By the Committee on Governmental Oversight and Productivity; and Senators Cowin and Mitchell

302-2006A-00

A bill to be entitled 1 An act relating to adoption benefits for state 2 3 and water management district employees; 4 creating s. 110.152, F.S.; providing a monetary 5 benefit for a state employee who adopts a 6 special-needs child; defining the term 7 "special-needs child" for purposes of the act; providing procedure; providing for eligibility 8 9 for parental leave; providing conditions of such leave; amending s. 110.221, F.S.; 10 clarifying provisions with respect to 11 12 commencement of parental leave; conforming provisions; providing an effective date. 13 14 15 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 16 17 Section 1. Section 110.152, Florida Statutes, is 18 created to read: 19 110.152 Adoption benefits for state or water 20 management district employees; parental leave. --(1)(a) Any employee of the state or of a water 21 22 management district who adopts a special-needs child, as defined in paragraph (b), is eligible to receive a monetary 23 benefit in the amount of \$10,000 per child, \$8,000 of which is 24 25 payable in equal monthly installments over a 2-year period. 26 (b) For purposes of this section, a "special-needs child" is a child whose permanent custody has been awarded to 27 2.8 the Department of Children and Family Services or to a 29 Florida-licensed child-placing agency and who is not likely to 30 be adopted because he or she is: 31 Eight years of age or older.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

- 2. A person with a developmental disability.
 - 3. A person with a physical or emotional handicap.
 - 4. Of a minority race or of a racially mixed heritage.
- 5. A member of a sibling group of any age, provided that two or more members of a sibling group remain together for the purposes of adoption.
- (2) An employee of the state or of a water management district who adopts a special-needs child must apply to his or her agency head to obtain the monetary benefit provided in subsection (1). Applications must be on forms approved by the department and must include a certified copy of the final order of adoption naming the applicant as the adoptive parent.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall affect the right of any state employee who adopts a special-needs child to receive financial aid for adoption expenses pursuant to s. 409.166 or any other statute that provides financial incentives for the adoption of children.
- (4) Any employee of the state or of a water management district who adopts a special-needs child and who is the legal guardian of the adopted child and resides in the same household as the adopted child shall, upon adoption, be granted parental leave for a period not to exceed 6 months as provided in s. 110.221. The parental leave shall commence on the first day the child is taken into the custody of the adoptive parent following execution of the final order of adoption by a court of competent jurisdiction. If the employee is a salaried employee, the salary of the employee during the period of parental leave must be consistent with the employee's normal rate of pay prior to the commencement of parental leave.

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- 1 (5) A state or water management district employee who is the adoptive parent of a special-needs child and is on 2 3 parental leave as provided in subsection (4) shall, if 4 otherwise eligible: 5 Remain eligible to receive employer-paid benefits. (a) 6 (b) Continue to accrue paid leave time as if he or she
 - were on active employment status.
 - (c) Be allowed to use available sick leave balances in order to receive pay during the unpaid portion of the 6-month parental-leave period.
 - (d) If receiving disability benefits prior to the adoption, continue to receive disability benefits during the parental-leave period for the duration of the disabling condition. However, disability benefits or pay received during the first 6 weeks of parental leave may not be doubled.
 - (e) Not be eligible for overtime or holiday pay. However, a holiday that occurs during the parental-leave period shall be counted as part of the parental leave and shall be a paid holiday if the employee is on active status on the day preceding the holiday.
 - Section 2. Section 110.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 110.221 Parental or family medical leave.--
- (1) As used in this section, the term "family" means a child, parent, or spouse, and the term "family medical leave" means leave requested by an employee for a serious family illness including an accident, disease, or condition that poses imminent danger of death, requires hospitalization involving an organ transplant, limb amputation, or other procedure of similar severity, or any mental or physical 31 condition that requires constant in-home care. The term

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"parental leave" means leave for the father or mother of a child who is born to or adopted by that parent.

- (2) The state shall not:
- Terminate the employment of any employee in the career service because of the pregnancy of the employee or the employee's spouse or the adoption of a child by that employee.
- (b) Refuse to grant to a career service employee parental or family medical leave without pay for a period not to exceed 6 months. Such leave shall commence on a date that is determined by the employee in consultation with the attending physician following notification to the employer in writing, and that is approved by the employer or, in the case of adoption, on the first day the child is taken into the custody of the adoptive parent after execution of the final order of adoption by the court, following notification to the employer in writing and approval by the employer.
- (c) Deny a career service employee the use of and payment for annual leave credits for parental or family medical leave. Such leave shall commence on a date determined by the employee in consultation with the attending physician following notification to the employer in writing or, in the case of adoption, on the first day the child is taken into the custody of the adoptive parent after execution of the final order of adoption by the court, following notification to the employer in writing.
- (d) Deny a career service employee the use of and payment for accrued sick leave or family sick leave for any reason deemed necessary by a physician or as established by policy.
- (e) Require that a career service employee take a 31 | mandatory parental or family medical leave.

(3) Any employee of the state who adopts a child shall be subject to the conditions regarding parental leave set forth in s. 110.152. (4) (4) (3) Upon returning at the end of parental or family medical leave of absence, such employee shall be reinstated to the same job or to an equivalent position with equivalent pay and with seniority, retirement, fringe benefits, and other service credits accumulated prior to the leave period. If any portion of the parental or family medical leave is paid leave, the employee shall be entitled to accumulate all benefits granted under paid leave status. Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 2000, and shall apply to adoptions finalized on and after that date. STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 2208 The Committee Substitute eliminates the six weeks of paid leave for adoptive parents, removes the \$5,000 monetary payment for a non-special needs child, structures the \$10,000 monetary benefit for a special needs child over 24 months, amends existing s. 110.121, F.S., on parental and family leave to cross reference the newly created s. 110.152, F.S., and extends provisions of the bill to include employees of the several water management districts.