

**STORAGE NAME:** h0841.ft

**DATE:** March 27, 2000

**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE ON  
FINANCE & TAXATION  
ANALYSIS - LOCAL LEGISLATION**

**BILL #:** HB 841

**RELATING TO:** Cedar Hammock Fire Control District

**SPONSOR(S):** Representative Ogles

**TIED BILL(S):** None

**ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:**

- (1) COMMUNITY AFFAIRS (PRC) YEAS 8 NAYS 0
  - (2) FINANCE & TAXATION
  - (3)
  - (4)
  - (5)
- 

**I. SUMMARY:**

The bill codifies all prior special acts relating to the Cedar Hammock Fire Control District in Manatee County into a single act and repeals all prior special acts relating to the District's charter.

The bill removes obsolete language which was preempted by applicable general law chapters and inserts applicable chapter language.

The bill updates the boundaries of the District.

No fiscal impacts are anticipated for either fiscal year 2000-01 or 2001-02 according to the Economic Impact Statement.

**See AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES section for an explanation of the amendments traveling with the bill.**

II. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS:

A. DOES THE BILL SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES:

- |                                   |                              |                             |   |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1. <u>Less Government</u>         | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. <u>Lower Taxes</u>             | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. <u>Individual Freedom</u>      | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. <u>Personal Responsibility</u> | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. <u>Family Empowerment</u>      | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

B. PRESENT SITUATION:

**Codification**

Codification is the process of bringing a special act up-to-date. Special acts are not codified and, after the Legislature passes the initial enabling act, special acts continuously amend or alter previously enacted special acts. To ascertain the current status of any special act, it is necessary to research all amendments or changes made to the Act since its inception or original passage by the Legislature. Codification of special district charters is important because it allows readers to go to one special act to determine the current charter of a district, instead of two, ten, twenty, or sometimes more special acts.

Section 191.015, Florida Statutes, provided for codification of fire control districts' charters either by December 1, 2001, or when any act relating to such district is introduced to the Legislature, whichever occurs first. In addition, section 189.429, Florida Statutes, was created by the 1997 Legislature which required that no changes be made to a special districts charter as it exists on October 1, 1997, in the codifying legislation and that all prior Legislative acts relating to the district be repealed.

The 1998 Legislature further amended section 191.015, Florida Statutes, by (1) extending the deadline to codify to December 1, 2004, (2) allowing for the adoption of the codification schedule provided for in an October 3, 1997 memorandum issued by the Chair of the Committee on Community Affairs, and (3) removing the requirement that a codified charter must be submitted prior to the introduction of any act relating to the charter or prior to the scheduled deadline. In addition, section 189.429, Florida Statutes, was amended by removing the prohibition of substantive amendments in a districts codification bill.

To date, five independent special fire control districts have codified pursuant to section 191.015, Florida Statutes. Those fire control districts are:

- |   |                    |
|---|--------------------|
| Florosa Fire Control District                   | Ch. 99-479, L.O.F. |
| Lee County Bonita Springs Fire Control District | Ch. 98-464, L.O.F. |
| North Bay Fire Control District                 | Ch. 98-470, L.O.F. |
| North Naples Fire District                      | Ch. 99-450, L.O.F. |

Ocean City-Wright District

Ch. 99-478, L.O.F.

The South Walton Fire District attempted to codify its charter during the 1999 Legislative Session. However, the codification bill died on the House calendar on April 30, 1999.

There are some independent special fire control districts which do not have to codify as they do not have more than one special act. Most of these independent special fire control districts previously were governed by ordinances. However, these ordinances were preempted by chapter 191, Florida Statutes, (see section 191.004, Florida Statutes). Some independent special fire control districts have codified their charter even though they currently do not have any special acts. These codifications are generally a restatement of chapter 191, Florida Statutes.

### **Status Statement Language**

Section 189.404(5), Florida Statutes, provides that after October 1, 1997, the charter of any newly created special district shall contain and, as practical, the charter of a preexisting special district shall be amended to contain, a reference to the status of the special district as dependent or independent. When necessary, the status statement shall be amended to conform with the department's determination or declaratory statement regarding the status of the district.

### **Chapter 191, Florida Statutes, Provisions**

Chapter 191, Florida Statutes, is the "Independent Special Fire Control District Act" (Act). The Act's purpose is to establish standards and procedures concerning the operations and governance of the 53 independent special fire control districts, and to provide greater uniformity in the financing authority, operations, and procedures for electing members of the governing boards of such districts to ensure greater accountability to the public. The Act requires each district, whether created by special act, general law of local application, or county ordinance, to comply. The section provides that it is the intent of the Legislature that this Act supersede all special acts or general laws of local application provisions that contain the charter of an independent special fire control district. However, those provisions that address district boundaries and geographical subdistricts for the election of members of the governing board are excepted. Chapter 191, Florida Statutes, also does not repeal any authorization providing for the levying of ad valorem taxes, special assessments, non-ad valorem assessments, impact fees, or other charges.

