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A bill to be entitled An act relating to licenses issued by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; amending s. 372.57, F.S.; providing for noncommercial saltwater fishing licenses; providing for exceptions; providing for a combination license to hunt and take freshwater and saltwater fish; providing for a combination freshwater and saltwater fishing license; authorizing the commission to issue temporary saltwater fishing licenses for special events in management areas for certain persons; providing that no fee is charged for such temporary licenses; amending s. 372.561, F.S.; requiring the commission to issue licenses and permits to take wild animal life or freshwater or saltwater aquatic life upon proof of the applicant that he or she is entitled to such a permit or license; providing that licenses and permits for hunting, saltwater fishing, and freshwater fishing must be issued, without fee, to certain disabled persons; amending s. 372.574, F.S.; providing for the replacement of a lost or destroyed license or permit; providing a fee; providing that the license or permit is nontransferable; specifying unlawful acts; providing penalties; amending s. 372.66, F.S.; deleting the nonresident fur dealer agent license, the resident fur dealer agent license, and the resident local fur dealer license; amending ss. 372.571, 372.5712, 372.5715, 372.573, 372.661,

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           F.S.; conforming cross-references; repealing s.
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           370.0605, F.S., relating to saltwater fishing
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           licenses; providing an effective date.
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    Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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                       Section 372.57, Florida Statutes, is
           Section 1.
    amended to read:
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           372.57 Licenses and permits; exemptions; fees.--No
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    person, except as provided herein, shall take or possess game,
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    freshwater fish, saltwater fish, or fur-bearing animals within
    this state without having first obtained a license, permit, or
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    authorization and paid the fees hereinafter set forth, unless
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    such license is issued without fee as provided in s. 372.561.
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    A person may not operate any vessel for which a fee is paid
    either directly or indirectly for the purpose of taking,
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    attempting to take, or possessing any saltwater fish for
    noncommercial purposes, unless he or she has been issued an
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    authorization or has obtained a license for each vessel for
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    that purpose and has paid the license fee imposed under this
    section for such a vessel. Such license, permit, or
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    authorization shall authorize the person to whom it is issued
    to take game, freshwater fish, saltwater fish, or fur-bearing
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    animals in accordance with law and commission rules. Such
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    license, permit, or authorization is not transferable.
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    One-year licenses must be dated when issued and remain valid
    for 12 months after the date of issuance. Each license or
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    permit must bear on its face in indelible ink the name of the
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    person to whom it is issued and other information requested by
    the commission, and, if the license is issued to the owner,
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    operator, or custodian of a vessel for which a fee is paid
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either directly or indirectly for the purpose of taking or attempting to take or possess saltwater fish for noncommercial purposes, the vessel registration number or federal documentation number must be included. Such license, permit, or authorization issued by the commission or any agent must be in the personal possession of the person to whom issued while taking game, freshwater fish, saltwater fish, or fur-bearing animals. The failure of such person to exhibit such license, permit, or authorization to the commission or its wildlife officers, when such person is found taking game, freshwater fish, saltwater fish, or fur-bearing animals, is a violation of law. A positive form of identification is required when using an authorization, a lifetime license, a 5-year license, or when otherwise required by the license or permit. The 14 lifetime licenses and 5-year licenses provided herein shall be embossed with the name, date of birth, the date of issuance, and other pertinent information as deemed necessary by the commission. A certified copy of the applicant's birth certificate shall accompany all applications for a lifetime license for residents 12 years of age and younger. Each applicant for a license, permit, or authorization shall provide the applicant's social security number on the application form. Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this requirement shall be limited to the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D child support enforcement program and use by the commission, and as otherwise provided by law.

- (1) A license or permit is not required for:
- (a) Any child under 16 years of age except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

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- (b) Any person hunting or fishing in the person's county of residence on the person's homestead or the homestead of the person's spouse or minor child, or any minor child hunting or fishing on the homestead of her or his parent.
- (c) Any resident who is a member of the Armed Forces of the United States, who is not stationed in this state, when home on leave for 30 days or less, upon submission of orders.
- (d) Any resident when fishing with live or natural bait, using poles or lines which are not equipped with a fishing line retrieval mechanism, and fishing for noncommercial purposes in the county of her or his residence, except on legally established fish management areas. paragraph, as amended by chapter 76-156, Laws of Florida, may be cited as the "Dempsey J. Barron, W. D. Childers, and Joe Kershaw Cane Pole Tax Repeal Act of 1976."
- (e) Any person fishing in a fish pond of 20 acres or less which is located entirely within the private property of the fish pond owner.
- (f) Any person fishing in a fish pond which is licensed in accordance with s. 372.5705.
- (g) Any Florida resident fishing in salt water from land or from a structure fixed to the land.
- (h) Any person fishing from a vessel the operator of which is licensed under subsection (1).
- (i) Any person who holds a valid saltwater products license issued under s. 370.06(2).
- (j) Any person fishing who has been accepted as a client for developmental services by the Department of Children and Family Services, which department shall furnish such person proof thereof.

