## Florida Senate - 2000

By Senator Holzendorf

	2-72A-00 See CS/HB 247	
1	A bill to be entitled	
2	An act relating to reinsurance; amending s.	
3	624.610, F.S.; setting the conditions for the	
4	allowance of credit for reinsurance; providing	
5	definitions; providing for grounds for denial	
6	or revocation of an assuming insurer's	
7	accreditation; providing criteria for the	
8	disallowance of credit for reinsurance for a	
9	ceding insurer; providing for the payment of	
10	costs and expenses; providing conditions for	
11	the allowance or disallowance of credit for	
12	reinsurance for assuming insurers maintaining	
13	trust funds in qualified United States	
14	financial institutions; providing intent that	
15	there is no conflict with arbitration	
16	agreements; providing for security; providing	
17	for the inclusion of certain health maintenance	
18	organizations within the term "ceding insurer";	
19	providing conditions for the disallowance of	
20	credit with respect to a ceding domestic	
21	insurer; providing conditions for credit for	
22	reinsurance in cases of insolvency; providing	
23	for rights against a reinsurer; providing	
24	prohibitions applying to authorized insurers,	
25	other than certain surplus lines insurance;	
26	providing procedures and information required	
27	for a summary statement of each treaty;	
28	providing for exemptions from requirement of	
29	summary statements; providing for waiver;	
30	providing for cancellation; providing that	
31	there is no credit when there is no transfer of	
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**CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

SB 2304

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1	risk; granting authority to the Department of
2	Insurance for rulemaking; requiring compliance
3	with certain standards; requiring termination
4	of approval of certain reinsurers under certain
5	circumstances; providing an effective date for
6	the application of cessions; providing an
7	effective date.
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9	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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11	Section 1. Section 624.610, Florida Statutes, is
12	amended to read:
13	(Substantial rewording of section. See
14	s. 624.610, F.S., for present text.)
15	624.610 Reinsurance
16	(1) The purpose of this section is to protect the
17	interests of insureds, claimants, ceding insurers, assuming
18	insurers, and the public. It is the intent of the Legislature
19	to ensure adequate regulation of insurers and reinsurers and
20	adequate protection for those to whom they owe obligations.
21	In furtherance of that state interest, the Legislature
22	requires that upon the insolvency of a non-United States
23	insurer or reinsurer that provides security to fund its United
24	States obligations in accordance with this section, such
25	security shall be maintained in the United States and claims
26	shall be filed with and valued by the State Insurance
27	Commissioner with regulatory oversight, and the assets shall
28	be distributed in accordance with the insurance laws of the
29	state in which the trust is domiciled which are applicable to
30	the liquidation of domestic United States insurance companies.
31	The Legislature declares that the matters contained in this

1 section are fundamental to the business of insurance in accordance with 15 U.S.C. ss. 1011-1012. 2 3 (2) Credit for reinsurance must be allowed a ceding insurer as either an asset or a deduction from liability on 4 5 account of reinsurance ceded only when the reinsurer meets the б requirements of paragraph (3)(a), paragraph (3)(b), or 7 paragraph (3)(c). Credit must be allowed under paragraph 8 (3)(a) or paragraph (3)(b) only for cessions of those kinds or lines of business that the assuming insurer is licensed, 9 10 authorized, or otherwise permitted to write or assume in its 11 state of domicile or, in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer, in the state through which it is 12 entered and licensed or authorized to transact insurance or 13 14 reinsurance. (3)(a) Credit must be allowed when the reinsurance is 15 ceded to an assuming insurer that is authorized to transact 16 17 insurance or reinsurance in this state. (b)1. Credit must be allowed when the reinsurance is 18 19 ceded to an assuming insurer that is accredited as a reinsurer in this state. An accredited reinsurer is one that: 20 a. Files with the department evidence of its 21 22 submission to this state's jurisdiction; b. Submits to this state's authority to examine its 23 24 books and records; 25 c. Is licensed or authorized to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one state or, in the case of a United 26 27 States branch of an alien assuming insurer, is entered through, licensed, or authorized to transact insurance or 28 29 reinsurance in at least one state; 30 d. Files annually with the department a copy of its 31 annual statement filed with the insurance department of its 3