### **District Board of Commissioners**

Section 191.005, Florida Statutes, provides for the election of the district board of commissioners, including its membership, officers, and meetings. This section requires the business affairs of each district to be conducted and administered by a five-member board which is elected in nonpartisan staggered elections by the electors of the district. Districts which currently have three-member boards were required to increase to five members unless a special act was enacted after 1997 which provides that they are three-member boards. Although a special act is needed to have fewer than five members, a district can have more than five commissioners on its governing board. Pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 191.005(1), Florida Statutes, the Act does not require the elimination of board seats from those boards with more than five commissioners.

Candidates for the board are required to qualify with the county supervisor of elections. Except as specifically stated in Chapter 191, Florida Statutes, elections must be held at the

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same time and in the same manner as prescribed by law for holding general elections in accordance with subsections 189.405(2)(a) and (3), Florida Statutes. Each member is elected for a term of 4 years and serves until the member's successor is chosen and qualified. Candidates for the board must qualify by paying a filing fee equal to 3 percent of the salary or honorarium paid for the office, or a filing fee of \$25, whichever is more. In the alternative, candidates may qualify by submitting a petition that contains the signatures of at least 3 percent of the district's registered electors, or any lesser amount of signatures as directed by Chapter 99, Florida Statutes, Chapter 582, Florida Statutes, or other general or special law. No election or party assessment shall be levied if the election is nonpartisan. The forms are to be submitted and checked in the same manner as petitions filed by nonpartisan judicial candidates pursuant to section 105.035, Florida Statutes.

If a district presently elects members of its board, the next election must be conducted in accordance with section 191.005, Florida Statutes. This section does not require the early expiration of any member's term of office by more than 60 days.

Members of the board may each be paid a salary or honorarium which is determined by at least a majority-plus-one vote of the board. Such salary or honorarium is prohibited from exceeding \$500 per month for each member. Members may be reimbursed for travel and per diem expenses pursuant to section 112.061, Florida Statutes.

When a vacancy occurs on the board, the remaining members are permitted to appoint a qualified person to fill the seat until the next general election, at which time an election must be held to fill the vacancy. Upon assuming office, each member must take and subscribe to the oath of office and within 30 days after assuming office, give a surety bond in the sum of \$5,000. The cost of such bond is borne by the district.

The board is required to maintain records of all meetings, resolutions, proceedings, certificates, bonds given by commissioners, and corporate acts. The records are open to inspection in the same manner as state, county, and municipal records are open under Chapter 119, Florida Statutes. All meetings of the board are open to the public and governed by Chapter 286, Florida Statutes, section 189.417, Florida Statutes, and other applicable general laws.

#### Powers of the District

The district's general governmental powers, which may be exercised by majority vote, include but are not limited to the following:

- To provide for a pension or retirement plan for its employees. The board is also authorized to provide for an extra compensation program, including a lump-sum bonus payment program, to reward outstanding employees.
- To adopt resolutions and procedures prescribing the powers, duties, and functions of the officers of the district, the conduct of the business of the district, the maintenance of records, and the form of other documents and records of the district. The board is also authorized to adopt ordinances and resolutions that are necessary to conduct district business.
- To acquire, by purchase, lease, gift, dedication, devise, or otherwise, real and personal property or any estate for any purpose authorized in the Act.

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- To hold, control, and acquire by donation or purchase any public easement, dedication to public use, platted reservation for public purposes, or reservation for those purposes authorized by the Act.
- To borrow money and issue bonds, revenue anticipation notes, or certificates payable from and secured by a pledge of funds, revenues, taxes, and assessments, warrants, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness, and to mortgage real and personal property when necessary.
- To charge user and impact fees authorized by resolution of the board, in amounts necessary to conduct district activities and services, and to enforce their receipt and collection "in the manner prescribed by resolution not inconsistent with law."
- To exercise the power of eminent domain pursuant to Chapter 73, Florida Statutes, or Chapter 74, Florida Statutes, over any property within the district, except municipal, county, state, special district, or federal property used for a public purpose. Eminent domain may only be exercised for district purposes relating solely to the establishment and maintenance of fire stations and substations.
- To assess and impose upon real property in the district ad valorem taxes and special assessments.
- To impose and foreclose special assessment liens or to impose, collect, and enforce non-ad valorem assessments pursuant to Chapter 197, Florida Statutes.

