Florida House of Representatives - 2000

CS/HB 601

By the Committee on Agriculture and Representatives Bronson, Constantine and J. Miller

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to aquaculture; amending s.
3	253.002, F.S.; providing duties of the
4	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
5	with respect to certain state lands; amending
6	s. 253.01, F.S.; providing for disposition of
7	fees for aquaculture leases; amending s.
8	253.67, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s.
9	253.71, F.S.; revising aquaculture lease
10	contract fee and performance requirements;
11	amending s. 253.72, F.S.; providing
12	requirements for the marking of leased areas;
13	amending s. 270.22, F.S.; conforming
14	disposition of rental fees for aquaculture
15	leases; amending s. 328.76, F.S.; providing for
16	use of certain commercial vessel registration
17	fees for aquaculture law enforcement and
18	quality control programs; amending s. 370.06,
19	F.S.; deleting authority of the Department of
20	Agriculture and Consumer Services to issue
21	certain special activity licenses under ch.
22	370, F.S.; clarifying requirements relating to
23	the educational seminar for applicants for an
24	Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting license;
25	amending s. 370.07, F.S.; providing for
26	transfer of responsibilities relating to the
27	Apalachicola Bay oyster surcharge from the
28	Department of Environmental Protection to the
29	Department of Agriculture and Consumer
30	Services; amending s. 370.16, F.S.; revising
31	regulation of noncultured shellfish harvesting;
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1	providing for protection of shellfish and
2	aquaculture products; repealing s. 370.16(1),
3	(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10),
4	(11), (13), (16), (17), (19), (22), (24), (25),
5	(26), and (27), F.S., relating to regulation
6	and enforcement of oyster and shellfish leases
7	by the Department of Environmental Protection,
8	protection and development of oyster and
9	shellfish resources, and regulation of
10	processing for commercial use; amending ss.
11	370.161 and 372.071, F.S.; correcting cross
12	references; amending s. 372.6673, F.S.;
13	reducing the alligator egg collection permit
14	fee; requiring collection of a marketing
15	assessment fee for alligator products marketing
16	and education; amending s. 372.6674, F.S.;
17	reducing the fee for issuance of an alligator
18	hide validation tag; requiring collection of a
19	marketing and assessment fee; amending s.
20	373.046, F.S.; revising regulatory
21	responsibility under pt. IV of ch. 373, F.S.,
22	for aquacultural activities; amending ss.
23	403.814, 409.2598, and 500.03, F.S.; correcting
24	cross references; amending ss. 570.18 and
25	570.29, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to
26	organization of the Department of Agriculture
27	and Consumer Services; creating s. 570.61,
28	F.S.; providing powers and duties of the
29	Division of Aquaculture of the Department of
30	Agriculture and Consumer Services; creating s.
31	570.62, F.S.; providing for appointment and
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1	duties of a division director; amending s
2	597.003, F.S.; requiring a portion of profits
3	from aquaculture contracts to be set aside for
4	funding certain aquaculture projects; amending
5	s. 370.26, F.S.; transferring certain
6	responsibilities relating to aquaculture
7	development from the Department of
8	Environmental Protection to the Department of
9	Agriculture and Consumer Services; amending s.
10	597.004, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
11	aquaculture certificates of registration;
12	providing a preemption for regulation of
13	aquaculture in the state; amending s. 597.0041,
14	F.S.; providing an administrative fine;
15	providing penalties; amending s. 597.005, F.S.;
16	requiring review of aquaculture legislative
17	budget requests by the Aquaculture Review
18	Council; amending s. 597.006, F.S.; revising
19	membership of the Aquaculture Interagency
20	Coordinating Council; creating s. 597.010,
21	F.S.; providing for regulation and enforcement
22	of shellfish leases by the Department of
23	Agriculture and Consumer Services; providing
24	for continuation of leases previously issued
25	under ch. 370, F.S.; providing for rental fees,
26	fee adjustments, late fees, and forfeiture for
27	nonpayment of fees; providing a lease surcharge
28	for certain purposes; providing for rules;
29	providing cultivation requirements for leased
30	lands; restricting the inheriting or transfer
31	of leases; requiring a deposit for
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1	investigations relating to petitions for
2	cancellation of leases to natural reefs;
3	providing for inclusion of natural reefs in
4	leased areas under certain circumstances;
5	restricting leases available in Franklin
6	County; providing prohibitions; providing for
7	shellfish protection and development; providing
8	for special activity licenses for harvest or
9	cultivation of oysters, clams, mussels, and
10	crabs; providing for uncultured shellfish
11	harvesting seasons in Apalachicola Bay;
12	restricting harvest of shellfish by mechanical
13	means; providing a penalty; providing for
14	enhancement of oyster and clam industries by
15	the counties; prohibiting dredging of dead
16	shells; providing for cooperation with the
17	United States Fish and Wildlife Service;
18	providing requirements for vessels harvesting,
19	gathering, or transporting oysters or clams for
20	commercial purposes; providing a definition;
21	renumbering and amending s. 370.071, F.S.;
22	providing that regulation of shellfish
23	processors includes processors processing
24	scallops; providing for a fee for licensure or
25	certification of processing facilities;
26	authorizing an administrative fine for
27	violation of rules relating to regulation of
28	shellfish processors; providing an effective
29	date.
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31	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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1 Section 1. Section 253.002, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 253.002 Department of Environmental Protection, and 4 water management districts, and Department of Agriculture and 5 Consumer Services; duties with respect to state lands .--6 (1) The Department of Environmental Protection shall 7 perform all staff duties and functions related to the 8 acquisition, administration, and disposition of state lands, title to which is or will be vested in the Board of Trustees 9 of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. However, upon the 10 11 effective date of rules adopted pursuant to s. 373.427, a water management district created under s. 373.069 shall 12 13 perform the staff duties and functions related to the review 14 of any application for authorization to use board of 15 trustees-owned submerged lands necessary for an activity regulated under part IV of chapter 373 for which the water 16 management district has permitting responsibility as set forth 17 in an operating agreement adopted pursuant to s. 373.046(4); 18 19 and effective July 1, 2000, the Department of Agriculture and 20 Consumer Services shall perform the staff duties and functions related to the review of applications and compliance with 21 lease conditions for use of board of trustees-owned submerged 22 23 lands under leases issued pursuant to ss. 253.67-253.75 and s. 24 597.010. Unless expressly prohibited by law, the board of 25 trustees may delegate to the department any statutory duty or 26 obligation relating to the acquisition, administration, or 27 disposition of lands, title to which is or will be vested in 28 the board of trustees. The board of trustees may also delegate 29 to any water management district created under s. 373.069 the authority to take final agency action, without any action on 30 31 behalf of the board, on applications for authorization to use 5

CS/HB 601

Florida House of Representatives - 2000 188-558-00

board of trustees-owned submerged lands for any activity 1 2 regulated under part IV of chapter 373 for which the water 3 management district has permitting responsibility as set forth in an operating agreement adopted pursuant to s. 373.046(4). 4 5 This water management district responsibility under this б subsection shall be subject to the department's general 7 supervisory authority pursuant to s. 373.026(7). The board of 8 trustees may also delegate to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services the authority to take final agency 9 action on behalf of the board on applications to use board of 10 trustees-owned submerged lands for any activity for which that 11 12 department has responsibility pursuant to ss. 253.67-253.75 13 and s. 597.010. Upon issuance of an aquaculture lease or other 14 real property transaction relating to aquaculture, the 15 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services must send a 16 copy of the document and the accompanying survey to the 17 Department of Environmental Protection. (2) Delegations to the department, or a water 18 19 management district, or the Department of Agriculture and 20 Consumer Services of authority to take final agency action on applications for authorization to use submerged lands owned by 21 the board of trustees, without any action on behalf of the 22 board of trustees, shall be by rule. Until rules adopted 23 24 pursuant to this subsection become effective, existing 25 delegations by the board of trustees shall remain in full 26 force and effect. However, the board of trustees is not 27 limited or prohibited from amending these delegations. By 28 December 31, 1995, The board of trustees shall adopt by rule 29 any delegations of its authority to take final agency action without action by the board of trustees on applications for 30 31 authorization to use board of trustees-owned submerged lands. 6

1 Any final agency action, without action by the board of 2 trustees, taken by the department, or a water management 3 district, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 4 Services on applications to use board of trustees-owned 5 submerged lands shall be subject to the provisions of s. 373.4275. Notwithstanding any other provision of this 6 7 subsection, the board of trustees, the Department of Legal 8 Affairs, and the department retain the concurrent authority to 9 assert or defend title to submerged lands owned by the board of trustees. 10 11 Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 12 253.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 13 253.01 Internal Improvement Trust Fund established .--14 (1)15 (b) All revenues received from application fees 16 charged by the Division of State Lands for the use in any manner, lease, conveyance, or release of any interest in or 17 for the sale of state lands, except revenues from such fees 18 19 charged by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 20 for aquaculture leases under ss.<del>s.</del>253.71(2) and 597.010, 21 must be deposited into the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. 22 The fees charged by the division for reproduction of records relating to state lands must also be placed into the fund. 23 Revenues received by the Department of Agriculture and 24 Consumer Services for aquaculture leases under ss. 253.71(2) 25 26 and 597.010 shall be deposited in the General Inspection Trust 27 Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. 28 Section 3. Section 253.67, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read: 30 253.67 Definitions.--As used in ss. 253.67-253.75: 31