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- (k) Any person fishing from a pier for the purpose of taking or attempting to take or possess saltwater fish for noncommercial purposes licensed under this section.
- (1) Any person fishing for the purpose of taking or attempting to take or possess saltwater fish for noncommercial purposes from a vessel that is licensed under this section.
- (m) Any Florida resident who is fishing for mullet in fresh water and has a valid Florida freshwater fishing license.
- (n) Any Florida resident fishing for a saltwater species in fresh water from land or from a structure fixed to the land.
- (o)(h) Any resident 65 years of age or older who has in her or his possession proof of age and residency. A free license may be obtained from any tax collector's office upon proof of age and residency.
- (2) For residents and nonresidents, the license and fees for noncommercial <u>freshwater and saltwater</u> fishing and for hunting and trapping in this state, and the activity authorized thereby, are as follows:
- (a) A fishing license for a resident to take freshwater or saltwater fish in this state is \$12 each for a 1-year license. For a resident, a freshwater license or a saltwater license that is valid for 5 consecutive years from the date of purchase is \$60.
- (b) A fishing license for a nonresident to take freshwater or saltwater fish in this state for 7 consecutive days is \$15.
- (c) For a nonresident, an annual A fishing license for a nonresident to take freshwater fish or an annual license to take saltwater fish in this state is \$30.

- (d) A combination fishing and hunting license for a resident to take freshwater fish and game in this state is \$22.
- (e) A combination fishing license for a resident to take freshwater and saltwater fish is \$24.
- $\underline{\mbox{(f)}}$ A combination license to hunt and take freshwater and saltwater fish is \$34.
- (g)1. For a person who operates a vessel that is licensed to carry more than 10 customers and for which a fee is paid, either directly or indirectly, for the purpose of taking or attempting to take saltwater fish, the license is \$800 per year. The license must be kept aboard the vessel at all times.
- 2. For a person who operates a vessel that is licensed to carry no more than 10 customers, or for a person who is licensed to operate a vessel carrying 6 or fewer customers, for which a fee is paid, either directly or indirectly, for the purpose of taking or attempting to take saltwater fish, the license is \$400 per year; however, for a person who is licensed to operate a vessel carrying 6 or fewer customers but who operates a vessel carrying 4 or fewer customers, for which a fee is paid, either directly or indirectly, for such purposes, the license is \$200 per year. The license must be kept aboard the vessel at all times.
- 3. A person who operates a vessel required to be licensed under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. may obtain a license in his or her own name, and the license is transferable and applicable to any vessel operated by the purchaser if the purchaser has paid the appropriate license fee.

 4. For any pier fixed to the land for the purpose of taking or attempting to take saltwater fish therefrom, a fishing license is \$500 per year. The owner, operator, or custodian of such a pier may buy the annual \$500 license. The purchaser of such a license must have the license available for inspection at all times.

5. For a recreational vessel not for hire and for which no fee is paid either directly or indirectly by guests, for the purpose of taking or attempting to take saltwater fish noncommercially, a fishing license is \$2,000 per year. The license may be purchased at the option of the vessel owner and must be kept aboard the vessel at all times. The licensee shall maintain a log of species taken and the date the species were taken and shall file a copy of the log with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission at the time of renewal of the license.

 $\underline{\text{(h)}}$ (e) A hunting license for a resident to take game in this state is \$11.

 $\underline{\text{(i)}(f)}$ A hunting license for a nonresident to take game in this state is \$150.

 $\underline{\text{(j)}}_{\text{(g)}}$ A hunting license for a nonresident to take game in this state for 10 consecutive days is \$25.

 $\underline{\text{(k)}}$ (h) A license for a resident and nonresident to take fur-bearing animals in this state is \$25.

