1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the state budgetary process;
3	revising procedures used in submitting and
4	reviewing requests for state funds; amending s.
5	216.011, F.S.; revising, deleting, and adding
6	definitions; creating s. 216.013, F.S.;
7	requiring agencies to submit long-range program
8	plans; amending s. 216.015, F.S.; revising
9	legislative findings; amending s. 216.0152,
10	F.S.; changing the date for publishing a
11	certain report; amending s. 216.0158, F.S.;
12	revising procedures for determination of
13	facility needs; amending s. 216.016, F.S.;
14	requiring additional information in the
15	Governor's recommended budget; amending s.
16	216.023, F.S.; prescribing procedures for
17	submitting agency budget requests to the
18	Legislature; amending s. 216.031, F.S.;
19	revising procedures relating to legislative
20	budget requests; amending s. 216.044, F.S.;
21	revising procedures relating to budget
22	evaluation by the Department of Management
23	Services; amending s. 216.0446, F.S.; revising
24	procedures relating to review of information
25	resources management needs; amending s.
26	216.052, F.S.; providing procedure for
27	submitting community budget requests; amending
28	s. 216.081, F.S.; revising the schedule for
29	submission of data relating to the judicial and
30	legislative branches; amending s. 216.131,
31	F.S.; revising procedures relating to public
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1	hearings; amending s. 216.133, F.S.; revising,
2	deleting, and adding definitions; amending s.
3	216.134, F.S.; revising procedures to be used
4	by estimating conferences; amending s. 216.136,
5	F.S.; revising duties of the Economic
6	Estimating Conference; abolishing the
7	Transportation Estimating Conference; creating
, 8	the Self-Insurance Estimating Conference and
9	the Florida Retirement System Actuarial
10	Assumption Conference; amending s. 216.141,
11	F.S.; revising provisions relating to the
12	planning and budgeting system; amending s.
13	216.162, F.S.; revising procedures relating to
14	furnishing legislators with copies of the
15	Governor's recommended budget; amending s.
16	216.163, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
17	form and content of the Governor's recommended
18	budget; amending s. 216.177, F.S.; revising
19	provisions relating to appropriation act
20	statements of intent and to required notices of
21	<pre>budgetary action; amending s. 216.178, F.S.;</pre>
22	requiring additional notice before the vote on
23	an appropriations act; revising duties of the
24	Governor with respect to statements of costs of
25	state debts and obligations; amending s.
26	216.179, F.S.; prohibiting reinstatement by a
27	state agency of vetoed appropriations
28	administratively; amending s. 216.181, F.S.;
29	revising procedures relating to approved
30	budgets for operations and fixed capital
31	outlay; revising restrictions on increases on
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1	salary rate; prescribing procedures with
2	respect to nonoperating budgets; deleting
3	obsolete provisions; creating s. 216.1825,
4	F.S.; requiring zero-based budgeting reviews;
5	providing for use of zero-based budgeting
6	principles; amending s. 216.183, F.S.; revising
7	provisions relating to development of charts of
8	accounts; amending s. 216.192, F.S.; revising
9	procedures relating to release of
10	appropriations; amending s. 216.195, F.S.;
11	defining the term "impoundment" for purposes of
12	impoundment of funds; amending s. 216.212,
13	F.S.; revising duties of the Executive Office
14	of the Governor and the Office of the
15	Comptroller with respect to budgets for federal
16	funds; creating s. 216.216, F.S.; prescribing
17	procedures to be used with respect to funds
18	subject to a court settlement negotiated by the
19	state; amending s. 212.221, F.S.; revising
20	procedures to be used in the event of budget
21	deficits; amending s. 216.251, F.S.; revising
22	procedures relating to salary appropriations
23	for certain employees; amending s. 216.262,
24	F.S.; revising provisions relating to increases
25	in authorized positions; defining the term
26	"perquisites" for purposes of limiting the
27	furnishing thereof; amending s. 216.271, F.S.;
28	defining the term "revolving fund"; amending s.
29	216.292, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
30	limits on and procedures for transfers of
31	appropriations; creating s. 216.348, F.S.;
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1	providing conditions for receipt of certain
2	grants and aids appropriations by certain
3	nonprofit entities; providing definitions;
4	providing for an affidavit of nonprofit status;
5	providing for an agreement between the
б	administering agency and the nonprofit entity;
7	providing minimum requirements for the
8	agreement; providing that the nonprofit entity
9	continue operation of the property for the
10	purposes set forth in the grant; providing for
11	repayment of grant moneys received under
12	certain conditions; providing for the adoption
13	of an accounting system and providing for
14	audit; providing for liability insurance and
15	exempting the administering agency from
16	liability; providing permissive conditions of
17	the agreement; providing for a satisfaction of
18	the agreement; amending s. 11.45, F.S.;
19	prescribing duties of the Auditor General with
20	respect to direct-support and citizen support
21	organizations; creating s. 11.90, F.S.;
22	creating the Legislative Budget Commission;
23	amending s. 120.65, F.S.; deleting 21-day time
24	limitation on action by the Executive Office of
25	the Governor; amending s. 121.031, F.S.;
26	deleting provisions relating to the Florida
27	Retirement System Actuarial Assumption
28	Conference; amending s. 186.002, F.S.; changing
29	"state agency strategic" plan to "long-range
30	program" plan; amending s. 186.003, F.S.;
31	redefining the term "state agency"; amending s.

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1	186.021, F.S.; requiring each state agency to
2	develop a long-range program plan annually;
3	amending s. 186.022, F.S.; requiring submission
4	of information resource strategic plans;
5	amending s. 186.901, F.S.; revising provisions
6	relating to production of population estimates;
7	amending s. 215.18, F.S.; providing authority
8	for the Governor to approve transfers between
9	funds to avoid deficits; amending s. 215.22,
10	F.S.; exempting Tobacco Settlement Trust Funds
11	from service charge to general revenue;
12	amending s. 215.32, F.S.; authorizing the
13	Governor to combine trust funds under certain
14	conditions; amending ss. 215.3208, 240.209,
15	240.20941, 240.279, 252.37, 288.7091, 320.20,
16	337.023, 339.135, 376.15, 392.69, F.S., to
17	conform terminology and references to changes
18	made by the act; transferring, renumbering, and
19	amending s. 216.3491, F.S.; providing for the
20	Florida Single Audit Act; renumbering s.
21	216.331, F.S., relating to disbursement of
22	state moneys; renumbering s. 216.3505, F.S.,
23	relating to refinancing of bonds; repealing s.
24	216.001, F.S., relating to definitions;
25	repealing s. 216.0154, F.S., relating to
26	assessment of trends and conditions affecting
27	need for capital facilities; repealing s.
28	216.0162, F.S., relating to monitoring and
29	evaluation of capital facilities planning and
30	budgeting; repealing s. 216.0166, F.S.,
31	relating to submission of performance-based
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1 budget requests, programs, and performance
2 measures; repealing s. 216.0172, F.S., relating
3 to the schedule for submission of
4 performance-based program budgets; repealing s.
5 216.0235, F.S., relating to furnishing of
6 performance-based legislative program budget
7 requests; repealing s. 216.0315, F.S., relating
8 to budgets of state agencies that have
9 international programs; repealing s. 216.091,
10 F.S., relating to statements by the
11 Comptroller; repealing s. 216.111, F.S.,
12 relating to financial statements and schedules
13 and other reports; repealing s. 216.281, F.S.,
14 relating to construction of terms; repealing s.
15 216.286, F.S., relating to release of funds
16 under the Florida Employment Opportunity Act;
17 providing applicability; providing an effective
18 date.
19
20 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
21
22 Section 1. Section 216.011, Florida Statutes, is
23 amended to read:
24 216.011 Definitions
25 (1) For the purpose of fiscal affairs of the state,
26 appropriations acts, legislative budgets, and approved
27 budgets, each of the following terms has the meaning
28 indicated:
29 (a) "Annual salary rate" means the monetary
30 <u>compensation authorized</u> salary estimated to be paid or
31 actually paid a position or positions on an annualized basis.
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The term does not include moneys authorized for benefits 1 2 associated with the position. In calculating salary rate, a 3 vacant position shall be calculated at the minimum of the pay 4 grade for that position. 5 (b) "Appropriation" means a legal authorization to 6 make expenditures for specific purposes within the amounts 7 authorized in the appropriations act. 8 "Appropriations act" means the authorization of (C) 9 the Legislature, based upon legislative budgets or based upon legislative findings of the necessity for an authorization 10 when no legislative budget is filed, for the expenditure of 11 12 amounts of money by an agency, the judicial branch, or and the legislative branch for stated purposes in the performance of 13 14 the functions it is authorized by law to perform. The 15 categories contained in the appropriations act include, but are not limited to: 16 17 1. Data processing services. 18 2. Expenses. 19 3. Fixed capital outlay. 4. Food products. 20 21 5. Grants and aids. 6. Grants and aids to local governments and nonstate 22 23 entities-fixed capital outlay. 24 7. Lump-sum appropriations. 8. Operating capital outlay. 25 26 9. Other personal services. 27 10. Salaries and benefits. 11. Special categories. 28 29 "Authorized position" means a position included in (d) 30 an approved budget. In counting the number of authorized 31 7 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

positions, part-time positions shall be converted to full-time 1 2 equivalents. 3 (e)(qq) "Baseline data" means indicators of a state 4 agency's current performance level, pursuant to guidelines 5 established by the Executive Office of the Governor, in 6 consultation with legislative appropriations and appropriate 7 substantive committees. 8 (f)(e) "Budget entity" means a unit or function at the 9 lowest level to which funds are specifically appropriated in the appropriations act. "Budget entity" and "service" have the 10 same meaning. 11 12 (g) "Chairs of the legislative appropriations committees" means the chairs of the committees of the Senate 13 14 and the House of Representatives responsible for producing the 15 General Appropriations Act. (h) (f) "Consultation" means to deliberate and seek 16 17 advice in an open and forthright manner with the full 18 committee, a subcommittee thereof, the chair, or the staff as 19 deemed appropriate by the chair of the respective appropriations committee. 20 21 (i)(g) "Continuing appropriation" means an 22 appropriation automatically renewed without further 23 legislative action, period after period, until altered or revoked by the Legislature. 24 25 (j)(h) "Data processing services" means the 26 appropriation category used to fund electronic data processing services provided by or to state agencies or the judicial 27 branch, which services include, but are not limited to, 28 29 systems design, software development, or time-sharing by other governmental units or budget entities. 30 31 8

(k)(i) "Disbursement" means the payment of an 1 2 expenditure. (1)(j) "Disincentive" means a sanction as described in 3 4 s. 216.163. 5 (k) "Established position" means an authorized 6 position which has been classified in accordance with a 7 classification and pay plan as provided by law. 8 (m)(1) "Expenditure" means the creation or incurring 9 of a legal obligation to disburse money. (n) (m) "Expense" means the appropriation category used 10 to fund the usual, ordinary, and incidental expenditures by an 11 12 agency or the judicial branch, including, but not limited to, such items as contractual services, commodities, and supplies 13 14 of a consumable nature, current obligations, and fixed 15 charges, and excluding expenditures classified as operating capital outlay. Payments to other funds or local, state, or 16 17 federal agencies may be are included in this category budget classification of expenditures. 18 19 (o)(n) "Fiscal year of the state" means a period of 20 time beginning July 1 and ending on the following June 30, 21 both dates inclusive. 22 (p)(o) "Fixed capital outlay" means the appropriation 23 category used to fund real property (land, buildings, including appurtenances, fixtures and fixed equipment, 24 structures, etc.), including additions, replacements, major 25 26 repairs, and renovations to real property which materially extend its useful life or materially improve or change its 27 functional use and including furniture and equipment necessary 28 29 to furnish and operate a new or improved facility, when appropriated by the Legislature in the fixed capital outlay 30 appropriation category. 31

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1 (q) "Food products" means the appropriation category 2 used to fund food consumed and purchased in state-run 3 facilities that provide housing to individuals. 4 (p) "Full-time position" means a position authorized 5 for the entire normally established work period, daily, 6 weekly, monthly, or annually. 7 (r)(q) "Grants and aids" means the appropriation 8 category used to fund contributions to units of government 9 governments or nonstate entities nonprofit organizations to be used for one or more specified purposes or, activities, or 10 facilities. Funds appropriated to units of government and 11 12 nonprofit entities under this category may be advanced. (s)(pp) "Grants and aids to local governments and 13 14 nonstate entities-fixed Nonprofit Organizations-Fixed capital outlay" means the that appropriation category used to fund 15 16 which includes: 17 1. Grants to local units of governments or nonstate entities and nonprofit organizations for the acquisition of 18 19 real property (land, buildings, including appurtenances, 20 fixtures and fixed equipment, structures, etc.); additions, replacements, major repairs, and renovations to real property 21 which materially extend its useful life or materially improve 22 23 or change its functional use; and operating capital outlay necessary to furnish and operate a new or improved facility; 24 25 and 26 2. Grants to local units of government for their respective infrastructure and growth management needs related 27 28 to local government comprehensive plans. 29 30 31 10 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Funds appropriated to local units of government and nonprofit 1 organizations under this category may be advanced in part or 2 in whole. 3 4 (t)(r) "Incentive" means a mechanism, as described in 5 s. 216.163, for recognizing the achievement of performance 6 standards or for motivating performance that exceeds 7 performance standards. 8 (u)(s) "Independent judgment" means an evaluation of 9 actual needs made separately and apart from the legislative budget request of any other agency or of the judicial branch, 10 or any assessments by the Governor. Such evaluation shall not 11 12 be limited by revenue estimates of the Revenue Estimating Conference. 13 14 (v)(t) "Judicial branch" means all officers, 15 employees, and offices of the Supreme Court, district courts 16 of appeal, circuit courts, county courts, and the Judicial 17 Qualifications Commission. 18 (w)(u) "Legislative branch" means the various 19 officers, committees, and other units of the legislative branch of state government. 20 21 (x) "Legislative budget instructions" means the annual set of instructions developed to assist agencies in submitting 22 23 budget requests to the Legislature and to generate information necessary for budgetary decisionmaking. Such instructions may 24 25 include program-based performance budget instructions. 26 (y)(v) "Legislative budget <u>request</u>" means a request to the Legislature, filed pursuant to s. 216.023, or supplemental 27 detailed requests filed with the Legislature, for the amounts 28 29 of money such agency or branch believes will be needed in the performance of the functions that it is authorized, or which 30 it is requesting authorization by law, to perform. 31 11

1	(z) "Long-range program plan" means a plan developed
2	on an annual basis by each state agency that is policy based,
3	priority driven, accountable, and developed through careful
4	examination and justification of all programs and their
5	associated costs. Each plan is developed by examining the
6	needs of agency customers and clients and proposing programs
7	and associated costs to address those needs based on state
8	priorities as established by law, the agency mission, and
9	legislative authorization. The plan provides the framework and
10	context for preparing the legislative budget request and
11	includes performance indicators for evaluating the impact of
12	programs and agency performance.
13	<u>(aa)(w) "Lump-sum appropriation" means <u>the</u></u>
14	appropriation category used to fund funds appropriated to
15	accomplish a specific activity or project which must be
16	transferred to one or more appropriation categories for
17	expenditure.
18	(bb) (x) "Operating capital outlay" means <u>the</u>
19	appropriation category used to fund equipment, fixtures, and
20	other tangible personal property of a nonconsumable and
21	nonexpendable nature, <u>up to</u> the value or cost <u>specified in s.</u>
22	273.02 of which is \$1,000 or more and the normal expected life
23	of which is 1 year or more, and hardback-covered bound books
24	that are circulated to students or the general public, the
25	value or cost of which is \$25 or more, and hardback-covered
26	bound books, the value or cost of which is \$250 or more.
27	<u>(cc)(y)</u> "Original approved budget" means the approved
28	plan of operation of an agency or of the judicial branch
29	consistent with the General Appropriations Act or special
30	appropriations acts.
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1	(dd) (dd) (z) "Other personal services" means the
2	appropriation category used to fund the compensation for
3	services rendered by a person who is not a regular or
4	full-time employee filling an established position. This
5	definition includes, but is not limited to, services of
6	temporary employees, student or graduate assistants, persons
7	on fellowships, part-time academic employees, board members,
8	and consultants and other services specifically budgeted by
9	each agency, or by the judicial branch, in this category.
10	1. In distinguishing between payments to be made from
11	salaries and benefits appropriations and
12	other-personal-services appropriations:-
13	1. Those persons filling established positions shall
14	be paid from salaries and benefits appropriations and those
15	persons performing services for a state agency or for the
16	judicial branch, but who are not filling established
17	positions, shall be paid from other-personal-services
18	appropriations.
19	2. It is further intended that Those persons paid from
20	salaries and benefits appropriations shall be state officers
21	or employees and shall be eligible for membership in a state
22	retirement system and those paid from other-personal-services
23	appropriations shall not be eligible for such membership.
24	<u>(ee)</u> (rr) "Outcome" means an indicator of the actual
25	impact or public benefit of a program.
26	<u>(ff)</u> (ss) "Output" means the actual service or product
27	delivered by a state agency.
28	<u>(gg)(xx)</u> "Performance-based program appropriation"
29	means the appropriation category used to fund funds
30	appropriated for a specific set of activities or
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classification of expenditure within an approved 1 performance-based program. 2 (hh)(tt) "Performance-based program budget" means a 3 4 budget that incorporates approved programs and performance 5 measures. (ii) (uu) "Performance measure" means a quantitative or 6 7 qualitative indicator used to assess state agency performance. 8 (jj)(vv) "Program" means a set of activities 9 undertaken in accordance with a plan of action organized to realize identifiable goals and objectives based on legislative 10 11 authorization. 12 (aa) "Part-time position" means a position authorized for less than the entire normally established work period, 13 14 daily, weekly, monthly, or annually. 15 (bb) "Pay plan" means a document which formally describes the philosophy, methods, procedures, and salary 16 17 schedule for compensating employees for work performed. 18 (cc) "Perquisites" means those things, or the use 19 thereof, or services of a kind which confer on the officers or employees receiving same some benefit that is in the nature of 20 additional compensation, or which reduces to some extent the 21 normal personal expenses of the officer or employee receiving 22 23 the same, and shall include, but not be limited to, such things as quarters, subsistence, utilities, laundry services, 24 25 medical service, use of state-owned vehicles for other than 26 state purposes, servants paid by the state, and other similar 27 things. 28 (dd) "Position" means the work, consisting of duties 29 and responsibilities, assigned to be performed by an officer 30 or employee. 31 14

1 "Position number" means the identification number (ee)2 assigned to an established position. 3 (kk)(ff) "Program component" means an aggregation of 4 generally related objectives which, because of their special character, related workload, and interrelated output, can 5 6 logically be considered an entity for purposes of 7 organization, management, accounting, reporting, and 8 budgeting. 9 (11)(gg) "Proviso" means language that qualifies or restricts a specific appropriation and which can be logically 10 11 and directly related to the specific appropriation. (mm) "Salaries and benefits" means the appropriation 12 category used to fund the monetary or cash-equivalent 13 14 compensation for work performed by state employees for a specific period of time. Benefits shall be as provided by law. 15 (hh) "Reclassification" means changing an established 16 17 position in one class in a series to the next higher or lower class in the same series or to a class in a different series 18 19 which is the result of a natural change in the duties and 20 responsibilities of the position. 21 (ii) "Revolving fund" means a cash fund maintained 22 within or outside of the State Treasury and established from 23 an appropriation, to be used by an agency or the judicial branch in making authorized expenditures. 24 25 (nn)(jj) "Salary" means the cash compensation for 26 services rendered for a specific period of time. (kk) "Salary schedule" means an official document 27 28 which contains a complete list of classes and their assigned 29 salary ranges. 30 31 15

(oo)(11) "Special category" means the appropriation 1 2 category used to fund amounts appropriated for a specific need 3 or classification of expenditures. (pp)(ww) "Standard" means the level of performance of 4 5 an outcome or output. 6 (qq) (mm) "State agency" or "agency" means any 7 official, officer, commission, board, authority, council, 8 committee, or department of the executive branch of state 9 government. For purposes of this chapter and chapter 215, "state agency" or "agency" includes, but is not limited to, 10 state attorneys, public defenders, the capital collateral 11 12 regional counsels Representative, and the Justice Administrative Commission, the Florida Housing Finance 13 14 Corporation, and the Florida Public Service Commission. For purposes of implementing s. 19(h), Art. III of the State 15 Constitution, "state agency" or "agency" includes the judicial 16 17 branch. 18 (nn) "State revenue sharing" means statutory or 19 constitutional distributions to local units of government. 20 (oo) "Title of position," or "class of positions" 21 means the official name assigned to a position or class of 22 positions. 23 (yy) "Performance ledger" means the official compilation of information about state agency 24 25 performance-based programs and measures, including approved 26 programs, approved outputs and outcomes, baseline data, 27 approved standards for each performance measure and any approved adjustments thereto, as well as actual agency 28 29 performance for each measure. 30 31 16

(2) For purposes of this chapter, terms related to 1 2 personnel affairs of the state shall be defined as set forth 3 in s. 110.203. 4 (3) (3) (2) For purposes of this chapter, the term: (a) "Approved operating budget" or "approved budget" 5 6 means the plan of operations consisting of the original 7 approved operating budget and statement of intent. 8 (b) "Commission" means the Legislative Budget 9 Administration Commission created in s. 11.90 composed of the 10 Governor and Cabinet. (c) "Emergency situation" means a set of conditions 11 12 that were unforeseen at the time the General Appropriations Act was adopted and that are essential to correct in order to 13 14 continue the operation of government, or a set of conditions 15 that were not considered in the General Appropriations Act and 16 that constitute an imminent threat to public health, safety, 17 or welfare. This definition shall not apply to the emergency 18 provisions of chapter 252. 19 (d) "Impoundment" means the omission of any 20 appropriation or part of an appropriation in the approved 21 operating plan prepared pursuant to the provisions of s. 22 216.181 or in the schedule of releases prepared pursuant to 23 the provisions of s. 216.192 or the failure of any state 24 agency or the judicial branch to spend an appropriation for 25 the stated purposes authorized in the approved operating 26 budget. Section 2. Section 216.013, Florida Statutes, is 27 28 created to read: 29 216.013 Long-range program plan.--(1) State agencies shall develop long-range program 30 plans to achieve state goals using an interagency planning 31 17 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

process that includes the development of integrated agency 1 2 program service outcomes. The plan shall cover a period of 5 fiscal years and shall become effective July 1 each year. 3 4 Long-range program plans shall provide the framework for the 5 development of agency budget requests and shall: 6 (a) Identify agency programs and address how agency 7 programs will be used to implement state policy and achieve 8 state goals and program component objectives; 9 (b) Identify and describe agency functions and how they will be used to achieve designated outcomes; 10 (c) Identify demand, output, total costs, and unit 11 12 costs for each function; 13 (d) Provide information regarding performance 14 measurement, which includes, but is not limited to, how data 15 is collected, the methodology used to measure a performance indicator, the validity and reliability of a measure, the 16 17 appropriateness of a measure, and whether the agency inspector general has assessed the reliability and validity of agency 18 19 performance measures, pursuant to s. 20.055(2); 20 (e) Identify and justify facility and fixed capital 21 outlay projects and their associated costs; and 22 (f) Identify and justify information technology 23 infrastructure and applications and their associated costs for information technology projects or initiatives. 24 25 (2) All agency functions and their costs shall be carefully evaluated and justified by the agency. The 26 27 justification must clearly demonstrate the needs of agency 28 customers and clients and why the agency is proposing 29 functions and their associated costs to address the needs 30 based on state priorities, the agency mission, and legislative authorization. Further, the justification must show how 31 18

agency functions are integrated and contribute to the overall 1 achievement of state goals. Facilities, fixed capital outlay 2 3 and information technology infrastructure, and applications 4 shall be evaluated pursuant to ss. 216.0158, 216.043, and 5 216.0446, respectively. 6 (3) Long-range program plans shall be submitted to the 7 Executive Office of the Governor by August 1 of each year in a 8 form and manner prescribed by the Executive Office of the 9 Governor and the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees. Such long-range program plans for the Judicial 10 Branch shall be submitted by the Chief Justice of the Supreme 11 12 Court to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and a copy shall be provided to the 13 14 Executive Office of the Governor. (4) The Executive Office of the Governor shall review 15 16 the long-range program plans for executive agencies to ensure 17 that they are consistent with the state's goals and objectives 18 and other requirements as specified in the written 19 instructions and that they provide the framework and context 20 for the agency's budget request. In its review, the Executive 21 Office of the Governor shall consider the findings of the Technology Review Workgroup as to the consistency of the 22 23 information technology portion of long-range program plans with the State Annual Report on Information Resources 24 Management and statewide policies recommended by the State 25 26 Technology Council and the state's plan for facility needs pursuant to s. 216.0158. Based on the results of the review, 27 28 the Executive Office of the Governor may require an agency to 29 revise the plan. 30 (5) Executive agencies shall incorporate all revisions required by the Governor within 14 working days. 31 19