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1 "Aquaculture" means the cultivation of aquatic (1) 2 organisms. 3 (2) (4) "Board" means the Board of Trustees of the 4 Internal Improvement Trust Fund. 5 (3) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture б and Consumer Services Environmental Protection. 7 (4)(2) "Water column" means the vertical extent of 8 water, including the surface thereof, above a designated area 9 of submerged bottom land. 10 Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (4) of section 253.71, Florida Statutes, are 11 amended to read: 12 13 253.71 The lease contract.--When the board has 14 determined that the proposed lease is not incompatible with the public interest and that the applicant has demonstrated 15 16 his or her capacity to perform the operations upon which the application is based, it may proceed to consummate a lease 17 contract having the following features in addition to others 18 19 deemed desirable by the board: 20 (2) RENTAL FEES.--(a) The lease contract shall specify such amount of 21 22 rental per acre of leased bottom as may be agreed to by the parties and shall take the form of fixed rental to be paid 23 throughout the term of the lease. Beginning January 1, 1990, 24 a surcharge of \$5 per acre, or any fraction of an acre, per 25 26 annum shall be levied upon each lease according to the 27 guidelines set forth in s.  $597.010(7)\frac{370.16(4)(b)}{}$ . Beginning 28 January 1, 2001, the surcharge shall be increased to \$10 per acre, or any fraction of an <u>acre, per annum.</u> 29 (4) PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS.--Failure of the lessee 30 31 to perform effective cultivation shall constitute ground for 8

cancellation of the lease and forfeiture to the state of all 1 2 the works, improvements, and animal and plant life in and upon 3 the leased land and water column. Effective cultivation shall consist of the grow out of the aquaculture product according 4 5 to the business plan provided in the lease contract guidelines set forth in s. 370.16(4)(e). б 7 Section 5. Section 253.72, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 253.72 Marking of leased areas; restrictions on public 10 use.--11 (1) The board shall require all lessees to stake off 12 and mark the areas under lease according to the conditions of 13 the lease agreement and rules of the board, by appropriate 14 ranges, monuments, stakes, buoys, and fences, so placed as not to interfere unnecessarily with navigation and other 15 16 traditional uses of the surface. All lessees shall cause the area under lease and the names of the lessees to be shown by 17

area under lease and the names of the lessees to be shown by
signs appropriately placed pursuant to regulations of the
board.
(2) Except to the extent necessary to permit the

effective development of the species of animal or plant life 21 22 being cultivated by the lessee, the public shall be provided with means of reasonable ingress and egress to and from the 23 leased area for traditional water activities such as boating, 24 swimming, and fishing. All limitations upon the use by the 25 26 public of the areas under lease that are authorized by the 27 terms of the lease shall be clearly posted by the lessee 28 pursuant to rules regulations by the board. Any person 29 willfully violating posted restrictions commits shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 30 31 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

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1 (3) To assist in protecting shellfish aquaculture 2 products produced on leases authorized pursuant to this 3 chapter and chapter 597 370, harvesting shellfish is prohibited within a distance of 25 feet outside lawfully 4 5 marked lease boundaries or within setback and access corridors 6 within specifically designated high-density aquaculture lease 7 areas and aquaculture use zones. 8 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 270.22, Florida 9 Statutes, is amended to read: 10 270.22 Proceeds of state lands to go into Internal 11 Improvement Trust Fund; exception. --12 (2) Rental fees for aquaculture leases pursuant to s. 13 253.71(2) shall be deposited into the General Inspection Trust 14 Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 15 Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund of the Department of 16 Environmental Protection. Such fees generated by shellfish-related aquaculture leases shall be used for 17 shellfish-related aquaculture activities, including research, 18 19 lease compliance inspections, mapping, and siting. 20 Section 7. Section 328.76, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 21 328.76 Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund; 22 23 vessel registration funds; appropriation and distribution .--24 (1) Except as otherwise specified and less any administrative costs, all funds collected from the 25 26 registration of vessels through the Department of Highway 27 Safety and Motor Vehicles and the tax collectors of the state 28 shall be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust 29 Fund for recreational channel marking; public launching facilities; law enforcement and quality control programs; 30 31 aquatic weed control; manatee protection, recovery, rescue, 10

rehabilitation, and release; and marine mammal protection and 1 2 recovery. The funds collected pursuant to s. 328.72(1) shall 3 be transferred as follows:

4 (a) In each fiscal year, an amount equal to \$1 for 5 each vessel registered in this state shall be transferred to б the Save the Manatee Trust Fund for manatee and marine mammal 7 research, protection, and recovery in accordance with the 8 provisions of s. 370.12(4)(a).

(b) In addition, in each fiscal year, an amount equal 9 to 50 cents for each vessel registered in this state shall be 10 11 transferred to the Save the Manatee Trust Fund in accordance with the provisions of s. 370.12(4)(b) for use by those 12 13 facilities approved to rescue, rehabilitate, and release 14 manatees as authorized pursuant to the Fish and Wildlife Service of the United States Department of the Interior. 15

(c) Two dollars from each noncommercial vessel 16 registration fee, except that for class A-1 vessels, shall be 17 transferred to the Invasive Plant Control Trust Fund for 18 19 aquatic weed research and control.

20 (d) Forty percent of the registration fees from commercial vessels shall be used for law enforcement and 21 22 quality control programs.

23 (d) (e) Forty percent of the registration fees from commercial vessels shall be transferred to the Invasive Plant 24 25 Control Trust Fund for aquatic plant research and control. 26

(e) Forty percent of the registration fees from

27 commercial vessels shall be transferred by the Department of

28 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, on a monthly basis, to the

29 General Inspection Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture

and Consumer Services. These funds shall be used for shellfish 30

and aquaculture law enforcement and quality control programs. 31

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1 (2) All funds collected pursuant to s. 370.06(2) shall 2 be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund. 3 Such funds shall be used to pay the cost of implementing the saltwater products license program. Additional proceeds from 4 5 the licensing revenue shall be distributed among the following program functions: 6 7 (a) No more than 15 percent shall go to marine law 8 enforcement; 9 (b) Twenty-five No more than 25 percent shall go to the Florida Saltwater Products Promotion Trust Fund within the 10 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, on a monthly 11 12 basis, for the purpose of providing marketing and extension 13 services including industry information and education; and 14 (c) The remainder shall go to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, for use in marine research and 15 statistics development, including quota management. 16 Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) and 17 paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section 370.06, Florida 18 19 Statutes, are amended to read: 20 370.06 Licenses.--(4) SPECIAL ACTIVITY LICENSES.--21 22 (c) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer 23 Services is authorized to issue special activity licenses, in 24 accordance with s. 370.071, to permit the harvest or cultivation of oysters, clams, mussels, and crabs when such 25 26 activities relate to quality control, sanitation, public 27 health regulations, innovative technologies for aquaculture 28 activities, or the protection of shellfish resources provided 29 in this chapter. 30 (5) APALACHICOLA BAY OYSTER HARVESTING LICENSE.--31

CS/HB 601

Florida House of Representatives - 2000 188-558-00

1 Each person who applies for an Apalachicola Bay (e) 2 oyster harvesting license shall, before receiving the license 3 for the first time, attend an educational seminar of not more 4 than 16 hours length, developed and conducted jointly by the 5 Department of Environmental Protection's Apalachicola National б Estuarine Research Reserve, the Division of Law Enforcement of 7 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, and the 8 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services' Apalachicola 9 District Shellfish Environmental Assessment Laboratory. The seminar shall address, among other things, oyster biology, 10 11 conservation of the Apalachicola Bay, sanitary care of 12 oysters, small business management, and water safety. The 13 seminar shall be offered five times per year, and each person 14 attending shall receive a certificate of participation to present when obtaining an Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting 15 16 license. The educational seminar is not required for renewal 17 of an Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting license. 18 Section 9. Paragraphs (f), (h), (i), and (k) of 19 subsection (3) of section 370.07, Florida Statutes, are 20 amended to read: 370.07 Wholesale and retail saltwater products 21 22 dealers; regulation .--(3) APALACHICOLA BAY OYSTER SURCHARGE.--23 24 The Department of Revenue shall collect the (f) 25 surcharge for transfer into the General Inspection Trust Fund 26 of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Marine 27 Resources Conservation Trust Fund of the Department of 28 Environmental Protection. 29 (h) Annually, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 30 Commission Environmental Protection shall furnish the 31 13

Department of Revenue with a current list of wholesale dealers 1 2 in the state. 3 (i) Collections received by the Department of Revenue 4 from the surcharge shall be transferred quarterly to the 5 General Inspection Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Department of Environmental Protection 6 7 Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund, less the costs of 8 administration. 9 (k) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Environmental Protection shall use or distribute 10 11 funds generated by this surcharge, less reasonable costs of 12 collection and administration, to fund the following oyster 13 management and restoration programs in Apalachicola Bay: 14 The relaying and transplanting of live oysters. 1. 15 2. Shell planting to construct or rehabilitate oyster 16 bars. 17 3. Education programs for licensed oyster harvesters 18 on oyster biology, aquaculture, boating and water safety, 19 sanitation, resource conservation, small business management, 20 and other relevant subjects. 4. Research directed toward the enhancement of oyster 21 22 production in the bay and the water management needs of the 23 bay. 24 Section 10. Subsections (1) through (11), (13), (16), (17), (19), (22), and (24) through (27) of section 370.16, 25 26 Florida Statutes, are repealed, and subsections (12), (14), 27 (15), (18), (20), (21), (23), and (28) of said section are 28 amended to read: 29 370.16 Noncultured shellfish harvesting Oysters and 30 shellfish; regulation. --31