#### Special Powers of the District

Independent special fire control districts are granted "special powers" relating to the provision of fire suppression and prevention, which involves the establishment and maintenance of fire stations and substations and the acquisition and maintenance of firefighting and fire-protection equipment deemed necessary to prevent or fight fires. The board is authorized to carry out the following powers:

- Establish and maintain emergency medical and rescue response services and acquire and maintain rescue, medical, and other emergency equipment, pursuant to chapter 401, Florida Statutes, and any certificate of public convenience and necessity or its equivalent issued for those purposes.
- Employ, train, and equip firefighting and other personnel, including volunteer firefighters, as necessary to accomplish the duties of the district.
- Conduct public education to promote awareness of methods to prevent fires and reduce loss of life and property.
- Adopt and enforce fire safety standards and codes and enforce the rules of the State Fire Marshal.
- Conduct arson investigations and cause-and-origin investigations.
- Adopt hazardous material safety plans and emergency response plans in coordination with the county emergency management agency, as provided in Chapter 252, Florida Statutes.

- Contract with general-purpose local government for emergency management planning and services.

### Taxes and Assessments

Districts are authorized to levy ad valorem taxes and non-ad valorem assessments for district purposes. Each district is authorized by this general provision to levy ad valorem taxes up to 3.75 mills, upon voter approval, notwithstanding lower millage caps in the special acts of individual districts. This provision applies unless a higher amount has previously been authorized. In that event, the higher, previously authorized rate applies. With respect to user charges, the board is permitted to provide a schedule of charges for emergency services, including firefighting occurring in or to structures outside the district.

The board may establish a schedule of impact fees, if the general-purpose local government has not adopted an impact fee for fire services. The schedule of impact fees must be in compliance with any standards set by general law for new construction to pay for the cost of new facilities and equipment. The board may enter into agreements with general-purpose local governments to share in the revenues from fire protection impact fees imposed by such governments.

### Bonds

Independent special fire control districts are authorized to issue various types of bonds, including general obligation bonds, assessment bonds, revenue bonds, notes, bond anticipation notes, or other evidences of indebtedness to finance all or part of any proposed improvements by this Act or under general law or special law. The total annual payments for the principal and interest on such indebtedness must not exceed 50 percent of the total annual budgeted revenues of the district. The bonds are payable from the non-ad valorem assessments or other non-ad valorem revenues, including user fees or charges or rental income authorized by this Act or general law. No proceedings may be required for the issuance of bonds other than those provided by this section and by general law. Detailed and lengthy provisions are set forth relating to issuance of bonds and the use of bond proceeds, and authority is given for the issuance of refunding bonds.

### Boundaries and Mergers

There are conditions under which the boundaries of an independent special fire control district are permitted to be modified, extended, enlarged or dissolved. Lands may be added or deleted from a district only by special act of the Legislature, subject to a referendum vote.

The merger of a district with all or part of another independent special district or dependent fire control district is effective only when it is ratified by the Legislature. A district's merger with another governmental entity is not justification for increasing the ad valorem taxes on property within the original limits of the district beyond the maximum established by the district's enabling legislation, unless such increase is approved by the electors of the district by referendum.

A district may only be dissolved by special act of the Legislature, subject to referendum vote of the electors of the district. If legislative dissolution of a district is proposed in order to consolidate fire services under county government, the county is required to prepare a report describing the plans for merger. The county commission is required to consider the report at a public hearing. If the report is adopted by the commission, the request for

legislative dissolution is permitted to proceed. The report must be filed as an attachment to the economic impact statement regarding the special act or general law of local application dissolving the district.

**C. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:**

The bill codifies all prior special acts relating to the Cedar Hammock Fire Control District in Manatee County into a single act and repeals all prior special acts relating to the District's charter.

The bill removes obsolete language which was preempted by applicable general law chapters and inserts applicable chapter language.

The bill declares that the District is an independent special district and that the District's charter may only be amended by special act.

The bill does not modify the District's current boundaries but does modify the boundary description. In a letter dated, March 8, 2000, Fire Chief Richard Fulwider explains the changes to the boundary description:

The edits to the boundary description...merely clarify previous changes to the District's boundaries and were recommended by a surveyor used by the District to confirm the accuracy of the boundary description as it evolved through several legislative changes.

**D. SECTION-BY-SECTION ANALYSIS:**

**Section 1:** Codifies, reenacts, amends, and repeals all special acts relating to the Cedar Hammock Fire Control District with a charter to read:

Section 1: Provides that this bill constitutes the District's codification required by section 191.015, Florida Statutes; provides intent language; and preserves District's current authority.

Section 2: Provides that all the unincorporated lands in Manatee County described in the charter shall be incorporated as an independent special fire control district and public municipal corporation; provides that the district is organized and exists for all purposes set forth in the act and Chapters 189 and 191, Florida Statutes; provides that the District was created by special act in 1957 and its charter may be amended only by special act of the Legislature.

