A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to nitrous oxide; creating s. 3 877.112, F.S.; providing that it is unlawful to inhale or ingest, to possess with intent to 4 5 breathe or inhale, or to possess, buy, sell, or transfer nitrous oxide, except in a specified 6 7 mixture or for specified purposes; providing a 8 penalty; amending s. 877.111, F.S., to conform; 9 creating s. 499.037, F.S.; providing that it is unlawful to sell, deliver, or give nitrous 10 11 oxide to a person under 18 years of age for 12 specified purposes; providing exceptions; 13 amending s. 499.039, F.S., to conform; amending s. 499.005, F.S.; including the sale, 14 distribution, or transfer of nitrous oxide to a 15 16 person under 18 years of age within the acts prohibited under pt. I of ch. 499, F.S.; 17 amending s. 499.069, F.S.; providing a penalty 18 for violation of s. 499.037, F.S.; amending s. 19 20 499.012, F.S.; correcting a cross reference; 21 providing an effective date. 22 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 23 24 25 Section 1. Section 877.112, Florida Statutes, is 26 created to read: 27 877.112 Inhalation, ingestion, possession, sale, 28 distribution, purchase, or transfer of nitrous oxide; 29 penalties.--30 (1)(a) It is unlawful for any person to inhale or

ingest, or to possess with intent to breathe or inhale, any

compound or chemical containing nitrous oxide for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication or which distorts or disturbs the auditory, visual, or mental processes.

- (b) This section does not apply to the possession and use of nitrous oxide:
- $\underline{\mbox{1.}}$ When mixed with not less than 100 parts per million of sulfur dioxide.
- 2. As part of the care or treatment of a disease or injury by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 464, or chapter 466.
 - 3. For use as a food processing propellant.
 - 4. For use as a semiconductor oxidizer.
- 5. For use as an analytical chemistry oxidizer in atomic absorption spectrometry.
- 6. In the production of chemicals used to inflate airbags.
- (2) It is unlawful for any person to possess, buy, sell, distribute, or otherwise transfer nitrous oxide as specified in subsection (1) for the purpose of inducing or aiding any other person to violate the provisions of subsection (1).
- (3) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (4) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section may, in the discretion of the trial judge, be required to participate in a substance abuse services program approved or regulated by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the provisions of chapter 397, provided the director of the program approves the placement of the defendant in the program. Such required participation may be

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30 31 imposed in addition to, or in lieu of, any penalty or probation otherwise prescribed by law. However, the total time of such penalty, probation, and program participation shall not exceed the maximum length of sentence possible for the offense.

Section 2. Section 877.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

877.111 Inhalation, ingestion, possession, sale, purchase, or transfer of harmful chemical substances; penalties.--

- (1) It is unlawful for any person to inhale or ingest, or to possess with intent to breathe, inhale, or drink, any compound, liquid, or chemical containing toluol, hexane, trichloroethylene, acetone, toluene, ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, trichloroethane, isopropanol, methyl isobutyl ketone, ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, cyclohexanone, nitrous oxide, diethyl ether, alkyl nitrites (butyl nitrite), or any similar substance for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication or which distorts or disturbs the auditory, visual, or mental processes. This section does not apply to the possession and use of these substances as part of the care or treatment of a disease or injury by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 464, or chapter 466 or to beverages controlled by the provisions of chapter 561, chapter 562, chapter 563, chapter 564, or chapter 565.
- (2) It is unlawful for any person to possess, buy, sell, or otherwise transfer any chemical substance specified in subsection (1) for the purpose of inducing or aiding any other person to violate the provisions of subsection (1).

- (3) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section shall upon conviction be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (4) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section may, in the discretion of the trial judge, be required to participate in a substance abuse services program approved or regulated by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the provisions of chapter 397, provided the director of the program approves the placement of the defendant in the program. Such required participation may be imposed in addition to, or in lieu of, any penalty or probation otherwise prescribed by law. However, the total time of such penalty, probation, and program participation shall not exceed the maximum length of sentence possible for the offense.

Section 3. Section 499.037, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 499.037 Sale, distribution, or transfer of nitrous oxide; penalty; authority for enforcement.--
- (1)(a) It is unlawful for a person to sell, deliver, or give to a person under 18 years of age any compound or chemical containing nitrous oxide for the purpose of inducing by breathing, inhaling, or ingesting a condition of intoxication or which is intended to distort or disturb the auditory, visual, or other physical or mental processes.
- (b) This section does not apply to the sale, delivery, or giving of nitrous oxide to a person under 18 years of age, when the nitrous oxide is:
- 1. Mixed with not less than 100 parts per million of sulfur dioxide.

