Bill No. CS for CS for CS for SB 806, 1st Eng.

Amendment No. ____

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11	Senator Bronson moved the following amendment:
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13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14	On page 57, between lines 15 and 16,
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16	insert:
17	Section 35. Paragraphs (b) and (i) of subsection (2)
18	and subsection (5) of section 370.021, Florida Statutes, are
19	amended, and paragraph (o) is added to subsection (2) of that
20	section to read:
21	370.021 Administration; rules, publications, records;
22	penalties; injunctions
23	(2) MAJOR VIOLATIONSIn addition to the penalties
24	provided in paragraphs (1)(a) and (b), the court shall assess
25	additional penalties against any person, firm, or corporation
26	convicted of major violations as follows:
27 29	(b) For a violation involving the taking or harvesting
28 29	of shrimp from a nursery or other prohibited area, or any two
30	violations within a 12-month period involving shrimping gear, minimum size (count), or season,an additional penalty of \$10
31	for each pound of illegal shrimp or part thereof.
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(i) Permits issued to any person, firm, or corporation 1 2 by the commission to take or harvest saltwater products, or 3 any license issued pursuant to s. 370.06 or s. 370.07 may be 4 suspended or revoked by the commission, pursuant to the 5 provisions and procedures of s. 120.60, for any major violation prescribed in this subsection: 6 7 1. Upon a first conviction for a major violation, for 8 up to 30 calendar days. 2.1. Upon a second conviction for a violation which 9 10 occurs within 12 months after a prior violation, for up to 90 11 calendar 60 days. 12 3.2. Upon a third conviction for a violation which 13 occurs within 24 months after a prior violation, for up to 180 14 calendar days. 15 4.3. Upon a fourth conviction for a violation which 16 occurs within 36 months after a prior violation, for a period 17 of 6 months to 3 years. 18 (o) For a violation involving the taking or harvesting of any marine life species, as those species are defined by 19 rule of the commission, the harvest of which is prohibited, or 20 21 the taking or harvesting of such a species out of season, or with an illegal gear or chemical, or any violation involving 22 the possession of 25 or more individual specimens of marine 23 24 life species, or any combination of violations in any 3-year period involving more than 70 such specimens in the aggregate, 25 the suspension or revocation of the license holder's marine 26 27 life endorsement as provided in paragraph (i). (5) BUYING SALTWATER PRODUCTS FROM UNLICENSED 28 SELLER.--In addition to being subject to other penalties 29 30 provided in this chapter, any violation of s. 370.06 or s. 31 370.07, or rules of the commission implementing s. 370.06 or

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s. 370.07, involving the purchase of buying saltwater products 1 2 by a commercial wholesale dealer, retail dealer, or restaurant 3 facility for public consumption from an unlicensed person, 4 firm, or corporation, or the sale of saltwater products by an unlicensed person, firm, or corporation, shall be a major 5 6 violation, and the commission may assess the following 7 penalties: (a) For a first violation, the commission may assess a 8 9 civil penalty of up to \$2,500 and may suspend the wholesale or 10 retail dealer's license privileges for up to 90 calendar days. (b) For a second violation occurring within 12 months 11 12 of a prior violation, the commission may assess a civil 13 penalty of up to \$5,000 and may suspend the wholesale or 14 retail dealer's license privileges for up to 180 calendar 15 days. 16 (c) For a third or subsequent violation occurring 17 within a 24-month period, the commission shall assess a civil penalty of \$5,000 and shall suspend the wholesale or retail 18 19 dealer's license privileges for up to 24 months. 20 21 Any proceeds from the civil penalties assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the Marine Resources 22 Conservation Trust Fund and shall be used as follows: 23 40 24 percent for administration and processing purposes and 60 25 percent for law enforcement purposes. 26 Section 36. Subsection (8) of section 370.06, Florida 27 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (9) is added to that 28 section, to read: 370.06 Licenses.--29 30 (8) COLLECTION OF LICENSES, FEES.--Unless otherwise 31 provided by law, all license taxes or fees provided for in 3

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this chapter shall be collected by the commission or its duly 1 2 authorized agents or deputies to be deposited by the 3 Comptroller in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund. 4 The commission may by rule establish a reasonable processing 5 fee for any free license or permit required under this chapter. The commission is authorized to accept payment by 6 7 credit card for fees, fines, and civil penalties levied 8 pursuant to this chapter. 9 (9) DENIAL OF LICENSE RENEWAL OR ISSUANCE.--The 10 commission shall deny the renewal or issuance of any saltwater products license, wholesale dealer license, or retail dealer 11 12 license to anyone that has unpaid fees, civil assessments, or 13 fines owed to the commission. Section 37. Section 370.13, Florida Statutes, is 14 15 amended to read: 16 (Substantial rewording of section. See 17 s. 370.13, F.S., for present text.) 370.13 Stone crab; regulation.--18 19 (1) FEES AND EQUITABLE RENT.--(a) Endorsement fee.--The fee for a stone crab 20 endorsement for the taking of stone crabs as required by rule 21 of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, is \$125, \$25 22 of which must be used solely for trap retrieval under s. 23 24 370.143. 25 (b) Certificate fees.--1. For each trap certificate issued by the commission 26 27 under the requirements of the stone crab trap limitation 28 program established by commission rule, there is an annual fee 29 of \$.50 per certificate. Replacement tags for lost or damaged 30 tags cost \$.50 each, except that tags lost in the event of a major natural disaster declared as an emergency disaster by 31 4

