# Bill No. <u>CS for SB 420</u>

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

	CHAMBER ACTION
	Senate ·
1	: :
2	: :
3	: :
4	·
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	Senator Campbell moved the following amendment:
12	
13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14	On page 38, between lines 25 and 26,
15	
16	insert:
17	Section 17. Pursuant to section 187 of chapter 99-397,
18	Laws of Florida, the Agency for Health Care Administration was
19	directed to conduct a detailed study and analysis of clinical
20	laboratory services for kidney dialysis patients in the State
21	of Florida and to report back to the Legislature no later than
22	February 1, 2000. The agency reported that additional time and
23	investigative resources were necessary to adequately respond
24	to the legislative directives. Therefore, the sum of \$230,000
25	from the Agency for Health Care Administration Tobacco
26	Settlement Trust Fund is appropriated to the Agency for Health
27	Care Administration to contract with the University of South
28	Florida to conduct a review of laboratory test utilization,
29	any self-referral to clinical laboratories, financial
30	arrangements among kidney dialysis centers, their medical
31	directors, referring physicians, and any business
•	4:21 PM 05/04/00 1 s0420c1c-3317t

```
relationships and affiliations with clinical laboratories, and
1
2
    the quality and effectiveness of kidney dialysis treatment in
3
    this state. A report on the findings from such review shall be
4
   presented to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
    House of Representatives, and the chairs of the appropriate
5
    substantive committees of the Legislature no later than
6
7
    February 1, 2001.
8
           Section 18. Florida Commission on Excellence in Health
9
    Care.--
10
          (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.--The Legislature
11
    finds that the health care delivery industry is one of the
12
    largest and most complex industries in Florida. The
13
    Legislature finds that the current system of regulating health
    care practitioners and health care providers is one of blame
14
15
    and punishment and does not encourage voluntary admission of
    errors and immediate corrective action on a large scale. The
16
17
    Legislature finds that previous attempts to identify and
18
    address areas which impact the quality of care provided by the
   health care industry have suffered from a lack of coordination
19
    among the industry's stakeholders and regulators. The
20
21
    Legislature finds that additional focus on strengthening
    health care delivery systems by eliminating avoidable mistakes
22
    in the diagnosis and treatment of Floridians holds tremendous
23
24
   promise to increase the quality of health care services
    available to Floridians, thereby reducing the costs associated
25
    with medical mistakes and malpractice and in turn increasing
26
27
    access to health care in the state. To achieve this enhanced
    focus, it is the intent of the Legislature to create the
28
    Florida Commission on Excellence in Health Care to facilitate
29
30
    the development of a comprehensive statewide strategy for
```

improving health care delivery systems through meaningful

1	reporting standards, data collection and review, and quality
2	measurement.
3	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this act, the term:
4	(a) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care
5	Administration.
6	(b) "Commission" means the Florida Commission on
7	Excellence in Health Care.
8	(c) "Department" means the Department of Health.
9	(d) "Error," with respect to health care, means an
10	unintended act, by omission or commission.
11	(e) "Health care practitioner" means any person
12	licensed under chapter 457; chapter 458; chapter 459; chapter
13	460; chapter 461; chapter 462; chapter 463; chapter 464;
14	chapter 465; chapter 466; chapter 467; part I, part II, part
15	III, part V, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468;
16	chapter 478; chapter 480; part III or part IV of chapter 483;
17	chapter 484; chapter 486; chapter 490; or chapter 491, Florida
18	Statutes.
19	(f) "Health care provider" means any health care
20	facility or other health care organization licensed or
21	certified to provide approved medical and allied health
22	services in this state.
23	(3) COMMISSION; DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIESThere is
24	hereby created the Florida Commission on Excellence in Health
25	Care. The commission shall:
26	(a) Identify existing data sources that evaluate
27	quality of care in Florida and collect, analyze, and evaluate
28	this data.
29	(b) Establish guidelines for data sharing and
30	coordination.

(c) Identify core sets of quality measures for

31

1	standardized reporting by appropriate components of the health
2	care continuum.
3	(d) Recommend a framework for quality measurement and
4	outcome reporting.
5	(e) Develop quality measures that enhance and improve
6	the ability to evaluate and improve care.
7	(f) Make recommendations regarding research and
8	development needed to advance quality measurement and
9	reporting.
10	(g) Evaluate regulatory issues relating to the
11	pharmacy profession and recommend changes necessary to
12	optimize patient safety.
13	(h) Facilitate open discussion of a process to ensure
14	that comparative information on health care quality is valid,
15	reliable, comprehensive, understandable, and widely available
16	in the public domain.
17	(i) Sponsor public hearings to share information and
18	expertise, identify "best practices," and recommend methods to
19	promote their acceptance.
20	(j) Evaluate current regulatory programs to determine
21	what changes, if any, need to be made to facilitate patient
22	safety.
23	(k) Review public and private health care purchasing
24	systems to determine if there are sufficient mandates and
25	incentives to facilitate continuous improvement in patient
26	safety.
27	(1) Analyze how effective existing regulatory systems

(m) Develop a framework for organizations that

31 license, accredit, or credential health care practitioners and

are in ensuring continuous competence and knowledge of

effective safety practices.

28

29

30

health care providers to more quickly and effectively identify unsafe providers and practitioners and to take action necessary to remove the unsafe provider or practitioner from practice or operation until such time as the practitioner or provider has proven safe to practice or operate.

- (n) Recommend procedures for development of a curriculum on patient safety and methods of incorporating such curriculum into training, licensure, and certification requirements.
- (o) Develop a framework for regulatory bodies to disseminate information on patient safety to health care practitioners, health care providers, and consumers through conferences, journal articles and editorials, newsletters, publications, and Internet websites.
- (p) Recommend procedures to incorporate recognized patient safety considerations into practice guidelines and into standards related to the introduction and diffusion of new technologies, therapies, and drugs.
- (q) Recommend a framework for development of community-based collaborative initiatives for error reporting and analysis and implementation of patient safety improvements.
- (r) Evaluate the role of advertising in promoting or adversely affecting patient safety.
- (s) Evaluate and make recommendations regarding the need for licensure of additional persons who participate in the delivery of health care to Floridians, including, but not limited to, surgical technologists and pharmacy technicians.
- (t) Evaluate the benefits and problems of the current disciplinary systems and make recommendations regarding alternatives and improvements.

1	(4) MEMBERSHIP, ORGANIZATION, MEETINGS, PROCEDURES,
2	STAFF
3	(a) The commission shall consist of:
4	1. The Secretary of Health and the Executive Director
5	of the Agency for Health Care Administration.
6	2. One representative each from the following agencies
7	or organizations: the Board of Medicine, the Board of
8	Osteopathic Medicine, the Board of Pharmacy, the Board of
9	Nursing, the Board of Dentistry, the Florida Dental
10	Association, the Florida Medical Association, the Florida
11	Osteopathic Medical Association, the Florida Academy of
12	Physician Assistants, the Florida Chiropractic Society, the
13	Florida Chiropractic Association, the Florida Podiatric
14	Medical Association, the Florida Society of Ambulatory
15	Surgical Centers, the Florida Statutory Teaching Hospital
16	Council, Inc., the Florida Statutory Rural Hospital Council,
17	the Florida Nurses Association, the Florida Organization of
18	Nursing Executives, the Florida Pharmacy Association, the
19	Florida Society of Health System Pharmacists, Inc., the
20	Florida Retail Federation, the Florida Hospital Association,
21	the Association of Community Hospitals and Health Systems of
22	Florida, Inc., the Florida League of Health Care Systems, the
23	Florida Health Care Risk Management Advisory Council, the
24	Florida Health Care Association, and the Florida Association
25	of Homes for the Aging;
26	3. One licensed clinical laboratory director,
27	appointed by the Secretary of Health;
28	4. Two health lawyers, appointed by the Secretary of
29	Health, one of whom shall be a member of The Florida Bar
30	Health Law Section who defends physicians and one of whom
31	shall be a member of the Florida Academy of Trial Lawyers:

1	5. One representative of the medical malpractice
2	professional liability insurance industry, appointed by the
3	Secretary of Health;
4	6. One representative of a Florida medical school
5	appointed by the Secretary of Health;
6	7. Two representatives of the health insurance
7	industry, appointed by the Executive Director of the Agency
8	for Health Care Administration, one of whom shall represent
9	indemnity plans and one of whom shall represent managed care;
10	8. Four consumer advocates, consisting of one from the
11	Association for Responsible Medicine, one appointed by the
12	Governor, one appointed by the President of the Senate, and
13	one appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
14	<u>and</u>
15	9. Two legislators, one appointed by the President of
16	the Senate and one appointed by the Speaker of the House of
17	Representatives.
18	
19	Commission membership shall reflect the geographic and
20	demographic diversity of the state.
21	(b) The Secretary of Health and the Executive Director
22	of the Agency for Health Care Administration shall jointly
23	chair the commission. Subcommittees shall be formed by the
24	joint chairs, as needed, to make recommendations to the full
25	commission on the subjects assigned. However, all votes on
26	work products of the commission shall be at the full
27	commission level, and all recommendations to the Governor, the
28	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of

Representatives must pass by a two-thirds vote of the full

commission. Sponsoring agencies and organizations may

31 designate an alternative member who may attend and vote on

29

30

2

4

5 6

7

8

9

11

12

13

1415

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

2324

2526

27

2829

30

behalf of the sponsoring agency or organization in the event the appointed member is unable to attend a meeting of the commission or any subcommittee. The commission shall be staffed by employees of the Department of Health and the Agency for Health Care Administration. Sponsoring agencies or organizations must fund the travel and related expenses of their appointed members on the commission. Travel and related expenses for the consumer members of the commission shall be reimbursed by the state pursuant to s. 112.061, Florida Statutes. The commission shall hold its first meeting no later than July 15, 2000.

### (5) EVIDENTIARY PROHIBITIONS. --

(a) The findings, recommendations, evaluations, opinions, investigations, proceedings, records, reports, minutes, testimony, correspondence, work product, and actions of the commission shall be available to the public, but may not be introduced into evidence at any civil, criminal, special, or administrative proceeding against a health care practitioner or health care provider arising out of the matters which are the subject of the findings of the commission. Moreover, no member of the commission shall be examined in any civil, criminal, special, or administrative proceeding against a health care practitioner or health care provider as to any evidence or other matters produced or presented during the proceedings of this commission or as to any findings, recommendations, evaluations, opinions, investigations, proceedings, records, reports, minutes, testimony, correspondence, work product, or other actions of the commission or any members thereof. However, nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that information, documents, or records otherwise available and obtained from

2

4

5

6 7

8

10

11 12

13

1415

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2425

2627

28

2930

```
original sources are immune from discovery or use in any civil, criminal, special, or administrative proceeding merely because they were presented during proceedings of the commission. Nor shall any person who testifies before the commission or who is a member of the commission be prevented from testifying as to matters within his or her knowledge in a subsequent civil, criminal, special, or administrative proceeding merely because such person testified in front of the commission.
```

- (b) The findings, recommendations, evaluations, opinions, investigations, proceedings, records, reports, minutes, testimony, correspondence, work product, and actions of the commission shall be used as a guide and resource and shall not be construed as establishing or advocating the standard of care for health care practitioners or health care providers unless subsequently enacted into law or adopted in rule. Nor shall any findings, recommendations, evaluations, opinions, investigations, proceedings, records, reports, minutes, testimony, correspondence, work product, or actions of the commission be admissible as evidence in any way, directly or indirectly, by introduction of documents or as a basis of an expert opinion as to the standard of care applicable to health care practitioners or health care providers in any civil, criminal, special, or administrative proceeding unless subsequently enacted into law or adopted in rule.
- (c) No person who testifies before the commission or who is a member of the commission may specifically identify any patient, health care practitioner, or health care provider by name. Moreover, the findings, recommendations, evaluations, opinions, investigations, proceedings, records, reports,

```
minutes, testimony, correspondence, work product, and actions
    of the commission may not specifically identify any patient,
 2
   health care practitioner, or health care provider by name.
 3
 4
          (6) REPORT; TERMINATION. -- The commission shall provide
 5
    a report of its findings and recommendations to the Governor,
    the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
 6
 7
    Representatives no later than February 1, 2001. After
    submission of the report, the commission shall continue to
 8
    exist for the purpose of assisting the Department of Health,
 9
10
    the Agency for Health Care Administration, and the regulatory
11
    boards in their drafting of proposed legislation and rules to
12
    implement its recommendations and for the purpose of providing
13
    information to the health care industry on its
    recommendations. The commission shall be terminated June 1,
14
15
    2001.
16
           Section 19. The sum of $91,000 in nonrecurring general
17
    revenue is hereby appropriated from the General Revenue Fund
18
    to the Department of Health to cover costs of the Florida
    Commission on Excellence in Health Care relating to the travel
19
    and related expenses of staff, consumer members, and members
20
21
    appointed by the department or agency; the hiring of
    consultants, if necessary; and the reproduction and
22
    dissemination of documents; however, no portion of this
23
24
    appropriation shall be effective that duplicates a similar
25
    appropriation for the same purpose contained in other
    legislation from the 2000 legislative session that becomes
26
27
    law.
           Section 20. The sum of $200,000 is appropriated from
28
    the Insurance Commissioner's Regulatory Trust Fund to the
29
30
    Office of Legislative Services for the purpose of implementing
   the legislative intent expressed in s. 624.215(1), Florida
```

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

26

27

28

2930

Statutes, for a systematic review of current mandated health coverages. The review must be conducted by certified actuaries and other appropriate professionals and shall consist of an assessment of the impact, including, but not limited to, the costs and benefits, of current mandated health coverages using the guidelines provided in s. 624.215(2), Florida Statutes. This assessment shall establish the aggregate cost of mandated health coverages. Section 21. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 455.564, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 455.564 Department; general licensing provisions.--(1)(a) Any person desiring to be licensed in a profession within the jurisdiction of the department shall apply to the department in writing to take the licensure examination. The application shall be made on a form prepared and furnished by the department. The application form must be available on the World Wide Web and the department may accept electronically submitted applications beginning July 1, 2001. The application and shall require the social security number of the applicant, except as provided in paragraph (b). The form shall be supplemented as needed to reflect any material change in any circumstance or condition stated in the application which takes place between the initial filing of the application and the final grant or denial of the license and which might affect the decision of the department. If an application is submitted electronically, the department may require supplemental materials, including an original signature of the applicant and verification of credentials, to be submitted in a non-electronic format. An incomplete application shall expire 1 year after initial filing. In order

31 to further the economic development goals of the state, and

notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the department may enter into an agreement with the county tax collector for the purpose of appointing the county tax collector as the department's agent to accept applications for licenses and applications for renewals of licenses. The agreement must specify the time within which the tax collector must forward any applications and accompanying application fees to the department.

- (b) If an applicant has not been issued a social security number by the Federal Government at the time of application because the applicant is not a citizen or resident of this country, the department may process the application using a unique personal identification number. If such an applicant is otherwise eligible for licensure, the board, or the department when there is no board, may issue a temporary license to the applicant, which shall expire 30 days after issuance unless a social security number is obtained and submitted in writing to the department. Upon receipt of the applicant's social security number, the department shall issue a new license, which shall expire at the end of the current biennium.
- (3)(a) The board, or the department when there is no board, may refuse to issue an initial license to any applicant who is under investigation or prosecution in any jurisdiction for an action that would constitute a violation of this part or the professional practice acts administered by the department and the boards, until such time as the investigation or prosecution is complete, and the time period in which the licensure application must be granted or denied shall be tolled until 15 days after the receipt of the final results of the investigation or prosecution.

