1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to aquaculture; amending s.
3	190.003, F.S.; including the owner of a
4	long-term ground lease from a governmental
5	entity within the definition of "landowner";
6	giving the board of trustees authority for
7	taking final agency action on leasing; amending
8	s. 190.005, F.S.; providing that the
9	establishment of a community development
10	district must include the consent of all
11	landowners whose lands are to be included in
12	the district; amending s. 190.012, F.S.;
13	authorizing community development districts to
14	fund certain environmental costs under certain
15	circumstances; amending s. 190.021, F.S.;
16	providing that certain ground leases shall not
17	be subject to a lien or encumbrance for
18	described taxes; amending s. 253.002, F.S.;
19	providing duties of the Department of
20	Agriculture and Consumer Services with respect
21	to certain state lands; amending s. 253.01,
22	F.S.; providing for disposition of fees for
23	aquaculture leases; amending s. 253.67, F.S.;
24	revising definitions; amending s. 253.71, F.S.;
25	revising aquaculture lease contract fee and
26	performance requirements; amending s. 253.72,
27	F.S.; providing requirements for the marking of
28	leased areas; amending s. 253.75, F.S.;
29	requiring the Board of Trustees of the Internal
30	Improvement Trust Fund to request comments by
31	the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission

1

1	regarding certain submerged land leases;
2	amending s. 270.22, F.S.; conforming
3	disposition of rental fees for aquaculture
4	leases; amending s. 328.76, F.S.; providing for
5	use of certain commercial vessel registration
6	fees for aquaculture law enforcement and
7	quality control programs; amending s. 370.06,
8	F.S.; deleting authority of the Department of
9	Agriculture and Consumer Services to issue
10	certain special activity licenses under ch.
11	370, F.S.; clarifying requirements relating to
12	the educational seminar for applicants for an
13	Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting license;
14	amending s. 370.07, F.S.; providing for the
15	distribution of funds from the Florida
16	Saltwater Products Promotion Trust Fund;
17	providing for transfer of responsibilities
18	relating to the Apalachicola Bay oyster
19	surcharge from the Department of Environmental
20	Protection to the Department of Agriculture and
21	Consumer Services; amending s. 370.13, F.S.;
22	providing for a depredation endorsement on a
23	saltwater products license; amending s. 370.16,
24	F.S.; revising regulation of noncultured
25	shellfish harvesting; providing for protection
26	of shellfish and aquaculture products;
27	repealing s. 370.16(1), (2), (3), (4), (5),
28	(6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (13), (16),
29	(17), (19), (22), (24), (25), (26), and (27),
30	F.S., relating to regulation and enforcement of
31	oyster and shellfish leases by the Department
	2

1	of Environmental Protection, protection and
2	development of oyster and shellfish resources,
3	and regulation of processing for commercial
4	use; amending ss. 370.161 and 372.071, F.S.;
5	correcting cross references; amending s.
6	372.6673, F.S.; requiring certain transfer of
7	funds from the alligator management program for
8	products marketing and education; amending s.
9	372.6674, F.S.; requiring certain transfer of
10	funds from the alligator management program for
11	products marketing and education; amending s.
12	373.046, F.S.; revising regulatory
13	responsibility under pt. IV of ch. 373, F.S.,
14	for aquacultural activities; amending ss.
15	403.814, 409.2598, and 500.03, F.S.; correcting
16	cross references; amending ss. 570.18 and
17	570.29, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to
18	organization of the Department of Agriculture
19	and Consumer Services; creating s. 570.61,
20	F.S.; providing powers and duties of the
21	Division of Aquaculture of the Department of
22	Agriculture and Consumer Services; creating s.
23	570.62, F.S.; providing for appointment and
24	duties of a division director; amending s.
25	597.003, F.S.; requiring a portion of profits
26	from aquaculture contracts to be set aside for
27	funding certain aquaculture projects; amending
28	s. 370.26, F.S.; transferring certain
29	responsibilities relating to aquaculture
30	development from the Department of
31	Environmental Protection to the Department of
	3

1	Agriculture and Consumer Services; amending s.
2	597.004, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
3	aquaculture certificates of registration;
4	amending s. 597.0041, F.S.; providing an
5	administrative fine; providing penalties;
6	amending s. 597.005, F.S.; requiring review of
7	aquaculture legislative budget requests by the
8	Aquaculture Review Council; amending s.
9	597.006, F.S.; revising membership of the
10	Aquaculture Interagency Coordinating Council;
11	creating s. 597.010, F.S.; providing for
12	regulation and enforcement of shellfish leases
13	by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
14	Services; providing for continuation of leases
15	previously issued under ch. 370, F.S.;
16	providing for rental fees, fee adjustments,
17	late fees, and forfeiture for nonpayment of
18	fees; providing a lease surcharge for certain
19	purposes; providing for rules; providing
20	cultivation requirements for leased lands;
21	restricting the inheriting or transfer of
22	leases; requiring a deposit for investigations
23	relating to petitions for cancellation of
24	leases to natural reefs; providing for
25	inclusion of natural reefs in leased areas
26	under certain circumstances; restricting leases
27	available in Franklin County; providing
28	prohibitions; providing for shellfish
29	protection and development; providing for
30	special activity licenses for harvest or
31	cultivation of oysters, clams, mussels, and
	4
	1 ¹

1	crabs; providing for uncultured shellfish
2	harvesting seasons in Apalachicola Bay;
3	restricting harvest of shellfish by mechanical
4	means; providing a penalty; providing for
5	enhancement of oyster and clam industries by
6	the counties; prohibiting dredging of dead
7	shells; providing for cooperation with the
8	United States Fish and Wildlife Service;
9	providing requirements for vessels harvesting,
10	gathering, or transporting oysters or clams for
11	commercial purposes; providing a definition;
12	renumbering and amending s. 370.071, F.S.;
13	providing that regulation of shellfish
14	processors includes processors processing
15	scallops; providing for a fee for licensure or
16	certification of processing facilities;
17	authorizing an administrative fine for
18	violation of rules relating to regulation of
19	shellfish processors; providing intent
20	language; providing an effective date.
21	
22	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
23	
24	Section 1. Subsection (13) of section 190.003, Florida
25	Statutes, is amended to read:
26	190.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the
27	term:
28	(13) "Landowner" means the owner of a freehold estate
29	as appears by the deed record, including a trustee, a private
30	corporation, and an owner of a condominium unit; it does not
31	include a reversioner, remainderman, mortgagee, or any
	5
COD	I

governmental entity, who shall not be counted and need not be 1 notified of proceedings under this act."Landowner" also means 2 3 the owner of a ground lease from a governmental entity, which 4 leasehold interest has a remaining term, excluding all renewal 5 options, in excess of 50 years. 6 Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 7 190.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 190.005 Establishment of district.--8 (1) The exclusive and uniform method for the 9 establishment of a community development district with a size 10 of 1,000 acres or more shall be pursuant to a rule, adopted 11 12 under chapter 120 by the Florida Land and Water Adjudicatory 13 Commission, granting a petition for the establishment of a 14 community development district. 15 (a) A petition for the establishment of a community development district shall be filed by the petitioner with the 16 17 Florida Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission. The petition 18 shall contain: 19 1. A metes and bounds description of the external boundaries of the district. Any real property within the 20 external boundaries of the district which is to be excluded 21 from the district shall be specifically described, and the 22 23 last known address of all owners of such real property shall be listed. The petition shall also address the impact of the 24 proposed district on any real property within the external 25 26 boundaries of the district which is to be excluded from the district. 27 28 2. The written consent to the establishment of the 29 district by all landowners whose the owner or owners of 100 percent of the real property is to be included in the district 30 or documentation demonstrating that the petitioner has control 31 6

by deed, trust agreement, contract, or option of 100 percent 1 of the real property to be included in the district and, in 2 3 the case where real property to be included in the district is 4 owned by a governmental entity and subject to a ground lease 5 as described in s. 190.003(13), the written consent by such 6 governmental entity. 7 A designation of five persons to be the initial 3. 8 members of the board of supervisors, who shall serve in that 9 office until replaced by elected members as provided in s. 190.006. 10 The proposed name of the district. 11 4. 12 5. A map of the proposed district showing current major trunk water mains and sewer interceptors and outfalls if 13 14 in existence. 6. Based upon available data, the proposed timetable 15 for construction of the district services and the estimated 16 17 cost of constructing the proposed services. These estimates shall be submitted in good faith but shall not be binding and 18 19 may be subject to change. 20 7. A designation of the future general distribution, 21 location, and extent of public and private uses of land proposed for the area within the district by the future land 22 23 use plan element of the effective local government comprehensive plan of which all mandatory elements have been 24 adopted by the applicable general-purpose local government in 25 26 compliance with the Local Government Comprehensive Planning 27 and Land Development Regulation Act. 28 8. A statement of estimated regulatory costs in 29 accordance with the requirements of s. 120.541. Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 190.012, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31 7

1 190.012 Special powers; public improvements and 2 community facilities .-- The district shall have, and the board 3 may exercise, subject to the regulatory jurisdiction and 4 permitting authority of all applicable governmental bodies, 5 agencies, and special districts having authority with respect 6 to any area included therein, any or all of the following 7 special powers relating to public improvements and community 8 facilities authorized by this act:

9 (1) To finance, fund, plan, establish, acquire, 10 construct or reconstruct, enlarge or extend, equip, operate, 11 and maintain systems, facilities, and basic infrastructures 12 for the following:

(a) Water management and control for the lands within
the district and to connect some or any of such facilities
with roads and bridges.

(b) Water supply, sewer, and wastewater management, reclamation, and reuse or any combination thereof, and to construct and operate connecting intercepting or outlet sewers and sewer mains and pipes and water mains, conduits, or pipelines in, along, and under any street, alley, highway, or other public place or ways, and to dispose of any effluent, residue, or other byproducts of such system or sewer system.

(c) Bridges or culverts that may be needed across any drain, ditch, canal, floodway, holding basin, excavation, public highway, tract, grade, fill, or cut and roadways over levees and embankments, and to construct any and all of such works and improvements across, through, or over any public right-of-way, highway, grade, fill, or cut.

29 (d)1. District roads equal to or exceeding the 30 specifications of the county in which such district roads are 31 located, and street lights.