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the Governor shall be replaced for the cost of the tag as 1 2 incurred by the commission. 2. Except for transfers to eligible crew members as 3 4 determined according to criteria established by rule of the 5 commission, the fee for transferring certificates is \$2 per certificate transferred to be paid by the purchaser of the б 7 certificate or certificates. The transfer fee for eligible 8 crew members is \$1 per certificate. Payment must be made by money order or cashier's check, submitted with the certificate 9 10 transfer form developed by the commission. In addition to the 11 transfer fee, a surcharge of \$2 per certificate transferred, 12 or 25 percent of the actual value of the transferred 13 certificate, whichever is greater, will be assessed the first 14 time a certificate is transferred outside the original 15 holder's immediate family. Transfer fees and surcharges only apply to the actual number of certificates received by the 16 17 purchaser. A transfer of a certificate is not effective until 18 the commission receives a notarized copy of the bill of sale as proof of the actual value of the transferred certificate or 19 certificates, which must also be submitted with the transfer 20 form and payment. A transfer fee will not be assessed or 21 22 required when the transfer is within a family as a result of the death or disability of the certificate owner. A surcharge 23 24 will not be assessed for any transfer within an individual's 25 immediate family. (c) Incidental take endorsement.--The cost of an 26 27 incidental take endorsement, as established by commission 28 rule, is \$25. 29 (d) Equitable rent.--The commission may establish by 30 rule an amount of equitable rent per trap certificate that may be recovered as partial compensation to the state for the 31 5

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enhanced access to its natural resources. In determining 1 whether to establish such a rent and the amount thereof, the 2 3 commission may consider the amount of revenues annually 4 generated by endorsement fees, trap certificate fees, transfer fees, surcharges, replacement trap tag fees, trap retrieval 5 6 fees, incidental take endorsement fees, and the continued 7 economic viability of the commercial stone crab industry. Final approval of such a rule shall be by the Governor and 8 Cabinet sitting as the Board of Trustees of the Internal 9 10 Improvement Trust Fund. 11 (e) Disposition of fees, surcharges, civil penalties 12 and fines, and equitable rent.--Endorsement fees, trap certificate fees, transfer fees, civil penalties and fines, 13 surcharges, replacement trap tag fees, trap retrieval fees, 14 15 incidental take endorsement fees, and equitable rent, if any, 16 must be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust 17 Fund. Not more than 50 percent of the revenues generated under this section may be used for operation and 18 administration of the stone crab trap limitation program. The 19 remaining revenues generated under this program are to be used 20 21 for trap retrieval, management of the stone crab fishery, public education activities, evaluation of the impact of trap 22 reductions on the stone crab fishery, and enforcement 23 24 activities in support of the stone crab trap limitation 25 program. (f) Program to be self-supporting.--The stone crab 26 27 trap limitation program is intended to be a self-supporting 28 program funded from proceeds generated under this section. 29 (g) No vested rights.--The stone crab trap limitation 30 program does not create any vested rights for endorsement or certificateholders and may be altered or terminated by the 31 6

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commission as necessary to protect the stone crab resource, 1 the participants in the fishery, or the public interest. 2 (2) PENALTIES.--For purposes of this subsection, 3 4 conviction is any disposition other than acquittal or dismissal, regardless of whether the violation was adjudicated 5 under any state or federal law. б 7 (a) In addition to any other penalties provided in s. 370.021, for any person, firm, or corporation who violates 8 Rule 68B-13.010(2), F.A.C., or Rule 68B-13.011(5), (6), (7), 9 10 (8), or (11), F.A.C., the following administrative penalties 11 apply. 12 1. For a first violation, the commission shall assess 13 an administrative penalty of up to \$1,000 and the stone crab 14 endorsement under which the violation was committed may be 15 suspended for the remainder of the current license year. 16 2. For a second violation that occurs within 24 months 17 of any previous such violation, the commission shall assess an 18 administrative penalty of up to \$2,000 and the stone crab endorsement under which the violation was committed may be 19 suspended for 12 calendar months. 20 3. For a third violation that occurs within 36 months 21 of any previous two such violations, the commission shall 22 assess an administrative penalty of up to \$5,000 and the stone 23 24 crab endorsement under which the violation was committed may be suspended for 24 calendar months. 25 4. A fourth violation that occurs within 48 months of 26 27 any three previous such violations, shall result in permanent revocation of all of the violator's saltwater fishing 28 29 privileges, including having the commission proceed against 30 the endorsement holder's saltwater products license in accordance with s. 370.021. 31