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11 12

13

1415

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

```
(b) If an applicant has been convicted of a felony
related to the practice or ability to practice any health care
profession, the board, or the department when there is no
board, may require the applicant to prove that his or her
civil rights have been restored.
      (c) In considering applications for licensure, the
board, or the department when there is no board, may require a
personal appearance of the applicant. If the applicant is
required to appear, the time period in which a licensure
application must be granted or denied shall be tolled until
such time as the applicant appears. However, if the applicant
fails to appear before the board at either of the next two
regularly scheduled board meetings, or fails to appear before
the department within 30 days if there is no board, the
application for licensure shall be denied.
       Section 22. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (4)
of section 455.565, Florida Statutes, to read:
       455.565 Designated health care professionals;
information required for licensure. --
       (4)
      (d) Any applicant for initial licensure or renewal of
licensure as a health care practitioner who submits to the
Department of Health a set of fingerprints or information
required for the criminal history check required under this
section shall not be required to provide a subsequent set of
fingerprints or other duplicate information required for a
criminal history check to the Agency for Health Care
Administration, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the
Department of Children and Family Services for employment or
```

licensure with such agency or department if the applicant has undergone a criminal history check as a condition of initial

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29 30

licensure or licensure renewal as a health care practitioner with the Department of Health or any of its regulatory boards, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary. In lieu of such duplicate submission, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the Department of Children and Family Services shall obtain criminal history information for employment or licensure of health care practitioners by such agency and departments from the Department of Health's health care practitioner credentialing system.

Section 23. Section 455.5651, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.5651 Practitioner profile; creation.--

- (1) Beginning July 1, 1999, the Department of Health shall compile the information submitted pursuant to s. 455.565 into a practitioner profile of the applicant submitting the information, except that the Department of Health may develop a format to compile uniformly any information submitted under s. 455.565(4)(b).
- (2) On the profile published required under subsection (1), the department shall indicate if the information provided under s. 455.565(1)(a)7. is not corroborated by a criminal history check conducted according to this subsection. If the information provided under s. 455.565(1)(a)7. is corroborated by the criminal history check, the fact that the criminal history check was performed need not be indicated on the profile. The department, or the board having regulatory authority over the practitioner acting on behalf of the department, shall investigate any information received by the department or the board when it has reasonable grounds to 31 | believe that the practitioner has violated any law that

3

4

5

6 7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29 30 relates to the practitioner's practice.

- (3) The Department of Health may include in each practitioner's practitioner profile that criminal information that directly relates to the practitioner's ability to competently practice his or her profession. The department must include in each practitioner's practitioner profile the following statement: "The criminal history information, if any exists, may be incomplete; federal criminal history information is not available to the public."
- (4) The Department of Health shall include, with respect to a practitioner licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a statement of how the practitioner has elected to comply with the financial responsibility requirements of s. 458.320 or s. 459.0085. The department shall include, with respect to practitioners subject to s. 455.694, a statement of how the practitioner has elected to comply with the financial responsibility requirements of that section. The department shall include, with respect to practitioners licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 461, information relating to liability actions which has been reported under s. 455.697 or s. 627.912 within the previous 10 years for any paid claim that exceeds \$5,000. Such claims information shall be reported in the context of comparing an individual practitioner's claims to the experience of other practitioners physicians within the same specialty, or profession if the practitioner is not a specialist, to the extent such information is available to the Department of Health. If information relating to a liability action is included in a practitioner's practitioner profile, the profile must also include the following statement: "Settlement of a claim may occur for a 31 | variety of reasons that do not necessarily reflect negatively

3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29 30 on the professional competence or conduct of the practitioner physician. A payment in settlement of a medical malpractice action or claim should not be construed as creating a presumption that medical malpractice has occurred."

- (5) The Department of Health may not include disciplinary action taken by a licensed hospital or an ambulatory surgical center in the practitioner profile.
- (6) The Department of Health may include in the practitioner's practitioner profile any other information that is a public record of any governmental entity and that relates to a practitioner's ability to competently practice his or her profession. However, the department must consult with the board having regulatory authority over the practitioner before such information is included in his or her profile.
- (7) Upon the completion of a practitioner profile under this section, the Department of Health shall furnish the practitioner who is the subject of the profile a copy of it. The practitioner has a period of 30 days in which to review the profile and to correct any factual inaccuracies in it. The Department of Health shall make the profile available to the public at the end of the 30-day period. The department shall make the profiles available to the public through the World Wide Web and other commonly used means of distribution.
- (8) Making a practitioner profile available to the public under this section does not constitute agency action for which a hearing under s. 120.57 may be sought.

Section 24. Section 455.5653, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.5653 Practitioner profiles; data storage. -- Effective upon this act becoming a law, the 31 Department of Health must develop or contract for a computer

2

3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25 26

27 28

29 30 system to accommodate the new data collection and storage requirements under this act pending the development and operation of a computer system by the Department of Health for handling the collection, input, revision, and update of data submitted by physicians as a part of their initial licensure or renewal to be compiled into individual practitioner profiles. The Department of Health must incorporate any data required by this act into the computer system used in conjunction with the regulation of health care professions under its jurisdiction. The department must develop, by the year 2000, a schedule and procedures for each practitioner within a health care profession regulated within the Division of Medical Quality Assurance to submit relevant information to be compiled into a profile to be made available to the public. The Department of Health is authorized to contract with and negotiate any interagency agreement necessary to develop and implement the practitioner profiles. The Department of Health shall have access to any information or record maintained by the Agency for Health Care Administration, including any information or record that is otherwise confidential and exempt from the provisions of chapter 119 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, so that the Department of Health may corroborate any information that practitioners physicians are required to report under s. 455.565.

Section 25. Section 455.5654, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.5654 Practitioner profiles; rules; workshops. -- Effective upon this act becoming a law, the Department of Health shall adopt rules for the form of a practitioner profile that the agency is required to prepare. 31 | The Department of Health, pursuant to chapter 120, must hold

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29 30 public workshops for purposes of rule development to implement this section. An agency to which information is to be submitted under this act may adopt by rule a form for the submission of the information required under s. 455.565.

Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 455.567, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.567 Sexual misconduct; disqualification for license, certificate, or registration. --

(1) Sexual misconduct in the practice of a health care profession means violation of the professional relationship through which the health care practitioner uses such relationship to engage or attempt to engage the patient or client, or an immediate family member, guardian, or representative of the patient or client in, or to induce or attempt to induce such person to engage in, verbal or physical sexual activity outside the scope of the professional practice of such health care profession. Sexual misconduct in the practice of a health care profession is prohibited.

Section 27. Paragraphs (f) and (u) of subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection (2), and subsection (3) of section 455.624, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraphs (y) and (z) are added to subsection (1) of said section, to read:

455.624 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement. --

- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (f) Having a license or the authority to practice any the regulated profession revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure, by the 31 | licensing authority of any jurisdiction, including its

2

3

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

30

agencies or subdivisions, for a violation that would constitute a violation under Florida law. The licensing authority's acceptance of a relinquishment of licensure, stipulation, consent order, or other settlement, offered in response to or in anticipation of the filing of charges against the license, shall be construed as action against the license.

- (u) Engaging or attempting to engage in sexual misconduct as defined and prohibited in s. 455.567(1)a patient or client in verbal or physical sexual activity. For the purposes of this section, a patient or client shall be presumed to be incapable of giving free, full, and informed consent to verbal or physical sexual activity.
- (y) Being unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness or use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition. In enforcing this paragraph, the department shall have, upon a finding of the secretary or the secretary's designee that probable cause exists to believe that the licensee is unable to practice because of the reasons stated in this paragraph, the authority to issue an order to compel a licensee to submit to a mental or physical examination by physicians designated by the department. If the licensee refuses to comply with such order, the department's order directing such examination may be enforced by filing a petition for enforcement in the circuit court where the licensee resides or does business. The department shall be entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 51.011. A licensee or certificateholder affected under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that he or she can resume the

competent practice of his or her profession with reasonable skill and safety to patients.

- (z) Testing positive for any drug, as defined in s. 112.0455, on any confirmed preemployment or employer-ordered drug screening when the practitioner does not have a lawful prescription and legitimate medical reason for using such drug.
- When the board, or the department when there is no (2) board, finds any person guilty of the grounds set forth in subsection (1) or of any grounds set forth in the applicable practice act, including conduct constituting a substantial violation of subsection (1) or a violation of the applicable practice act which occurred prior to obtaining a license, it may enter an order imposing one or more of the following penalties:
  - (c) Restriction of practice or license.

16 17 18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25 26

27

28

29 30

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14 15

> In determining what action is appropriate, the board, or department when there is no board, must first consider what sanctions are necessary to protect the public or to compensate the patient. Only after those sanctions have been imposed may the disciplining authority consider and include in the order requirements designed to rehabilitate the practitioner. All costs associated with compliance with orders issued under this subsection are the obligation of the practitioner.

(3)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (2), if the ground for disciplinary action is the first-time failure of the licensee to satisfy continuing education requirements established by the board, or by the department if there is no board, the board or department, as applicable, shall issue a 31 citation in accordance with s. 455.617 and assess a fine, as

2

3

5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29 30 determined by the board or department by rule. In addition, for each hour of continuing education not completed or completed late, the board or department, as applicable, may require the licensee to take 1 additional hour of continuing education for each hour not completed or completed late.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (2), if the ground for disciplinary action is the first-time violation of a practice act for unprofessional conduct, as used in ss. 464.018(1)(h), 467.203(1)(f), 468.365(1)(f), and 478.52(1)(f), and no actual harm to the patient occurred, the board or department, as applicable, shall issue a citation in accordance with s. 455.617 and assess a penalty as determined by rule of the board or department.

Section 28. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 455.624, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, the sections or subdivisions of Florida Statutes set forth below are reenacted to read:

455.577 Penalty for theft or reproduction of an examination.--In addition to, or in lieu of, any other discipline imposed pursuant to s. 455.624, the theft of an examination in whole or in part or the act of reproducing or copying any examination administered by the department, whether such examination is reproduced or copied in part or in whole and by any means, constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

455.631 Penalty for giving false information.--In addition to, or in lieu of, any other discipline imposed pursuant to s. 455.624, the act of knowingly giving false information in the course of applying for or obtaining a 31 | license from the department, or any board thereunder, with

3

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29 30 intent to mislead a public servant in the performance of his or her official duties, or the act of attempting to obtain or obtaining a license from the department, or any board thereunder, to practice a profession by knowingly misleading statements or knowing misrepresentations constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

455.651 Disclosure of confidential information .--

- Any person who willfully violates any provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and may be subject to discipline pursuant to s. 455.624, and, if applicable, shall be removed from office, employment, or the contractual relationship.
- 455.712 Business establishments; requirements for active status licenses.--
- (1) A business establishment regulated by the Division of Medical Quality Assurance pursuant to this part may provide regulated services only if the business establishment has an active status license. A business establishment that provides regulated services without an active status license is in violation of this section and s. 455.624, and the board, or the department if there is no board, may impose discipline on the business establishment.

458.347 Physician assistants.--

- (7) PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT LICENSURE. --
- The Board of Medicine may impose any of the penalties specified in ss. 455.624 and 458.331(2) upon a physician assistant if the physician assistant or the supervising physician has been found guilty of or is being 31 | investigated for any act that constitutes a violation of this

3 4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29 30 chapter or part II of chapter 455.

459.022 Physician assistants.--

- (7) PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT LICENSURE. --
- (f) The Board of Osteopathic Medicine may impose any of the penalties specified in ss. 455.624 and 459.015(2) upon a physician assistant if the physician assistant or the supervising physician has been found guilty of or is being investigated for any act that constitutes a violation of this chapter or part II of chapter 455.

468.1755 Disciplinary proceedings.--

- The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (a) Violation of any provision of s. 455.624(1) or s. 468.1745(1).

468.719 Disciplinary actions.--

- (1) The following acts shall be grounds for disciplinary actions provided for in subsection (2):
- (a) A violation of any law relating to the practice of athletic training, including, but not limited to, any violation of this part, s. 455.624, or any rule adopted pursuant thereto.
- (2) When the board finds any person guilty of any of the acts set forth in subsection (1), the board may enter an order imposing one or more of the penalties provided in s. 455.624.

468.811 Disciplinary proceedings.--

(1) The following acts are grounds for disciplinary action against a licensee and the issuance of cease and desist orders or other related action by the department, pursuant to s. 455.624, against any person who engages in or aids in a 31 violation.

5

6

7

8 9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

- 1 (a) Attempting to procure a license by fraudulent 2 misrepresentation. 3
  - (b) Having a license to practice orthotics, prosthetics, or pedorthics revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure in another jurisdiction.
  - (c) Being convicted or found guilty of or pleading nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, in any jurisdiction, a crime that directly relates to the practice of orthotics, prosthetics, or pedorthics, including violations of federal laws or regulations regarding orthotics, prosthetics, or pedorthics.
  - (d) Filing a report or record that the licensee knows is false, intentionally or negligently failing to file a report or record required by state or federal law, willfully impeding or obstructing such filing, or inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing. Such reports or records include only reports or records that are signed in a person's capacity as a licensee under this act.
  - (e) Advertising goods or services in a fraudulent, false, deceptive, or misleading manner.
  - (f) Violation of this act or part II of chapter 455, or any rules adopted thereunder.
  - (g) Violation of an order of the board, agency, or department previously entered in a disciplinary hearing or failure to comply with a subpoena issued by the board, agency, or department.
  - Practicing with a revoked, suspended, or inactive (h) license.
- Gross or repeated malpractice or the failure to 31 deliver orthotic, prosthetic, or pedorthic services with that

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29 30 level of care and skill which is recognized by a reasonably prudent licensed practitioner with similar professional training as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances.

- (j) Failing to provide written notice of any applicable warranty for an orthosis, prosthesis, or pedorthic device that is provided to a patient.
- (2) The board may enter an order imposing one or more of the penalties in s. 455.624(2) against any person who violates any provision of subsection (1).

484.056 Disciplinary proceedings.--

- (1) The following acts relating to the practice of dispensing hearing aids shall be grounds for both disciplinary action against a hearing aid specialist as set forth in this section and cease and desist or other related action by the department as set forth in s. 455.637 against any person owning or operating a hearing aid establishment who engages in, aids, or abets any such violation:
- (a) Violation of any provision of s. 455.624(1), s. 484.0512, or s. 484.053.

Section 29. Section 455.704, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 30. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 455.707, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

455.707 Treatment programs for impaired practitioners. --

(1) For professions that do not have impaired practitioner programs provided for in their practice acts, the department shall, by rule, designate approved impaired practitioner treatment programs under this section. The 31 department may adopt rules setting forth appropriate criteria

2

3

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25 26

27

28

29 30 for approval of treatment providers based on the policies and guidelines established by the Impaired Practitioners  $\frac{\text{Committee}}{\text{Committee}}$ . The rules  $\underline{\text{may}}$  must specify the manner in which the consultant, retained as set forth in subsection (2), works with the department in intervention, requirements for evaluating and treating a professional, and requirements for the continued care and monitoring of a professional by the consultant by an approved at a department-approved treatment provider. The department shall not compel any impaired practitioner program in existence on October 1, 1992, to serve additional professions.

