STORAGE NAME: h0391.lec **DATE**: January 13, 2000

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES COMMITTEE ON LAW ENFORCEMENT AND CRIME PREVENTION ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 391

RELATING TO: Witness Protection

SPONSOR(S): Representative Levine

TIED BILL(S): None

ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:

- (1) LAW ENFORCÈMENT AND CRIMÉ PREVENTION
- (2) FAMILY LAW AND CHILDREN
- (3) CRIMINAL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS

(4)

(5)

I. SUMMARY:

House Bill 391 requires the Department of Children and Family Services to conduct a child protective investigation for a child certified by the statewide prosecutor or the state attorney to be a critical witness at risk of harm, if the parent or guardian declines protective services.

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II. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS:

A. DOES THE BILL SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES:

1.	Less Government	Yes []	No []	N/A [X]
2.	Lower Taxes	Yes []	No []	N/A [X]
3.	Individual Freedom	Yes []	No []	N/A [X]
4.	Personal Responsibility	Yes []	No []	N/A [X]
5.	Family Empowerment	Yes []	No []	N/A [X]

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

B. PRESENT SITUATION:

Last year, in the state of Connecticut, an 8 year old boy, expected to be a key witness in a murder trial, was shot to death in his home, along with his mother. The boy had witnessed a drive-by shooting and identified the gunman. Initially, the police had provided protection for the family, however, the boy's mother found the police presence intrusive and requested that it be discontinued.

Currently, there is no law in Florida that would require an investigation to determine whether a parent's refusal of an offer of protective services for a critical child witness could result in harm, or constitute neglect sufficient for removal of the child.

C. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

HB 391 would require that the Department of Children and Family Services conduct a child protective investigation to determine if the parent's refusal of "protective services" constitutes neglect, so as to require child protective services pursuant to section 39.303, Florida Statutes.

The bill also appears to *mandate* specific types of protective services for *all* victims or witnesses certified to be at risk of harm. Required protective services include armed protection, escort services, marked or unmarked surveillance, periodic visits by law enforcement officials, temporary relocation to an alternate residence, housing expenses, transportation or storage of personal possessions, basic living expenses, and other services approved by the statewide prosecutor or state attorney.

D. SECTION-BY-SECTION ANALYSIS:

This section need be completed only in the discretion of the Committee.

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III.	FIS	SCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT:		
	A.	. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:		
		1. Revenues:		
		N/A		
		2. Expenditures:		
		N/A		
	B.	FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:		
		1. Revenues:		
		N/A		
		2. Expenditures:		
		N/A		
	C.	DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:		
		N/A		
	D.	FISCAL COMMENTS:		
		N/A		
IV.	CO	NSEQUENCES OF ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18 OF THE FLORIDA CONSTITUTION:		
	A.	APPLICABILITY OF THE MANDATES PROVISION:		
		N/A		
	B.	REDUCTION OF REVENUE RAISING AUTHORITY:		
		N/A		
	C.	REDUCTION OF STATE TAX SHARED WITH COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES:		
		N/A		
V.	<u>CO</u>	MMENTS:		

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	A.	CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:
		N/A
	В.	RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:
		N/A
	C.	OTHER COMMENTS:
		N/A
	<u>AM</u> N/A	ENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES:
VII.	<u>SIG</u>	NATURES:
		MMITTEE ON LAW ENFORCEMENT AND CRIME PREVENTION: Prepared by: Staff Director:
	_	Kurt E. Ahrendt Kurt E. Ahrendt