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2	Any person assessed an administrative penalty under this
3	paragraph shall, within 30 calendar days after notification,
4	pay the administrative penalty to the commission, or request
5	an administrative hearing under s. 120.569 and s. 120.57. The
6	proceeds of all administrative penalties collected under this
7	paragraph shall be deposited in the Marine Resource
8	Conservation Trust Fund.
9	(b) It is unlawful for any person to remove the
10	contents of another harvester's trap without the express
11	written consent of the trap owner available for immediate
12	inspection. Such unauthorized removal constitutes theft. Any
13	person convicted of theft from a trap shall, in addition to
14	the penalties specified in s. 370.021 and the provisions of
15	this section, permanently lose all his or her saltwater
16	fishing privileges, including saltwater products licenses,
17	stone crab or incidental take endorsements, and all trap
18	certificates allotted to him or her by the commission. In such
19	cases, trap certificates and endorsements are nontransferable.
20	In addition, any person, firm, or corporation convicted of
21	violating the prohibitions referenced in this paragraph shall
22	also be assessed an administrative penalty of up to \$5,000.
23	Immediately upon receiving a citation for a violation
24	involving theft from a trap and until adjudicated for such a
25	violation, or if convicted of such a violation, the violator
26	is prohibited from transferring any stone crab or lobster
27	certificates.
28	(c) Any person, firm, or corporation convicted of
29	violating commission rules that prohibit any of the following,
30	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided
31	in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
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1	1. The willful molestation of any stone crab trap,
2	line, or buoy that is the property of any licenseholder,
3	without the permission of that licenseholder.
4	2. The bartering, trading, or sale, or conspiring or
5	aiding in such barter, trade, or sale, or supplying, agreeing
6	to supply, aiding in supplying, or giving away stone crab trap
7	tags or certificates unless the action is duly authorized by
8	the commission as provided by commission rules.
9	3. The making, altering, forging, counterfeiting, or
10	reproducing of stone crab trap tags.
11	4. Possession of forged, counterfeit, or imitation
12	stone crab trap tags.
13	5. Engaging in the commercial harvest of stone crabs
14	during the time either of the endorsements is under suspension
15	or revocation.
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17	In addition, any person, firm, or corporation convicted of
18	violating this paragraph shall also be assessed an
19	administrative penalty of up to \$5,000, and the incidental
20	take endorsement and/or the stone crab endorsement under which
21	the violation was committed may be suspended for up to 24
22	calendar months. Immediately upon receiving a citation
23	involving a violation of this paragraph and until adjudicated
24	for such a violation, or if convicted of such a violation, the
25	person, firm, or corporation committing the violation is
26	prohibited from transferring any stone crab certificates or
27	endorsements.
28	(d) For any person, firm, or corporation convicted of
29	fraudulently reporting the actual value of transferred stone
30	crab certificates, the commission may automatically suspend or
31	permanently revoke the seller's or the purchaser's stone crab
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endorsements. If the endorsement is permanently revoked, the 1 2 commission shall also permanently deactivate the endorsement 3 holder's stone crab certificate accounts. Whether an 4 endorsement is suspended or revoked, the commission may also levy a fine against the holder of the endorsement of up to 5 twice the appropriate surcharge to be paid based on the fair б 7 market value of the transferred certificates. 8 (e) During any period of suspension or revocation of an endorsement holder's endorsement, he or she shall remove 9 10 all traps subject to that endorsement from the water within 15 days after notice provided by the commission. Failure to do so 11 12 will extend the period of suspension or revocation for an 13 additional 6 calendar months. (f) An endorsement will not be renewed until all fees 14 15 and administrative penalties imposed under this section are 16 paid. 17 (3) DEPREDATION ENDORSEMENTS. -- The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission shall issue a depredation endorsement 18 on the saltwater products license, which shall entitle the 19 20 license holder to possess and use up to 75 stone crab traps and up to 75 blue crab traps, notwithstanding any other 21 provisions of law, for the incidental take of destructive or 22 nuisance stone crabs or blue crabs within 1 mile of 23 24 aquaculture shellfish beds. Any marine aquaculture producer as defined by s. 370.26 who raises shellfish may obtain a 25 depredation endorsement by providing an aquaculture 26 27 registration certificate to the commission. No stone crabs or blue crabs taken under this subsection may be sold or offered 28 29 for sale. Section 38. Subsection (1) of section 370.135, Florida 30 31 Statutes, is amended to read:

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370.135 Blue crab; regulation.--1 2 (1) No person, firm, or corporation shall transport on 3 the water, fish with or cause to be fished with, set, or place 4 any trap designed for taking blue crabs unless such person, 5 firm, or corporation is the holder of a valid saltwater products license issued pursuant to s. 370.06 and the trap has б 7 a current state number permanently attached to the buoy. The trap number shall be affixed in legible figures at least 1 8 9 inch high on each buoy used. The saltwater products license 10 must be on board the boat, and both the license and the crabs shall be subject to inspection at all times. Only one trap 11 12 number may be issued for each boat by the commission upon 13 receipt of an application on forms prescribed by it. This subsection shall not apply to an individual fishing with no 14 15 more than five traps. It is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 16 17 775.084, for any person willfully to molest any traps, lines, or buoys, as defined herein, belonging to another without 18 permission of the licenseholder. It is unlawful for any person 19 to remove the contents of another harvester's trap without the 20 21 express written consent of the trap owner available for immediate inspection. Such unauthorized removal constitutes 22 theft. Any person convicted of theft from a trap shall, in 23 24 addition to the penalties specified in s. 370.021 and the provisions of this section, permanently lose all his or her 25 saltwater fishing privileges including his or her saltwater 26 27 products license and blue crab endorsement. In such cases endorsements are nontransferable. In addition, any person, 28 firm, or corporation convicted of violating this paragraph 29 30 shall also be assessed an administrative penalty of up to 31 \$5,000. Immediately upon receiving a citation for a violation