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- 2. Part of the care or treatment of a disease or injury by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 464, or chapter 466.
 - 3. For use as a food processing propellant.
 - 4. For use as a semiconductor oxidizer.
- 5. For use as an analytical chemistry oxidizer in atomic absorption spectrometry.
- 6. Used in the production of chemicals used to inflate airbags.
- (2) If any violation of this section has caused temporary or permanent physical or mental injury to the user, the department may, pursuant to chapter 120, impose fines according to s. 499.066 and may report any violation to the appropriate state attorney for prosecution.
- (3) The Department of Health shall adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 4. Section 499.039, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

499.039 Sale, distribution, or transfer of harmful chemical substances; penalties; authority for enforcement. -- It is unlawful for a person to sell, deliver, or give to a person under the age of 18 years any compound, liquid, or chemical containing toluol, hexane, trichloroethylene, acetone, toluene, ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, trichloroethane, isopropanol, methyl isobutyl ketone, ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, cyclohexanone, nitrous oxide, diethyl ether, alkyl nitrites (butyl nitrite), or any similar substance for the purpose of inducing by breathing, inhaling, or ingesting a condition of intoxication or which is intended to distort or disturb the auditory, visual, or other physical 31 or mental processes.

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- (1) On the first violation of this section, the department may issue a warning according to s. 499.071, if the violation has not caused temporary or permanent physical or mental injury to the user.
- (2) If any violation of this section has caused temporary or permanent physical or mental injury to the user, the department may, pursuant to chapter 120, impose fines according to s. 499.066 and may report any violation to the appropriate state attorney for prosecution.
- (3) The Department of Health shall adopt rules to implement this section.
- Section 5. Subsections (17) through (24) of section 499.005, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (18) through (25), respectively, and a new subsection (17) is added to said section to read:
- 499.005 Prohibited acts.--It is unlawful to perform or cause the performance of any of the following acts in this state:
- (17) The sale, distribution, or transfer of nitrous oxide, except as specifically provided in s. 499.037(1)(b), to a person under the age of 18 years.
- Section 6. Section 499.069, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 499.069 Punishment for violations of s. 499.005; dissemination of false advertisement .--
- (1) Any person who violates any of the provisions of s. 499.005 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083; but, if the violation is committed after a conviction of such person under this section has become final, such person is quilty of 31 a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in

- s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 or as otherwise provided in ss. 499.001-499.081, except that any person who violates subsection (8), subsection (10), subsection (14), subsection (15), or subsection (17), or subsection (18) of s. 499.005 is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, or as otherwise provided in ss. 499.001-499.081.
- (2) A person is not subject to the penalties of subsection (1) for having violated any of the provisions of s. 499.005 if he or she establishes a guaranty or undertaking, which guaranty or undertaking is signed by and contains the name and address of the person residing in the state, or the manufacturer, from whom he or she received the article in good faith, to the effect that such article is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of ss. 499.001-499.081, citing such sections.
- or medium for the dissemination of an advertisement, except the manufacturer, wholesaler, or seller of the article to which a false advertisement relates, is not liable under this section by reason of the dissemination by him or her of such false advertisement, unless he or she has refused, on the request of the department, to furnish to the department the name and post office address of the manufacturer, wholesaler, seller, or advertising agency that asked him or her to disseminate such advertisement.
- Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 499.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 499.012 Wholesale distribution; definitions; permits; general requirements.--
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Wholesale distribution" means distribution of prescription drugs to persons other than a consumer or patient, but does not include:
- 1. Any of the following activities, which is not a violation of s. $499.005\underline{(22)}(21)$ if such activity is conducted in accordance with s. 499.014:
- a. The purchase or other acquisition by a hospital or other health care entity that is a member of a group purchasing organization of a prescription drug for its own use from the group purchasing organization or from other hospitals or health care entities that are members of that organization.
- b. The sale, purchase, or trade of a prescription drug or an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a prescription drug by a charitable organization described in s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and revised, to a nonprofit affiliate of the organization to the extent otherwise permitted by law.
- c. The sale, purchase, or trade of a prescription drug or an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a prescription drug among hospitals or other health care entities that are under common control. For purposes of this section, "common control" means the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person or an organization, whether by ownership of stock, by voting rights, by contract, or otherwise.
- d. The sale, purchase, trade, or other transfer of a prescription drug from or for any federal, state, or local government agency or any entity eligible to purchase prescription drugs at public health services prices pursuant to Pub. L. No. 102-585, s. 602 to a contract provider or its