8

Buses, trolleys, transit shelters, ridesharing 1 2. 2 facilities and services, parking improvements, and related 3 signage. 4 (e) Investigation and remediation costs associated with the cleanup of actual or perceived environmental 5 6 contamination within the district under the supervision or 7 direction of a competent governmental authority unless the 8 covered costs benefit any person who is a landowner within the district and who caused or contributed to the contamination. 9 10 (f) (e) Conservation areas, mitigation areas, and wildlife habitat, including the maintenance of any plant or 11 12 animal species, and any related interest in real or personal 13 property. 14 (g)(f) Any other project within or without the 15 boundaries of a district when a local government issued a development order pursuant to s. 380.06 or s. 380.061 16 17 approving or expressly requiring the construction or funding of the project by the district, or when the project is the 18 19 subject of an agreement between the district and a governmental entity and is consistent with the local 20 government comprehensive plan of the local government within 21 22 which the project is to be located. Section 4. Subsection (10) is added to section 23 190.021, Florida Statutes, to read: 24 190.021 Taxes; non-ad valorem assessments.--25 26 (10) LAND OWNED BY GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY.--Except as otherwise provided by law, no levy of ad valorem taxes or 27 28 non-ad valorem assessments under this chapter, chapter 170, or 29 chapter 197, or otherwise, by a board of a district on property of a governmental entity that is subject to a ground 30 lease, as described in s. 190.003(13), shall constitute a lien 31 9

or encumbrance on the underlying fee interest of such 1 2 governmental entity. 3 Section 5. Section 253.002, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 253.002 Department of Environmental Protection, and 6 water management districts, and Department of Agriculture and 7 Consumer Services; duties with respect to state lands .--8 (1) The Department of Environmental Protection shall 9 perform all staff duties and functions related to the acquisition, administration, and disposition of state lands, 10 title to which is or will be vested in the Board of Trustees 11 12 of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. However, upon the effective date of rules adopted pursuant to s. 373.427, a 13 14 water management district created under s. 373.069 shall perform the staff duties and functions related to the review 15 of any application for authorization to use board of 16 17 trustees-owned submerged lands necessary for an activity 18 regulated under part IV of chapter 373 for which the water 19 management district has permitting responsibility as set forth 20 in an operating agreement adopted pursuant to s. 373.046(4); 21 and effective July 1, 2000, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall perform the staff duties and functions 22 23 related to the review of applications and compliance with lease conditions for use of board of trustees-owned submerged 24 25 lands under leases issued pursuant to ss. 253.67-253.75 and s. 26 597.010. Unless expressly prohibited by law, the board of 27 trustees may delegate to the department any statutory duty or 28 obligation relating to the acquisition, administration, or 29 disposition of lands, title to which is or will be vested in the board of trustees. The board of trustees may also delegate 30 to any water management district created under s. 373.069 the 31

10

authority to take final agency action, without any action on 1 behalf of the board, on applications for authorization to use 2 3 board of trustees-owned submerged lands for any activity regulated under part IV of chapter 373 for which the water 4 5 management district has permitting responsibility as set forth 6 in an operating agreement adopted pursuant to s. 373.046(4). 7 This water management district responsibility under this 8 subsection shall be subject to the department's general 9 supervisory authority pursuant to s. 373.026(7). The board of trustees may also delegate to the Department of Agriculture 10 and Consumer Services the authority to take final agency 11 12 action on behalf of the board on applications to use board of 13 trustees-owned submerged lands for any activity for which that 14 department has responsibility pursuant to ss. 253.67-253.75 15 and s. 597.010. However, the board of trustees shall retain authority to take final agency action on establishing any 16 17 areas for leasing, new leases, expanding existing lease areas, or changing the type of lease activity in existing leases. 18 19 Upon issuance of an aquaculture lease or other real property 20 transaction relating to aquaculture, the Department of 21 Agriculture and Consumer Services must send a copy of the 22 document and the accompanying survey to the Department of 23 Environmental Protection. (2) Delegations to the department, or a water 24 25 management district, or the Department of Agriculture and 26 Consumer Services of authority to take final agency action on applications for authorization to use submerged lands owned by 27 28 the board of trustees, without any action on behalf of the 29 board of trustees, shall be by rule. Until rules adopted 30 pursuant to this subsection become effective, existing delegations by the board of trustees shall remain in full 31 11

force and effect. However, the board of trustees is not 1 limited or prohibited from amending these delegations. By 2 3 December 31, 1995, The board of trustees shall adopt by rule 4 any delegations of its authority to take final agency action 5 without action by the board of trustees on applications for authorization to use board of trustees-owned submerged lands. 6 7 Any final agency action, without action by the board of trustees, taken by the department, or a water management 8 9 district, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 10 Services on applications to use board of trustees-owned submerged lands shall be subject to the provisions of s. 11 12 373.4275. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the board of trustees, the Department of Legal 13 14 Affairs, and the department retain the concurrent authority to 15 assert or defend title to submerged lands owned by the board of trustees. 16 17 Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 253.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 253.01 Internal Improvement Trust Fund established.--20 (1)21 (b) All revenues received from application fees 22 charged by the Division of State Lands for the use in any 23 manner, lease, conveyance, or release of any interest in or for the sale of state lands, except revenues from such fees 24 charged by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 25 26 for aquaculture leases under ss.s.253.71(2) and 597.010, 27 must be deposited into the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. The fees charged by the division for reproduction of records 28 29 relating to state lands must also be placed into the fund. Revenues received by the Department of Agriculture and 30 Consumer Services for aquaculture leases under ss. 253.71(2) 31 12

and 597.010 shall be deposited in the General Inspection Trust 1 2 Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. 3 Section 7. Section 253.67, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 253.67 Definitions.--As used in ss. 253.67-253.75: 6 (1) "Aquaculture" means the cultivation of aquatic 7 organisms. 8 (2) (4) "Board" means the Board of Trustees of the 9 Internal Improvement Trust Fund. 10 (3) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture 11 and Consumer Services Environmental Protection. 12 (4) (4) (2) "Water column" means the vertical extent of 13 water, including the surface thereof, above a designated area 14 of submerged bottom land. Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and 15 subsection (4) of section 253.71, Florida Statutes, are 16 17 amended to read: 253.71 The lease contract.--When the board has 18 19 determined that the proposed lease is not incompatible with the public interest and that the applicant has demonstrated 20 his or her capacity to perform the operations upon which the 21 22 application is based, it may proceed to consummate a lease 23 contract having the following features in addition to others deemed desirable by the board: 24 (2) RENTAL FEES.--25 26 (a) The lease contract shall specify such amount of 27 rental per acre of leased bottom as may be agreed to by the 28 parties and shall take the form of fixed rental to be paid 29 throughout the term of the lease. Beginning January 1, 1990, a surcharge of \$5 per acre, or any fraction of an acre, per 30 annum shall be levied upon each lease according to the 31 13 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

guidelines set forth in s. $597.010(7)\frac{370.16(4)(b)}{}$. Beginning 1 January 1, 2001, the surcharge shall be increased to \$10 per 2 3 acre, or any fraction of an acre, per annum. (4) PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS.--Failure of the lessee 4 5 to perform effective cultivation shall constitute ground for 6 cancellation of the lease and forfeiture to the state of all 7 the works, improvements, and animal and plant life in and upon the leased land and water column. Effective cultivation shall 8 9 consist of the grow out of the aquaculture product according to the business plan provided in the lease contract guidelines 10 set forth in s. 370.16(4)(e). 11 12 Section 9. Section 253.72, Florida Statutes, is 13 amended to read: 14 253.72 Marking of leased areas; restrictions on public 15 use.--The board shall require all lessees to stake off 16 (1)17 and mark the areas under lease according to the conditions of the lease agreement and rules of the board, by appropriate 18 19 ranges, monuments, stakes, buoys, and fences, so placed as not to interfere unnecessarily with navigation and other 20 traditional uses of the surface. All lessees shall cause the 21 area under lease and the names of the lessees to be shown by 22 23 signs appropriately placed pursuant to regulations of the 24 board. (2) Except to the extent necessary to permit the 25 26 effective development of the species of animal or plant life 27 being cultivated by the lessee, the public shall be provided with means of reasonable ingress and egress to and from the 28 29 leased area for traditional water activities such as boating, swimming, and fishing. All limitations upon the use by the 30 public of the areas under lease that are authorized by the 31

14

terms of the lease shall be clearly posted by the lessee 1 pursuant to rules regulations by the board. Any person 2 3 willfully violating posted restrictions commits shall be 4 guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 5 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 6 (3) To assist in protecting shellfish aquaculture 7 products produced on leases authorized pursuant to this 8 chapter and chapter 597 370, harvesting shellfish is 9 prohibited within a distance of 25 feet outside lawfully marked lease boundaries or within setback and access corridors 10 within specifically designated high-density aquaculture lease 11 12 areas and aquaculture use zones. Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 253.75, Florida 13 14 Statutes, is amended to read: 15 253.75 Studies and recommendations by the department 16 and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; designation of recommended traditional and other use zones; supervision of 17 18 aquaculture operations .--19 (1) Prior to the granting of any lease under this act, the board shall request comments a recommendation by the 20 21 department, when the application relates to tidal bottoms, and by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, when the 22 application relates to bottom land covered by fresh or salt 23 water. Such comments recommendations shall be based on such 24 25 factors as an assessment of the probable effect of the 26 proposed lease leasing arrangement on the lawful rights of riparian owners, navigation, commercial and sport fishing, and 27 the conservation of fish or other wildlife or other programs 28 29 under the constitutional or statutory authority of the Fish 30 and Wildlife Conservation Commission natural resources, including beaches and shores. 31 15