1 state of domicile any quarterly statements if required by its state of domicile or such quarterly statements if specifically 2 3 requested by the department, and a copy of its most recent audited financial statement; and 4 5 (I) Maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in an б amount not less than \$20 million and whose accreditation has 7 not been denied by the department within 90 days after its 8 submission; or 9 (II) Maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in 10 an amount not less than \$20 million and whose accreditation 11 has been approved by the department. The department may deny or revoke an assuming 12 2. insurer's accreditation if the assuming insurer does not 13 submit the required documentation pursuant to subparagraph 1., 14 if the assuming insurer fails to meet all of the standards 15 required of an accredited reinsurer, or if the assuming 16 17 insurer's accreditation would be hazardous to the policyholders of this state. In determining whether to deny or 18 19 revoke accreditation, the department may consider the qualifications of the assuming insurer with respect to all the 20 21 following subjects: 22 a. Its financial stability; The lawfulness and quality of its investments; 23 b. 24 с. The competency, character, and integrity of its 25 management; d. The competency, character, and integrity of persons 26 27 who own or have a controlling interest in the assuming insurer; and 28 29 Whether claims under its contracts are promptly and e. 30 fairly adjusted and are promptly and fairly paid in accordance with the law and the terms of the contracts. 31

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1	3. Credit must not be allowed a ceding insurer if the
2	assuming insurer's accreditation has been revoked by the
3	department after notice and the opportunity for a hearing.
4	4. The actual costs and expenses incurred by the
5	department to review a reinsurer's request for accreditation
6	and subsequent reviews must be charged to and collected from
7	the requesting reinsurer. If the reinsurer fails to pay the
8	actual costs and expenses promptly when due, the department
9	may refuse to accredit the reinsurer or may revoke the
10	reinsurer's accreditation.
11	(c)1. Credit must be allowed when the reinsurance is
12	ceded to an assuming insurer that maintains a trust fund in a
13	qualified United States financial institution, as defined in
14	paragraph (5)(b), for the payment of the valid claims of its
15	United States ceding insurers and their assigns and successors
16	in interest. To enable the department to determine the
17	sufficiency of the trust fund, the assuming insurer shall
18	report annually to the department information substantially
19	the same as that required to be reported on the NAIC Annual
20	Statement form by authorized insurers. The assuming insurer
21	shall submit to examination of its books and records by the
22	department and bear the expense of examination.
23	2.a. Credit for reinsurance must not be granted under
24	this subsection unless the form of the trust and any
25	amendments to the trust have been approved by:
26	(I) The commissioner of the state in which the trust
27	is domiciled; or
28	(II) The commissioner of another state who, pursuant
29	to the terms of the trust instrument, has accepted principal
30	regulatory oversight of the trust.
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1	b. The form of the trust and any trust amendments must
2	be filed with the commissioner of every state in which the
3	ceding insurer beneficiaries of the trust are domiciled. The
4	trust instrument must provide that contested claims are valid
5	and enforceable upon the final order of any court of competent
6	jurisdiction in the United States. The trust must vest legal
7	title to its assets in its trustees for the benefit of the
8	assuming insurer's United States ceding insurers and their
9	assigns and successors in interest. The trust and the assuming
10	insurer are subject to examination as determined by the
11	commissioner.
12	c. The trust remains in effect for as long as the
13	assuming insurer has outstanding obligations due under the
14	reinsurance agreements subject to the trust. No later than
15	February 28 of each year, the trustee of the trust shall
16	report to the commissioner in writing the balance of the trust
17	and list the trust's investments at the preceding year end,
18	and shall certify that the trust will not expire prior to the
19	following December 31.
20	3. The following requirements apply to the following
21	categories of assuming insurer:
22	a. The trust fund for a single assuming insurer
23	consists of funds in trust in an amount not less than the
24	assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance
25	ceded by United States ceding insurers, and, in addition, the
26	assuming insurer shall maintain a trusteed surplus of not less
27	than \$20 million. The funds in the trust and trusteed surplus
28	consist of assets of a quality substantially similar to that
29	required in part II of chapter 625.
30	b.(I) In the case of a group including incorporated
31	and individual unincorporated underwriters:

1	(A) For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements
2	with an inception, amendment, or renewal date on or after
3	August 1, 1995, the trust consists of a trusteed account in an
4	amount not less than the group's several liabilities
5	attributable to business ceded by United States domiciled
б	ceding insurers to any member of the group;
7	(B) For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements
8	with an inception date on or before July 31, 1995, and not
9	amended or renewed after that date, notwithstanding the other
10	provisions of this section, the trust consists of a trusteed
11	account in an amount not less than the group's several
12	insurance and reinsurance liabilities attributable to business
13	written in the United States; and
14	(C) In addition to these trusts, the group shall
15	maintain in trust a trusteed surplus of which \$100 million
16	must be held jointly for the benefit of the United States
17	domiciled ceding insurers of any member of the group for all
18	years of account.
19	(II) The incorporated members of the group must not be
20	engaged in any business other than underwriting of a member of
21	the group, and are subject to the same level of regulation and
22	solvency control by the group's domiciliary regulator as the
23	unincorporated members.
24	(III) Within 90 days after its financial statements
25	are due to be filed with the group's domiciliary regulator,
26	the group shall provide to the commissioner an annual
27	certification by the group's domiciliary regulator of the
28	solvency of each underwriter member or, if a certification is
29	unavailable, financial statements, prepared by independent
30	public accountants, of each underwriter member of the group.
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1	(d) Credit must be allowed when the reinsurance is
2	ceded to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of
3	paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c), but only as to
4	the insurance of risks located in jurisdictions in which the
5	reinsurance is required to be purchased by a particular entity
6	by applicable law or regulation of that jurisdiction.
7	(e) If the assuming insurer is not authorized or
8	accredited to transact insurance or reinsurance in this state
9	pursuant to paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), the credit
10	permitted by paragraph (c) must not be allowed unless the
11	assuming insurer agrees in the reinsurance agreements:
12	1.a. That in the event of the failure of the assuming
13	insurer to perform its obligations under the terms of the
14	reinsurance agreement, the assuming insurer, at the request of
15	the ceding insurer, shall submit to the jurisdiction of any
16	court of competent jurisdiction in any state of the United
17	States, will comply with all requirements necessary to give
18	the court jurisdiction, and will abide by the final decision
19	of the court or of any appellate court in the event of an
20	appeal; and
21	b. To designate the commissioner, pursuant to s.
22	48.151, or a designated attorney as its true and lawful
23	attorney upon whom may be served any lawful process in any
24	action, suit, or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the
25	ceding company.
26	2. This paragraph is not intended to conflict with or
27	override the obligation of the parties to a reinsurance
28	agreement to arbitrate their disputes, if this obligation is
29	created in the agreement.
30	(f) If the assuming insurer does not meet the
31	requirements of paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), the credit
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permitted by paragraph (c) is not allowed unless the assuming 1 insurer agrees in the trust agreements, in substance, to the 2 3 following conditions: 1. Notwithstanding any other provisions in the trust 4 5 instrument, if the trust fund is inadequate because it 6 contains an amount less than the amount required by paragraph 7 (c), or if the grantor of the trust has been declared 8 insolvent or placed into receivership, rehabilitation, liquidation, or similar proceedings under the laws of its 9 state or country of domicile, the trustee shall comply with an 10 11 order of the commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust or with an order of a United States court of competent 12 jurisdiction directing the trustee to transfer to the 13 14 commissioner with regulatory oversight all of the assets of the trust fund. 15 The assets must be distributed by and claims must 16 2. 17 be filed with and valued by the commissioner with regulatory oversight in accordance with the laws of the state in which 18 19 the trust is domiciled which are applicable to the liquidation of domestic insurance companies. 20 3. If the commissioner with regulatory oversight 21 determines that the assets of the trust fund or any part 22 thereof are not necessary to satisfy the claims of the United 23 24 States ceding insurers of the grantor of the trust, the assets or part thereof must be returned by the commissioner with 25 regulatory oversight to the trustee for distribution in 26 27 accordance with the trust agreement. 28 The grantor shall waive any right otherwise 4. 29 available to it under United States law which is inconsistent 30 with this provision. 31