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involving theft from a trap and until adjudicated for such a 1 2 violation, or if convicted of such a violation, the person, 3 firm, or corporation committing the violation is prohibited 4 from transferring any blue crab endorsements. 5 Section 39. Subsection (2) of section 370.14, Florida 6 Statutes, is amended to read: 7 370.14 Crawfish; regulation.--(2)(a) Each trap used for taking or attempting to take 8 9 crawfish must have a trap number permanently attached to the 10 trap and the buoy. This trap number may be issued by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission upon the receipt of 11 12 application by the owner of the traps and accompanied by the 13 payment of a fee of \$100. The design of the applications and of the trap number shall be determined by the commission. Any 14 15 trap or device used in taking or attempting to take crawfish, 16 other than a trap with the trap number attached as prescribed 17 in this paragraph, shall be seized and destroyed by the commission. The proceeds of the fees imposed by this paragraph 18 shall be deposited and used as provided in paragraph (b). The 19 20 commission may adopt is authorized to promulgate rules and 21 regulations to carry out the intent of this section. 22 (b) Fees collected pursuant to paragraph (a) shall be deposited as follows: 23 24 1. Fifty percent of the fees collected shall be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund for 25 use in enforcing the provisions of paragraph (a) through 26 27 aerial and other surveillance and trap retrieval. Fifty percent of the fees collected shall be 28 2. deposited as provided in s. 370.142(6)s. 370.142(5). 29 30 Section 40. Subsection (2) of section 370.142, Florida 31 Statutes, is amended, to read:

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370.142 Spiny lobster trap certificate program.--1 2 (2) TRANSFERABLE TRAP CERTIFICATES; TRAP TAGS; FEES; 3 PENALTIES. -- The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 4 shall establish a trap certificate program for the spiny 5 lobster fishery of this state and shall be responsible for its 6 administration and enforcement as follows: 7 (a) Transferable trap certificates.--Each holder of a saltwater products license who uses traps for taking or 8 9 attempting to take spiny lobsters shall be required to have a 10 certificate on record for each trap possessed or used therefor, except as otherwise provided in this section. 11 12 1. The Department of Environmental Protection shall 13 initially allot such certificates to each licenseholder with a 14 current crawfish trap number who uses traps. The number of such certificates allotted to each such licenseholder shall be 15 based on the trap/catch coefficient established pursuant to 16 17 trip ticket records generated under the provisions of s. 370.06(2)(a) over a 3-year base period ending June 30, 1991. 18 The trap/catch coefficient shall be calculated by dividing the 19 20 sum of the highest reported single license-year landings up to 21 a maximum of 30,000 pounds for each such licenseholder during the base period by 700,000. Each such licenseholder shall then 22 be allotted the number of certificates derived by dividing his 23 24 or her highest reported single license-year landings up to a 25 maximum of 30,000 pounds during the base period by the trap/catch coefficient. Nevertheless, no licenseholder with a 26 27 current crawfish trap number shall be allotted fewer than 10 certificates. However, certificates may only be issued to 28 individuals; therefore, all licenseholders other than 29 30 individual licenseholders shall designate the individual or 31 individuals to whom their certificates will be allotted and

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the number thereof to each, if more than one. After initial 1 2 issuance, trap certificates are transferable on a market basis 3 and may be transferred from one licenseholder to another for a 4 fair market value agreed upon between the transferor and 5 transferee. Each such transfer shall, within 72 hours thereof, be recorded on a notarized form provided for that purpose by 6 7 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and hand delivered or sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, 8 to the commission for recordkeeping purposes. In addition, in 9 10 order to cover the added administrative costs of the program 11 and to recover an equitable natural resource rent for the 12 people of the state, a transfer fee of \$2 per certificate 13 transferred shall be assessed against the purchasing 14 licenseholder and sent by money order or cashier's check with 15 the certificate transfer form. Also, in addition to the 16 transfer fee, a surcharge of \$5 per certificate transferred or 17 25 percent of the actual market value, whichever is greater, given to the transferor shall be assessed the first time a 18 certificate is transferred outside the original transferor's 19 immediate family. No transfer of a certificate shall be 20 effective until the commission receives the notarized transfer 21 form and the transfer fee, including any surcharge, is paid. 22 The commission may establish by rule an amount of equitable 23 24 rent per trap certificate that shall be recovered as partial 25 compensation to the state for the enhanced access to its natural resources. Final approval of such a rule shall be by 26 27 the Governor and Cabinet sitting as the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund.In determining whether to 28 29 establish such a rent and, if so, the amount thereof, the 30 commission shall consider the amount of revenues annually generated by certificate fees, transfer fees, surcharges, trap 31

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license fees, and sales taxes, the demonstrated fair market 1 value of transferred certificates, and the continued economic 2 3 viability of the commercial lobster industry. The proceeds of 4 equitable rent recovered shall be deposited in the Marine 5 Resources Conservation Trust Fund and used by the commission for research, management, and protection of the spiny lobster 6 7 fishery and habitat. A transfer fee may not be assessed or 8 required when the transfer is within a family as a result of the death or disability of the certificate owner. A surcharge 9 10 will not be assessed for any transfer within an individual's 11 immediate family.

