41-1542-00

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the Local Government Financial Emergencies Act; amending ss. 3 4 218.50-218.504, F.S.; making provisions of the act applicable to district school boards; 5 modifying definitions and purpose; modifying 6 7 conditions for determining a financial emergency; requiring district school boards to 8 9 notify the Commissioner of Education and the 10 Legislative Auditing Committee when such 11 conditions exist; prescribing actions to be 12 taken by the commissioner upon notification; 13 providing that on a specified date funds 14 expended to support actions under the act to resolve a financial emergency must be 15 16 reimbursed to the state; providing an effective 17 date. 18 19 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 20 21 Section 1. Section 218.50, Florida Statutes, is 22 amended to read: 23 218.50 Short title.--Sections 218.50-218.504 may shall 24 be cited known as the "Local Government and District School 25 Board Financial Emergencies Act." Section 2. Section 218.501, Florida Statutes, is 26 27 amended to read: 28 218.501 Purposes.--The purposes of ss. 218.50-218.504 29 are: 30 (1) To preserve and protect the fiscal solvency of 31 | local governmental entities and district school boards.

| 1  | (2) To assist local governmental entities and district       |
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| 2  | school boards in providing essential services without        |
| 3  | interruption and in meeting their financial obligations.     |
| 4  | (3) To assist local governmental entities and district       |
| 5  | school boards through the improvement of local financial     |
| 6  | management procedures.                                       |
| 7  | Section 3. Section 218.502, Florida Statutes, is             |
| 8  | amended to read:   |
| 9  | 218.502 DefinitionAs used in ss. 218.50-218.504,             |
| 10 | the term "local governmental entity" means a county,         |
| 11 | municipality, or special district, or district school board. |
| 12 | Section 4. Section 218.503, Florida Statutes, is             |
| 13 | amended to read:   |
| 14 | 218.503 Determination of financial emergency                 |
| 15 | (1) A local governmental entity and a district school        |
| 16 | board is in a state of financial emergency when any of the   |
| 17 | following conditions occurs:                                 |
| 18 | (a) Failure within the same fiscal year in which due         |
| 19 | to pay short-term loans from banks or failure to make bond   |
| 20 | debt service payments when due.                              |
| 21 | (b) Failure to transfer at the appropriate time, due         |
| 22 | to lack of funds:  |
| 23 | 1. Taxes withheld on the income of employees; or             |
| 24 | 2. Employer and employee contributions for:                  |
| 25 | a. Federal social security; or                               |
| 26 | b. Any pension, retirement, or benefit plan of an            |
| 27 | employee.  |
| 28 | (c) Failure for one pay period to pay, due to lack of        |
| 29 | funds:   |
| 30 | 1. Wages and salaries owed to employees; or                  |

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- (d) As determined by an independent auditor or affirmed to the Governor by the Auditor General, an unreserved or total fund balance, or retained earnings deficit, or unrestricted or total net-assets deficit, as reported on the balance sheet or statement of net assets on the general purpose or government-wide financial statements for which sufficient resources of the local governmental entity as reported on the balance sheet or statement of net assets on the general purpose or government-wide financial statements, are not available to cover the deficit for 2 successive years. Resources available to cover reported deficits include those resources that are not restricted by state or local laws, bond covenants, contractual agreements, or other legal constraints. Fixed or capital assets the disposal of which would impair a local governmental entity's ability to carry out its functions are not considered resources available to cover reported deficits.
- (e) Noncompliance of the local government retirement system with actuarial conditions provided by law.
- Governor and the Legislative Auditing Committee when one or more of the conditions specified in subsection (1) have occurred or will occur if action is not taken to assist the local governmental entity. A district school board shall notify the State Board of Education, the Commissioner of Education, and the Legislative Auditing Committee. In addition, any state agency must, within 30 days after the identification of the financial emergency, notify the Governor and the Legislative Auditing Committee when one or more of the conditions specified in subsection (1) have occurred or will

occur if action is not taken to assist a local governmental entity.

- (3) Upon notification that one or more of the conditions in subsection (1) exist in a local governmental entity, the Governor or his or her designee shall contact the local governmental entity to determine what actions have been taken by the local governmental entity to resolve the financial emergency. The Commissioner of Education or his or her designee shall contact the district school board if the conditions in subsection (1) exist. The Governor has the authority to implement measures as set forth in ss.

  218.50-218.504 to resolve the financial emergency in local governmental entities. The Commissioner of Education has the authority to implement these measures in school districts.

  Such measures may include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Requiring approval of the local governmental entity's budget by the Governor or the approval of the district school board's budget by the Commissioner of Education.
- (b) Authorizing a state loan to the local governmental entity or district school board and providing for repayment of same.
- (c) Prohibiting a local governmental entity or a district school board from issuing bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or any other form of debt until such time as it is no longer subject to this section.
- (d) Making such inspections and reviews of records, information, reports, and assets of the local governmental entity or district school board, in which inspections and reviews the appropriate local officials shall cooperate.

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- (e) Consulting with the officials of the local governmental entity or district school board and the appropriate state agency regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports into compliance with state requirements.
  - (f) Providing technical assistance to the local governmental entity or district school board.
- oversee the activities of the local governmental entity or district school board. The financial emergencies board for a local governmental entity in a state of financial emergency, if established, shall be appointed by the Governor. The State Board of Education shall appoint the financial emergencies board members and select a chair when a district school board is in a state of financial emergency. The Governor shall select a chair and such other officers as are necessary for the financial emergency board created to oversee local governmental entities in a state of financial emergency. The financial emergency board shall adopt such rules as are necessary for conducting board business. The board may:
- a. Make such reviews of records, reports, and assets of the local governmental entity or district school board, as appropriate, as are needed.
- b. Consult with the officials of the local governmental entity or district school board and appropriate state officials regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports of the local governmental entity into compliance with state requirements.

- c. Review the operations, management, efficiency, productivity, and financing of functions and operations of the local governmental entity or district school board.
- 2. The recommendations and reports made by the financial emergency board must be submitted to the Governor for appropriate action when a local governmental entity is being reviewed. The recommendations and reports made by a financial emergency board reviewing a district school board must be submitted to the Commissioner of Education and State Board of Education.
- (h) Requiring and approving a plan, to be prepared by the appropriate state agency in conjunction with the local governmental entity or district school board, prescribing actions that will cause the local governmental entity or district school board to no longer be subject to this section. The plan must include, but need not be limited to:
- 1. Provision for payment in full of all payments due or to come due on debt obligations, pension payments, and all payments and charges imposed or mandated by federal or state law and for all judgments and past due accounts, as priority items of expenditures.
- 2. Establishment of a basis of priority budgeting or zero-based budgeting, so as to eliminate low-priority items that are not affordable.
- 3. The prohibition of a level of operations which can be sustained only with nonrecurring revenues.
- (4) During the financial emergency period, the local governmental entity or district school board may not seek application of laws under the bankruptcy provisions of the United States Constitution except with the prior approval of

the Governor <u>for local governmental entities and the</u> Commissioner of Education for district school boards.

- (5)(a) The governing authority of any municipality with a resident population of 300,000 or more on April 1, 1999, and which has been declared in a state of financial emergency pursuant to this section within the previous 2 fiscal years may impose a discretionary per-vehicle surcharge of up to 20 percent on the gross revenues of the sale, lease, or rental of space at parking facilities within the municipality that are open for use to the general public.
- (b) A municipal governing authority that imposes the surcharge authorized by this subsection may use the proceeds of such surcharge for the following purposes only:
- 1. No less than 60 percent and no more than 80 percent of the surcharge proceeds shall be used by the governing authority to reduce its ad valorem tax millage rate or to reduce or eliminate non-ad valorem assessments.
- 2. A portion of the balance of the surcharge proceeds shall be used by the governing authority to increase its budget reserves; however, the governing authority shall not reduce the amount it allocates for budget reserves from other sources below the amount allocated for reserves in the fiscal year prior to the year in which the surcharge is initially imposed. When a 15-percent budget reserve is achieved, based on the average gross revenue for the most recent 3 prior fiscal years, the remaining proceeds from this subparagraph shall be used for the payment of annual debt service related to outstanding obligations backed or secured by a covenant to budget and appropriate from non-ad valorem revenues.
  - (c) This subsection is repealed on June 30, 2006.

| 1  | (6) As of January 1, 2000, any funds directly expended   |
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| 2  | to support actions required under ss. 218.50-218.504 to  |
| 3  | resolve a financial emergency must be reimbursed to the state  |
| 4  | by such local governmental entity or district school board for   |
| 5  | which the expenditure of funds was required.   |
| 6  | Section 5. Section 218.504, Florida Statutes, is   |
| 7  | amended to read:   |
| 8  | 218.504 Cessation of state actionThe Governor has  |
| 9  | the authority to terminate all state actions pursuant to ss.   |
| 10 | 218.50-218.504. Cessation of state action must not occur   |
| 11 | until the Governor has determined that:  |
| 12 | (1) The local governmental entity or local school  |
| 13 | board:   |
| 14 | (a) Has established and is operating an effective  |
| 15 | financial accounting and reporting system.   |
| 16 | (b) Has corrected or eliminated the fiscal emergency   |
| 17 | conditions outlined in s. 218.503.   |
| 18 | (2) No new fiscal emergency conditions exist.  |
| 19 | Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000.  |
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| 22 | SENATE SUMMARY   |
| 23 | Makes provisions of the Local Government Financial<br>Emergencies Act applicable to district school boards.      |
| 24 | Requires a board to notify the Commissioner of Education and the Legislative Auditing Committee when a financial |
| 25 | emergency exists. Prescribes actions to be taken by the commissioner upon notification. Specifies a date after   |
| 26 | which expended funds under the act must be reimbursed to the state.  |
| 27 | the state.   |
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