1 (1)(12) PROTECTION OF OYSTER AND CLAM REEFS AND 2 SHELLFISH AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS. --3 (a) The Department of Environmental Protection shall 4 improve, enlarge, and protect the natural oyster and clam 5 reefs of this state to the extent it may deem advisable and б the means at its disposal will permit. 7 (a)(b) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 8 shall, to the same extent, assist in protecting shellfish aquaculture products produced on leased or granted reefs in 9 the hands of lessees or grantees from the state. Harvesting 10 11 shellfish is prohibited within a distance of 25 feet outside 12 lawfully marked lease boundaries or within setback and access 13 corridors within specifically designated high-density 14 aquaculture lease areas and aquaculture use zones. 15 (b) (c) The department, in cooperation with the 16 commission, shall provide the Legislature with recommendations as needed for the development and the proper protection of the 17 rights of the state and private holders therein with respect 18 19 to the oyster and clam business. 20 (2)(14) SHELLFISH HARVESTING SEASONS; DAYS: SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO APALACHICOLA BAY .--21 (a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 22 shall by rule set the noncultured consider setting the 23 24 shellfish harvesting seasons in the Apalachicola Bay.as 25 follows: 26 1. The open season shall be from October 1 to July 31 27 of each year. 28 2. The entire bay, including private leased or granted 29 grounds, shall be closed to shellfish harvesting from August 1 to September 30 of each year for the purpose of oyster 30 relaying and transplanting and shell planting. 31 15

1 If the commission changes the harvesting seasons (b) 2 by rule as set forth in this subsection, for 3 years after the 3 new rule takes effect, the commission, in cooperation with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, shall monitor 4 5 the impacts of the new harvesting schedule on the bay and on local shellfish harvesters to determine whether the new 6 7 harvesting schedule should be discontinued, retained, or 8 modified. In monitoring the new schedule and in preparing its 9 report, the commission shall consider the following information shall be considered: 10 11 1. Whether the bay benefits ecologically from the new 12 harvesting schedule being closed to shellfish harvesting from 13 August 1 to September 30 of each year. 14 Whether the new harvesting schedule enhances the 2. 15 enforcement of shellfish harvesting laws in the bay. 16 3. Whether the new harvesting schedule enhances natural shellfish production, oyster relay and planting 17 programs, and shell planting programs in the bay. 18 19 4. Whether the new harvesting schedule has more than a 20 short-term adverse economic impact, if any, on local shellfish 21 harvesters. 22 (c) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission by rule shall consider restricting harvesting on shellfish grants 23 or leases to the same days of the week as harvesting on public 24 25 beds. 26 (3)(15) REMOVING OYSTERS, CLAMS, OR MUSSELS FROM 27 NATURAL REEFS; LICENSES, ETC., PENALTY .--28 (a) It is unlawful to use a dredge or any means or 29 implement other than hand tongs in removing oysters from the natural or artificial state reefs. This restriction shall 30 31 apply to all areas of the Apalachicola Bay for all shellfish 16

harvesting, excluding private grounds leased or granted by the 1 state prior to July 1, 1989, if the lease or grant 2 3 specifically authorizes the use of implements other than hand tongs for harvesting. Except in the Apalachicola Bay, upon 4 5 the payment of \$25 annually, for each vessel or boat using a dredge or machinery in the gathering of clams or mussels, a 6 7 special activity license may be issued by the Fish and 8 Wildlife Conservation Commission pursuant to s. 370.06 for 9 such use to such person. 10 (b) Special activity licenses issued to harvest 11 shellfish by dredge or other mechanical means from privately held shellfish leases or grants in Apalachicola Bay shall 12 13 include, but not be limited to, the following conditions: 14 (b)1. The use of any mechanical harvesting device other than ordinary hand tongs for taking shellfish for any 15 16 purpose from public shellfish beds in Apalachicola Bay shall 17 be unlawful. (c) The possession of any mechanical harvesting 18

19 device on the waters of Apalachicola Bay from 5 p.m. until 20 sunrise shall be unlawful.

21 3. Leaseholders or grantees shall telephonically
22 notify the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission no less
23 than 48 hours prior to each day's use of a dredge or scrape in
24 order to arrange for a commission officer to be present on the
25 lease or grant area while a dredge or scrape is used on the
26 lease or grant. Under no circumstances may a dredge or scrape
27 be used without a commission officer present.

28 4. Only two dredges or scrapes per lease or grant may
29 be possessed or operated at any time.

 $\frac{(d)^{5}}{5}$  Each vessel used for the transport or deployment of a dredge or scrape shall prominently display the lease or

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grant number or numbers, in numerals which are at least 12 inches high and 6 inches wide, in such a manner that the lease or grant number or numbers are readily identifiable from both the air and the water. The commission shall apply other statutes, rules, or conditions necessary to protect the environment and natural resources from improper transport, deployment, and operation of a dredge or scrape. Any violation of this paragraph or of any other statutes, rules, or conditions referenced in the special activity license shall be considered a violation of the license and shall result in revocation of the license and forfeiture of the bond submitted

12 to the commission as a prerequisite to the issuance of this 13 license. 14 <u>(e)(c)</u> Oysters may be harvested from natural or public 15 or private leased or granted grounds by common hand tongs or 16 by hand by scuba diving free diving leaping from vessels

16 by hand, by scuba diving, free diving, leaning from vessels, 17 or wading. In the Apalachicola Bay, this provision shall 18 apply to all shellfish.

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20 The commission shall apply other statutes, rules, or conditions necessary to protect the environment and natural 21 22 resources from improper transport, deployment, and operation of a dredge or scrape. Any violation of this subsection or of 23 any other statutes, rules, or conditions referenced in the 24 special activity license shall be considered a violation of 25 26 the license and shall result in revocation of the license and 27 forfeiture of the bond submitted to the commission as a 28 prerequisite to the issuance of this license. (4)<del>(18)</del> FALSE RETURNS AS TO OYSTERS OR CLAMS 29 HANDLED.--Each packer, canner, corporation, firm, commission 30 31 person, or dealer in fish shall, on the first day of each

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month, make a return under oath to the Fish and Wildlife 1 2 Conservation Commission, as to the number of oysters, clams, 3 and shellfish purchased, caught, or handled during the preceding month. Whoever is found guilty of making any false 4 5 affidavit to any such report is guilty of perjury and punished as provided by law, and any person who fails to make such 6 7 report shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$500 or by 8 imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 6 months. 9 (5)(20) WATER PATROL FOR COLLECTION OF TAX.--

10 (a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission may 11 establish and maintain necessary patrols of the salt waters of Florida, with authority to use such force as may be necessary 12 13 to capture any vessel or person violating the provisions of 14 the laws relating to oysters and clams, and may establish ports of entry at convenient locations where the severance or 15 16 privilege tax levied on oysters and clams may be collected or paid and may make such rules and regulations as it may deem 17 necessary for the enforcement of such tax. 18

19 (b) Each person in any way dealing in shellfish 20 harvesting from public reefs or beds shall keep a record, on 21 blanks or forms prescribed by the commission, of all oysters, 22 clams, and shellfish taken, purchased, used, or handled by him or her, with the name of the persons from whom purchased, if 23 purchased, together with the quantity and the date taken or 24 purchased, and shall exhibit this account at all times when 25 26 requested so to do by the commission or any conservation 27 agent; and he or she shall, on the first day of each month, 28 make a return under oath to the commission as to the number of 29 oysters, clams, and shellfish purchased, caught, or handled during the preceding month. The commission may require 30 detailed returns whenever it deems them necessary. 31

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1 (6)<del>(21)</del> SEIZURE OF VESSELS AND CARGOES VIOLATING 2 OYSTER AND CLAM LAWS, ETC. -- Vessels, with their cargoes, 3 violating the provisions of the laws relating to oysters and clams may be seized by anyone duly and lawfully authorized to 4 5 make arrests under this section or by any sheriff or the б sheriff's deputies, and taken into custody, and when not 7 arrested by the sheriff or the sheriff's deputies, delivered 8 to the sheriff of the county in which the seizure is made, and shall be liable to forfeiture, on appropriate proceedings 9 being instituted by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 10 11 Commission, before the courts of that county. In such case 12 the cargo shall at once be disposed of by the sheriff, for 13 account of whom it may concern. Should the master or any of 14 the crew of said vessel be found guilty of using dredges or other instruments in fishing oysters on natural reefs contrary 15 16 to law, or fishing on the natural oyster or clam reefs out of season, or unlawfully taking oysters or clams belonging to a 17 lessee, such vessel shall be declared forfeited by the court, 18 19 and ordered sold and the proceeds of the sale shall be 20 deposited with the Treasurer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund; any person guilty of such violations shall not 21 22 be permitted to have any license provided for in this chapter within a period of 1 year from the date of conviction. 23 Pending proceedings such vessel may be released upon the owner 24 furnishing bond, with good and solvent security in double the 25 26 value of the vessel, conditioned upon its being returned in 27 good condition to the sheriff to abide the judgment of the 28 court. 29 (7)<del>(23)</del> DREDGING OF DEAD SHELLS PROHIBITED.--The dredging of dead shell deposits is prohibited in the state. 30