Section 11. Subsection (2) of section 270.22, Florida 1 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 270.22 Proceeds of state lands to go into Internal 4 Improvement Trust Fund; exception. --(2) Rental fees for aquaculture leases pursuant to s. 5 6 253.71(2) shall be deposited into the General Inspection Trust 7 Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 8 Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund of the Department of 9 Environmental Protection. Such fees generated by shellfish-related aquaculture leases shall be used for 10 shellfish-related aquaculture activities, including research, 11 12 lease compliance inspections, mapping, and siting. Section 12. Section 328.76, Florida Statutes, is 13 14 amended to read: 15 328.76 Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund; 16 vessel registration funds; appropriation and distribution .--17 (1) Except as otherwise specified and less any administrative costs, all funds collected from the 18 19 registration of vessels through the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and the tax collectors of the state 20 shall be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust 21 Fund for recreational channel marking; public launching 22 23 facilities; law enforcement and quality control programs; aquatic weed control; manatee protection, recovery, rescue, 24 rehabilitation, and release; and marine mammal protection and 25 26 recovery. The funds collected pursuant to s. 328.72(1) shall be transferred as follows: 27 28 In each fiscal year, an amount equal to \$1 for (a) 29 each vessel registered in this state shall be transferred to 30 the Save the Manatee Trust Fund for manatee and marine mammal 31 16

research, protection, and recovery in accordance with the 1 2 provisions of s. 370.12(4)(a). 3 (b) In addition, in each fiscal year, an amount equal 4 to 50 cents for each vessel registered in this state shall be 5 transferred to the Save the Manatee Trust Fund in accordance with the provisions of s. 370.12(4)(b) for use by those 6 7 facilities approved to rescue, rehabilitate, and release 8 manatees as authorized pursuant to the Fish and Wildlife 9 Service of the United States Department of the Interior. (c) Two dollars from each noncommercial vessel 10 registration fee, except that for class A-1 vessels, shall be 11 12 transferred to the Invasive Plant Control Trust Fund for aquatic weed research and control. 13 14 (d) Forty percent of the registration fees from commercial vessels shall be used for law enforcement and 15 16 quality control programs. 17 (d)(e) Forty percent of the registration fees from commercial vessels shall be transferred to the Invasive Plant 18 19 Control Trust Fund for aquatic plant research and control. 20 (e) Forty percent of the registration fees from 21 commercial vessels shall be transferred by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, on a monthly basis, to the 22 23 General Inspection Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. These funds shall be used for shellfish 24 25 and aquaculture law enforcement and quality control programs. 26 (2) All funds collected pursuant to s. 370.06(2) shall be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund. 27 28 Such funds shall be used to pay the cost of implementing the 29 saltwater products license program. Additional proceeds from the licensing revenue shall be distributed among the following 30 program functions: 31

(a) No more than 15 percent shall go to marine law 1 2 enforcement; 3 Twenty-five No more than 25 percent shall go to (b) 4 the Florida Saltwater Products Promotion Trust Fund within the 5 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, on a monthly 6 basis, for the purpose of providing marketing and extension 7 services including industry information and education; and (c) The remainder shall go to the Fish and Wildlife 8 9 Conservation Commission, for use in marine research and statistics development, including quota management. 10 Section 13. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) and 11 12 paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section 370.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 13 14 370.06 Licenses.--15 (4) SPECIAL ACTIVITY LICENSES.--16 (c) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer 17 Services is authorized to issue special activity licenses, in 18 accordance with s. 370.071, to permit the harvest or 19 cultivation of oysters, clams, mussels, and crabs when such 20 activities relate to quality control, sanitation, public health regulations, innovative technologies for aquaculture 21 22 activities, or the protection of shellfish resources provided 23 in this chapter. (5) APALACHICOLA BAY OYSTER HARVESTING LICENSE.--24 Each person who applies for an Apalachicola Bay 25 (e) 26 oyster harvesting license shall, before receiving the license 27 for the first time, attend an educational seminar of not more 28 than 16 hours length, developed and conducted jointly by the 29 Department of Environmental Protection's Apalachicola National Estuarine Research Reserve, the Division of Law Enforcement of 30 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, and the 31 18

Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services' Apalachicola 1 2 District Shellfish Environmental Assessment Laboratory. The 3 seminar shall address, among other things, oyster biology, 4 conservation of the Apalachicola Bay, sanitary care of 5 oysters, small business management, and water safety. The б seminar shall be offered five times per year, and each person 7 attending shall receive a certificate of participation to 8 present when obtaining an Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting 9 license. The educational seminar is not required for renewal of an Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting license. 10 Section 14. Paragraph (j) of subsection (2) and 11 12 paragraphs (f), (h), (i), and (k) of subsection (3) of section 370.07, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 13 14 370.07 Wholesale and retail saltwater products 15 dealers; regulation .--16 (2) LICENSES; AMOUNT, TRUST FUND.--17 (j) License or privilege taxes, together with any other funds derived from the Federal Government or from any 18 19 other source, shall be deposited in a Florida Saltwater 20 Products Promotion Trust Fund to be administered by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the sole 21 22 purpose of promoting all fish and saltwater products produced 23 in this state, except that 4 percent of the total wholesale and retail saltwater products dealers license fees collected 24 25 shall be deposited into the Marine Resources Conservation 26 Trust Fund administered by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission for the purpose of processing wholesale and retail 27 28 saltwater products dealers licenses. 29 (3) APALACHICOLA BAY OYSTER SURCHARGE.--30 (f) The Department of Revenue shall collect the surcharge for transfer into the General Inspection Trust Fund 31 19 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Marine 1 Resources Conservation Trust Fund of the Department of 2 3 Environmental Protection. 4 (h) Annually, the Department of Agriculture and 5 Consumer Services and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 6 Commission Environmental Protection shall furnish the 7 Department of Revenue with a current list of wholesale dealers 8 in the state. 9 (i) Collections received by the Department of Revenue from the surcharge shall be transferred quarterly to the 10 General Inspection Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture 11 12 and Consumer Services Department of Environmental Protection Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund, less the costs of 13 14 administration. 15 (k) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Environmental Protection shall use or distribute 16 17 funds generated by this surcharge, less reasonable costs of collection and administration, to fund the following oyster 18 19 management and restoration programs in Apalachicola Bay: 20 1. The relaying and transplanting of live oysters. 21 Shell planting to construct or rehabilitate oyster 2. 22 bars. 23 Education programs for licensed oyster harvesters 3. on oyster biology, aquaculture, boating and water safety, 24 sanitation, resource conservation, small business management, 25 26 and other relevant subjects. 4. Research directed toward the enhancement of oyster 27 production in the bay and the water management needs of the 28 29 bay. 30 Section 15. Subsection (8) is added to section 370.13, Florida Statutes, to read: 31 20 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 370.13 Stone crab; regulation.--2 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (8) 3 shall issue a depredation endorsement on the saltwater 4 products license, which shall entitle the license holder to possess and use up to 75 stone crab traps and up to 75 blue 5 6 crab traps, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, for 7 the incidental take of destructive or nuisance stone crabs or 8 blue crabs within one mile of aquaculture shellfish beds. Any 9 marine aquaculture producer as defined by s. 370.26 F.S., who raises shellfish may obtain a depredation endorsement by 10 providing an aquaculture registration certificate to the 11 12 Commission. No stone crabs or blue crabs taken under this 13 provision may be sold or offered for sale. 14 Section 16. Subsections (1) through (11), (13), (16), 15 (17), (19), (22), and (24) through (27) of section 370.16, Florida Statutes, are repealed, and subsections (12), (14), 16 17 (15), (18), (20), (21), (23), and (28) of said section are 18 amended to read: 19 370.16 Noncultured shellfish harvesting Oysters and 20 shellfish; regulation .--21 (1)(12) PROTECTION OF OYSTER AND CLAM REEFS AND SHELLFISH AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS. --22 23 (a) The Department of Environmental Protection shall improve, enlarge, and protect the natural oyster and clam 24 reefs of this state to the extent it may deem advisable and 25 26 the means at its disposal will permit. (a) (b) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 27 shall, to the same extent, assist in protecting shellfish 28 29 aquaculture products produced on leased or granted reefs in the hands of lessees or grantees from the state. Harvesting 30 shellfish is prohibited within a distance of 25 feet outside 31 21

lawfully marked lease boundaries or within setback and access 1 corridors within specifically designated high-density 2 3 aquaculture lease areas and aquaculture use zones. 4 (b) (c) The department, in cooperation with the 5 commission, shall provide the Legislature with recommendations 6 as needed for the development and the proper protection of the 7 rights of the state and private holders therein with respect 8 to the oyster and clam business. 9 (2)(14) SHELLFISH HARVESTING SEASONS; DAYS: SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO APALACHICOLA BAY .--10 (a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 11 12 shall by rule set the noncultured consider setting the 13 shellfish harvesting seasons in the Apalachicola Bay.as 14 follows: 15 1. The open season shall be from October 1 to July 31 16 of each year. 17 2. The entire bay, including private leased or granted grounds, shall be closed to shellfish harvesting from August 1 18 19 to September 30 of each year for the purpose of oyster 20 relaying and transplanting and shell planting. 21 (b) If the commission changes the harvesting seasons by rule as set forth in this subsection, for 3 years after the 22 new rule takes effect, the commission, in cooperation with the 23 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, shall monitor 24 25 the impacts of the new harvesting schedule on the bay and on 26 local shellfish harvesters to determine whether the new harvesting schedule should be discontinued, retained, or 27 modified. In monitoring the new schedule and in preparing its 28 29 report, the commission shall consider the following information shall be considered: 30 31 2.2

1. Whether the bay benefits ecologically from the new 1 2 harvesting schedule being closed to shellfish harvesting from 3 August 1 to September 30 of each year. 4 2. Whether the new harvesting schedule enhances the enforcement of shellfish harvesting laws in the bay. 5 6 3. Whether the new harvesting schedule enhances 7 natural shellfish production, oyster relay and planting programs, and shell planting programs in the bay. 8 9 4. Whether the new harvesting schedule has more than a short-term adverse economic impact, if any, on local shellfish 10 11 harvesters. 12 (c) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission by 13 rule shall consider restricting harvesting on shellfish grants 14 or leases to the same days of the week as harvesting on public 15 beds. 16 (3)(15) REMOVING OYSTERS, CLAMS, OR MUSSELS FROM 17 NATURAL REEFS; LICENSES, ETC., PENALTY .--18 (a) It is unlawful to use a dredge or any means or 19 implement other than hand tongs in removing oysters from the natural or artificial state reefs. This restriction shall 20 apply to all areas of the Apalachicola Bay for all shellfish 21 22 harvesting, excluding private grounds leased or granted by the 23 state prior to July 1, 1989, if the lease or grant specifically authorizes the use of implements other than hand 24 25 tongs for harvesting. Except in the Apalachicola Bay, upon 26 the payment of \$25 annually, for each vessel or boat using a 27 dredge or machinery in the gathering of clams or mussels, a special activity license may be issued by the Fish and 28 29 Wildlife Conservation Commission pursuant to s. 370.06 for 30 such use to such person. 31 23