1 (6) Any differences between executive agencies regarding the programs, policies, or long-range program plans 2 3 of such agencies shall be mediated by the Executive Office of 4 the Governor. (7) Each executive agency shall transmit copies of its 5 6 long-range program plan and all written comments on its plan 7 to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 8 Representatives not later than 60 days prior to the next 9 regular session of the Legislature. (8) Long-range program plans developed pursuant to 10 this chapter are not rules and therefore are not subject to 11 12 the provisions of chapter 120. (9) Agencies and the Judicial Branch shall make 13 14 appropriate adjustments to their long-range program plans to 15 be consistent with the appropriations and performance measures in the General Appropriations Act. Agencies and the Judicial 16 17 Branch have until June 15 to make adjustments to their plans 18 and submit the adjusted plans to the Executive Office of the 19 Governor for review. 20 Section 3. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 216.015, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 21 22 216.015 Capital facilities planning and budgeting 23 process.--The Legislature finds that : 24 (2) 25 (a) The condition of the state's infrastructure, 26 including its roads, water and sewer facilities, state office 27 buildings, bridges, ports, airports, canals, prisons, 28 educational facilities, park and recreational facilities, and 29 other capital assets, are in need of repair, expansion, and 30 replacement at a time when the fiscal resources of the state 31 20 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

are increasingly being strained by the competing demands for 1 state services and capital improvements. 2 3 (b) The high degree of coordination among the various 4 branches of state government, local government, and public 5 benefit corporations which is necessary to maximize the 6 potential public benefits to be derived from the limited 7 financial resources which will be dedicated to public capital improvements within this state in the future is lacking. 8 9 (c) There is a need to establish a comprehensive capital facilities planning and budgeting process that which 10 is fully integrated with the state financial planning and debt 11 management activities and that which incorporates the 12 long-range plans of all state agencies and the judicial branch 13 14 and major public benefit corporations to ensure that projects 15 with the greatest potential for improving the prosperity and well-being of the people of the state receive their proper 16 allocation of limited resources. 17 18 (d) There is currently no mechanism in place for 19 managing the debt structure of the state by matching the capital facility needs of the state with the amounts and 20 21 sources of funds which could be made available to meet those 22 needs. 23 It is, therefore, the intent of the Legislature in enacting 24 this legislation that a comprehensive capital facilities 25 26 planning and budgeting process be established and maintained to enable the state to better meet the demands for new and 27 properly maintained infrastructure in a fiscally responsible 28 29 manner. (4) In order to carry out this act, the Executive 30 Office of the Governor is designated as the agency responsible 31 21 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

for the coordination, development, and direction, monitoring, 1 and evaluation of the comprehensive capital facilities 2 3 planning and budgeting process, including the plans revised 4 pursuant to that process. The Executive Office of the Governor 5 shall publish an annual report of the progress being made by 6 the state toward meeting the state goals and objectives of the 7 plans. 8 Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 216.0152, Florida 9 Statutes, is amended to read: 216.0152 Inventory of state-owned facilities or 10 state-occupied facilities.--11 12 (3) The Department of Management Services shall, every 3 years, publish a complete report detailing this inventory 13 14 and shall publish an annual update of the report. The 15 department shall furnish the updated report to the Executive Office of the Governor and the Legislature no later than 16 17 September 15 \pm of each year. 18 Section 5. Subsections (2), (4), and (5) of section 19 216.0158, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 216.0158 Assessment of facility needs.--20 21 (2) On or before September 15 \pm of each year, each state agency, as defined in s. 216.011, shall submit to the 22 Executive Office of the Governor, and each district court of 23 appeal and the Marshal of the Supreme Court shall submit to 24 the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, in a manner prescribed 25 by the legislative budget instructions, a short-term plan for 26 facility needs covering the next 5-year period. 27 The short-term plan shall list the agency's or judicial branch's 28 29 facility needs in order of priority and shall include preventive maintenance strategies, expected replacement of 30 existing facilities, expected improvements or additions to 31 2.2

facilities on a specific project-by-project basis, estimated 1 cost, and other information as prescribed by the legislative 2 3 budget instructions. At the same time, when directed in the 4 legislative budget instructions as provided in s. 216.023(3), 5 each agency shall submit to the Executive Office of the Governor, and each district court of appeal and the Marshal of 6 7 the Supreme Court shall submit to the Chief Justice of the 8 Supreme Court, who shall submit copies to the legislative 9 appropriations committees, in a format prescribed by the 10 instructions, a long-term plan for the 5 years following the period of the short-term plan. The long-term plan shall 11 12 outline forecasted agency facility needs. The Chief Justice shall certify the final approved plan for the judicial branch 13 14 to the Executive Office of the Governor which shall include the plan, without modification, in the state comprehensive 15 16 plan. 17 (4) Each of The first year 2 years of the plan referred to in subsection (2) shall comport with the 18 19 requirements of s. 216.043. 20 (5) Each plan for years 2 $\frac{3}{2}$ through 5 shall provide 21 the following information: 22 (a) A full explanation of the basis for each project, 23 including a description of the function which requires the facility; an explanation of the inability of existing 24 facilities to meet such requirements; historical background; 25 26 alternatives; and anticipated changes in both initial and 27 continuing operating costs. 28 (b) An application of standards and criteria to 29 establish the scope of each project. (c) An application of cost factors to all elements of 30 each project to establish an estimate of funding requirements. 31 23

(d) A request for a legislative appropriation to 1 2 provide such funding in the appropriate fiscal year, including 3 the need for advance funding of programming and design 4 activities. 5 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 6 216.016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 7 216.016 Evaluation of plans; determination of 8 financing method .--9 (2)(a) The Executive Office of the Governor shall develop a finance plan for meeting the state's infrastructure 10 and fixed capital outlay needs, which shall be incorporated 11 12 into the Governor's recommended budget submitted to the Legislature pursuant to s. 216.162. 13 14 Section 7. Section 216.023, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 16 216.023 Legislative budget requests to be furnished to 17 Legislature by agencies. --18 (1) The head of each state agency shall submit a final 19 legislative budget request to the Legislature and to the Governor, as chief budget officer of the state, in the form 20 and manner prescribed in the budget instructions and at such 21 time as specified by the Executive Office of the Governor, 22 23 based on the agency's independent judgment of its needs. However, no state agency shall submit its complete final 24 legislative budget request, including all supporting forms and 25 26 schedules required by this chapter, later than September 15 \pm of each year. 27 28 (2) The judicial branch and the Division of 29 Administrative Hearings shall submit their complete final legislative budget requests directly to the Legislature with a 30 copy to the Governor, as chief budget officer of the state, in 31 24 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

the form and manner as prescribed in the budget instructions. 1 However, the complete final legislative budget requests, 2 3 including all supporting forms and schedules required by this 4 chapter, shall be submitted no later than September 15 \pm of 5 each year. 6 (3) The Executive Office of the Governor and the 7 appropriations committees of the Legislature shall jointly 8 develop legislative budget instructions for preparing the 9 exhibits and schedules that make up the agency budget from which each agency and the judicial branch, pursuant to ss. 10 216.031 and 216.043, shall prepare their legislative budget 11 12 request. The budget instructions shall be consistent with s. 216.141 and shall be transmitted to each agency and to the 13 14 judicial branch no later than June 15 of each year. In the 15 event that agreement cannot be reached between the Executive 16 Office of the Governor and the appropriations committees of 17 the Legislature regarding legislative budget instructions, the issue shall be resolved by the Governor, the President of the 18 19 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. 20 (4) The legislative budget request must contain for 21 each program: 22 (a) The constitutional or statutory authority for a 23 program, a brief purpose statement, and approved program 24 components. 25 (b) Information on expenditures for 3 fiscal years 26 (actual prior-year expenditures, current-year estimated 27 expenditures, and agency budget requested expenditures for the 28 next fiscal year) by appropriation category. 29 (c) Details on trust funds and fees. (d) The total number of positions (authorized, fixed, 30 31 or requested). 25

1 (e) An issue narrative describing and justifying 2 changes in amounts and positions requested for current and 3 proposed programs for the next fiscal year. (f) Information resource requests. 4 5 (g) Legislatively approved output and outcome 6 performance measures and any proposed revisions to measures. 7 (h) Proposed performance standards for each 8 performance measure and justification for the standards and 9 the sources of data to be used for measurement. (i) Prior-year performance data on approved 10 performance measures and an explanation of deviation from 11 12 expected performance. Performance data must be assessed for reliability in accordance with s. 20.055. 13 14 (j) Unit costs for approved output measures pursuant 15 to s. 186.022. (k) Proposed performance incentives and disincentives. 16 17 (5) Prior to September 15 of the fiscal year prior to which the judicial branch is required to submit a 18 19 performance-based program budget request, the Chief Justice of 20 the Supreme Court shall identify and, after consultation with 21 the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 22 Accountability, submit to the President of the Senate and the 23 Speaker of the House of Representatives a list of proposed programs and associated performance measures. The judicial 24 25 branch shall provide documentation to accompany the list of proposed programs and performance measures as provided under 26 27 s. 216.023(4). The judicial branch shall submit a 28 performance-based program agency budget request using the 29 programs and performance measures adopted by the Legislature. 30 The Chief Justice may propose revisions to approved programs or performance measures for the judicial branch. The 31 26

Legislature shall have final approval of all programs and 1 2 associated performance measures and standards for the judicial 3 branch through the General Appropriations Act or legislation 4 implementing the General Appropriations Act. By September 15, 5 2001, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall submit to 6 the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 7 Representatives a performance-based program budget request for 8 programs of the judicial branch approved by the Legislature 9 and provide a copy to the Executive Office of the Governor. (6) Agencies must maintain a comprehensive performance 10 accountability system and provide a list of performance 11 measures maintained by the agency which are in addition to the 12 13 measures approved by the Legislature. 14 (7) Annually, by June 30, executive agencies shall 15 submit to the Executive Office of the Governor adjustments to 16 their performance standards based on the amounts appropriated 17 for each program by the Legislature. When such an adjustment is made, all performance standards, including any adjustments 18 19 made, shall be reviewed and revised as necessary by the 20 Executive Office of the Governor and, upon approval, submitted 21 to the Legislature pursuant to the review and approval process provided in s. 216.177. The Senate Committee on Fiscal Policy 22 23 and the House of Representatives Fiscal Responsibility Council shall advise Senate substantive committees and House of 24 Representatives substantive committees, respectively, of all 25 26 adjustments made to performance standards or measures. The 27 Executive Office of the Governor shall maintain both the official record of adjustments to the performance standards as 28 29 part of the agency's approved operating budget and the 30 official performance ledger. As used in this section, "performance ledger" means the official compilation of 31 27

information about state agency performance-based programs and 1 2 measures, including approved programs, approved outputs and 3 outcomes, baseline data, approved standards for each 4 performance measure and any approved adjustments thereto, as 5 well as actual agency performance for each measure. 6 (4) Each agency and the judicial branch shall submit 7 for review a preliminary legislative budget request to the 8 Executive Office of the Governor, in the form and manner 9 prescribed in ss. 216.031 and 216.043, in accordance with the 10 legislative budget instructions, and at such time as may be prescribed by the Executive Office of the Governor. 11 12 (8) Annually, by June 30, the judicial branch shall make adjustments to any performance standards for approved 13 14 programs based on the amount appropriated for each program, 15 which shall be submitted to the Legislature pursuant to the notice and review process provided in s. 216.177. The Senate 16 17 Committee on Fiscal Policy and the House Fiscal Responsibility Council shall advise Senate substantive committees and House 18 19 substantive committees, respectively, of all adjustments made 20 to performance standards or measures. 21 (9) (5) The Executive Office of the Governor shall review the preliminary legislative budget request for 22 23 technical compliance with the budget format provided for in the budget instructions. The Executive Office of the Governor 24 25 shall notify the agency or the judicial branch of any 26 adjustment required. The agency or judicial branch shall make 27 the appropriate corrections as requested in preparing its final legislative budget request. If the appropriate 28 29 technical corrections are not made as requested in the final legislative budget requests, the Executive Office of the 30 Governor shall may adjust the budget request to incorporate 31 28

the appropriate technical corrections in the format of the
 request.

3 <u>(10)(6)</u> At any time after the Governor and the Chief 4 Justice submit their recommended budgets to the Legislature, 5 the head of the agency or judicial branch may amend his or her 6 request by transmitting to the Governor and the Legislature an 7 amended request in the form and manner prescribed in the 8 legislative budget instructions.

9 (11) The legislative budget request from each agency and from the judicial branch shall be reviewed by the 10 Legislature. The review may allow for the opportunity to have 11 12 information or testimony by the agency, the judicial branch, the Auditor General, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and 13 14 Government Accountability, the Governor's Office of Planning and Budgeting, and the public regarding the proper level of 15 funding for the agency in order to carry out its mission. 16 17 (12) In order to ensure an integrated state planning and budgeting process, the agency long-range plan should be 18 19 reviewed by the Legislature. 20 (7)(a) The provisions of subsections (1) and (2) to the contrary notwithstanding, each agency subject to the 21 provisions of this section shall submit its legislative budget 22 23 request no later than September 1 of the year in which the 24 agency is required to submit its point-by-point response pursuant to s. 216.0165(1)(d). 25 26 (b) Each agency and branch subject to the provisions 27 of this section and s. 216.0165 shall provide as part of its budget request a point-by-point response to all funding 28 29 recommendations prepared and submitted by the Director of the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 30

31 Accountability pursuant to s. 11.513. If the recommendations 29

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of the director contain recommendations that specifically 1 apply to an agency or branch other than the agency or branch 2 that is the subject of the evaluation and review, the agency 3 4 that is not the subject of the evaluation and review shall 5 provide as part of its budget request a point-by-point response to any funding recommendations which apply to such б 7 agency or branch. The point-by-point response to the director's recommended funding levels shall be displayed 8 9 numerically as major issues in the agency's legislative budget request. Each point-by-point response to the director's 10 funding recommendations shall be specifically cross-referenced 11 12 to the agency's responses to the director's recommendations required in s. 216.0165(1)(d). 13 14 (c) The budget instructions required pursuant to 15 subsection (3) shall include requirements that agency or 16 judicial branch responses, major issue summaries contained in the Governor's recommended budget, and the Letter of Intent 17 issued with the General Appropriations Act set the 18 19 point-by-point responses apart as major issues in the 20 following manner: 21 1. The director's recommendations for reduced funding 22 shall be separately identified as the director's recommendations and treated as nonrecurring expenditures. 23 2. Agency requests to restore the director's 24 25 recommendations for reduced funding shall be separately 26 identified as agency requests to restore the director's 27 recommendations and treated as improved programs. 28 3. The director's recommendations for increased 29 funding shall be separately identified as the director's 30 recommendations and treated as major issues for continuation 31 of current programs. 30

4. All other agency requests that would provide 1 funding levels above the director's recommendations shall be 2 3 separately identified as agency requests for funding above the 4 director's recommendations and treated as new or improved 5 programs. 6 (d) By March 1 of the year following the submittal of 7 an agency's budget request in accordance with the operation of this subsection and the evaluation and review of the agency 8 9 pursuant to ss. 11.513 and 216.0165, the appropriate substantive committees of the Senate and the House of 10 Representatives shall review the report of the consultant and 11 the recommendations of the director submitted pursuant to s. 12 11.513 and the responses to the director's recommendations by 13 the agencies that are the subject of the report and 14 recommendations, and shall make recommendations for 15 16 continuation, modification, or repeal of any of the agencies' programs that are affected by the consultant's report or the 17 recommendations of the director. In developing their 18 19 recommendations, such committees also shall consider the recommendations and responses made in the agencies' 20 legislative budget requests as required by this subsection and 21 22 in the Governor's recommended budget. 23 Section 8. Section 216.031, Florida Statutes, is 24 amended to read: 25 216.031 Target budget request Budgets for operational 26 expenditures. -- A legislative budget request, reflecting the independent judgment of the head of the state agency, and of 27 28 the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, with respect to the 29 needs of the agency and the judicial branch for operational 30 expenditures during the next fiscal year, shall be submitted 31 31

by each head of a state agency and by the Chief Justice of the 1 Supreme Court and shall contain the following: 2 3 (1) For each budget entity, a summary exhibit showing, 4 for each appropriation category, for each fund, 1 prior year's 5 appropriations for general revenue, 1 prior year's actual 6 expenditures and 1 current year's estimated expenditures, and 7 the requested expenditures for the next fiscal year. The total number of positions for the budget entity shall be shown 8 9 for each fiscal year of data for which positions are authorized, fixed, or requested. However, the agency budget 10 request for the State University System shall be expressed in 11 12 terms of the amounts for the various programs as prescribed in s. 240.271 and in terms of the specified appropriation 13 14 categories, including the special units' budgets, prescribed in the prior appropriations act. 15 16 (2) For each program component within the budget 17 entity, an exhibit showing, for each appropriation category, 18 the summary explanation of expenditures for each detail issue 19 describing the amounts and positions for the next fiscal year for continuation of current programs, for improved programs, 20 and for new programs, with a summary showing totals by fund 21 22 for the next fiscal year. (3) For each trust fund within the budget entity, a 23 schedule showing the trust funds available, providing the 24 source of receipts, detail of nonoperating disbursements, 25 26 operating expenditures, fixed capital outlay, and unencumbered 27 cash balances, for 1 prior year's actual, the current year's 28 estimated, and the request for the next fiscal year. - In 29 addition, for each trust fund established in connection with legislative action authorizing the collection of a fee or 30 31 other charge to support a governmental service or activity 32

being performed by the agency involved, there shall be 1 submitted a schedule showing the full cost of such service or 2 3 activity, the total fees or charges collected to fund such 4 costs, and the amount of excess collections or any deficit. 5 The sources and amounts of any funds used to cover a deficit shall also be shown. The service or activity being performed 6 7 shall be reviewed by the appropriations committees in the 8 Senate and House of Representatives for the express purpose of 9 making adjustments in fees or other charges in order to make such activities as nearly self-supporting as possible. 10 (4) For each budget entity, a schedule showing detail 11 of positions, providing for each class of positions within 12 discrete organizational activities, by the collective 13 14 bargaining unit and program component for the next fiscal year, the number of full-time equivalent positions, the 15 estimated rate of salary, the amounts requested for new 16 positions, and the number of new positions requested. 17 (5) Detailed information for the next fiscal year 18 19 necessary for the Legislature and the Governor to evaluate: 20 (a) The effectiveness of current programs, including 21 justification for those programs. 22 (b) The justification for increasing costs to continue 23 the operations of current programs. (c) The justification for proposed improvements in 24 25 existing programs. 26 (d) The justification for proposed new programs. (e) The projected cost of the requested program for 27 28 the following fiscal year. 29 (f) The needs of the agency or of the judicial branch 30 for operational expenditures, by order of priority. 31 33 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(6) Additional information providing a detailed
2	description of the request of the agency and the corresponding
3	calculations needed to support the request.
4	(7) Workload and other performance indicators, as
5	prescribed by the legislative budget instructions.
6	(8) An information resources management schedule
7	showing the agency's or judicial branch's total budget request
8	for information resources management. The schedule shall be
9	in the format provided for in the legislative budget
10	instructions. The budget request for information resources
11	management shall identify, if applicable, which parts of the
12	request are in response to any information resources
13	management issues included in the legislative budget
14	instructions. This subsection is applicable only to those
15	state agencies which are under the purview of ss.
16	282.303-282.313 and to the judicial branch.
17	(9) A report separately listing the sources of
18	receipts into each trust fund and the amounts of such
19	receipts. In addition, the report shall identify the
20	administrative and program costs expended from the trust fund,
21	including salaries, other personal services, operating capital
22	outlay, fixed capital outlay, other expenses, contractual
23	services, and transfers to other trust funds.
24	(10) For those agencies or the judicial branch
25	operating programs under a performance-based program budget,
26	an evaluation of the agency's progress in meeting the
27	performance standards for programs approved pursuant to s.
28	216.0166. Such evaluation shall be developed as prescribed by
29	the budget instructions, and shall include any responses by
30	the agency or the Chief Justice to the findings of the Office
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of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability 1 2 pursuant to s. 11.513. 3 (11) For performance-based program budgets, the 4 baseline data, outcome measures, output measures, and 5 standards for program measures, including justification for those programs in the format required by the legislative 6 7 budget instructions. 8 (12) A prioritized listing of planned expenditures for 9 review and possible reduction in the event of revenue 10 shortfalls, as provided for in s. 216.221. Such list shall be in the format provided in the planning and budgeting 11 12 instructions. 13 14 Either chair of a legislative appropriations committee, or the 15 Executive Office of the Governor for state agencies, may require the agency or the Chief Justice to address major 16 17 issues separate from those outlined in s. 216.023, this section, and s. 216.043 for inclusion in the requests of the 18 19 agency or of the judicial branch. The issues shall be submitted to the agency no later than July 30 of each year and 20 shall be displayed in its requests as provided in the budget 21 22 instructions. The Executive Office of the Governor may 23 request an agency, or the chair of the appropriations committees of the Senate or House of Representatives may 24 request any agency or the judicial branch, to submit no later 25 26 than September 30 15 of each year a budget plan with respect 27 to targets established by the Governor or either chair. The target budget shall require each entity to establish an order 28 29 of priorities for its budget issues and may include requests for multiple options for the budget issues. The target budget 30 may also require each entity to submit a program budget or a 31

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performance-based budget in the format prescribed by the 1 Executive Office of the Governor or either chair; provided, 2 however, the target budget format shall be compatible with the 3 4 planning and budgeting system requirements set out in s. 5 216.141. Such a request shall not influence the agencies' or judicial branch's independent judgment in making legislative 6 7 budget requests, as required by law. Section 9. Section 216.044, Florida Statutes, is 8 9 amended to read: 10 216.044 Budget evaluation by Department of Management 11 Services.--12 (1) Any state agency or judicial branch entity 13 requesting a fixed capital outlay project to be managed by the 14 Department of Management Services shall consult with that 15 department during the budget-development process. The Department of Management Services shall provide 16 17 recommendations regarding construction requirements, cost of the project, and project alternatives to be incorporated in 18 19 the agency's or entity's proposed fixed capital outlay budget 20 request and narrative justification. 21 (2) (1) Concurrently with the submission of the fixed capital outlay legislative budget request to the Executive 22 23 Office of the Governor or to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the agency or judicial branch shall submit a copy of 24 the legislative budget request to the Department of Management 25 26 Services for evaluation. (3)(2) The Department of Management Services shall 27 advise the Executive Office of the Governor, the Chief 28 29 Justice, and the Legislature regarding alternatives to the proposed fixed capital outlay project and make recommendations 30 relating to the construction requirements and cost of the 31 36

