 all governmental entities created pursuant to law. The audits 19 referred to in this subparagraph must be made whenever determined by the Auditor General, whenever directed by the 20 Legislative Auditing Committee, or whenever otherwise required 21 by law or concurrent resolution. A district school board, 22 expressway authority, or bridge authority may require that the 23 24 annual financial audit of its accounts and records be completed within 12 months after the end of its fiscal year. 25 If the Auditor General is unable to meet that requirement, the 26 27 Auditor General shall notify the school board, the expressway 28 authority, or the bridge authority pursuant to subparagraph 5. 29 4. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and 30 Government Accountability within the Office of the Auditor 31 General shall maintain a schedule of performance audits of

3

1 state programs. In conducting a performance audit of a state 2 program, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 3 Accountability, when appropriate, shall identify and comment upon alternatives for accomplishing the goals of the program 4 5 being audited. Such alternatives may include funding б techniques and, if appropriate, must describe how other states 7 or governmental units accomplish similar goals. 8 5. If by July 1 in any fiscal year a district school 9 board or local governmental entity has not been notified that 10 a financial audit for that fiscal year will be performed by 11 the Auditor General pursuant to subparagraph 3., each municipality with either revenues or expenditures of more than 12 \$250,000, each municipality that is in a state of financial 13 14 emergency as a consequence of one or more of the conditions described in s. 218.503(1) with either revenues or 15 expenditures of more than \$100,000, each special district with 16 17 either revenues or expenditures of more than \$50,000, and each 18 county agency shall, and each district school board may, 19 require that an annual financial audit of its accounts and records be completed, within 12 months after the end of its 20 respective fiscal year, by an independent certified public 21 accountant retained by it and paid from its public funds. An 22 independent certified public accountant who is selected to 23 24 perform an annual financial audit of a school district must 25 report directly to the district school board or its designee. A management letter must be prepared and included as a part of 26 27 each financial audit report. Each local government finance 28 commission, board, or council, and each municipal power 29 corporation, created as a separate legal or administrative 30 entity by interlocal agreement under s. 163.01(7), shall 31 provide the Auditor General, within 12 months after the end of

4

1 its fiscal year, with an annual financial audit report of its 2 accounts and records and a written statement or explanation or 3 rebuttal concerning the auditor's comments, including 4 corrective action to be taken. The county audit shall be one 5 document that includes a separate audit of each county agency. б The county audit must include an audit of the deposits into 7 and expenditures from the Public Records Modernization Trust 8 Fund. The Auditor General shall tabulate the results of the audits of the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund and 9 10 report a summary of the audits to the Legislature annually. 11 б. The governing body of a municipality, special district, or charter school must establish an auditor 12 selection committee and competitive auditor selection 13 procedures. The governing board may elect to use its own 14 competitive auditor selection procedures or the procedures 15 16 outlined in subparagraph 7. 17 7. The governing body of a noncharter county or 18 district school board that retains a certified public 19 accountant must establish an auditor selection committee and 20 select an independent certified public accountant according to the following procedure: 21 For each noncharter county, the auditor selection 22 a. committee must consist of the county officers elected pursuant 23 24 to s. 1(d), Art. VIII of the State Constitution, and one 25 member of the board of county commissioners or its designee. The committee shall publicly announce, in a uniform 26 b. 27 and consistent manner, each occasion when auditing services 28 are required to be purchased. Public notice must include a 29 general description of the audit and must indicate how interested certified public accountants can apply for 30 31 consideration.

5

1 c. The committee shall encourage firms engaged in the 2 lawful practice of public accounting who desire to provide 3 professional services to submit annually a statement of 4 qualifications and performance data. 5 d. Any certified public accountant desiring to provide 6 auditing services must first be qualified pursuant to law. The 7 committee shall make a finding that the firm or individual to 8 be employed is fully qualified to render the required 9 services. Among the factors to be considered in making this 10 finding are the capabilities, adequacy of personnel, past 11 record, and experience of the firm or individual. The committee shall adopt procedures for the 12 e. evaluation of professional services, including, but not 13 limited to, capabilities, adequacy of personnel, past record, 14 experience, results of recent external quality control 15 reviews, and such other factors as may be determined by the 16 17 committee to be applicable to its particular requirements. The public must not be excluded from the f. 18 19 proceedings under this subparagraph. 20 The committee shall evaluate current statements of g. 21 qualifications and performance data on file with the 22 committee, together with those that may be submitted by other firms regarding the proposed audit, and shall conduct 23 24 discussions with, and may require public presentations by, no 25 fewer than three firms regarding their qualifications, approach to the audit, and ability to furnish the required 26 27 services. 28 h. The committee shall select no fewer than three 29 firms deemed to be the most highly qualified to perform the required services after considering such factors as the 30 31 ability of professional personnel; past performance; 6

1 willingness to meet time requirements; location; recent, 2 current, and projected workloads of the firms; and the volume 3 of work previously awarded to the firm by the agency, with the 4 object of effecting an equitable distribution of contracts 5 among qualified firms, provided such distribution does not б violate the principle of selection of the most highly 7 qualified firms. If fewer than three firms desire to perform 8 the services, the committee shall recommend such firms as it 9 determines to be qualified.