(8)<del>(28)</del> REQUIREMENTS FOR OYSTER VESSELS.--

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CS/HB 601

Florida House of Representatives - 2000 188-558-00

1 (a) All vessels used for the harvesting, gathering, or 2 transporting of noncultured oysters for commercial use shall 3 be constructed and maintained to prevent contamination or deterioration of oysters. To this end, all such vessels shall 4 5 be provided with false bottoms and bulkheads fore and aft to prevent oysters from coming in contact with any bilge water. 6 7 No dogs or other animals shall be allowed at any time on 8 vessels used to harvest or transport oysters. A violation of any provision of this subsection shall result in at least the 9 revocation of the violator's license. 10 11 (b) For the purpose of this subsection, "commercial 12 use" shall be a quantity of more than 4 bushels, or more than 13 2 gallons, of shucked oysters, per person or per boat, or any 14 number or quantity of oysters if the oysters are to be sold. 15 Section 11. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 16 370.161, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 17 370.161 Oyster bottom land grants made pursuant to ch. 3293.--18 19 (1) All grants previously issued by the several boards 20 of county commissioners under the authority of chapter 3293, 1881, Laws of Florida, shall be subject to provisions of s. 21 22 597.010 370.16, relating to the marking of such lands, the payment of rents, the cultivation of such lands and the 23 forfeiture provisions. 24 25 (2) Any grantee of lands referred to in subsection (1) 26 shall mark such lands and begin cultivation thereof as set 27 forth in s. 597.010 370.16, within 90 days after the effective 28 date of this act. The rentals prescribed by s. 597.010 370.16, 29 shall be payable immediately upon the effective date of this act and in accordance with the provisions of said section. 30 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

21

CS/HB 601

Florida House of Representatives - 2000 188-558-00

1 Section 12. Section 372.071, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 372.071 Powers of arrest by agents of Department of 4 Environmental Protection or Fish and Wildlife Conservation 5 Commission .-- Any certified law enforcement officer of the Department of Environmental Protection or the Fish and 6 7 Wildlife Conservation Commission, upon receiving information, 8 relayed to her or him from any law enforcement officer 9 stationed on the ground, on the water, or in the air, that a 10 driver, operator, or occupant of any vehicle, boat, or airboat 11 has violated any section of chapter 327, chapter 328, chapter 370, or this chapter, or s. 597.010 or s. 597.020, may arrest 12 13 the driver, operator, or occupant for violation of said laws 14 when reasonable and proper identification of the vehicle, boat, or airboat and reasonable and probable grounds to 15 16 believe that the driver, operator, or occupant has committed or is committing any such offense have been communicated to 17 the arresting officer by the other officer stationed on the 18 ground, on the water, or in the air. 19 20 Section 13. Subsection (4) of section 372.6673, 21 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 22 372.6673 Taking and possession of alligators; trapping 23 licenses; fees.--24 (4) No person shall take any alligator egg occurring 25 in the wild or possess any such egg unless such person has 26 obtained, or is a licensed agent of another person who has 27 obtained, an alligator egg collection permit. The alligator 28 egg collection permit shall be required in addition to the 29 alligator farming license provided in paragraph (2)(d). The commission is authorized to assess a fee for issuance of the 30 31 alligator egg collection permit of up to\$4<del>\$5</del> per egg 2.2

authorized to be taken or possessed pursuant to such permit. 1 2 In addition, the commission shall collect a marketing 3 assessment of, of which \$1 per egg, excluding eggs collected on private wetland management areas, which shall may be 4 5 transferred to the General Inspection Trust Fund, to be б administered by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 7 Services for the purpose of providing marketing and education 8 services with respect to alligator products produced in this 9 state, notwithstanding other provisions in this chapter. Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 372.6674, 10 11 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 372.6674 Required tagging of alligators and hides; 13 fees; revenues. -- The tags provided in this section shall be 14 required in addition to any license required under s. 15 372.6673. 16 (2) The commission may require that an alligator hide validation tag be affixed to the hide of any alligator taken 17 from the wild and that such hide be possessed, purchased, 18 19 sold, offered for sale, or transported in accordance with commission rule. The commission is authorized to assess a fee 20 21 of up to\$25<del>\$30</del> for each alligator hide validation tag 22 issued. In addition, the commission shall collect a marketing assessment of, of which \$5 per validated hide, excluding those 23 validated from public hunt programs, which shall may be 24 25 transferred to the General Inspection Trust Fund, to be 26 administered by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 27 Services for the purpose of providing marketing and education 28 services with respect to alligator products produced in this 29 state, notwithstanding other provisions in this chapter. Section 15. Subsection (5) of section 373.046, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31

CS/HB 601

1 373.046 Interagency agreements.--2 (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 403.927, when 3 any operating agreement is developed pursuant to subsection 4 (4),÷ 5 (a) the department shall have regulatory 6 responsibility under part IV of this chapter for: 7 1. All saltwater aquaculture activities located on 8 sovereignty submerged land or in the water column above such 9 land and adjacent facilities directly related to the 10 aquaculture activity. 11 2. aquaculture activities that meet or exceed the 12 thresholds for aquaculture general permits authorized pursuant 13 to ss. 370.26 and 403.814. 14 3. Aquaculture activities within the Northwest Florida 15 Water Management District. 16 (b) Water management districts shall have regulatory responsibility under part IV of this chapter for aquaculture 17 18 activities not retained by the department in paragraph (a). 19 (c) Upon agreement by the applicant, the department, 20 and the applicable water management district, the department and water management district may reassign the regulatory 21 22 responsibilities described in paragraphs (a) and (b), based on the specific aquaculture operation, to achieve a more 23 efficient and effective permitting process. 24 25 Section 16. Subsection (11) of section 403.814, 26 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 27 403.814 General permits; delegation .--28 (11) Upon agreement by the applicant, the department, 29 and the applicable water management district, the department and water management district may reassign the regulatory 30 31 responsibilities described in s. 373.046(5) (a) and (b), based 24

on the specific aquaculture operation, to achieve a more 1 2 efficient and effective permitting process. 3 Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 409.2598, 4 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 409.2598 Suspension or denial of new or renewal б licenses; registrations; certifications.--7 (1) The Title IV-D agency may petition the court that 8 entered the support order or the court that is enforcing the 9 support order to deny or suspend the license, registration, or certificate issued under chapter 231, chapter 370, chapter 10 11 372, chapter 409, part II of chapter 455, or chapter 559, or s. 328.42 or s. 597.010 of any obligor with a delinquent child 12 13 support obligation or who fails, after receiving appropriate 14 notice, to comply with subpoenas, orders to appear, orders to show cause, or similar orders relating to paternity or child 15 16 support proceedings. However, a petition may not be filed until the Title IV-D agency has exhausted all other available 17 remedies. The purpose of this section is to promote the public 18 19 policy of the state as established in s. 409.2551. 20 Section 18. Paragraph (n) of subsection (1) of section 500.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 21 22 500.03 Definitions of terms; construction; 23 applicability.--24 (1) For the purpose of this chapter, the term: "Food establishment" means any factory, food 25 (n) 26 outlet, or any other facility manufacturing, processing, 27 packing, holding, or preparing food, or selling food at 28 wholesale or retail. The term does not include any business or 29 activity that is regulated under chapter 370, chapter 509, or chapter 601. The term also does not include any establishments 30 31 that pack fruits and vegetables in their raw or natural 25

states, including those fruits or vegetables that are washed, 1 2 colored, or otherwise treated in their unpeeled, natural form 3 before they are marketed. Section 19. Section 570.18, Florida Statutes, is 4 5 amended to read: б 570.18 Organization of departmental work. -- In the 7 assignment of functions to the 12 <del>11</del> divisions of the 8 department created in s. 570.29, the department shall retain within the Division of Administration, in addition to 9 executive functions, those powers and duties enumerated in s. 10 11 570.30. The department shall organize the work of the other 11 10 divisions in such a way as to secure maximum efficiency 12 13 in the conduct of the department. The divisions created in s. 14 570.29 are solely to make possible the definite placing of responsibility. The department shall be conducted as a unit 15 16 in which every employee, including each division director, is assigned a definite workload, and there shall exist between 17 division directors a spirit of cooperative effort to 18 accomplish the work of the department. 19 20 Section 20. Subsections (4) through (11) of section 570.29, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) 21 22 through (12), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to said section to read: 23 24 570.29 Departmental divisions.--The department shall include the following divisions: 25 26 (4) Aquaculture.