(1)(i) A sportsman's license for a resident is \$66. The sportsman's license authorizes the holder to take freshwater fish and game, subject to state and federal regulations and rules of the commission in effect at the time of taking, and authorizes the same activities authorized by a management area permit, a muzzle-loading gun permit, a turkey

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permit, a Florida waterfowl permit, and an archery permit. A nonresident may not purchase a sportsman's license.

- (m) License fees paid under this subsection are nonrefundable and may not be used as credit toward any other license fee required by this chapter. No other license fee paid pursuant to this chapter may be used as credit towards the license fees required by this subsection. The owner, operator, or custodian of a vessel the operator of which has been licensed under this section must maintain and report such statistical data as required by, and in a manner set forth in, the rules of the commission.
- (3) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission may issue a temporary saltwater fishing license, upon request, to any governmental or nonprofit organization that sponsors 1-day special events in fishing management areas for individuals who have physical, mental, or emotional disabilities or for the economically disadvantaged. A fee may not be charged for such a temporary license. The temporary license is valid for 1 day and must designate the date and the maximum number of individuals that it applies to.
- (4)(3) A resident or nonresident taking fur-bearing animals by the use of guns or dogs only and not by the use of traps or other devices, and not for commercial purposes, who has purchased the license provided for hunting in this section, received a no-cost license, or is exempt from the license requirements of this chapter is not required to purchase a the license provided in paragraph (2)(h). A resident who is age 65 or older is not required to purchase the license provided in paragraph (2)(h).
- (5) (4) In addition to any license required by this 31 chapter, the following permits and fees for certain hunting,

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 fishing, and recreational uses, and the activities authorized thereby, are:

- (a) A Florida waterfowl permit to take wild ducks or geese within this state or its coastal waters is \$3.
- (b)1. Management area permits to hunt, <u>freshwater</u> fish, or otherwise use for outdoor recreational purposes, land owned, leased, or managed by the commission or the State of Florida for the use and benefit of the commission, up to \$25 annually. Permits, and fees thereof, for short-term use of land which is owned, leased, or managed by the commission may be established by rule of the commission for any activity on such lands. Such permits and fees may be in lieu of or in addition to the annual management area permit. Other than for hunting or <u>freshwater</u> fishing, the provisions of this paragraph <u>does shall</u> not apply on any lands not owned by the commission, unless the commission <u>has shall have</u> obtained the written consent of the owner or primary custodian of such lands.
- 2. A recreational user permit fee to hunt, fish <u>in</u> <u>fresh water</u>, or otherwise use for outdoor recreational purposes, land leased by the commission from private nongovernmental owners, except for those lands located directly north of the Apalachicola National Forest, east of the Ochlockonee River until the point the river meets the dam forming Lake Talquin, and south of the closest federal highway. The fee for this permit shall be based upon economic compensation desired by the landowner, game population levels, desired hunter density, and administrative costs. The permit fee shall be set by commission rule on a per-acre basis. On property currently in the private landowner payment program, the prior year's landowner payment shall be used to augment

the recreational user permit fee so as to decrease the permit fee for the users of that property. One minor dependent child, 16 years old or under, per permittee may hunt under the supervision of the permittee and is exempt from the permit fee. The spouse and dependent children of a permittee are exempt from the permit fee when engaged in outdoor recreational activities other than hunting in the company of the permittee. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, there are no other exclusions, exceptions, or exemptions from this permit fee. The recreational user permit fee, less an administrative permit fee of up to \$25 per permit, shall be remitted to the landowner as provided in the lease agreement for each area.

- (c) A muzzle-loading gun permit to hunt within this state with a muzzle-loading gun during those game seasons in which hunting with a modern firearm is not allowed is \$5.
- (d) An archery permit to hunt within this state with a bow and arrow during those game seasons in which hunting with a firearm is not allowed is \$5.
- (e) A Florida turkey permit to take wild turkeys within this state is \$5.
- (f) A special use permit for limited entry hunting or <u>freshwater</u> fishing, where such hunting or <u>freshwater</u> fishing is authorized by commission rule, shall be up to \$100 per day but shall not exceed \$250 per week. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, there are no exclusions, exceptions, or exemptions from this fee. In addition to the fee, the commission may charge each applicant for a special use permit a nonrefundable application fee of up to \$10.