- (2) The department shall retain one or more impaired practitioner consultants as recommended by the committee. consultant shall be a licensee or recovered licensee under the jurisdiction of the Division of Medical Quality Assurance within the department, and at least one consultant must be a practitioner or recovered practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 464. The consultant shall assist the probable cause panel and department in carrying out the responsibilities of this section. This shall include working with department investigators to determine whether a practitioner is, in fact, impaired.
- (3)(a) Whenever the department receives a written or oral legally sufficient complaint alleging that a licensee under the jurisdiction of the Division of Medical Quality Assurance within the department is impaired as a result of the misuse or abuse of alcohol or drugs, or both, or due to a mental or physical condition which could affect the licensee's ability to practice with skill and safety, and no complaint against the licensee other than impairment exists, the 31 reporting of such information shall not constitute grounds for

3

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29 30 discipline pursuant to s. 455.624 or the corresponding grounds for discipline within the applicable practice act a complaint within the meaning of s. 455.621 if the probable cause panel of the appropriate board, or the department when there is no board, finds:

- 1. The licensee has acknowledged the impairment problem.
- The licensee has voluntarily enrolled in an 2. appropriate, approved treatment program.
- The licensee has voluntarily withdrawn from practice or limited the scope of practice as required by the consultant determined by the panel, or the department when there is no board, in each case, until such time as the panel, or the department when there is no board, is satisfied the licensee has successfully completed an approved treatment program.
- The licensee has executed releases for medical records, authorizing the release of all records of evaluations, diagnoses, and treatment of the licensee, including records of treatment for emotional or mental conditions, to the consultant. The consultant shall make no copies or reports of records that do not regard the issue of the licensee's impairment and his or her participation in a treatment program.
- (b) If, however, the department has not received a legally sufficient complaint and the licensee agrees to withdraw from practice until such time as the consultant determines the licensee has satisfactorily completed an approved treatment program or evaluation, the probable cause panel, or the department when there is no board, shall not 31 become involved in the licensee's case.

4:21 PM 05/04/00

which do not indicate that the licensee presents a danger to the public shall not constitute a complaint within the meaning of s. 455.621 and shall be exempt from the provisions of this subsection.

(d) Whenever the department receives a legally

designed to provide information to the licensee and others and

Inquiries related to impairment treatment programs

- (d) Whenever the department receives a legally sufficient complaint alleging that a licensee is impaired as described in paragraph (a) and no complaint against the licensee other than impairment exists, the department shall forward all information in its possession regarding the impaired licensee to the consultant. For the purposes of this section, a suspension from hospital staff privileges due to the impairment does not constitute a complaint.
- (e) The probable cause panel, or the department when there is no board, shall work directly with the consultant, and all information concerning a practitioner obtained from the consultant by the panel, or the department when there is no board, shall remain confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), subject to the provisions of subsections (5) and (6).
- (f) A finding of probable cause shall not be made as long as the panel, or the department when there is no board, is satisfied, based upon information it receives from the consultant and the department, that the licensee is progressing satisfactorily in an approved <a href="impaired">impaired</a>
  <a href="practitioner treatment">practitioner treatment</a> program <a href="mailto:and-no-other complaint against">and no-other complaint against</a>
  the licensee exists.
- Section 31. Subsection (1) of section 310.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 310.102 Treatment programs for impaired pilots and

deputy pilots.--

(1) The department shall, by rule, designate approved treatment programs for <u>impaired</u> pilots and deputy pilots under this section. The department may adopt rules setting forth appropriate criteria for approval of treatment providers <del>based on the policies and guidelines established by the Impaired Practitioners Committee under s. 455.704.</del>

Section 32. Section 455.711, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.711 <u>Licenses; active and</u> inactive and delinquent status; delinquency.--

- (1) A licensee may practice a profession only if the licensee has an active status license. A licensee who practices a profession without an active status license is in violation of this section and s. 455.624, and the board, or the department if there is no board, may impose discipline on the licensee.
- (2) Each board, or the department if there is no board, shall permit a licensee to choose, at the time of licensure renewal, an active or inactive status. However, a licensee who changes from inactive to active status is not eligible to return to inactive status until the licensee thereafter completes a licensure cycle on active status.
- (3) Each board, or the department if there is no board, shall by rule impose a fee for <u>renewal of</u> an <u>active or</u> inactive status license. The renewal fee for an inactive <u>status license may not exceed</u> which is no greater than the fee for an active status license.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a licensee may change licensure status at any time.
  - (a) Active status licensees choosing inactive status

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

2223

24

25

2627

28

2930

at the time of license renewal must pay the inactive status renewal fee, and, if applicable, the delinquency fee and the fee to change licensure status. Active status licensees choosing inactive status at any other time than at the time of license renewal must pay the fee to change licensure status.

- (b) An inactive status licensee may change to active status at any time, if the licensee meets all requirements for active status, pays any additional licensure fees necessary to equal those imposed on an active status licensee, pays any applicable reactivation fees as set by the board, or the department if there is no board, and meets all continuing education requirements as specified in this section. Inactive status licensees choosing active status at the time of license renewal must pay the active status renewal fee, any applicable reactivation fees as set by the board, or the department if there is no board, and, if applicable, the delinquency fee and the fee to change licensure status. Inactive status licensees choosing active status at any other time than at the time of license renewal must pay the difference between the inactive status renewal fee and the active status renewal fee, if any exists, any applicable reactivation fees as set by the board, or the department if there is no board, and the fee to change licensure status.
- (5) A licensee must apply with a complete application, as defined by rule of the board, or the department if there is no board, to renew an active status or inactive status license before the license expires. If a licensee fails to renew before the license expires, the license becomes delinquent in the license cycle following expiration.
- 30 (6) A delinquent status licensee must affirmatively
  31 apply with a complete application, as defined by rule of the

3

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29 30 board, or the department if there is no board, for active or inactive status during the licensure cycle in which a licensee becomes delinquent. Failure by a delinquent status licensee to become active or inactive before the expiration of the current licensure cycle renders the license null without any further action by the board or the department. Any subsequent licensure shall be as a result of applying for and meeting all requirements imposed on an applicant for new licensure.

- (7) Each board, or the department if there is no board, shall by rule impose an additional delinquency fee, not to exceed the biennial renewal fee for an active status license, on a delinquent status licensee when such licensee applies for active or inactive status.
- (8) Each board, or the department if there is no board, shall by rule impose an additional fee, not to exceed the biennial renewal fee for an active status license, for processing a licensee's request to change licensure status at any time other than at the beginning of a licensure cycle.
- (9) Each board, or the department if there is no board, may by rule impose reasonable conditions, excluding full reexamination but including part of a national examination or a special purpose examination to assess current competency, necessary to ensure that a licensee who has been on inactive status for more than two consecutive biennial licensure cycles and who applies for active status can practice with the care and skill sufficient to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public. Reactivation requirements may differ depending on the length of time licensees are inactive. The costs to meet reactivation requirements shall be borne by licensees requesting 31 reactivation.

- or <u>a</u> delinquent licensee <u>who was inactive prior to becoming</u> <u>delinquent</u> must meet the same continuing education requirements, if any, imposed on an active status licensee for all biennial licensure periods in which the licensee was inactive or delinquent.
- (11) The status or a change in status of a licensee does not alter in any way the right of the board, or of the department if there is no board, to impose discipline or to enforce discipline previously imposed on a licensee for acts or omissions committed by the licensee while holding a license, whether active, inactive, or delinquent.
- (12) This section does not apply to a business establishment registered, permitted, or licensed by the department to do business.
- (13) The board, or the department when there is no board, may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 as necessary to implement this section.

Section 33. Subsection (3) of section 455.587, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.587 Fees; receipts; disposition.--

(3) Each board, or the department if there is no board, may, by rule, assess and collect a one-time fee from each active status licensee and each voluntary inactive status licensee in an amount necessary to eliminate a cash deficit or, if there is not a cash deficit, in an amount sufficient to maintain the financial integrity of the professions as required in this section. Not more than one such assessment may be made in any 4-year period without specific legislative authorization.

Section 34. Subsection (1) of section 455.714, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

455.714 Renewal and cancellation notices.--

- (1) At least 90 days before the end of a licensure cycle, the department shall:
- (a) Forward a licensure renewal notification to an active or inactive <u>status</u> licensee at the licensee's last known address of record with the department.
- (b) Forward a notice of pending cancellation of licensure to a delinquent status licensee at the licensee's last known address of record with the department.

Section 35. Section 455.719, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

455.719 Health care professionals; exemption from disqualification from employment or contracting.—Any other provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, only the appropriate regulatory board, or the department when there is no board, may grant an exemption from disqualification from employment or contracting as provided in s. 435.07 to a person under the licensing jurisdiction of that board or the department, as applicable.

Section 36. Section 455.637, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.637 Unlicensed practice of a <u>health care</u> profession; <u>intent;</u>cease and desist notice; <u>penalties</u> <u>civil</u> <u>penalty</u>; enforcement; citations; <u>fees;</u>allocation <u>and</u> <u>disposition</u> of moneys collected.--

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that vigorous enforcement of licensure regulation for all health care professions is a state priority in order to protect Florida residents and visitors from the potentially serious and dangerous consequences of receiving medical and health care

2

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

services from unlicensed persons whose professional education and training and other relevant qualifications have not been approved through the issuance of a license by the appropriate regulatory board or the department when there is no board. The unlicensed practice of a health care profession or the performance or delivery of medical or health care services to patients in this state without a valid, active license to practice that profession, regardless of the means of the performance or delivery of such services, is strictly prohibited.

(2) The penalties for unlicensed practice of a health care profession shall include the following:

(a) (1) When the department has probable cause to believe that any person not licensed by the department, or the appropriate regulatory board within the department, has violated any provision of this part or any statute that relates to the practice of a profession regulated by the department, or any rule adopted pursuant thereto, the department may issue and deliver to such person a notice to cease and desist from such violation. In addition, the department may issue and deliver a notice to cease and desist to any person who aids and abets the unlicensed practice of a profession by employing such unlicensed person. The issuance of a notice to cease and desist shall not constitute agency action for which a hearing under ss. 120.569 and 120.57 may be sought. For the purpose of enforcing a cease and desist order, the department may file a proceeding in the name of the state seeking issuance of an injunction or a writ of mandamus against any person who violates any provisions of such order.

(b) In addition to the foregoing remedies under paragraph (a), the department may impose by citation an

administrative penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per incident 2 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120 or may issue a 3 citation pursuant to the provisions of subsection (3). The 4 citation shall be issued to the subject and shall contain the subject's name and any other information the department 5 determines to be necessary to identify the subject, a brief 6 7 factual statement, the sections of the law allegedly violated, and the penalty imposed. If the subject does not dispute the 8 9 matter in the citation with the department within 30 days 10 after the citation is served, the citation shall become a 11 final order of the department. The department may adopt rules 12 to implement this section. The penalty shall be a fine of not 13 less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000 as established by rule of the department. Each day that the unlicensed practice 14 15 continues after issuance of a notice to cease and desist constitutes a separate violation. The department shall be 16 17 entitled to recover the costs of investigation and prosecution 18 in addition to the fine levied pursuant to the citation. Service of a citation may be made by personal service or by 19 mail to the subject at the subject's last known address or 20 21 place of practice. If the department is required to seek 22 enforcement of the cease and desist or agency order for a penalty pursuant to s. 120.569, it shall be entitled to 23 24 collect its attorney's fees and costs, together with any cost of collection. 25 (c) In addition to or in lieu of any other 26 27 administrative remedy provided in subsection (1), the department may seek the imposition of a civil penalty through 28

the circuit court for any violation for which the department

may issue a notice to cease and desist <del>under subsection (1)</del>.

The civil penalty shall be no less than \$500 and no more than

2930

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29 30

31

\$5,000 for each offense. The court may also award to the prevailing party court costs and reasonable attorney fees and, in the event the department prevails, may also award reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution.

- (d) In addition to the administrative and civil
  remedies under paragraphs (b) and (c) and in addition to the
  criminal violations and penalties listed in the individual
  health care practice acts:
- 1. It is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, to practice, attempt to practice, or offer to practice a health care profession without an active, valid Florida license to practice that profession. Practicing without an active, valid license also includes practicing on a suspended, revoked, or void license, but does not include practicing, attempting to practice, or offering to practice with an inactive or delinquent license for a period of up to 12 months which is addressed in subparagraph 3. Applying for employment for a position that requires a license without notifying the employer that the person does not currently possess a valid, active license to practice that profession shall be deemed to be an attempt or offer to practice that health care profession without a license. Holding oneself out, regardless of the means of communication, as able to practice a health care profession or as able to provide services that require a health care license shall be deemed to be an attempt or offer to practice such profession without a license. The minimum penalty for violating this subparagraph shall be a fine of \$1,000 and a minimum mandatory period of incarceration of 1 year.
  - 2. It is a felony of the second degree, punishable as

```
provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, to practice a health care profession without an active, valid Florida license to practice that profession when such practice results in serious bodily injury. For purposes of this section, "serious bodily injury" means death; brain or spinal damage; disfigurement; fracture or dislocation of bones or joints; limitation of neurological, physical, or sensory function; or any condition that required subsequent surgical repair. The minimum penalty for violating this subparagraph shall be a fine of $1,000 and a minimum mandatory period of incarceration of 1 year.
```

- 3. It is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, to practice, attempt to practice, or offer to practice a health care profession with an inactive or delinquent license for any period of time up to 12 months. However, practicing, attempting to practice, or offering to practice a health care profession when that person's license has been inactive or delinquent for a period of time of 12 months or more shall be a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. The minimum penalty for violating this subparagraph shall be a term of imprisonment of 30 days and a fine of \$500.
- (3) Because all enforcement costs should be covered by professions regulated by the department, the department shall impose, upon initial licensure and each licensure renewal, a special fee of \$5 per licensee to fund efforts to combat unlicensed activity. Such fee shall be in addition to all other fees collected from each licensee. The board with concurrence of the department, or the department when there is no board, may earmark \$5 of the current licensure fee for this

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

11

12

13

1415

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

purpose, if such board, or profession regulated by the department, is not in a deficit and has a reasonable cash balance. The department shall make direct charges to the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund by profession. The department shall seek board advice regarding enforcement methods and strategies. The department shall directly credit the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund, by profession, with the revenues received from the department's efforts to enforce licensure provisions. The department shall include all financial and statistical data resulting from unlicensed activity enforcement as a separate category in the quarterly management report provided for in s. 455.587. For an unlicensed activity account, a balance which remains at the end of a renewal cycle may, with concurrence of the applicable board and the department, be transferred to the operating fund account of that profession. The department shall also use these funds to inform and educate consumers generally on the importance of using licensed health care practitioners. (3)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 455.621, the department shall adopt rules to permit the issuance of citations for unlicensed practice of a profession. The citation shall be issued to the subject and shall contain the subject's name and any other information the department determines to be necessary to identify the subject, a brief factual statement, the sections of the law allegedly violated, and the penalty imposed. The citation must clearly state that the subject may choose, in lieu of accepting the citation, to follow the procedure under s. 455.621. If the subject disputes the matter in the citation, the procedures set forth in s. 455.621 must be followed. However, if the subject does not dispute the matter in the citation with the department within

30 days after the citation is served, the citation shall 2 become a final order of the department. The penalty shall be a 3 fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$5,000 or other 4 conditions as established by rule. 5 (b) Each day that the unlicensed practice continues after issuance of a citation constitutes a separate violation. 6 7 (c) The department shall be entitled to recover the 8 costs of investigation, in addition to any penalty provided 9 according to department rule as part of the penalty levied 10 pursuant to the citation. (d) Service of a citation may be made by personal 11 12 service or certified mail, restricted delivery, to the subject at the subject's last known address. 13 (4) All fines, fees, and costs collected through the 14 procedures set forth in this section shall be allocated to the 15 16 professions in the manner provided for in s. 455.641 for the 17 allocation of the fees assessed and collected to combat unlicensed practice of a profession. 18 (4) (4) (5) The provisions of this section apply only to 19 20 health care the professional practice acts administered by the 21 department. (5) Nothing herein shall be construed to limit or 22 restrict the sale, use, or recommendation of the use of a 23 24 dietary supplement, as defined by the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, Title 21, s. 321, so long as the person selling, using, 25 or recommending the dietary supplement does so in compliance 26 27 with federal and state law. Section 37. Section 458.3135, Florida Statutes, is 28

458.3135 Temporary certificate for visiting physicians

31 to practice in approved cancer centers.--

created to read:

29

1	(1) Any physician who has been accepted for a course
2	of training by a cancer center approved by the board and who
3	meets all of the qualifications set forth in this section may
4	be issued a temporary certificate to practice in a
5	board-approved cancer center under the International Cancer
6	Center Visiting Physician Program. A certificate may be issued
7	to a physician who will be training under the direct
8	supervision of a physician employed by or under contract with
9	an approved cancer center for a period of no more than 1 year.
10	The purpose of the International Cancer Center Visiting
11	Physician Program is to provide to internationally respected
12	and highly qualified physicians advanced education and
13	training on cancer treatment techniques developed at an
14	approved cancer center. The board may issue this temporary
15	certificate in accordance with the restrictions set forth in
16	this section.

- (2) A temporary certificate for practice in an approved cancer center may be issued without examination to an individual who:
- (a) Is a graduate of an accredited medical school or its equivalent, or is a graduate of a foreign medical school listed with the World Health Organization;
- (b) Holds a valid and unencumbered license to practice medicine in another country;
- (c) Has completed the application form adopted by the board and remitted a nonrefundable application fee not to exceed \$300;
- (d) Has not committed any act in this or any other jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a physician under s. 455.624 or s. 458.331;
  - (e) Meets the financial responsibility requirements of

18

19

20

2122

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

#### s. 458.320; and

- (f) Has been accepted for a course of training by a cancer center approved by the board.
- (3) The board shall by rule establish qualifications for approval of cancer centers under this section, which at a minimum shall require the cancer center to be licensed under chapter 395 and have met the standards required to be a National Cancer Institute-designated cancer center. The board shall review the cancer centers approved under this section not less than annually to ascertain that the minimum requirements of this chapter and the rules adopted thereunder are being complied with. If it is determined that such minimum requirements are not being met by an approved cancer center, the board shall rescind its approval of that cancer center and no temporary certificate for that cancer center shall be valid until such time as the board reinstates its approval of that cancer center.
- (4) A recipient of a temporary certificate for practice in an approved cancer center may use the certificate to practice for the duration of the course of training at the approved cancer center so long as the duration of the course does not exceed 1 year. If at any time the cancer center is no longer approved by the board, the temporary certificate shall expire and the recipient shall no longer be authorized to practice in this state.
- (5) A recipient of a temporary certificate for practice in an approved cancer center is limited to practicing in facilities owned or operated by that approved cancer center and is limited to only practicing under the direct supervision of a physician who holds a valid, active, and unencumbered license to practice medicine in this state issued under this

chapter or chapter 459.

- (6) The board shall not issue a temporary certificate for practice in an approved cancer center to any physician who is under investigation in another jurisdiction for an act that would constitute a violation of this chapter or chapter 455 until such time as the investigation is complete and the physician is found innocent of all charges.
- (7) A physician applying under this section is exempt from the requirements of ss. 455.565-455.5656. All other provisions of chapters 455 and 458 apply.
- (8) In any year, the maximum number of temporary certificates that may be issued by the board under this section may not exceed 10 at each approved cancer center.
- (9) The board may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 as necessary to implement this section.
- (10) Nothing in this section may be construed to authorize a physician who is not licensed to practice medicine in this state to qualify for or otherwise engage in the practice of medicine in this state, except as provided in this section.

Section 38. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1), and subsection (4) of section 458.3145, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

458.3145 Medical faculty certificate.--

- (1) A medical faculty certificate may be issued without examination to an individual who:
- (a) Is a graduate of an accredited medical school or its equivalent, or is a graduate of a foreign medical school listed with the World Health Organization;
- 30 (b) Holds a valid, current license to practice 31 medicine in another jurisdiction;

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

- (c) Has completed the application form and remitted a nonrefundable application fee not to exceed \$500;
- (d) Has completed an approved residency or fellowship of at least 1 year or has received training which has been determined by the board to be equivalent to the 1-year residency requirement;
  - (e) Is at least 21 years of age;
  - (f) Is of good moral character;
- (g) Has not committed any act in this or any other jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a physician under s. 458.331;
- (h) For any applicant who has graduated from medical school after October 1, 1992, has completed, before entering medical school, the equivalent of 2 academic years of preprofessional, postsecondary education, as determined by rule of the board, which must include, at a minimum, courses in such fields as anatomy, biology, and chemistry; and
- (i) Has been offered and has accepted a full-time faculty appointment to teach in a program of medicine at:
  - 1. The University of Florida,
  - 2. The University of Miami,
  - 3. The University of South Florida, or
  - 4. The Florida State University, or
- 54. The Mayo Medical School at the Mayo Clinic in Jacksonville, Florida.
- The certificate authorizes the holder to practice only in conjunction with his or her faculty position at an accredited medical school and its affiliated clinical facilities or teaching hospitals that are registered with the Board of Medicine as sites at which holders of medical faculty 31 | certificates will be practicing. Such certificate

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

2526

27

28

2930

31

automatically expires when the holder's relationship with the medical school is terminated or after a period of 24 months, whichever occurs sooner, and is renewable every 2 years by a holder who applies to the board on a form prescribed by the board and provides certification by the dean of the medical school that the holder is a distinguished medical scholar and an outstanding practicing physician.

- (3) The holder of a medical faculty certificate issued under this section has all rights and responsibilities prescribed by law for the holder of a license issued under s. 458.311, except as specifically provided otherwise by law. Such responsibilities include compliance with continuing medical education requirements as set forth by rule of the board. A hospital or ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395, health maintenance organization certified under chapter 641, insurer as defined in s. 624.03, multiple-employer welfare arrangement as defined in s. 624.437, or any other entity in this state, in considering and acting upon an application for staff membership, clinical privileges, or other credentials as a health care provider, may not deny the application of an otherwise qualified physician for such staff membership, clinical privileges, or other credentials solely because the applicant is a holder of a medical faculty certificate under this section.
- (4) In any year, the maximum number of extended medical faculty certificateholders as provided in subsection (2) may not exceed 15 persons at each institution named in subparagraphs  $(1)(i)1.-\underline{43}$ . and at the facility named in s. 240.512 and may not exceed 5 persons at the institution named in subparagraph (1)(i)54.
  - 5. Annual review of all such certificate recipients

3

4

5

6 7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25 26

27

28

29 30 will be made by the deans of the accredited 4-year medical schools within this state and reported to the Board of Medicine.

(5) Notwithstanding subsection (1), any physician, when providing medical care or treatment in connection with the education of students, residents, or faculty at the request of the dean of an accredited medical school within this state or at the request of the medical director of a statutory teaching hospital as defined in s. 408.07, may do so upon registration with the board and demonstration of financial responsibility pursuant to s. 458.320(1) or (2) unless such physician is exempt under s. 458.320(5)(a). The performance of such medical care or treatment must be limited to a single period of time, which may not exceed 180 consecutive days, and must be rendered within a facility registered under subsection (2) or within a statutory teaching hospital as defined in s. 408.07. A registration fee not to exceed \$300, as set by the board, is required of each physician registered under this subsection. However, no more than three physicians per year per institution may be registered under this subsection, and an exemption under this subsection may not be granted to a physician more than once in any given 5-year period.

Section 39. Subsection (5) is added to section 458.315, Florida Statutes, to read:

458.315 Temporary certificate for practice in areas of critical need.--Any physician who is licensed to practice in any other state, whose license is currently valid, and who pays an application fee of \$300 may be issued a temporary certificate to practice in communities of Florida where there 31 | is a critical need for physicians. A certificate may be

3

5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29 30 issued to a physician who will be employed by a county health department, correctional facility, community health center funded by s. 329, s. 330, or s. 340 of the United States Public Health Services Act, or other entity that provides health care to indigents and that is approved by the State Health Officer. The Board of Medicine may issue this temporary certificate with the following restrictions:

(5) The application fee and all licensure fees, including neurological injury compensation assessments, shall be waived for those persons obtaining a temporary certificate to practice in areas of critical need for the purpose of providing volunteer, uncompensated care for low-income Floridians. The applicant must submit an affidavit from the employing agency or institution stating that the physician will not receive any compensation for any service involving the practice of medicine.

Section 40. Section 458.345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.345 Registration of resident physicians, interns, and fellows; list of hospital employees; prescribing of medicinal drugs; penalty .--

(1) Any person desiring to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training which leads to subspecialty board certification in this state, or any person desiring to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training in a teaching hospital in this state as defined in s. 408.07(44) or s. 395.805(2), who does not hold a valid, active license issued under this chapter shall apply to 31 the department to be registered and shall remit a fee not to

3

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25 26

27

28

29

30

exceed \$300 as set by the board. The department shall register any applicant the board certifies has met the following requirements:

- (a) Is at least 21 years of age.
- (b) Has not committed any act or offense within or without the state which would constitute the basis for refusal to certify an application for licensure pursuant to s. 458.331.
- Is a graduate of a medical school or college as specified in s. 458.311(1)(f).
- (2) The board shall not certify to the department for registration any applicant who is under investigation in any state or jurisdiction for an act which would constitute the basis for imposing a disciplinary penalty specified in s. 458.331(2)(b) until such time as the investigation is completed, at which time the provisions of s. 458.331 shall apply.
- (3) Every hospital or teaching hospital employing or utilizing the services of a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training registered under this section which leads to subspecialty board certification shall designate a person who shall, on dates designated by the board, in consultation with the department, furnish the department with a list of such the hospital's employees and such other information as the board may direct. The chief executive officer of each such hospital shall provide the executive director of the board with the name, title, and address of the person responsible for furnishing such reports.
- (4) Registration under this section shall 31 automatically expire after 2 years without further action by

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

the board or the department unless an application for renewal is approved by the board. No person registered under this section may be employed or utilized as a house physician or act as a resident physician, an assistant resident physician, an intern, or a fellow in fellowship training which leads to a subspecialty board certification in a hospital or teaching hospital of this state for more than 2 years without a valid, active license or renewal of registration under this section. Requirements for renewal of registration shall be established by rule of the board. An application fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the board shall accompany the application for renewal, except that resident physicians, assistant resident physicians, interns, and fellows in fellowship training registered under this section which leads to subspecialty board certification shall be exempt from payment of any renewal fees.

- (5) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or s. 120.52 to the contrary, any person who is registered under this section is subject to the provisions of s. 458.331.
- (6) A person registered as a resident physician under this section may in the normal course of his or her employment prescribe medicinal drugs described in schedules set out in chapter 893 when:
- (a) The person prescribes such medicinal drugs through use of a Drug Enforcement Administration number issued to the hospital or teaching hospital by which the person is employed or at which the person's services are used;
- (b) The person is identified by a discrete suffix to the identification number issued to <u>such</u> the hospital; and
- (c) The use of the institutional identification number and individual suffixes conforms to the requirements of the

federal Drug Enforcement Administration. 1 2 (7) Any person willfully violating this section 3 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 4 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 5 The board shall promulgate rules pursuant to ss. 6 120.536(1) and 120.54 as necessary to implement this section. 7 Section 41. Subsection (3) of section 458.348, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 8 458.348 Formal supervisory relationships, standing 9 10 orders, and established protocols; notice; standards.--(3) PROTOCOLS REQUIRING DIRECT SUPERVISION. -- All 11 12 protocols relating to electrolysis or electrology using laser or light-based hair removal or reduction by persons other than 13 14 physicians licensed under this chapter or chapter 459 shall 15 require the person performing such service to be appropriately 16 trained and work only under the direct supervision and 17 responsibility of a physician licensed under this chapter or 18 chapter 459. All protocols relating to electrolysis or electrology using needle-type epilation devices by persons 19 other than physicians licensed under this chapter or chapter 20 21 459 shall require the person performing such service to be appropriately trained and work only under the general 22 supervision of a physician licensed under this chapter or 23 24 chapter 459. Section 42. Section 459.021, Florida Statutes, is 25 26 amended to read: 27 459.021 Registration of resident physicians, interns, 28 and fellows; list of hospital employees; penalty .--(1) Any person who holds a degree of Doctor of 29

Osteopathic Medicine from a college of osteopathic medicine

31 | recognized and approved by the American Osteopathic

5 6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29 30 Association who desires to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training which leads to subspecialty board certification in this state, or any person desiring to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training in a teaching hospital in this state as defined in s. 408.07(44) or s. 395.805(2), who does not hold an active license issued under this chapter shall apply to the department to be registered, on an application provided by the department, within 30 days of commencing such a training program and shall remit a fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the board.

- (2) Any person required to be registered under this section shall renew such registration annually. registration shall be terminated upon the registrant's receipt of an active license issued under this chapter. No person shall be registered under this section for an aggregate of more than 5 years, unless additional years are approved by the board.
- (3) Every hospital or teaching hospital having employed or contracted with or utilized the services of a person who holds a degree of Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine from a college of osteopathic medicine recognized and approved by the American Osteopathic Association as a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training registered under this section which leads to subspecialty board certification shall designate a person who shall furnish, on dates designated by the board, in consultation with the department, to the 31 department a list of all such persons who have served in such

the hospital during the preceding 6-month period. The chief executive officer of each such hospital shall provide the executive director of the board with the name, title, and address of the person responsible for filing such reports.

7 8

- (4) The registration may be revoked or the department may refuse to issue any registration for any cause which would be a ground for its revocation or refusal to issue a license to practice osteopathic medicine, as well as on the following grounds:
- (a) Omission of the name of an intern, resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, or fellow in fellowship training from the list of employees required by subsection (3) to be furnished to the department by the hospital or teaching hospital served by the employee.
- (b) Practicing osteopathic medicine outside of a bona fide hospital training program.
- (5) It is a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 for any hospital or teaching hospital, and also for the superintendent, administrator, and other person or persons having administrative authority in such  $\frac{1}{2}$  hospital:
- (a) To employ the services in <u>such</u> the hospital of any person listed in subsection (3), unless such person is registered with the department under the law or the holder of a license to practice osteopathic medicine under this chapter.
- (b) To fail to furnish to the department the list and information required by subsection (3).
- (6) Any person desiring registration pursuant to this section shall meet all the requirements of s. 459.0055.
- (7) The board shall promulgate rules <u>pursuant to ss.</u>  $\underline{120.536(1)}$  and  $\underline{120.54}$  as necessary to implement this section.

- (8) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or s. 120.52 to the contrary, any person who is registered under this section is subject to the provisions of s. 459.015.
- (9) A person registered as a resident physician under this section may in the normal course of his or her employment prescribe medicinal drugs described in schedules set out in chapter 893 when:
- (a) The person prescribes such medicinal drugs through use of a Drug Enforcement Administration number issued to the hospital or teaching hospital by which the person is employed or at which the person's services are used;
- (b) The person is identified by a discrete suffix to the identification number issued to such the hospital; and
- (c) The use of the institutional identification number and individual suffixes conforms to the requirements of the federal Drug Enforcement Administration.

Section 43. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (9) of section 458.347, Florida Statutes, to read:

458.347 Physician assistants.--

- (9) COUNCIL ON PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.--The Council on Physician Assistants is created within the department.
- (a) The council shall consist of five members appointed as follows:
- 1. The chairperson of the Board of Medicine shall appoint three members who are physicians and members of the Board of Medicine. One of the physicians must supervise a physician assistant in the physician's practice.
- 2. The chairperson of the Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall appoint one member who is a physician and a member of the Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
  - 3. The secretary of the department or his or her

2

3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29 30 designee shall appoint a fully licensed physician assistant licensed under this chapter or chapter 459.

- (b) Two of the members appointed to the council must be physicians who supervise physician assistants in their practice. Members shall be appointed to terms of 4 years, except that of the initial appointments, two members shall be appointed to terms of 2 years, two members shall be appointed to terms of 3 years, and one member shall be appointed to a term of 4 years, as established by rule of the boards. Council members may not serve more than two consecutive terms. The council shall annually elect a chairperson from among its members.
  - (c) The council shall:
- Recommend to the department the licensure of physician assistants.
- Develop all rules regulating the use of physician assistants by physicians under this chapter and chapter 459, except for rules relating to the formulary developed under paragraph (4)(f). The council shall also develop rules to ensure that the continuity of supervision is maintained in each practice setting. The boards shall consider adopting a proposed rule developed by the council at the regularly scheduled meeting immediately following the submission of the proposed rule by the council. A proposed rule submitted by the council may not be adopted by either board unless both boards have accepted and approved the identical language contained in the proposed rule. The language of all proposed rules submitted by the council must be approved by both boards pursuant to each respective board's guidelines and standards regarding the adoption of proposed rules. If either board 31 | rejects the council's proposed rule, that board must specify

6

7

8

10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

30

31

its objection to the council with particularity and include any recommendations it may have for the modification of the proposed rule.

3. Make recommendations to the boards regarding all

- 3. Make recommendations to the boards regarding all matters relating to physician assistants.
- 4. Address concerns and problems of practicing physician assistants in order to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed physician assistants.
- (d) When the Council finds that an applicant for licensure has failed to meet, to the Council's satisfaction, each of the requirements for licensure set forth in this section, the Council may enter an order to:
  - 1. Refuse to certify the applicant for licensure;
- 2. Approve the applicant for licensure with restrictions on the scope of practice or license; or
- 3. Approve the applicant for conditional licensure.
  Such conditions may include placement of the licensee on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions as the Council may specify, including but not limited to, requiring the licensee to undergo treatment, to attend continuing education courses, to work under the direct supervision of a physician licensed in this state, or to take corrective action.

Section 44. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (9) of section 459.022, Florida Statutes, to read:

459.022 Physician assistants.--

- (9) COUNCIL ON PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.--The Council on Physician Assistants is created within the department.
- (a) The council shall consist of five members
  appointed as follows:
  - 1. The chairperson of the Board of Medicine shall

3 4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29 30 appoint three members who are physicians and members of the Board of Medicine. One of the physicians must supervise a physician assistant in the physician's practice.

- The chairperson of the Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall appoint one member who is a physician and a member of the Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
- The secretary of the department or her or his designee shall appoint a fully licensed physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or this chapter.
- (b) Two of the members appointed to the council must be physicians who supervise physician assistants in their practice. Members shall be appointed to terms of 4 years, except that of the initial appointments, two members shall be appointed to terms of 2 years, two members shall be appointed to terms of 3 years, and one member shall be appointed to a term of 4 years, as established by rule of the boards. Council members may not serve more than two consecutive terms. The council shall annually elect a chairperson from among its members.
  - (c) The council shall:
- 1. Recommend to the department the licensure of physician assistants.
- 2. Develop all rules regulating the use of physician assistants by physicians under chapter 458 and this chapter, except for rules relating to the formulary developed under s. 458.347(4)(f). The council shall also develop rules to ensure that the continuity of supervision is maintained in each practice setting. The boards shall consider adopting a proposed rule developed by the council at the regularly scheduled meeting immediately following the submission of the 31 proposed rule by the council. A proposed rule submitted by

the council may not be adopted by either board unless both boards have accepted and approved the identical language contained in the proposed rule. The language of all proposed rules submitted by the council must be approved by both boards pursuant to each respective board's guidelines and standards regarding the adoption of proposed rules. If either board rejects the council's proposed rule, that board must specify its objection to the council with particularity and include any recommendations it may have for the modification of the proposed rule.

- 3. Make recommendations to the boards regarding all matters relating to physician assistants.
- 4. Address concerns and problems of practicing physician assistants in order to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed physician assistants.
- (d) When the Council finds that an applicant for licensure has failed to meet, to the Council's satisfaction, each of the requirements for licensure set forth in this section, the Council may enter an order to:
  - 1. Refuse to certify the applicant for licensure;
- 2. Approve the applicant for licensure with restrictions on the scope of practice or license; or
- 3. Approve the applicant for conditional licensure.
  Such conditions may include placement of the licensee on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions as the Council may specify, including but not limited to, requiring the licensee to undergo treatment, to attend continuing education courses, to work under the direct supervision of a physician licensed in this state, or to take corrective action.

Section 45. The amendment of s. 455.637, Florida

Statutes, by this act applies to offenses committed on or after the effective date of such section.

Section 46. Section 455.641, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 47. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 455.637, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, the sections or subdivisions of Florida Statutes set forth below are reenacted to read:

455.574 Department of Health; examinations.--

(1)

2

3

4

5

6 7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20 21

22 23

24

25 26

27

28

29

30

(d) Each board, or the department when there is no board, shall adopt rules regarding the security and monitoring of examinations. The department shall implement those rules adopted by the respective boards. In order to maintain the security of examinations, the department may employ the procedures set forth in s. 455.637 to seek fines and injunctive relief against an examinee who violates the provisions of s. 455.577 or the rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph. The department, or any agent thereof, may, for the purposes of investigation, confiscate any written, photographic, or recording material or device in the possession of the examinee at the examination site which the department deems necessary to enforce such provisions or rules.

468.1295 Disciplinary proceedings.--

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for both disciplinary actions as set forth in subsection (2) and cease and desist or other related actions by the department as set forth in s. 455.637:
- (a) Procuring or attempting to procure a license by 31 | bribery, by fraudulent misrepresentation, or through an error

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

of the department or the board.

- (b) Having a license revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including denial of licensure, by the licensing authority of another state, territory, or country.
- (c) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology.
- (d) Making or filing a report or record which the licensee knows to be false, intentionally or negligently failing to file a report or records required by state or federal law, willfully impeding or obstructing such filing, or inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing. Such report or record shall include only those reports or records which are signed in one's capacity as a licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist.
- (e) Advertising goods or services in a manner which is fraudulent, false, deceptive, or misleading in form or content.
- Being proven guilty of fraud or deceit or of negligence, incompetency, or misconduct in the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology.
- (g) Violating a lawful order of the board or department previously entered in a disciplinary hearing, or failing to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena of the board or department.
- (h) Practicing with a revoked, suspended, inactive, or delinquent license.
- (i) Using, or causing or promoting the use of, any advertising matter, promotional literature, testimonial, 31 | guarantee, warranty, label, brand, insignia, or other

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29 30 representation, however disseminated or published, which is misleading, deceiving, or untruthful.

- Showing or demonstrating or, in the event of sale, delivery of a product unusable or impractical for the purpose represented or implied by such action.
- (k) Failing to submit to the board on an annual basis, or such other basis as may be provided by rule, certification of testing and calibration of such equipment as designated by the board and on the form approved by the board.
- (1) Aiding, assisting, procuring, employing, or advising any licensee or business entity to practice speech-language pathology or audiology contrary to this part, part II of chapter 455, or any rule adopted pursuant thereto.
- (m) Violating any provision of this part or part II of chapter 455 or any rule adopted pursuant thereto.
- (n) Misrepresenting the professional services available in the fitting, sale, adjustment, service, or repair of a hearing aid, or using any other term or title which might connote the availability of professional services when such use is not accurate.
- (o) Representing, advertising, or implying that a hearing aid or its repair is guaranteed without providing full disclosure of the identity of the guarantor; the nature, extent, and duration of the guarantee; and the existence of conditions or limitations imposed upon the guarantee.
- (p) Representing, directly or by implication, that a hearing aid utilizing bone conduction has certain specified features, such as the absence of anything in the ear or leading to the ear, or the like, without disclosing clearly and conspicuously that the instrument operates on the bone 31 conduction principle and that in many cases of hearing loss

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

2122

2324

25

2627

28

2930

this type of instrument may not be suitable.

- (q) Stating or implying that the use of any hearing aid will improve or preserve hearing or prevent or retard the progression of a hearing impairment or that it will have any similar or opposite effect.
- (r) Making any statement regarding the cure of the cause of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing aid.
- (s) Representing or implying that a hearing aid is or will be "custom-made," "made to order," or "prescription-made," or in any other sense specially fabricated for an individual, when such is not the case.
- (t) Canvassing from house to house or by telephone, either in person or by an agent, for the purpose of selling a hearing aid, except that contacting persons who have evidenced an interest in hearing aids, or have been referred as in need of hearing aids, shall not be considered canvassing.
- (u) Failing to notify the department in writing of a change in current mailing and place-of-practice address within 30 days after such change.
- (v) Failing to provide all information as described in ss. 468.1225(5)(b), 468.1245(1), and 468.1246.
- (w) Exercising influence on a client in such a manner as to exploit the client for financial gain of the licensee or of a third party.
- (x) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law or accepting and performing professional responsibilities the licensee or certificateholder knows, or has reason to know, the licensee or certificateholder is not competent to perform.
- (y) Aiding, assisting, procuring, or employing anyunlicensed person to practice speech-language pathology or

audiology.

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

- (z) Delegating or contracting for the performance of professional responsibilities by a person when the licensee delegating or contracting for performance of such responsibilities knows, or has reason to know, such person is not qualified by training, experience, and authorization to perform them.
- (aa) Committing any act upon a patient or client which would constitute sexual battery or which would constitute sexual misconduct as defined pursuant to s. 468.1296.
- (bb) Being unable to practice the profession for which he or she is licensed or certified under this chapter with reasonable skill or competence as a result of any mental or physical condition or by reason of illness, drunkenness, or use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other substance. In enforcing this paragraph, upon a finding by the secretary, his or her designee, or the board that probable cause exists to believe that the licensee or certificateholder is unable to practice the profession because of the reasons stated in this paragraph, the department shall have the authority to compel a licensee or certificateholder to submit to a mental or physical examination by a physician, psychologist, clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health counselor designated by the department or board. licensee or certificateholder refuses to comply with the department's order directing the examination, such order may be enforced by filing a petition for enforcement in the circuit court in the circuit in which the licensee or certificateholder resides or does business. The department shall be entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 31 | 51.011. A licensee or certificateholder affected under this

2

3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29 30 paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that he or she can resume the competent practice for which he or she is licensed or certified with reasonable skill and safety to patients.

484.014 Disciplinary actions.--

- (1) The following acts relating to the practice of opticianry shall be grounds for both disciplinary action against an optician as set forth in this section and cease and desist or other related action by the department as set forth in s. 455.637 against any person operating an optical establishment who engages in, aids, or abets any such violation:
- (a) Procuring or attempting to procure a license by misrepresentation, bribery, or fraud or through an error of the department or the board.
- (b) Procuring or attempting to procure a license for any other person by making or causing to be made any false representation.
- (c) Making or filing a report or record which the licensee knows to be false, intentionally or negligently failing to file a report or record required by federal or state law, willfully impeding or obstructing such filing, or inducing another person to do so. Such reports or records shall include only those which the person is required to make or file as an optician.
- (d) Failing to make fee or price information readily available by providing such information upon request or upon the presentation of a prescription.
- (e) Advertising goods or services in a manner which is fraudulent, false, deceptive, or misleading in form or 31 content.

# Bill No. <u>CS for SB 420</u>

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28

2930

- (f) Fraud or deceit, or negligence, incompetency, or misconduct, in the authorized practice of opticianry.
- (g) Violation or repeated violation of this part or of part II of chapter 455 or any rules promulgated pursuant thereto.
- (h) Practicing with a revoked, suspended, inactive, or delinquent license.
- (i) Violation of a lawful order of the board or department previously entered in a disciplinary hearing or failing to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena of the department.
  - (j) Violation of any provision of s. 484.012.
- (k) Conspiring with another licensee or with any person to commit an act, or committing an act, which would coerce, intimidate, or preclude another licensee from lawfully advertising her or his services.
- (1) Willfully submitting to any third-party payor a claim for services which were not provided to a patient.
  - (m) Failing to keep written prescription files.
- (n) Willfully failing to report any person who the licensee knows is in violation of this part or of rules of the department or the board.
- (o) Exercising influence on a client in such a manner as to exploit the client for financial gain of the licensee or of a third party.
  - (p) Gross or repeated malpractice.
- (q) Permitting any person not licensed as an optician in this state to fit or dispense any lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, or other optical devices which are part of the practice of opticianry.
  - (r) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25 26

27

28

29 30 plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, in a court of this state or other jurisdiction, a crime which relates to the ability to practice opticianry or to the practice of opticianry.

- (s) Having been disciplined by a regulatory agency in another state for any offense that would constitute a violation of Florida law or rules regulating opticianry.
- (t) Being unable to practice opticianry with reasonable skill and safety by reason of illness or use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition. An optician affected under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that she or he can resume the competent practice of opticianry with reasonable skill and safety to her or his customers.

484.056 Disciplinary proceedings.--

- (1) The following acts relating to the practice of dispensing hearing aids shall be grounds for both disciplinary action against a hearing aid specialist as set forth in this section and cease and desist or other related action by the department as set forth in s. 455.637 against any person owning or operating a hearing aid establishment who engages in, aids, or abets any such violation:
- (a) Violation of any provision of s. 455.624(1), s. 484.0512, or s. 484.053.
- (b) Attempting to procure a license to dispense hearing aids by bribery, by fraudulent misrepresentations, or through an error of the department or the board.
- (c) Having a license to dispense hearing aids revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of 31 | licensure, by the licensing authority of another state,

territory, or country.

- (d) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of dispensing hearing aids or the ability to practice dispensing hearing aids, including violations of any federal laws or regulations regarding hearing aids.
- (e) Making or filing a report or record which the licensee knows to be false, intentionally or negligently failing to file a report or record required by state or federal law, willfully impeding or obstructing such filing, or inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing. Such reports or records shall include only those reports or records which are signed in one's capacity as a licensed hearing aid specialist.
- (f) Advertising goods or services in a manner which is fraudulent, false, deceptive, or misleading in form or content.
- (g) Proof that the licensee is guilty of fraud or deceit or of negligence, incompetency, or misconduct in the practice of dispensing hearing aids.
- (h) Violation or repeated violation of this part or of part II of chapter 455, or any rules promulgated pursuant thereto.
- (i) Violation of a lawful order of the board or department previously entered in a disciplinary hearing or failure to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena of the board or department.
- (j) Practicing with a revoked, suspended, inactive, or delinquent license.
  - (k) Using, or causing or promoting the use of, any

advertising matter, promotional literature, testimonial, guarantee, warranty, label, brand, insignia, or other representation, however disseminated or published, which is misleading, deceiving, or untruthful.

- (1) Showing or demonstrating, or, in the event of sale, delivery of, a product unusable or impractical for the purpose represented or implied by such action.
- (m) Misrepresentation of professional services
  available in the fitting, sale, adjustment, service, or repair
  of a hearing aid, or use of the terms "doctor," "clinic,"
  "clinical," "medical audiologist," "clinical audiologist,"
  "research audiologist," or "audiologic" or any other term or
  title which might connote the availability of professional
  services when such use is not accurate.
- (n) Representation, advertisement, or implication that a hearing aid or its repair is guaranteed without providing full disclosure of the identity of the guarantor; the nature, extent, and duration of the guarantee; and the existence of conditions or limitations imposed upon the guarantee.
- (o) Representing, directly or by implication, that a hearing aid utilizing bone conduction has certain specified features, such as the absence of anything in the ear or leading to the ear, or the like, without disclosing clearly and conspicuously that the instrument operates on the bone conduction principle and that in many cases of hearing loss this type of instrument may not be suitable.
- (p) Making any predictions or prognostications as to the future course of a hearing impairment, either in general terms or with reference to an individual person.
- 30 (q) Stating or implying that the use of any hearing
  31 aid will improve or preserve hearing or prevent or retard the

progression of a hearing impairment or that it will have any similar or opposite effect.

- (r) Making any statement regarding the cure of the cause of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing aid.
- (s) Representing or implying that a hearing aid is or will be "custom-made," "made to order," or "prescription-made" or in any other sense specially fabricated for an individual person when such is not the case.
- (t) Canvassing from house to house or by telephone either in person or by an agent for the purpose of selling a hearing aid, except that contacting persons who have evidenced an interest in hearing aids, or have been referred as in need of hearing aids, shall not be considered canvassing.
- (u) Failure to submit to the board on an annual basis, or such other basis as may be provided by rule, certification of testing and calibration of audiometric testing equipment on the form approved by the board.
- $\ensuremath{(v)}$  Failing to provide all information as described in s.  $484.051(1)\,.$
- (w) Exercising influence on a client in such a manner as to exploit the client for financial gain of the licensee or of a third party.

Section 48. Paragraphs (a) and (g) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.--

(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART

28

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

2122

2324

25

2627

29 Florida Felony30 Statute Degree Description

Bill No. <u>CS for SB 420</u> Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1	Ī		1
1			(a) LEVEL 1
2	24.118(3)(a)	3rd	Counterfeit or altered state
3			lottery ticket.
4	212.054(2)(b)	3rd	Discretionary sales surtax;
5			limitations, administration, and
6			collection.
7	212.15(2)(b)	3rd	Failure to remit sales taxes,
8			amount greater than \$300 but less
9			than \$20,000.
10	319.30(5)	3rd	Sell, exchange, give away
11			certificate of title or
12			identification number plate.
13	319.35(1)(a)	3rd	Tamper, adjust, change, etc., an
14			odometer.
15	320.26(1)(a)	3rd	Counterfeit, manufacture, or sell
16			registration license plates or
17			validation stickers.
18	322.212(1)	3rd	Possession of forged, stolen,
19			counterfeit, or unlawfully issued
20			driver's license; possession of
21			simulated identification.
22	322.212(4)	3rd	Supply or aid in supplying
23			unauthorized driver's license or
24			identification card.
25	322.212(5)(a)	3rd	False application for driver's
26			license or identification card.
27	370.13(3)(a)	3rd	Molest any stone crab trap, line,
28			or buoy which is property of
29			licenseholder.
30	370.135(1)	3rd	Molest any blue crab trap, line,
31			or buoy which is property of
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li><li>29</li><li>30</li></ul>	370.13(3)(a)	3rd	<pre>identification card. False application for driver's license or identification card. Molest any stone crab trap, line, or buoy which is property of licenseholder. Molest any blue crab trap, line,</pre>

1			licenseholder.
2	372.663(1)	3rd	Poach any alligator or
3			crocodilia.
4	414.39(2)	3rd	Unauthorized use, possession,
5			forgery, or alteration of food
6			stamps, Medicaid ID, value
7			greater than \$200.
8	414.39(3)(a)	3rd	Fraudulent misappropriation of
9			public assistance funds by
10			employee/official, value more
11			than \$200.
12	443.071(1)	3rd	False statement or representation
13			to obtain or increase
14			unemployment compensation
15			benefits.
16	<del>458.327(1)(a)</del>	<del>3rd</del>	Unlicensed practice of medicine.
16 17	<del>458.327(1)(a)</del> <del>466.026(1)(a)</del>	<del>3rd</del> <del>3rd</del>	Unlicensed practice of medicine. Unlicensed practice of dentistry
-		-	
17		-	Unlicensed practice of dentistry
17 18	<del>466.026(1)(a)</del>	<del>3rd</del>	Unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.
17 18 19	<del>466.026(1)(a)</del>	<del>3rd</del>	Unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.  Defraud an innkeeper, food or
17 18 19 20	<del>466.026(1)(a)</del> 509.151(1)	<del>3rd</del> 3rd	Unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.  Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value greater than \$300.
17 18 19 20 21	<del>466.026(1)(a)</del> 509.151(1)	<del>3rd</del> 3rd	Unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.  Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value greater than \$300.  Violation of the Florida
17 18 19 20 21 22	<del>466.026(1)(a)</del> 509.151(1)	<del>3rd</del> 3rd	Unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.  Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value greater than \$300.  Violation of the Florida Securities and Investor
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	466.026(1)(a) 509.151(1) 517.302(1)	<del>3rd</del> 3rd 3rd	Unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.  Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value greater than \$300.  Violation of the Florida Securities and Investor Protection Act.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	466.026(1)(a) 509.151(1) 517.302(1) 562.27(1)	3rd 3rd 3rd	Unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.  Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value greater than \$300.  Violation of the Florida Securities and Investor Protection Act.  Possess still or still apparatus.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	466.026(1)(a) 509.151(1) 517.302(1) 562.27(1)	3rd 3rd 3rd	Unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.  Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value greater than \$300.  Violation of the Florida Securities and Investor Protection Act.  Possess still or still apparatus. Tenant removes property upon
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	466.026(1)(a) 509.151(1) 517.302(1) 562.27(1)	3rd 3rd 3rd	Unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.  Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value greater than \$300.  Violation of the Florida Securities and Investor Protection Act.  Possess still or still apparatus. Tenant removes property upon which lien has accrued, value
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	466.026(1)(a) 509.151(1) 517.302(1) 562.27(1) 713.69	3rd 3rd 3rd 3rd 3rd	Unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.  Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value greater than \$300.  Violation of the Florida Securities and Investor Protection Act.  Possess still or still apparatus. Tenant removes property upon which lien has accrued, value more than \$50.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	466.026(1)(a) 509.151(1) 517.302(1) 562.27(1) 713.69	3rd 3rd 3rd 3rd 3rd	Unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.  Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value greater than \$300.  Violation of the Florida Securities and Investor Protection Act.  Possess still or still apparatus. Tenant removes property upon which lien has accrued, value more than \$50.  Petit theft (3rd conviction);

1	812.081(2)	3rd	Unlawfully makes or causes to be
2			made a reproduction of a trade
3			secret.
4	815.04(4)(a)	3rd	Offense against intellectual
5			property (i.e., computer
6			programs, data).
7	817.52(2)	3rd	Hiring with intent to defraud,
8			motor vehicle services.
9	826.01	3rd	Bigamy.
10	828.122(3)	3rd	Fighting or baiting animals.
11	831.04(1)	3rd	Any erasure, alteration, etc., of
12			any replacement deed, map, plat,
13			or other document listed in s.
14			92.28.
15	831.31(1)(a)	3rd	Sell, deliver, or possess
16			counterfeit controlled
17			substances, all but s. 893.03(5)
18			drugs.
19	832.041(1)	3rd	Stopping payment with intent to
20			defraud \$150 or more.
21	832.05		
22	(2)(b)&(4)(c)	3rd	Knowing, making, issuing
23			worthless checks \$150 or more or
24			obtaining property in return for
25			worthless check \$150 or more.
26	838.015(3)	3rd	Bribery.
27	838.016(1)	3rd	Public servant receiving unlawful
28			compensation.
29	838.15(2)	3rd	Commercial bribe receiving.
30	838.16	3rd	Commercial bribery.
31			

Bill No. <u>CS for SB 420</u> Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1 843.18 3rd Fleeing by boat to elude a law enforcement officer.  3 847.011(1)(a) 3rd Sell, distribute, etc., obscene, lewd, etc., material (2nd conviction).  6 849.01 3rd Keeping gambling house.  7 849.09(1)(a)-(d) 3rd Lottery; set up, promote, etc., or assist therein, conduct or advertise drawing for prizes, or dispose of property or money by means of lottery.  12 849.23 3rd Gambling-related machines; "common offender" as to property rights.  13 "common offender" as to property rights.  15 849.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking.  16 860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal.  17 860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the influence.  19 893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis.  20 893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).  21 893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  22 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  23 (g) LEVEL 7  24 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious bodily injury.				ı
3 847.011(1)(a) 3rd Sell, distribute, etc., obscene, 4 lewd, etc., material (2nd conviction). 6 849.01 3rd Keeping gambling house. 7 849.09(1)(a)-(d) 3rd Lottery; set up, promote, etc., 8 or assist therein, conduct or advertise drawing for prizes, or dispose of property or money by means of lottery. 12 849.23 3rd Gambling-related machines; 13 "common offender" as to property rights. 15 849.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking. 16 860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal. 17 860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the influence. 19 893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis. 20 893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams). 21 893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance. 22 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication. 23 (g) LEVEL 7 24 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury. 29 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	1	843.18	3rd	Fleeing by boat to elude a law
lewd, etc., material (2nd conviction).  849.01 3rd Keeping gambling house.  849.09(1)(a)-(d) 3rd Lottery; set up, promote, etc., or assist therein, conduct or advertise drawing for prizes, or dispose of property or money by means of lottery.  849.23 3rd Gambling-related machines; "common offender" as to property rights.  849.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking.  860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal.  860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the influence.  9893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis.  893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).  893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  (g) LEVEL 7  816.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	2			enforcement officer.
conviction).  8 49.01 3rd Keeping gambling house.  8 49.09(1)(a)-(d) 3rd Lottery; set up, promote, etc., or assist therein, conduct or advertise drawing for prizes, or dispose of property or money by means of lottery.  8 49.23 3rd Gambling-related machines; "common offender" as to property rights.  8 49.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking.  860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal. 860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the influence.  9 893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis.  893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).  893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  9 34.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication. (g) LEVEL 7  8 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious	3	847.011(1)(a)	3rd	Sell, distribute, etc., obscene,
6 849.01 3rd Keeping gambling house. 7 849.09(1)(a)-(d) 3rd Lottery; set up, promote, etc., 8 or assist therein, conduct or 9 advertise drawing for prizes, or 10 dispose of property or money by 11 means of lottery. 12 849.23 3rd Gambling-related machines; 13 "common offender" as to property 14 rights. 15 849.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking. 16 860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal. 17 860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the 18 influence. 19 893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis. 20 893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 21 20 grams). 22 893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to 23 package of controlled substance. 24 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other 25 person to intercept, any wire or 26 oral communication. 27 (g) LEVEL 7 28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily 29 injury. 30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	4			lewd, etc., material (2nd
Asy.09(1)(a)-(d) 3rd Lottery; set up, promote, etc., or assist therein, conduct or advertise drawing for prizes, or dispose of property or money by means of lottery.  849.23 3rd Gambling-related machines; "common offender" as to property rights.  849.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking.  860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal.  860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the influence.  9893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis.  893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).  893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  1934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  (g) LEVEL 7  816.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	5			conviction).
or assist therein, conduct or advertise drawing for prizes, or dispose of property or money by means of lottery.  849.23 3rd Gambling-related machines; "common offender" as to property rights.  849.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking.  860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal. 860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the influence.  9893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis. 893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).  893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication. (g) LEVEL 7  816.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury. 30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	6	849.01	3rd	Keeping gambling house.
advertise drawing for prizes, or dispose of property or money by means of lottery.  849.23 3rd Gambling-related machines; "common offender" as to property rights.  849.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking.  860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal. Reformation of the property with a railroad signal. Reformation of the property with a railroad signal. Reformation of the property rights.  893.13(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(	7	849.09(1)(a)-(d)	3rd	Lottery; set up, promote, etc.,
dispose of property or money by means of lottery.  849.23 3rd Gambling-related machines;  "common offender" as to property rights.  849.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking.  860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal.  860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the influence.  9893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis.  993.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).  893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  4934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  (g) LEVEL 7  816.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	8			or assist therein, conduct or
means of lottery.  849.23  3rd  Gambling-related machines;  "common offender" as to property rights.  849.25(2)  3rd  Engaging in bookmaking.  860.08  3rd  Interfere with a railroad signal.  Perate aircraft while under the influence.  9893.13(2)(a)2.  3rd  Purchase of cannabis.  Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).  29 grams).  20 grams).  21 and 22 grams).  23 and 24 pa4.03(1)(a)  3rd  Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  24 pa4.03(1)(a)  3rd  Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  (g) LEVEL 7  28 316.193(3)(c)2.  3rd  DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2.  3rd  Vessel BUI resulting in serious	9			advertise drawing for prizes, or
12 849.23 3rd Gambling-related machines;  13 "common offender" as to property 14 rights.  15 849.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking. 16 860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal. 17 860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the 18 influence. 19 893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis. 20 893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 21 20 grams). 22 893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to 23 package of controlled substance. 24 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other 25 person to intercept, any wire or 26 oral communication. 27 (g) LEVEL 7 28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily 29 injury. 30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	10			dispose of property or money by
"common offender" as to property rights.  14	11			means of lottery.
rights.  849.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking.  860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal.  860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the influence.  893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis.  893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).  893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  (g) LEVEL 7  316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	12	849.23	3rd	Gambling-related machines;
15 849.25(2) 3rd Engaging in bookmaking. 16 860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal. 17 860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the influence. 18 893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis. 20 893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams). 22 893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance. 24 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication. 26 (g) LEVEL 7 28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury. 30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	13			"common offender" as to property
16 860.08 3rd Interfere with a railroad signal. 17 860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the 18 influence. 19 893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis. 20 893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 21 20 grams). 22 893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to 23 package of controlled substance. 24 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other 25 person to intercept, any wire or 26 oral communication. 27 (g) LEVEL 7 28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily 29 injury. 30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	14			rights.
17 860.13(1)(a) 3rd Operate aircraft while under the influence.  19 893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis.  20 893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).  22 893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  24 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  27 (g) LEVEL 7  28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	15	849.25(2)	3rd	Engaging in bookmaking.
influence.  893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis.  893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).  893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  (g) LEVEL 7  816.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	16	860.08	3rd	Interfere with a railroad signal.
19 893.13(2)(a)2. 3rd Purchase of cannabis. 20 893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams). 21 2893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance. 24 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication. 27 (g) LEVEL 7 28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury. 30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	17	860.13(1)(a)	3rd	Operate aircraft while under the
20 893.13(6)(a) 3rd Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).  22 893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  24 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  26 oral communication.  27 (g) LEVEL 7  28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	18			influence.
21 20 grams).  22 893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  24 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  26 oral communication.  27 (g) LEVEL 7  28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	19	893.13(2)(a)2.	3rd	Purchase of cannabis.
22 893.13(7)(a)10. 3rd Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.  24 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  26 (g) LEVEL 7  28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	20	893.13(6)(a)	3rd	Possession of cannabis (more than
package of controlled substance.  24 934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication. (g) LEVEL 7  28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury. 30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	21			20 grams).
934.03(1)(a) 3rd Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  (g) LEVEL 7  28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	22	893.13(7)(a)10.	3rd	Affix false or forged label to
person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.  (g) LEVEL 7  316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	23			package of controlled substance.
oral communication.  (g) LEVEL 7  28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	24	934.03(1)(a)	3rd	Intercepts, or procures any other
27 (g) LEVEL 7 28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily 29 injury. 30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	25			person to intercept, any wire or
28 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily 29 injury. 30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	26			oral communication.
injury.  30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	27			(g) LEVEL 7
30 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious	28	316.193(3)(c)2.	3rd	DUI resulting in serious bodily
	29			injury.
bodily injury.	30	327.35(3)(c)2.	3rd	Vessel BUI resulting in serious
	31			bodily injury.

1	402.319(2)	2nd	Misrepresentation and negligence
2			or intentional act resulting in
3			great bodily harm, permanent
4			disfiguration, permanent
5			disability, or death.
6	409.920(2)	3rd	Medicaid provider fraud.
7	455.637(2)	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing a health care
8			profession without a license.
9	455.637(2)	<u>2nd</u>	Practicing a health care
10			profession without a license
11			which results in serious bodily
12			injury.
13	458.327(1)	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing medicine without a
14			license.
15	459.013(1)	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing osteopathic medicine
16			without a license.
17	460.411(1)	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing chiropractic medicine
18			without a license.
19	461.012(1)	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing podiatric medicine
20			without a license.
21	462.17	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing naturopathy without a
22			license.
23	463.015(1)	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing optometry without a
24			license.
25	464.016(1)	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing nursing without a
26			license.
27	465.015(2)	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing pharmacy without a
28			license.
29	466.026(1)	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing dentistry or dental
30			hygiene without a license.
31			

ĺ	İ		,
1	<u>467.201</u>	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing midwifery without a
2			license.
3	<u>468.366</u>	<u>3rd</u>	Delivering respiratory care
4			services without a license.
5	483.828(1)	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing as clinical laboratory
6			personnel without a license.
7	<u>483.901(9)</u>	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing medical physics
8			without a license.
9	<u>484.053</u>	<u>3rd</u>	Dispensing hearing aids without a
10			license.
11	494.0018(2)	1st	Conviction of any violation of
12			ss. 494.001-494.0077 in which the
13			total money and property
14			unlawfully obtained exceeded
15			\$50,000 and there were five or
16			more victims.
17	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony murder of a
18			person by a person other than the
19			perpetrator or the perpetrator of
20			an attempted felony.
21	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being by the
22			act, procurement, or culpable
23			negligence of another
24			(manslaughter).
25	782.071	2nd	Killing of human being or viable
26			fetus by the operation of a motor
27			vehicle in a reckless manner
28			(vehicular homicide).
29	782.072	2nd	Killing of a human being by the
30			operation of a vessel in a
31			reckless manner (vessel

1			homi aida)
2	704 045/1\/a\1	On d	homicide).
3			Aggravated battery; intentionally
			causing great bodily harm or
4	FOA OAF (1) ( ) O	0 1	disfigurement.
5	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using deadly
6	TO 4 O 45 (1) (1)	0 1	weapon.
7	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery; perpetrator
8			aware victim pregnant.
9	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of
10			injunction or court order.
11	784.07(2)(d)	1st	Aggravated battery on law
12			enforcement officer.
13	784.08(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on a person 65
14			years of age or older.
15	784.081(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on specified
16			official or employee.
17	784.082(1)	1st	Aggravated battery by detained
18			person on visitor or other
19			detainee.
20	784.083(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on code
21			inspector.
22	790.07(4)	1st	Specified weapons violation
23			subsequent to previous conviction
24			of s. 790.07(1) or (2).
25	790.16(1)	1st	Discharge of a machine gun under
26			specified circumstances.
27	796.03	2nd	Procuring any person under 16
28			years for prostitution.
29	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation;
30			victim less than 12 years of age;
31			offender less than 18 years.
			•

1	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation;			
2			victim 12 years of age or older			
3			but less than 16 years; offender			
4			18 years or older.			
5	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by			
6			fire or explosive.			
7	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied dwelling;			
8			unarmed; no assault or battery.			
9	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied dwelling;			
10			unarmed; no assault or battery.			
11	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied conveyance;			
12			unarmed; no assault or battery.			
13	812.014(2)(a)	1st	Property stolen, valued at			
14			\$100,000 or more; property stolen			
15			while causing other property			
16			damage; 1st degree grand theft.			
17	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property; initiates,			
18			organizes, plans, etc., the theft			
19			of property and traffics in			
20			stolen property.			
21	812.131(2)(a)	2nd	Robbery by sudden snatching.			
22	812.133(2)(b)	1st	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly			
23			weapon, or other weapon.			
24	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or			
25			disabled adult causing great			
26			bodily harm, disability, or			
27			disfigurement.			
28	825.1025(2)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious battery upon			
29			an elderly person or disabled			
30			adult.			
31						

1	825.103(2)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or		
2			disabled adult and property is		
3			valued at \$20,000 or more, but		
4			less than \$100,000.		
5	827.03(3)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing great		
6			bodily harm, disability, or		
7			disfigurement.		
8	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a child under 16		
9			years of age by person 21 years		
10			of age or older.		
11	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about		
12			alleged capital felony to a law		
13			enforcement officer.		
14	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human body.		
15	893.13(1)(c)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver		
16			cocaine (or other drug prohibited		
17			under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),		
18			(1)(d), (2)(a), or (2)(b)) within		
19			1,000 feet of a child care		
20			facility or school.		
21	893.13(1)(e)	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver		
22			cocaine or other drug prohibited		
23			under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),		
24			(1)(d), (2)(a), or (2)(b), within		
25			1,000 feet of property used for		
26			religious services or a specified		
27			business site.		
28	893.13(4)(a)	1st	Deliver to minor cocaine (or		
29			other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),		
30			(1)(d), (2)(a), or (2)(b) drugs).		
31					

1	893.135(1)(a)1.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more		
2			than 50 lbs., less than 2,000		
3			lbs.		
4	893.135				
5	(1)(b)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than		
6			28 grams, less than 200 grams.		
7	893.135				
8	(1)(c)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs,		
9			more than 4 grams, less than 14		
10			grams.		
11	893.135				
12	(1)(d)1.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine,		
13			more than 28 grams, less than 200		
14			grams.		
15	893.135(1)(e)1.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more		
16			than 200 grams, less than 5		
17			kilograms.		
18	893.135(1)(f)1.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more		
19			than 14 grams, less than 28		
20			grams.		
21	893.135				
22	(1)(g)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 4		
23			grams or more, less than 14		
24			grams.		
25	Section 49.	Subsect	ion (1) of section 458.327, Florida		
26	Statutes, reads:				
27	458.327 Penalty for violations				
28	(1) Each o	of the fol	lowing acts constitutes a felony of		
29	the third degree,	punishabl	e as provided in s. 775.082, s.		
30	775.083, or s. 775.084:				
31	(a) The practice of medicine or an attempt to practice				

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

31

medicine without a license to practice in Florida.

- (b) The use or attempted use of a license which is suspended or revoked to practice medicine.
- (c) Attempting to obtain or obtaining a license to practice medicine by knowing misrepresentation.
- (d) Attempting to obtain or obtaining a position as a medical practitioner or medical resident in a clinic or hospital through knowing misrepresentation of education, training, or experience.

Section 50. Subsection (1) of section 459.013, Florida Statutes, reads:

459.013 Penalty for violations.--

- (1) Each of the following acts constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084:
- (a) The practice of osteopathic medicine, or an attempt to practice osteopathic medicine, without an active license or certificate issued pursuant to this chapter.
- (b) The practice of osteopathic medicine by a person holding a limited license, osteopathic faculty certificate, or other certificate issued under this chapter beyond the scope of practice authorized for such licensee or certificateholder.
- (c) Attempting to obtain or obtaining a license to practice osteopathic medicine by knowing misrepresentation.
- (d) Attempting to obtain or obtaining a position as an osteopathic medical practitioner or osteopathic medical resident in a clinic or hospital through knowing misrepresentation of education, training, or experience.

Section 51. Subsection (1) of section 460.411, Florida Statutes, reads:

460.411 Violations and penalties. --

1	(1) Each of the following acts constitutes a violation
2	of this chapter and is a felony of the third degree,
3	punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
4	775.084:
5	(a) Practicing or attempting to practice chiropractic
6	medicine without an active license or with a license
7	fraudulently obtained.
8	(b) Using or attempting to use a license to practice
9	chiropractic medicine which has been suspended or revoked.
10	Section 52. Subsection (1) of section 461.012, Florida
11	Statutes, reads:
12	461.012 Violations and penalties
13	(1) Each of the following acts constitutes a violation
14	of this chapter and is a felony of the third degree,
15	punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
16	775.084:
17	(a) Practicing or attempting to practice podiatric
18	medicine without an active license or with a license
19	fraudulently obtained.
20	(b) Advertising podiatric services without an active
21	license obtained pursuant to this chapter or with a license
22	fraudulently obtained.
23	(c) Using or attempting to use a license to practice
24	podiatric medicine which has been suspended or revoked.
25	Section 53. Section 462.17, Florida Statutes, reads:
26	462.17 Penalty for offenses relating to
27	naturopathyAny person who shall:
28	(1) Sell, fraudulently obtain, or furnish any
29	naturopathic diploma, license, record, or registration or aid

31 (2) Practice naturopathy under the cover of any

30 or abet in the same;

3

4

5

6 7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

diploma, license, record, or registration illegally or fraudulently obtained or secured or issued unlawfully or upon fraudulent representations;

- (3) Advertise to practice naturopathy under a name other than her or his own or under an assumed name;
- (4) Falsely impersonate another practitioner of a like or different name;
- (5) Practice or advertise to practice naturopathy or use in connection with her or his name any designation tending to imply or to designate the person as a practitioner of naturopathy without then being lawfully licensed and authorized to practice naturopathy in this state; or
- (6) Practice naturopathy during the time her or his license is suspended or revoked

shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 54. Subsection (1) of section 463.015, Florida Statutes, reads:

463.015 Violations and penalties. --

- (1) Each of the following acts constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084:
- (a) Practicing or attempting to practice optometry without a valid active license issued pursuant to this chapter.
- (b) Attempting to obtain or obtaining a license to practice optometry by fraudulent misrepresentation.
- (c) Using or attempting to use a license to practice optometry which has been suspended or revoked.
  - Section 55. Subsection (1) of section 464.016, Florida

Statutes, reads:

1 2

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

2829

464.016 Violations and penalties .--

- (1) Each of the following acts constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084:
- (a) Practicing advanced or specialized, professional or practical nursing, as defined in this chapter, unless holding an active license or certificate to do so.
- (b) Using or attempting to use a license or certificate which has been suspended or revoked.
- (c) Knowingly employing unlicensed persons in the practice of nursing.
- (d) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license or certificate under this chapter by misleading statements or knowing misrepresentation.

Section 56. Subsection (2) of section 465.015, Florida Statutes, reads:

465.015 Violations and penalties. --

- (2) It is unlawful for any person:
- (a) To make a false or fraudulent statement, either for herself or himself or for another person, in any application, affidavit, or statement presented to the board or in any proceeding before the board.
- (b) To fill, compound, or dispense prescriptions or to dispense medicinal drugs if such person does not hold an active license as a pharmacist in this state, is not registered as an intern in this state, or is an intern not acting under the direct and immediate personal supervision of a licensed pharmacist.
- 30 (c) To sell or dispense drugs as defined in s.
  31 465.003(8) without first being furnished with a prescription.

(d)	To sell	samples	or	complimentary	packages	of	drug
products.							

Section 57. Subsection (1) of section 466.026, Florida Statutes, reads:

466.026 Prohibitions; penalties.--

- (1) Each of the following acts constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084:
- (a) Practicing dentistry or dental hygiene unless the person has an appropriate, active license issued by the department pursuant to this chapter.
- (b) Using or attempting to use a license issued pursuant to this chapter which license has been suspended or revoked.
- (c) Knowingly employing any person to perform duties outside the scope allowed such person under this chapter or the rules of the board.
- (d) Giving false or forged evidence to the department or board for the purpose of obtaining a license.
- (e) Selling or offering to sell a diploma conferring a degree from a dental college or dental hygiene school or college, or a license issued pursuant to this chapter, or procuring such diploma or license with intent that it shall be used as evidence of that which the document stands for, by a person other than the one upon whom it was conferred or to whom it was granted.

Section 58. Section 467.201, Florida Statutes, reads:

467.201 Violations and penalties.--Each of the following acts constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.

31 775.084:

- 1 2
- 3 4
- 5 6
- 7 8
- 9 10
- 11
- 12 13
- 14
- 15 16
- 17
- 18
- 19
- 20 21
- 22 23
- 24 25
- 26 27 28
- 29
- 30

- (1) Practicing midwifery, unless holding an active license to do so.
- (2) Using or attempting to use a license which has been suspended or revoked.
- (3) The willful practice of midwifery by a student midwife without a preceptor present, except in an emergency.
- Knowingly allowing a student midwife to practice midwifery without a preceptor present, except in an emergency.
- (5) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license under this chapter through bribery or fraudulent misrepresentation.
- (6) Using the name or title "midwife" or "licensed midwife" or any other name or title which implies that a person is licensed to practice midwifery, unless such person is duly licensed as provided in this chapter.
- (7) Knowingly concealing information relating to the enforcement of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant thereto. Section 59. Section 468.366, Florida Statutes, reads: 468.366 Penalties for violations.--
- (1) It is a violation of law for any person, including any firm, association, or corporation, to:
- (a) Sell or fraudulently obtain, attempt to obtain, or furnish to any person a diploma, license, or record, or aid or abet in the sale, procurement, or attempted procurement thereof.
- (b) Deliver respiratory care services, as defined by this part or by rule of the board, under cover of any diploma, license, or record that was illegally or fraudulently obtained or signed or issued unlawfully or under fraudulent representation.
- (c) Deliver respiratory care services, as defined by 31 this part or by rule of the board, unless such person is duly

3

4

5

6 7

8

9 10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28 29

30

licensed to do so under the provisions of this part or unless such person is exempted pursuant to s. 468.368.

- (d) Use, in connection with his or her name, any designation tending to imply that he or she is a respiratory care practitioner or a respiratory therapist, duly licensed under the provisions of this part, unless he or she is so licensed.
- (e) Advertise an educational program as meeting the requirements of this part, or conduct an educational program for the preparation of respiratory care practitioners or respiratory therapists, unless such program has been approved by the board.
- (f) Knowingly employ unlicensed persons in the delivery of respiratory care services, unless exempted by this part.
- (g) Knowingly conceal information relative to any violation of this part.
- (2) Any violation of this section is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- Section 60. Subsection (1) of section 483.828, Florida Statutes, reads:

483.828 Penalties for violations.--

- (1) Each of the following acts constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084:
- (a) Practicing as clinical laboratory personnel without an active license.
- (b) Using or attempting to use a license to practice as clinical laboratory personnel which is suspended or 31 revoked.