27Section 21.Section 570.61, Florida Statutes, is28created to read:

29 <u>570.61</u> Division of Aquaculture; powers and

30 duties.--The powers and duties of the Division of Aquaculture

31 shall include, but are not limited to, administering the

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aquaculture certification program; enforcing shellfish 1 2 sanitation standards; administering the aquaculture and 3 shellfish lease programs; ensuring that shellfish processing facilities comply with applicable food safety requirements; 4 5 mitigating, creating, and enhancing natural shellfish б harvesting areas; providing education to fishermen and 7 aquaculturists; promoting aquaculture development; purchasing 8 commodities as necessary to carry out the provisions of this 9 section; receiving and accepting grants, aids, gifts, and donations; providing grants, aids, and other technical 10 11 assistance; and ensuring the safety of Florida waters. 12 Section 22. Section 570.62, Florida Statutes, is 13 created to read: 14 570.62 Director; duties.--15 (1) The director of the Division of Aquaculture shall 16 be appointed by the commissioner and shall serve at the 17 commissioner's pleasure. (2) The director shall supervise, direct, and 18 19 coordinate the activities of the division, exercise such other 20 powers and duties as authorized by the commissioner, and enforce the provisions of chapter 597, the rules adopted 21 22 thereunder, and any other chapter or rule necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the division. 23 24 Section 23. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 597.003, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (3), 25 (4), and (5) of section 370.26, Florida Statutes, are 26 27 renumbered as paragraphs (1) and (k) of said subsection (1) 28 and amended, to read: 29 597.003 Powers and duties of Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.--30 31

The department is hereby designated as the lead 1 (1)2 agency in encouraging the development of aquaculture in the 3 state and shall have and exercise the following functions, powers, and duties with regard to aquaculture: 4 5 (f) Submit the list of research and development б projects proposed to be funded through the department as 7 identified in the state aquaculture plan, along with the 8 department's legislative budget request to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 9 Representatives. If funded, these projects shall be contracted 10 for by the Division of Aquaculture and shall require 11 12 public-private partnerships, when appropriate. The contracts 13 shall require a percentage of the profit generated by the 14 project to be deposited into the General Inspection Trust Fund 15 solely for funding aquaculture projects recommended by the 16 Aquaculture Review Council. (k)(4) The department shall Make available state lands 17 and the water column for the purpose of producing aquaculture 18 19 products when the aquaculture activity is compatible with 20 state resource management goals, environmental protection, and propriety interest and when such state lands and waters are 21 22 determined to be suitable for aquaculture development by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund 23 pursuant to s. 253.68; and be responsible for all saltwater 24 aquaculture activities located on sovereignty submerged land 25 26 or in the water column above such land and adjacent facilities 27 directly related to the aquaculture activity. 28 1.(a) The department shall act in cooperation with 29 other state and local agencies and programs to identify and designate sovereignty lands and waters that would be suitable 30

31 for aquaculture development.

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2.(b) The department shall identify and evaluate 1 2 specific tracts of sovereignty submerged lands and water columns in various areas of the state to determine where such 3 4 lands and waters are suitable for leasing for aquaculture 5 purposes. Nothing in this subparagraph or subparagraph 1. б paragraph or paragraph (a)shall preclude the applicant from 7 applying for sites identified by the applicant. 8 3.(5) Authorizations under part IV of chapter 373 shall be issued in conjunction with the authorization to use 9 sovereignty submerged land for aquaculture when the 10 11 aquaculture activities are authorized in the aquaculture lease 12 agreement. 13 4. The department shall provide assistance in 14 developing technologies applicable to aquaculture activities, 15 evaluate practicable production alternatives, and provide 16 agreements to develop innovative culture practices. 17 (1)(3) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall Act as a clearinghouse for aquaculture 18 19 applications, and act as a liaison between the Fish and 20 Wildlife Conservation Commission, the Division of State Lands, the Department of Environmental Protection district offices, 21 22 other divisions within the Department of Environmental 23 Protection, and the water management districts. The department 24 of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be responsible for 25 regulating marine aquaculture producers, except as 26 specifically provided herein. 27 Section 24. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) and 28 paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 597.004, Florida 29 Statutes, are amended to read: 30 597.004 Aquaculture certificate of registration.--31

(1) SHELLFISH CERTIFICATION.--Any person engaging in 1 2 shellfish aquaculture must be certified by the department. 3 The applicant for a certificate of registration shall submit the following to the department: 4 5 (a) Applicant's name/title. (b) Company name. 6 7 (c) Complete mailing address. 8 (d) Legal property description of all aquaculture facilities. 9 10 (e) Actual physical street address for each 11 aquaculture facility. 12 (f)(e) Description of production facilities. 13 (g)(f) Aquaculture products to be produced. 14 (h)(g) Fifty dollar annual registration fee. 15 (2) NONSHELLFISH CERTIFICATION.--16 (a) Any person engaging in nonshellfish aquaculture, except as otherwise provided in this section, must be 17 18 certified by the department. The applicant for a certificate 19 of registration for nonshellfish products shall submit the 20 following to the department: 21 <del>1.</del> The information requested in subsection (1) above. 22 (i)<del>2.</del> Documentation that the rules adopted herein have been complied with in accordance with paragraph(2)(a)23 24 below. (2) PREEMPTION FOR REGULATION OF AQUACULTURE. -- This 25 26 section is intended as comprehensive and exclusive regulation 27 of aquaculture in this state. This section preempts all other 28 laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, and policies relating to aquaculture not provided for herein, except for chapters 253, 29 372, and 373 and s. 403.814. Unless specifically provided by 30 law, no agency, commission, department, county, municipality, 31

CS/HB 601

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or other political subdivision of the state may adopt laws, 1 2 rules, regulations, ordinances, or policies pertaining to the 3 regulation of aquaculture. 4 (a) (b) The department, in consultation with the 5 Department of Environmental Protection, the water management б districts, environmental groups, and representatives from the 7 affected farming groups, shall adopt rules to: 8 1. Specify the requirement of best-management 9 practices to be implemented by holders of aquaculture 10 certificates of registration. 11 2. Establish procedures for holders of aquaculture 12 certificates of registration to submit the notice of intent to 13 comply with best-management practices. 14 Establish schedules for implementation of 3. best-management practices, and of interim measures that can be 15 16 taken prior to adoption of best-management practices. Interim measures may include the continuation of regulatory 17 requirements in effect on June 30, 1998. 18 19 Establish a system to assure the implementation of 4. 20 best-management practices, including recordkeeping 21 requirements. 22 (b) Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection shall become effective pursuant to the applicable provisions of 23 24 chapter 120, but must be submitted to the President of the 25 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives for 26 review by the Legislature. The rules shall be referred to the 27 appropriate committees of substance and scheduled for review 28 during the first available regular session following adoption. 29 Except as otherwise provided by operation of law, such rules shall remain in effect until rejected or modified by act of 30 31 the Legislature.

1 (c) Notwithstanding any provision of law, the Department of Environmental Protection is not authorized to 2 3 institute proceedings against any person certified under this 4 section to recover any costs or damages associated with 5 contamination of groundwater or surface water, or the б evaluation, assessment, or remediation of contamination of 7 groundwater or surface water, including sampling, analysis, 8 and restoration of potable water supplies, where the contamination of groundwater or surface water is determined to 9 be the result of aquaculture practices, provided the holder of 10 11 an aquaculture certificate of registration: 12 1. Provides the department with a notice of intent to 13 implement applicable best-management practices adopted by the 14 department; 15 Implements applicable best-management practices as 2. 16 soon as practicable according to rules adopted by the 17 department; and Implements practicable interim measures identified 18 3. 19 and adopted by the department which can be implemented 20 immediately, or according to rules adopted by the department. 21 (d) There is a presumption of compliance with state 22 groundwater and surface water standards if the holder of an aquaculture certificate of registration implements 23 best-management practices that have been verified by the 24 25 Department of Environmental Protection to be effective at 26 representative sites and complies with the following: 27 1. Provides the department with a notice of intent to 28 implement applicable best-management practices adopted by the 29 department; 30 31

1 2. Implements applicable best-management practices as 2 soon as practicable according to rules adopted by the 3 department; and 4 Implements practicable interim measures identified 3. 5 and adopted by the department which can be implemented б immediately, or according to rules adopted by the department. 7 The department shall provide, by December 31, (e) 8 1999, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the 9 House of Representatives, a progress report concerning the development, implementation, and effectiveness of 10 11 best-management practices to prevent contamination of 12 groundwater and surface water. 13 (f) This section does not limit federally delegated 14 regulatory authority. 15 (g) Any aquatic plant producer permitted by the 16 department pursuant to s. 369.25 shall also be subject to the requirements of this section subsection. 17 (h) Any alligator producer with an alligator farming 18 19 license and permit to establish and operate an alligator farm 20 shall be issued an aquaculture certificate of registration 21 pursuant to this section subsection (1) above. This chapter 22 does not supersede the authority under chapter 372, chapter 373, or chapter 403 to regulate alligator farms and alligator 23 24 farmers. 25 (4) IDENTIFICATION OF AQUACULTURE 26 PRODUCTS.--Aquaculture products shall be identified while 27 possessed, processed, transported, or sold as provided in this 28 subsection, except those subject to the rules of the Fish and 29 Wildlife Conservation Commission as they relate to alligators 30 only. 31

CS/HB 601

Florida House of Representatives - 2000 188-558-00

(a) Aquaculture products shall be identified by an 1 2 aquaculture certificate of registration number from harvest to 3 point of sale. Any person who possesses aquaculture products must show, by appropriate receipt, bill of sale, bill of 4 5 lading, or other such manifest where the product originated. 6 (b) Marine aquaculture products shall be transported 7 in containers that separate such product from wild stocks, and 8 shall be identified by tags or labels that are securely attached and clearly displayed. 9 10 (c) Each aquaculture registrant who sells food 11 products labeled as "aquaculture or farm raised" must have such products containerized and clearly labeled in accordance 12 13 with s. 500.11. Label information must include the name, 14 address, and aquaculture certification number. This requirement is designed to segregate the identity of wild and 15 16 aquaculture products. (5) SALE OF AOUACULTURE PRODUCTS.--17 (b) Aquaculture shellfish must be sold and handled in 18 19 accordance with s. 597.020 shellfish handling regulations of 20 the Department of Environmental Protection established to 21 protect public health. 22 Section 25. Subsection (2) of section 597.0041, 23 Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to said section, to read: 24 25 597.0041 Prohibited acts; penalties.--26 (2)(a) Any person who violates any provision of this 27 chapter or any rule promulgated hereunder is subject to a suspension or revocation of his or her certificate of 28 29 registration or license under this chapter. The department may, in lieu of, or in addition to the suspension of 30 31