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project. These recommendations shall be provided to the 1 Legislature and Executive Office of the Governor at a time 2 3 specified by the Governor, but not less than 90 days prior to 4 the regular session of the Legislature. When evaluating 5 alternatives, the Department of Management Services shall б include information as to whether it would be more 7 cost-efficient to lease private property or facilities, to 8 construct facilities on property presently owned by the state, 9 or to acquire property on which to construct the facilities. In determining the cost to the state of constructing 10 facilities on property presently owned by the state or the 11 12 cost of acquiring property on which to construct facilities, the Department of Management Services shall include the costs 13 14 which would be incurred by a private person in acquiring the property and constructing the facilities, including, but not 15 limited to, taxes and return on investment. 16 17 (3) The Department of Management Services shall 18 provide assistance to any state agency, the judicial branch, 19 and the Executive Office of the Governor in fulfilling the 20 requirements of s. 216.0442 as developed pursuant to ss. 216.031 and 216.043. 21 Section 10. Section 216.0446, Florida Statutes, is 22 23 amended to read: 216.0446 Review of information resources management 24 needs.--25 26 (1)There is created within the Legislature the 27 Technology Review Workgroup. The workgroup shall Executive 28 Office of the Governor may contract with the Legislature to 29 provide a mechanism for review of and make recommendations with respect to the portion of agencies' long-range program 30 strategic plans which pertains to information resources 31 37

management needs and with respect to agencies' legislative 1 budget requests for information resources management. This 2 3 mechanism shall be referred to as The Technology Review 4 Workgroup, which shall be responsible to the chairs of the 5 legislative appropriations committees headed by a senior-level 6 manager. 7 In addition to its primary duty specified in (2) 8 subsection (1), the Technology Review Workgroup shall have 9 powers and duties that include, but are not limited to, the following: 10 (a) To evaluate the information resource management 11 12 needs identified in the agency long-range program strategic plans for consistency with the State Annual Report on 13 14 Information Resources Management and statewide policies 15 recommended by the State Technology Council, and make recommendations to the chairs of the legislative 16 17 appropriations committees Executive Office of the Governor, 18 pursuant to s. 186.022(3). 19 (b) To review and make recommendations to the 20 Executive Office of the Governor and the chairs of the 21 legislative appropriations fiscal committees on proposed budget amendments and agency transfers associated with notices 22 23 of proposed action for budget items with respect to 24 information resources management initiatives or projects that involve more than one agency, that have an outcome that 25 26 impacts another agency, or that exceed \$500,000 in total cost 27 over a 1-year period. 28 (c) To make recommendations to the Executive Office of 29 the Governor on guidelines and best practices for information resources management based on information received from the 30 State Technology Council. 31 38

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Section 11. Section 216.052, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 amended to read: 3 216.052 Community Legislative budget requests; 4 appropriations; grants.--5 (1) The budget request from each agency and from the 6 judicial branch shall be reviewed by the Legislature. The 7 review may allow for the opportunity to have information or testimony by the agency, the judicial branch, the Auditor 8 General's Office, the Governor's Office of Planning and 9 Budgeting, and the public regarding the proper level of 10 11 funding for the agency in order to carry out its mission. 12 (2) In order to ensure an integrated state planning and budgeting process, the strategic plan should be reviewed 13 14 by the Legislature. 15 (1) (1) (3) A local, county, or regional governmental entity government, private organization, or nonprofit 16 17 organization may submit a request for requesting a state appropriation for a program, service, or capital outlay 18 initiative that is local or regional in scope, is intended to 19 20 meet a documented need, addresses a statewide interest, is 21 intended to produce measurable results, and has tangible 22 community support to members of the Legislature, a state 23 agency, or the Governor. has not been formally recommended under procedures established by law or that has been formally 24 25 recommended under such procedures but has not been recommended 26 by an agency or by the judicial branch, or that promotes only 27 a local or regional interest, may be allowed the opportunity 28 to provide information or testimony to the appropriate 29 subcommittee of each appropriations committee. Each such request must include a fiscal note that shows the estimated 30 cost of operations and capital outlay for the project. The 31 39

fiscal note shall indicate the percentage of the projected 1 2 costs of operations and capital outlay that is to be provided 3 through state funds. 4 (2) (4) Each appropriation to a local government, a 5 private organization, or a nonprofit organization made 6 pursuant to a community budget request for a program, service, 7 or capital outlay initiative that promotes a solely local or 8 regional interest shall require that the community's support 9 be tangibly demonstrated by evidence that the program or service will expects to operate in a financially sound manner. 10 Any other appropriation to a local government, a private 11 12 organization, or a nonprofit organization made pursuant to this section a request as provided in subsection (3)should 13 14 generally require local matching funds. The match must be 15 based on the size and scope of the project and the applicant's ability to provide the match. In addition, the granting of 16 17 state funds shall be used to encourage the establishment of 18 community-based partnerships between the public sector and the 19 private sector. 20 (3) Each community budget request submitted pursuant to this section must receive a hearing before a body of duly 21 22 elected public officials before being submitted for 23 consideration. (4) For requests submitted to members of the 24 25 Legislature, community budget requests shall be submitted in 26 the form and manner prescribed jointly by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. If the 27 28 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 29 Representatives do not agree on a form and manner of 30 submission to be used by both houses, each may prescribe a form and manner of submission to be used in his or her house. 31 40

(5) Community budget requests shall be submitted to 1 2 the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees in 3 accordance with the schedule established jointly by the 4 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. If the President of the Senate and the 5 6 Speaker of the House of Representatives do not agree on a 7 schedule to be used by both houses, each may prescribe a 8 schedule to be used in his or her house. 9 (6) The Executive Office of the Governor shall prescribe the form and manner of submission of requests to 10 state agencies and to the Governor. 11 12 (7) (5) The retention of interest earned on state funds 13 or the amount of interest income earned shall be applied 14 against the state entity's obligation to pay the appropriated 15 contracted amount. 16 (8)(6) Whenever possible, a loan must be made in lieu 17 of a grant to a local government, a private organization, or a nonprofit organization. It is the intent of the Legislature 18 19 that a revolving loan program shall be established so that the 20 loan amount plus interest is paid back by the recipient to the 21 state. 22 (9)(7) Any private or nonprofit organization that is 23 to receive funds through a community budget request requesting 24 funding shall, at the time of application for such funds, provide information regarding its organization, including a 25 26 copy of its current budget, and a list of its board of 27 directors, and, if available, a copy of its most recent annual audit report prepared by an independent certified public 28 accountant licensed in this state, including management 29 letters or other documents associated with the audit report. 30 31 41

1 (8) In addition to any other provision of law granting 2 access to records and accounts, the Auditor General may, 3 pursuant to his or her own authority hereby granted in this 4 subsection or at the direction of the Legislative Auditing 5 Committee, conduct audits of any direct-support organization or citizen support organization authorized by law. 6 7 Independent audits of direct-support organizations and citizen 8 support organizations conducted by certified public 9 accountants shall be performed in accordance with rules 10 promulgated by the Auditor General. Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 216.081, Florida 11 12 Statutes, is amended to read: 13 216.081 Data on legislative and judicial branch 14 expenses.--15 (1) On or before September 1 in each year, In sufficient time to be included in the Governor's recommended 16 17 budget, estimates of the financial needs of the legislative branch and the judicial branch during the ensuing fiscal year 18 19 shall be furnished to the Governor pursuant to chapter 11. 20 Section 13. Section 216.131, Florida Statutes, is 21 amended to read: 22 216.131 Public hearings on legislative budgets.--The Governor and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall each 23 provide for at least one public hearing prior to submission of 24 budget recommendations to the Legislature on issues contained 25 26 in agency legislative budget requests or in the judicial 27 branch budget request and issues that which may be included in budget recommendations to the Legislature, which hearing shall 28 29 be held at such time as the Governor or the Chief Justice may fix. The Governor may require the attendance or participation, 30 or both, at his or her hearings of the heads or responsible 31 42

representatives of all state agencies supported by any form of 1 2 taxation or licenses, fees, imposts, or exactions. The 3 Governor and the Chief Justice may provide these hearings simultaneously via electronic format, such as teleconference, 4 5 Internet, etc., provided that a means for active participation 6 and questions by the audience is accommodated. 7 Section 14. Section 216.133, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 216.133 Definitions; ss. 216.133-216.137.--As used in ss. 216.133-216.137: 10 "Consensus estimating conference" includes the 11 (1) 12 Economic Estimating Conference, the Demographic Estimating Conference, the Revenue Estimating Conference, the Education 13 14 Estimating Conference, the Criminal Justice Estimating 15 Conference, the Juvenile Justice Estimating Conference, the Child Welfare System Estimating Conference, the Occupational 16 17 Forecasting Conference, the School Readiness Program Estimating Conference, the Self-Insurance Estimating 18 19 Conference, the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumption 20 Conference, and the Social Services Estimating Conference, and 21 the Transportation Estimating Conference. "Official information" means the data, forecasts, 22 (2) 23 estimates, analyses, studies, and other information which the principals of a consensus estimating conference unanimously 24 adopt for purposes of the state planning and budgeting system. 25 26 "Consensus" means the unanimous consent of all of (3) 27 the principals of a consensus estimating conference. 28 (3) "State planning and budgeting system" refers to 29 the processes and functions prescribed in chapter 186 and this chapter and ss. 215.32, 215.93, 215.94, and 944.096. 30 31 43

Section 15. Section 216.134, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 amended to read: 3 216.134 Consensus estimating conferences; general 4 provisions.--5 (1) Each consensus estimating conference shall develop 6 such official information within its area of responsibility as 7 the conference determines, by consensus, is needed for 8 purposes of the state planning and budgeting system. Unless 9 otherwise provided by law or decided by unanimous agreement of the principals of the conference, all official information 10 developed by the conference shall be based on the assumption 11 12 that current law and current administrative practices will remain in effect throughout the period for which the official 13 14 information is to be used. The official information developed by each consensus estimating conference shall include 15 forecasts for a period of at least 10 years, unless the 16 17 principals of the conference unanimously agree otherwise. 18 (2) Whenever an estimating conference is convened, an 19 official estimate does not exist until a new consensus is 20 reached. 21 (3) (3) (2) The official information developed by the Economic Estimating Conference and the official information 22 23 developed by the Demographic Estimating Conference shall be used by all other consensus estimating conferences in 24 25 developing their official information. 26 (4) (4) (3) The membership of each consensus estimating 27 conference consists of principals and participants. 28 (a) A person designated by law as a principal may 29 preside over conference sessions, convene conference sessions, request information, specify topics to be included on the 30 conference agenda, agree or withhold agreement on whether 31 44 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

information is to be official information of the conference, 1 release official information of the conference, interpret 2 3 official information of the conference, and monitor errors in official information of the conference. 4 5 (b) A participant is any person who is invited to 6 participate in the consensus estimating conference by a 7 principal. A participant shall, at the request of any 8 principal before or during any session of the conference, 9 develop alternative forecasts, collect and supply data, perform analyses, or provide other information needed by the 10 conference. The conference shall consider information provided 11 12 by participants in developing its official information. 13 (5) (4) All sessions and meetings of a consensus 14 estimating conference shall be open to the public as provided 15 in chapter 286. Section 16. Section 216.136, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 amended to read: 18 216.136 Consensus estimating conferences; duties and 19 principals.--20 (1) ECONOMIC ESTIMATING CONFERENCE. --21 (a) Duties.--1. The Economic Estimating Conference shall develop 22 23 such official information with respect to the national and state economies as the conference determines is needed for the 24 state planning and budgeting system. The basic, long-term 25 26 forecasts which are a part of its official information shall be trend forecasts. However, the conference may include cycle 27 forecasts as a part of its official information if the subject 28 29 matter of the forecast warrants a cycle forecast and if such forecast is developed in a special impact session of the 30 conference. 31

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1 $\frac{2}{2}$ Prior to the submission of the Governor's budget 2 recommendations to the Legislature pursuant to s. 216.162, and 3 again prior to each Regular Session of the Legislature, the 4 Economic Estimating Conference shall evaluate and project the 5 financial condition of the employee group health self-insurance plan. This analysis shall also consider any 6 7 financial impact of the state's use of health maintenance 8 organizations on the funding of the self-insurance plan. The 9 conference shall indicate whether the current plan premium rates are sufficient to fund projected plan claims and other 10 expenses during the fiscal year. 11 12 (b) Principals. -- The Executive Office of the Governor, the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic 13 Research, and professional staff of the Senate and House of 14 15 Representatives who have forecasting expertise, or their designees, are the principals of the Economic Estimating 16 17 Conference. The responsibility of presiding over sessions of 18 the conference shall be rotated among the principals. 19 (2) DEMOGRAPHIC ESTIMATING CONFERENCE. --20 (a) Duties.--The Demographic Estimating Conference 21 shall develop such official information with respect to the 22 population of the nation and state by age, race, and sex as the conference determines is needed for the state planning and 23 budgeting system. The conference shall use the official 24 population estimates provided under s. 186.901 in developing 25 26 its official information. (b) Principals. -- The Executive Office of the Governor, 27 the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic 28 29 Research, and professional staff of the Senate and House of Representatives who have forecasting expertise, or their 30 designees, are the principals of the Demographic Estimating 31 46

Conference. The responsibility of presiding over sessions of
 the conference shall be rotated among the principals.

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(3) REVENUE ESTIMATING CONFERENCE.--

4 (a) Duties.--The Revenue Estimating Conference shall
5 develop such official information with respect to anticipated
6 state and local government revenues as the conference
7 determines is needed for the state planning and budgeting
8 system. Any principal may request the conference to review
9 and estimate revenues for any trust fund.

(b) Principals.--The Executive Office of the Governor,
the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic
Research, and professional staff of the Senate and House of
Representatives who have forecasting expertise, or their
designees, are the principals of the Revenue Estimating
Conference. The responsibility of presiding over sessions of
the conference shall be rotated among the principals.

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(4) EDUCATION ESTIMATING CONFERENCE. --

(a) Duties.--The Education Estimating Conference shall 18 19 develop such official information relating to the state public educational system, including forecasts of student 20 enrollments, the number of students qualified for state 21 22 financial aid programs and the appropriation required to fund 23 the full award amounts for each program, fixed capital outlay needs, and Florida Education Finance Program formula needs, as 24 25 the conference determines is needed for the state planning and 26 budgeting system. The conference's initial projections of 27 enrollments in public schools shall be forwarded by the conference to each school district no later than 2 months 28 29 prior to the start of the regular session of the Legislature. Each school district may, in writing, request adjustments to 30 the initial projections. Any adjustment request shall be 31

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submitted to the conference no later than 1 month prior to the 1 start of the regular session of the Legislature and shall be 2 3 considered by the principals of the conference. A school 4 district may amend its adjustment request, in writing, during the first 3 weeks of the legislative session, and such amended 5 adjustment request shall be considered by the principals of б 7 the conference. For any adjustment so requested, the district 8 shall indicate and explain, using definitions adopted by the 9 conference, the components of anticipated enrollment changes that correspond to continuation of current programs with 10 workload changes; program improvement; program reduction or 11 12 elimination; initiation of new programs; and any other information that may be needed by the Legislature. For public 13 14 schools, the conference shall submit its full-time equivalent 15 student consensus estimate to the Legislature no later than 1 month after the start of the regular session of the 16 17 Legislature. No conference estimate may be changed without the agreement of the full conference. 18 19 (b) Adjustments. -- No later than 2 months prior to the 20 start of the regular session of the Legislature, the conference shall forward to each eligible postsecondary 21 education institution its initial projections of the number of 22

23 students qualified for state financial aid programs and the appropriation required to fund those students at the full 24 award amount. Each postsecondary education institution may 25 26 request, in writing, adjustments to the initial projection. 27 Any adjustment request must be submitted to the conference no later than 1 month prior to the start of the regular session 28 29 of the Legislature and shall be considered by the principals of the conference. For any adjustment so requested, the 30 postsecondary education institution shall indicate and 31

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explain, using definitions adopted by the conference, the 1 components of anticipated changes that correspond to 2 3 continuation of current programs with enrollment changes, 4 program reduction or elimination, initiation of new programs, 5 award amount increases or decreases, and any other information б that is considered by the conference. The conference shall 7 submit its consensus estimate to the Legislature no later than 8 1 month after the start of the regular session of the 9 Legislature. No conference estimate may be changed without the agreement of the full conference. 10

(c) Principals. -- The Associate Deputy Commissioner of 11 12 Education for Educational Management, the Executive Office of the Governor, the coordinator of the Office of Economic and 13 14 Demographic Research, and professional staff of the Senate and 15 House of Representatives who have forecasting expertise, or their designees, are the principals of the Education 16 17 Estimating Conference. The Associate Deputy Commissioner of Education for Educational Management or his or her designee 18 19 shall preside over sessions of the conference.

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(5) CRIMINAL JUSTICE ESTIMATING CONFERENCE.--

(a) Duties.--The Criminal Justice Estimating
Conference shall develop such official information relating to
the criminal justice system, including forecasts of prison
admissions by offense categories specified in Rule 3.701,
Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, as the conference
determines is needed for the state planning and budgeting
system.

(b) Principals.--The Executive Office of the Governor,
the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic
Research, and professional staff, who have forecasting
expertise, from the Senate, the House of Representatives, and

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the Supreme Court, or their designees, are the principals of 1 the Criminal Justice Estimating Conference. The principal 2 3 representing the Executive Office of the Governor shall 4 preside over sessions of the conference. 5 (6) SOCIAL SERVICES ESTIMATING CONFERENCE.--6 (a) Duties.--7 1. The Social Services Estimating Conference shall 8 develop such official information relating to the social 9 services system of the state, including forecasts of social services caseloads, as the conference determines is needed for 10 the state planning and budgeting system. Such official 11 12 information shall include, but not be limited to, subsidized 13 child care caseloads mandated by the Family Support Act of 14 1988. In addition, the Social Services Estimating 15 2. Conference shall develop estimates and forecasts of the 16 17 unduplicated count of children eligible for subsidized child care as defined in s. 402.3015(1). These estimates and 18 19 forecasts shall not include children enrolled in the 20 prekindergarten early intervention program established in s. 21 230.2305. 22 3. The Department of Children and Family Services and 23 the Department of Education shall provide information on caseloads and waiting lists for the subsidized child care and 24 prekindergarten early intervention programs requested by the 25 26 Social Services Estimating Conference or individual conference 27 principals, in a timely manner. 28 (b) Principals. -- The Executive Office of the Governor, 29 the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic Research, and professional staff, who have forecasting 30 expertise, from the Department of Children and Family 31

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Services, the Senate, and the House of Representatives, or 1 their designees, are the principals of the Social Services 2 Estimating Conference. The principal representing the 3 4 Executive Office of the Governor shall preside over sessions 5 of the conference. 6 (7) TRANSPORTATION ESTIMATING CONFERENCE. --7 (a) Duties.--The Transportation Estimating Conference 8 shall develop such official budget information relating to 9 transportation planning and budgeting as is determined by the 10 conference principals to be needed for the state planning and budgeting system. This information shall include estimates of 11 12 transportation cost indices and other budget-related estimates. This conference shall not address estimates of 13 14 transportation revenues. 15 (b) Principals.--The Executive Office of the Governor, 16 the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic 17 Research, and professional staff with budgeting expertise from 18 the Department of Transportation, the Senate, and the House of 19 Representatives are the principals of the Transportation 20 Estimating Conference. The principal representing the Executive Office of the Governor shall preside over sessions 21 of the conference. 22 23 (7)(8) CHILD WELFARE SYSTEM ESTIMATING CONFERENCE.--24 (a) Duties. -- The Child Welfare System Estimating Conference shall develop such official information relating to 25 26 the child welfare system of the state, including forecasts of child welfare caseloads, as the conference determines is 27 needed for the state planning and budgeting system. Such 28 29 official information may include, but is not limited to: Estimates and projections of the number of initial 30 1. and additional reports of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect 31 51

made to the central abuse hotline maintained by the Department 1 of Children and Family Services as established in s. 2 3 39.201(4). Projections may take into account other factors 4 that may influence the number of future reports to the abuse 5 hotline. 2. Estimates and projections of the number of children 6 7 who are alleged to be victims of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect and are in need of emergency shelter, foster care, 8 9 residential group care, adoptive services, or other 10 appropriate care. 11 12 In addition, the conference shall develop other official information relating to the child welfare system of the state 13 14 which the conference determines is needed for the state 15 planning and budgeting system. The Department of Children and Family Services shall provide information on the child welfare 16 17 system requested by the Child Welfare System Estimating 18 Conference, or individual conference principals, in a timely 19 manner. 20 Principals .-- The Executive Office of the Governor, (b) the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic 21 Research, and professional staff who have forecasting 22 23 expertise from the Department of Children and Family Services, the Senate, and the House of Representatives, or their 24 designees, are the principals of the Child Welfare System 25 26 Estimating Conference. The principal representing the 27 Executive Office of the Governor shall preside over sessions 28 of the conference. 29 (8) (9) JUVENILE JUSTICE ESTIMATING CONFERENCE. --(a) Duties.--The Juvenile Justice Estimating 30 Conference shall develop such official information relating to 31 52

the juvenile justice system of the state as is determined by 1 2 the conference principals to be needed for the state planning 3 and budgeting system. This information shall include, but is 4 not limited to: estimates of juvenile delinquency caseloads 5 and workloads; estimates for secure, nonsecure, and home 6 juvenile detention placements; estimates of workloads in the 7 juvenile sections in the offices of the state attorneys and 8 public defenders; estimates of mental health and substance 9 abuse treatment relating to juveniles; and such other information as is determined by the conference principals to 10 be needed for the state planning and budgeting system. 11 12 (b) Principals. -- The Executive Office of the Governor, the Office of Economic and Demographic Research, and 13 14 professional staff who have forecasting expertise from the 15 Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Children and Family Services Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Program 16 17 Office, the Department of Law Enforcement, the Senate Appropriations Committee staff, the House of Representatives 18 19 Appropriations Committee staff, or their designees, are the principals of the Juvenile Justice Estimating Conference. The 20 responsibility of presiding over sessions of the conference 21 22 shall be rotated among the principals. To facilitate policy 23 and legislative recommendations, the conference may call upon professional staff of the Juvenile Justice Accountability 24 25 Board and appropriate legislative staff. 26 (9)(10) OCCUPATIONAL FORECASTING CONFERENCE. --27 (a) Duties.--The Occupational Forecasting Conference shall develop such official information on the workforce 28 29 development system planning process as it relates to the personnel needs of current, new, and emerging industries as 30 the conference determines is needed by the state planning and 31 53

1 budgeting system. Such information must include at least: 2 short-term and long-term forecasts of employment demand for 3 high-skills/high-wage jobs by occupation and industry; 4 relative wage forecasts among those occupations; and estimates 5 of the supply of trained and qualified individuals available 6 for employment in those occupations.

7 (b) Principals.--The Commissioner of Education, the Executive Office of the Governor, the director of the Office 8 9 of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, the Secretary of Labor, and the coordinator of the Office of Economic and 10 Demographic Research, or their designees, are the principals 11 12 of the Occupational Forecasting Conference. The Commissioner of Education, or the commissioner's designee, shall preside 13 14 over the sessions of the conference.