12 2. No person, firm, corporation, or other business 13 entity may control, directly or indirectly, more than 1.5 14 percent of the total available certificates in any license 15 year.

3. The commission shall maintain records of all
 certificates and their transfers and shall annually provide
 each licenseholder with a statement of certificates held.

4. The number of trap tags issued annually to each
licenseholder shall not exceed the number of certificates held
by the licenseholder at the time of issuance, and such tags
and a statement of certificates held shall be issued
simultaneously.

5. Beginning July 1, 2003, and applicable to the 25 2003-2004 lobster season and thereafter, it is unlawful for 26 any person to lease lobster trap tags or certificates.

(b) Trap tags.--Each trap used to take or attempt to take spiny lobsters in state waters or adjacent federal waters shall, in addition to the crawfish trap number required by s. 370.14(2), have affixed thereto an annual trap tag issued by the commission. Each such tag shall be made of durable plastic

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or similar material and shall, based on the number of certificates held, have stamped thereon the owner's license number. To facilitate enforcement and recordkeeping, such tags shall be issued each year in a color different from that of each of the previous 3 years. The annual certificate fee shall be \$1 per certificate. Replacement tags for lost or damaged tags may be obtained as provided by rule of the commission.

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(c) Prohibitions; penalties.--

1. It is unlawful for a person to possess or use a 9 10 spiny lobster trap in or on state waters or adjacent federal waters without having affixed thereto the trap tag required by 11 12 this section. It is unlawful for a person to possess or use any other gear or device designed to attract and enclose or 13 otherwise aid in the taking of spiny lobster by trapping that 14 15 is not a trap as defined in rule $68B-24.006(2)\frac{46-24.006(2)}{46-24.006(2)}$, Florida Administrative Code. 16

17 2. It is unlawful for a person to possess or use spiny
18 lobster trap tags without having the necessary number of
19 certificates on record as required by this section.

3. It is unlawful for any person to remove the 20 21 contents of another harvester's trap without the express written consent of the trap owner available for immediate 22 inspection. Such unauthorized removal constitutes theft. Any 23 24 person convicted of theft from a trap shall, in addition to the penalties specified in ss. 370.021 and 370.14 and the 25 provisions of this section, permanently lose all his or her 26 saltwater fishing privileges, including his or her saltwater 27 28 products license, crawfish endorsement, and all trap 29 certificates allotted to him or her through this program. In 30 such cases, trap certificates and endorsements are nontransferable. In addition, any person, firm, or corporation 31

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convicted of violating this paragraph shall also be assessed 1 2 an administrative penalty of up to \$5,000. Immediately upon 3 receiving a citation for a violation involving theft from a 4 trap and until adjudicated for such a violation or, if 5 convicted of such a violation, the person, firm, or 6 corporation committing the violation is prohibited from 7 transferring any crawfish trap certificates and endorsements. 4.3. In addition to any other penalties provided in s. 8 370.021, a commercial harvester, as defined by rule 9 10 68B-24.002(1)46-24.002(1), Florida Administrative Code, who violates the provisions of this section, or the provisions 11 12 relating to traps of chapter 68B-24 46-24, Florida Administrative Code, shall be punished as follows: 13 If the first violation is for violation of 14 a. 15 subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., the commission shall 16 assess an additional civil penalty of up to \$1,000 and the 17 crawfish trap number issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or (6) may be suspended for the remainder of the current license 18 year. For all other first violations, the commission shall 19 assess an additional civil penalty of up to \$500. 20 21 b. For a second violation of subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. which occurs within 24 months of any previous 22 such violation, the commission shall assess an additional 23 24 civil penalty of up to \$2,000 and the crawfish trap number 25 issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or (6) may be suspended for the remainder of the current license year. 26 27 c. For a third or subsequent violation of subparagraph 1., or subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3. which occurs within 28 36 months of any previous two such violations, the commission 29 30 shall assess an additional civil penalty of up to \$5,000 and 31 may suspend the crawfish trap number issued pursuant to s.

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370.14(2) or (6) for a period of up to 24 months or may revoke 1 2 the crawfish trap number and, if revoking the crawfish trap 3 number, may also proceed against the licenseholder's saltwater 4 products license in accordance with the provisions of s. 5 370.021(2)(i). d. Any person assessed an additional civil penalty б 7 pursuant to this section shall within 30 calendar days after notification: 8 9 (I) Pay the civil penalty to the commission; or 10 (II) Request an administrative hearing pursuant to the provisions of s. 120.60. 11 12 e. The commission shall suspend the crawfish trap 13 number issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or (6) for any person 14 failing to comply with the provisions of sub-subparagraph d. 15 5.4.a. It is unlawful for any person to make, alter, 16 forge, counterfeit, or reproduce a spiny lobster trap tag or 17 certificate. It is unlawful for any person to knowingly have in 18 b. his or her possession a forged, counterfeit, or imitation 19 20 spiny lobster trap tag or certificate. 21 It is unlawful for any person to barter, trade, c. sell, supply, agree to supply, aid in supplying, or give away 22 a spiny lobster trap tag or certificate or to conspire to 23 24 barter, trade, sell, supply, aid in supplying, or give away a 25 spiny lobster trap tag or certificate unless such action is duly authorized by the commission as provided in this chapter 26 27 or in the rules of the commission. 6.5.a. Any person who violates the provisions of 28 29 subparagraph 5. subparagraph 4., or any person who engages in 30 the commercial harvest, trapping, or possession of spiny 31 lobster without a crawfish trap number as required by s. 18