1	(4) An asset allowed or a deduction from liability
2	taken for the reinsurance ceded by an insurer to an assuming
3	insurer not meeting the requirements of subsections (2) and
4	(3) is allowed in an amount not exceeding the liabilities
5	carried by the ceding insurer. The deduction must be in the
6	amount of funds held by or on behalf of the ceding insurer,
7	including funds held in trust for the ceding insurer, under a
8	reinsurance contract with the assuming insurer as security for
9	the payment of obligations thereunder, if the security is held
10	in the United States subject to withdrawal solely by, and
11	under the exclusive control of, the ceding insurer, or, in the
12	case of a trust, held in a qualified United States financial
13	institution, as defined in paragraph (5)(b). This security may
14	be in the form of:
15	(a) Cash in United States dollars;
16	(b) Securities listed by the Securities Valuation
17	Office of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners
18	and qualifying as admitted assets pursuant to part II of
19	chapter 625;
20	(c) Clean, irrevocable, unconditional letters of
21	credit, issued or confirmed by a qualified United States
22	financial institution, as defined in paragraph (5)(a),
23	effective no later than December 31 of the year for which the
24	filing is made, and in the possession of, or in trust for, the
25	ceding company on or before the filing date of its annual
26	statement; or
27	(d) Any other form of security acceptable to the
28	department.
29	(5)(a) For purposes of paragraph (4)(c) regarding
30	letters of credit, a "qualified United States financial
31	institution" means an institution that:
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1	1. Is organized or, in the case of a United States
2	office of a foreign banking organization, is licensed under
3	the laws of the United States or any state thereof;
4	2. Is regulated, supervised, and examined by United
5	States or state authorities having regulatory authority over
6	banks and trust companies; and
7	3. Has been determined by either the department or the
8	Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of
9	Insurance Commissioners to meet such standards of financial
10	condition and standing as are considered necessary and
11	appropriate to regulate the quality of financial institutions
12	whose letters of credit will be acceptable to the department.
13	(b) For purposes of those provisions of this law which
14	specify institutions that are eligible to act as a fiduciary
15	of a trust, a "qualified United States financial institution"
16	means an institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve
17	System or that has been determined by the department to meet
18	the following criteria:
19	1. Is organized or, in the case of a United States
20	branch or agency office of a foreign banking organization, is
21	licensed under the laws of the United States or any state
22	thereof and has been granted authority to operate with
23	fiduciary powers; and
24	2. Is regulated, supervised, and examined by federal
25	or state authorities having regulatory authority over banks
26	and trust companies.
27	(6) For the purposes of this section only, the term
28	"ceding insurer" includes any health maintenance organization
29	operating under a certificate of authority issued under part I
30	of chapter 641.
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1	(7) After notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the
2	department may disallow any credit that it finds would be
3	contrary to the proper interests of the policyholders or
4	stockholders of a ceding domestic insurer.
5	(8) Credit must be allowed to any ceding insurer for
6	reinsurance otherwise complying with this section only when
7	the reinsurance is payable by the assuming insurer on the
8	basis of the liability of the ceding insurer under the
9	contract or contracts reinsured without diminution because of
10	the insolvency of the ceding insurer. Such credit must be
11	allowed to the ceding insurer for reinsurance otherwise
12	complying with this section only when the reinsurance
13	agreement provides that payments by the assuming insurer will
14	be made directly to the ceding insurer or its receiver, except
15	when:
16	(a) The reinsurance contract specifically provides
17	payment to the named insured, assignee, or named beneficiary
18	of the policy issued by the ceding insurer in the event of the
19	insolvency of the ceding insurer; or
20	(b) The assuming insurer, with the consent of the
21	named insured, has assumed the policy obligations of the
22	ceding insurer as direct obligations of the assuming insurer
23	in substitution for the obligations of the ceding insurer to
24	the named insured.
25	(9) No person, other than the ceding insurer, has any
26	rights against the reinsurer which are not specifically set
27	forth in the contract of reinsurance or in a specific written,
28	signed agreement between the reinsurer and the person.
29	(10) An authorized insurer may not knowingly accept as
30	assuming reinsurer any risk covering subject of insurance
31	which is resident, located, or to be performed in this state
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1 and which is written directly by any insurer not then authorized to transact such insurance in this state, other 2 3 than as to surplus lines insurance lawfully written under part 4 VIII of chapter 626. 5 (11)(a) Any domestic or commercially domiciled insurer б ceding directly written risks of loss under this section 7 shall, within 30 days after receipt of a cover note or similar 8 confirmation of coverage, or, without exception, no later than 6 months after the effective date of the reinsurance treaty, 9 10 file with the department one copy of a summary statement 11 containing the following information about each treaty: The contract period; 12 1. The nature of the reinsured's business; 13 2. An indication as to whether the treaty is 14 3. proportional, nonproportional, coinsurance, modified 15 coinsurance, or indemnity, as applicable; 16 17 The ceding company's loss retention per risk; 4. The reinsured limits; 18 5. 19 6. Any special contract restrictions; A schedule of reinsurers assuming the risks of 20 7. 21 loss; 22 An indication as to whether payments to the 8. assuming insurer are based on written premiums or earned 23 24 premiums; 9. Identification of any intermediary or broker used 25 in obtaining the reinsurance and the commission paid to such 26 27 intermediary or broker if known; and Ceding commissions and allowances. 28 10. 29 The summary statement must be signed and attested (b) 30 to by either the chief executive officer or the chief financial officer of the reporting insurer. In addition to the 31 13