10 i. If the governing board receives more than one 11 proposal for the same engagement, the board may rank, in order of preference, the firms to perform the engagement. 12 The firm 13 ranked first may then negotiate a contract with the board giving, among other things, a basis of its fee for that 14 engagement. If the board is unable to negotiate a 15 satisfactory contract with that firm, negotiations with that 16 17 firm shall be formally terminated, and the board shall then 18 undertake negotiations with the second-ranked firm. Failing 19 accord with the second-ranked firm, negotiations shall then be 20 terminated with that firm and undertaken with the third-ranked firm. Negotiations with the other ranked firms shall be 21 22 undertaken in the same manner. The board, in negotiating with firms, may reopen formal negotiations with any one of the 23 24 three top-ranked firms, but it may not negotiate with more 25 than one firm at a time. The board shall also negotiate on the scope and quality of services. In making such determination, 26 27 the board shall conduct a detailed analysis of the cost of the 28 professional services required in addition to considering 29 their scope and complexity. For contracts over \$50,000, the board shall require the firm receiving the award to execute a 30 31 truth-in-negotiation certificate stating that the rates of

7

1 compensation and other factual unit costs supporting the 2 compensation are accurate, complete, and current at the time 3 of contracting. Such certificate shall also contain a 4 description and disclosure of any understanding that places a 5 limit on current or future years' audit contract fees, б including any arrangements under which fixed limits on fees 7 will not be subject to reconsideration if unexpected 8 accounting or auditing issues are encountered. Such 9 certificate shall also contain a description of any services 10 rendered by the certified public accountant or firm of 11 certified public accountants at rates or terms that are not customary. Any auditing service contract under which such a 12 13 certificate is required must contain a provision that the original contract price and any additions thereto shall be 14 adjusted to exclude any significant sums by which the board 15 determines the contract price was increased due to inaccurate 16 17 or incomplete factual unit costs. All such contract 18 adjustments shall be made within 1 year following the end of 19 the contract.

j. If the board is unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with any of the selected firms, the committee shall select additional firms, and the board shall continue negotiations in accordance with this subsection until an agreement is reached.

8. At the conclusion of the audit field work, the independent certified public accountant shall discuss with the head of each local governmental entity or the chair's designee or with the chair of the district school board or the chair's designee, or with the chair of the board of the charter school or the chair's designee, as appropriate, all of the auditor's comments that will be included in the audit report. If the

8

1 officer is not available to discuss the auditor's comments, 2 their discussion is presumed when the comments are delivered 3 in writing to his or her office. The auditor shall notify each 4 member of the governing body of a local governmental entity 5 for which deteriorating financial conditions exist which may б cause a condition described in s. 218.503(1) to occur if 7 actions are not taken to address such conditions. 8 9. The officer's written statement of explanation or 9 rebuttal concerning the auditor's comments, including 10 corrective action to be taken, must be filed with the 11 governing body of the local governmental entity, district school board, or charter school within 30 days after the 12 13 delivery of the financial audit report. 10. The Auditor General, in consultation with the 14 15 Board of Accountancy, shall adopt rules for the form and conduct of all financial audits subject to this section and 16 17 conducted by independent certified public accountants. The Auditor General, in consultation with the Department of 18 19 Education, shall develop a compliance supplement for the 20 financial audit of a district school board conducted by an independent certified public accountant. The rules for audits 21 of local governmental entities and district school boards must 22 include, but are not limited to, requirements for the 23 24 reporting of information necessary to carry out the purposes 25 of the Local Government Financial Emergencies Act as stated in

26 s. 218.501. 27 11. Any local governmental entity or district school 28 board financial audit report required under subparagraph 5. or 29 charter school financial audit report required under 30 subparagraph 2. and the officer's written statement of 31 explanation or rebuttal concerning the auditor's comments,