15 (10)(11) SCHOOL READINESS PROGRAM ESTIMATING
16 CONFERENCE.--

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(a) Duties.--

18 1. The School Readiness Program Estimating Conference 19 shall develop such estimates and forecasts of the number of 20 individuals eligible for school readiness programs in 21 accordance with the standards of eligibility established by 22 state or federal statute or administrative rule as the 23 conference determines are needed to support the state 24 planning, budgeting, and appropriations processes.

25 2. In addition, the School Readiness Program
 26 Estimating Conference shall estimate the unduplicated count of
 27 children who are eligible for services under the school
 28 readiness program.

3. The Florida Partnership for School Readiness shall
 provide information on needs and waiting lists for school
 readiness program services requested by the School Readiness

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Program Estimating Conference or individual conference 1 principals in a timely manner. 2 3 (b) Principals. -- The Executive Office of the Governor, 4 the Director of Economic and Demographic Research, and 5 professional staff who have forecasting expertise from the Florida Partnership for School Readiness, the Department of 6 7 Children and Family Services, the Department of Education, the 8 Senate, and the House of Representatives, or their designees, 9 are the principals of the School Readiness Program Estimating Conference. The principal representing the Executive Office of 10 the Governor shall preside over sessions of the conference. 11 12 (11) SELF-INSURANCE ESTIMATING CONFERENCE.--13 (a) Duties.--The Self-Insurance Estimating Conference 14 shall develop such official information on self-insurance 15 related issues as the conference determines is needed by the 16 state planning and budgeting system. 17 (b) Principals. -- The Executive Office of the Governor, the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic 18 19 Research, and staff directors of the committees of the Senate 20 and the House of Representatives which have primary responsibility for legislation dealing with taxation, or their 21 designees, are the principals of the Self-Insurance Estimating 22 23 Conference. The responsibility of presiding over sessions of 24 the conference shall be rotated among the principals. (12) FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTION 25 26 CONFERENCE . --27 (a) Duties.--The Florida Retirement System Actuarial 28 Assumption Conference shall develop official information with 29 respect to the economic and noneconomic assumptions and funding methods of the Florida Retirement System necessary to 30 31 perform the system actuarial study undertaken pursuant to s. 55

121.031(3). Such information shall include: an analysis of 1 2 the actuarial assumptions and actuarial methods used in the 3 study and a determination of whether changes to the 4 assumptions or methods need to be made due to experience 5 changes or revised future forecasts. 6 (b) Principals. -- The Executive Office of the Governor, 7 the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic 8 Research, and professional staff of the Senate and House of 9 Representatives who have forecasting expertise, or their 10 designees, are the principals of the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumption Conference. The Executive Office of the 11 12 Governor shall have the responsibility of presiding over the sessions of the conference. The State Board of Administration 13 14 and the Division of Retirement shall be participants in the 15 conference. 16 Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 216.141, Florida 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 216.141 Budget system procedures; planning and 18 19 programming by state agencies .--20 (1) The Executive Office of the Governor, in consultation with the appropriations committees of the Senate 21 and House of Representatives, and by utilizing the Florida 22 23 Financial Management Information System management data and the Comptroller's chart of accounts, shall prescribe a 24 planning and budgeting system, pursuant to s. 215.94(1), to 25 26 provide for continuous planning and programming and for 27 effective management practices for the efficient operations of all state agencies and the judicial branch. However, the 28 29 planning and budgeting system shall be limited to the processing of information related to ss. 216.023, 216.0235, 30 216.031, 216.043, 216.121, 216.181, 216.182, and 216.192 and 31 56

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those applications relating to part I of chapter 23 and part I 1 of chapter 252 which are funded by the Legislature. The 2 3 Legislature Executive Office of the Governor may contract with 4 the Executive Office of the Governor Legislature to develop 5 the planning and budgeting system and to provide services to 6 the Legislature for the support and use of the legislative 7 appropriations system. The contract shall include the 8 policies and procedures for combining the legislative 9 appropriations system with the planning and budgeting information system established pursuant to s. 215.94(1). At a 10 minimum, the contract shall require the use of common data 11 12 codes. The combined legislative appropriations and planning and budgeting information subsystem shall support the 13 14 legislative appropriations and legislative oversight functions without data code conversion or modification. 15 Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 216.162, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 18 216.162 Governor's recommended budget to be furnished 19 Legislature; copies to members .--20 (1) At least 45 days before the scheduled annual 21 legislative session in each odd-numbered year, the Governor shall furnish each senator and representative a copy of his or 22 23 her recommended balanced budget for the state, based on the Governor's own conclusions and judgment; provided, however, 24 that in his or her first year in office a new Governor may 25 26 request, subject to approval of the President of the Senate 27 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, that his or her recommended balanced budget be submitted at a later time 28 29 prior to the Governor's first regular legislative session. Section 19. Section 216.163, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 31

216.163 Governor's recommended budget; form and 1 2 content; declaration of collective bargaining impasses .--3 (1) The Governor's recommended budget shall be 4 referenced to the legislative budget requests prescribed in 5 ss. 216.023 $\frac{216.031}{216.031}$ and 216.043 and shall be consistent with б the format of the current fiscal year General Appropriations 7 Act or shall be distinctly separated into four sections. Ŧŧ 8 separated into four sections, Section One of the budget shall 9 be entitled "Operations"; Section Two shall be entitled 10 'Revenue Sharing, Distributions and Transfers"; Section Three shall be entitled "Fixed Capital Outlay"; and Section Four 11 12 shall be entitled "Debt Service." 13 (2) The Governor's recommended budget shall also 14 include: 15 The Governor's recommendations for operating each (a) state agency, and those of the Chief Justice of the Supreme 16 17 Court for operating the judicial branch, for the next fiscal 18 These recommendations shall be displayed by year. 19 appropriation category within each budget entity, with detail 20 by program component within each budget entity, and shall also include the legislative budget request of the corresponding 21 22 agency. (b)1. The Governor's recommendations and those of the 23 Chief Justice for fixed capital outlay appropriations for the 24 next fiscal year. These recommendations shall be displayed by 25 26 budget entity and shall also include the legislative budget 27 request of the corresponding agency. 28 2. For each specific fixed capital outlay project or 29 group of projects or operating capital outlay requests 30 recommended to be funded from a proposed state debt or 31 58

obligation, he or she shall make available pursuant to s. 1 2 216.164(1)(a) the documents set forth in s. 216.0442(2). (c) The evaluation of the fixed capital outlay request 3 4 of each agency and the judicial branch and alternatives to the 5 proposed projects as made by the Department of Management 6 Services pursuant to s. 216.044. 7 (d) A summary statement of the amount of 8 appropriations requested by each state agency and as 9 recommended by the Governor and by the judicial branch. (e) A distinct listing of all nonrecurring 10 11 appropriations recommended by the Governor or the Chief 12 Justice. (f) A listing of the general policies used to 13 14 calculate the amounts required for salaries, other personal services, expenses, operating capital outlay, electronic data 15 processing, and food products recommended by the Governor or 16 17 the Chief Justice. 18 (g) Explanations and justification, expressed in terms 19 of program-effectiveness measures, program-efficiency measures, workload, productivity adjustments, staffing 20 standards, and any other criteria needed to evaluate the 21 22 delivery of governmental services and to explain the Governor's recommendations or the Chief Justice's 23 recommendations, and such other supporting schedules and 24 25 exhibits as may be determined by the Governor or the Chief 26 Justice. 27 (h) With respect to the Department of Transportation, 28 a reconciliation of the Governor's recommendations for the 29 funding of the agency budget and tentative work program with 30 the budget and tentative work program submitted by the 31 59

department pursuant to s. 339.135 by project, by project 1 phase, by department district, and by appropriation category. 2 3 (f)(i) The Governor's recommendations for critical 4 information resource management projects which should be 5 subject to special monitoring under s. 282.322. These recommendations shall include proviso language which specifies 6 7 whether funds are specifically provided to contract for 8 project monitoring, or whether the Auditor General will 9 conduct such project monitoring. When funds are recommended for contracting with a project monitor, such funds may equal 1 10 percent to 5 percent of the project's estimated total costs. 11 12 These funds shall be specifically appropriated and 13 nonrecurring. 14 (g)(j) Any additional information which the Governor 15 or Chief Justice feels is needed to justify his or her 16 recommendations. 17 (3) The Governor shall provide to the Legislature a performance-based program budget for approved programs 18 19 according to the schedule provided in s. 216.0172. Information submitted to the Legislature shall be provided in a fashion 20 that will allow comparison of the requested information with 21 the agency request and legislative appropriation by the 22 23 automated legislative appropriation planning and budgeting 24 system. 25 (4) The Executive Office of the Governor shall review 26 the evaluation report required by s. 216.031(10) and the findings of the Office of Program Policy Analysis and 27 Government Accountability, to the extent they are available, 28 29 request any reports or additional analyses as necessary, and submit a recommendation for executive agencies, which may 30 include a recommendation regarding incentives or disincentives 31 60

for agency performance. Incentives or disincentives may apply 1 2 to all or part of a state agency. The Chief Justice shall 3 review the findings of the Office of Program Policy Analysis 4 and Government Accountability regarding judicial branch 5 performance and make appropriate recommendations for the 6 judicial branch. 7 Incentives may include, but are not limited to: (a) 8 1. Additional flexibility in budget management, such 9 as, but not limited to, the use of lump sums or, special 10 categories, or performance-based program appropriation; consolidation of budget entities or program components; 11 12 consolidation of appropriation categories; and increased agency transfer authority between appropriation categories or 13 14 budget entities. 15 2. Additional flexibility in salary rate and position 16 management. 17 3. Retention of up to 50 percent of all unencumbered balances of appropriations as of June 30, or undisbursed 18 19 balances as of December 31, excluding special categories and grants and aids, which may be used for nonrecurring purposes 20 including, but not limited to, lump-sum bonuses, employee 21 22 training, or productivity enhancements, including technology 23 and other improvements. Additional funds to be used for, but not limited 24 4. 25 to, lump-sum bonuses, employee training, or productivity 26 enhancements, including technology and other improvements. 27 5. Additional funds provided pursuant to law to be released to an agency quarterly or incrementally contingent 28 29 upon the accomplishment of units of output or outcome specified in the General Appropriations Act. 30 (b) Disincentives may include, but are not limited to: 31 61 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 Mandatory quarterly reports to the Executive Office 1. 2 of the Governor and the Legislature on the agency's progress 3 in meeting performance standards. 4 2. Mandatory quarterly appearances before the 5 Legislature, the Governor, or the Governor and Cabinet to 6 report on the agency's progress in meeting performance 7 standards. 3. 8 Elimination or restructuring of the program, which 9 may include, but not be limited to, transfer of the program or outsourcing all or a portion of the program. 10 Reduction of total positions for a program. 11 4. 12 5. Restriction on or reduction of the spending authority provided in s. 216.292(2) and (4). 13 14 6. Reduction of managerial salaries. 15 (5) At the same time that the Governor furnishes each 16 senator and representative with a copy of his or her 17 recommended balanced budget under s. 216.162(1), the Executive Office of the Governor shall electronically transmit to the 18 19 legislative appropriations committees the Governor's 20 recommended budget, the Exhibit B, Major Issues, and D-3a's. 21 (6) At the time the Governor is required to furnish 22 copies of his or her recommended budget to each senator and 23 representative under s. 216.162(1), the Governor shall declare an impasse in all collective bargaining negotiations for which 24 25 he or she is deemed to be the public employer and for which a 26 collective bargaining agreement has not been executed. Within 14 days thereafter, the Governor shall furnish the legislative 27 appropriations committees with documentation relating to the 28 29 last offer he or she made during such collective bargaining 30 negotiations or recommended to a mediator or special master appointed to resolve the impasse. 31

Section 20. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 1 2 216.177, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3 216.177 Appropriations acts, statement of intent, 4 violation, notice, review and objection procedures .--5 (1) When an appropriations act is delivered to the 6 Governor after the Legislature has adjourned sine die, as soon 7 as practicable, but no later than the 10th day before the end 8 of the period allowed by law for veto consideration in any 9 year in which an appropriation is made, the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees shall jointly transmit: 10 (a) A statement of intent, including performance and 11 12 workload measures as appropriate; (a)(b) The official list of General Revenue Fund 13 14 appropriations determined in consultation with the Executive Office of the Governor to be nonrecurring; and 15 (b) (c) The documents set forth in s. 216.0442(2)(a) 16 17 and (c), 18 19 to the Executive Office of the Governor, the Comptroller, the Auditor General, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and 20 each state agency. The statement of intent constitutes a 21 manifestation of how the Legislature, in its considered 22 23 opinion as a representative of the people, thinks appropriations should be spent. The statement of intent is 24 25 not a law and may not allocate or appropriate any funds, or 26 amend or correct any provision, in the General Appropriations 27 Act, but the statement of intent may provide additional 28 explanation to the Executive Office of the Governor, the 29 judicial branch, the Administration Commission, and each affected state agency relative to the purpose, objectives, 30 spending philosophy, and restrictions associated with any 31 63

specific appropriation. The statement of intent shall compare 1 the request of the agency or of the judicial branch or the 2 3 recommendation of the Governor to the funds appropriated for 4 the purpose of establishing intent in the development of the 5 approved operating budget. A request for additional 6 explanation and direction regarding the legislative intent of 7 the General Appropriations Act during the fiscal year may be 8 made only by and through the Executive Office of the Governor 9 for state agencies, and by and through the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for the judicial branch, as is deemed 10 necessary. However, the Comptroller may also request further 11 12 clarification of legislative intent pursuant to the Comptroller's responsibilities related to his or her preaudit 13 14 function of expenditures.

(2)(a) Whenever notice of action to be taken by the 15 Executive Office of the Governor or, the Chief Justice of the 16 Supreme Court, or the commission is required by this chapter, 17 18 such notice shall be given to the chair of the Legislative 19 Budget Commission and chairs of the legislative appropriations 20 committees in writing, and shall be delivered to both such chairs at least 14 consecutive days prior to the action 21 referred to, unless a shorter period is approved in writing by 22 23 the chair both such chairs. If the action is solely for the release of funds appropriated by the Legislature, the notice 24 25 shall be delivered at least 3 days before the effective date 26 of the action. Action shall not be taken on any budget item 27 for which this chapter requires notice to the Legislative Budget Commission and appropriations committees without such 28 29 notice having been provided, even though there may be good 30 cause for considering such item.

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1	(b) If the chair of the Legislative Budget Commission
1 2	chairs of the legislative appropriations committees or the
∠ 3	President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
4 5	Representatives timely advise, in writing, the Executive
5	Office of the Governor <u>or</u> , the Chief Justice of the Supreme
6	Court, or the Administration Commission that an action or a
7	proposed action, whether subject to the notice and review
8	requirements of this chapter or not, exceeds the delegated
9	authority of the Executive Office of the Governor for the
10	executive branch <u>or</u> , the Chief Justice for the judicial
11	branch, or the Administration Commission, respectively, or is
12	contrary to legislative policy and intent, the Governor $\overline{\mathrm{or}_{7}}$
13	the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court , or the Administration
14	Commission shall void such action and instruct the affected
15	state agency or entity of the judicial branch to change
16	immediately its spending action or spending proposal until the
17	Legislature addresses the issue. The written documentation
18	shall indicate the specific reasons that an action or proposed
19	action exceeds the delegated authority or is contrary to
20	legislative policy and intent.
21	(c) The House of Representatives and the Senate shall
22	provide by rule that any member of the House of
23	Representatives or Senate may request, in writing, of either
24	the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of
25	Representatives or the chair of the respective Legislative
26	Budget Commission appropriations committee to initiate the
27	procedures of paragraph (b).
28	Section 21. Section 216.178, Florida Statutes, is
29	amended to read:
30	216.178 General Appropriations Act; format; procedure ;
31	cost statement for new debt or obligation
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(1) Any information contained in a conference 1 2 committee report on a general or supplemental appropriations 3 bill, on any other bill adopted by the same conference 4 committee to implement a general or supplemental 5 appropriations bill and effective for the same period as such 6 appropriations bill, or on a revenue bill during any regular 7 or special legislative session must be made available to the members of the Legislature and to the public at least 72 $\frac{48}{2}$ 8 9 hours before the report may be voted on by the Senate or the House of Representatives. 10

(2) Effective June 30, 1993, The Office of Planning 11 12 and Budgeting shall develop a final budget report that reflects the net appropriations for each budget item. 13 The 14 report shall reflect actual expenditures for each of the 2 15 preceding fiscal years and the estimated expenditures for the current fiscal year. In addition, the report must contain the 16 17 actual revenues and cash balances for the preceding 2 fiscal years and the estimated revenues and cash balances for the 18 19 current fiscal year. The report may also contain expenditure data, program objectives, and program measures for each state 20 agency program. The report must be produced by October 15 each 21 22 year. A copy of the report must be made available to each 23 member of the Legislature, to the head of each state agency, to the Auditor General, and to the public. 24

25 (3) The Governor shall submit to the Secretary of 26 State, along with the signed General Appropriations Act, a 27 statement which sets forth the estimated cost of each new 28 proposed state debt or obligation contained in the act. Each 29 statement shall be written in substantially the following 30 form:

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1 The General Appropriations Act for fiscal year 2 ..(insert years)... authorizes the issuance of \$...(insert 3 principal)... of debt or obligation at a forecasted interest 4 rate of ... (insert rate of interest).... The total interest 5 paid over the life of this debt or obligation will be \$...(insert sum of interest payments).... Additionally, it is 6 7 estimated that the 5-year operational costs associated with 8 those capital outlay projects to be funded by the incurrence 9 of this debt or obligation will be \$...(insert costs).... Section 22. Section 216.179, Florida Statutes, is 10 11 amended to read: 12 216.179 Reinstatement of vetoed appropriations by administrative means prohibited. -- After the Governor has 13 vetoed a specific appropriation for an agency or the judicial 14 15 branch, neither the Governor, the Administration Commission, nor the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, nor a state 16 17 agency, in their various statutory and constitutional roles, 18 may authorize expenditures for or implementation in any manner 19 of the programs that were authorized by the vetoed 20 appropriation. 21 Section 23. Section 216.181, Florida Statutes, is 22 amended to read: 23 216.181 Approved budgets for operations and fixed 24 capital outlay .--25 (1) The General Appropriations Act and any other acts 26 containing appropriations shall be considered the original 27 approved operating budgets for operational and fixed capital 28 expenditures. Amendments to the approved operating budgets for 29 operational and fixed capital outlay expenditures from state agencies may be requested only through the Executive Office of 30 the Governor and approved by the Governor and the Legislative 31 67

Budget Commission or Administration Commission as provided in 1 this chapter. Amendments from the judicial branch may be 2 3 requested only through, and approved by, the Chief Justice of 4 the Supreme Court. This includes amendments which are 5 necessary to implement the provisions of s. 216.212 or s. 6 216.221. 7 (2) Amendments to the original approved operating 8 budgets for operational and fixed capital outlay expenditures 9 must comply with the following guidelines in order to be approved by the Governor and the Legislative Budget Commission 10 or Administration Commission as provided in this chapter for 11 12 the executive branch and the Chief Justice for the judicial branch: 13 14 (a) The amendment must be consistent with legislative 15 policy and intent. The amendment may not initiate or commence a new 16 (b) 17 program, except as authorized by this chapter, or eliminate an 18 existing program. 19 (c) Except as authorized in s. 216.292 or other 20 provisions of this chapter, the amendment may not provide 21 funding or increased funding for items which were funded by the Legislature in an amount less than that requested by the 22 23 agency or Governor in the legislative budget request or which 24 were vetoed by the Governor. 25 (d) For amendments that involve trust funds, there 26 must be adequate and appropriate revenues available in the trust fund and the amendment must be consistent with the laws 27 authorizing such trust funds and the laws relating to the use 28 29 of the trust funds. However, a trust fund shall not be increased in excess of the original approved budget, except as 30 provided in subsection (11). 31

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(e) The amendment shall not conflict with any 1 2 provision of law. 3 (f) The amendment must not provide funding for any 4 issue which was requested by the agency or branch in their 5 legislative budget request and not funded in the General 6 Appropriations Act. 7 (g) The amendment must include a written description 8 of the purpose of the proposed change, an indication of why 9 interim budget action is necessary, and the intended recipient of any funds for contracted services. 10 (h) The amendment must not provide general salary 11 12 increases which the Legislature has not authorized in the General Appropriations Act or other laws. 13 14 (3) All amendments to original approved operating budgets, regardless of funding source, are subject to the 15 16 notice and review procedures set forth in s. 216.177. 17 (4) To the extent possible, individual members of the 18 Senate and the House of Representatives should be advised of 19 budget amendments requested by the executive branch. 20 (5)(4) An All amendments to the original approved 21 operating budgets, regardless of funding source, are subject 22 to the notice and review procedures set forth in s. 216.177 23 and must be approved by the Governor and Administration Commission as provided in this chapter for the executive 24 branch and the Chief Justice for the judicial branch if the 25 26 amendment is for an information resources management project 27 or initiative that involves more than one agency, has an outcome that impacts another agency, or exceeds \$500,000 in 28 29 total cost over a 1-year period, except for those projects that are a continuation of hardware or software maintenance or 30 software licensing agreements, or that are for desktop 31

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replacement that is similar to the technology currently in use 1 2 must be reviewed by the Technology Review Workgroup pursuant 3 to s. 216.0466 and approved by the Executive Office of the 4 Governor for the executive branch or by the Chief Justice for 5 the judicial branch, and shall be subject to the notice and 6 review procedures set forth in s. 216.177. 7 (6)(5)(a) The Executive Office of the Governor or the 8 Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may require the submission 9 of a detailed plan from the agency or entity of the judicial branch affected, consistent with the General Appropriations 10 Act, special appropriations acts, and the statement of intent 11 12 before transferring and releasing the balance of a lump-sum appropriation. The provisions of this paragraph are subject to 13 14 the notice and review procedures set forth in s. 216.177. 15 (b) The Executive Office of the Governor may amend, without approval of the Legislative Budget Administration 16 17 Commission, state agency budgets to reflect the transferred 18 funds based on the approved plans for lump-sum appropriations. 19 20 The Executive Office of the Governor shall transmit to each state agency and the Comptroller, and the Chief Justice shall 21 22 transmit to each judicial branch component and the 23 Comptroller, any approved amendments to the approved operating 24 budgets. (7)(6) The Executive Office of the Governor may, for 25 26 the purpose of improved contract administration, authorize the 27 consolidation of two or more fixed capital outlay appropriations for an agency, and the Chief Justice of the 28 29 Supreme Court for the judicial branch, except for projects authorized under chapter 235, provided the original scope and 30 purpose of each project are not changed. 31

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1	(7) The original approved annual salary rate for the	
2	Division of Administrative Hearings shall be as set forth in	
3	the General Appropriations Act. This rate may be adjusted by	
4	the Executive Office of the Governor subject to the provisions	
5	of s. 120.65(2).	
6	(8) As part of the approved operating budget, the	
7	Executive Office of the Governor shall furnish to each state	
8	agency, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall	
9	furnish to the entity of the judicial branch, an approved	
10	annual salary rate for each budget entity containing a salary	
11	appropriation. This rate shall be based upon the actual salary	
12	rate and shall be consistent with the General Appropriations	
13	Act or special appropriations acts. The annual salary rate	
14	shall be:	
15	(a) Calculated based on the actual salary rate in	
16	effect on June 30, and the salary policy and the number of	
17	authorized positions as specified in the General	
18	Appropriations Act and special appropriations acts, or as	
19	provided pursuant to s. 216.177.	
20	(b) Controlled by <u>department or agency; except for the</u>	
21	Department of Education, which shall be controlled by division	
22	and for the judicial branch, which shall be controlled at the	
23	branch level budget entity.	
24	(c) Assigned to the number of authorized positions,	
25	which may not be transferred between budget entities unless	
26	the associated positions are also transferred pursuant to s.	
27	216.262(1)(c) .	
28	(9)(a) The calculation for the annual salary rate for	
29	vacant and newly authorized positions shall be at no more than	
30	the midpoint of the range of the pay grade for the position or	
31	as provided in the General Appropriations Act.	
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(b) No agency or the judicial branch may exceed its 1 2 maximum approved annual salary rate for the fiscal year. 3 However, at any time during the fiscal year, an agency or 4 entity of the judicial branch may exceed its approved rate for 5 all budget entities by no more than 5 percent, provided that, 6 by June 30 of every fiscal year, the agency or entity of the 7 judicial branch has reduced its salary rate so that the salary 8 rate for each budget entity is within the approved rate limit 9 for that budget entity.

(10)(a) The Executive Office of the Governor and the 10 Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may increase or decrease 11 12 the approved salary rate for positions for the purpose of 13 implementing the General Appropriations Act, special 14 appropriations acts, and actions pursuant to s. 216.262 other 15 adjustments if they are deemed to be necessary and in the best interest of the state and consistent with legislative intent 16 17 and policy. The provisions of this paragraph are subject to the notice and review procedures set forth in s. 216.177. 18

19 (b) Lump-sum salary bonuses may be provided only if20 specifically appropriated.

21 (11) The Executive Office of the Governor may approve 22 transfers of appropriations in the General Appropriations Act 23 within any state trust fund of an agency, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may approve such transfers for 24 the judicial branch. The Governor and the Chief Justice of 25 26 the Supreme Court may establish nonoperating budgets if deemed 27 necessary and in the best interest of the state and consistent with legislative intent and policy. The Executive Office of 28 29 the Governor and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may approve changes in the amounts appropriated from state trust 30 funds in excess of those in the approved operating budget only 31

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pursuant to the federal funds provisions of s. 216.212, when 1 grants and donations are received after April 1, or when 2 3 deemed necessary due to a set of conditions that were unforeseen at the time the General Appropriations Act was 4 5 adopted and that are essential to correct in order to continue 6 the operation of government. The provisions of this subsection 7 are subject to the notice, review, and objection procedures set forth in s. 216.177. 8 9 (12) There is appropriated nonoperating budget for refunds, payments to the U.S. Treasury, payments of the 10 service charge to the General Revenue Fund, and transfers of 11 12 funds specifically required by law. Such authorized budget, 13 together with related releases, shall be transmitted by the 14 state agency or by the judicial branch to the Comptroller for 15 entry in the Comptroller's records in the manner and format prescribed by the Executive Office of the Governor in 16 17 consultation with the Comptroller. A copy of such authorized budgets shall be furnished to the Executive Office of the 18 19 Governor or the Chief Justice, the chairs of the legislative 20 committees responsible for developing the general 21 appropriations acts, and the Auditor General. The Governor may withhold approval of nonoperating investment authority for 22 23 certain trust funds when deemed in the best interest of the state. The Governor for the executive branch, and the Chief 24 Justice for the judicial branch, may establish nonoperating 25 26 budgets for transfers, purchase of investments, special expenses, distributions, and any other nonoperating budget 27 categories they deem necessary and in the best interest of the 28 29 state and consistent with legislative intent and policy. The provisions of this subsection are subject to the notice, 30 review, and objection procedures set forth in s. 216.177. For 31

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purposes of this section, the term "nonoperating budgets" 1 means nonoperating disbursement authority for purchase of 2 3 investments, refunds, payments to the U.S. Treasury, transfers 4 of funds specifically required by law, distributions of assets 5 held by the state in a trustee capacity as an agent of 6 fiduciary, special expenses, and other nonoperating budget 7 categories as determined necessary by the Executive Office of 8 the Governor, not otherwise appropriated in the General 9 Appropriations Act. 10 (13) (12) Each state agency and the judicial branch

11 shall develop the internal management procedures and budgets
12 necessary to assure compliance with the approved operating
13 budget.

14 (14)(13) The Executive Office of the Governor and the 15 Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall certify the amounts 16 approved for operations and fixed capital outlay, together 17 with any relevant supplementary materials or information, to 18 the Comptroller; and such certification shall be the 19 Comptroller's guide with reference to the expenditures of each 20 state agency pursuant to s. 216.192.

21 (15)(14) The provisions of this section do not apply
 22 to the budgets for the legislative branch.

23 <u>(16)(15)(a)</u> Funds provided in any specific
24 appropriation in the General Appropriations Act may be
25 advanced if the General Appropriations Act specifically so
26 provides.

(b) Any agency, or the judicial branch, that has been
authorized by the General Appropriations Act or expressly
authorized by other law to make advances for program startup
or advances for contracted services, in total or periodically,
shall limit such disbursements to other governmental entities

and not-for-profit corporations. The amount which may be 1 advanced shall not exceed the expected cash needs of the 2 3 contractor or recipient within the initial 3 months. 4 Thereafter, disbursements shall only be made on a 5 reimbursement basis. Any agreement that provides for 6 advancements may contain a clause that permits the contractor 7 or recipient to temporarily invest the proceeds, provided that 8 any interest income shall either be returned to the agency or 9 be applied against the agency's obligation to pay the contract amount. This paragraph does not constitute lawful authority 10 to make any advance payment not otherwise authorized by laws 11 12 relating to a particular agency or general laws relating to the expenditure or disbursement of public funds. 13 The 14 Comptroller may, after consultation with the legislative appropriations committees, advance funds beyond a 3-month 15 requirement waive the requirements of this paragraph which 16 apply to advances if it is determined to be consistent with 17 18 the intent of the approved operating budget. 19 (c) For the 1999-2000 fiscal year only, funds 20 appropriated to the Department of Children and Family Services in Specific Appropriations 292 through 425 and the Department 21 of Health in Specific Appropriations 445 through 540 of the 22 23 1999-2000 General Appropriations Act may be advanced, unless specifically prohibited in such General Appropriations Act, 24 25 for those contracted services that were approved for 26 advancement by the Comptroller in fiscal year 1993-1994, 27 including those services contracted on a fixed-price or unit 28 cost basis. This paragraph is repealed on July 1, 2000. 29 (16) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to 30 the contrary and for the 1999-2000 fiscal year only, the Department of Children and Family Services is authorized to 31 75

1 use operating funds budgeted for Developmental Services
2 Institutions for fixed capital outlay expenditures as needed
3 to bring any currently unlicensed beds up to Federal
4 Intermediate Care Facility for the Developmentally Disabled
5 licensure standards. This subsection is repealed on July 1,
6 2000.

7 (17) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, and for the 1999-2000 fiscal year 8 9 only, the Florida Department of Law Enforcement may transfer up to 20 positions and associated budget between budget 10 entities, provided the same funding source is used throughout 11 each transfer. The department may also transfer up to 10 12 percent of the initial approved salary rate between budget 13 14 entities, provided the same funding source is used throughout each transfer. The department must provide notice to the 15 16 Executive Office of the Governor, the chair of the Senate Budget Committee, and the chair of the House Committee on 17 Criminal Justice Appropriations for all transfers of positions 18 19 or salary rate. This subsection is repealed on July 1, 2000. 20 (18) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 21 chapter to the contrary, the Florida Department of 22 Transportation, in order to facilitate the transfer of personnel to the new turnpike headquarters location in Orange 23 County, may transfer salary rate to the turnpike budget entity 24 from other departmental budget entities. The department must 25 26 provide documentation of all transfers to the Executive Office of the Governor, the Chairman of the Senate Budget Committee, 27 28 and the Chairman of the House of Representatives Committee on 29 Transportation and Economic Development Appropriations. This 30 subsection expires July 1, 2000. 31 76

1 Section 24. Section 216.1825, Florida Statutes, is 2 created to read: 3 216.1825 Zero-based budgeting.--4 (1) Beginning July 1, 2000, and continuing thereafter, 5 the Legislative Budget Commission shall apply zero-based 6 budgeting principles in reviewing the budget of each state 7 agency at least once every 8 years. 8 (2) No later than July 1 of each year, the commission 9 shall issue instructions to the agencies whose budgets are to be reviewed prior to the next legislative session. Dates of 10 submission for information required by the commission will be 11 12 included in the instructions. 13 (3) The commission shall provide its reports of 14 zero-based budgeting reviews to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on or before 15 16 December 31. 17 (4) For fiscal year 2001-2002, budgets of the 18 Department of Revenue and the Department of Law Enforcement 19 shall be the subject of zero-based budgeting review by the 20 commission. The commission shall, by February 1, 2001, provide 21 to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, a schedule for completing zero-based 22 23 budgeting reviews of all remaining state agencies prior to 24 December 31, 2008. 25 Section 25. Section 216.183, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 216.183 Entities using performance-based program 27 budgets; chart of accounts. -- State agencies and the judicial 28 29 branch for which a performance-based program budget has been appropriated shall utilize the chart of accounts used by the 30 Florida Accounting Information Resource Subsystem in the 31 77

manner described in s. 215.93(3). The chart of accounts for 1 state agencies and the judicial branch for which a 2 3 performance-based program budget has been appropriated shall 4 be developed and amended, if necessary, in consultation with 5 the Department of Banking and Finance, and the Executive 6 Office of the Governor, and the chairs of the Legislative 7 Budget Commission. 8 Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 216.192, Florida 9 Statutes, is amended to read: 216.192 Release of appropriations; revision of 10 11 budgets.--12 (1) Unless otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act, on July 1 of each fiscal year, up to 25 20 13 14 percent of the original approved operating budget of each agency and of the judicial branch may shall be released until 15 such time as annual plans for quarterly releases for all 16 17 appropriations have been developed, approved, and furnished to 18 the Comptroller by the Executive Office of the Governor for 19 state agencies and by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court 20 for the judicial branch. The plans, including appropriate plans of releases for fixed capital outlay projects that 21 correspond with each project schedule, shall attempt to 22 maximize the use of trust funds and shall be transmitted to 23 the Comptroller by August 1 of each fiscal year. Such releases 24 shall at no time exceed the total appropriations available to 25 26 a state agency or to the judicial branch, or the approved 27 budget for such agency or the judicial branch if less. The Comptroller shall enter such releases in his or her records in 28 29 accordance with the release plans prescribed by the Executive 30 Office of the Governor and the Chief Justice, unless otherwise amended as provided by law. The Executive Office of the 31

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Governor and the Chief Justice shall transmit a copy of the 1 2 approved annual releases to the head of the state agency, the chair of the Legislative Budget Commission, the chairs of the 3 4 legislative appropriations committees, and the Auditor 5 General. The Comptroller shall authorize all expenditures to be made from the appropriations on the basis of such releases б 7 and in accordance with the approved budget, and not otherwise. 8 Expenditures shall be authorized only in accordance with 9 legislative authorizations. Nothing herein precludes periodic reexamination and revision by the Executive Office of the 10 Governor or by the Chief Justice of the annual plans for 11 12 release of appropriations and the notifications of the parties of all such revisions. 13 14 Section 27. Section 216.195, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 216.195 Impoundment of funds; restricted.--The 16 17 Executive Office of the Governor, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, any member of the Cabinet, the Administration 18 19 Commission, or any state agency shall not impound any appropriation except as necessary to avoid or eliminate a 20 deficit pursuant to the provisions of s. 216.221. As used in 21 this section, the term "impoundment" means the omission of any 22 23 appropriation or part of an appropriation in the approved operating plan prepared pursuant to s. 216.181 or in the 24 25 schedule of releases prepared pursuant to s. 216.192 or the 26 failure of any state agency or the judicial branch to spend an 27 appropriation for the stated purposes authorized in the 28 approved operating budget. The provisions of this section are 29 subject to the notice and review procedures of s. 216.177. 30 The Governor or either house of the Legislature may seek 31 79

judicial review of any action or proposed action which
 violates the provisions of this section.

3 Section 28. Section 216.212, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read:

5 216.212 Budgets for federal funds; restrictions on6 expenditure of federal funds.--

7 (1) The Executive Office of the Governor, the office 8 of the Comptroller, and the office of the Treasurer shall 9 develop and implement procedures for accelerating the drawdown of, and minimizing the payment of interest on, federal funds. 10 The Executive Office of the Governor shall establish a 11 12 clearinghouse for federal programs and activities. The clearinghouse shall develop the capacity to respond to federal 13 14 grant opportunities and to coordinate the use of federal funds in the state. 15

(a) Every state agency, when making a request or 16 17 preparing a budget to be submitted to the Federal Government for funds, equipment, material, or services, shall submit such 18 19 request or budget to the Executive Office of the Governor for 20 review approval before submitting it to the proper federal authority. However, the Executive Office of the Governor may 21 22 specifically authorize any agency to submit specific types of 23 grant proposals directly to the Federal Government.

(b) Every office or court of the judicial branch, when 24 25 making a request or preparing a budget to be submitted to the 26 Federal Government for funds, equipment, material, or 27 services, shall submit such request or budget to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for approval before submitting it 28 29 to the proper federal authority. However, the Chief Justice may specifically authorize any court to submit specific types 30 of grant proposals directly to the Federal Government. 31

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1 (2) When such federal authority has approved the 2 request or budget, the state agency or the judicial branch shall submit to the Executive Office of the Governor such 3 4 documentation showing approval as that office prescribes. 5 Beginning July 1, 1993, The Executive Office of the Governor 6 must acknowledge each approved request or budget by entering 7 that approval into an Automated Grant Management System 8 developed in consultation with the chairs of the House of 9 Representatives and Senate appropriations committees.

10 (3) Federal money appropriated by Congress or received from court settlements to be used for state purposes, whether 11 12 by itself or in conjunction with moneys appropriated by the Legislature, may not be expended unless appropriated by the 13 14 Legislature. However, the Executive Office of the Governor or the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may, after consultation 15 with the legislative appropriations committees, approve the 16 17 receipt and expenditure of funds from federal sources by state 18 agencies or by the judicial branch. Any federal programs 19 requiring state matching funds which funds were eliminated, or were requested and were not approved, by the Legislature may 20 not be implemented during the interim. However, federal and 21 22 other fund sources for the State University System which do 23 not carry a continuing commitment on future appropriations are hereby appropriated for the purpose received. 24

25 (4) The Office of the Comptroller and the Executive
26 Office of the Governor, in consultation with the Office of the
27 Treasurer and the Office of the Auditor General, shall develop
28 and maintain a means to ensure the compatibility of the
29 Florida Accounting Information Resource Subsystem and the
30 Federal Aid Tracking System. Any successive systems serving
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identical or similar functions shall preserve such 1 2 compatibility. 3 Section 29. Section 216.216, Florida Statutes, is 4 created to read: 5 216.216 Court settlement funds negotiated by the 6 state.--In any court settlement in which a state agency or 7 officer or any other counsel representing the interests of the 8 state negotiates settlement amounts to be expended on any 9 state operational or fixed capital issue in the judicial branch or the executive branch, such funds may not be expended 10 unless appropriated by the Legislature to the appropriate 11 12 agency responsible for the operational or fixed capital issue. When a state agency or officer settles an action in which the 13 14 state will receive moneys, the funds shall be placed in the General Revenue Fund or in the trust fund that is associated 15 16 with the agency's or officer's authority to pursue the legal 17 action. The provisions of this section are subject to the 18 notice and review procedures set forth in s. 216.177. 19 Section 30. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 20 216.221, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 21 216.221 Appropriations as maximum appropriations; 22 adjustment of budgets to avoid or eliminate deficits .--23 (2) The Legislature may shall annually provide direction in the General Appropriations Act regarding use of 24 25 the Budget Stabilization Fund and Working Capital Fund to 26 offset General Revenue Fund deficits. (6) If the Revenue Estimating Conference projects a 27 28 deficit in the General Revenue Fund in excess of 1.5 percent 29 of the moneys appropriated from the General Revenue Fund \$300 million during a fiscal year or when the cumulative total of a 30 series of projected deficits in the General Revenue Fund 31 82

exceeds 1.5 percent of the moneys appropriated from the 1 2 General Revenue Fund\$300 million, the deficit shall be 3 resolved by the Legislature. 4 Section 31. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 5 216.251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 216.251 Salary appropriations; limitations.--7 (2)(a) The salary for each position not specifically 8 indicated in the appropriations acts shall be as provided in 9 one of the following subparagraphs: 1. Within the classification and pay plans provided 10 for in chapter 110. 11 12 2. Within the classification and pay plans established by the Board of Trustees for the Florida School for the Deaf 13 14 and the Blind of the Department of Education and approved by the State Board of Education for academic and academic 15 administrative personnel. 16 17 3. Within the classification and pay plan approved and administered by the Board of Regents for those positions in 18 19 the State University System. Within the classification and pay plan approved by 20 4. the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 21 22 Representatives, or by the Legislative Auditing Committee, as 23 the case may be, for employees of the Legislature. 5. Within the approved classification and pay plan for 24 25 the judicial branch. 26 6. The salary of all positions not specifically 27 included in this subsection shall be set by the commission or by the Chief Justice for the judicial branch. 28 29 Section 32. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (f) of subsection (1) of section 216.262, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 30 216.262 Authorized positions.--31 83

1	(1)(a) Unless otherwise expressly provided by law, the
2	total number of authorized positions may not exceed the total
3	provided in the appropriations acts. In the event any state
4	agency or entity of the judicial branch finds that the number
5	of positions so provided is not sufficient to administer its
6	authorized programs, it may file an application with the
7	Executive Office of the Governor or the Chief Justice; and, if
8	the office or Chief Justice certifies that there are no
9	authorized positions available for addition, deletion, or
10	transfer within the agency as provided in paragraph (c) and
11	recommends an increase in the number of positions, the
12	<u>Governor</u> commission or the Chief Justice may, after a public
13	hearing, authorize an increase in the number of positions for
14	the following reasons only:
15	1. To implement or provide for continuing federal
16	grants or changes in grants not previously anticipated;
17	2. To meet emergencies pursuant to s. 252.36;
18	3. To satisfy new federal regulations or changes
19	therein;
20	4. To take advantage of opportunities to reduce
21	operating expenditures or to increase the revenues of the
22	state or local government; and
23	5. To authorize positions which were not fixed by the
24	Legislature through error in drafting the appropriations acts.
25	
26	The provisions of this paragraph are subject to the notice and
27	review procedures set forth in s. 216.177. A copy of the
28	application, the certification, and the final authorization
29	shall be filed with the Legislative Budget Commission, the
30	appropriations committees and with the Auditor General.
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The Governor Administration Commission and the 1 (b) 2 Chief Justice may, after a public hearing, delete supervisory 3 or managerial positions within a department and establish 4 direct service delivery positions in excess of the number of 5 supervisory or managerial positions deleted. The salary rate 6 for all positions authorized under this paragraph may not 7 exceed the salary rate for all positions deleted under this 8 paragraph. Positions affected by changes made under this 9 paragraph may be funded only from identical funding sources. (f) Perquisites may not be furnished by a state agency 10 or by the judicial branch unless approved by the Department of 11 12 Management Services, or otherwise delegated to the agency head, or by the Chief Justice, respectively, during each 13 14 fiscal year. Whenever a state agency or the judicial branch is 15 to furnish perquisites, the Department of Management Services or the agency head to which the approval has been delegated or 16 17 the Chief Justice, respectively, must approve the kind and 18 monetary value of such perquisites before they may be 19 furnished. Perquisites may be furnished only when in the best 20 interest of the state due to the exceptional or unique requirements of the position. The value of a perquisite may 21 not be used to compute an employee's base rate of pay or 22 23 regular rate of pay unless required by the Fair Labor Standards Act. Permissible perquisites include, but are not 24 25 limited to, moving expenses, clothing, use of vehicles and 26 other transportation, domestic services, groundskeeping 27 services, telephone services, medical services, housing, utilities, and meals. The Department of Management Services 28 29 may adopt uniform rules applicable to the executive branch agencies to implement its responsibilities under this 30 paragraph, which rules may specify additional perquisites, 31

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establish additional criteria for each kind of perquisite, 1 provide the procedure to be used by executive agencies in 2 applying for approvals, and establish the required 3 4 justification. As used in this section, the term "perquisites" 5 means those things, or the use thereof, or services of a kind 6 that confer on the officers or employees receiving them some 7 benefit that is in the nature of additional compensation, or that reduce to some extent the normal personal expenses of the 8 officer or employee receiving them. The term includes, but is 9 10 not limited to, such things as quarters, subsistence, utilities, laundry services, medical service, use of 11 12 state-owned vehicles for other than state purposes, and 13 servants paid by the state. 14 Section 33. Subsection (1) of section 216.271, Florida 15 Statutes, is amended to read: 216.271 Revolving funds.--16 17 (1) No revolving fund may be established or increased in amount pursuant to s. 18.101(2), unless approved by the 18 19 Comptroller. The purpose and uses of a revolving fund may not 20 be changed without the prior approval of the Comptroller. As used in this section, the term "revolving fund" means a cash 21 fund maintained within or outside the State Treasury and 22 23 established from an appropriation, to be used by an agency or 24 the judicial branch in making authorized expenditures. 25 Section 34. Section 216.292, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 216.292 Appropriations nontransferable; exceptions.--27 (1)(a) Funds provided in the General Appropriations 28 29 Act or as otherwise expressly provided by law shall be expended only for the purpose for which appropriated, except 30 that if deemed necessary such moneys may be transferred as 31 86

1 provided in subsections (3) and,(4), and (5)when it is 2 determined to be in the best interest of the state. 3 Appropriations for fixed capital outlay may not be expended 4 for any other purpose, and appropriations may not be 5 transferred between state agencies, or between a state agency 6 and the judicial branch, unless specifically authorized by 7 law.

8 (b) For the 1998-1999 fiscal year only, The Department 9 of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Health Care 10 Administration may transfer general revenue funds as necessary 11 to comply with any provision of the General Appropriations Act 12 that requires or specifically authorizes the transfer of 13 general revenue funds between these two agencies. This 14 paragraph is repealed on July 1, 1999.

15 (2) A lump sum appropriated for a performance-based program must be distributed by the Governor for state agencies 16 17 or the Chief Justice for the judicial branch into the 18 traditional expenditure categories in accordance with s. 19 216.181(6)(b)s. 216.181(5)(b). At any time during the year, the agency head or Chief Justice may transfer funds between 20 those categories with no limit on the amount of the transfer. 21 Authorized revisions of the original approved operating 22 budget, together with related changes, if any, must be 23 transmitted by the state agency or by the judicial branch to 24 the Executive Office of the Governor or the Chief Justice, the 25 26 chair of the Legislative Budget Commission, the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees, the Office of Program 27 Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, and the Auditor 28 29 General. Such authorized revisions shall be consistent with the intent of the approved operating budget, shall be 30 consistent with legislative policy and intent, and shall not 31

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conflict with specific spending policies specified in the 1 2 General Appropriations Act. The Executive Office of the 3 Governor shall forward a copy of the revisions within 7 4 working days to the Comptroller for entry in his or her 5 records in the manner and format prescribed by the Executive 6 Office of the Governor in consultation with the Comptroller. 7 Such authorized revisions shall be consistent with the intent of the approved operating budget, shall be consistent with 8 9 legislative policy and intent, and shall not conflict with specific spending policies specified in the General 10 Appropriations Act. Additionally, subsection (3) shall not 11 12 apply to programs operating under performance-based program budgeting where a lump sum was appropriated. 13

14 (3) The head of each department or the Chief Justice
15 of the Supreme Court, whenever it is deemed necessary by
16 reason of changed conditions, may transfer appropriations
17 funded from identical funding sources, except appropriations
18 for fixed capital outlay, and transfer the amounts included
19 within the total original approved budget and releases as
20 furnished pursuant to ss. 216.181 and 216.192, as follows:

(a) Between categories of appropriations within a budget entity, if no category of appropriation is increased or decreased by more than 5 percent of the original approved budget or<u>\$150,000</u>\$25,000, whichever is greater, by all action taken under this subsection.

(b) Additionally, between budget entities within identical categories of appropriations, if no category of appropriation is increased or decreased by more than 5 percent of the original approved budget or<u>\$150,000</u>\$25,000, whichever is greater, by all action taken under this subsection.

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(c) Such authorized revisions must be consistent with 1 2 the intent of the approved operating budget, must be consistent with legislative policy and intent, and must not 3 4 conflict with specific spending policies specified in the 5 General Appropriations Act. 6 7 Such authorized revisions, together with related changes, if 8 any, in the plan for release of appropriations, shall be 9 transmitted by the state agency or by the judicial branch to the Comptroller for entry in the Comptroller's records in the 10 manner and format prescribed by the Executive Office of the 11 12 Governor in consultation with the Comptroller. A copy of such revision shall be furnished to the Executive Office of the 13 14 Governor or the Chief Justice, the chair of the Legislative 15 Budget Commission, the chairs of the legislative committees, and the Auditor General. 16 17 (4)(a) The head of each department or the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may transfer funds within 18 19 programs identified in the General Appropriations Act from 20 identical funding sources between the following appropriation categories without limitation so long as such a transfer does 21 not result in an increase to the total recurring general 22 23 revenue or trust fund cost of the agency or entity of the judicial branch in the subsequent fiscal year: other personal 24 services, expenses, operating capital outlay, 25 26 performance-based program budgeting lump sums, acquisition of 27 motor vehicles, data processing services, operating and maintenance of patrol vehicles, overtime payments, salary 28 incentive payments, compensation to retired judges, law 29 libraries, and juror and witness payments. Such transfers must 30 be consistent with legislative policy and intent and must not 31 89

adversely affect achievement of approved performance outcomes 1 or outputs in any program. Notice of proposed transfers under 2 3 this authority shall be provided to the Executive Office of 4 the Governor and the chairs of the legislative appropriations 5 committees at least 5 working days prior to their 6 implementation. 7 The head of each department or the Chief Justice (b) of the Supreme Court may transfer funds from identical funding 8 9 sources between salaries and benefits appropriation categories within programs identified in the General Appropriations Act. 10 Such transfers must be consistent with legislative policy and 11 12 intent and must not adversely affect achievement of approved 13 performance outcomes or outputs in any program. Notice of 14 proposed transfers under this authority shall be provided to the Executive Office of the Governor and the chairs of the 15 legislative appropriations committees at least 5 working days 16 17 prior to their implementation. 18 (4) The head of each department or the Chief Justice 19 of the Supreme Court, whenever it is deemed necessary by reason of changed conditions, may transfer funds, positions, 20 and salary rate within and between program budget entities 21 22 with performance-based program appropriations as defined in s. 23 216.011(1)(xx). Such transfers may include appropriations from 24 any operating category, except appropriations for fixed capital outlay. However, the total program funds, positions, 25 26 and salary rate shall not be increased or decreased by more than 5 percent by all action taken under this section. 27 28 Authorized revisions of the original approved operating 29 budget, together with related changes, if any, must be transmitted by the state agency or by the judicial branch to 30 the Executive Office of the Governor or the Chief Justice, the 31 90

chairs of the legislative appropriations committees, the 1 Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 2 Accountability, and the Auditor General. Such authorized 3 4 revisions shall be consistent with legislative policy and 5 intent and shall not conflict with specific spending policies specified in the General Appropriations Act. The Executive 6 7 Office of the Governor shall forward a copy of the revisions within 7 working days to the Comptroller for entry in his or 8 9 her records in the manner and format prescribed by the Executive Office of the Governor in consultation with the 10 Comptroller. 11

12 (5)(a) Transfers of appropriations for operations from the General Revenue Fund in excess of those provided in 13 14 subsections (3) and (4) but within a state agency or within 15 the judicial branch may be authorized by the commission for the executive branch and the Chief Justice for the judicial 16 17 branch, pursuant to the request of the agency filed with the Executive Office of the Governor, or pursuant to the request 18 19 of an entity of the judicial branch filed with the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, if deemed necessary and in the 20 best interest of the state and consistent with legislative 21 22 policy and intent. The provisions of this paragraph are 23 subject to the notice, review, and objection procedures set forth in s. 216.177. 24

(b) When an appropriation for a named fixed capital outlay project is found to be in excess of that needed to complete that project, at the request of the Executive Office of the Governor for state agencies or the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for the judicial branch the excess may be transferred, with the approval of the commission or the Chief Justice, to another project for which there has been an

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appropriation in the same fiscal year from the same fund and 1 within the same department where a deficiency is found to 2 exist. Further, a fixed capital outlay project may not be 3 4 initiated without a specific legislative appropriation, nor 5 may the scope of a fixed capital outlay project be changed by 6 the transfer of funds. The provisions of this paragraph are 7 subject to the notice, review, and objection procedures set 8 forth in s. 216.177.

9 (c) Federal funds for fixed capital outlay projects
10 for the Department of Military Affairs which do not carry a
11 continuing commitment on future appropriations by the
12 Legislature may be approved by the Executive Office of the
13 Governor for the purpose received. The provisions of this
14 paragraph are subject to the notice, review, and objection
15 procedures set forth in s. 216.177.

16 (6) Upon request of a department to, and approval by, 17 the Comptroller, funds appropriated may be transferred to 18 accounts established for disbursement purposes upon release of 19 such appropriation. Such transfer may only be made to the 20 same appropriation category and the same funding source from 21 which the funds are transferred.

(7) Any transfers from the Working Capital Fund to the
General Revenue Fund may be approved provided such transfers
were identified or contemplated by the Legislature in the
original approved budget.

(8)(a) Should any state agency or the judicial branch become more than 90 days delinquent on reimbursements due to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund, the Department of Labor and Employment Security shall certify to the Comptroller the amount due; and the Comptroller shall transfer the amount due to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund from any funds

of the agency available. (b) Should any state agency or the 1 2 judicial branch become more than 90 days delinquent in paying 3 the Division of Risk Management of the Department of Insurance 4 for insurance coverage, the Department of Insurance may 5 certify to the Comptroller the amount due; and the Comptroller 6 shall transfer the amount due to the Division of Risk 7 Management from any funds of the agency or the judicial branch 8 available.

9 (9) Moneys appropriated in the General Appropriations 10 Act for the purpose of paying for services provided by the state communications system in the Department of Management 11 12 Services shall be paid by the user agencies, or the judicial branch, within 45 days after the billing date. Billed amounts 13 14 not paid by the user agencies, or by the judicial branch, 15 shall be transferred by the Comptroller from the user agencies to the Communications Working Capital Trust Fund. 16

17 (10) The Comptroller shall report all such transfers 18 and the reasons for such transfers to the legislative 19 appropriations committees <u>and the Executive Office of the</u> 20 Governor.

21 (11) Where any reorganization has been authorized by 22 the Legislature and the necessary adjustments of 23 appropriations and positions have not been provided in the 24 General Appropriations Act, the Legislative Budget Administration Commission may approve, consistent with 25 26 legislative policy and intent, the necessary transfers to 27 accomplish the purposes of such reorganization within state The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may approve 28 agencies. 29 such transfers for the judicial branch. Section 35. Section 216.348, Florida Statutes, is 30 created to read: 31

1 216.348 Fixed capital outlay grants and aids 2 appropriations to certain nonprofit entities.--If a bill 3 appropriating a fixed capital outlay grants and aids 4 appropriation requires compliance with this section, the 5 following conditions shall apply, except to the extent that 6 such bill modifies these conditions: 7 (1) As used in this section, the term: 8 (a) "Administering agency" means the governmental 9 agency or entity which is charged by the bill appropriating the fixed capital outlay grants and aids appropriation to a 10 grantee with administering that appropriation. 11 12 (b) "Grant" means a fixed capital outlay grants and 13 aids appropriation to a nonprofit entity other than a 14 governmental entity. 15 (c) "Grantee" means a nonprofit entity, other than a governmental entity, to which the Legislature has appropriated 16 17 over \$50,000 pursuant to a fixed capital outlay grants and 18 aids appropriation. 19 (2) Prior to the receipt of any grant money from the 20 administering agency, a grantee must provide the administering 21 agency with an affidavit by an officer or director of the 22 grantee certifying under oath that the grantee is a nonprofit 23 entity and must execute a written agreement with the administering agency, in a form approved by the administering 24 25 agency, pursuant to subsection (3). 26 (3)(a) If the grantee is acquiring real property with 27 the grant, or if the grantee owns the real property upon which 28 an improvement is being constructed, renovated, altered, 29 modified, or maintained with the grant, the grantee must 30 execute, deliver, and record in the county in which the subject property is located an agreement that: 31 94

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1	1. States a correct legal description of the real
2	property.
3	2. Sets forth with specificity the buildings,
4	appurtenances, fixtures, fixed equipment, structures,
5	improvements, renovations, and personalty to be purchased
б	pursuant to the grant.
7	3. During the term of the agreement, prohibits the
8	grantee from selling, transferring, mortgaging, or assigning
9	the grantee's interest in the real property, unless the
10	administering agency approves the sale, transfer, mortgage, or
11	assignment; and, in the case of sale, transfer, or assignment,
12	the purchaser, transferor, or assignee must fully assume, in
13	writing, all of the terms and conditions of the agreement
14	required by this subsection. The administering agency may not
15	agree to subordinate a mortgage.
16	(b) If the grantee is not acquiring real property, or
17	does not own the real property being improved, the agreement
18	shall:
19	1. Specify the leasehold or other real property
20	interest the grantee has in the real property.
21	2. State the name of the owner of the real property.
22	3. Describe the relationship between the owner of the
23	real property and the grantee.
24	4. Set forth with specificity the improvements,
25	renovations, and personalty to be purchased pursuant to the
26	grant.
27	5. During the term of the agreement, prohibit the
28	grantee from selling, transferring, mortgaging, or assigning
29	the grantee's interest in the leasehold, improvements,
30	renovations, or personalty, unless the administering agency
31	approves the sale, transfer, mortgage, or assignment; and, in
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the case of sale, transfer, or assignment, the purchaser, 1 transferor, or assignee must fully assume, in writing, all of 2 3 the terms and conditions of the agreement required by this subsection. Additionally, the grantee shall execute and 4 5 deliver a security instrument, financing statement, or other 6 appropriate document securing the interest of the 7 administering agency in the improvements, renovations, and 8 personalty associated with the grant. The administering agency 9 may not subordinate or modify a security interest. (c) All agreements required by this subsection shall: 10 1. Require the grantee to continue the operation, 11 12 maintenance, repair, and administration of the property in accordance with the purposes for which the funds were 13 14 originally appropriated and for the period of time expressly 15 specified by the bill appropriating the grant. If the bill 16 appropriating the grant does not specify a time period, the 17 administering agency shall determine a reasonable period of 18 time. 19 2. Provide that if the grantee fails, during the term 20 of the agreement, to operate, maintain, repair, and administer 21 the property in accordance with the purposes for which the funds were originally granted, the grantee shall return to the 22 23 administering agency, no later than upon demand by the administering agency, an amount calculated as follows: 24 a. If the bill appropriating the grant states a 25 26 specific repayment formula, that formula shall be used; 27 b. If the bill appropriating the grant states a 28 specific period of time but does not specify a repayment 29 formula, the amount to be returned shall be calculated on a 30 pro rata basis for that period of time; or 31 96

1	c. If the bill appropriating the grant does not state
2	a specific period of time or formula, the amount to be
3	returned shall be specified by the administering agency, which
4	shall be no less than the full amount of the grant less
5	\$100,000 or 10 percent of the grant, whichever is more, for
6	each full year for which the property was used for such
7	purposes.
8	
9	The administering agency shall deposit all funds returned by
10	the grantee into the state fund from which the grant was
11	originally made.
12	3. Require that the grantee adopt an accounting
13	system, in compliance with generally accepted accounting
14	principles, which shall provide for a complete record of the
15	use of the grant money. In addition, the provisions of s.
16	216.3491 shall apply.
17	4. Provide that the grantee shall indemnify, defend,
18	and hold the administering agency harmless from and against
19	any and all claims or demands for damages resulting from
20	personal injury, including death or damage to property,
21	arising out of or relating to the subject property or the use
22	of the grant money. The agreement shall require the grantee to
23	purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of directors,
24	officers, and employees of the grantee against any personal
25	liability or accountability by reason of actions taken while
26	acting within the scope of their authority. The administering
27	agency shall be immune from civil or criminal liability
28	resulting from acts or omissions of the grantee and the
29	grantee's agents, employees, or assigns.
30	5. Require the grantee to return any portion of the
31	grant money received that is not necessary to the purchase of
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the land, or to the cost of the improvements, renovations, and 1 2 personalty, for which the grant was awarded. 3 (d) The administering agency may: 1. Require that, during any term or period of 4 5 construction, or until such time as the grant money is fully 6 and properly spent according to the bill appropriating the 7 grant, the grantee obtain a blanket fidelity bond, in the 8 amount of the grant, issued by a company authorized and 9 licensed to do business in this state, which will reimburse the administering agency in the event that anyone handling the 10 grant moneys either misappropriates or absconds with the grant 11 12 moneys. All employees handling the grant moneys must be 13 covered by the bond. 14 2. Include any other term or condition the 15 administering agency deems reasonable and necessary for the 16 effective and efficient administration of the grant. 17 3. Modify any condition required by this subsection, 18 provided the administering agency deems that such modification 19 is necessary in order to best effectuate the purpose of the 20 grant and provided the bill appropriating the grant, or 21 applicable law, does not otherwise require. 22 (e) The agreement must provide that the administering 23 agency shall execute a satisfaction of the agreement in recordable form upon full compliance by the grantee with the 24 25 terms of the agreement. 26 Section 36. Subsection (11) is added to section 11.45, Florida Statutes, to read: 27 11.45 Definitions; duties; audits; reports.--28 29 (11) In addition to any other provision of law 30 granting access to records and accounts, the Auditor General may, pursuant to his or her own authority granted in this 31 98

subsection or at the direction of the Legislative Auditing 1 2 Committee, conduct audits of any direct-support organization 3 or citizen-support organization authorized by law. Independent 4 audits of direct-support organizations and citizen-support 5 organizations conducted by certified public accountants shall 6 be performed in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor 7 General. 8 Section 37. Section 11.90, Florida Statutes, is 9 created to read: 11.90 Legislative Budgeting Commission .--10 (1) There is created a standing joint committee of the 11 12 Legislature designated the Legislative Budgeting Commission, composed of 14 members as follows: 7 members of the Senate 13 14 appointed by the President of the Senate, to include the 15 Chairman of the Senate Budget Committee or its successor, and 7 members of the House of Representatives appointed by the 16 17 Speaker of the House of Representatives, to include the Chairman of the Fiscal Responsibility Council or its 18 19 successor. The terms of members shall be for 2 years and shall 20 run from the organization of one Legislature to the 21 organization of the next Legislature. Vacancies occurring during the interim period shall be filled in the same manner 22 23 as the original appointment. The members of the committee shall elect a chair and vice chair. During the 2-year term, a 24 25 member of each house shall serve as chair for 1 year. 26 (2) The Legislative Budget Commission shall be 27 governed by joint rules of the Senate and the House of 28 Representatives which shall remain in effect until repealed or 29 amended by concurrent resolution. 30 (3) The commission shall meet at least quarterly and more frequently at the direction of the presiding officers or 31 99

upon call of the chairman. A quorum shall consist of a 1 2 majority of members from each house, plus one additional 3 member from either house. Action by the commission requires a 4 majority vote of the members present of each house. 5 (4) The commission may conduct its meetings through 6 teleconferences or other similar means. 7 The commission will be jointly staffed by the (5) 8 appropriations committees of the House of Representatives and 9 the Senate. During even-numbered years, the Senate will serve as lead staff, and during odd-numbered years, the House of 10 Representatives will serve as lead staff. 11 12 Section 38. Subsection (2) of section 120.65, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 120.65 Administrative law judges.--(2) The director has the right to appeal actions by 15 16 the Executive Office of the Governor that affect amendments to the division's approved operating budget or any personnel 17 18 actions pursuant to chapter 216 to the Administration 19 Commission, which shall decide such issue by majority vote. The appropriations committees may advise the Administration 20 Commission on the issue. If the President of the Senate and 21 the Speaker of the House of Representatives object in writing 22 23 to the effects of the appeal, the appeal may be affirmed by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the commission members 24 present. The failure of the Executive Office of the Governor 25 26 to act on a request for action by the director within 21 days 27 after receiving a written request constitutes approval of the 28 request. 29 Section 39. Subsection (3) of section 121.031, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31 100

121.031 Administration of system; appropriation; 1 2 oaths; actuarial studies; public records.--3 (3) The administrator shall cause an actuarial study 4 of the system to be made at least once every 2 years and shall 5 report the results of such study to the Legislature by 6 February 1 prior to the next legislative session. 7 (a) The study shall, at a minimum, conform to the 8 requirements of s. 112.63, with the following exceptions and 9 additions: (a)1. The valuation of plan assets shall be based on a 10 5-year averaging methodology such as that specified in the 11 12 United States Department of Treasury Regulations, 26 C.F.R. s. 1.412(c)(2)-1, or a similar accepted approach designed to 13 14 attenuate fluctuations in asset values. 15 (b)2. The study shall include a narrative explaining the changes in the covered group over the period between 16 17 actuarial valuations and the impact of those changes on actuarial results. 18 19 (c) 3. When substantial changes in actuarial 20 assumptions have been made, the study shall reflect the results of an actuarial assumption as of the current date 21 22 based on the assumptions utilized in the prior actuarial 23 report. (d) 4. The study shall include an analysis of the 24 changes in actuarial valuation results by the factors 25 26 generating those changes. Such analysis shall reconcile the current actuarial valuation results with those results from 27 the prior valuation. 28 29 (e) 5. The study shall include measures of funding status and funding progress designed to facilitate the 30 assessment of trends over several actuarial valuations with 31 101 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. respect to the overall solvency of the system. Such measures
 shall be adopted by the division and shall be used
 consistently in all actuarial valuations performed on the
 system.

5 (b) The Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumption 6 Conference which is hereby created shall by consensus develop 7 official information with respect to the economic and noneconomic assumptions and funding methods of the Florida 8 9 Retirement System necessary to perform the study. Such information shall include: an analysis of the actuarial 10 assumptions and actuarial methods and a determination of 11 12 whether changes to the assumptions or methods need to be made 13 due to experience changes or revised future forecasts. The 14 members of the conference shall include the Executive Office of the Governor, the coordinator of the Office of Economic and 15 16 Demographic Research, and professional staff of the Senate and 17 House of Representatives who have forecasting expertise, or their designees. The Executive Office of the Governor shall 18 19 have the responsibility of presiding over the sessions of the conference. The State Board of Administration and the 20 Division of Retirement shall be participants, as defined in s. 21 216.134, in the conference. 22 23 Section 40. Subsection (2) of section 186.002, Florida 24 Statutes, is amended to read: 186.002 Findings and intent.--25 26 It is the intent of the Legislature that: (2) 27 (a) The state planning process provide direction for the delivery of governmental services, a means for defining 28 29 and achieving the specific goals and objectives of the state, and a method for evaluating the accomplishment of those goals 30 and objectives. 31 102

(b) The state comprehensive plan shall provide basic 1 2 policy direction to all levels of government regarding the 3 orderly social, economic, and physical growth of the state. 4 (c) Long-range program State agency strategic plans 5 shall be effectively coordinated to ensure the establishment 6 of appropriate agency priorities and facilitate the orderly, 7 positive management of agency activities consistent with the 8 public interest. It is also intended that the implementation 9 of state and regional plans enhance the quality of life of the citizens of the state. 10 The state planning process shall be informed and 11 (d) 12 guided by the experience of public officials at all levels of 13 government. In preparing any plans or proposed revisions or 14 amendments required by this chapter, the Governor shall 15 consider the experience of and information provided by local 16 governments in their evaluation and appraisal reports pursuant 17 to s. 163.3191. 18 (e) All agencies and levels of government involved in 19 the integrated planning process shall provide sufficient opportunities for meaningful public participation in the 20 preparation, implementation, evaluation, and revision of all 21 22 plans and programs. 23 Section 41. Section 186.003, Florida Statutes, is 24 amended to read: 25 186.003 Definitions.--As used in ss. 186.001-186.031 26 and 186.801-186.901, the term: "Executive Office of the Governor" means the 27 (1)Office of Planning and Budgeting of the Executive Office of 28 29 the Governor. (2) "Goal" means the long-term end toward which 30 programs and activities are ultimately directed. 31 103 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 "Objective" means a specific, measurable, (3) 2 intermediate end that is achievable and marks progress toward 3 a goal. 4 (4) "Policy" means the way in which programs and 5 activities are conducted to achieve an identified goal. 6 "Regional planning agency" means the regional (5) 7 planning council created pursuant to ss. 186.501-186.515 to 8 exercise responsibilities under ss. 186.001-186.031 and 9 186.801-186.901 in a particular region of the state. "State agency" or "agency" means any official, 10 (6) officer, commission, board, authority, council, committee, or 11 12 department of the executive branch of state government. For purposes of this chapter, "state agency" or "agency" includes 13 14 state attorneys, public defenders, the Capital Collateral Regional Counsels, the Justice Administrative Commission, and 15 the Public Service Commission.each executive department, the 16 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the Parole 17 18 Commission, and the Department of Military Affairs. 19 (7) "State agency strategic plan" means the statement 20 of priority directions that an agency will take to carry out 21 its mission within the context of the state comprehensive plan 22 and within the context of any other statutory mandates and authorizations given to the agency, pursuant to ss. 23 186.021 - 186.022.24 25 (7)(8) "State comprehensive plan" means the state 26 planning document required in s. 19, Art. III of the State 27 Constitution and published as ss. 187.101 and 187.201. 28 Section 42. Section 186.021, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read: 30 186.021 Long-range program State agency strategic 31 plans.--Pursuant to s. 216.013, each state agency shall 104 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

develop a long-range program plan on an annual basis. The plan 1 shall provide the framework and context for designing and 2 3 interpreting the agency budget request. The plan will be developed through careful examination and justification of 4 5 agency functions and their associated costs. It shall be used 6 by the agency to implement the state's goals and objectives. 7 Indicators shall be developed to measure service and activity performance. 8 9 (1) A state agency strategic plan shall be a statement of the priority directions an agency will take to carry out 10 11 its mission within the context of the state comprehensive plan and any other statutory mandates and authorizations given to 12 the agency. Each state agency strategic plan must identify 13 14 infrastructure needs, capital improvement needs, and 15 information resources management projects or initiatives that involve more than one agency, that have an outcome that 16 17 impacts another agency, or that exceed \$500,000 in total cost 18 over a 1-year period, except for those projects that are a 19 continuation of hardware or software maintenance or software licensing agreements, or that are for desktop replacement that 20 is similar to the technology currently in use. Each agency 21 strategic plan shall specify those objectives against which 22 will be judged the agency's achievement of its goals and the 23 goals of the state comprehensive plan. The state agency 24 25 strategic plan shall be consistent with and shall further the 26 goals of the state comprehensive plan. 27 (2) A state agency strategic plan shall be developed 28 with a 5-year outlook and shall provide the strategic 29 framework within which an agency's legislative budget request is developed. An agency's budget shall be designed to further 30 the agency's strategic plan. 31 105 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 (3) All amendments, revisions, or updates to a state agency strategic plan shall be prepared in the same manner as 2 3 the original and shall be prepared as needed because of 4 changes in the state comprehensive plan or changes in the 5 statutory authority and responsibility of the agency. 6 (4) The Department of Environmental Protection, with 7 regard to the plan required by s. 373.036, and the state land 8 planning agency, with regard to the plan defined in s. 9 380.031(17), shall prepare revisions to such plans no later than 6 months after the adoption of revisions to the growth 10 management portion of the state comprehensive plan or by June 11 1 of each even-numbered year, whichever is later. 12 (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and 13 14 ss. 186.009 and 186.022, the short-range component of the Florida Transportation Plan and annual performance report 15 developed pursuant to s. 339.155 shall serve as the state 16 agency strategic plan and annual performance report for the 17 18 Department of Transportation. Section 43. Section 186.022, Florida Statutes, is 19 20 amended to read: 21 186.022 Information resource State agency strategic 22 plans; preparation, form, and review .--23 (1) Beginning in 1992, 3 months prior to the annual submission of its final agency legislative budget request 24 25 pursuant to s. 216.023(1), each state agency shall prepare and submit its agency strategic plan to the Executive Office of 26 the Governor. Prior to the submission of its agency strategic 27 28 plan to the Governor, each agency shall hold public workshops 29 on the proposed agency strategic plan, and shall allow at least a 21-day period for public comment. At a minimum, 30 adequate public notice must be assured by publication of 31 106