1	summary statement, the Insurance Commissioner may require the
2	filing of any supporting information relating to the ceding of
3	such risks as she or he deems necessary. If the summary
4	statement prepared by the ceding insurer discloses that the
5	net effect of a reinsurance treaty or treaties (or series of
6	treaties with one or more affiliated reinsurers entered into
7	for the purpose of avoiding the following threshold amount) at
8	any time results in an increase of more than 25 percent to the
9	insurer's surplus as to policyholders, then the insurer shall
10	certify in writing to the department that the relevant
11	reinsurance treaty or treaties comply with the accounting
12	requirements contained in any rule adopted by the department
13	under subsection (14). If such certificate is filed after the
14	summary statement of such reinsurance treaty or treaties, the
15	insurer shall refile the summary statement with the
16	certificate. In any event, the certificate must state that a
17	copy of the certificate was sent to the reinsurer under the
18	reinsurance treaty.
19	(c) This subsection applies to cessions of directly
20	written risk or loss. This subsection does not apply to
21	contracts of facultative reinsurance or to any ceding insurer
22	with surplus as to policyholders that exceeds \$100 million as
23	of the immediately preceding December 31. Additionally, any
24	ceding insurer otherwise subject to this section with less
25	than \$500,000 in direct premiums written in this state during
26	the preceding calendar year or with less than 1,000
27	policyholders at the end of the preceding calendar year is
28	exempt from the requirements of this subsection. However, any
29	ceding insurer otherwise subject to this section with more
30	than \$250,000 in direct premiums written in this state during
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1 the preceding calendar quarter is not exempt from the requirements of this subsection. 2 3 (d) An authorized insurer not otherwise exempt from the provisions of this subsection shall provide the 4 5 information required by this subsection with underlying and б supporting documentation upon written request of the 7 department. 8 (e) The department may, upon a showing of good cause, 9 waive the requirements of this subsection. 10 (12) If the department finds that a reinsurance 11 agreement creates a substantial risk of insolvency to either insurer entering into the reinsurance agreement, the 12 department may by order require a cancellation of the 13 14 reinsurance agreement. (13) No credit shall be allowed for reinsurance with 15 regard to which the reinsurance agreement does not create a 16 17 meaningful transfer of risk of loss to the reinsurer. (14) The department may adopt rules implementing the 18 19 provisions of this section. Rules are authorized to protect the interests of insureds, claimants, ceding insurers, 20 21 assuming insurers, and the public. These rules shall be in substantial compliance with: 22 (a) The National Association of Insurance 23 24 Commissioners model regulations relating to credit for 25 reinsurance; (b) Version 1999 of the National Association of 26 27 Insurance Commissioners Accounting Practices and Procedures 28 Manual; and 29 (c) The National Association of Insurance 30 Commissioners model regulation for Credit for Reinsurance and 31 Life and Health Reinsurance Agreements. 15

1 2 The department may further adopt rules to provide for 3 transition from existing requirements for the approval of 4 reinsurers to the accreditation of reinsurers pursuant to this 5 section. б (15) Any reinsurer approved pursuant to s. 7 624.610(3)(a)2., as such provision existed prior to July 1, 8 2000, which fails to obtain accreditation pursuant to this 9 section prior to December 30, 2003, shall have its approval 10 terminated by operation of law on that date. 11 (16) This act shall apply to all cessions on or after 12 January 1, 2001, under reinsurance agreements that have an 13 inception, anniversary, or renewal date on or after January 1, 14 2001. 15 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000. 16 17 18 LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY Substantially revises s. 624.610, F.S., relating to reinsurance. Provides procedures for the protection of the interests of insureds, claimants, ceding insurers, assuming insurers, and the public. Provides for the regulation of insurers and reinsurers. Provides that upon the insolvency of a non-United States insurer or reinsurer that provides security to fund its United States obligations, such security must be maintained in the United States and the claims must be filed with and valued by the State Insurance Commissioner with regulatory oversight. Provides that the assets must be 19 20 21 22 23 regulatory oversight. Provides that the assets must be distributed under the laws of the state in which the 24 trust is domiciled which are applicable to the liquidation of domestic United States insurance 25 companies. Provides that any reinsurer approved pursuant to the law as it existed prior to July 1, 2000, which fails to obtain accreditation under the act prior to December 30,2003, shall have its approval terminated by operation of law on that date. Provides that the act applies to all cessions on or after January 1, 2001, under reinsurance agreements that have an inception, appliversary or renewal date on or after January 1, 2001 26 27 2.8 29 anniversary, or renewal date on or after January 1, 2001. (See bill for details.) 30 31