9

1 including corrective action to be taken, must be submitted to 2 the Auditor General within 45 days after delivery of the audit 3 report to the local governmental entity, district school 4 board, or charter school, but no later than 12 months after 5 the end of the fiscal year. If the Auditor General does not б receive the financial audit report within the prescribed 7 period, he or she must notify the Legislative Auditing 8 Committee that the governmental entity or charter school has 9 not complied with this subparagraph. Following notification of 10 failure to submit the required audit report or items required 11 by rule adopted by the Auditor General, a hearing must be scheduled by rule of the committee. After the hearing, the 12 13 committee shall determine which governmental entities or charter schools will be subjected to further state action. 14 Τf it finds that one or more governmental entities or charter 15 schools should be subjected to further state action, the 16 17 committee shall:

a. In the case of a local governmental entity,
district school board, or charter school, request the
Department of Revenue and the Department of Banking and
Finance to withhold any funds payable to such governmental
entity or charter school until the required financial audit is
received by the Auditor General.

b. In the case of a special district, notify the
Department of Community Affairs that the special district has
failed to provide the required audits. Upon receipt of
notification, the Department of Community Affairs shall
proceed pursuant to ss. 189.421 and 189.422.

12.a. The Auditor General, in consultation with the
Board of Accountancy, shall review all audit reports submitted
pursuant to subparagraph 11. The Auditor General shall request

10

any significant items that were omitted in violation of a rule 1 2 adopted by the Auditor General. The items must be provided 3 within 45 days after the date of the request. If the Auditor General does not receive the requested items, he or she shall 4 5 notify the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee. б b. The Auditor General shall notify the Governor and 7 the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee of any audit report reviewed by the Auditor General which contains a statement 8 9 that the local governmental entity or district school board is 10 in a state of financial emergency as provided in s. 218.503. 11 If the Auditor General, in reviewing any audit report, identifies additional information which indicates that the 12 local governmental entity or district school board may be in a 13 14 state of financial emergency as provided in s. 218.503, the Auditor General shall request appropriate clarification from 15 the local governmental entity or district school board. 16 The 17 requested clarification must be provided within 45 days after the date of the request. If the Auditor General does not 18 19 receive the requested clarification, he or she shall notify the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee. If, after obtaining 20 the requested clarification, the Auditor General determines 21 that the local governmental entity or district school board is 22 in a state of financial emergency as provided in s. 218.503, 23 24 he or she shall notify the Governor and the Joint Legislative 25 Auditing Committee. The Auditor General shall annually compile and 26 с.

26 C. The Additor General shall annually complete and 27 transmit to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the 28 House of Representatives, and the Joint Legislative Auditing 29 Committee a summary of significant findings and financial 30 trends identified in audits of local governmental entities, 31

11

1 district school boards, and charter schools performed by the 2 independent certified public accountants. 3 13. In conducting a performance audit of any agency, 4 the Auditor General shall use the Agency Strategic Plan of the 5 agency in evaluating the performance of the agency. б Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 7 218.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 218.32 Annual financial reports; local governmental 9 entities.--10 (1)11 (d) Each local governmental entity that is required to provide for an audit report in accordance with s. 12 13 11.45(3)(a)5.4.must submit the annual financial report with 14 the audit report. A copy of the audit report and annual financial report must be submitted to the department within 45 15 days after the completion of the audit report but no later 16 17 than 12 months after the end of the fiscal year. All other reporting entities must submit the annual financial report to 18 19 the department no later than April 30 of each year. Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 218.321, Florida 20 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 218.321 Annual financial statements; local 22 governmental entities .--23 24 (2) Each local governmental entity that is not 25 required to provide for an audit report in accordance with s. 11.45(3)(a)5.4.must complete its financial statements no 26 27 later than 12 months after the end of the fiscal year. 28 Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 29 311.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 311.07 Florida seaport transportation and economic 30 31 development funding.--

## **Florida Senate - 2000** 8-1431-00

1	(3)(a) Program funds shall be used to fund approved
2	projects on a 50-50 matching basis with any of the deepwater
3	ports, as listed in s. 403.021(9)(b), which is governed by a
4	public body or any other deepwater port which is governed by a
5	public body and which complies with the water quality
б	provisions of s. 403.061, the comprehensive master plan
7	requirements of s. 163.3178(2)(k), the local financial
8	management and reporting provisions of part III of chapter
9	218, and the auditing provisions of s. 11.45(3)(a) <u>5.4</u> .Program
10	funds also may be used by the Seaport Transportation and
11	Economic Development Council to develop with the Florida Trade
12	Data Center such trade data information products which will
13	assist Florida's seaports and international trade.
14	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000.
15	
16	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
17	LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY
18	
ΤŪ	
19	Raises the threshold at which a municipality, other than one in a state of financial emergency, is required to
_	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant
19	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records
19 20	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant
19 20 21	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant
19 20 21 22	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant
19 20 21 22 23	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant
19 20 21 22 23 24	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant
19 20 21 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	one in a state of financial emergency, is required to have a financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant