By Senators Silver, Kurth, Mitchell, Campbell, Dawson and Klein

38-305-00

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to health care; providing for liability of managed care entities to subscribers in a health care plan for damages for harm proximately caused by a failure to exercise ordinary care; providing defenses; providing conditions; providing definitions; prohibiting certain activities; providing nonapplicability to workers' compensation insurance coverage; providing a limitation on cause of action; providing for appeal of a subscriber's claim to an independent review organization; providing for tolling of statute of limitations; providing for immediate appeals under certain conditions; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to establish and certify independent review organizations; providing for notice to subscribers of their right to appeal an adverse determination to an independent review organization; providing responsibilities of the agency to provide certain information to independent review organizations; authorizing the agency to adopt rules; prescribing information to be included in an application for certification as an independent review organization; prohibiting an independent review organization from being a subsidiary of a managed care entity or a trade or professional association of managed care entities; providing for immunity from liability for damages for review organizations; repealing

Administration.

1 s. 408.7056, F.S., relating to the Statewide 2 Provider and Subscriber Assistance Program; 3 providing an effective date. 4 5 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 6 7 Section 1. Definitions. -- As used in this act: 8 "Adverse determination" means determination by a 9 managed care entity that the health care services furnished or 10 proposed to be furnished to a subscriber are not medically 11 necessary. (2) "Appropriate and medically necessary treatment" 12 means treatment that meets the standard for health care 13 14 services as determined by providers in accordance with the prevailing practices and standards of the medical profession 15 16 and community. 17 "Health care plan" means any plan whereby a person 18 undertakes to provide, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any 19 part of the cost of any health care services. (4) "Health care provider" means a provider as defined 20 21 in chapter 636 or chapter 641, Florida Statutes. 22 (5) "Health care treatment decision" means a determination made when medical services are actually provided 23 24 by the health care plan which affects the quality of the 25 diagnosis, care, or treatment provided to the plan's enrollees. 26 27 "Health maintenance organization" means an 28 organization as defined in section 641.19, Florida Statutes. 29 "Independent review organization" means an 30 organization certified by the Agency for Health Care

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1	(8) "Life-threatening condition" means a disease or
2	other medical condition with respect to which death is
3	probable unless the course of the disease or condition is
4	interrupted.
5	(9) "Managed care entity" means a health maintenance
6	organization or a prepaid health clinic certified under
7	chapter 641, Florida Statutes, a prepaid health plan
8	authorized under section 409.912, Florida Statutes, or an
9	exclusive provider organization certified under section
10	627.6472, Florida Statutes.
11	(10) "Ordinary care" means, in the case of a managed
12	care entity, that degree of care which a managed care entity
13	of ordinary prudence would use under the same or similar
14	circumstances. In the case of a person who is an employee,
15	agent, ostensible agent, or representative of a managed care
16	entity, "ordinary care" means that degree of care which a
17	person of ordinary prudence in the same profession, specialty,
18	or area of practice would use in the same or similar
19	circumstances.
20	(11) "Physician" means:
21	(a) An individual licensed to practice medicine in
22	this state; or
23	(b) A professional limited liability company organized
24	under the laws of this state to provide physician services.
25	(12) "Subscriber" means an individual who is enrolled
26	in a health care plan, including his or her covered
27	dependents.
28	Section 2. Application

(1) A managed care entity has the duty to exercise ordinary care when making health care treatment decisions and

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is liable for damages for harm to a subscriber proximately caused by its failure to exercise such ordinary care.

- (2) A managed care entity plan is also liable for damages for harm to a subscriber proximately caused by the health care treatment decisions made by its employees, agents, ostensible agents, or representatives who are acting on its behalf and over whom it has the right to exercise influence or control or has actually exercised influence or control which decisions result in the failure to exercise ordinary care.
- (3) It is a defense to any action asserted against a managed care entity that:
- (a) Neither the managed care entity, nor any employee, agent, ostensible agent, or representative for whose conduct such managed care entity is liable under subsection (2), controlled, influenced, or participated in the health care treatment decision; and
- (b) The managed care entity did not deny or delay payment of any treatment prescribed or recommended by a health care provider to the subscriber.
- (4) The standards in subsections (1) and (2) create no obligation on the part of the managed care entity to provide to a subscriber treatment that is not covered by the health care plan of the entity.
- (5) This act does not create any liability on the part of an employer, an employer group purchasing organization, or a licensed pharmacy that purchases coverage or assumes risk on behalf of its employees.
- (6) A managed care entity may not remove a health care provider from its plan or refuse to renew the physician or health care provider with its plan for advocating on behalf of

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a subscriber for appropriate and medically necessary health care for the subscriber.

- (7) A managed care entity may not enter into a contract with another health care provider or pharmaceutical company which includes an indemnification or hold-harmless clause for the acts or conduct of the managed care entity. Any such indemnification or hold-harmless clause in an existing contract is void.
- (8) Nothing in any law of this state prohibiting a managed care entity from practicing medicine or being licensed to practice medicine may be asserted as a defense by such managed care entity in an action brought against it under this act or any other law.
- (9) In an action against a managed care entity, a finding that a health care provider is an employee, agent, ostensible agent, or representative of such managed care entity may not be based solely on proof that such person's name appears in a listing of approved health care providers made available to a subscriber under a health care plan.
- (10) This act does not apply to workers' compensation insurance coverage.
- (11) A subscriber who files an action under this act shall comply with the requirements of cost bonds, deposits, and expert reports.
 - Section 3. Limitations on causes of action. --
- (1) A subscriber may not maintain a cause of action under this act against a managed care entity that is required to comply with grievance resolution procedures until the subscriber has:
- (a) Exhausted any applicable appeals and review 31 procedures; or

- (b) Before instituting the action:
- $\underline{\mbox{1. Gives written notice of the claim as provided by}}$ subsection (2); and
- 2. Agrees to submit the claim to a review by an independent review organization as provided in subsection (3).
- (2) Notice must be delivered or mailed to the managed care entity against whom the action is made not later than the 30th day before the date the claim is filed.
- must submit the claim to a review by an independent review organization if the managed care entity against whom the claim is made requests the review not later than the 14th day after the date notice is received by the managed care entity. If the managed care entity does not request the review within the specified period, the subscriber or the subscriber's representative is not required to submit the claim to review by an independent review organization before maintaining the action.
- (4) Subject to subsection (5), if the subscriber has not complied with subsection (1), an action may not be dismissed by the court, but the court may, in its discretion, order the parties to submit to an independent review or mediation or other nonbinding alternative dispute resolution and may abate the action for such purposes for a period not to exceed 30 days. Such orders of the court shall be the sole remedy available to a party complaining of a subscriber's failure to comply with subsection (1).
- (5) The subscriber is not required to comply with subsection (3), and no abatement or other court order pursuant to subsection (4) for failure to comply may be imposed, if the subscriber has filed a pleading alleging in substance that:

(a) Harm to the subscriber has already occurred
because of the conduct of the managed care entity or because
of an act or omission of an employee, agent, ostensible agent
or representative of such entity for whose conduct the entity
is liable; and
(b) The review would not be beneficial to the
subscriber, unless the court, upon motion by a defendant

- (b) The review would not be beneficial to the subscriber, unless the court, upon motion by a defendant entity, finds after hearing that such pleading was not made in good faith, in which case the court may enter an order pursuant to subsection (4).
- representative seeks to exhaust the appeals and review process as provided under the managed care entity's grievance resolution procedures or provides notice before the statute of limitations applicable to a claim against a managed care entity has expired, the limitations period is tolled until the later of:
- (a) The 30th day after the date the subscriber or the subscriber's representative has exhausted the process for appeals and review; or
- (b) The 40th day after the date the subscriber or the subscriber's representative gives notice.
- (7) This section does not prohibit a subscriber from pursuing other appropriate remedies, including injunctive relief, a declaratory judgment, or relief available under law, if the requirement of exhausting the process for appeal and review places the subscriber's health in serious jeopardy.

Section 4. Immediate appeal.--Notwithstanding any other law, in a circumstance involving a subscriber's life-threatening condition, the subscriber is entitled to an immediate appeal to an independent review organization and is

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1 not required to comply with a managed care entity's grievance procedures and review process. For purposes of this section, 2. 3 "life-threatening condition" means a disease or other medical condition with respect to which death is probable unless the 4 5 course of the disease or condition is interrupted. 6 Section 5. Independent review of adverse 7 determinations.--8 The Agency for Health Care Administration shall, 9 by rule, provide for the establishment of independent review 10 organizations and prescribe procedures for hearing appeals 11 from a managed care entity's adverse determination of a subscriber's claim. 12 (2) A managed care entity must notify any subscriber 13 who receives an adverse determination under the managed care 14 entity's grievance procedure of the subscriber's right to seek 15 review of the adverse determination by an independent review 16 17 organization assigned by the Agency for Health Care 18 Administration. 19 (3) A managed care entity shall, when requested, 20 provide the following information to the appropriate 21 independent review organization not later than the third business day after the date of receipt of the request: 22 (a) Any medical records of the subscriber which are 23 24 relevant to the review; 25 (b) Any documents used in making the determination to 26 be reviewed by the organization; 27 The written notification described in this act; (C)

Any documentation or written information submitted

to the agency or department in support of the appeal;

1	(e) A list of each physician or health care provider
2	who has provided care to the subscriber and who may have
3	medical records relevant to the appeal; and
4	(f) Confidential information in its custody.
5	(4) A managed care entity must comply with the
6	independent review organization's determination with respect
7	to the medical necessity or appropriateness of health care
8	items and services for a subscriber.
9	(5) A managed care entity must pay for the independent
10	review.
11	Section 6. Notification to subscriberThe grievance
12	and review procedures of a managed care entity must include:
13	(1) Notification by a managed care entity to the
14	subscriber of the subscriber's right to appeal an adverse
15	determination to an independent review organization;
16	(2) Notification by a managed care entity to a
17	subscriber of the procedures for appealing an adverse
18	determination to an independent review organization; and
19	(3) Notification by a managed care entity to a
20	subscriber who has a life-threatening condition of the
21	subscriber's right to immediate review by an independent
22	review organization and the procedures for obtaining that
23	review.
24	Section 7. Certification and designation of
25	independent review organizations
26	(1) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall:
27	(a) Adopt rules for:
28	1. The certification, selection, and operation of
29	independent review organizations; and
30	2. The suspension and revocation of the certification.
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1	(b) Designate annually each organization that meets
2	the standards required of an independent review organization.
3	(c) Charge fees to fund the operations of independent
4	review organizations.
5	(d) Provide ongoing oversight of the independent
6	review organizations to ensure continued compliance with the
7	rules adopted by the agency.
8	(2) The rules must ensure:
9	(a) The timely response of an independent review
LO	organization;
L1	(b) The confidentiality of medical records transmitted
L2	to an independent review organization for use in independent
L3	<u>reviews;</u>
L 4	(c) The qualifications and independence of each health
L5	care provider or physician making review determinations for an
L6	independent review organization;
L7	(d) The fairness of the procedures used by an
L8	independent review organization in making the determinations;
L9	<u>and</u>
20	(e) Timely notice to subscribers of the results of the
21	independent review, including the clinical basis for the
22	determination.
23	(3) The rules adopted must include standards that
24	require each independent review organization to make its
25	<u>determination:</u>
26	(a) No later than the earlier of:
27	1. The 15th day after the date the independent review
28	organization receives the information necessary to make the
29	<u>determination; or</u>
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1	2. The 20th day after the date the independent review
2	organization receives the request that the determination be
3	made; and
4	(b) In the case of a life-threatening condition, no
5	later than the earlier of:
6	1. The 5th day after the date the independent review
7	organization receives the information necessary to make the
8	determination; or
9	2. The 8th day after the date the independent review
10	organization receives the request that the determination be
11	made.
12	Section 8. Independent review organizations
13	(1) To be certified as an independent review
14	organization, an organization must submit to the Agency for
15	Health Care Administration an application in the form required
16	by the agency. The application must include:
17	(a) For an applicant that is publicly held, the name
18	of each stockholder or owner of more than 5 percent of any
19	stock or options;
20	(b) The name of any holder of bonds or notes of the
21	applicant that exceed \$100,000;
22	(c) The name and type of business of each corporation
23	or other organization that the applicant controls or is
24	affiliated with and the nature and extent of the affiliation
25	or control;
26	(d) The name and a biographical sketch of each
27	director, officer, and executive of the applicant and any
28	entity the applicant controls and a description of any
29	relationship the named individual has with:
30	1. A health benefit plan;
31	2. A health maintenance organization;

1	3. An insurer;
2	4. A health care provider; or
3	5. A group representing any of the entities described
4	by subparagraphs 1. through 4.;
5	(e) A description of the areas of expertise of the
6	health care professionals making review determinations for the
7	applicant; and
8	(f) The procedures to be used by the independent
9	review organization in making review determinations.
LO	(2) The independent review organization must annually
L1	submit the information required by section 7. If at any time
L2	there is a material change in the information included in the
L3	application, the independent review organization must submit
L4	updated information to the Agency for Health Care
	Administration.
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L5 L6	(3) An independent review organization may not be a
	(3) An independent review organization may not be a subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed
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L6 L7	subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed
L6 L7 L8	subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed care entity or a trade or professional association of managed
L6 L7 L8 L9	subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed care entity or a trade or professional association of managed care entities.
L6 L7 L8 L9 20	subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed care entity or a trade or professional association of managed care entities. (4) An independent review organization conducting a
L6 L7 L8 L9 20 21	subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed care entity or a trade or professional association of managed care entities. (4) An independent review organization conducting a review is not liable for damages arising from the
L6 L7 L8	subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed care entity or a trade or professional association of managed care entities. (4) An independent review organization conducting a review is not liable for damages arising from the determination made by the organization. This subsection does
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed care entity or a trade or professional association of managed care entities. (4) An independent review organization conducting a review is not liable for damages arising from the determination made by the organization. This subsection does not apply to an act or omission of the independent review
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed care entity or a trade or professional association of managed care entities. (4) An independent review organization conducting a review is not liable for damages arising from the determination made by the organization. This subsection does not apply to an act or omission of the independent review organization which is made in bad faith or which involves
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed care entity or a trade or professional association of managed care entities. (4) An independent review organization conducting a review is not liable for damages arising from the determination made by the organization. This subsection does not apply to an act or omission of the independent review organization which is made in bad faith or which involves gross negligence.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed care entity or a trade or professional association of managed care entities. (4) An independent review organization conducting a review is not liable for damages arising from the determination made by the organization. This subsection does not apply to an act or omission of the independent review organization which is made in bad faith or which involves gross negligence. Section 9. Section 408.7056, Florida Statutes, is
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	subsidiary of, or in any way owned or controlled by, a managed care entity or a trade or professional association of managed care entities. (4) An independent review organization conducting a review is not liable for damages arising from the determination made by the organization. This subsection does not apply to an act or omission of the independent review organization which is made in bad faith or which involves gross negligence. Section 9. Section 408.7056, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

SENATE SUMMARY Provides a cause of action for damages for harm to a subscriber in a health care plan as a result of a managed care entity's failure to exercise ordinary care. Provides definitions. Provides conditions and procedures. Provides nonapplicability to specified entities. Provides a limitation on bringing a cause of action. Requires a subscriber to comply with specified grievance procedures and to agree to submit the claim to an independent review organization under certain circumstances. Requires notice to subscribers of their rights. Provides for certification, designation, and operation of independent review organizations and for suspension and revocation of certification. Authorizes the Agency for Health Care review organizations and for suspension and revocation of certification. Authorizes the Agency for Health Care Administration to adopt rules to accomplish these purposes. Provides guidelines for rules. Provides for application procedures and forms for certification. Requires an independent review organization to provide annual updates of certain information to the agency. Provides that an independent review organization may not be a subsidiary of a managed care entity. Provides limited immunity from damages for such organizations. Repeals s. 408.7056, F.S., relating to the Statewide Provider and Subscriber Assistance Program.