Florida Senate - 2000

By Senator Silver

38-891A-00 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to port area improvement; 3 creating the "Port Area Improvement Authority 4 Act"; providing legislative findings and 5 intent; defining terms; providing for the 6 creation of port area improvement authorities 7 in highly populated counties with major cruise ship ports; providing for the management of 8 9 authorities; providing for the powers of an 10 authority; providing authority to levy a cruise 11 passenger surcharge subject to a referendum; 12 providing for cruise passenger surcharge collection; providing for criminal penalties; 13 authorizing the use of bonds to fund projects; 14 providing for a tax exemption on bonds; 15 providing for limitations on damages; providing 16 17 for dissolution of an authority; providing severability; providing for liberal 18 19 construction; providing an effective date. 20 21 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 22 23 Section 1. Short title. -- This act may be cited as the "Port Area Improvement Authority Act." 24 25 Section 2. Legislative findings; intent.--26 The Legislature finds that certain highly (1)27 populated counties in the state are substantially affected by 28 the cruise industry and other tourism-related activities and 29 have the need for enhancement of areas surrounding major 30 cruise ports through the improvement of existing facilities and the development of tourism-oriented facilities and other 31

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1	attractions, including professional sports facilities, and
2	other related amenities and infrastructure. The Legislature
3	also finds that these projects serve a paramount public
4	purpose and that there is a need to provide a comprehensive
5	method and funding sources for providing for the development
6	and operation of tourism-oriented facilities and other
7	attractions, including professional sports facilities, and
8	other related amenities and infrastructure.
9	(2) It is declared to be the intent of the Legislature
10	that every passenger embarking on a multi-day cruise
11	initiating its voyage from a major cruise ship port in an
12	eligible county is exercising a taxable privilege under this
13	act.
14	(3) It is declared to be the intent of the Legislature
15	to prescribe a uniform procedure for establishing independent
16	authorities for the purpose of planning, financing,
17	constructing, renovating, developing, operating, and
18	maintaining tourism-oriented facilities and other attractions,
19	including professional sports facilities, and other related
20	amenities and infrastructure within highly populated counties
21	of the state having major cruise ship ports and to provide for
22	the levy and collection of a cruise passenger surcharge within
23	those counties.
24	Section 3. DefinitionsAs used in this act, the
25	term:
26	(1) "Authority" means an authority created under this
27	act.
28	(2) "Board" or "board of supervisors" means the
29	governing body of an authority.
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1	(3) "Bond" means any general obligation bond, revenue
2	bond, refunding bond, note, or other debt obligation
3	authorized under this act.
4	(4) "Cruise passenger surcharge" or "surcharge" means
5	a surcharge approved at a referendum and imposed by an
6	authority on each person embarking on a multi-day cruise
7	initiating its voyage from a major cruise ship port within an
8	eligible county of this state. The surcharge may not exceed \$4
9	for each day of the cruise, as determined in the manner
10	established by this act.
11	(5) "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
12	(6) "Eligible county" means any county within the
13	state which simultaneously satisfies the following criteria:
14	(a) A major cruise ship port exists in the county, and
15	(b) The county has a population of not less than 1.5
16	million according to the most recent annual publication of
17	County Population Estimates of the U.S. Bureau of the Census.
18	Once a governing body has been appointed for an authority in
19	an eligible county, that county is considered an eligible
20	county for all purposes of this act, notwithstanding
21	subsequent reductions in population or cruise passenger
22	traffic.
23	(7) "Major cruise ship port" means a deep-water port
24	owned by a unit of local government from which vessels enter
25	or depart and which, at the time of establishment of an
26	authority in the county in which the port is located, had
27	aggregate multi-day cruise passenger traffic of not less than
28	1.8 million persons per year during the preceding consecutive
29	12 months, according to the official records of the unit of
30	local government operating the port. For purposes of this
31	definition, each embarkation, disembarkation, and in-transit
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1 movement must be separately counted as passenger traffic so that, for example, a single passenger embarking and 2 3 disembarking at the same port counts as passenger traffic of 4 two. 5 "Multi-day cruise" means a voyage upon a (8) б commercial passenger vessel that extends over 1 or more 7 nights. 8 (9) "Professional sports facility" means a ballpark, stadium, arena, coliseum, or similar facility intended for use 9 10 by a professional sports franchise that exists within the 11 National League or the American League of Major League Baseball, the National Basketball Association, the National 12 Football League, or the National Hockey League. 13 (10) "Project" means tourism-oriented facilities, 14 attractions, and other improvements authorized by this act, 15 including professional sports facilities, related amenities 16 17 and infrastructure, and systems, facilities, and services determined by an authority to be beneficial to the 18 19 development, ownership, and operation of any of the foregoing, including the acquisition of land and any interest therein. 20 21 "Refunding bonds" means bonds issued to retire or (11)22 refinance outstanding bonds of an authority and the interest and redemption premium thereon. 23 24 (12)"Revenue bonds" means obligations of an authority 25 which are payable from revenues or other funds derived from 26 sources other than ad valorem taxes on real or tangible 27 personal property. 28 Section 4. Creation of a port area improvement 29 authority; charter.--30 (1) A port area improvement authority is established

31 within each eligible county with all of the powers, authority,

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1 duties, and limitations set forth in this act. This act constitutes the charter of each such authority. Each authority 2 3 shall be designated " County Port Area Improvement Trust," with the blank space being completed by inserting the 4 5 name of the eligible county in which the authority is located. б (2) Each authority is an independent special district 7 within the meaning of chapter 189, Florida Statutes, the 8 boundaries and jurisdiction of which are coterminous with the boundaries of the applicable eligible county. 9 10 Section 5. Board of supervisors .--11 (1) A board of supervisors shall govern each 12 authority. (2) The board shall be composed of seven members 13 appointed by the Governor within 60 days after an authority is 14 established. The Governor shall appoint members of the board 15 to succeed those whose terms are expiring not less than 60 16 17 days before the expiration of such terms. All members of the board must have expertise in one or more of the following 18 19 areas: public finance, private finance, public accounting, commercial law, commercial real estate, real estate 20 21 development, general contracting, architecture, and administration of professional sports team operations. A 22 member of the board may not, at the time of appointment, hold 23 an elected public office in the state. 24 25 (3) The organizational meeting of the board shall be held within 15 days after the appointment of the board. 26 27 Appointed members of the board shall hold office for a term of 4 years or until their successors take office, except that two 28 29 of the initial members shall be appointed to terms of 3 years 30 and two of the initial members shall be appointed to terms of 2 years. 31 If during a member's term of office a vacancy

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1 occurs, the Governor shall fill the vacancy by appointment for the remainder of the term. 2 3 (4) The members of the board must be residents of the county in which the authority is located. 4 5 (5) Four members of the board shall constitute a б quorum, and the affirmative vote of a majority of the members 7 present and voting is necessary to take any official action. 8 The members of the board shall serve without (6) 9 compensation but are entitled to reimbursement for travel and 10 per diem expenses in accordance with section 112.061, Florida 11 Statutes. (7) The board shall at the time of organizing and 12 thereafter annually elect a chair for a term of 1 year or 13 until a successor is elected or the chair is removed, with or 14 without cause, by the board. The chair shall preside at all 15 meetings of the board. If the chair is absent or disqualified 16 17 at any meeting, any member of the board may be designated chair pro-tempore for that meeting. 18 19 Section 6. Executive director. -- The board shall appoint and fix the salary of an executive director to carry 20 21 out the day-to-day activities of the authority and to administer the policies of the board. 22 Section 7. Chief financial officer and other officers; 23 24 financial records; fiscal year .--(1) The board shall appoint and fix the salary of a 25 chief financial officer of the authority, who is responsible 26 27 for the funds and finances of the authority. Funds may be disbursed only at the direction of the board signed by the 28 29 persons designated by the board. The board may give the chief 30 financial officer additional powers and duties. 31

and duties.

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(2) The board or the executive director upon authority delegated by the board my appoint or employ other officers or employees of the authority and give them appropriate powers (3) The financial records of the authority shall be

б audited by an independent certified public accountant at least 7 once each year. 8 The fiscal year of the authority begins October 1 (4) of each year and ends September 30 of the following year. 9 10 Section 8. Budgets.--On or before June 30 of each 11 year, the executive director of the authority shall prepare a proposed budget, including an estimate of all revenues and 12 anticipated expenditures, for the following fiscal year to be 13 submitted to the board for approval or modification. The 14 budget must be adopted before October 1 of each year. 15 Section 9. Powers and duties .--16 17 (1) Each authority has, and the board may exercise, 18 the power to: 19 (a) Finance, refinance, acquire, plan, design, develop, construct, own, lease, operate, maintain, manage, 20 21 renovate, improve, and promote any project located within 4 miles of its major cruise port consisting of one or more 22 tourism-oriented facilities and other attractions and related 23 amenities and infrastructure, including: professional sports 24 facilities and recreational, commercial, cultural and 25 educational facilities; civic, multi-purpose meeting 26 27 facilities; and all forms of media communication, transmission, and production systems and facilities. However, 28 29 during the 18-month period following establishment of an 30 authority, the only project an authority may initiate is a 31 professional sports facility and related amenities and 7

1 infrastructure, which initiation must be evidenced by adoption of a resolution setting forth the authority's commitment to 2 3 initiate and promptly implement a professional sports facility 4 project. 5 (b) Finance, refinance, acquire, plan, design, б develop, construct, own, lease, operate, maintain, manage, renovate, improve, and promote any facilities and 7 8 infrastructure within the authority's jurisdictional boundaries that are reasonably ancillary, incidental, or 9 supporting of projects, including, but not limited to, roads, 10 11 bridges, parking, and other transportation facilities. (c) Provide for the protection of persons using the 12 facilities of the authority by contracting to provide police 13 protection, emergency medical services, and fire protection 14 related to the facilities only with the prior consent of the 15 county or municipality that provides these services at the 16 17 time of the establishment of the authority. Sue and be sued in the name of the authority. 18 (d) 19 (e) Adopt and use a seal and authorize the use of a 20 facsimile thereof. 21 Make and execute contracts and other instruments (f) necessary or convenient to the exercise of its powers. 22 23 (g) Employ staff and contract for the services of such 24 independent consultants, professionals, managers, and operators as the board finds necessary and convenient. 25 Maintain offices as the board finds necessary. 26 (h) 27 (i) Adopt procedures for the conduct of the authority's affairs, the conduct of its business, and the 28 29 administration of this act. 30 (j) Accept gifts; apply for and use grants or loans of 31 money or other property from the United States or any

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department, agency, or unit of local government thereof, the state or any of its subdivisions or agencies, any other state or any subdivision or agency thereof, or any person for authority purposes and enter into any agreements required in connection therewith; and hold, use, and dispose of money or property for any authority purposes in accordance with the terms of the gift, grant, loan, or agreement relating thereto. (k) Hold, control, and acquire by donation or purchase, and dispose of, any real or personal property, or any estate therein, within or outside the authority's boundaries, for any authority purpose. (1) Lease as lessor or lessee to or from any person, public or private, any projects of the type that the authority is authorized to undertake and facilities or property of any nature for the use of the authority to carry out any of the purposes authorized by this act.

17(m) Borrow money and issue bonds or other evidence of18indebtedness as otherwise provided in this act.

19 (n) Fix, collect, and enforce fees, rates, or other 20 user charges for any service, program, or facility provided by 21 the authority.

22 (0) Cooperate and contract with other governmental 23 entities and, under an interlocal agreement with such an

- 24 entity, undertake any project authorized in this act or that
- 25 the contracting governmental entity is authorized to undertake
- 26 and that furthers an authority purpose.

27 (p) Fix and levy the cruise passenger surcharge,

28 subject to the referendum requirements of this act.

29 (q) Call a referendum of the qualified electors of the

30 county in which it is located for the purpose of voting on the

31 cruise passenger surcharge.

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1 (r) Invest moneys received by the authority as is 2 permitted by law or as provided in any resolution adopted by 3 the board. (s) Procure necessary insurance or self-insure. 4 5 (t) Establish such independent entities or affiliated б entities, whether in the form of a not-for-profit corporation 7 or other legal entity, for such purposes as the board 8 considers necessary or appropriate to carry out its projects or to administer projects or funds for the benefit of all or 9 10 any portion of the county in which it is located. 11 (u) Make grants of authority funds to the county, any municipality, or any other governmental unit in which the 12 authority is located if the grant furthers any purpose of the 13 14 authority. (v) Exercise all powers necessary, convenient, 15 incidental, or proper in connection with any of the powers, 16 17 duties, or purposes authorized by this act. 18 Section 10. Creation and levy of cruise passenger 19 surcharge.--(1) The board may levy a cruise passenger surcharge on 20 21 each passenger embarking on a multi-day cruise initiating its 22 voyage from a major cruise ship port within the eligible county in an amount not to exceed \$4 per day for each day of 23 24 the cruise. The surcharge must be levied by resolution of the board and may take effect only upon approval by a majority of 25 26 the qualified electors of the eligible county in which the 27 authority is located voting in a referendum on the surcharge. 28 The board shall place on the ballot a statement (2) 29 that includes a brief general description of the initial 30 project to be funded by the surcharge, the maximum dollar amount of the surcharge to be levied, and, if not to be 31

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1 perpetual, the number of years it will be levied, and this statement must be prescribed in the resolution calling for the 2 3 referendum on the surcharge. The Supervisor of Elections for the eligible county in which the authority is located shall 4 5 conduct the referendum and the executive director of the б authority shall be the authority's election official. The referendum may not be conducted as a special election in which 7 8 the sole issue before the electorate is the levy of the 9 surcharge. The authority need pay only its pro rata share of 10 election costs directly related to the referendum. 11 (3) If the referendum does not result in the approval of the surcharge, another referendum for approval of such a 12 surcharge may not be held for at least 6 months. 13 (4) If limited by the approving referendum, the 14 duration of the levy of an approved surcharge may be extended 15 and the amount of the surcharge may be increased up to \$4 per 16 17 day, only by approval of a majority of the qualified electors of the eligible county voting in a referendum on the extension 18 19 or increase. Subject to the requirements of any covenants to bondholders or other creditors of the authority or to other 20 21 contractual restrictions, the number of years of levy or the dollar amount of the surcharge may be decreased by resolution 22 of the board, without referendum. 23 24 (5) The department shall collect the proceeds of the 25 cruise passenger surcharge and distribute those proceeds to 26 the authority monthly. 27 The proceeds of the cruise passenger surcharge may (6) be used by the authority for any lawful purpose of the 28 29 authority, including payment of the cost of projects. For 30 purposes of this act, the term "cost," when used with respect

31 to a project, has the same meaning as set forth in section

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1 190.003(7), Florida Statutes. Without in any way limiting this section the proceeds may be pledged to secure and service 2 3 bonds and other indebtedness incurred by an authority. The cruise passenger surcharge shall take effect 4 (7) 5 on the first day of the third month following notice from the б authority to the department of referendum approval as provided 7 in this act or such later date as may be established by 8 resolution of the authority. The levying of the surcharge may terminate only on the last day of a calendar quarter. 9 The board may suspend the collection of the 10 (8) 11 surcharge before the time set for its expiration if all projects undertaken by the authority have been completed and 12 all bonds and other liabilities of the authority that are 13 payable, in whole or in part, from the surcharge, including 14 any refunding bonds, have been paid in full or have been 15 irrevocably defeased. The suspension may be effective only as 16 17 of the last day of a calendar quarter. Once suspended, the board may resume the levy and collection of the surcharge if 18 19 it finds that the surcharge is needed to carry out a project 20 or other authority purpose. 21 Section 11. Cruise passenger surcharge limitations; administration and collection. --22 23 (1) Any cruise passenger surcharge levied by the board 24 must be imposed on each passenger embarking on a multi-day cruise initiating its voyage from a major cruise ship port 25 within an eligible county. The cruise passenger surcharge is 26 27 in addition to the total consideration paid for the privilege of embarking on the cruise and must be collected by the person 28 29 receiving the consideration when that person receives payment 30 of that consideration. The surcharge is in addition to, and not in lieu of, sales and use taxes or any other fees or 31

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1 charges imposed by the state or any other governmental unit. The surcharge is not subject to the taxes imposed under 2 3 chapter 212, Florida Statutes. (2) The person receiving any consideration that is 4 5 subject to the cruise passenger surcharge shall collect, б account for, and remit the surcharge to the department at the 7 same time and in the same manner provided for persons who 8 collect and remit taxes under chapter 212, Florida Statutes. The same duties and privileges imposed by chapter 212, Florida 9 10 Statutes, upon dealers in tangible property respecting the 11 collection and remission of taxes; the making of returns; the keeping of books, records, and accounts; and compliance with 12 the rules of the department in the administration of that 13 chapter apply to and are binding upon all persons who are 14 subject to this section. The provisions of chapter 212, 15 Florida Statutes, regarding the authority to audit and make 16 17 assessments of interest and penalties on delinquent taxes and other administrative provisions of chapter 212, Florida 18 19 Statutes, apply to the surcharge, except as expressly provided in this section. Each charge ticket, sales slip, invoice, or 20 21 other tangible evidence of sale must show, on its face, the amount of the surcharge. The department may adopt rules to 22 administer this section and may use its powers under chapter 23 24 212, Florida Statutes, to discover the amount of surcharge to 25 be paid and to enforce the payment thereof. The department shall keep records showing the 26 (3) 27 amount of surcharges collected and records disclosing the 28 amount of surcharges collected for and from each county in 29 which the surcharge is authorized, including any interest or 30 penalties on delinquent surcharges. 31

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1	(4) Collections received by the department from the
2	surcharge, less costs of administration, must be paid and
3	returned monthly to or at the order of the authority in the
4	eligible county in which the surcharge was collected for use
5	by the authority as provided in this act.
б	(5) The department shall adopt rules and prescribe,
7	and publish such forms as are necessary to administer this
8	section. The department shall establish audit procedures and
9	assess for delinquent taxes.
10	(6) The estimated tax provisions contained in section
11	212.11, Florida Statutes, do not apply to the administration
12	of the surcharge. However, an authority may permit a quarterly
13	or semiannual return and payment when the surcharges remitted
14	by the person required to do so for the preceding quarter or
15	semiannual period did not exceed the criteria established in
16	section 212.11(1)(c), Florida Statutes.
17	(7) Any person taxable under this section who either
18	by himself or herself or through his or her agents or
19	employees fails to charge and collect the surcharge from the
20	person responsible for paying it, in addition to being
21	personally liable for the payment of the surcharge, commits a
22	misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in
23	section 775.082 or section 775.083, Florida Statutes.
24	(8) A person may not advertise or hold out to the
25	public in any manner, directly or indirectly, that he or she
26	will absorb any part of the surcharge; that he or she will
27	relieve the person paying the surcharge of the payment of any
28	part thereof; or that the surcharge will not be added to
29	consideration for embarking on the multi-day cruise or, if
30	added, will be refunded or refused, in whole or in part either
31	directly or indirectly, by any method whatsoever. Any person

1 who willfully violates this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in section 775.082 2 3 or section 775.083, Florida Statutes. (9) A board initially levying a cruise passenger 4 5 surcharge or modifying or suspending an existing levy of the б surcharge shall notify the department within 10 days after the 7 referendum approval is obtained or the resolution modifying or 8 suspending an existing levy is adopted. Notification of modification or suspension must occur at least 30 days before 9 the modification or suspension becomes effective. 10 11 Section 12. Bonds.--(1) AUTHORIZATION AND FORM OF BONDS. --12 (a) The authority may issue and sell bonds for any 13 purpose for which the authority has the power to expend money, 14 including, without limitation, the power to obtain working 15 capital loans to finance the costs of any project and to 16 17 refund any bonds or other indebtedness at the time outstanding at or before maturity. Bonds may be sold by public or 18 19 negotiated sale after advertisement, if any, as the board considers advisable. Bonds may be authorized by resolution of 20 21 the board. (b) Bonds of the authority may reflect and evidence 22 any form of financing structure that may become marketable 23 24 from time to time, including, but not limited to, taxable or tax-exempt bonds; bonds that bear current interest, whether 25 fixed or variable; bonds issued at an original issue discount 26 27 or premium; capital appreciation bonds; bonds that are convertible, whether or not at the option of the holder, into 28 29 a form of bonds differing from that in which they were 30 originally issued; bonds that allow the holder to tender the 31 bonds to the authority or its agent; bonds that are issued

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1 with separate call-option rights that may be sold by the authority at the time of issuance of the bonds or thereafter; 2 3 and bonds of any type issued in connection with interest-rate swaps or other derivative products. Bonds may be sold in 4 5 blocks or installments at different times, or an entire issue б or series may be sold at the same time. The board may, by resolution, fix the aggregate 7 (C) 8 maximum amount of bonds to be issued; the purpose or purposes for which the moneys derived therefrom may be expended, 9 including, but not limited to, payment of costs of one or more 10 11 projects; the rates of interest; the denominations of the bonds; whether or not the bonds are to be issued in one or 12 more series; the dates of maturity, which may not exceed 40 13 years from the respective date of issuance; the medium of 14 payment; the places within or outside the state where payment 15 must be made; registration privileges; redemption terms and 16 17 privileges, whether with or without premium; the manner of execution; the form of the bonds, including any interest 18 19 coupons to be attached thereto; the manner of execution of bonds and coupons; and any other terms, covenants, and 20 conditions thereof and the establishment of revenue or other 21 funds. The authorizing resolution may further provide for the 22 contracts authorized by section 159.825(1)(f) and (g), Florida 23 24 Statutes, regardless of the tax treatment of the bonds being authorized. The authorizing resolution may further provide for 25 an electronic-book-entry system of registration, or for 26 27 certificated bonds. The seal of the authority may be affixed, lithographed, engraved, or otherwise reproduced in facsimile 28 29 on the bonds. 30 (d) Any issue of bonds may be secured by a trust 31 agreement by and between the authority and corporate trustees,

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which may be any trust company or bank having the powers of a trust company within or outside the state. Any provisions

trust company within or outside the state. Any provisions 2 3 regarding the details or terms of any bonds that are required 4 or permitted to be set forth in a resolution of the board may 5 be set forth in a trust agreement with the same effect as if б the provisions were set forth in a resolution of the board. 7 The resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or the 8 trust agreement may pledge any legally available revenues of the authority, including, without limitation, the proceeds of 9 10 the cruise passenger surcharge and rental payments received by 11 the authority, and may contain such provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bondholders as 12 the board approves, including, without limitation, covenants 13 authorized under subsection (4) and covenants setting forth 14 the duties of the authority in relation to the acquisition, 15 construction, reconstruction, improvement, maintenance, 16 17 repair, operation, and insurance of any projects; the fixing and revising of the rates, fees, and charges; and the custody, 18 19 safeguarding, and application of all moneys, and may contain provisions for the employment of engineers, accountants and 20 other consultants in connection with such acquisition, 21 construction, reconstruction, improvement, maintenance, 22 repair, or operation. It is lawful for any bank or trust 23 24 company within or outside the state to act as a depository of 25 the proceeds of bonds or of revenues and to furnish such indemnifying bonds or to pledge such securities as are 26 27 required by the authority. The resolution or trust agreement may set forth the rights and remedies of the bondholders and 28 of the trustee, if any, and may restrict the individual rights 29 of action by bondholders. The board may provide for the 30 31 payment of proceeds of the sale of the bonds and the revenues

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1 of any project to any officer, board, or depository that it designates for the custody thereof and may provide for the 2 3 method of disbursement thereof with such safeguards and restrictions as it establishes. All expenses incurred in 4 5 carrying out the provisions of the resolution or trust б agreement may be treated as part of the cost of a project to 7 which the trust agreement pertains or as part of the cost of 8 the operation of the project. 9 (e) Bonds may be delivered by the authority as payment 10 of the purchase price of any project or part thereof, or a 11 combination of projects or parts thereof, or as the purchase price or exchange for any property, real, personal, or mixed, 12 including franchises or services rendered by any contractor, 13 14 engineer, or other person, all at one time or in blocks from time to time, in such manner and upon such terms as the board 15 determines. 16 17 (f) Pending the preparation of definitive bonds, the 18 board may issue interim certificates or receipts or temporary 19 notes or bonds, in a form and with such provisions as the board establishes, exchangeable for definitive bonds when the 20 bonds have been executed and are available for delivery. 21 The board may also provide for the replacement of any bonds that 22 become mutilated, lost, or destroyed. 23 24 (g) All bonds issued on behalf of the authority must state on the face thereof that they are payable, both as to 25 principal and interest, solely from assets of the authority 26 pledged therefor and do not constitute an obligation, either 27 28 general or special, of the state or of any local government. 29 (2) NEGOTIABILITY OF BONDS. -- Any bond issued under 30 this act or any temporary bond, in the absence of an express recital on the face thereof that it is nonnegotiable, is fully 31

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1 negotiable and constitutes a negotiable instrument within the 2 meaning and for all proposes of the law merchant and the laws 3 of the state. 4 (3) BONDS AS LEGAL INVESTMENT OR SECURITY .--5 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, all (a) б bonds issued under this act constitute legal investments for 7 savings banks, banks, trust companies, insurance companies, 8 executors, administrators, trustees, guardians, and other fiduciaries and for any board, body, agency, instrumentality, 9 10 county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the 11 state. (b) Any bonds issued by the authority are 12 incontestable in the hands of bona fide purchasers or holders 13 for value and are not invalid because of any irregularity or 14 15 defect in the proceedings for the issue and sale thereof. COVENANTS. -- Any resolution authorizing the 16 (4) issuance of bonds may contain any covenants the board finds 17 advisable. All the covenants constitute valid and legally 18 19 binding and enforceable contracts between the authority and the bondholders, regardless of the time of issuance thereof. 20 (5) ACT FURNISHES FULL AUTHORITY FOR ISSUANCE OF 21 BONDS.--This act constitutes full authority for the issuance 22 of bonds and the exercise of the powers of the authority. No 23 24 procedures or proceedings, publications, notices, consents, 25 approvals, orders, acts, or things by the board, or any board, officers, commission, department, agency, or instrumentality 26 27 of the authority, other than those required by this act, are required to perform anything under this act, except that the 28 29 issuance or sale of bonds under this act must comply with the 30 general-law requirements applicable to the issuance or sale of 31

1 bonds by the authority, including, but not limited to, section 189.4085, Florida Statutes. 2 3 (6) PLEDGE BY THE STATE TO THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE AUTHORITY.--The state pledges to the holders of any bonds 4 5 issued under this act that it will not limit or alter the б rights of the authority to own, acquire, construct, or 7 reconstruct, improve, maintain, operate, or furnish the 8 projects or to levy and collect the cruise passenger surcharge, rentals, rates, fees, and other charges provided 9 10 for in this act and to fulfill the terms of any agreement made 11 with the holders of the bonds or other obligations and that it will not in any way impair the rights or remedies of the 12 13 holders. Section 13. Tax exemption. -- The bonds and other 14 obligations issued under this act, their transfer, and the 15 income therefrom, including any profit made on the sale 16 thereof, and all notes, mortgages, security agreements, 17 letters of credit, or other instruments that arise from or are 18 19 given to secure the repayment of bonds or other obligations issued under this act, are at all times free from taxation by 20 21 the state or any unit of local government, political subdivision, or other instrumentality of the state. For 22 purposes of excise taxes on documents, the provisions of 23 24 section 201.24, Florida Statutes, apply. The exemption 25 granted by this section does not apply to any tax imposed by chapter 220, Florida Statutes, on interest, income, or profits 26 27 on debt obligations owned by corporations. 28 Section 14. Contracts.--Contracts for the construction 29 of projects and for any other purpose of the authority may be 30 awarded by the authority in a manner that will best promote free and open competition, including advertisement for 31