(b) Special activity licenses issued to harvest 1 2 shellfish by dredge or other mechanical means from privately 3 held shellfish leases or grants in Apalachicola Bay shall 4 include, but not be limited to, the following conditions: 5 (b)1. The use of any mechanical harvesting device 6 other than ordinary hand tongs for taking shellfish for any 7 purpose from public shellfish beds in Apalachicola Bay shall 8 be unlawful. 9 (c) The possession of any mechanical harvesting device on the waters of Apalachicola Bay from 5 p.m. until 10 sunrise shall be unlawful. 11 12 3. Leaseholders or grantees shall telephonically notify the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission no less 13 14 than 48 hours prior to each day's use of a dredge or scrape in 15 order to arrange for a commission officer to be present on the 16 lease or grant area while a dredge or scrape is used on the 17 lease or grant. Under no circumstances may a dredge or scrape be used without a commission officer present. 18 19 4. Only two dredges or scrapes per lease or grant may 20 be possessed or operated at any time. 21 (d) 5. Each vessel used for the transport or deployment of a dredge or scrape shall prominently display the lease or 22 grant number or numbers, in numerals which are at least 12 23 inches high and 6 inches wide, in such a manner that the lease 24 or grant number or numbers are readily identifiable from both 25 26 the air and the water. The commission shall apply other 27 statutes, rules, or conditions necessary to protect the environment and natural resources from improper transport, 28 29 deployment, and operation of a dredge or scrape. Any violation of this paragraph or of any other statutes, rules, 30 or conditions referenced in the special activity license shall 31 24

be considered a violation of the license and shall result in 1 revocation of the license and forfeiture of the bond submitted 2 3 to the commission as a prerequisite to the issuance of this 4 license. (e)(c) Oysters may be harvested from natural or public 5 6 or private leased or granted grounds by common hand tongs or 7 by hand, by scuba diving, free diving, leaning from vessels, 8 or wading. In the Apalachicola Bay, this provision shall 9 apply to all shellfish. 10 The commission shall apply other statutes, rules, or 11 12 conditions necessary to protect the environment and natural 13 resources from improper transport, deployment, and operation 14 of a dredge or scrape. Any violation of this subsection or of 15 any other statutes, rules, or conditions referenced in the special activity license shall be considered a violation of 16 17 the license and shall result in revocation of the license and forfeiture of the bond submitted to the commission as a 18 19 prerequisite to the issuance of this license. 20 (4)(18) FALSE RETURNS AS TO OYSTERS OR CLAMS HANDLED.--Each packer, canner, corporation, firm, commission 21 person, or dealer in fish shall, on the first day of each 22 23 month, make a return under oath to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, as to the number of oysters, clams, 24 and shellfish purchased, caught, or handled during the 25 26 preceding month. Whoever is found guilty of making any false 27 affidavit to any such report is guilty of perjury and punished as provided by law, and any person who fails to make such 28 29 report shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$500 or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 6 months. 30 (5)(20) WATER PATROL FOR COLLECTION OF TAX.--31 25

(a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission may 1 2 establish and maintain necessary patrols of the salt waters of 3 Florida, with authority to use such force as may be necessary 4 to capture any vessel or person violating the provisions of 5 the laws relating to oysters and clams, and may establish ports of entry at convenient locations where the severance or б 7 privilege tax levied on oysters and clams may be collected or 8 paid and may make such rules and regulations as it may deem 9 necessary for the enforcement of such tax.

(b) Each person in any way dealing in shellfish 10 harvesting from public reefs or beds shall keep a record, on 11 12 blanks or forms prescribed by the commission, of all oysters, clams, and shellfish taken, purchased, used, or handled by him 13 14 or her, with the name of the persons from whom purchased, if 15 purchased, together with the quantity and the date taken or purchased, and shall exhibit this account at all times when 16 17 requested so to do by the commission or any conservation agent; and he or she shall, on the first day of each month, 18 19 make a return under oath to the commission as to the number of oysters, clams, and shellfish purchased, caught, or handled 20 during the preceding month. The commission may require 21 22 detailed returns whenever it deems them necessary.

23 (6) (21) SEIZURE OF VESSELS AND CARGOES VIOLATING 24 OYSTER AND CLAM LAWS, ETC. -- Vessels, with their cargoes, violating the provisions of the laws relating to oysters and 25 26 clams may be seized by anyone duly and lawfully authorized to 27 make arrests under this section or by any sheriff or the sheriff's deputies, and taken into custody, and when not 28 29 arrested by the sheriff or the sheriff's deputies, delivered to the sheriff of the county in which the seizure is made, and 30 shall be liable to forfeiture, on appropriate proceedings 31

26

being instituted by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 1 Commission, before the courts of that county. In such case 2 3 the cargo shall at once be disposed of by the sheriff, for 4 account of whom it may concern. Should the master or any of 5 the crew of said vessel be found guilty of using dredges or other instruments in fishing oysters on natural reefs contrary 6 7 to law, or fishing on the natural oyster or clam reefs out of 8 season, or unlawfully taking oysters or clams belonging to a 9 lessee, such vessel shall be declared forfeited by the court, and ordered sold and the proceeds of the sale shall be 10 deposited with the Treasurer to the credit of the General 11 12 Revenue Fund; any person guilty of such violations shall not be permitted to have any license provided for in this chapter 13 14 within a period of 1 year from the date of conviction. 15 Pending proceedings such vessel may be released upon the owner furnishing bond, with good and solvent security in double the 16 17 value of the vessel, conditioned upon its being returned in good condition to the sheriff to abide the judgment of the 18 19 court. 20 (7)(23) DREDGING OF DEAD SHELLS PROHIBITED.--The 21 dredging of dead shell deposits is prohibited in the state. 22 (8)(28) REQUIREMENTS FOR OYSTER VESSELS.--23 (a) All vessels used for the harvesting, gathering, or transporting of noncultured oysters for commercial use shall 24 be constructed and maintained to prevent contamination or 25 26 deterioration of oysters. To this end, all such vessels shall be provided with false bottoms and bulkheads fore and aft to 27 prevent oysters from coming in contact with any bilge water. 28 29 No dogs or other animals shall be allowed at any time on 30 vessels used to harvest or transport oysters. A violation of 31

any provision of this subsection shall result in at least the 1 2 revocation of the violator's license. 3 (b) For the purpose of this subsection, "commercial 4 use" shall be a quantity of more than 4 bushels, or more than 5 2 gallons, of shucked oysters, per person or per boat, or any 6 number or quantity of oysters if the oysters are to be sold. 7 Section 17. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 370.161, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 8 9 370.161 Oyster bottom land grants made pursuant to ch. 3293.--10 All grants previously issued by the several boards 11 (1)12 of county commissioners under the authority of chapter 3293, 1881, Laws of Florida, shall be subject to provisions of s. 13 14 597.010 370.16, relating to the marking of such lands, the 15 payment of rents, the cultivation of such lands and the forfeiture provisions. 16 17 (2) Any grantee of lands referred to in subsection (1) 18 shall mark such lands and begin cultivation thereof as set 19 forth in s. 597.010 370.16, within 90 days after the effective date of this act. The rentals prescribed by s. 597.010 370.16, 20 shall be payable immediately upon the effective date of this 21 act and in accordance with the provisions of said section. 22 23 Section 18. Section 372.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 25 372.071 Powers of arrest by agents of Department of 26 Environmental Protection or Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. -- Any certified law enforcement officer of the 27 Department of Environmental Protection or the Fish and 28 29 Wildlife Conservation Commission, upon receiving information, relayed to her or him from any law enforcement officer 30 stationed on the ground, on the water, or in the air, that a 31 28

driver, operator, or occupant of any vehicle, boat, or airboat 1 has violated any section of chapter 327, chapter 328, chapter 2 3 370, or this chapter, or s. 597.010 or s. 597.020, may arrest the driver, operator, or occupant for violation of said laws 4 5 when reasonable and proper identification of the vehicle, boat, or airboat and reasonable and probable grounds to 6 7 believe that the driver, operator, or occupant has committed or is committing any such offense have been communicated to 8 9 the arresting officer by the other officer stationed on the 10 ground, on the water, or in the air.

Section 19. Subsection (4) of section 372.6673,
 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

13 372.6673 Taking and possession of alligators; trapping 14 licenses; fees.--

15 (4) No person shall take any alligator eqg occurring 16 in the wild or possess any such egg unless such person has 17 obtained, or is a licensed agent of another person who has obtained, an alligator egg collection permit. The alligator 18 19 egg collection permit shall be required in addition to the alligator farming license provided in paragraph (2)(d). 20 The commission is authorized to assess a fee for issuance of the 21 22 alligator egg collection permit of up to \$5 per egg authorized 23 to be taken or possessed pursuant to such permit. Irrespective 24 of whether a fee is assessed, of which \$1 per egg collected and retained, excluding eggs collected on private wetland 25 26 management areas, shall may be transferred from the alligator 27 management program to the General Inspection Trust Fund, to be administered by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 28 29 Services for the purpose of providing marketing and education services with respect to alligator products produced in this 30 state, notwithstanding other provisions in this chapter. 31

