1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to motor vehicle damage
3	disclosure; creating pt. VI of ch. 501, F.S.;
4	consisting of s. 501.98, F.S.; providing
5	definitions; prescribing the duty of motor
6	vehicle manufacturers and dealers to disclose
7	and repair certain damage to motor vehicles;
8	apportioning liability for certain damage and
9	repairs; prescribing duties of dealers with
10	respect to cooperation with manufacturers;
11	providing remedies for purchasers of damaged
12	motor vehicles, including injunctive relief and
13	attorney's fees; amending s. 320.27, F.S.;
14	revising provisions relating to denial,
15	suspension, or revocation of a motor vehicle
16	dealer's license; providing penalties;
17	providing an effective date.
18	
19	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
20	
21	Section 1. Part VI of chapter 501, Florida Statutes,
22	consisting of section 501.98, is created to read:
23	PART VI
24	NEW MOTOR VEHICLE DAMAGE DISCLOSURE
25	
26	501.98 New motor vehicle damage; disclosure;
27	repairs
28	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
29	(a) "Dealer" means a motor vehicle dealer as defined
30	<u>in s. 320.27.</u>
31	

- (b) "Manufacturer" means a manufacturer as defined in s. 320.60.
- (c) "Manufacturer's suggested retail price" means the retail price of a new motor vehicle suggested by the manufacturer set forth in 15 U.S.C. s. 1231, including the retail delivered price suggested by the manufacturer for each accessory or item of optional equipment physically attached to the new motor vehicle at the time it is delivered to the motor vehicle dealer.
- (d) "Motor vehicle" means any new automobile or light truck the equitable or legal title to which has never been transferred by a manufacturer, distributor, importer, or dealer to an ultimate purchaser. The term does not include medium or heavy duty trucks with a gross vehicle weight of 14,001 pounds or more.
- (e) "Replacement item" means a tire, a bumper, bumper fascia, glass, in-dashboard equipment, or any readily detachable component that is not structural in nature, including, but not limited to, exterior illumination units, grilles, sunroofs, external mirrors, and external body cladding.
- (f) "Threshold amount" means 3 percent of the manufacturer's suggested retail price of a motor vehicle or \$650, whichever is less, excluding the replacement items in (1)(e), based upon the actual cost of repair to the vehicle.
 - (2) RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANUFACTURER.--
- (a) A manufacturer shall disclose, in writing, to a dealer at the time of delivery of a motor vehicle, damage and repair to the motor vehicle which is known to the manufacturer and which occurred at any time after the manufacturing process is complete, but before delivery of the vehicle to the dealer,

if the cost of repairing the damage, excluding the cost of replacing replacement items if identical manufacturer's original equipment was used, exceeds the threshold amount.

- (b)1. Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise agreement, the manufacturer is liable for any and all damage to a motor vehicle which is actually known to the manufacturer and which occurred at any time after the manufacturing process is complete, but before delivery to the dealer.
- 2. Whenever a new motor vehicle is damaged in transit or otherwise damaged before delivery to the dealer, the dealer shall:
- a. Notify the manufacturer, or the manufacturer's transportation agent, of the damage within 7 business days after the date the vehicle is delivered to the dealer; and
- b. Request from the manufacturer, or the manufacturer's transportation agent, authorization to replace the components, parts, and accessories damaged or to otherwise repair the damage.

- Nothing in this section relieves the dealer's obligation to cooperate with the manufacturer as necessary on filing any transportation damage claim with the manufacturer's transportation agent.
- 24 (c) It is unlawful for any manufacturer to:
 - 1. Fail to assume all responsibility for any liability resulting from structural or production defects.
 - 2. Fail to compensate, or provide for compensation by the manufacturer's transportation agent, any dealer for repairs effected by the dealer to a damaged motor vehicle or to a motor vehicle damaged in transit to the dealer.

- transportation agent, refuses or fails to authorize repair of any damage within 10 business days after receiving notification given under this section, ownership of the motor vehicle shall revert to the manufacturer, and the dealer shall have no obligation, financial or otherwise, with respect to the motor vehicle. If the damage exceeds the threshold amount in (1)(f), the manufacturer may elect to repurchase the motor vehicle from the dealer or provide reasonable and adequate compensation to the dealer to assist in selling the vehicle. If the manufacturer repurchases the motor vehicle, the dealer shall have no obligation, financial or otherwise, with respect to the motor vehicle.
- disclose, in writing, to the motor vehicle purchaser, including a purchaser for resale, damage and repair to the motor vehicle which is actually known to the dealer, before entering into a sales contract, if the cost of repairing the damage, excluding the cost of replacing replacement items if identical manufacturer's original equipment was used, exceeds the threshold amount. The purchaser must provide written acknowledgment that he or she has received the disclosure.

(4) CONSUMER REMEDIES. --

- (a)1. A motor vehicle purchaser may file an action to recover damages caused by a violation of the disclosure requirements of this section. The court shall award a purchaser who prevails in such action the amount of any pecuniary loss, litigation costs, and reasonable attorney's fees.
- 2. An action brought under this section must be commenced within 1 year after the discovery of the damage or

 within 1 year after the time discovery reasonably should have been made by the purchaser.

- 3. This section does not preclude a motor vehicle purchaser from pursuing other rights or remedies under any law, including an action under chapter 681.
- (b) Failure to disclose any repaired damage that must be disclosed and that is within the actual knowledge of the selling dealer constitutes grounds for recission of the sales contract, provided that, within 30 days after the purchase, the motor vehicle is returned to the dealer with an accompanying written notice of the grounds for recission. In case of recission under this paragraph, the dealer shall accept the motor vehicle and refund any payments made to the dealer or financial institution in connection with the transaction, less a reasonable allowance for the purchaser's use of the motor vehicle as defined in s. 681.102(20). If the purchaser elects to proceed under this paragraph, it shall be the purchaser's exclusive remedy.
- (c) If disclosure is not required under this section, a purchaser may not rescind a sales contract or bring a civil action against the dealer or manufacturer based solely upon the fact that the new motor vehicle was damaged and repaired before completion of the sale.

Section 2. Paragraph (n) of subsection (9) of section 320.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.--

(9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION.—The department may deny, suspend, or revoke any license issued hereunder or under the provisions of s. 320.77 or s. 320.771, upon proof that a licensee has failed to comply with any of the following

provisions with sufficient frequency so as to establish a pattern of wrongdoing on the part of the licensee: (n) Failure to disclose damage to a new motor vehicle as defined in s. 320.60(10) as required under s. $501.98 \frac{1}{100}$ which the dealer had actual knowledge if the dealer's actual cost of repair, excluding tires, bumpers, and glass, exceeds 3 percent of the manufacturer's suggested retail price; provided, however, if only the application of exterior paint is involved, disclosure shall be made if such touch-up paint application exceeds \$100. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000. HOUSE SUMMARY Provides for the duty of motor vehicle manufacturers and dealers to disclose and to repair certain damages to new motor vehicles. Provides remedies, including injunctive relief and the award of attorney's fees. Revises provisions relating to denial, suspension, or revocation of a motor vehicle dealer's license. See bill for details.