- (g) The fee for a permanent hunting and <u>freshwater</u> fishing license for a resident 64 years of age or older is \$12.
- (6) (5) The commission <u>may</u> is authorized to reduce the fees for licenses and permits under this section for residents of those states with which the commission has entered into reciprocal agreements with respect to such fees.
- (7)(6) The commission may designate by rule no more than 2 consecutive or nonconsecutive days in each year as free fishing days. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, any person may take freshwater fish or saltwater fish for noncommercial purposes on a free fishing day without obtaining or possessing a license or paying a license fee as prescribed in this section. A person who takes freshwater fish or saltwater fish on a free fishing day without obtaining a license or paying a fee must comply with all laws and regulations governing holders of a fishing license and all other conditions and limitations regulating the taking of freshwater fish as are imposed by law or rule.
- $\underline{(8)}$ (7) A resident lifetime sportsman's license authorizes the holder to engage in the following noncommercial activities:
- (a) To take or attempt to take or possess freshwater fish, saltwater marine fish, and game, consistent with state and federal regulations and rules of the commission in effect at the time of taking.
- (b) All activities authorized by a management area permit, a muzzle-loading gun permit, a turkey permit, an archery permit, a Florida waterfowl permit, a snook permit, and a crawfish permit.

1	(9)(8) The fee for a resident lifetime sportsman's
2	license is:
3	(a) 4 years of age or younger\$400
4	(b) 5-12 years of age\$700
5	(c) 13 years of age or older\$1,000
6	(10)(9) A resident lifetime hunting license authorizes
7	the holder to engage in the following noncommercial
8	activities:
9	(a) To take or attempt to take or possess game
10	consistent with state and federal regulations and rules of the
11	commission in effect at the time of taking.
12	(b) All activities authorized by a management area
13	permit, excluding fishing, a muzzle-loading gun permit, a
14	turkey permit, an archery permit, and a Florida waterfowl
15	permit.
16	(11) (10) The fee for a resident lifetime hunting
17	license shall be:
18	(a) 4 years of age or younger\$200
19	(b) 5-12 years of age\$350
20	(c) 13 years of age or older\$500
21	(12) (11) A resident lifetime freshwater fishing
22	license authorizes the holder to engage in the following
23	noncommercial activities:
24	(a) To take or attempt to take or possess freshwater
25	fish consistent with state and federal regulations and rules
26	of the commission in effect at the time of taking.
27	(b) All activities authorized by a management area
28	permit, excluding hunting.
29	(13) (12) The fee for a resident lifetime freshwater
30	fishing license shall be:
31	(a) 4 years of age or younger\$125

1 5-12 years of age.....\$225 (c) 13 years of age or older.....\$300 2 3 $(14)\frac{(13)}{(13)}$ Fees collected pursuant to s. 370.0605(2) for 4 annual saltwater fishing licenses and an amount equal to the 5 cost of annual saltwater fishing licenses when sold as a 6 combination license,5-year saltwater fishing licenses, fees 7 collected pursuant to s. 370.0605(6)(e) for replacement 8 annual,5-year, and lifetime licenses, fees collected pursuant 9 to s. 370.0615 for lifetime saltwater fishing licenses, and 30 10 percent of the fee for the lifetime sportsman's license shall 11 be transferred within 30 days following the last day of the month in which the license fees were received by the 12 commission to the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund. 13 (15)(14) The following 5-year licenses are authorized: 14 (a) A 5-year freshwater fishing license for a resident 15 to take or attempt to take or possess freshwater fish in this 16 17 state for 5 consecutive years is \$60 and authorizes the holder 18 to engage in noncommercial activities to take or attempt to 19 take or possess freshwater fish consistent with state and federal regulations and rules of the commission in effect at 20 21 the time of taking. (b) A 5-year hunting license for a resident to take or 22 attempt to take or possess game in this state for 5 23 24 consecutive years is \$55 and authorizes the holder to engage 25 in noncommercial activities to take or attempt to take or possess game consistent with state and federal regulations and 26 27 rules of the commission in effect at the time of taking. 28 (c)1. The 5-year licenses provided for in this section 29 must be embossed with the applicant's name, date of birth, and 30 such other pertinent information as the commission considers 31 necessary.

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2. A 5-year license that was purchased by a resident of this state who subsequently resides in another state will be honored for activities authorized by the license.

3. A positive form of identification is required when using a 5-year license.

(16)(15) Proceeds from the sale of 5-year licenses as provided in this chapter, unless otherwise specified, must shall be deposited into the Dedicated License Trust Fund. One-fifth of the total proceeds derived from the sale of 5-year licenses, replacement 5-year licenses, and all interest derived therefrom shall be available for appropriation annually.