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1 competitive bids; however, if the authority determines that the purposes of this act will be more effectively served 2 3 thereby, the authority may award or cause to be awarded contracts for the construction of any project, including 4 5 design-build contracts, or any part thereof, or for any other б purpose of the authority upon a negotiated basis as determined 7 by the authority. Each contractor doing business with the 8 authority and required to be licensed by the state or local general-purpose governments must maintain the license during 9 10 the term of the contract with the authority. The authority 11 may prescribe bid security requirements and other procedures in connection with the award of contracts which protect the 12 public interest. Section 287.055, Florida Statutes, does not 13 apply to the selection of professional architectural, 14 engineering, landscape architectural, or land surveying 15 services by the authority or to the procurement of 16 17 design-build contracts. The authority may, and in the case of a new professional sports franchise must, by written contract 18 19 engage the services of the lessee, sublessee, or purchaser, or prospective lessee, sublessee or purchaser, of any project in 20 the construction of the project and may, and in the case of a 21 new professional sports franchise must, provide in the 22 contract that the lessee, sublessee, purchaser, or prospective 23 24 lessee, sublessee or purchaser, may act as an agent of, or an independent contractor for, the authority for the performance 25 of the functions described therein, subject to the conditions 26 27 and requirements prescribed in the contract, including functions such as the acquisition of the site and other real 28 29 property for the project; the preparation of plans, specifications, financing and contract documents; the award of 30 31 construction and other contracts upon a competitive or

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negotiated basis; the construction of the project, or any part thereof, directly by the lessee, purchaser, or prospective lessee or purchaser; the inspection and supervision of construction; the employment of engineers, architects, builders, and other contractors; and the provision of money to pay the cost thereof pending reimbursement by the authority. Any such contract may, and in the case of a new professional sports franchise must, allow the authority to make advances to

9 or reimburse the lessee, sublessee, or purchaser, or 10 prospective lessee, sublessee, or purchaser for its costs 11 incurred in the performance of those functions, and must set 12 forth the supporting documents required to be submitted to the 13 authority and the reviews, examinations, and audits that are 14 required in connection therewith to assure compliance with the 15 contract.

Section 15. Sale or lease of property.--The authority 16 17 may sell or lease property of the authority in a manner that will best promote free and open competition, including 18 19 advertisement for competitive bids; however, if the authority determines that the purposes of this act will be more 20 21 effectively served, the authority may sell or lease property of the authority upon a negotiated basis or for no or nominal 22 consideration. Notwithstanding any other law, the authority 23 24 may sell or lease property of the authority in a transaction in which the authority leases the property back from its 25 purchaser or lessee. To facilitate the development of a 26 27 project by an authority, any governmental entity or other unit of local government may sell or lease its property to an 28 29 authority upon a negotiated basis, without competitive bid, 30 and for no or nominal consideration, and an authority may 31

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1 resell or sublease the property to a professional sports franchise in the same manner. 2 3 Section 16. Damages arising out of tort .-- Any suit or action brought or maintained against the authority for damages 4 5 arising out of tort are subject to the limitations provided in б section 768.28, Florida Statutes, and any claim must be presented in writing to the board. 7 8 Section 17. Dissolution .--9 (1) Once an authority has been established in an eligible county, its existence is not affected by any 10 11 subsequent reduction in population or cruise passenger traffic. Subject to subsection (2), an authority may be 12 dissolved only by unanimous resolution of the board and 13 approval of the resolution by the Governor or in the manner 14 provided in chapter 189, Florida Statutes. 15 (2) A dissolution may not become effective unless 16 17 arrangements have been made for the full assumption of all governmental services then being provided by the authority, 18 19 and for the transfer and allocation of revenue, property, and indebtedness of the authority. If any bonds or other 20 21 obligations of the authority are outstanding, any act of the Legislature dissolving the authority shall set forth the 22 proposed arrangements under which holders of the outstanding 23 24 obligations will be immediately paid or will continue to be paid, which arrangements must be consistent with the terms of 25 the outstanding obligations. Any resolution of the board or 26 27 legislative act dissolving the authority must specify the 28 effective date of the dissolution. The consent of the county 29 in which the authority is located is not required to dissolve 30 an authority. 31

Section 18. Severability.--If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared severable. Section 19. Liberal construction. -- This act shall be liberally construed to effectively carry out its purposes. Section 20. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. SENATE SUMMARY Creates the "Port Area Improvement Authority Act" for counties with major cruise ship ports. Authorizes the levy of a cruise passenger surcharge and the issuance of bonds to finance professional sports facilities or other tourist attractions.