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1 370.14(2) or (6) or during any period while such crawfish trap 2 number is under suspension or revocation, commits a felony of 3 the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 4 775.083, or s. 775.084.

5 b. In addition to any penalty imposed pursuant to 6 sub-subparagraph a., the commission shall levy a fine of up to 7 twice the amount of the appropriate surcharge to be paid on 8 the fair market value of the transferred certificates, as 9 provided in subparagraph (a)1., on any person who violates the 10 provisions of sub-subparagraph 5.c 4.c.

7.6. Any certificates for which the annual certificate 11 12 fee is not paid for a period of 3 years shall be considered 13 abandoned and shall revert to the commission. During any period of trap reduction, any certificates reverting to the 14 15 commission shall become permanently unavailable and be 16 considered in that amount to be reduced during the next 17 license-year period. Otherwise, any certificates that revert to the commission are to be reallotted in such manner as 18 provided by the commission. 19

20 <u>8.7</u>. The proceeds of all civil penalties collected
21 pursuant to <u>subparagraph 4.subparagraph 3.</u>and all fines
22 collected pursuant to <u>sub-subparagraph 6.b.sub-subparagraph</u>
23 5.b.shall be deposited into the Marine Resources Conservation
24 Trust Fund.

25 <u>9.8.</u> All traps shall be removed from the water during
26 any period of suspension or revocation.

(d) No vested rights.--The trap certificate program shall not create vested rights in licenseholders whatsoever and may be altered or terminated as necessary to protect the spiny lobster resource, the participants in the fishery, or the public interest.

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1 Section 41. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 2 370.143, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3 370.143 Retrieval of lobster and stone crab traps 4 during closed season; commission authority; fees .--5 (2) A retrieval fee of \$10 per trap retrieved shall be 6 assessed trap owners. However, for persons holding a stone 7 crab endorsement issued under rule of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the retrieval fee shall be waived for 8 9 the first five traps retrieved. Traps recovered under this 10 program shall become the property of the commission or its contract agent, as determined by the commission, and shall be 11 12 either destroyed or resold to the original owner. Revenue 13 from retrieval fees shall be deposited in the Marine Resources 14 Conservation Trust Fund and used solely for operation of the 15 trap retrieval program. 16 (3) Payment of all the assessed retrieval fees fee 17 shall be required prior to renewal of the trap owner's saltwater products license and stone crab and or crawfish 18 19 endorsements trap number as a condition of number renewal. 20 Retrieval fees assessed under this program shall stand in lieu 21 of other penalties imposed for such trap violations. 22 (4) In the event of a major natural disaster in an 23 area declared by the Governor to be a disaster emergency area, 24 such as a hurricane or major storm causing massive trap 25 losses, the commission shall waive the trap retrieval fee. 26 Section 42. Subsection (4) of section 370.15, Florida 27 Statutes, is amended to read: 28 370.15 Shrimp; regulation.--29 (4) SHRIMP TRAWLING.--All persons, firms, and 30 corporations desiring to trawl for shrimp within areas in 31 which trawling is permitted shall have a noncommercial trawl 20

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or net registration or purchase a saltwater products license 1 2 issued to a valid boat registration or in the name of an 3 individual pursuant to s. 370.06. The saltwater products 4 license shall remain on board at all times and is subject to 5 immediate revocation upon conviction for violation of this section or when it becomes apparent that the best interests of 6 7 saltwater conservation will be served by such action. A 8 noncommercial trawl or net registration must be issued to each net used to take shrimp for noncommercial purposes. Such net 9 or trawl shall have a corkline measurement of 16 feet or less. 10 11 Possession of shrimp under a noncommercial registration is 12 limited to 25 pounds while on the water. Due to the varied 13 habitats and types of bottoms and hydrographic conditions 14 embraced by the open fishing area, the commission shall have 15 the authority to specify and regulate the types of gear that 16 may be used in the different sections of the open areas. 17 Section 43. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 370.153, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 18 370.153 Regulation of shrimp fishing; Clay, Duval, 19 20 Nassau, Putnam, Flagler, and St. Johns Counties .--21 (4) DEAD SHRIMP PRODUCTION. -- Any person may operate as a commercial dead shrimp producer provided that: 22 (a) A dead shrimp production permit is procured from 23 24 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission upon the receipt 25 by the commission of a properly filled out and approved application by a person intending to use a boat, not to exceed 26 27 35 feet in length in Duval, St. Johns, Putnam, and Clay Counties, and not to exceed 45 feet in length in Nassau 28 County, for dead shrimp production within the inland waters of 29 30 Nassau County and the inland waters of the St. Johns River of 31 Duval, Putnam, St. Johns, Flagler, or Clay Counties, which

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permit shall cost \$250 and shall be required for each vessel 1 2 used for dead shrimp production. The design of the application and permit shall be determined by the Fish and Wildlife 3 4 Conservation Commission. The proceeds of the fees imposed by 5 this paragraph shall be deposited into the account of the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund to be used by the 6 7 commission for the purpose of enforcement of marine resource 8 laws.