Section 2. Section 372.561, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

372.561 Issuance of licenses to take wild animal life, saltwater aquatic life, or freshwater aquatic life; costs; reporting. --

- The provisions of this section shall apply to such (1)licenses or permits as are established in s. 372.57.
- (2) The commission shall issue licenses and permits to take wild animal life or freshwater or saltwater aquatic life upon proof by the applicant for licensure that she or he is entitled to such license or permit. The commission shall establish the forms for such licenses and permits. Each applicant for a license, permit, or authorization shall provide the applicant's social security number on the application form. Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this requirement shall be limited to the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D program for child support enforcement and use by the commission, and as 31 otherwise provided by law.

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- (3) Licenses and permits for the state may be sold by the commission, by any tax collector in this state, or by any appointed subagent.
- (4)(a) In addition to any license or permit fee, the sum of \$1.50 shall be charged for each license or management area permit sold. Such charge is for the purpose of, and the source from which is subtracted, all administrative costs of issuing a license or permit, including, but not limited to, printing, distribution, and credit card fees.
- (b) Tax collectors may retain \$1 for each license or management area permit sold.
- (5)(a) Hunting and saltwater and freshwater fishing licenses and permits shall be issued, without fee, to any resident who is certified:
- 1. To be totally and permanently disabled by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor or, by the United States Social Security Administration, by any branch of the United States Armed Forces, or by the verified written statement which is based upon the criteria for permanent and total disability in chapter 440 of a physician licensed in this state or who holds a valid identification card issued under the provisions of s. 295.17, upon proof of the same. Any license issued under this provision after January 1, 1997, expires after 5 years and must be reissued, upon request, every 5 years thereafter.
- 2. To be totally disabled A Disability Award Notice issued by the United States Social Security Administration upon proof of the same. Any license issued under this provision after October 1, 1999, expires after 1 year and must be reissued, upon proof of certification as provided in this subsection, every 2 years thereafter is not sufficient

certification for obtaining a permanent hunting and fishing
license under this section unless said form certifies a
resident is totally and permanently disabled.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, any person who has received after July 1, 1997, and before July 1, 1999, a valid disability license issued under this subsection, retains the rights vested thereunder until the license has expired.
- (6)(a) Tax collectors shall remit license and permit moneys, along with a report of funds collected and other required documentation, to the commission within 7 days following the last business day of the week in which the fees were received by the tax collector. The tax collector shall maintain records of all such licenses and permits which are sold, and all stamps issued voided, stolen, or lost. The tax collector is responsible to the commission for the fee for all licenses and permits sold and for the value of all stamps reported as lost. The tax collector shall report stolen permits to the appropriate law enforcement agency. The tax collector shall submit a written report and a copy of the law enforcement agency's report to the commission within 5 days after discovering the theft. The value of a validation stamp is \$5.
- (b) Tax collectors are also responsible for fees for all licenses and permits sold by their subagents and for the value of all stamps reported as lost. The commission may adopt rules to implement this section.
- (c) Not later than August 15 of each year, each county tax collector shall submit to the commission all unissued stamps for the previous year along with a written audit

 report, on forms prescribed or approved by the commission, of the numbers of the unissued stamps.

audit report, each county tax collector shall provide the commission with a written audit report on unissued, sold, and voided licenses, permits, and stamps with a certified reconciliation statement prepared by a certified public accountant. Concurrent with the submission of the certification, the county tax collector shall remit to the commission the monetary value of all licenses, permits, and stamps that are unaccounted for. Each tax collector is also responsible for fees for all licenses, permits, and stamps distributed by him or her to subagents, sold by him or her, or reported by him or her as lost.

Section 3. Section 372.574, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

372.574 Appointment of subagents for the sale of hunting, fishing, and trapping licenses and permits.--

- (1) A county tax collector who elects to sell licenses and permits may appoint any person as a subagent for the sale of fishing, hunting, and trapping licenses and permits that the tax collector is allowed to sell. The following are requirements for subagents:
- (a) Each subagent must serve at the pleasure of the county tax collector.
- (b) Neither an employee of the county tax collector nor her or his relative or next of kin, by blood or otherwise, may be appointed as a subagent.
- (c) The tax collector may require each subagent to post an appropriate bond as determined by the tax collector, using an insurance company acceptable to the tax collector.

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In lieu of such bond, the tax collector may purchase blanket bonds covering all or selected subagents or may allow a subagent to post such other security as is required by the tax collector.