29

1 Section 20. Subsection (2) of section 372.6674, 2 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 372.6674 Required tagging of alligators and hides; 4 fees; revenues.--The tags provided in this section shall be 5 required in addition to any license required under s. 6 372.6673. 7 The commission may require that an alligator hide (2) 8 validation tag(CITES tag)be affixed to the hide of any 9 alligator taken from the wild and that such hide be possessed, purchased, sold, offered for sale, or transported in 10 accordance with commission rule. The commission is authorized 11 to assess a fee of up to \$30 for each alligator hide 12 13 validation tag issued. Irrespective of whether a fee is 14 assessed, of which \$5 per validated hide, excluding those 15 validated from public hunt programs and alligator farms, shall may be transferred from the alligator management program to 16 17 the General Inspection Trust Fund, to be administered by the 18 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the 19 purpose of providing marketing and education services with 20 respect to alligator products produced in this state, 21 notwithstanding other provisions in this chapter. 22 Section 21. Subsection (5) of section 373.046, Florida 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 24 373.046 Interagency agreements.--25 (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 403.927, when 26 any operating agreement is developed pursuant to subsection (4),÷ 27 28 (a) the department shall have regulatory 29 responsibility under part IV of this chapter for: 30 1. All saltwater aquaculture activities located on 31 sovereignty submerged land or in the water column above such 30 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

land and adjacent facilities directly related to the 1 2 aquaculture activity. 3 2. aquaculture activities that meet or exceed the 4 thresholds for aquaculture general permits authorized pursuant 5 to ss. 370.26 and 403.814. 3. Aquaculture activities within the Northwest Florida б 7 Water Management District. 8 (b) Water management districts shall have regulatory 9 responsibility under part IV of this chapter for aquaculture 10 activities not retained by the department in paragraph (a). (c) Upon agreement by the applicant, the department, 11 12 and the applicable water management district, the department and water management district may reassign the regulatory 13 14 responsibilities described in paragraphs (a) and (b), based on 15 the specific aquaculture operation, to achieve a more efficient and effective permitting process. 16 17 Section 22. Subsection (11) of section 403.814, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 403.814 General permits; delegation. --20 (11) Upon agreement by the applicant, the department, 21 and the applicable water management district, the department 22 and water management district may reassign the regulatory 23 responsibilities described in s. 373.046(5) (a) and (b), based on the specific aquaculture operation, to achieve a more 24 25 efficient and effective permitting process. 26 Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 409.2598, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 27 28 409.2598 Suspension or denial of new or renewal 29 licenses; registrations; certifications.--(1) The Title IV-D agency may petition the court that 30 entered the support order or the court that is enforcing the 31 31 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

support order to deny or suspend the license, registration, or 1 certificate issued under chapter 231, chapter 370, chapter 2 3 372, chapter 409, part II of chapter 455, or chapter 559, or 4 s. 328.42, or s. 597.010 of any obligor with a delinquent 5 child support obligation or who fails, after receiving 6 appropriate notice, to comply with subpoenas, orders to 7 appear, orders to show cause, or similar orders relating to 8 paternity or child support proceedings. However, a petition 9 may not be filed until the Title IV-D agency has exhausted all other available remedies. The purpose of this section is to 10 promote the public policy of the state as established in s. 11 409.2551. 12 13 Section 24. Paragraph (n) of subsection (1) of section 14 500.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 500.03 Definitions of terms; construction; 16 applicability.--17 (1) For the purpose of this chapter, the term: "Food establishment" means any factory, food 18 (n) 19 outlet, or any other facility manufacturing, processing, 20 packing, holding, or preparing food, or selling food at 21 wholesale or retail. The term does not include any business or activity that is regulated under chapter 370, chapter 509, or 22 chapter 601. The term also does not include any establishments 23 that pack fruits and vegetables in their raw or natural 24 25 states, including those fruits or vegetables that are washed, 26 colored, or otherwise treated in their unpeeled, natural form before they are marketed. 27 28 Section 25. Section 570.18, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read: 30 570.18 Organization of departmental work. -- In the assignment of functions to the 12 11 divisions of the 31 32 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

department created in s. 570.29, the department shall retain 1 within the Division of Administration, in addition to 2 executive functions, those powers and duties enumerated in s. 3 4 570.30. The department shall organize the work of the other 5 11 10 divisions in such a way as to secure maximum efficiency in the conduct of the department. The divisions created in s. 6 7 570.29 are solely to make possible the definite placing of responsibility. The department shall be conducted as a unit 8 9 in which every employee, including each division director, is assigned a definite workload, and there shall exist between 10 division directors a spirit of cooperative effort to 11 12 accomplish the work of the department. Section 26. Subsections (4) through (11) of section 13 14 570.29, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) through (12), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added 15 to said section to read: 16 17 570.29 Departmental divisions.--The department shall include the following divisions: 18 19 (4) Aquaculture. 20 Section 27. Section 570.61, Florida Statutes, is 21 created to read: 22 570.61 Division of Aquaculture; powers and duties. -- The powers and duties of the Division of Aquaculture 23 shall include, but are not limited to, administering the 24 25 aquaculture certification program; enforcing shellfish 26 sanitation standards; administering the aquaculture and 27 shellfish lease programs; ensuring that shellfish processing facilities comply with applicable food safety requirements; 28 29 mitigating, creating, and enhancing natural shellfish harvesting areas; providing education to fishermen and 30 aquaculturists; promoting aquaculture development; purchasing 31 33

commodities as necessary to carry out the provisions of this 1 2 section; receiving and accepting grants, aids, gifts, and 3 donations; providing grants, aids, and other technical 4 assistance; and ensuring the safety of Florida waters. Section 28. Section 570.62, Florida Statutes, is 5 6 created to read: 7 570.62 Director; duties.--8 (1) The director of the Division of Aquaculture shall 9 be appointed by the commissioner and shall serve at the commissioner's pleasure. 10 (2) The director shall supervise, direct, and 11 12 coordinate the activities of the division, exercise such other powers and duties as authorized by the commissioner, and 13 14 enforce the provisions of chapter 597, the rules adopted 15 thereunder, and any other chapter or rule necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the division. 16 17 Section 29. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 18 597.003, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (3), 19 (4), and (5) of section 370.26, Florida Statutes, are 20 renumbered as paragraphs (1) and (k) of said subsection (1) 21 and amended, to read: 22 597.003 Powers and duties of Department of Agriculture 23 and Consumer Services .--(1) The department is hereby designated as the lead 24 25 agency in encouraging the development of aquaculture in the 26 state and shall have and exercise the following functions, powers, and duties with regard to aquaculture: 27 28 (f) Submit the list of research and development 29 projects proposed to be funded through the department as identified in the state aquaculture plan, along with the 30 department's legislative budget request to the Governor, the 31 34 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 1 Representatives. If funded, these projects shall be contracted 2 3 for by the Division of Aquaculture and shall require public-private partnerships, when appropriate. The contracts 4 5 shall require a percentage of the profit generated by the 6 project to be deposited into the General Inspection Trust Fund 7 solely for funding aquaculture projects recommended by the 8 Aquaculture Review Council. 9 (k)(4) The department shall Make available state lands and the water column for the purpose of producing aquaculture 10 products when the aquaculture activity is compatible with 11 12 state resource management goals, environmental protection, and propriety interest and when such state lands and waters are 13 14 determined to be suitable for aquaculture development by the 15 Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund pursuant to s. 253.68; and be responsible for all saltwater 16 17 aquaculture activities located on sovereignty submerged land or in the water column above such land and adjacent facilities 18 19 directly related to the aquaculture activity. 20 1.(a) The department shall act in cooperation with other state and local agencies and programs to identify and 21 22 designate sovereignty lands and waters that would be suitable 23 for aquaculture development. 2.(b) The department shall identify and evaluate 24 specific tracts of sovereignty submerged lands and water 25 26 columns in various areas of the state to determine where such lands and waters are suitable for leasing for aquaculture 27 purposes. Nothing in this subparagraph or subparagraph 1. 28 29 paragraph or paragraph (a) shall preclude the applicant from applying for sites identified by the applicant. 30

31

3. The department shall provide assistance in 1 2 developing technologies applicable to aquaculture activities, 3 evaluate practicable production alternatives, and provide 4 agreements to develop innovative culture practices. (1)(3) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer 5 6 Services shall Act as a clearinghouse for aquaculture 7 applications, and act as a liaison between the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the Division of State Lands, 8 9 the Department of Environmental Protection district offices, other divisions within the Department of Environmental 10 Protection, and the water management districts. The department 11 12 of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be responsible for regulating marine aquaculture producers, except as 13 14 specifically provided herein. Section 30. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) and 15 paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 597.004, Florida 16 17 Statutes, are amended to read: 18 597.004 Aquaculture certificate of registration .--19 (1) SHELLFISH CERTIFICATION. -- Any person engaging in 20 shellfish aquaculture must be certified by the department. 21 The applicant for a certificate of registration shall submit 22 the following to the department: 23 (a) Applicant's name/title. 24 (b) Company name. (c) Complete mailing address. 25 26 (d) Legal property description of all aquaculture 27 facilities. 28 (e) Actual physical street address for each 29 aquaculture facility. 30 (f)(e) Description of production facilities. (g) (f) Aquaculture products to be produced. 31 36 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 (h) (g) Fifty dollar annual registration fee. 2 (2) NONSHELLFISH CERTIFICATION.--(a) Any person engaging in nonshellfish aquaculture, 3 4 except as otherwise provided in this section, must be 5 certified by the department. The applicant for a certificate 6 of registration for nonshellfish products shall submit the 7 following to the department: 8 1. The information requested in subsection (1) above. 9 (i) Documentation that the rules adopted herein have been complied with in accordance with paragraph(2)(a)(b) 10 11 below. 12 (2) RULES.--(a) (b) The department, in consultation with the 13 14 Department of Environmental Protection, the water management districts, environmental groups, and representatives from the 15 16 affected farming groups, shall adopt rules to: Specify the requirement of best-management 17 1. practices to be implemented by holders of aquaculture 18 19 certificates of registration. 20 2. Establish procedures for holders of aquaculture 21 certificates of registration to submit the notice of intent to 22 comply with best-management practices. 3. Establish schedules for implementation of 23 best-management practices, and of interim measures that can be 24 25 taken prior to adoption of best-management practices. Interim 26 measures may include the continuation of regulatory requirements in effect on June 30, 1998. 27 28 4. Establish a system to assure the implementation of 29 best-management practices, including recordkeeping requirements. 30 31 37 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(b) Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection shall 1 2 become effective pursuant to the applicable provisions of 3 chapter 120, but must be submitted to the President of the 4 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives for 5 review by the Legislature. The rules shall be referred to the 6 appropriate committees of substance and scheduled for review 7 during the first available regular session following adoption. 8 Except as otherwise provided by operation of law, such rules 9 shall remain in effect until rejected or modified by act of the Legislature. 10

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of law, the 11 12 Department of Environmental Protection is not authorized to institute proceedings against any person certified under this 13 14 section to recover any costs or damages associated with 15 contamination of groundwater or surface water, or the evaluation, assessment, or remediation of contamination of 16 17 groundwater or surface water, including sampling, analysis, 18 and restoration of potable water supplies, where the 19 contamination of groundwater or surface water is determined to be the result of aquaculture practices, provided the holder of 20 21 an aquaculture certificate of registration:

Provides the department with a notice of intent to
 implement applicable best-management practices adopted by the
 department;

Implements applicable best-management practices as
 soon as practicable according to rules adopted by the
 department; and

3. Implements practicable interim measures identified and adopted by the department which can be implemented immediately, or according to rules adopted by the department.