notice of the hearing and comment period in the Florida 1 Administrative Weekly. Public participation must be further 2 3 encouraged through procedures and instructions. 4 (2) Each agency strategic plan must be in a form and 5 manner prescribed in written instructions prepared by the б Executive Office of the Governor after consultation with the 7 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Each agency strategic plan must identify the 8 9 specific legislative authority necessary to implement the provisions of the plan. An agency may only implement those 10 portions of its strategic plan that are consistent with 11 existing statutory or constitutional authority and for which 12 funding, if needed, is available consistent with the 13 14 provisions of chapter 216. An agency's budget request prescribed in s. 216.023(1) shall identify the financial 15 16 resources necessary to further the provisions of the agency's strategic plan. Performance measures, as defined in s. 216.011 17 and proposed by the agency pursuant to s. 216.0166(1), must be 18 19 consistent with the objectives in the draft agency strategic plan and shall represent 1-year implementation efforts 20 necessary to meet the 5-year agency strategic plan objectives. 21 State agency strategic plans shall be amended by the agency, 22 23 as necessary, to ensure consistency with the legislative actions prior to the effective date of the agency strategic 24 25 plan. 26 (3) The Executive Office of the Governor shall review 27 the state agency strategic plans to ensure that they are 28 consistent with the state comprehensive plan and other 29 requirements as specified in the written instructions. In its 30 review, the Executive Office of the Governor shall consider 31 107

all comments received in formulating required revisions. This 1 shall include: 2 3 (a) The findings of the Technology Review Workgroup as 4 to the consistency of the information resources management 5 portion of agency strategic plans with the State Annual Report 6 on Information Resources Management and statewide policies 7 recommended by the State Technology Council; and 8 (b) The findings and recommendations of the Criminal 9 and Juvenile Justice Information Systems Council's review with respect to public safety system strategic information 10 11 resources management issues. 12 13 Within 60 days, reviewed plans shall be returned to the 14 agency, together with any required revisions. However, any required revisions relating to information resources 15 16 management needs identified in the agency strategic plans are subject to the notice and review procedures set forth in s. 17 216.177 and must be approved by the Administration Commission 18 for the executive branch and the Chief Justice for the 19 20 judicial branch. 21 (4) The state agency shall, within 30 days of the 22 return of its state agency strategic plan, incorporate all revisions required by the Governor, or shall petition the 23 Administration Commission to resolve any disputes regarding 24 25 the consistency of the state agency strategic plan or the 26 revisions recommended by the Governor with the state comprehensive plan or the written instructions. The 27 28 Administration Commission shall resolve any disputes within 60 29 days of the petition. 30 31 108

(5) Any differences between state agencies regarding 1 the programs, policies, or strategic plans of such agencies 2 shall be mediated by the Executive Office of the Governor. 3 4 (6) Each agency shall transmit copies of its strategic 5 plan and all written comments on its plan to the President of 6 the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives not 7 later than 30 days prior to the next regular session of the 8 Legislature. 9 (7) Agency strategic plans developed pursuant to this chapter are not rules and therefore are not subject to the 10 11 provisions of chapter 120. 12 (8) Each agency shall submit by September 1 of each year an annual performance report to the Executive Office of 13 14 the Governor, with copies to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Auditor General, 15 16 and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability. The purpose of this report is to evaluate the 17 attainment of the agency objectives in the agency strategic 18 19 plan and the performance measures approved by the Legislature 20 pursuant to s. 216.0166(3) and established in the General Appropriations Act or implementing legislation for the General 21 Appropriations Act for the previous fiscal year. In addition, 22 23 each state agency must include a one-page summary of all moneys that were expended or encumbered by the agency, or for 24 which the agency was otherwise responsible, during the 25 26 preceding fiscal year and an estimate of such moneys projected by the agency for the current fiscal year. All such 27 28 expenditures and estimates of such expenditures must be 29 divided by program and expressed in line items by unit costs for each output measure approved pursuant to s. 216.0166(3) 30 for those agencies and programs operating under 31 109

performance-based program budgeting and for major services and 1 products for those agencies and programs operating under 2 traditional line-item budgeting. Unit cost totals must equal 3 4 the total amount of moneys that were expended or projected to 5 be expended by each agency and must include expenditures or projected expenditures of state funds by subordinate 6 7 governmental entities and contractors, as applicable. Moneys 8 that agencies receive but are not responsible for, such as 9 reversions or pass-throughs to entities over which the agency has no authority or responsibility, shall be shown in separate 10 line items and expressed in total amounts only. At the regular 11 12 session immediately following the submission of the agency performance report, the Legislature shall reduce in the 13 14 General Appropriations Act for the ensuing fiscal year, by an amount equal to at least 10 percent of the allocation for the 15 fiscal year preceding the current fiscal year, the funding of 16 each state agency that fails to submit the report required by 17 18 this subsection. All reports must be submitted in the form and 19 manner prescribed by the instructions prepared pursuant to subsection (2) and s. 216.0235(3). 20 21 (9) By June March 1 of each year, the Geographic Information Board, the Financial Management Information Board, 22 the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Systems Council, 23 and the Health Information Systems Council shall each develop 24 and submit an information resource $\frac{1}{2}$ strategic plan to the 25 26 Executive Office of the Governor in a form and manner 27 prescribed in written instructions prepared by the Executive 28 Office of the Governor in consultation with the legislative 29 appropriation committees. The Executive Office of the Governor shall review the strategic plan and may provide comments 30 within 30 days. In its review, the Executive Office of the 31 110

Governor shall consider all comments and findings of the 1 2 Technology Review Workgroup as to whether the plan is 3 consistent with the State Annual Report on Information 4 Resources Management and statewide policies recommended by the 5 State Technology Council. If revisions are required, boards 6 and councils have 30 days to incorporate those revisions and 7 return the plan to the Executive Office of the Governor. 8 following the general statutory requirements that are 9 applicable to agencies pursuant to s. 186.021(1), (2), and 10 (3). The strategic plan shall be subject to the requirements, and the review and approval processes, set forth in 11 12 subsections (2) through (8), with the following exceptions: (a) The Executive Office of the Governor, after 13 14 consultation with the President of the Senate and the Speaker 15 of the House of Representatives, may prescribe a specific format and content for the strategic plans of coordinating 16 17 boards and councils. 18 (b) The time periods for review and return of any 19 required strategic plan revisions, incorporation of such revisions by the boards or councils, and resolution of 20 disputes shall be established by the Executive Office of the 21 Governor, after consultation with the President of the Senate 22 23 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Section 44. Subsection (1) of section 186.901, Florida 24 Statutes, is amended to read: 25 26 186.901 Population census determination .--(1) The Office of Economic and Demographic Research 27 shall annually provide to the Executive Office of the 28 29 Governor, either through its own resources or by contract, shall produce population estimates of local governmental units 30 as of April 1 of each year, utilizing accepted statistical 31 111 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

practices. The population of local governments provided by the 1 Office of Economic and Demographic Research, as determined by 2 3 the Executive Office of the Governor, shall apply to any 4 revenue-sharing formula with local governments under the 5 provisions of ss. 218.20-218.26, part II of chapter 218. The 6 Office of Economic and Demographic Research shall additionally 7 provide the Executive Office of the Governor population 8 estimates for municipal annexations or consolidations 9 occurring during the period April 1 through February 28, and the Executive Office of the Governor shall determine the 10 population count of the annexed areas as of April 1 and 11 12 include these estimates such in its certification to the Department of Revenue for the annual revenue-sharing 13 14 calculation. Section 45. Section 215.18, Florida Statutes, is 15 16 amended to read: 215.18 Transfers between funds; limitation.--Whenever 17 there exists in any fund provided for by s. 215.32 a 18 19 deficiency which would render such fund insufficient to meet its just requirements, and there shall exist in the other 20 funds in the State Treasury moneys which are for the time 21 being or otherwise in excess of the amounts necessary to meet 22 23 the just requirements of such last-mentioned funds, the Administration Commission, with the concurrence of the 24 Governor, may order a temporary transfer of moneys from one 25 26 fund to another in order to meet temporary deficiencies in a 27 particular fund without resorting to the necessity of borrowing money and paying interest thereon. The fund from 28 29 which any money is temporarily transferred shall be repaid the amount transferred from it not later than the end of the 30 fiscal year in which such transfer is made, the date of 31

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repayment to be specified in the order of the Governor 1 2 Administration Commission. 3 Section 46. Subsection (1) of section 215.22, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 215.22 Certain income and certain trust funds 6 exempt. --7 (1) The following income of a revenue nature or the 8 following trust funds shall be exempt from the deduction 9 required by s. 215.20(1): Student financial aid or prepaid tuition receipts. 10 (a) (b) Trust funds administered by the Department of the 11 12 Lottery. (c) Departmental administrative assessments for 13 14 administrative divisions. 15 (d) Funds charged by a state agency for services provided to another state agency, by a state agency for 16 17 services provided to the judicial branch, or by the judicial 18 branch for services provided to a state agency. 19 (e) State, agency, or political subdivision 20 investments by the Treasurer. 21 (f) Retirement or employee benefit funds. 22 (g) Self-insurance programs administered by the 23 Treasurer. (h) Funds held for the payment of citrus canker 24 25 eradication and compensation. 26 (i) Medicaid, Medicare, or third-party receipts for client custodial care. 27 28 (j) Bond proceeds or revenues dedicated for bond 29 repayment, except for the Documentary Stamp Clearing Trust 30 Fund administered by the Department of Revenue. 31 113 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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(k) Trust funds administered by the Department of 1 Education. 2 3 Trust funds administered by the Department of (1) 4 Transportation. Trust funds administered by the Department of 5 (m) 6 Agriculture and Consumer Services. 7 The Motor Vehicle License Clearing Trust Fund. (n) 8 The Solid Waste Management Trust Fund. (0) 9 The Coconut Grove Playhouse Trust Fund. (p) The Communications Working Capital Trust Fund of 10 (q) 11 the Department of Management Services. 12 (r) The Camp Blanding Management Trust Fund. The Indigent Criminal Defense Trust Fund. 13 (s) 14 (t) That portion of the Highway Safety Operating Trust 15 Fund funded by the motorcycle safety education fee collected 16 pursuant to s. 320.08(1)(d). 17 (u) The Save the Manatee Trust Fund. 18 (v) Tobacco Settlement Trust Funds administered by any 19 agency. 20 Section 47. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 21 215.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 215.32 State funds; segregation.--22 23 (2) The source and use of each of these funds shall be as follows: 24 25 (b)1. The trust funds shall consist of moneys received 26 by the state which under law or under trust agreement are 27 segregated for a purpose authorized by law. The state agency or branch of state government receiving or collecting such 28 29 moneys shall be responsible for their proper expenditure as provided by law. Upon the request of the state agency or 30 branch of state government responsible for the administration 31 114 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. of the trust fund, the Comptroller may establish accounts within the trust fund at a level considered necessary for proper accountability. Once an account is established within a trust fund, the Comptroller may authorize payment from that account only upon determining that there is sufficient cash and releases at the level of the account.

7 In order to maintain a minimum number of trust 2. 8 funds in the State Treasury, each state agency or the judicial 9 branch may consolidate, if permitted under the terms and conditions of their receipt, the trust funds administered by 10 it; provided, however, the agency or judicial branch employs 11 12 effectively a uniform system of accounts sufficient to preserve the integrity of such trust funds; and provided, 13 14 further, that consolidation of trust funds is approved by the 15 Governor Administration Commission or the Chief Justice.

16 3. All such moneys are hereby appropriated to be 17 expended in accordance with the law or trust agreement under 18 which they were received, subject always to the provisions of 19 chapter 216 relating to the appropriation of funds and to the 20 applicable laws relating to the deposit or expenditure of 21 moneys in the State Treasury.

4.a. Notwithstanding any provision of law restricting
the use of trust funds to specific purposes, unappropriated
cash balances from selected trust funds may be authorized by
the Legislature for transfer to the Budget Stabilization Fund
and Working Capital Fund in the General Appropriations Act.

b. This subparagraph does not apply to trust funds
required by federal programs or mandates; trust funds
established for bond covenants, indentures, or resolutions
whose revenues are legally pledged by the state or public body
to meet debt service or other financial requirements of any

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debt obligations of the state or any public body; the State 1 Transportation Trust Fund; the trust fund containing the net 2 3 annual proceeds from the Florida Education Lotteries; the Florida Retirement Trust Fund; trust funds under the 4 5 management of the Board of Regents, where such trust funds are for auxiliary enterprises, self-insurance, and contracts, 6 7 grants, and donations, as those terms are defined by general 8 law; trust funds that serve as clearing funds or accounts for 9 the Comptroller or state agencies; trust funds that account for assets held by the state in a trustee capacity as an agent 10 or fiduciary for individuals, private organizations, or other 11 12 governmental units; and other trust funds authorized by the State Constitution. 13 14 Section 48. Section 215.3208, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 16 215.3208 Trust funds; schedule for termination; 17 legislative review. --18 (1) Except for those trust funds exempt from automatic 19 termination pursuant to the provisions of s. 19(f)(3), Art. III of the State Constitution, trust funds administered by the 20 following entities shall be reviewed and may be terminated or 21 22 re-created by the Legislature, as appropriate, during the 23 regular session of the Legislature in the year indicated: (a) In 1994: 24 25 1. Department of Corrections. 26 2. Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. 27 3. Department of Law Enforcement. 28 Department of Legal Affairs. 4. 29 5. Department of the Lottery. 6. Department of Management Services. 30 31 7. Department of Military Affairs. 116 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	8. Department of Transportation.
2	9. Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission.
3	10. Judicial branch.
4	11. Justice Administrative Commission.
5	12. Parole Commission.
6	(b) In 1995 ÷
7	1. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
8	2. Department of Banking and Finance.
9	3. Department of Citrus.
10	4. Department of Education.
11	5. Department of Environmental Protection.
12	6. Department of Revenue.
13	7. Executive Office of the Governor.
14	8. Florida Public Service Commission.
15	(c) In 1996 :
16	1. Agency for Health Care Administration.
17	2. Commission on Ethics.
18	3. Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
19	4. Department of Children and Family Services.
20	5. Department of Commerce.
21	6. Department of Community Affairs.
22	7. Department of Elderly Affairs.
23	8. Department of Health.
24	9. Department of Insurance.
25	10. Department of Juvenile Justice.
26	11. Department of Labor and Employment Security.
27	12. Department of State.
28	13. Department of Veterans' Affairs.
29	14. Legislative branch.
30	(2) All other trust funds not administered by the
31	entities listed in subsection (1) and not exempt from
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automatic termination pursuant to the provisions of s. 1 19(f)(3), Art. III of the State Constitution shall be reviewed 2 3 and may be terminated or re-created by the Legislature, as 4 appropriate, during the 1996 Regular Session of the 5 Legislature. 6 (1)(3) In order to implement s. 19(f), Art. III of the 7 State Constitution For the purposes of this section, the 8 Legislature shall review all state trust funds at least once 9 every 4 years. The schedule for such review may be included in the legislative budget instructions developed pursuant to the 10 requirements of s. 216.023. The Legislature shall review the 11 12 trust funds as they are identified by a unique 6-digit code in the Florida Accounting Information Resource Subsystem at a 13 14 level composed of the 2-digit organization level 1, the 1-digit state fund type 2, and the first three digits of the 15 16 fund identifier. When a statutorily created trust fund that 17 was in existence on November 4, 1992, has more than one 18 6-digit code, the Legislature may treat it as a single trust 19 fund for the purposes of this section. The Legislature may 20 also conduct its review concerning accounts within such trust 21 funds. 22 (2)(4)(a) When the Legislature terminates a trust 23 fund, the agency or branch of state government that administers the trust fund shall pay any outstanding debts or 24 25 obligations of the trust fund as soon as practicable, and the 26 Comptroller shall close out and remove the trust fund from the 27 various state accounting systems, using generally accepted accounting principles concerning assets, liabilities, and 28 29 warrants outstanding. (b) If the Legislature determines to terminate a trust 30 fund, it may provide for the distribution of moneys in that 31

trust fund. If such a distribution is not provided, the moneys 1 2 remaining after all outstanding obligations of the trust fund 3 are met shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund. 4 Section 49. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section 5 240.209, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 240.209 Board of Regents; powers and duties .--7 (3) The board shall: 8 (f) Establish and maintain systemwide personnel 9 programs for all State University System employees, including a systemwide personnel classification and pay plan, 10 notwithstanding provisions of law that grant authority to the 11 12 Department of Management Services over such programs for state The board shall consult with the legislative 13 employees. 14 appropriations committees regarding any major policy changes related to classification and pay which are in conflict with 15 those policies in effect for career service employees with 16 17 similar job classifications and responsibilities. The board 18 may adopt rules delegating its authority to the Chancellor or 19 the universities. The board shall submit, in a manner 20 prescribed by law, any reports concerning State University 21 System personnel programs as shall be required of the 22 Department of Management Services for other state employees. 23 The Department of Management Services shall retain authority over State University System employees for programs 24 25 established in ss. 110.116, 110.123, 110.1232, 110.1234, 26 110.1235, and 110.1238 and in chapters 121, 122, and 238. The 27 board shall adopt only those rules necessary to provide for a coordinated, efficient systemwide program and shall delegate 28 29 to the universities all authority necessary for implementation of the program consistent with these coordinating rules so 30 adopted and applicable collective bargaining agreements. 31

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Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.181(7), The salary 1 rate controls for positions in budgets under the Board of 2 3 Regents shall separately delineate the general faculty and all 4 other categories. Section 50. Section 240.20941, Florida Statutes, is 5 6 amended to read: 7 240.20941 Vacant faculty positions.--Notwithstanding 8 the provisions of s. 216.181(8) and (9)s. 216.181(7), (8), 9 and (9), and pursuant to the provisions of s. 216.351, actions to reduce positions, rate, or salaries and benefits, excluding 10 salary lapse calculations, taken by the Legislature or, by the 11 12 Executive Office of the Governor, or by the Administration Commission which relate specifically to vacant positions, and 13 14 which are applied on a uniform basis to all state employee 15 positions, may affect the positions within the faculty pay plan approved and administered by the Board of Regents only to 16 17 the extent that they do so by express reference to this 18 section. 19 Section 51. Subsection (1) of section 240.279, Florida 20 Statutes, is amended to read: 21 240.279 Working capital trust funds established .--(1) The Board of Regents, with the approval of the 22 23 Legislative Budget Administration Commission, is hereby authorized to establish in the State Treasury a working 24 25 capital trust fund for each of the individual institutions in 26 the university system for the purpose of providing central financing and cost controls for certain general services 27 necessary to the operation of all departments of the 28 29 respective universities, including the auxiliary enterprises. Section 52. Subsection (2) of section 252.37, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31 120

252.37 Financing.--1 2 (2) It is the legislative intent that the first 3 recourse be made to funds regularly appropriated to state and 4 local agencies. If the Governor finds that the demands placed 5 upon these funds in coping with a particular disaster declared 6 by the Governor as a state of emergency are unreasonably 7 great, she or he may make funds available by transferring and 8 expending moneys appropriated for other purposes, by 9 transferring and expending moneys out of any unappropriated surplus funds, or from the Budget Stabilization Fund or 10 Working Capital Fund. Following the expiration or termination 11 12 of the state of emergency, the Governor may process a budget amendment under the notice and review procedures set forth in 13 14 s. 216.177 to transfer moneys to satisfy the budget authority granted for such emergency. 15 Section 53. Section 288.7091, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 amended to read: 288.7091 Duties of the Florida Black Business 18 19 Investment Board.--The Florida Black Business Investment Board 20 shall: 21 (1) Establish certification criteria for black 22 business investment corporations. Certification criteria shall 23 include administrative capacity, fiduciary controls, and, in the case of existing black business investment corporations, 24 solvency and soundness of prior loan decisions; 25 26 (2) Develop a memorandum of understanding with 27 Enterprise Florida, Inc., that outlines a strategy for 28 collaboration with the programs and boards of Enterprise 29 Florida, Inc.; 30 31 121 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 (3) Include in the criteria for loan decisions, 2 occupational forecasting results set forth in s. 216.136(9)s. 3 216.136(10) which target high growth jobs; 4 (4) Establish, in communities that are not currently 5 served by an existing black business investment corporation, 6 memoranda of understanding with local financial institutions 7 that will provide loan guarantees for loans to black business 8 enterprises; 9 (5) Develop memoranda of understanding with the Departments of Labor and Employment Security, Education, 10 Transportation, and Management Services, as well as the State 11 12 Board of Regents, detailing efforts of common interest and 13 collaborations to expand black business development; 14 (6) Intensify efforts to increase the number of the black business enterprises in construction and 15 construction-related projects, focusing on federal, state, and 16 17 local government financed construction projects; and 18 (7) Annually, prepare a report detailing the 19 performance of each black business investment corporation, addressing the number of jobs created and/or retained, success 20 and failure rates among loan recipients, and the amount of 21 22 funds leveraged from other sources. 23 Section 54. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 320.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 320.20 Disposition of license tax moneys. -- The revenue 25 26 derived from the registration of motor vehicles, including any 27 delinquent fees and excluding those revenues collected and distributed under the provisions of s. 320.081, must be 28 29 distributed monthly, as collected, as follows: (5) 30 31 122 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(b) The State Comptroller each month shall deposit in 1 2 the State Transportation Trust Fund an amount, drawn from 3 other funds in the State Treasury which are not immediately 4 needed or are otherwise in excess of the amount necessary to 5 meet the requirements of the State Treasury, which when added 6 to such remaining revenues each month will equal one-twelfth 7 of the amount of the anticipated annual revenues to be 8 deposited in the State Transportation Trust Fund under 9 paragraph (a) as estimated by the most recent revenue estimating conference held pursuant to s. 216.136(3). 10 The transfers required hereunder may be suspended by action of the 11 12 Legislative Budget Administration Commission in the event of a significant shortfall of state revenues. 13 14 Section 55. Section 337.023, Florida Statutes, is 15 amended to read: 16 337.023 Sale of building; acceptance of replacement 17 building.--Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.292(4)(b) 18 s. 216.292(5)(b), if the department sells a building, the 19 department may accept the construction of a replacement 20 building, in response to a request for proposals, totally or partially in lieu of cash, and may do so without a specific 21 legislative appropriation. Such action is subject to the 22 23 approval of the Executive Office of the Governor, and is subject to the notice, review, and objection procedures under 24 s. 216.177. The replacement building shall be consistent with 25 26 the current and projected needs of the department as agreed 27 upon by the department and the Department of Management 28 Services. 29 Section 56. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 30 339.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 123 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 339.135 Work program; legislative budget request; 2 definitions; preparation, adoption, execution, and 3 amendment. --4 (2) SUBMISSION OF LEGISLATIVE BUDGET REQUEST AND 5 REQUEST FOR LIST OF ADDITIONAL TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS. --6 (a) The department shall file the legislative budget 7 request in the manner required by chapter 216, setting forth 8 the department's proposed revenues and expenditures for 9 operational and fixed capital outlay needs to accomplish the objectives of the department in the ensuing fiscal year. 10 The right-of-way, construction, preliminary engineering, 11 12 maintenance, and all grants and aids programs of the department shall be set forth only in program totals. 13 The 14 legislative budget request must include a balanced 36-month 15 forecast of cash and expenditures and a 5-year finance plan. 16 The legislative budget request shall be amended to conform to 17 the tentative work program. The department may amend its 18 legislative budget request and the tentative work program 19 based on the most recent revenue estimate by the 20 Transportation estimating conference estimate of revenues and 21 the most recent federal aid apportionments. 22 Section 57. Subsection (3) of section 392.69, Florida 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 392.69 Appropriation, sinking, and maintenance trust 24 25 funds; additional powers of the department. --26 (3) In the execution of its public health program 27 functions, notwithstanding s. 216.292(4)(b)s. 216.292(5)(b), 28 the department is hereby authorized to use any sums of money 29 which it may heretofore have saved or which it may hereafter save from its regular operating appropriation, or use any sums 30 of money acquired by gift or grant, or any sums of money it 31 124 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

may acquire by the issuance of revenue certificates of the 1 hospital to match or supplement any state or federal funds, or 2 any moneys received by said department by gift or otherwise, 3 4 for the construction or maintenance of additional facilities 5 or improvement to existing facilities, as the department deems 6 necessary. 7 Section 58. Section 216.3491, Florida Statutes, is 8 transferred, renumbered as section 215.97, Florida Statutes, 9 and amended to read: 10 215.97 216.3491 Florida Single Audit Act.--The purposes of the section are to: 11 (1)12 (a) Establish uniform state audit requirements for state financial assistance provided by state agencies to 13 14 nonstate entities to carry out state projects. 15 (b) Promote sound financial management, including effective internal controls, with respect to state financial 16 17 assistance administered by nonstate entities. 18 (c) Promote audit economy and efficiency by relying to 19 the extent possible on already required audits of federal financial assistance provided to nonstate entities. 20 21 (d) Provide for identification of state financial 22 assistance transactions in the appropriations act, state 23 accounting records, and recipient organization records. (e) Promote improved coordination and cooperation 24 25 within and between affected state agencies providing making 26 state financial assistance awards and nonstate entities 27 receiving state assistance awards. 28 (f) Ensure, to the maximum extent possible, that state 29 agencies monitor, use, and followup on audits of state financial assistance provided to nonstate entities. 30 (2) Definitions; as used in this section, the term: 31 125