34

revocation, impose on the violator an administrative fine in 1 2 an amount not to exceed \$1,000 per violation per day. 3 (b) Except as provided in subsection (4), any person 4 who violates any provision of this chapter, or rule hereunder, 5 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as б provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 7 (4) Any person who violates any provision of s. 8 597.010 or s. 597.020, or any rule adopted under those 9 sections, commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 for the 10 11 first offense; and for the second or any subsequent offense 12 within a 12-month period, commits a misdemeanor of the first 13 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 14 Section 26. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 597.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 16 597.005 Aquaculture Review Council.--(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.--The primary responsibilities of 17 the Aquaculture Review Council are to: 18 19 (c) Submit to the commissioner on an annual basis: 20 1. A prioritized list of research projects to be included in the department's legislative budget request. Each 21 22 year, the council shall review the aquaculture legislative 23 budget requests submitted to the department and rank them according to the state aquaculture plan. 24 25 2. Recommendations to be forwarded to the Speaker of 26 the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate 27 on legislation needed to help the aquaculture industry. 28 3. Recommendations on aquaculture projects, 29 activities, research, and regulation and other needs to 30 further the development of the aquaculture industry. 31

35

CS/HB 601

Florida House of Representatives - 2000 188-558-00

1 Section 27. Subsection (1) of section 597.006, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 597.006 Aquaculture Interagency Coordinating 4 Council.--5 (1) CREATION.--The Legislature finds and declares that б there is a need for interagency coordination with regard to 7 aquaculture by the following agencies: the Department of 8 Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Office of Tourism, 9 Trade, and Economic Development <del>Department of Commerce</del>, the Department of Community Affairs, the Department of 10 11 Environmental Protection, the Department of Labor and Employment Security, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 12 13 Commission, the statewide consortium of universities under the 14 Florida Institute of Oceanography, Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University, the Institute of Food and Agricultural 15 16 Sciences at the University of Florida, and the Florida Sea 17 Grant Program, and each water management district. It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to hereby create an 18 19 Aquaculture Interagency Coordinating Council to act as an 20 advisory body as defined in s. 20.03(9). 21 Section 28. Section 597.010, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 22 597.010 Shellfish regulation; leases.--23 24 (1) LEASE, APPLICATION FORM. -- When any qualified 25 person desires to lease a part of the bottom, water column, or 26 bed of any of the water of this state for the purpose of 27 growing oysters or clams, as provided for in this section, he 28 or she shall present to the department a written application pursuant to s. 253.69. 29 (2) LANDS TO BE LEASED.--The lands leased shall be as 30 compact as possible, taking into consideration the shape of 31

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36
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the body of water and the condition of the bottom as to 1 2 hardness, or soft mud or sand, or other conditions that would render the bottoms desirable or undesirable for the purpose of 3 4 oyster or clam cultivation. (3) SURVEYS, PLATS, AND MAPS OF REEFS.--The department 5 6 shall accept, adopt, and use official reports, surveys, and 7 maps of oyster, clam, or other shellfish grounds made under 8 the direction of any authority of the United States as prima 9 facie evidence of the natural oyster and clam reefs and beds, for the purpose and intent of this chapter. The department may 10 11 also make surveys of any natural oyster or clam reefs or beds 12 when it deems such surveys necessary and where such surveys 13 are made pursuant to an application for a lease, the cost thereof may be charged to the applicant as a part of the cost 14 of his or her application. 15 16 (4) EXECUTION OF LEASES; LESSEE TO STAKE OFF BOUNDARIES; PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH 17 REGULATIONS. -- When a survey of the lands to be leased has been 18 completed pursuant to s. 253.69 and filed with the department, 19 20 and the cost thereof paid by the applicant, the department may execute in duplicate a lease of the water bottoms to the 21 22 applicant. One duplicate, with a plat or map of the water bottoms so leased, shall be delivered to the applicant, and 23 the other, with a plat or map of the bottom so leased, shall 24 be retained by the department and registered in a lease book 25 26 which shall be kept exclusively for that purpose by the 27 department; thereafter the lessees shall enjoy the exclusive 28 use of the lands and all oysters and clams, shell, and cultch 29 grown or placed thereon shall be the exclusive property of such lessee as long as he or she shall comply with the 30 provisions of this chapter and chapter 253. The department 31

37

shall require the lessee to stake off and mark the water 1 bottoms leased, by such ranges, monuments, stakes, buoys, 2 3 etc., so placed and made as not to interfere with the 4 navigation, as it may deem necessary to locate the same to the 5 end that the location and limits of the lands embraced in such 6 lease be easily and accurately found and fixed, and such 7 lessee shall keep the same in good condition during the open 8 and closed oyster or clam season. All leases shall be marked 9 according to the standards set forth in s. 253.72. The department may stipulate in each individual lease contract the 10 11 types, shape, depth, size, and height of marker or corner 12 posts. Failure on the part of the lessee to comply with the 13 orders of the department to this effect within the time fixed by it, and to keep the markers, etc., in good condition during 14 the open and closed oyster or clam season, shall subject such 15 16 lessee to a fine not exceeding \$100 for each and every such 17 offense. 18 (5) LEASES IN PERPETUITY; RENT.--(a) All leases issued previously under the provisions 19 20 of s. 370.16 shall be enforced under the authority of this chapter, notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, and 21 22 shall continue in perpetuity under such restrictions as stated in the lease agreement. The annual rental fee charged for all 23 leases shall consist of the minimum rate of \$15 per acre, or 24 any fraction of an acre, per year and shall be adjusted on 25 26 January 1, 1995, and every 5 years thereafter, based on the 27 5-year average change in the Consumer Price Index. Rent shall 28 be paid in advance of January 1 of each year or in the case of a new lease at the time of signing, regardless of who holds 29 30 the lease. 31

(b) All fees collected under this subsection and 1 2 subsection (6) shall be deposited in the General Inspection Trust Fund and shall be used for shellfish aquaculture 3 4 activities. (6) FORFEITURE FOR NONPAYMENT--All leases shall 5 6 stipulate that failure to timely pay the rent on or before 7 January 1 of each year shall cause the department, at its 8 discretion, to terminate and cancel the lease after the 9 department has given the lessee 30 days' written notice of the nonpayment. If after receiving the notice the lessee chooses 10 to keep the lease, the lessee shall pay the rental fee plus a 11 \$50 late fee within the 30-day period. After the 30-day notice 12 13 has expired, the department may take possession of the lease 14 and all improvements, assets, clams, and oysters thereon. 15 (7) SURCHARGE FOR IMPROVEMENT OR REHABILITATION. -- A 16 surcharge of \$10 per acre, or any fraction of an acre, per annum shall be levied upon each lease, other than a perpetual 17 lease granted pursuant to chapter 370 prior to 1985, and 18 19 deposited into the General Inspection Trust Fund. The purpose 20 of the surcharge is to provide a mechanism to have financial resources immediately available for improvement of lease areas 21 22 and for cleanup and rehabilitation of abandoned or vacated 23 lease sites. The department is authorized to adopt rules 24 necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection. (a) Moneys in the fund that are not needed currently 25 26 for cleanup and rehabilitation of abandoned or vacated lease 27 sites shall be deposited with the Treasurer to the credit of 28 the fund and may be invested in such manner as is provided for by statute. Interest received on such investment shall be 29 credited to the fund. 30 31

(b) Funds within the General Inspection Trust Fund 1 2 from receipts from the surcharge established in this section 3 shall be disbursed for the following purposes and no others: 4 1. Administrative expenses, personnel expenses, and 5 equipment costs of the department related to the improvement 6 of lease areas, the cleanup and rehabilitation of abandoned or 7 vacated aquaculture lease sites, and the enforcement of 8 provisions of this section. 9 2. All costs involved in the improvement of lease areas and the cleanup and rehabilitation of abandoned or 10 11 vacated lease sites. 12 3. All costs and damages which are the proximate results of lease abandonment or vacation. 13 14 4. Reward payments made pursuant to s. 597.0045. 15 16 The department shall recover to the use of the fund from the person or persons abandoning or vacating the lease, jointly 17 and severally, all sums owed or expended from the fund. 18 19 (8)(a) CULTIVATION REQUIREMENTS.--Effective 20 cultivation shall consist of the growing of the oysters or clams in a density suitable for commercial harvesting over the 21 22 amount of bottom prescribed by law. This commercial density shall be accomplished by the planting of seed oysters, shell, 23 24 and cultch of various descriptions. The department may 25 stipulate in each individual lease contract the types, shape, 26 depth, size, and height of cultch materials on lease bottoms according to the individual shape, depth, location, and type 27 28 of bottom of the proposed lease. Each lessee leasing lands under the provisions of this section or s. 253.71 shall begin, 29 within 1 year after the date of such lease, bona fide 30 cultivation of the same, and shall, by the end of the second 31

year after the commencement of such lease, have placed under 1 2 cultivation at least one-half of the leased area and shall 3 each year thereafter place in cultivation at least one-fourth of the leased area until the whole, suitable for bedding of 4 5 oysters or clams, shall have been put in cultivation. The 6 cultivation requirements for perpetuity leases granted 7 pursuant to chapter 370 prior to 1985 under previously 8 existing law shall comply with the conditions stated in the 9 lease agreement, and the lessee or grantee is authorized to plant the leased or granted submerged land in both oysters and 10 clams. 11 12 (b) These stipulations apply to all leases granted 13 after the effective date of this section. All leases existing 14 prior to the effective date of this section will operate under the law that was in effect when the leases were granted. 15 16 (c) When evidence is gathered by the department and such evidence conclusively shows a lack of effective 17 cultivation, the department may revoke leases and return the 18 19 bottoms in question to the public domain. 20 (d) The department has the authority to adopt rules pertaining to the water column over shellfish leases. All 21 22 cultch materials in place 6 months after the formal adoption 23 and publication of rules establishing standards for cultch 24 materials on shellfish leases that do not comply with such 25 rules may be declared a nuisance by the department. The 26 department has the authority to direct the lessee to remove 27 such cultch in violation of this section. The department may 28 cancel a lease upon the refusal by the lessee violating such 29 rules to remove unlawful cultch materials, and all improvements, cultch, marketable oysters, and shell shall 30 become the property of the state. The department has the 31