- (d) A subagent may sell licenses and permits as are determined by the tax collector at such specific locations within the county and in states contiquous to Florida as will best serve the public interest and convenience in obtaining licenses and permits. The commission may uniformly prohibit subagents from selling certain licenses or permits.
- (e) It is unlawful for any person to handle licenses or permits for a fee or compensation of any kind unless she or he has been appointed as a subagent.
- (f) Any person who willfully violates any of the provisions of this law is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (g) A subagent may charge and receive as her or his compensation 50 cents for each license or permit sold. charge is in addition to the sum required by law to be collected for the sale and issuance of each license or permit.
- (h) A subagent shall submit payment for and report the sale of licenses and permits to the tax collector as prescribed by the tax collector but no less frequently than monthly.
- (i) Subagents shall submit an activity report for sales made during the reporting period on forms prescribed or approved by the commission. Periodic audits may be performed at the discretion of the commission.
- (2) If a tax collector elects not to appoint 31 subagents, the commission may appoint subagents within that

county. Subagents shall serve at the pleasure of the commission. The commission may establish, by rule, procedures for selection of subagents. The following are requirements for subagents so appointed:

- (a) The commission may require each subagent to post an appropriate bond as determined by the commission, using an insurance company acceptable to the commission. In lieu of the bond, the commission may purchase blanket bonds covering all or selected subagents or may allow a subagent to post other security as required by the commission.
- (b) A subagent may sell licenses and permits as authorized by the commission at specific locations within the county and in states as will best serve the public interest and convenience in obtaining licenses and permits. The commission may prohibit subagents from selling certain licenses or permits.
- (c) It is unlawful for any person to handle licenses or permits for a fee or compensation of any kind unless he or she has been appointed as a subagent.
- (d) Any person who willfully violates any of the provisions of this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (e) A subagent may charge and receive as his or her compensation 50 cents for each license or permit sold. This charge is in addition to the sum required by law to be collected for the sale and issuance of each license or permit. In addition, no later than July 1, 1997, a subagent fee for the sale of licenses over the telephone by credit card shall be established by competitive bid procedures which are overseen by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.

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- (f) A subagent shall submit payment for and report the sale of licenses and permits to the commission as prescribed by the commission.
 - (g) Subagents shall maintain records of all licenses and permits sold and all stamps issued, voided, stolen, or lost. Subagents are responsible to the commission for the fees for all licenses and permits sold and for the value of all stamps reported as lost. Subagents must report all stolen validation stamps to the appropriate law enforcement agency. The subagent shall submit a written report and a copy of the law enforcement agency's report to the commission within 5 days after discovering the theft. The value of a lost validation stamp is \$5.
 - (h) Subagents shall submit an activity report for sales made during the reporting period on forms prescribed or approved by the commission. Periodic audits may be performed at the discretion of the commission.
 - (i) By July 15 of each year, each subagent shall submit to the commission all unissued stamps for the previous year along with a written audit report, on forms prescribed or approved by the commission, on the numbers of the unissued stamps.
- permit may be obtained by submitting an application for replacement. The fee is \$10 for each application for replacement of a lifetime license and \$2 for each application for replacement for any other license or permit. The proceeds of such fees must be used to pay for all administrative costs of issuing the license or permit, including, but not limited to, printing, distribution, and credit card fees. The tax

collector may retain \$1 for each application for a replacement license or permit which the tax collector has processed.

- (3) A person may not alter or change in any manner, or loan or transfer to another, any license issued under this section, nor may any person other than the person to whom it is issued use the license.
- (4) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly and willfully enter false information on, or allow or cause false information to be entered on or shown upon, any license issued under this section in order to avoid prosecution or to assist another to avoid prosecution or for any other wrongful purpose.
- (5) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission or any other law enforcement agency may carry out any investigation necessary to secure information required to carry out and enforce this section.
- (6) It is unlawful for any person to make, forge, counterfeit, or reproduce a freshwater fishing, hunting, or saltwater fishing license unless authorized by the commission. It is unlawful for any person to knowingly have in his or her possession a forgery, counterfeit, or imitation of such a license, unless possession by the person has been fully authorized by the commission. A person who violates this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (7)(a) Any person cited for a violation of the license requirements of subsection (1) or the permit requirements of s. 370.1111(1)(a) or s. 370.14(10)(a) is guilty of a noncriminal infraction, shall be cited for such an infraction, and shall be cited to appear before the county court. The civil penalty for any such infraction is \$50, in addition to