9 (b) All commercial trawling in the St. Johns River 10 proper shall be restricted to the area north of the Acosta 11 Bridge in Jacksonville and at least 100 yards from the nearest 12 shoreline.

13 (c) All commercial shrimping activities shall be 14 allowed during daylight hours from Tuesday through Friday each 15 week.

16 No person holding a dead shrimp production permit (d) 17 issued pursuant to this subsection shall simultaneously hold a permit for noncommercial trawling under the provisions of 18 subsection (5). The number of permits issued by the 19 20 commission for commercial trawling or dead shrimp production in any one year shall be limited to those active the number 21 issued in the base year, 1976, and renewed annually since 22 1976. All permits for dead shrimp production issued pursuant 23 24 to this section shall be inheritable or transferable to an 25 immediate family member and annually renewable by the holder 26 thereof. Such inheritance or transfer shall be valid upon 27 being registered with the commission. Each permit All permits not renewed shall expire and shall not be renewed under any 28 29 circumstances.

30 (e) It is illegal for any person to sell dead shrimp31 caught in the inland waters of Nassau, Duval, Clay, Putnam,

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and St. Johns Counties, unless the seller is in possession of 1 2 a dead shrimp production license issued pursuant to this 3 subsection. 4 (f) It is illegal for any person to purchase shrimp 5 for consumption or bait from any seller (with respect to shrimp caught in the inland waters of Nassau, Duval, Clay, б 7 Putnam, and St. Johns Counties (St. Johns River)) who does not produce his or her dead shrimp production license prior to the 8 9 sale of the shrimp. 10 (g) In addition to any other penalties provided for in 11 this section, any person who violates the provisions of this 12 subsection shall have his or her license revoked by the 13 commission. (h) The commission shall rename the Dead Shrimp 14 15 Production License as the Commercial Food Shrimp Production 16 License. 17 (5) NONCOMMERCIAL TRAWLING. -- If noncommercial trawling 18 is authorized by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 19 Commission, any person may trawl for harvest shrimp in the St. 20 Johns River for his or her own use as food and may trawl for such shrimp under the following conditions: 21 22 (a) Each person who desires to trawl for shrimp for use as food shall obtain a noncommercial trawling permit from 23 24 the local office of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 25 Commission upon filling out an application on a form prescribed by the commission and upon paying a fee for the 26 27 permit, which shall cost \$50. (b) All trawling shall be restricted to the confines 28 29 of the St. Johns River proper in the area north of the Acosta 30 Bridge in Jacksonville and at least 100 yards from the nearest 31 shoreline.

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(c) No shrimp caught by a person licensed under the 1 2 provisions of this subsection may be sold or offered for sale. 3 Section 44. Section 370.25, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: (Substantial rewording of section. See 5 6 s. 370.25, F.S., for present text.) 7 370.25 Artificial reef program; grants and financial and technical assistance to local governments .--8 (1) An artificial reef program is created within the 9 10 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission to enhance saltwater 11 opportunities and to promote proper management of fisheries 12 resources associated with artificial reefs for the public interest. Under the program, the commission may provide grants 13 and financial and technical assistance to coastal local 14 15 governments and nonprofit corporations qualified under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code for the siting and 16 17 development of artificial reefs as well as for monitoring and evaluating their recreational, economic, and biological 18 effectiveness. The program may be funded from state, federal, 19 20 and private contributions. 21 (2) The commission may adopt by rule procedures for submitting an application for financial assistance and 22 criteria for allocating available funds. 23 24 (3) The commission may adopt by rule criteria for siting, constructing, managing, and evaluating the 25 26 effectiveness of artificial reefs placed in state or adjacent 27 federal waters, consistent with this section. (4) The commission may adopt by rule criteria for 28 29 determining the eligibility of nonprofit corporations 30 qualified under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply for and receive funds available for artificial reef 31

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development or evaluation. The criteria must include, but are 1 not limited to, the following: 2 (a) The corporation must show proof that it is a 3 4 nonprofit corporation qualified under s. 501(c)(3) of the 5 Internal Revenue Code. 6 (b) The corporation must state in its articles of 7 incorporation or bylaws that one of its objectives is the development or monitoring of artificial reefs. 8 (5) The commission's artificial reef program shall 9 10 track all artificial-reef-development activities statewide, and maintain a computer database of these activities for the 11 12 public interest and to facilitate long-range planning and 13 coordination within the commission and among local 14 governments. 15 (6) It is unlawful for any person to: 16 (a) Place artificial-reef-construction materials in 17 state water outside zones permitted under the terms and 18 conditions defined in any artificial-reef permits issued by the United States Army Corps of Engineers or by the Fish and 19 Wildlife Conservation Commission. 20 21 (b) Store, possess, or transport on or across state waters any materials reasonably suited for artificial-reef 22 construction and stored in a manner providing ready access for 23 24 use and placement as an artificial reef, unless a valid cargo manifest issued by the commission or a commission-certified 25 inspector is onboard the transporting vessel. The manifest 26 27 will serve as authorization to use a valid permitted site or 28 land-based staging area, will validate that the type of artificial-reef construction material being transported is 29 30 permissible for use at the permitted site, and will describe and quantify the artificial-reef material being 31