41

authority to retain, dispose of, or remove such materials in 1 2 the best interest of the state. (9) LEASES TRANSFERABLE, ETC.--The leases in chapters 3 4 253 and 370 shall be inheritable and transferable, in whole or 5 in part, and shall also be subject to mortgage, pledge, or б hypothecation and shall be subject to seizure and sale for 7 debts as any other property, rights, and credits in this 8 state, and this provision shall also apply to all buildings, 9 betterments, and improvements thereon. Leases granted under this section cannot be transferred, by sale or barter, in 10 11 whole or in part, without the written, express approval of the 12 department, and such a transferee shall pay a \$50 transfer fee 13 before department approval may be given. Leases inherited or 14 transferred will be valid only upon receipt of the transfer fee and approval by the department. The department shall keep 15 16 proper indexes so that all original leases and all subsequent 17 changes and transfers can be easily and accurately ascertained. 18 19 (10) CANCELLATION OF LEASES TO NATURAL REEFS OR 20 BEDS.--Any person, within 6 months after the execution of any lease, may file a petition with the department for the purpose 21 22 of determining whether a natural oyster or clam reef or bed having an area of not less than 100 square yards existed 23 within the leased area on the date of the lease, with 24 25 sufficient natural or maternal oysters or clams thereon (not 26 including coon oysters) to have constituted a stratum 27 sufficient to have been resorted to by the public generally 28 for the purpose of gathering the same to sell for a 29 livelihood. The petition shall be in writing addressed to the department, verified under oath, stating the location and 30 approximate area of the natural reef or bed and the claim or 31

42

interest of the petitioner therein and requesting the 1 2 cancellation of the lease to the natural reef or bed. A 3 petition may not be considered unless it is accompanied by a deposit of \$500 to defray the expense of the department's 4 5 investigation of the matter. Upon receipt of such petition, 6 the department shall cause an investigation to be made into 7 the truth of the allegations of the petition, and, if found 8 untrue, the \$500 deposit shall be retained by the department 9 to defray the expense of the investigation, but should the allegations of the petition be found true and the leased 10 premises to contain a natural oyster or clam reef or bed, as 11 12 described in this subsection, the \$500 deposit shall be 13 returned to the petitioner and the costs and expenses of the 14 investigation taxed against the lessee and the lease canceled to the extent of the natural reef or bed and the same shall be 15 16 marked with buoys and stakes and notices placed thereon 17 showing the same to be a public reef or bed, the cost of the markers and notices to be taxed against the lessee. 18 19 (11) WHEN NATURAL REEFS OR BEDS MAY BE INCLUDED IN 20 LEASE.--(a) When an application for a submerged land lease for 21 cultivating shellfish is filed, and when a resource survey of 22 such lands identifies natural oyster or clam reefs or beds, 23 24 the department shall determine if such reefs and beds are to be included in the leased area. The department, if it deems it 25 26 to be in the best interest of the state, may include such 27 natural reefs or beds in a lease. In those cases where a 28 natural area is included in a lease, the department shall fix a reasonable value on the same, to be paid by the applicant 29 for lease of such submerged land. No natural reefs shall be 30 31

included in any shellfish or aquaculture lease granted in 1 2 Franklin County. 3 The department shall determine and settle all (b) 4 disputes as to boundaries between lessees. The department 5 shall, in all cases, determine whether a particular submerged б land area contains a natural reef or bed or whether it is 7 suitable for raising oysters or clams. 8 (12) FRANKLIN COUNTY LEASES.--On and after the 9 effective date of this section, the only leases available in Franklin County shall be those issued pursuant to ss. 10 11 253.67-253.75; chapter 370 leases shall no longer be 12 available. The department shall require in the lease agreement 13 such restrictions as it deems necessary to protect the 14 environment, the existing leaseholders, and public fishery. 15 (13) TRESPASS ON LEASED BEDS; PROTECTION OF LEASE 16 AREAS.--(a) Any person who willfully takes oysters, shells, 17 cultch, or clams bedded or planted by a licensee under this 18 19 chapter, or grantee under the provisions of heretofore 20 existing laws, or riparian owner who may have heretofore planted the same on his or her riparian bottoms, or any 21 22 oysters or clams deposited by anyone making up a cargo for 23 market, or who willfully carries or attempts to carry away the 24 same without permission of the owner thereof, or who willfully or knowingly removes, breaks off, destroys, or otherwise 25 26 injures or alters any stakes, bounds, monuments, buoys, 27 notices, or other designations of any natural oyster or clam 28 reefs or beds or private bedding or propagating grounds, or who willfully injures, destroys, or removes any other 29 protection around any oyster or clam reefs or beds, or who 30 willfully moves any bedding ground stakes, buoys, marks, or 31

44

designations placed by the department, commits a violation of 1 2 this section. 3 (b) Harvesting shellfish is prohibited within a 4 distance of 25 feet outside lawfully marked lease boundaries 5 or within setback and access corridors within specifically б designated high-density aquaculture lease areas and 7 aquaculture use zones. 8 (14) SHELLFISH DEVELOPMENT.--9 (a) The department shall improve, enlarge, and protect the natural oyster and clam reefs and beds of this state to 10 11 the extent it may deem advisable and the means at its disposal 12 will permit. 13 (b) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission shall, to the same extent, assist in protecting shellfish 14 15 aquaculture products produced on leased or granted reefs and 16 beds. (c) The department, in cooperation with the 17 commission, shall provide the Legislature with recommendations 18 19 as needed for the development and the proper protection of the 20 rights of the state and private holders therein with respect 21 to the oyster and clam business. 22 (15) SPECIAL ACTIVITY LICENSES. -- The department is authorized to issue special activity licenses, in accordance 23 24 with s. 597.020, to permit the harvest or cultivation of 25 oysters, clams, mussels, and crabs. 26 (16) STAKING OFF WATER BOTTOMS OR BEDDING OYSTERS 27 WITHOUT OBTAINING LEASE .-- Any person staking off the water 28 bottoms of this state, or bedding oysters on the bottoms of 29 the waters of this state, without previously leasing same as required by law commits a violation of this section, and shall 30 acquire no rights by reason of such staking off. This 31

45

provision does not apply to grants heretofore made under the 1 2 provisions of any heretofore existing laws or to artificial 3 beds made heretofore by a riparian owner or his or her grantees on the owner's riparian bottoms. 4 5 (17) SHELLFISH HARVESTING SEASONS; SPECIAL PROVISIONS б RELATING TO APALACHICOLA BAY .--7 (a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 8 shall by rule set the noncultured shellfish harvesting seasons 9 in Apalachicola Bay. 10 (b) If the commission changes the harvesting seasons by rule as set forth in this subsection, for 3 years after the 11 12 new rule takes effect, the commission, in cooperation with the 13 department, shall monitor the impacts of the new harvesting 14 schedule on the bay and on local shellfish harvesters to determine whether the new harvesting schedule should be 15 discontinued, retained, or modified. In monitoring the new 16 schedule and in preparing its report, the following 17 information shall be considered: 18 19 1. Whether the bay benefits ecologically from the new 20 harvesting schedule. 2. Whether the new harvesting schedule enhances the 21 22 enforcement of shellfish harvesting laws in the bay. 23 3. Whether the new harvesting schedule enhances 24 natural shellfish production, oyster relay and planting 25 programs, and shell planting programs in the bay. 26 4. Whether the new harvesting schedule has more than a short-term adverse economic impact, if any, on local shellfish 27 28 harvesters. 29 (18) REMOVING OYSTERS, CLAMS, OR MUSSELS FROM NATURAL REEFS; LICENSES, ETC.; PENALTY.--30 31

1	(a) It is unlawful to use a dredge or any means or
2	implement other than hand tongs in removing oysters from the
3	natural or artificial state reefs or beds. This restriction
4	shall apply to all areas of Apalachicola Bay for all shellfish
5	harvesting, excluding private grounds leased or granted by the
6	state prior to July 1, 1989, if the lease or grant
7	specifically authorizes the use of implements other than hand
8	tongs for harvesting. Except in Apalachicola Bay, upon the
9	payment of \$25 annually, for each vessel or boat using a
10	dredge or machinery in the gathering of clams or mussels, a
11	special activity license may be issued by the Fish and
12	Wildlife Conservation Commission pursuant to subsection (15)
13	or s. 370.06 for such use to such person.
14	(b) Approval by the department to harvest shellfish by
15	dredge or other mechanical means from privately held shellfish
16	leases or grants in Apalachicola Bay shall include, but not be
17	limited to, the following conditions:
18	1. The use of any mechanical harvesting device other
19	than ordinary hand tongs for taking shellfish for any purpose
20	from public shellfish beds in Apalachicola Bay shall be
21	unlawful.
22	2. The possession of any mechanical harvesting device
23	on the waters of Apalachicola Bay from 5 p.m. until sunrise
24	shall be unlawful.
25	3. Leaseholders or grantees shall notify the
26	department no less than 48 hours prior to each day's use of a
27	dredge or scrape in order for the department to notify the
28	Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission that a mechanical
29	harvesting device will be deployed.
30	4. Only two dredges or scrapes per lease or grant may
31	be possessed or operated at any time.
	47