# Bill No. <u>CS for SB 420</u>

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

6

7

8

9

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

26 27

28

2930

31

(c)	Attemptin	ng to o	btain or	obtaining	a license	to
practice as	clinical	labora	tory per	sonnel by	knowing	
misrepresent	ation.					
Secti	ion 61 S	Subsect	ion (9)	of section	483 901	Flo:

Section 61. Subsection (9) of section 483.901, Florida Statutes, reads:

483.901 Medical physicists; definitions; licensure.--

- (9) PENALTY FOR VIOLATIONS.--It is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, to:
- (a) Practice or attempt to practice medical physics or hold oneself out to be a licensed medical physicist without holding an active license.
- (b) Practice or attempt to practice medical physics under a name other than one's own.
- (c) Use or attempt to use a revoked or suspended license or the license of another.

Section 62. Section 484.053, Florida Statutes, reads: 484.053 Prohibitions; penalties.--

- (1) A person may not:
- (a) Practice dispensing hearing aids unless the person is a licensed hearing aid specialist;
- (b) Use the name or title "hearing aid specialist" when the person has not been licensed under this part;
  - (c) Present as her or his own the license of another;
- (d) Give false, incomplete, or forged evidence to the board or a member thereof for the purposes of obtaining a license;
- (e) Use or attempt to use a hearing aid specialist license that is delinquent or has been suspended, revoked, or placed on inactive status;
  - (f) Knowingly employ unlicensed persons in the

practice of dispensing hearing aids; or

- (g) Knowingly conceal information relative to violations of this part.
- (2) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (3) If a person licensed under this part allows the sale of a hearing aid by an unlicensed person not registered as a trainee or fails to comply with the requirements of s. 484.0445(2) relating to supervision of trainees, the board shall, upon determination of that violation, order the full refund of moneys paid by the purchaser upon return of the hearing aid to the seller's place of business.

Section 63. Subsection (1) of section 457.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

457.102 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:

(1) "Acupuncture" means a form of primary health care, based on traditional Chinese medical concepts and modern oriental medical techniques, that employs acupuncture diagnosis and treatment, as well as adjunctive therapies and diagnostic techniques, for the promotion, maintenance, and restoration of health and the prevention of disease.

Acupuncture shall include, but not be limited to, the insertion of acupuncture needles and the application of moxibustion to specific areas of the human body and the use of electroacupuncture, Qi Gong, oriental massage, herbal therapy, dietary guidelines, and other adjunctive therapies, as defined by board rule.

Section 64. Section 457.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

457.105 Licensure qualifications and fees.--

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

28

2930

31

- (1) It is unlawful for any person to practice acupuncture in this state unless such person has been licensed by the board, is in a board-approved course of study, or is otherwise exempted by this chapter.
- (2) A person may become licensed to practice acupuncture if the person applies to the department and:
- (a) Is <u>21</u> 18 years of age or older, has good moral character, and has the ability to communicate in English, which is demonstrated by having passed the national written examination in English or, if such examination was passed in a foreign language, by also having passed a nationally recognized English proficiency examination;
- (b) Has completed 60 college credits from an accredited postsecondary institution as a prerequisite to enrollment in an authorized 3-year course of study in acupuncture and oriental medicine, and has completed a 3-year course of study in acupuncture and oriental medicine, and effective July 31, 2001, a 4-year course of study in acupuncture and oriental medicine, which meets standards established by the board by rule, which standards include, but are not limited to, successful completion of academic courses in western anatomy, western physiology, western pathology, western biomedical terminology, first aid, and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). However, any person who enrolled in an authorized course of study in acupuncture before August 1, 1997, must have completed only a 2-year course of study which meets standards established by the board by rule, which standards must include, but are not limited to, successful completion of academic courses in western anatomy, western physiology, and western pathology;
  - (c) Has successfully completed a board-approved

3

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

national certification process, is actively licensed in a state that has examination requirements that are substantially equivalent to or more stringent than those of this state, or passes an examination administered by the department, which examination tests the applicant's competency and knowledge of the practice of acupuncture and oriental medicine. At the request of any applicant, oriental nomenclature for the points shall be used in the examination. The examination shall include a practical examination of the knowledge and skills required to practice modern and traditional acupuncture and oriental medicine, covering diagnostic and treatment techniques and procedures; and

- (d) Pays the required fees set by the board by rule not to exceed the following amounts:
- 1. Examination fee: \$500 plus the actual per applicant cost to the department for purchase of the written and practical portions of the examination from a national organization approved by the board.
  - 2. Application fee: \$300.
- 3. Reexamination fee: \$500 plus the actual per applicant cost to the department for purchase of the written and practical portions of the examination from a national organization approved by the board.
- 4. Initial biennial licensure fee: \$400, if licensed in the first half of the biennium, and \$200, if licensed in the second half of the biennium.

Section 65. Subsection (1) of section 457.107, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

457.107 Renewal of licenses; continuing education. --

30 (1) The department shall renew a license upon receipt 31 of the renewal application and the fee set by the board by

rule, not to exceed\$500\$

Section 66. Section 483.824, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.824 Qualifications of clinical laboratory director.—A clinical laboratory director must have 4 years of clinical laboratory experience with 2 years of experience in the specialty to be directed or be nationally board certified in the specialty to be directed, and must meet one of the following requirements:

- (1) Be a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459;
- (2) Hold an earned doctoral degree in a chemical, physical, or biological science from a regionally accredited institution and maintain national certification requirements equal to those required by the federal Health Care Financing Administration be nationally certified; or
- (3) For the subspecialty of oral pathology, be a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or a dentist licensed under chapter 466.

Section 67. Subsection (11) of section 641.51, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 641.51 Quality assurance program; second medical opinion requirement.--
- (11) If a contracted primary care physician, licensed under Chapter 458 or Chapter 459, and the organization determine that a subscriber requires examination by a licensed ophthalmologist for medically necessary, contractually covered services, then the organization shall authorize the contracted primary care physician to send the subscriber to a contracted licensed ophthalmologist,

Section 68. February 6th of each year is designated

```
Florida Alzheimer's Disease Day.
 1
 2
           Section 69. Subsections (4) through (10) of section
 3
    641.51, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5)
 4
    through (11), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added
 5
    to said section to read:
           641.51 Quality assurance program; second medical
 6
 7
    opinion requirement. --
 8
          (4) The organization shall ensure that only a
   physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or an
 9
10
    allopathic or osteopathic physician with an active,
    unencumbered license in another state with similar licensing
11
12
   requirements may render an adverse determination regarding a
    service provided by a physician licensed in this state. The
13
    organization shall submit to the treating provider and the
14
15
    subscriber written notification regarding the organization's
    adverse determination within 2 working days after the
16
17
    subscriber or provider is notified of the adverse
18
    determination. The written notification must include the
    utilization review criteria or benefits provisions used in the
19
    adverse determination, identify the physician who rendered the
20
21
    adverse determination, and be signed by an authorized
    representative of the organization or the physician who
22
    rendered the adverse determination. The organization must
23
24
    include with the notification of an adverse determination
25
    information concerning the appeal process for adverse
    determinations.
26
27
           Section 70. Subsection (2) of section 766.106, Florida
28
    Statutes, is amended to read:
           766.106 Notice before filing action for medical
29
30
   malpractice; presuit screening period; offers for admission of
31 | liability and for arbitration; informal discovery; review.--
```

(2) After completion of presuit investigation pursuant
to s. 766.203 and prior to filing a claim for medical
malpractice, a claimant shall notify each prospective
defendant and, if any prospective defendant is a health care
provider licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460,
chapter 461, or chapter 466, the Department of Health by
certified mail, return receipt requested, of intent to
initiate litigation for medical malpractice. Following the
initiation of a suit alleging medical malpractice with a court
of competent jurisdiction, and service of the complaint upon a
defendant, the claimant shall provide a copy of the complaint
to the Department of Health. Notice to the Department of
${\tt Health\ must\ include\ the\ full\ name\ and\ address\ of\ the\ claimant;}$
the full names and any known addresses of any health care
providers licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter
460, chapter 461, or chapter 466 who are prospective
defendants identified at the time; the date and a summary of
the occurrence giving rise to the claim; and a description of
the injury to the claimant. The requirement of providing the
<pre>complaint for notice to the Department of Health does not</pre>
impair the claimant's legal rights or ability to seek relief
for his or her claim, and the <u>fact of providing the complaint</u>
notice provided to the department is not discoverable or
admissible in any civil or administrative action. The
Department of Health shall review each incident and determine
whether it involved conduct by a licensee which is potentially
subject to disciplinary action, in which case the provisions
of s. 455.621 apply.
(Redesignate subsequent sections.)

======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 1 2 And the title is amended as follows: 3 On page 3, line 1, after the semicolon, 4 5 insert: 6 providing an appropriation for continued review 7 of clinical laboratory services for kidney dialysis patients and requiring a report 8 9 thereon; creating the Florida Commission on 10 Excellence in Health Care; providing legislative findings and intent; providing 11 12 definitions; providing duties and 13 responsibilities; providing for membership, organization, meetings, procedures, and staff; 14 15 providing for reimbursement of travel and 16 related expenses of certain members; providing 17 certain evidentiary prohibitions; requiring a report to the Governor, the President of the 18 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 19 20 Representatives; providing for termination of 21 the commission; providing appropriations; amending s. 455.564, F.S.; revising general 22 licensing provisions for professions under the 23 24 jurisdiction of the Department of Health; 25 providing for processing of applications from 26 foreign or nonresident applicants not yet 27 having a social security number; providing for 28 temporary licensure of such applicants; revising provisions relating to ongoing 29 30 criminal investigations or prosecutions; requiring proof of restoration of civil rights 31

30

31

under certain circumstances; authorizing requirement for personal appearance prior to grant or denial of a license; providing for tolling of application decision deadlines under certain circumstances; amending s. 455.565, F.S.; eliminating duplicative submission of fingerprints and other information required for criminal history checks; providing for certain access to criminal history information through the department's health care practitioner credentialing system; amending s. 455.5651, F.S.; authorizing the department to publish certain information in practitioner profiles; amending s. 455.5653, F.S.; deleting obsolete language relating to scheduling and development of practitioner profiles for additional health care practitioners; providing the department access to information on health care practitioners maintained by the Agency for Health Care Administration for corroboration purposes; amending s. 455.5654, F.S.; providing for adoption by rule of a form for submission of profiling information; amending s. 455.567, F.S.; expanding the prohibition against sexual misconduct to cover violations against guardians and representatives of patients or clients; providing penalties; amending s. 455.624, F.S.; revising and providing grounds for disciplinary action relating to having a license to practice a regulated health care profession acted against, sexual misconduct,

inability to practice properly due to alcohol 1 2 or substance abuse or a mental or physical 3 condition, and testing positive for a drug 4 without a lawful prescription therefor; 5 providing for restriction of license as a disciplinary action; providing for issuance of 6 7 a citation and assessment of a fine for certain first-time violations; reenacting ss. 455.577, 8 455.631, 455.651(2), 455.712(1), 458.347(7)(g), 9 10 459.022(7)(f), 468.1755(1)(a), 468.719(1)(a) and (2), 468.811, and 484.056(1)(a), F.S., 11 12 relating to theft or reproduction of an examination, giving false information, 13 disclosure of confidential information, 14 15 business establishments providing regulated services without an active status license, and 16 17 practice violations by physician assistants, nursing home administrators, athletic trainers, 18 orthotists, prosthetists, pedorthists, and 19 20 hearing aid specialists, to incorporate the 21 amendment to s. 455.624, F.S., in references thereto; repealing s. 455.704, F.S., relating 22 to the Impaired Practitioners Committee; 23 24 amending s. 455.707, F.S., relating to impaired practitioners, to conform; clarifying 25 26 provisions relating to complaints against 27 impaired practitioners; amending s. 310.102, F.S.; revising and removing references, to 28 conform; amending s. 455.711, F.S.; revising 29 30 provisions relating to active and inactive status licensure; eliminating reference to 31

31

delinquency as a licensure status; providing rulemaking authority; amending ss. 455.587 and 455.714, F.S.; revising references, to conform; creating s. 455.719, F.S.; providing that the appropriate medical regulatory board, or the department when there is no board, has exclusive authority to grant exemptions from disqualification from employment or contracting with respect to persons under the licensing jurisdiction of that board or the department, as applicable; amending s. 455.637, F.S.; revising provisions relating to sanctions against the unlicensed practice of a health care profession; providing legislative intent; revising and expanding provisions relating to civil and administrative remedies; providing criminal penalties; incorporating and modifying the substance of current provisions that impose a fee to combat unlicensed activity and provide for disposition of the proceeds thereof; providing statutory construction relating to dietary supplements; creating s. 458.3135, F.S.; providing for temporary certification for visiting physicians to practice in approved cancer centers; providing certification requirements; providing fees; providing for approval of cancer centers and annual review of such approval; providing practice limitations and conditions; limiting the number of certificates that may be issued; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 458.3145,

1

2

4

5

6 7

8

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

31

F.S.; adding medical schools to list of programs at which medical faculty certificateholders may practice; amending s. 458.315, F.S.; waiving application and licensure fees for physicians obtaining a temporary certificate to practice in areas of critical need when such practice is limited to volunteer, uncompensated care for low-income persons; amending ss. 458.345 and 459.021, F.S.; providing for registration of persons desiring to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training in a statutory teaching hospital; providing requirements; providing fees; providing penalties; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 458.348, F.S.; requiring protocols to contain specified requirements; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; providing authority to the Council on Physician Assistants to refuse to certify an applicant for licensure or place restrictions or conditions on license; amending s. 459.022, F.S.; providing authority to the Council on Physician Assistants to refuse to certify an applicant for licensure or place restrictions or conditions on license; providing applicability; repealing s. 455.641, F.S., relating to unlicensed activity fees, to conform; reenacting ss. 455.574(1)(d), 468.1295(1), 484.014(1), and 484.056(1), F.S., relating to violation of security provisions

1

2

3 4

5

6 7

8

10

11 12

13

1415

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

2526

27

28

2930

31

for examinations and violations involving speech-language pathology, audiology, opticianry, and the dispensing of hearing aids, to incorporate the amendment to s. 455.637, F.S., in references thereto; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; modifying the criminal offense severity ranking chart to add or increase the level of various offenses relating to the practice of a health care profession, the practice of medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, podiatric medicine, naturopathy, optometry, nursing, pharmacy, dentistry, dental hygiene, midwifery, respiratory therapy, and medical physics, practicing as clinical laboratory personnel, and the dispensing of hearing aids; reading ss. 458.327, 459.013, 460.411, 461.012, 462.17, 463.015, 464.016, 465.015, 466.026, 467.201, 468.366, 483.828, 483.901, 484.053, F.S.; providing penalties; amending s. 457.102, F.S.; revising the definition of "acupuncture"; amending s. 457.105, F.S.; revising licensure qualifications to practice acupuncture; amending s. 457.107, F.S.; modifying the fee for renewal of a license to practice acupuncture; amending s. 483.824, F.S.; revising qualifications of clinical laboratory directors; amending s. 641.51, F.S.; providing for referral to ophthalmologist under certain circumstances; designating Florida Alzheimer's Disease Day; amending s. 766.106, F.S.;

# Bill No. <u>CS for SB 420</u>

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

providing that following the initiation of a suit alleging medical malpractice the claimant must provide notice to the Department of Health along with a copy of the service of process; amending s. 641.51, F.S., relating to quality assurance program requirements for certain managed care organizations; allowing the rendering of adverse determinations by physicians licensed in Florida or states with similar requirements; requiring the submission of facts and documentation pertaining to rendered adverse determinations; providing timeframe for organizations to submit facts and documentation to providers and subscribers in writing; requiring an authorized representative to sign the notification;