A bill to be entitled
An act relating to juvenile sentencing;
amending s. 985.233, F.S.; revising sentencing
alternatives for juveniles under certain
circumstances; providing procedures and
requirements for juvenile community control and
juvenile commitment; providing for a
combination of juvenile and adult sanctions
under certain circumstances; authorizing courts
to order juveniles to attain certain
educational goals under certain circumstances;
providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 985.233, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.233 Sentencing powers; procedures; alternatives for juveniles prosecuted as adults.--

- (4) SENTENCING ALTERNATIVES. --
- (b) Sentencing to juvenile sanctions.—In order to use this paragraph, the court shall stay adjudication of guilt and instead shall adjudge the child to have committed a delinquent act. Adjudication of delinquency shall not be deemed a conviction, nor shall it operate to impose any of the civil disabilities ordinarily resulting from a conviction. The court shall impose an adult sanction or a juvenile sanction or and may not sentence the child to a combination of adult and juvenile sanctions punishments. An adult sanction or A juvenile sanction or a combination of adult and juvenile sanctions may include enforcement of an order of restitution

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or community control previously ordered in any juvenile proceeding. However, if the court imposes a juvenile sanction and the department determines that the sanction is imappropriate unsuitable for the child, the department shall provide the sentencing court with a written report outlining the basis for its objections to the juvenile sanction and shall simultaneously provide a copy of the report to the State Attorney's Office and the defense counsel. The department shall return custody of the child to the sentencing court for further proceedings, including the imposition of alternative juvenile sanctions, a combination of adult and juvenile sanctions, or adult sanctions.

1. Alternative sanctions.--Upon adjudicating a child delinquent under subsection (1), the court may sentence the child to juvenile community control, juvenile commitment, or a combination of adult and juvenile sanctions, or order disposition pursuant to s. 985.231 as an alternative to youthful offender or adult sentencing if the court determines not to impose youthful offender or adult sanctions.÷

a.1. Juvenile community control.--The court may place the child in a community control program under the supervision of the department for an indeterminate period of time until the child reaches the age of 21 19 years or sooner if discharged by order of the court. If at any time prior to the child's 21st birthday the department seeks to discharge the child from juvenile community control, the department shall notify the court of its intent to discharge by filing a written notice with the clerk of the court, provide the presiding judge, the State Attorney's Office, and the defense counsel with a copy of the notice, and schedule a hearing within 30 days.

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30 31 b.2. Juvenile commitment.--The court may commit the child to the department for treatment in an appropriate program for children for an indeterminate period of time until the child is 21 or sooner if discharged by order of the courtdepartment. If at any time prior to the child's 21st birthday the department seeks to discharge the child from a commitment or after-care program, the department shall notify the court of its intent to discharge by filing a written notice with the clerk of the court, provide the presiding judge, the State Attorney's Office, and the defense counsel with a copy of the notice, and schedule a hearing within 30 days no later than 14 days prior to discharge. Failure of the court to timely respond to the department's notice shall be considered approval for discharge.

c. Combination of juvenile and adult sanctions. -- The court may commit the child to the department for treatment in an appropriate program for children for an indeterminate period of time until the child is 21 or sooner if discharged by order of the court, followed by probation under the supervision of the Department of Corrections. If at any time prior to the child's 21st birthday, the department seeks to discharge the child from the commitment program, the department shall notify the court by filing with the clerk of the court a written notice of intent to discharge, provide the presiding judge, the Department of Corrections, the State Attorney's office, and the defense counsel with a copy of the notice, and schedule a hearing within 30 days. An order to discharge shall not be entered until the Department of Corrections has met with the child and explained the terms of probation.

1	2. Educational attainmentUpon sentencing a child to
2	juvenile sanctions or a combination of adult and juvenile
3	sanctions under subsection (1), the court shall consider the
4	educational needs assessment conducted pursuant to s.
5	985.224(1) and (2) and make a finding as to the child's
6	educational status, including, but not limited to, the child's
7	strengths, abilities, and unmet and special educational needs.
8	The court may enter an order, as a condition of probation,
9	juvenile community control, or commitment, that the child
10	attain an appropriate educational goal. Examples of
11	appropriate educational goals are:
12	a. Attainment of a high school diploma or its
13	equivalent.
14	b. Successful completion of literacy course(s).
15	c. Successful completion of vocational course(s).
16	d. Successful attendance and completion of the child's
17	current grade if enrolled in school.
18	e. Enrollment in an apprenticeship or a similar
19	program.
20	3. Order disposition pursuant to s. 985.231 as an
21	alternative to youthful offender or adult sentencing if the
22	court determines not to impose youthful offender or adult
23	sanctions.
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25	It is the intent of the Legislature that the criteria and
26	guidelines in this subsection are mandatory and that a
27	determination of disposition under this subsection is subject

Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2000.

to the right of the child to appellate review under s.

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985.234.

HOUSE SUMMARY Revises sentencing alternatives for juveniles to provide procedures and requirements for juvenile community control and juvenile commitment and provides for a combination of juvenile and adult sanctions. Authorizes courts to order juveniles to attain appropriate educational goals as a condition of probation.