1 There is a presumption of compliance with state (d) 2 groundwater and surface water standards if the holder of an aquaculture certificate of registration implements 3 4 best-management practices that have been verified by the 5 Department of Environmental Protection to be effective at 6 representative sites and complies with the following: 7 Provides the department with a notice of intent to 1. 8 implement applicable best-management practices adopted by the 9 department; 10 2. Implements applicable best-management practices as 11 soon as practicable according to rules adopted by the 12 department; and Implements practicable interim measures identified 13 3. 14 and adopted by the department which can be implemented 15 immediately, or according to rules adopted by the department. 16 (e) The department shall provide, by December 31, 17 1999, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, a progress report concerning the 18 19 development, implementation, and effectiveness of 20 best-management practices to prevent contamination of 21 groundwater and surface water. 22 (f) This section does not limit federally delegated 23 regulatory authority. Any aquatic plant producer permitted by the 24 (q) 25 department pursuant to s. 369.25 shall also be subject to the 26 requirements of this section subsection. (h) Any alligator producer with an alligator farming 27 28 license and permit to establish and operate an alligator farm 29 shall be issued an aquaculture certificate of registration 30 pursuant to this section subsection (1) above. This chapter does not supersede the authority under chapter 372, chapter 31 39 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. 373, or chapter 403 to regulate alligator farms and alligator
 farmers.

(4) IDENTIFICATION OF AQUACULTURE

4 PRODUCTS.--Aquaculture products shall be identified while 5 possessed, processed, transported, or sold as provided in this 6 subsection, except those subject to the rules of the Fish and 7 Wildlife Conservation Commission as they relate to alligators 8 only.

9 (a) Aquaculture products shall be identified by an 10 aquaculture certificate of registration number from harvest to 11 point of sale. Any person who possesses aquaculture products 12 must show, by appropriate receipt, bill of sale, bill of 13 lading, or other such manifest where the product originated.

(b) Marine aquaculture products shall be transported
in containers that separate such product from wild stocks, and
shall be identified by tags or labels that are securely
attached and clearly displayed.

18 (c) Each aquaculture registrant who sells food 19 products labeled as "aquaculture or farm raised" must have 20 such products containerized and clearly labeled in accordance 21 with s. 500.11. Label information must include the name, 22 address, and aquaculture certification number. This 23 requirement is designed to segregate the identity of wild and 24 aquaculture products.

(5) SALE OF AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS.--

(b) Aquaculture shellfish must be sold and handled in
accordance with <u>s. 597.020</u> shellfish handling regulations of
the Department of Environmental Protection established to
protect public health.

30

25

3

31

1 Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 597.0041, 2 Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to 3 said section, to read: 4 597.0041 Prohibited acts; penalties .--5 (2)(a) Any person who violates any provision of this 6 chapter or any rule promulgated hereunder is subject to a 7 suspension or revocation of his or her certificate of 8 registration or license under this chapter. The department 9 may, in lieu of, or in addition to the suspension of revocation, impose on the violator an administrative fine in 10 an amount not to exceed \$1,000 per violation per day. 11 12 (b) Except as provided in subsection (4), any person who violates any provision of this chapter, or rule hereunder, 13 14 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 15 16 (4) Any person who violates any provision of s. 17 597.010 or s. 597.020, or any rule adopted under those sections, commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, 18 19 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 for the 20 first offense; and for the second or any subsequent offense 21 within a 12-month period, commits a misdemeanor of the first 22 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 23 Section 32. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 597.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 25 597.005 Aquaculture Review Council.--26 (3) RESPONSIBILITIES. -- The primary responsibilities of the Aquaculture Review Council are to: 27 (c) Submit to the commissioner on an annual basis: 28 29 1. A prioritized list of research projects to be 30 included in the department's legislative budget request. Each year, the council shall review the aquaculture legislative 31 41

budget requests submitted to the department and rank them 1 2 according to the state aquaculture plan. 3 Recommendations to be forwarded to the Speaker of 2. 4 the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate 5 on legislation needed to help the aquaculture industry. 6 3. Recommendations on aquaculture projects, 7 activities, research, and regulation and other needs to 8 further the development of the aquaculture industry. 9 Section 33. Subsection (1) of section 597.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 597.006 Aquaculture Interagency Coordinating 11 12 Council.--CREATION.--The Legislature finds and declares that 13 (1)14 there is a need for interagency coordination with regard to 15 aquaculture by the following agencies: the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Office of Tourism, 16 17 Trade, and Economic Development Department of Commerce, the Department of Community Affairs, the Department of 18 19 Environmental Protection, the Department of Labor and Employment Security, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 20 21 Commission, the statewide consortium of universities under the Florida Institute of Oceanography, Florida Agricultural and 22 23 Mechanical University, the Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences at the University of Florida, and the Florida Sea 24 Grant Program, and each water management district. It is 25 26 therefore the intent of the Legislature to hereby create an 27 Aquaculture Interagency Coordinating Council to act as an advisory body as defined in s. 20.03(9). 28 29 Section 34. Section 597.010, Florida Statutes, is 30 created to read: 31 597.010 Shellfish regulation; leases.--42

1	(1) LEASE, APPLICATION FORMWhen any qualified
2	person desires to lease a part of the bottom, water column, or
3	bed of any of the water of this state for the purpose of
4	growing oysters or clams, as provided for in this section, he
5	or she shall present to the department a written application
6	pursuant to s. 253.69.
7	(2) LANDS TO BE LEASEDThe lands leased shall be as
8	compact as possible, taking into consideration the shape of
9	the body of water and the condition of the bottom as to
10	hardness, or soft mud or sand, or other conditions that would
11	render the bottoms desirable or undesirable for the purpose of
12	oyster or clam cultivation.
13	(3) SURVEYS, PLATS, AND MAPS OF REEFSThe department
14	shall accept, adopt, and use official reports, surveys, and
15	maps of oyster, clam, or other shellfish grounds made under
16	the direction of any authority of the United States as prima
17	facie evidence of the natural oyster and clam reefs and beds,
18	for the purpose and intent of this chapter. The department may
19	also make surveys of any natural oyster or clam reefs or beds
20	when it deems such surveys necessary and where such surveys
21	are made pursuant to an application for a lease, the cost
22	thereof may be charged to the applicant as a part of the cost
23	of his or her application.
24	(4) EXECUTION OF LEASES; LESSEE TO STAKE OFF
25	BOUNDARIES; PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH
26	REGULATIONSWhen a survey of the lands to be leased has been
27	completed pursuant to s. 253.69 and filed with the department,
28	and the cost thereof paid by the applicant, the department may
29	execute in duplicate a lease of the water bottoms to the
30	applicant. One duplicate, with a plat or map of the water
31	bottoms so leased, shall be delivered to the applicant, and
	43

the other, with a plat or map of the bottom so leased, shall 1 2 be retained by the department and registered in a lease book 3 which shall be kept exclusively for that purpose by the 4 department; thereafter the lessees shall enjoy the exclusive 5 use of the lands and all oysters and clams, shell, and cultch 6 grown or placed thereon shall be the exclusive property of 7 such lessee as long as he or she shall comply with the 8 provisions of this chapter and chapter 253. The department 9 shall require the lessee to stake off and mark the water bottoms leased, by such ranges, monuments, stakes, buoys, 10 etc., so placed and made as not to interfere with the 11 12 navigation, as it may deem necessary to locate the same to the end that the location and limits of the lands embraced in such 13 14 lease be easily and accurately found and fixed, and such 15 lessee shall keep the same in good condition during the open and closed oyster or clam season. All leases shall be marked 16 17 according to the standards set forth in s. 253.72. The department may stipulate in each individual lease contract the 18 19 types, shape, depth, size, and height of marker or corner 20 posts. Failure on the part of the lessee to comply with the orders of the department to this effect within the time fixed 21 by it, and to keep the markers, etc., in good condition during 22 23 the open and closed oyster or clam season, shall subject such lessee to a fine not exceeding \$100 for each and every such 24 25 offense. 26 (5) LEASES IN PERPETUITY; RENT.--All leases issued previously under the provisions 27 (a) 28 of s. 370.16 shall be enforced under the authority of this 29 chapter, notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, and shall continue in perpetuity under such restrictions as stated 30 in the lease agreement. The annual rental fee charged for all 31 44

leases shall consist of the minimum rate of \$15 per acre, or 1 2 any fraction of an acre, per year and shall be adjusted on January 1, 1995, and every 5 years thereafter, based on the 3 4 5-year average change in the Consumer Price Index. Rent shall 5 be paid in advance of January 1 of each year or in the case of 6 a new lease at the time of signing, regardless of who holds 7 the lease. 8 (b) All fees collected under this subsection and 9 subsection (6) shall be deposited in the General Inspection Trust Fund and shall be used for shellfish aquaculture 10 activities. 11 12 (6) FORFEITURE FOR NONPAYMENT--All leases shall stipulate that failure to timely pay the rent on or before 13 14 January 1 of each year shall cause the department, at its 15 discretion, to terminate and cancel the lease after the department has given the lessee 30 days' written notice of the 16 17 nonpayment. If after receiving the notice the lessee chooses to keep the lease, the lessee shall pay the rental fee plus a 18 19 \$50 late fee within the 30-day period. After the 30-day notice 20 has expired, the department may take possession of the lease 21 and all improvements, assets, clams, and oysters thereon. (7) SURCHARGE FOR IMPROVEMENT OR REHABILITATION. -- A 22 23 surcharge of \$10 per acre, or any fraction of an acre, per annum shall be levied upon each lease, other than a perpetual 24 lease granted pursuant to chapter 370 prior to 1985, and 25 deposited into the General Inspection Trust Fund. The purpose 26 of the surcharge is to provide a mechanism to have financial 27 resources immediately available for improvement of lease areas 28 29 and for cleanup and rehabilitation of abandoned or vacated lease sites. The department is authorized to adopt rules 30 necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection. 31 45