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1	transported. The manifest will also include the latitude and
2	longitude coordinates of the proposed deployment location, the
3	valid permit number, and a copy of the permit conditions for
4	the permitted site. The manifest must be available for
5	inspection by any authorized law enforcement officer or
6	commission employee.
7	(7)(a) An initial violation of subsection (6) is a
8	misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
9	775.082 or s. 775.083. A subsequent violation of subsection
10	(6) which is committed within 12 months after a previous
11	violation of that subsection is a felony of the third degree,
12	punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
13	775.084.
14	(b) If a violation of subsection (6) occurs, a law
15	enforcement officer may terminate a vessel's voyage and order
16	the vessel operator to return immediately to port. Failure or
17	refusal to comply with an order to return to port constitutes
18	a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.
19	775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. The vessel operator must
20	immediately dispose of the materials on shore according to
21	applicable waste disposal laws.
22	(c) If, at the time of the violation, the vessel that
23	is involved in the violation:
24	1. Is moored at a land-based facility, the registered
25	owner of the vessel is responsible for the violation.
26	2. Is underway or anchored, the captain or operator of
27	the vessel and the registered owner of the vessel are jointly
28	responsible for the violation.
29	(d) In addition to the penalties imposed in this
30	subsection, the commission shall assess civil penalties of up
31	to \$5,000 against any person convicted of violating subsection
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(6) and may seek the suspension or revocation of the vessel 1 2 registration, existing reef-construction permits, or other state marine licenses held by the violator. For the purposes 3 4 of this section, conviction includes any judicial disposition other than acquittal or dismissal. 5 Section 45. (1) The sum of \$97,049 is appropriated б 7 from the commercial revenues in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 8 Commission for fiscal year 2000-2001, for four career service 9 10 positions that are authorized for the commission to implement 11 the stone crab trap limitation program. This appropriation 12 shall be made after funds have been distributed pursuant to section 328.76(2)(b), Florida Statutes. 13 (2) The sum of \$254,408 is appropriated from the 14 15 commercial revenues in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust 16 Fund to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission for 17 program operation, plus the sum of \$130,000 to cover the cost 18 of stone crab trap tags in fiscal year 2000-2001, in order to implement the stone crab trap limitation program in fiscal 19 20 year 2001-2002. This appropriation shall be made after funds 21 have been distributed pursuant to section 328.76(2)(b), 22 Florida Statutes. 23 24 (Redesignate subsequent sections.) 25 26 27 28 And the title is amended as follows: On page 5, line 13, after the semicolon 29 30 31 insert:

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1	amending s. 370.021, F.S.; providing penalties
2	for illegal buying and selling of marine
3	products; revising violations and penalties;
4	amending s. 370.06, F.S.; authorizing the Fish
5	and Wildlife Conservation Commission to accept
6	credit cards for specified charges; requiring
7	the denial of license renewal or issuance to
8	those having unpaid fees, assessments, or
9	fines; amending s. 370.13, F.S.; providing for
10	fees and equitable rent related to stone crabs;
11	prohibiting the acquisition of vested rights;
12	providing penalties; amending s. 370.135, F.S.;
13	providing penalties for theft from a blue crab
14	trap; amending s. 370.14, F.S.; conforming a
15	statutory cross-reference; amending s. 370.142,
16	F.S.; requiring the Board of Trustees of the
17	Internal Improvement Trust Fund to approve a
18	rule establishing equitable rent in the
19	crawfish fishing if the rule is developed;
20	waiving certificate transfer fees and
21	surcharges when the transfer is within the
22	immediate family due to death or disability;
23	providing a penalty for theft from a crawfish
24	trap; providing penalties; conforming
25	cross-references; amending s. 370.143, F.S.;
26	waiving a trap retrieval fee for specified
27	licenseholders; requiring the payment of fees
28	before license and endorsement renewal; waiving
29	trap retrieval fees if the Governor declares a
30	disaster emergency area; amending s. 370.15,
31	F.S.; eliminating a requirement for

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1	noncommercial net registration; amending s.
2	370.153, F.S.; providing that noncommercial
3	trawling must be authorized by the Fish and
4	Wildlife Conservation Commission; amending s.
5	370.25, F.S.; providing that the artificial
6	reef program is created within the Fish and
7	Wildlife Conservation Commission; eliminating
8	criteria for allocation of funds; limiting
9	funding to specified corporations; providing
10	requirements for the storage, possession, and
11	transport of artificial reef materials;
12	revising permit requirements; providing a
13	felony penalty; providing appropriations;
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