By the Committee on Transportation and Senator Diaz-Balart

306-2212-00

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to highway safety; amending s. 316.520, F.S.; providing for criminal penalties 3 4 for failure to secure loads on vehicles under 5 certain circumstances; providing for 6 exceptions; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; providing 7 a minimum penalty for violations of s. 316.520, F.S.; amending s. 318.19, F.S.; providing a 8 9 mandatory hearing for violations of s. 316.520, F.S.; amending s. 318.21, F.S.; providing that 10 the fines collected for a violation of s. 11 316.520, F.S., shall be used to educate the 12 public about the hazards of driving with 13 unsecured loads; providing an effective date. 14 15 WHEREAS, because of the many incidents of debris found 16 17 on our roadways, and the possibility and likelihood of more crashes and injuries caused by such debris, and 18 19 WHEREAS, many construction vehicles, landscape 20 vehicles, and vehicles used by the general public are driven 21 or moved with unsecured loads, and 22 WHEREAS, the safety of the motoring public depends upon 23 load securement in order to provide a safe driving environment 24 by removing the risks inherent in transporting unsecured loads 25 upon the public roads, streets, and highways of Florida, NOW, THEREFORE, 26 27 28 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 29 30 Section 1. Section 316.520, Florida Statutes, is 31 amended to read:

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

316.520 Loads on vehicles.--

- (1) A vehicle may not be driven or moved on any highway unless the vehicle is so constructed or loaded as to prevent any of its load from dropping, shifting, leaking hazardous material, blowing, or otherwise escaping therefrom, except that sand may be dropped only for the purpose of securing traction or water or other substance may be sprinkled on a roadway in cleaning or maintaining the roadway.
- (2) It is the duty of every owner and driver, severally, of any vehicle hauling, upon any public road or highway open to the public, dirt, sand, lime rock, gravel, silica, or other similar aggregate or trash, garbage, any inanimate object or objects, or any similar material that could fall or blow from such vehicle, to prevent such materials from falling, blowing, or in any way escaping from such vehicle. Covering and securing the load with a close-fitting tarpaulin or other appropriate cover or a load-securing device meeting the requirements of 49 C.F.R.

  393.100 or a device designed to reasonably assure that cargo will not shift upon or fall from the vehicle is required and shall constitute compliance with this section.
- (3)(a) A violation of <u>subsections (1) and (2) this</u> section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318. A violation of <u>paragraph (b) is a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.</u>
- (b) Any person who violates the provisions of this section which offense results in bodily injury or death to an individual or damage to another motor vehicle or other damage in excess of \$1,000 and which offense occurs as a result of

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failing to comply with subsections (1) and (2) of this section is guilty of a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.

- (c) Any person who willfully violates the provisions of this section which offense results in serious bodily injury or death to an individual which offense occurs as a result of failing to comply with subsections (1) and (2) of this section commits a criminal traffic offense and, upon conviction, is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree punishable as provided in s. 775.082 and s. 775.083.
- (4) This section does not apply to the driver of a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in s. 316.003(66), under the following circumstances:
- (a) The owner of the vehicle fails to provide the required tarpaulin or other appropriate load-securement device;
- (b) The vehicle is improperly loaded through no fault of the driver; or
- (c) The driver is prevented by the owner from properly securing the load on the vehicle.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, the leasee shall be considered the owner of a leased vehicle, and this section shall not apply to a lessor.
- Section 2. Subsection (12) is added to section 318.18, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 318.18 Amount of civil penalties.--The penalties required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 are as follows:
- 30 (12) One hundred dollars for a violation of s.
  31 (316.520(1) or (2). If, at a hearing, the alleged offender is

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found to have committed this offense, the court shall impose a minimum civil penalty of \$100; for each subsequent offense 2 3 within a period of 5 years, the department may suspend the driver's license of the person for not more than 1 year. 4 5 Section 3. Section 318.19, Florida Statutes, is 6 amended to read: 7 318.19 Infractions requiring a mandatory hearing. -- Any 8 person cited for the infractions listed in this section shall not have the provisions of s. 318.14(2), (4), and (9)9 10 available to him or her but must appear before the designated 11 official at the time and location of the scheduled hearing: (1) Any infraction which results in a crash that 12 13 causes the death of another; or (2) Any infraction which results in a crash that 14 causes "serious bodily injury" of another as defined in s. 15 316.1933(1); or 16 17 (3) Any infraction of s. 316.172(1)(b); or (4) Any infraction of s. 316.520(3)(b). 18 19 Section 4. Subsection (13) is added to section 318.21, Florida Statutes, to read: 20 21 318.21 Disposition of civil penalties by county courts. -- All civil penalties received by a county court 22 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be 23 24 distributed and paid monthly as follows: 25 (13) The proceeds of each fine collected for a violation of s. 316.520 shall be paid to the Highway Safety 26 27 Operating Trust Fund and must be used to educate the public 28 about the hazards of driving with unsecured loads. 29 Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 30 law.

STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SB 56 The CS provides a person who does not properly cover the load of their truck to prevent debris from falling commits a moving violation. Any person who willfully allows debris to fall from their truck which results in serious bodily injury or death, upon conviction, is guilty of a first degree misdemeanor. The CS further provides this section does not apply to a lessor.