(a) Moneys in the fund that are not needed currently 1 2 for cleanup and rehabilitation of abandoned or vacated lease 3 sites shall be deposited with the Treasurer to the credit of 4 the fund and may be invested in such manner as is provided for by statute. Interest received on such investment shall be 5 6 credited to the fund. 7 (b) Funds within the General Inspection Trust Fund 8 from receipts from the surcharge established in this section 9 shall be disbursed for the following purposes and no others: 1. Administrative expenses, personnel expenses, and 10 equipment costs of the department related to the improvement 11 12 of lease areas, the cleanup and rehabilitation of abandoned or 13 vacated aquaculture lease sites, and the enforcement of 14 provisions of this section. 15 2. All costs involved in the improvement of lease areas and the cleanup and rehabilitation of abandoned or 16 17 vacated lease sites. 3. All costs and damages which are the proximate 18 19 results of lease abandonment or vacation. 20 4. Reward payments made pursuant to s. 597.0045. 21 The department shall recover to the use of the fund from the 22 23 person or persons abandoning or vacating the lease, jointly and severally, all sums owed or expended from the fund. 24 25 (8)(a) CULTIVATION REQUIREMENTS. -- Effective 26 cultivation shall consist of the growing of the oysters or 27 clams in a density suitable for commercial harvesting over the 28 amount of bottom prescribed by law. This commercial density 29 shall be accomplished by the planting of seed oysters, shell, 30 and cultch of various descriptions. The department may stipulate in each individual lease contract the types, shape, 31 46

depth, size, and height of cultch materials on lease bottoms 1 according to the individual shape, depth, location, and type 2 of bottom of the proposed lease. Each lessee leasing lands 3 under the provisions of this section or s. 253.71 shall begin, 4 5 within 1 year after the date of such lease, bona fide 6 cultivation of the same, and shall, by the end of the second 7 year after the commencement of such lease, have placed under cultivation at least one-half of the leased area and shall 8 9 each year thereafter place in cultivation at least one-fourth of the leased area until the whole, suitable for bedding of 10 oysters or clams, shall have been put in cultivation. The 11 12 cultivation requirements for perpetuity leases granted pursuant to chapter 370 prior to 1985 under previously 13 14 existing law shall comply with the conditions stated in the 15 lease agreement, and the lessee or grantee is authorized to plant the leased or granted submerged land in both oysters and 16 17 clams. 18 (b) These stipulations apply to all leases granted 19 after the effective date of this section. All leases existing 20 prior to the effective date of this section will operate under 21 the law that was in effect when the leases were granted. (c) When evidence is gathered by the department and 22 such evidence conclusively shows a lack of effective 23 cultivation, the department may revoke leases and return the 24 25 bottoms in question to the public domain. 26 (d) The department has the authority to adopt rules pertaining to the water column over shellfish leases. All 27 28 cultch materials in place 6 months after the formal adoption 29 and publication of rules establishing standards for cultch materials on shellfish leases that do not comply with such 30 rules may be declared a nuisance by the department. The 31 47

department has the authority to direct the lessee to remove 1 2 such cultch in violation of this section. The department may 3 cancel a lease upon the refusal by the lessee violating such 4 rules to remove unlawful cultch materials, and all 5 improvements, cultch, marketable oysters, and shell shall 6 become the property of the state. The department has the 7 authority to retain, dispose of, or remove such materials in 8 the best interest of the state. (9) LEASES TRANSFERABLE, ETC.--The leases in chapters 9 253 and 370 shall be inheritable and transferable, in whole or 10 in part, and shall also be subject to mortgage, pledge, or 11 12 hypothecation and shall be subject to seizure and sale for debts as any other property, rights, and credits in this 13 14 state, and this provision shall also apply to all buildings, betterments, and improvements thereon. Leases granted under 15 this section cannot be transferred, by sale or barter, in 16 17 whole or in part, without the written, express approval of the 18 department, and such a transferee shall pay a \$50 transfer fee 19 before department approval may be given. Leases inherited or 20 transferred will be valid only upon receipt of the transfer 21 fee and approval by the department. The department shall keep proper indexes so that all original leases and all subsequent 22 23 changes and transfers can be easily and accurately 24 ascertained. (10) CANCELLATION OF LEASES TO NATURAL REEFS OR 25 26 BEDS. -- Any person, within 6 months after the execution of any lease, may file a petition with the department for the purpose 27 28 of determining whether a natural oyster or clam reef or bed 29 having an area of not less than 100 square yards existed within the leased area on the date of the lease, with 30 sufficient natural or maternal oysters or clams thereon (not 31 48

including coon oysters) to have constituted a stratum 1 2 sufficient to have been resorted to by the public generally 3 for the purpose of gathering the same to sell for a 4 livelihood. The petition shall be in writing addressed to the 5 department, verified under oath, stating the location and 6 approximate area of the natural reef or bed and the claim or 7 interest of the petitioner therein and requesting the 8 cancellation of the lease to the natural reef or bed. A 9 petition may not be considered unless it is accompanied by a deposit of \$500 to defray the expense of the department's 10 investigation of the matter. Upon receipt of such petition, 11 12 the department shall cause an investigation to be made into 13 the truth of the allegations of the petition, and, if found 14 untrue, the \$500 deposit shall be retained by the department 15 to defray the expense of the investigation, but should the allegations of the petition be found true and the leased 16 17 premises to contain a natural oyster or clam reef or bed, as described in this subsection, the \$500 deposit shall be 18 19 returned to the petitioner and the costs and expenses of the 20 investigation taxed against the lessee and the lease canceled to the extent of the natural reef or bed and the same shall be 21 marked with buoys and stakes and notices placed thereon 22 23 showing the same to be a public reef or bed, the cost of the markers and notices to be taxed against the lessee. 24 (11) WHEN NATURAL REEFS OR BEDS MAY BE INCLUDED IN 25 26 LEASE.--(a) When an application for a submerged land lease for 27 28 cultivating shellfish is filed, and when a resource survey of 29 such lands identifies natural oyster or clam reefs or beds, 30 the department shall determine if such reefs and beds are to be included in the leased area. The department, if it deems it 31 49

to be in the best interest of the state, may include such 1 natural reefs or beds in a lease. In those cases where a 2 3 natural area is included in a lease, the department shall fix a reasonable value on the same, to be paid by the applicant 4 5 for lease of such submerged land. No natural reefs shall be 6 included in any shellfish or aquaculture lease granted in 7 Franklin County. 8 (b) The department shall determine and settle all 9 disputes as to boundaries between lessees. The department shall, in all cases, determine whether a particular submerged 10 land area contains a natural reef or bed or whether it is 11 12 suitable for raising oysters or clams. 13 (12) FRANKLIN COUNTY LEASES. -- On and after the 14 effective date of this section, the only leases available in Franklin County shall be those issued pursuant to ss. 15 253.67-253.75; chapter 370 leases shall no longer be 16 17 available. The department shall require in the lease agreement such restrictions as it deems necessary to protect the 18 19 environment, the existing leaseholders, and public fishery. 20 (13) TRESPASS ON LEASED BEDS; PROTECTION OF LEASE 21 AREAS.--22 (a) Any person who willfully takes oysters, shells, 23 cultch, or clams bedded or planted by a licensee under this chapter, or grantee under the provisions of heretofore 24 25 existing laws, or riparian owner who may have heretofore 26 planted the same on his or her riparian bottoms, or any 27 oysters or clams deposited by anyone making up a cargo for 28 market, or who willfully carries or attempts to carry away the 29 same without permission of the owner thereof, or who willfully 30 or knowingly removes, breaks off, destroys, or otherwise injures or alters any stakes, bounds, monuments, buoys, 31 50

notices, or other designations of any natural oyster or clam 1 2 reefs or beds or private bedding or propagating grounds, or 3 who willfully injures, destroys, or removes any other 4 protection around any oyster or clam reefs or beds, or who 5 willfully moves any bedding ground stakes, buoys, marks, or 6 designations placed by the department, commits a violation of 7 this section. 8 (b) Harvesting shellfish is prohibited within a 9 distance of 25 feet outside lawfully marked lease boundaries or within setback and access corridors within specifically 10 designated high-density aquaculture lease areas and 11 12 aquaculture use zones. 13 (14) SHELLFISH DEVELOPMENT.--14 (a) The department shall improve, enlarge, and protect 15 the natural oyster and clam reefs and beds of this state to 16 the extent it may deem advisable and the means at its disposal 17 will permit. 18 (b) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 19 shall, to the same extent, assist in protecting shellfish 20 aquaculture products produced on leased or granted reefs and 21 beds. (c) The department, in cooperation with the 22 23 commission, shall provide the Legislature with recommendations as needed for the development and the proper protection of the 24 25 rights of the state and private holders therein with respect 26 to the oyster and clam business. 27 (15) SPECIAL ACTIVITY LICENSES. -- The department is authorized to issue special activity licenses, in accordance 28 29 with s. 597.020, to permit the harvest or cultivation of 30 oysters, clams, mussels, and crabs. 31 51

1	(16) STAKING OFF WATER BOTTOMS OR BEDDING OYSTERS
2	WITHOUT OBTAINING LEASEAny person staking off the water
3	bottoms of this state, or bedding oysters on the bottoms of
4	the waters of this state, without previously leasing same as
5	required by law commits a violation of this section, and shall
б	acquire no rights by reason of such staking off. This
7	provision does not apply to grants heretofore made under the
8	provisions of any heretofore existing laws or to artificial
9	beds made heretofore by a riparian owner or his or her
10	grantees on the owner's riparian bottoms.
11	(17) SHELLFISH HARVESTING SEASONS; SPECIAL PROVISIONS
12	RELATING TO APALACHICOLA BAY
13	(a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission
14	shall by rule set the noncultured shellfish harvesting seasons
15	in Apalachicola Bay.
16	(b) If the commission changes the harvesting seasons
17	by rule as set forth in this subsection, for 3 years after the
18	new rule takes effect, the commission, in cooperation with the
19	department, shall monitor the impacts of the new harvesting
20	schedule on the bay and on local shellfish harvesters to
21	determine whether the new harvesting schedule should be
22	discontinued, retained, or modified. In monitoring the new
23	schedule and in preparing its report, the following
24	information shall be considered:
25	1. Whether the bay benefits ecologically from the new
26	harvesting schedule.
27	2. Whether the new harvesting schedule enhances the
28	enforcement of shellfish harvesting laws in the bay.
29	3. Whether the new harvesting schedule enhances
30	natural shellfish production, oyster relay and planting
31	programs, and shell planting programs in the bay.
	52