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subcontractor for eligible patients of the agency or entity under the following conditions:

- (I) The agency or entity must obtain written authorization for the sale, purchase, trade, or other transfer of a prescription drug under this sub-subparagraph from the Secretary of Health or his or her designee.
- (II) The contract provider or subcontractor must be authorized by law to administer or dispense prescription drugs.
- (III) In the case of a subcontractor, the agency or entity must be a party to and execute the subcontract.
- (IV) A contract provider or subcontractor must maintain separate and apart from other prescription drug inventory any prescription drugs of the agency or entity in its possession.
- (V) The contract provider and subcontractor must maintain and produce immediately for inspection all records of movement or transfer of all the prescription drugs belonging to the agency or entity, including, but not limited to, the records of receipt and disposition of prescription drugs. Each contractor and subcontractor dispensing or administering these drugs must maintain and produce records documenting the dispensing or administration. Records that are required to be maintained include, but are not limited to, a perpetual inventory itemizing drugs received and drugs dispensed by prescription number or administered by patient identifier, which must be submitted to the agency or entity quarterly.
- (VI) The contract provider or subcontractor may administer or dispense the prescription drugs only to the eligible patients of the agency or entity or must return the 31 prescription drugs for or to the agency or entity. The

contract provider or subcontractor must require proof from each person seeking to fill a prescription or obtain treatment that the person is an eligible patient of the agency or entity and must, at a minimum, maintain a copy of this proof as part of the records of the contractor or subcontractor required under sub-sub-subparagraph (V).

- (VII) The prescription drugs transferred pursuant to this sub-subparagraph may not be billed to Medicaid.
- (VIII) In addition to the departmental inspection authority set forth in s. 499.051, the establishment of the contract provider and subcontractor and all records pertaining to prescription drugs subject to this sub-subparagraph shall be subject to inspection by the agency or entity. All records relating to prescription drugs of a manufacturer under this sub-subparagraph shall be subject to audit by the manufacturer of those drugs, without identifying individual patient information.
- 2. Any of the following activities, which is not a violation of s. 499.005(22)(21) if such activity is conducted in accordance with rules established by the department:
- a. The sale, purchase, or trade of a prescription drug among federal, state, or local government health care entities that are under common control and are authorized to purchase such prescription drug.
- b. The sale, purchase, or trade of a prescription drug or an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a prescription drug for emergency medical reasons. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term "emergency medical reasons" includes transfers of prescription drugs by a retail pharmacy to another retail pharmacy to alleviate a temporary shortage.

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- The transfer of a prescription drug acquired by a c. medical director on behalf of a licensed emergency medical services provider to that emergency medical services provider and its transport vehicles for use in accordance with the provider's license under chapter 401.
- d. The revocation of a sale or the return of a prescription drug to the person's prescription drug wholesale supplier.
- The donation of a prescription drug by a health care entity to a charitable organization that has been granted an exemption under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and that is authorized to possess prescription drugs.
- The transfer of a prescription drug by a person authorized to purchase or receive prescription drugs to a person licensed or permitted to handle reverse distributions or destruction under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the person handling the reverse distribution or destruction receives the drug.
- The distribution of prescription drug samples by manufacturers' representatives or distributors' representatives conducted in accordance with s. 499.028.
- The sale, purchase, or trade of blood and blood components intended for transfusion. As used in this subparagraph, the term "blood" means whole blood collected from a single donor and processed either for transfusion or further manufacturing, and the term "blood components" means that part of the blood separated by physical or mechanical means.
- 5. The lawful dispensing of a prescription drug in 31 accordance with chapter 465.

Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000. HOUSE SUMMARY Provides that it is unlawful to inhale or ingest, or to possess with intent to breathe or inhale, nitrous oxide; to possess, buy, sell, or transfer nitrous oxide; or to sell, deliver, or give nitrous oxide to a person under 18 years of age, except in a specified mixture or for specified purposes. Provides a third degree felony penalty for violation.