Section 3: Describes the lands to be incorporated within the District.

Section 4: Provides for the governing board of the District.

Subsection (1) provides that the business and affairs of the District shall be conducted and administered by a five-member board of fire commissioners in accordance with chapter 191, Florida Statutes; provides for nonpartisan elections to be held in the manner prescribed in section 189.405(2)(a), Florida Statutes; provides that each member of the board shall be elected for a term

of four years and shall serve until his or her successor assumes office.

Subsection (2) provides for designated seats on the board and for candidates to designate which seat on the board he or she is qualifying for; also provides that the name of each candidate shall be on the ballot in a way that clearly indicates the seat for which he or she is a candidate.

Subsection (3) provides that each member of the board must be a qualified elector at the time he or she qualifies and continually throughout his or her term.

Subsection (4) provides that each elected member shall assume office 10 days following the member's election and that the board shall organize officers from its membership within 60 days after the new members have taken office.

Subsection (5) provides that members of the board may each be paid a salary or honorarium to be determined by at least a majority plus one vote of the board, pursuant to Chapter 191, Florida Statutes.

Subsection (6) provides that if a vacancy occurs on the board due to the resignation, death, or removal of a board member or the failure of anyone to qualify for a board seat, the remaining members may appoint a qualified person to fill the seat until the next general election.

Subsection (7) provides that procedures for conducting district elections or referenda and for the qualification of electors shall be pursuant to Chapters 189 and 191, Florida Statutes.

Subsection (8) provides that the board shall have those administrative duties set forth in this Act and Chapters 189 and 191, Florida Statutes.

- Section 5: Provides the authority to levy non-ad valorem assessments with the rate of such assessments to be determined annually by a resolution; provides that the assessments may be imposed, collected, and enforced pursuant to the provisions of sections 197.363 - 197.3635, Florida Statutes.
- Section 6: Provides that all property in the District shall be divided into three general classifications: vacant parcels, residential parcels, and commercial industrial parcels; provides descriptions and maximum annual assessment for these parcels.
- Section 7: Provides legislative findings and legislative intent for impact fees; provides for impact fees and declares them to be just, reasonable, and equitable; provides that impact fees collected are to be kept as a separate fund from other revenues of the District and shall be used exclusively for new facilities and defines new facilities.



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Section 8: Provides that the District shall hold all powers, functions, and duties set forth in Chapters 189, 191, and 197, Florida Statutes, in addition to the powers set forth in this act; provides that the District may be financed by any method established in this act, Chapters 189 and 191, Florida Statutes, or any other applicable general or special law.

Section 9: Provides that the District's planning requirements shall be as set forth in this act, Chapters 189 and 191, Florida Statutes, and other applicable general or special laws.

Section 10: Provides that the District's geographic boundary limitations shall be as set forth in this act.

Section 11: Provides that requirements for financial disclosure, meeting notices, public records maintenance, and per diem expenses for officers and employees shall be as set forth in Chapters 112, 119, 189, 191, and 286, Florida Statutes.

Section 12: Provides the procedures and requirements governing the issuance of bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness by the District shall be as set forth in this Act, Chapter 191, Florida Statutes, and any other applicable general or special law.

**Section 2:** Provides that this act is remedial and shall be liberally construed to promote the purposes for which it is intended.

**Section 3:** Provides for severability.

**Section 4:** Repeals all prior special acts relating to the District.

**Section 5:** Provides for the removal of the District from paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1 of Chapter 93-352, Laws of Florida, as amended by Chapter 94-373, Laws of Florida.

III. NOTICE/REFERENDUM AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS:

A. NOTICE PUBLISHED? Yes [X] No [ ]

IF YES, WHEN? October 11, 1999

WHERE? Bradenton Herald, in Bradenton, Manatee County, Florida

B. REFERENDUM(S) REQUIRED? Yes [ ] No [X]

IF YES, WHEN?

C. LOCAL BILL CERTIFICATION FILED? Yes, attached [X] No [ ]

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D. ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT FILED? Yes, attached [X] No [ ]

IV. COMMENTS:

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

N/A

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

N/A

C. OTHER COMMENTS:

N/A

V. AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES:

One amendment was adopted by the Committee on Community Affairs on March 14, 2000. The technical amendment removes the intent language from the charter and places it at the beginning of the bill; the amendment also eliminates an erroneous chapter reference.

VI. SIGNATURES:

COMMITTEE ON COMMUNITY AFFAIRS:

Prepared by:

Staff Director:

Kyle V. Mitchell

Joan Highsmith-Smith

AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE & TAXATION:

Prepared by:

Staff Director:

Kama D.S. Monroe

Alan Johansen