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the cost of the amount of the annual license fee or stamp involved in the infraction, except as otherwise provided in 2. 3 this section. The amount of the civil penalty for any other noncriminal infraction is \$50, except as otherwise provided in 4 5 this section. 6 (b) A person who is cited for an infraction under this 7 section may: 8 1. Post a bond in an amount equal to the applicable 9 civil penalty; or 10 Sign and accept a citation indicating a promise to 11 appear before the county court. 12 The officer may indicate on the citation the time and location 13 of the scheduled hearing and must indicate the applicable 14 15 civil penalty. Any person who willfully refuses to post a bond or 16 accept and sign a citation commits a misdemeanor of the second 17 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 18 19 (d) Any person charged with a noncriminal infraction 20 under this section may: 21 Pay the civil penalty, either by mail or in person, within 30 days after the date of receiving the citation; or 22 23 If the person has posted bond, forfeit bond by not 24 appearing at the designated time and location. 25 26 If the person cited follows either procedure prescribed in

this paragraph, he or she has admitted the infraction and

commission of the infraction. Such an admission may not be

waives his or her right to a hearing on the issue of

used as evidence in any other proceedings.

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- (e) Any person who elects to appear before the county court or who is required to appear waives the limitations of the civil penalty specified in paragraph (a). The court, after a hearing, shall make a determination as to whether an infraction has been committed. If the commission of an infraction is proved, the court may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$500.
- (f) At a hearing under this subsection, the commission of a charged infraction must be proved beyond a reasonable doubt.
- (g) If a person is found by the hearing official to have committed an infraction, he or she may appeal that finding to the circuit court.
- (h) A person who fails to pay the civil penalty specified in paragraph (a) within 30 days or who fails to appear before the court commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (8) (8) (3) All social security numbers that which are provided pursuant to ss. 372.561 and 372.57 and are contained in records of any subagent appointed under pursuant to this section are confidential as provided in those sections.
- Section 4. Section 372.66, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 372.66 License required for fur and hide dealers.--
- (1) It is unlawful for any person to engage in the business of a dealer or buyer in alligator skins or green or dried furs in the state or purchase such skins within the state until such person has been licensed as herein provided.
- (2) Any resident dealer or buyer who solicits business through the mails, or by advertising, or who travels to buy or 31 employs or has other agents or buyers, shall be deemed a

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resident state dealer and <u>must</u> shall be required to pay a license fee of \$100 per annum and shall pay an agent's license fee of \$5 per annum for each agent or traveling buyer employed by or buying for such licensed state dealer.

- (3) Any resident dealer or buyer who does not solicit by mail, advertise, travel to buy or employ or have agents or traveling buyers shall be deemed a resident local dealer and shall be required to pay a license fee of \$10 per annum.
- (3)(4) A nonresident dealer or buyer <u>must</u> shall be required to pay a license fee of \$500 per annum and shall pay a license fee of \$100 per annum for each agent, resident buyer or traveling buyer employed by or buying for or acting as agent for such nonresident buyer.
- (5) All agents' licenses shall be applied for by, and issued to, a resident state dealer or nonresident dealer and shall show name and residence of such agent and shall be in possession of such agent at all times when engaged in buying furs or hides. Application for such licenses shall be made to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission on blanks furnished by it.

(4)(6) All dealers and buyers shall forward to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission each 2 weeks during open season a report showing number and kind of hides bought and name of trapper from whom bought and the trapper's license number, or if trapper is exempt from license under any of the provisions of this chapter, such report shall show the nature of such exemption. No common carrier shall knowingly ship or transport or receive for transportation any hides or furs unless such shipments have marked thereon name of shipper and the number of her or his fur-animal license or fur dealer's license.

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Section 5. Section 372.571, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

372.571 Expiration of licenses and permits.--Each license or permit issued under this chapter must be dated when issued. Each license or permit issued under this chapter remains valid for 12 months after the date of issuance, except for a lifetime license issued pursuant to s. 372.57 which is valid from the date of issuance until the death of the individual to whom the license is issued unless otherwise revoked in accordance with s. 372.99, or a 5-year license issued pursuant to s. 372.57 which is valid for 5 consecutive years from the date of purchase unless otherwise revoked in accordance with s. 372.99 or a license issued pursuant to s. 372.57(2)(b) or(j)(g), which is valid for the period specified on the license. A resident lifetime license or a resident 5-year license that has been purchased by a resident of this state and who subsequently resides in another state shall be honored for activities authorized by that license.

Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 372.5712, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

372.5712 Florida waterfowl permit revenues.--

(1) The commission shall expend the revenues generated from the sale of the Florida waterfowl permit as provided in s. 372.57(5)(a) s. 372.57(4)(a) or that pro rata portion of any license that includes waterfowl hunting privileges, as provided in s. 372.57(2)(1)s. 372.57(2)(i)and(15)(b) (14)(b)as follows: A maximum of 5 percent of the gross revenues shall be expended for administrative costs; a maximum of 25 percent of the gross revenues shall be expended for waterfowl research approved by the commission; and a maximum 31 of 70 percent of the gross revenues shall be expended for

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projects approved by the commission, in consultation with the Waterfowl Advisory Council, for the purpose of protecting and 3 propagating migratory waterfowl and for the development, 4 restoration, maintenance, and preservation of wetlands within 5 the state. 6 Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 372.5715, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 372.5715 Florida wild turkey permit revenues.--8 9 (1) The commission shall expend the revenues generated 10 from the sale of the turkey permit as provided for in s. 11 372.57(5)(e)s. 372.57(4)(e)or that pro rata portion of any license that includes turkey hunting privileges as provided 12 13 for in s. $372.57(2)(1)_{s}$. $372.57(2)(i)_{and}(15)(b)_{(14)(b)}$ for 14 research and management of wild turkeys. Section 8. Section 372.573, Florida Statutes, is 15 amended to read: 16 17 372.573 Management area permit revenues.--The 18 commission shall expend the revenue generated from the sale of 19 the management area permit as provided for in s. 372.57(5)(b) 20 s. 372.57(4)(b)or that pro rata portion of any license that includes management area privileges as provided for in s. 21 22 372.57(2)(1)s. 372.57(2)(i)and(15)(b) $\frac{(14)(b)}{(14)}$ for the lease, management, and protection of lands for public hunting, 23 24 fishing, and other outdoor recreation. 25 Section 9. Section 372.661, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27 372.661 Private hunting preserve, license; 28 exception. --

commercially or otherwise shall be required to pay a license

31 | fee of \$25 for each such preserve; provided, however, that

(1) Any person who operates a private hunting preserve

during the open season established for wild game of any species, a private individual may take artificially propagated game of such species up to the bag limit prescribed for the particular species without being required to pay the license fee required by this section, but; provided further that if any such individual charges shall charge a fee for taking such game, she or he must shall be required to pay the license fee required by this section and must to comply with the rules and regulations of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission relative to the operation of private hunting preserves.

(2) A commercial hunting preserve license, which exempts shall exempt patrons of licensed preserves from the licensure requirements of s. 372.57(2)(h),(i),(j), and (l), (5)(a),(c),(d), and (e), (8), (10), and (15)(b)s.

372.57(2)(e), (f), (g), and (i), (4)(a), (c), (d), and (e), (7), (9), and (14)(b)while hunting on the licensed preserve property, shall be \$500. Such a commercial hunting preserve license is shall be available only to those private hunting preserves licensed under pursuant to this section which are operated exclusively for commercial purposes, which are open to the public, and for which a uniform fee is charged to patrons for hunting privileges.

Section 10. <u>Section 370.0605</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000.

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SENATE SUMMARY Relates to licenses issued by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. Provides for noncommercial saltwater fishing licenses and for exceptions to such licensure requirements. Provides for a combination license to hunt and take freshwater and saltwater fish. Provides for a combination freshwater and saltwater Provides for a combination freshwater and saltwater fishing license. Authorizes the commission to issue temporary saltwater fishing licenses for special events in management areas for certain persons. Provides that a fee is not to be charged for such temporary licenses. Requires the commission to issue licenses and permits for taking wild animal life or freshwater or saltwater aquatic life upon proof that the applicant for such a license or permit is entitled to the license or permit. Provides that licenses and permits for hunting, saltwater license or permit is entitled to the license or permit. Provides that licenses and permits for hunting, saltwater fishing, and freshwater fishing must be issued without fee to certain disabled persons. Provides for the replacement of a lost or destroyed license or permit. Provides a fee. Provides that the license or permit is nontransferable. Specifies unlawful acts and provides penalties therefor. Deletes the nonresident fur dealer agent license, the resident fur dealer agent license, the resident fur dealer agent license, and the resident local fur dealer license. Repeals s. 370.0605, F.S., relating to saltwater fishing licenses.