47

1	5. Each vessel used for the transport or deployment of
2	a dredge or scrape shall prominently display the lease or
3	grant number or numbers, in numerals which are at least 12
4	inches high and 6 inches wide, in such a manner that the lease
5	or grant number or numbers are readily identifiable from both
6	the air and the water.
7	
8	Any violation of this paragraph or of any other statutes,
9	rules, or conditions referenced in the lease agreement shall
10	be considered a violation of the license and shall result in
11	revocation of the lease or a denial of use or future use of a
12	mechanical harvesting device.
13	(c) Oysters may be harvested from natural or public or
14	private leased or granted grounds by common hand tongs or by
15	hand, by scuba diving, free diving, leaning from vessels, or
16	wading. In Apalachicola Bay, this provision shall apply to
17	all shellfish.
18	(19) FISHING FOR RELAYING OR TRANSPLANTING PURPOSES
19	(a) The department shall designate areas for the
20	taking of oysters and clams to be planted on leases, grants,
21	and public areas. Oysters, clams, and mussels may be taken for
22	relaying or transplanting at any time during the year so long
23	as, in the opinion of the department, the public health will
24	not be endangered. The amount of oysters, clams, and mussels
25	to be obtained for relaying or transplanting, the area relayed
26	or transplanted to, and relaying or transplanting time periods
27	shall be established in each case by the department.
28	(b) Application for a special activity license issued
29	pursuant to subsection (15) for obtaining oysters, clams, or
30	mussels for relaying from closed public shellfish harvesting
31	areas to open areas or certified controlled purification
	48

plants or for transplanting sublegal-sized oysters, clams, or 1 2 mussels must be made to the department. In return, the 3 department may assign an area and a period of time for the 4 oysters, clams, or mussels to be relayed or transplanted to be 5 taken. All relaying and transplanting operations shall take 6 place under the direction of the department. 7 (c) Relayed oysters, clams, or mussels shall not be 8 subsequently harvested for any reason without written 9 permission or public notice from the department. 10 (20) OYSTER AND CLAM REHABILITATION.--The board of 11 county commissioners of the several counties may appropriate 12 and expend such sums as it may deem proper for the purpose of 13 planting or transplanting oysters, clams, oyster shell, clam 14 shell, or cultch or to perform such other acts for the enhancement of the oyster and clam industries of the state, 15 16 out of any sum in the county treasury not otherwise 17 appropriated. (21) DREDGING OF DEAD SHELLS PROHIBITED. -- The dredging 18 19 of dead shell deposits is prohibited in the state. 20 (22) COOPERATION WITH UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE. -- The department shall cooperate with the United 21 States Fish and Wildlife Service, under existing federal laws, 22 rules, and regulations, and is authorized to accept donations, 23 grants, and matching funds from the Federal Government in 24 25 order to carry out its oyster resource and development 26 responsibilities. The department is further authorized to 27 accept any and all donations including funds, oysters, or 28 oyster shells. 29 (23) OYSTER AND CLAM SHELLS PROPERTY OF DEPARTMENT.--(a) Except for oysters used directly in the half-shell 30 trade, 50 percent of all shells from oysters and clams shucked 31 49

commercially in the state shall be and remain the property of 1 2 the department when such shells are needed and required for 3 rehabilitation projects and planting operations, in cooperation with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 4 5 Commission, when sufficient resources and facilities exist for handling and planting such shell, and when the collection and 6 7 handling of such shell is practicable and useful, except that 8 bona fide holders of leases and grants may retain 75 percent 9 of such shell as they produce for aquacultural purposes. Storage, transportation, and planting of shells so retained by 10 11 lessees and grantees shall be carried out under the conditions 12 of the lease agreement or with the written approval of the 13 department and shall be subject to such reasonable time limits 14 as the department may fix. In the event of an accumulation of an excess of shells, the department is authorized to sell 15 16 shells only to private growers for use in oyster or clam cultivation on bona fide leases and grants. No profit shall 17 accrue to the department in these transactions, and shells are 18 19 to be sold for the estimated moneys spent by the department to 20 gather and stockpile the shells. Planting of shells obtained from the department by purchase shall be subject to the 21 22 conditions set forth in the lease agreement or in the written approval as issued by the department. Any shells not claimed 23 and used by private oyster cultivators 10 years after shells 24 25 are gathered and stockpiled may be sold at auction to the 26 highest bidder for any private use. 27 (b) Whenever the department determines that it is 28 unfeasible to collect oyster or clam shells, the shells become 29 the property of the producer. (c) Whenever oyster or clam shells are owned by the 30 department and it is not useful or feasible to use them in the 31 50

rehabilitation projects, and when no leaseholder has exercised 1 2 his or her option to acquire them, the department may sell 3 such shells for the highest price obtainable. The shells thus sold may be used in any manner and for any purpose at the 4 5 discretion of the purchaser. 6 (d) Moneys derived from the sale of shell shall be 7 deposited in the General Inspection Trust Fund for shellfish 8 programs. 9 (e) The department may publish notice, in a newspaper serving the county, of its intention to collect the oyster and 10 clam shells and shall notify, by certified mail, each shucking 11 12 establishment from which shells are to be collected. The 13 notice shall contain the period of time the department intends 14 to collect the shells in that county and the collection 15 purpose. (24) OYSTER CULTURE.--The department, in cooperation 16 with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the 17 Department of Environmental Protection, shall protect all clam 18 19 beds, oyster beds, shellfish grounds, and oyster reefs from 20 damage or destruction resulting from improper cultivation, propagation, planting, or harvesting and control the pollution 21 of the waters over or surrounding beds, grounds, or reefs, and 22 to this end the Department of Health is authorized and 23 24 directed to lend its cooperation to the department, to make 25 available its laboratory testing facilities and apparatus. 26 (25) REQUIREMENTS FOR OYSTER OR CLAM VESSELS.--27 (a) All vessels used for the harvesting, gathering, or 28 transporting of oysters or clams for commercial purposes shall 29 be constructed and maintained to prevent contamination or deterioration of shellfish. To this end, all such vessels 30 shall be provided with false bottoms and bulkheads fore and 31

51

aft to prevent onboard shellfish from coming in contact with 1 2 any bilge water. No dogs or other animals shall be allowed at 3 any time on vessels used to harvest or transport shellfish. A violation of any provision of this subsection shall result in 4 5 at least the revocation of the violator's license. 6 (b) For the purpose of this subsection, "harvesting, 7 gathering, or transporting of oysters or clams for commercial 8 purposes" means to harvest, gather, or transport oysters or 9 clams with the intent to sell and shall apply to a quantity of two or more bags of oysters per vessel or more than one 10 11 5-gallon bucket of unshucked hard clams per person or more 12 than two 5-gallon buckets of unshucked hard clams per vessel. 13 Section 29. Section 370.071, Florida Statutes, is 14 renumbered as section 597.020, Florida Statutes, and amended 15 to read: 16 597.020 370.071 Shellfish processors; regulation.--(1) The department of Agriculture and Consumer 17 Services, hereinafter referred to as department, is authorized 18 19 to adopt by rule regulations, specifications, and codes 20 relating to sanitary practices for catching, cultivating, 21 handling, processing, packaging, preserving, canning, smoking, 22 and storing of oysters, clams, mussels, scallops, and crabs. The department is also authorized to license shellfish 23 processors who handle aquaculture facilities used to culture 24 oysters, clams, mussels, scallops, and crabs when such 25 26 activities relate to quality control, sanitary, and public 27 health practices pursuant to this section and chapter 500 and 28 s. 370.06(4). The department is also authorized to license or 29 certify, for a fee determined by rule, facilities used for processing oysters, clams, mussels, scallops, and crabs, to 30 levy an administrative fine of up to \$1,000 per violation per 31 52

1 <u>day or to</u> suspend or revoke such licenses or certificates upon 2 satisfactory evidence of any violation of rules adopted 3 pursuant to this section, and to seize and destroy any 4 adulterated or misbranded shellfish products as defined by 5 rule.

б (2) A shellfish processing plant certification license 7 is required to operate any facility in which oysters, clams, 8 mussels, scallops, or crabs are processed, including but not limited to: an oyster, clam, or mussel, or scallop cannery; a 9 shell stock dealership; an oyster, clam, or mussel, or scallop 10 11 shucking plant; an oyster, clam, or mussel, or scallop 12 repacking plant; an oyster, clam, or mussel, or scallop 13 controlled purification plant; or a crab or soft-shell crab 14 processing or shedding plant.

(3) The department may suspend or revoke any shellfish
processing plant certification license upon satisfactory
evidence that the licensee has violated any regulation,
specification, or code adopted under this section and may
seize and destroy any shellfish product which is defined by
rule to be an adulterated or misbranded shellfish product.
Section 30. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000.

53