1 4. Whether the new harvesting schedule has more than a
2 short-term adverse economic impact, if any, on local shellfish
3 harvesters.
4 (18) REMOVING OYSTERS, CLAMS, OR MUSSELS FROM NATURAL
5 REEFS; LICENSES, ETC.; PENALTY
6 (a) It is unlawful to use a dredge or any means or
7 implement other than hand tongs in removing oysters from the
8 natural or artificial state reefs or beds. This restriction
9 shall apply to all areas of Apalachicola Bay for all shellfish
10 harvesting, excluding private grounds leased or granted by the
11 state prior to July 1, 1989, if the lease or grant
12 specifically authorizes the use of implements other than hand
13 tongs for harvesting. Except in Apalachicola Bay, upon the
14 payment of \$25 annually, for each vessel or boat using a
15 dredge or machinery in the gathering of clams or mussels, a
16 special activity license may be issued by the Fish and
17 Wildlife Conservation Commission pursuant to subsection (15)
18 or s. 370.06 for such use to such person.
(b) Approval by the department to harvest shellfish by
20 dredge or other mechanical means from privately held shellfish
21 leases or grants in Apalachicola Bay shall include, but not be
22 limited to, the following conditions:
23 <u>1. The use of any mechanical harvesting device other</u>
24 than ordinary hand tongs for taking shellfish for any purpose
25 from public shellfish beds in Apalachicola Bay shall be
26 <u>unlawful.</u>
27 2. The possession of any mechanical harvesting device
28 on the waters of Apalachicola Bay from 5 p.m. until sunrise
29 shall be unlawful.
30 <u>3.</u> Leaseholders or grantees shall notify the
31 department no less than 48 hours prior to each day's use of a
53
CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

dredge or scrape in order for the department to notify the 1 2 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission that a mechanical 3 harvesting device will be deployed. 4 4. Only two dredges or scrapes per lease or grant may 5 be possessed or operated at any time. 6 5. Each vessel used for the transport or deployment of 7 a dredge or scrape shall prominently display the lease or 8 grant number or numbers, in numerals which are at least 12 9 inches high and 6 inches wide, in such a manner that the lease or grant number or numbers are readily identifiable from both 10 the air and the water. 11 12 13 Any violation of this paragraph or of any other statutes, 14 rules, or conditions referenced in the lease agreement shall 15 be considered a violation of the license and shall result in revocation of the lease or a denial of use or future use of a 16 17 mechanical harvesting device. (c) Oysters may be harvested from natural or public or 18 19 private leased or granted grounds by common hand tongs or by 20 hand, by scuba diving, free diving, leaning from vessels, or 21 wading. In Apalachicola Bay, this provision shall apply to 22 all shellfish. 23 (19) FISHING FOR RELAYING OR TRANSPLANTING PURPOSES.--24 (a) The department shall designate areas for the taking of oysters and clams to be planted on leases, grants, 25 26 and public areas. Oysters, clams, and mussels may be taken for relaying or transplanting at any time during the year so long 27 as, in the opinion of the department, the public health will 28 29 not be endangered. The amount of oysters, clams, and mussels to be obtained for relaying or transplanting, the area relayed 30 or transplanted to, and relaying or transplanting time periods 31 54

shall be established in each case by the department. However, 1 2 the department shall not allow shellfish to be relayed due to 3 marine biotoxins, except to a department approved depuration 4 plant. 5 (b) Application for a special activity license issued 6 pursuant to subsection (15) for obtaining oysters, clams, or 7 mussels for relaying from closed public shellfish harvesting 8 areas to open areas or certified controlled purification 9 plants or for transplanting sublegal-sized oysters, clams, or mussels must be made to the department. In return, the 10 department may assign an area and a period of time for the 11 12 oysters, clams, or mussels to be relayed or transplanted to be taken. All relaying and transplanting operations shall take 13 14 place under the direction of the department. 15 (c) Relayed oysters, clams, or mussels shall not be subsequently harvested for any reason without written 16 17 permission or public notice from the department. 18 (20) OYSTER AND CLAM REHABILITATION. -- The board of 19 county commissioners of the several counties may appropriate 20 and expend such sums as it may deem proper for the purpose of 21 planting or transplanting oysters, clams, oyster shell, clam shell, or cultch or to perform such other acts for the 22 23 enhancement of the oyster and clam industries of the state, 24 out of any sum in the county treasury not otherwise 25 appropriated. 26 (21) DREDGING OF DEAD SHELLS PROHIBITED. -- The dredging 27 of dead shell deposits is prohibited in the state. 28 (22) COOPERATION WITH UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE 29 SERVICE. -- The department shall cooperate with the United 30 States Fish and Wildlife Service, under existing federal laws, 31 rules, and regulations, and is authorized to accept donations, 55

grants, and matching funds from the Federal Government in 1 2 order to carry out its oyster resource and development 3 responsibilities. The department is further authorized to 4 accept any and all donations including funds, oysters, or 5 oyster sh<u>ells.</u> 6 (23) OYSTER AND CLAM SHELLS PROPERTY OF DEPARTMENT.--7 (a) Except for oysters used directly in the half-shell 8 trade, 50 percent of all shells from oysters and clams shucked 9 commercially in the state shall be and remain the property of the department when such shells are needed and required for 10 rehabilitation projects and planting operations, in 11 12 cooperation with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 13 Commission, when sufficient resources and facilities exist for 14 handling and planting such shell, and when the collection and 15 handling of such shell is practicable and useful, except that bona fide holders of leases and grants may retain 75 percent 16 17 of such shell as they produce for aquacultural purposes. Storage, transportation, and planting of shells so retained by 18 19 lessees and grantees shall be carried out under the conditions 20 of the lease agreement or with the written approval of the 21 department and shall be subject to such reasonable time limits as the department may fix. In the event of an accumulation of 22 23 an excess of shells, the department is authorized to sell shells only to private growers for use in oyster or clam 24 25 cultivation on bona fide leases and grants. No profit shall 26 accrue to the department in these transactions, and shells are 27 to be sold for the estimated moneys spent by the department to gather and stockpile the shells. Planting of shells obtained 28 29 from the department by purchase shall be subject to the 30 conditions set forth in the lease agreement or in the written approval as issued by the department. Any shells not claimed 31 56

and used by private oyster cultivators 10 years after shells 1 2 are gathered and stockpiled may be sold at auction to the 3 highest bidder for any private use. 4 (b) Whenever the department determines that it is 5 unfeasible to collect oyster or clam shells, the shells become 6 the property of the producer. 7 (c) Whenever oyster or clam shells are owned by the 8 department and it is not useful or feasible to use them in the 9 rehabilitation projects, and when no leaseholder has exercised his or her option to acquire them, the department may sell 10 such shells for the highest price obtainable. The shells thus 11 12 sold may be used in any manner and for any purpose at the 13 discretion of the purchaser. 14 (d) Moneys derived from the sale of shell shall be 15 deposited in the General Inspection Trust Fund for shellfish 16 programs. 17 (e) The department may publish notice, in a newspaper 18 serving the county, of its intention to collect the oyster and 19 clam shells and shall notify, by certified mail, each shucking 20 establishment from which shells are to be collected. The notice shall contain the period of time the department intends 21 22 to collect the shells in that county and the collection 23 purpose. (24) OYSTER CULTURE.--The department, in cooperation 24 with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the 25 26 Department of Environmental Protection, shall protect all clam beds, oyster beds, shellfish grounds, and oyster reefs from 27 28 damage or destruction resulting from improper cultivation, 29 propagation, planting, or harvesting and control the pollution of the waters over or surrounding beds, grounds, or reefs, and 30 to this end the Department of Health is authorized and 31 57

directed to lend its cooperation to the department, to make 1 available its laboratory testing facilities and apparatus. 2 3 (25) REQUIREMENTS FOR OYSTER OR CLAM VESSELS.--4 (a) All vessels used for the harvesting, gathering, or 5 transporting of oysters or clams for commercial purposes shall 6 be constructed and maintained to prevent contamination or 7 deterioration of shellfish. To this end, all such vessels 8 shall be provided with false bottoms and bulkheads fore and 9 aft to prevent onboard shellfish from coming in contact with any bilge water. No dogs or other animals shall be allowed at 10 any time on vessels used to harvest or transport shellfish. A 11 12 violation of any provision of this subsection shall result in 13 at least the revocation of the violator's license. 14 (b) For the purpose of this subsection, "harvesting, 15 gathering, or transporting of oysters or clams for commercial purposes" means to harvest, gather, or transport oysters or 16 17 clams with the intent to sell and shall apply to a quantity of two or more bags of oysters per vessel or more than one 18 19 5-gallon bucket of unshucked hard clams per person or more 20 than two 5-gallon buckets of unshucked hard clams per vessel. 21 Section 35. Section 370.071, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 597.020, Florida Statutes, and amended 22 23 to read: 597.020 370.071 Shellfish processors; regulation.--24 (1) The department of Agriculture and Consumer 25 26 Services, hereinafter referred to as department, is authorized 27 to adopt by rule regulations, specifications, and codes relating to sanitary practices for catching, cultivating, 28 29 handling, processing, packaging, preserving, canning, smoking, and storing of oysters, clams, mussels, scallops, and crabs. 30 The department is also authorized to license shellfish 31 58

processors who handle aquaculture facilities used to culture 1 oysters, clams, mussels, scallops, and crabs when such 2 activities relate to quality control, sanitary, and public 3 4 health practices pursuant to this section and chapter 500 and 5 s. 370.06(4). The department is also authorized to license or 6 certify, for a fee determined by rule, facilities used for 7 processing oysters, clams, mussels, scallops, and crabs, to 8 levy an administrative fine of up to \$1,000 per violation per 9 day or to suspend or revoke such licenses or certificates upon satisfactory evidence of any violation of rules adopted 10 pursuant to this section, and to seize and destroy any 11 12 adulterated or misbranded shellfish products as defined by 13 rule.

14 (2) A shellfish processing plant certification license 15 is required to operate any facility in which oysters, clams, 16 mussels, scallops, or crabs are processed, including but not 17 limited to: an oyster, clam, or mussel, or scallop cannery; a 18 shell stock dealership; an oyster, clam, or mussel, or scallop 19 shucking plant; an oyster, clam, or mussel, or scallop repacking plant; an oyster, clam, or mussel, or scallop 20 21 controlled purification plant; or a crab or soft-shell crab 22 processing or shedding plant.

(3) The department may suspend or revoke any shellfish 23 processing plant certification license upon satisfactory 24 evidence that the licensee has violated any regulation, 25 specification, or code adopted under this section and may 26 seize and destroy any shellfish product which is defined by 27 rule to be an adulterated or misbranded shellfish product. 28 29 Section 36. Notwithstanding any other legislation 30 passed and either signed by the governor or allowed to become law without signature to the contrary, the Legislature intends 31

59

1	
1	that this bill be its full and total intent, regardless of
2	when it is presented to the Secretary of State.
3	Section 37. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000.
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15 16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	
	60
u م	ں ہ DING:Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.
200	and additions, words and think are additions.