"Audit threshold" means the amount to use in 1 (a) 2 determining when a state single audit of a nonstate entity 3 shall be conducted in accordance with this section. Each 4 nonstate entity that expends a total amount of state financial 5 assistance awards equal to or in excess of \$300,000 in any 6 fiscal year of such nonstate entity shall be required to have 7 a state single audit for such fiscal year in accordance with 8 the requirements of this section. Every 2 years the Auditor 9 General, after consulting with the Executive Office of the Governor, the Comptroller, and all state agencies that provide 10 state financial assistance to nonstate entities, shall review 11 12 the amount for requiring audits under this section and may 13 adjust such dollar amount consistent with the purpose of this section. 14

(b) "Auditing standards" means the auditing standards as stated in the rules of the Auditor General as applicable to for-profit organizations, nonprofit organizations, or local governmental entities.

19 (c) "Catalog of State Financial Assistance" means a 20 comprehensive listing of all major state projects and other 21 state projects. The Catalog of State Financial Assistance shall be issued by the Executive Office of the Governor after 22 23 conferring with the Comptroller and all state agencies that provide state financial assistance to nonstate entities. The 24 Catalog of State Financial Assistance shall include for each 25 26 listed state project: the responsible state agency; standard state project number identifier; official title; legal 27 authorization; and description of the state project, including 28 29 objectives, restrictions, application and awarding procedures, and other relevant information determined necessary. 30 31

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"Financial reporting package" means the nonstate 1 (d) 2 entities' financial statements, Schedule of State Financial 3 Assistance, auditor's reports, management letter, auditee's 4 written responses or corrective action plan, correspondence on followup of prior years' corrective actions taken, and such 5 other information determined by the Auditor General to be 6 7 necessary and consistent with the purposes of this section. 8 (e) "Federal financial assistance" means financial 9 assistance from federal sources passed through the state and 10 provided to nonstate entities to carry out a federal program. "Federal financial assistance" includes all types of federal 11 12 assistance as defined in applicable United States Office of Management and Budget circulars. 13 14 (f) "For-profit organization" means any organization 15 or sole proprietor individual that received a state award but 16 is not a local governmental entity or a nonprofit 17 organization. "Independent auditor" means an external state or 18 (q) 19 local government auditor or a certified public accountant who meets the independence standards. 20 21 "Internal control over state projects" means a (h) 22 process, effected by an entity's management and other 23 personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives in the following categories: 24 1. Effectiveness and efficiency of operations. 25 26 2. Reliability of financial operations. 27 3. Compliance with applicable laws and regulations. 28 "Local governmental entity" means a county agency, (i) 29 municipality, or special district or any other entity (other 30 than a district school board or community college), however 31 127 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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styled, which independently exercises any type of governmental
 function.

3 "Major state project" means any state project (j) 4 meeting the criteria as stated in the rules of the Executive 5 Office of the Governor. Such criteria shall be established 6 after consultation with the Comptroller and appropriate state 7 agencies that provide make state financial assistance awards 8 and shall consider the amount of state project expenditures or 9 expenses or inherent risks. Each major state project shall be audited in accordance with the requirements of this section. 10 "Nonprofit organization" means any corporation, 11 (k) 12 trust, association, cooperative, or other organization that: Is operated primarily for scientific, educational 13 1. 14 service, charitable, or similar purpose in the public 15 interest; 16 2. Is not organized primarily for profit; 17 3. Uses net proceeds to maintain, improve, or expand 18 the operations of the organization; and 19 4. Has no part of its income or profit distributable 20 to its members, directors, or officers. 21 "Nonstate entity" means a local governmental (1) entity, nonprofit organization, or for-profit organization 22 23 that receives a state resources award. "Recipient" means a nonstate entity that receives 24 (m) a state financial assistance award directly from a state 25 26 awarding agency. "Schedule of State Financial Assistance" means a 27 (n) document prepared in accordance with the rules of the 28 29 Comptroller and included in each financial reporting package 30 required by this section. 31 128

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2 provided to a nonstate entity to carry out a state project 3 (<u>o)(p)</u> "State awarding agency" means the state age 4 that provided state financial assistance to the nonstate 5 entity for purposes of carrying out a state project. 6 (<u>p)(q)</u> "State financial assistance" means financial 7 assistance from state resources, not including federal 8 financial assistance and state matching, provided to nor 9 entities to carry out a state project. "State financial 10 assistance" includes all types of state assistance as st 11 in the rules of the Executive Office of the Governor 12 established in consultation with the Comptroller and 13 appropriate state agencies that <u>provide state financial</u> 14 <u>assistance make state awards</u> . It includes state <u>financial</u> 15 <u>assistance provided</u> awards made directly by state awards	ency e al nstate cated
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15 <u>assistance provided</u> awards made directly by state awards	<u>11</u>
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16 agencies or indirectly by recipients of state awards or	
17 subrecipients. It does not include procurement contracts	37
18 under state awards, used to buy goods or services from	
19 vendors. Audits of such procurement contracts with vendo	ors are
20 outside of the scope of this section. Also, audits of	
21 contracts to operate state-government-owned and	
22 contractor-operated facilities are excluded from the aud	lit
23 requirements of this section.	
24 <u>(q)(r)</u> "State matching" means state <u>resources</u> awar	:ds
25 provided to nonstate entities to be used to meet federal	L
26 financial participation matching requirements of federal	L
27 programs.	
28 <u>(r)(s)</u> "State project" means all state <u>financial</u>	
29 <u>assistance</u> awards to a nonstate entity assigned a single	e state
30 project number identifier in the Catalog of State Finance	cial
31 Assistance.	
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(s)(t) "State Projects Compliance Supplement" means a 1 2 document issued by the Executive Office of the Governor, in 3 consultation with the Comptroller and all state agencies that 4 provide state financial assistance make state awards. The 5 State Projects Compliance Supplement shall identify each major state project and other state projects, the significant 6 7 compliance requirements, eligibility requirements, matching 8 requirements, suggested audit procedures, and other relevant 9 information determined necessary. (t)(u) "State project-specific audit" means an audit 10 of one state project performed in accordance with the 11 12 requirements of subsection (9)this section. (u)(v) "State single audit" means an audit of a 13 14 nonstate entity's financial statements and state financial assistance awards. Such audits shall be conducted in 15 accordance with the auditing standards as stated in the rules 16 17 of the Auditor General. 18 (v) (w) "Subrecipient" means a nonstate entity that 19 receives a state financial assistance $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ through another nonstate entity, but does not include an individual who 20 21 receives state financial assistance through such state awards. (w)(x) "Vendor" means a dealer, distributor, merchant, 22 23 or other seller providing goods or services that are required for the conduct of a state project. These goods or services 24 may be for an organization's own use or for the use of 25 26 beneficiaries of the state project. (3) The Executive Office of the Governor shall: 27 28 (a) Upon conferring with the Comptroller and all state 29 awarding agencies that make state awards, adopt rules necessary to provide appropriate guidance to state awarding 30 agencies, recipients and subrecipients, and independent 31 130 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

auditors of state financial assistance relating to the 1 requirements of this section, including: 2 3 The types or classes of financial assistance 1. 4 considered to be state financial assistance which would be 5 subject to the requirements of this section. This would 6 include guidance to assist in identifying when the state 7 agency or recipient has contracted with a vendor rather than 8 with a recipient or subrecipient. 9 2. The criteria for identifying a major state project. The criteria for selecting state projects for 10 3. 11 audits based on inherent risk. (b) Be responsible for coordinating the initial 12 preparation and subsequent revisions of the Catalog of State 13 14 Financial Assistance after consultation with the Comptroller and all state awarding agencies that award state financial 15 assistance to nonstate entities. 16 (c) Be responsible for coordinating the initial 17 preparation and subsequent revisions of the State Projects 18 19 Compliance Supplement, after consultation with the Comptroller 20 and all state awarding agencies that award state financial 21 assistance to nonstate entities. 22 (4) The Comptroller shall: 23 (a) Make enhancements to the state's accounting system to provide for the: 24 25 1. Recording of state financial assistance and federal 26 financial assistance appropriations and expenditures as 27 separate categories within the state awarding agencies' operating funds. 28 29 Recording of state project number identifiers, as 2. 30 provided in the Catalog of State Financial Assistance, for state financial assistance awards. 31 131

3. Establishment and recording of an identification 1 2 code for each financial transaction, including state agencies' 3 disbursements awards of state financial assistance and federal financial assistance, as to the corresponding type or 4 5 organization that is party to the transaction (e.g., other governmental agencies, nonprofit organizations, and for-profit 6 7 organizations), and disbursements of federal financial 8 assistance, as to whether the party to the transaction is or 9 is not a recipient or subrecipient. (b) Upon conferring with the Executive Office of the 10 Governor and all state awarding agencies that make state 11 12 awards, adopt rules necessary to provide appropriate guidance to state awarding agencies, recipients and subrecipients, and 13 14 independent auditors of state financial assistance relating to the format for the Schedule of State Financial Assistance. 15 16 (c) Perform any inspections, reviews, investigations, 17 or audits of state financial assistance considered necessary in carrying out the Comptroller's legal responsibilities for 18 19 state financial assistance or to comply with the requirements 20 of this section. 21 (5) Each state awarding agency that makes state awards 22 shall: 23 (a) Provide for each state award to a recipient information needed by the recipient to comply with the 24 requirements of this section, including: 25 26 1. The audit and accountability requirements for state 27 projects as stated in this section and applicable rules of the Executive Office of the Governor, rules of the Comptroller, 28 29 and rules of the Auditor General. 2. Information from the Catalog of State Financial 30 Assistance, including the standard state project number 31 132 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. identifier; official title; legal authorization; and
 description of the state project including objectives,
 restrictions, and other relevant information determined
 necessary.

3. Information from the State Projects Compliance
Supplement, including the significant compliance requirements,
eligibility requirements, matching requirements, suggested
audit procedures, and other relevant information determined
necessary.

10 (b) Require the recipient, as a condition of receiving 11 state financial assistance, to allow the state awarding 12 agency, the Comptroller, and the Auditor General access to the 13 recipient's records and the recipient's independent auditor's 14 working papers as necessary for complying with the 15 requirements of this section.

16 (c) Notify the recipient that this section does not 17 limit the authority of the state awarding agency to conduct or 18 arrange for the conduct of additional audits or evaluations of 19 state financial assistance or limit the authority of any state 20 agency inspector general, the Auditor General, or any other 21 state official.

(d) Be provided one copy of each financial reporting
package prepared in accordance with the requirement of this
section.

(e) Review the recipient financial reporting package, including the management letters and corrective action plans, to the extent necessary to determine whether timely and appropriate corrective action has been taken with respect to audit findings and recommendations pertaining to state financial assistance provided awards made by the state agency.

1 (6) As a condition of receiving state financial 2 assistance, each recipient that provides state financial 3 assistance to a subrecipient shall: 4 (a) Provide for each state award to a subrecipient 5 information needed by the subrecipient to comply with the б requirements of this section, including: 7 Identification of the state awarding agency. 1. 8 2. The audit and accountability requirements for state 9 projects as stated in this section and applicable rules of the Executive Office of the Governor, rules of the Comptroller, 10 11 and rules of the Auditor General. 12 3. Information from the Catalog of State Financial Assistance, including the standard state project number 13 14 identifier; official title; legal authorization; and 15 description of the state project, including objectives, restrictions, and other relevant information. 16 17 4. Information from the State Projects Compliance 18 Supplement including the significant compliance requirements, 19 eligibility requirements, matching requirements, and suggested 20 audit procedures, and other relevant information determined 21 necessary. 22 (b) Review the subrecipient audit reports, including 23 the management letters, to the extent necessary to determine whether timely and appropriate corrective action has been 24 25 taken with respect to audit findings and recommendations 26 pertaining to state financial assistance provided awards made 27 by the state agency. 28 (c) Perform such other procedures as specified in 29 terms and conditions of the written agreement with the state awarding agency including any required monitoring of the 30 subrecipient's use of state financial assistance through 31 134

onsite visits, limited scope audits, or other specified
 procedures.

(d) Require subrecipients, as a condition of receiving state financial assistance, to permit the independent auditor of the recipient, the state awarding agency, the Comptroller, and the Auditor General access to the subrecipient's records and the subrecipient's independent auditor's working papers as necessary to comply with the requirements of this section.

9 (7) Each recipient or subrecipient of state financial assistance shall <u>comply</u> obtain an audit that complies with the following:

12 (a) Each nonstate entity that receives state financial assistance awards and meets audit threshold requirements, in 13 14 any fiscal year of the nonstate entity, as stated in the rules of the Auditor General, shall have a state single audit 15 conducted for such fiscal year in accordance with the 16 requirements of this act and with additional requirements 17 established in rules of the Executive Office of the Governor, 18 19 rules of the Comptroller, and rules of the Auditor General. If only one state project is involved in a nonstate entity's 20 fiscal year, the nonstate entity may elect to have require 21 only a state project-specific compliance audit of the state 22 23 project for that fiscal year.

(b) Each nonstate entity that receives state financial 24 25 assistance awards and does not meet the threshold 26 requirements, in any fiscal year of the nonstate entity, as stated in this law or the rules of the Auditor General is 27 exempt for such fiscal year from the state single audit 28 29 requirements of this section. However, such nonstate entity must meet terms and conditions specified in the written 30 agreement with the state awarding agency. 31

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(c) Regardless of the amount of the state <u>financial</u> <u>assistance</u> award, the provisions of this section do not exempt a nonstate entity from compliance with provisions of law relating to maintaining records concerning state <u>financial</u> <u>assistance</u> awards to such nonstate entity or allowing access and examination of those records by the state awarding agency, the Comptroller, or the Auditor General.

8 (d) Audits conducted pursuant to this section shall be9 performed annually.

(e) Audits conducted pursuant to this section shall be
conducted by independent auditors in accordance with auditing
standards as stated in rules of the Auditor General.

(f) Upon completion of the audit as required by this 13 14 section, a copy of the recipient's financial reporting package 15 shall be filed with the state awarding agency and the Auditor General. Upon completion of the audit as required by this 16 17 section, a copy of the subrecipient's financial reporting package shall be filed with the recipient that provided the 18 19 state financial assistance. The financial reporting package 20 shall be filed in accordance with the rules of the Auditor 21 General.

(g) All financial reporting packages prepared pursuant
to the requirements of this section shall be available for
public inspection.

(h) If an audit conducted pursuant to this section discloses any significant audit findings relating to state financial assistance, including material noncompliance with individual major state project compliance requirements or reportable conditions in internal controls of the nonstate entity, the nonstate entity shall submit as part of the audit package to the state awarding agency a plan for corrective

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action to eliminate such audit findings or a statement 1 2 describing the reasons that corrective action is not 3 necessary. (i) An audit conducted in accordance with this section 4 5 is in addition to any audit of federal awards required by the б federal Single Audit Act and other federal laws and 7 regulations. To the extent that such federally required audits 8 provide the state awarding agency with information it requires 9 to carry out its responsibilities under state law or other 10 guidance, a state agency shall rely upon and use that 11 information. 12 (j) Unless prohibited by law, the cost of audits pursuant to this section are allowable charges to state 13 14 projects. However, any charges to state projects should be 15 limited to those incremental costs incurred as a result of the audit requirements of this section in relation to other audit 16 17 requirements. The nonstate entity should allocate such incremental costs to all state projects for which it expended 18 19 state financial assistance. 20 (k) Audit costs may not be charged to state projects 21 when audits required by this section have not been made or 22 have been made but not in accordance with this section. If a 23 nonstate entity fails to have an audit conducted consistent with this section, state awarding agencies may take 24 25 appropriate corrective action to enforce compliance. 26 (1) (1) (j) This section does not prohibit the state 27 awarding agency from including terms and conditions in the 28 written agreement which require additional assurances that 29 state financial assistance meets awards meet the applicable 30 requirements of laws, regulations, and other compliance rules. 31 137

1 (m) (m) (k) A state awarding agency that provides state 2 financial assistance awards to nonstate entities and conducts 3 or arranges for audits of state financial assistance awards 4 that are in addition to the audits conducted under this act 5 shall, consistent with other applicable law, arrange for 6 funding the full cost of such additional audits. 7 (8) The independent auditor when conducting a state 8 single audit of recipients or subrecipients shall: 9 (a) Determine whether the nonstate entity's financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects in 10 conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. 11 12 (b) Determine whether state financial assistance awards shown on the Schedule of State Financial Assistance is 13 14 are presented fairly in all material respects in relation to 15 the nonstate entity's financial statements taken as a whole. 16 (c) With respect to internal controls pertaining to 17 each major state project: 1. Obtain an understanding of internal controls; 18 19 2. Assess control risk; 20 3. Perform tests of controls unless the controls are 21 deemed to be ineffective; and 22 Determine whether the nonstate entity has internal 4. 23 controls in place to provide reasonable assurance of compliance with the provisions of laws, regulations, and other 24 rules pertaining to state financial assistance awards that 25 have a material effect on each major state project. 26 27 (d) Determine whether each major state project complied with the provisions of laws, rules, and guidelines as 28 29 identified in the State Projects Compliance Supplement, or otherwise identified by the state awarding agency, which have 30 a material effect on each major state project. When major 31 138 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

state projects are less than 50 percent of the nonstate 1 entity's total expenditures for all state financial assistance 2 3 awards, the auditor shall select and test additional state 4 projects as major state projects as necessary to achieve audit 5 coverage of at least 50 percent of the expenditures for all state financial assistance provided awards to the nonstate 6 7 entity. Additional state projects needed to meet the 8 50-percent requirement may be selected on an inherent risk 9 basis as stated in the rules of the Executive Office of the Governor. 10

(e) Report on the results of any audit conducted 11 12 pursuant to this section in accordance with the rules of the Executive Office of the Governor, rules of the Comptroller, 13 14 and rules of the Auditor General. Audit reports shall include 15 summaries of the auditor's results regarding the nonstate entity's financial statements; Schedule of State Financial 16 Assistance; internal controls; and compliance with laws, 17 rules, and guidelines other compliance guidance. 18

19 (f) Issue a management letter as prescribed in the20 rules of the Auditor General.

(g) Upon notification by the nonstate entity, make available the working papers relating to the audit conducted pursuant to the requirements of this section to the state awarding agency, the Comptroller, or the Auditor General for review or copying.

26 (9) The independent auditor, when conducting a state 27 project-specific audit of recipients or subrecipients, shall: 28 (a) Determine whether the nonstate entity's schedule 29 of state financial assistance is presented fairly in all 30 material respects in conformity with stated accounting

31 policies.

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1 (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control and 2 perform tests of internal control over the state project 3 consistent with the requirements of a major state project. 4 (c) Determine whether or not the auditee has complied 5 with applicable provisions of laws, rules, and guidelines as 6 identified in the State Projects Compliance Supplement, or 7 otherwise identified by the state awarding agency, which could 8 have a direct and material effect on the state project. 9 (d) Report on the results of a state project-specific audit consistent with the requirements of the state single 10 audit and issue a management letter as prescribed in the rules 11 12 of the Auditor General. 13 (e) Upon notification by the nonstate entity, make 14 available the working papers relating to the audit conducted 15 pursuant to the requirements of this section to the state awarding agency, the Comptroller, or the Auditor General for 16 17 review or copying. (10)(9) The Auditor General shall: 18 19 (a) Have the authority to audit state financial 20 assistance provided to any nonstate entity when determined 21 necessary by the Auditor General or when directed by the 22 Legislative Auditing Committee. (b) Adopt rules that state the auditing standards that 23 independent auditors are to follow for audits of nonstate 24 25 entities required by this section. 26 (c) Adopt rules that describe the contents and the filing deadlines for the financial reporting package. 27 28 (d) Provide technical advice upon request of the 29 Comptroller, Executive Office of the Governor, and state 30 agencies relating to financial reporting and audit responsibilities contained in this section. 31 140 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 (e) Be provided one copy of each financial reporting 2 package prepared in accordance with the requirements of this 3 section. 4 (f) Perform ongoing reviews of a sample of financial 5 reporting packages filed pursuant to the requirements of this 6 section to determine compliance with the reporting 7 requirements of this section and applicable rules of the Executive Office of the Governor, rules of the Comptroller, 8 and rules of the Auditor General. 9 10 Section 59. Section 216.331, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 215.965, Florida 11 12 Statutes. Section 60. 13 Section 216.3505, Florida Statutes, is 14 transferred and renumbered as section 215.966, Florida 15 Statutes. Section 61. Sections 27.38, 27.60, 216.001, 216.0154, 16 17 216.0162, 216.0166, 216.0172, 216.0235, 216.0315, 216.091, 216.111, 216.281, and 216.286, Florida Statutes, are repealed. 18 19 Section 62. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000, 20 and shall apply to preparation of the state budget beginning 21 with fiscal year 2001-2002. 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 141 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.