## Florida Senate - 2000

By Senator Klein

28-739A-00 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the death penalty; creating the "Death Penalty Reform Act of 2000"; 3 4 amending s. 922.10, F.S., relating to the execution of the death sentence; creating s. 5 6 922.101, F.S.; providing for execution of death 7 sentence by lethal injection if electrocution is not selected; prohibiting a reduction of the 8 9 death sentence as a result of a determination that a method of execution is unconstitutional; 10 11 creating s. 922.103, F.S.; providing 12 legislative intent with respect to the interpretation of laws altering a method of 13 execution of the death penalty; creating s. 14 922.104, F.S.; providing a procedure for 15 16 execution of the death sentence by lethal injection; amending s. 922.105, F.S., relating 17 to execution of the death sentence by lethal 18 19 injection; urging the Supreme Court to adopt 20 procedural rules that will streamline the filing and handling of postconviction and 21 22 collateral actions of persons under sentence of 23 death and to submit certain recommendations to 24 the Legislature; providing an effective date. 25 26 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 27 28 This act may be cited as the "Death Penalty Section 1. 29 Reform Act of 2000." 30 Section 2. Section 922.10, Florida Statutes, is 31 amended to read:

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| 1  | 922.10 Execution of death sentence;                            |
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| 2  | executionerUnless otherwise provided by law, a death           |
| 3  | sentence shall be executed by electrocution. The warden of the |
| 4  | state prison shall designate the executioner. Information      |
| 5  | which, if released, would identify the executioner is          |
| б  | confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1)    |
| 7  | and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The warrant    |
| 8  | authorizing the execution shall be read to the convicted       |
| 9  | person immediately before execution.                           |
| 10 | Section 3. Section 922.101, Florida Statutes, is               |
| 11 | created to read:   |
| 12 | 922.101 Execution of death sentence by lethal                  |
| 13 | injection if death by electrocution is not elected;            |
| 14 | prohibition against reduction of death sentence as a result of |
| 15 | determination that a method of execution is                    |
| 16 | unconstitutional   |
| 17 | (1) With respect to all sentences executed after               |
| 18 | January 10, 2000, a death sentence shall be executed by        |
| 19 | electrocution pursuant to s. 922.10 at the election, pursuant  |
| 20 | to this section, of the person sentenced to death. The         |
| 21 | election for death by electrocution is waived unless it is     |
| 22 | made in writing and delivered to the warden of the             |
| 23 | correctional facility within 30 days after the issuance of     |
| 24 | mandate pursuant to a decision by the Supreme Court of Florida |
| 25 | affirming the sentence of death. If the person waives the      |
| 26 | election of death by electrocution, then the sentence shall be |
| 27 | executed by lethal injection pursuant to s. 922.104.           |
| 28 | (2) If an execution by lethal injection pursuant to            |
| 29 | this section is barred by any court as a violation of any      |
| 30 | provision of either the State Constitution or Federal          |
| 31 | Constitution, then the death sentence shall be carried out     |
|    | 2  |

1 pursuant to s. 922.10, s. 922.105 (if applicable), or any 2 other provision of law which may be applicable at the time of 3 the execution. 4 (3) In any case in which the time provided for making 5 an election under subsection (1) shall have expired prior to б 30 days after the effective date of this act, the person 7 sentenced to death shall make an election within 30 days after 8 the effective date of this act and if not so made such election is waived. 9 10 (4) If a death warrant is issued before the expiration 11 of the time provided for making the election under subsection (3), the election must be made within 48 hours after a date 12 for execution of the death sentence has been set by the 13 Governor; and, if not so made, the election is waived. 14 Section 4. Section 922.103, Florida Statutes, is 15 created to read: 16 17 922.103 Legislative intent regarding interpretation of 18 laws altering a method of execution of the death penalty .--19 (1)The provisions of the opinion and all points of 20 law decided by the United States Supreme Court in Malloy v. 21 South Carolina, 237 U.S. 180 (1915), finding that the Ex Post Facto Clause of the United States Constitution is not violated 22 by a legislatively enacted change in the method of execution 23 24 for a sentence of death validly imposed for previously 25 committed capital crimes, are adopted by the Legislature as the law of this state. 26 27 (2) A change in the method of execution does not 28 increase the punishment or modify the penalty of death for a 29 capital crime. Any legislative change to the method of 30 execution for a capital crime does not violate s. 10, Art. I, 31 nor s. 9, Art. X of the State Constitution.

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| 1  | (3) Notwithstanding s. 775.082(2), s. 775.15(1)(a), or         |
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| 2  | s. 790.161(4), or any other provision of law to the contrary,  |
| 3  | no sentence of death shall be reduced as a result of a         |
| 4  | determination that a method of execution is declared           |
| 5  | unconstitutional under the State Constitution or the Federal   |
| 6  | Constitution. In any case in which an execution method is      |
| 7  | declared unconstitutional, the death sentence shall remain in  |
| 8  | force until the sentence can be lawfully executed by any valid |
| 9  | method of execution.   |
| 10 | Section 5. Section 922.104, Florida Statutes, is               |
| 11 | created to read:   |
| 12 | 922.104 Execution of death sentence by lethal                  |
| 13 | injection  |
| 14 | (1) This section shall govern all cases where a                |
| 15 | sentence of death is to be executed by lethal injection.       |
| 16 | (2) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person          |
| 17 | authorized by state law to prescribe medication and designated |
| 18 | by the Department of Corrections may prescribe the drug or     |
| 19 | drugs necessary to compound a lethal injection.                |
| 20 | Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person authorized   |
| 21 | by state law to prepare, compound, or dispense medication and  |
| 22 | designated by the Department of Corrections may prepare,       |
| 23 | compound, or dispense a lethal injection. For purposes of      |
| 24 | this section, prescription, preparation, compounding,          |
| 25 | dispensing, and administration of a lethal injection does not  |
| 26 | constitute the practice of medicine, nursing, or pharmacy.     |
| 27 | (3) Nothing contained in this chapter is intended to           |
| 28 | require any physician, nurse, pharmacist, or employee of the   |
| 29 | Department of Corrections or any other person to assist in any |
| 30 | aspect of an execution which is contrary to the person's moral |
| 31 | or ethical beliefs.  |

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Section 6. Section 922.105, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 amended to read: 3 922.105 Execution of death sentence by lethal injection if death by electrocution is declared 4 5 unconstitutional; prohibition against reduction of death sentence as a result of determination that a method of 6 7 execution is unconstitutional. --8 (1) If a death sentence is to shall be executed by electrocution pursuant to s. 922.10, and. If electrocution is 9 10 held to be unconstitutional by the Florida Supreme Court under 11 the State Constitution, or held to be unconstitutional by the United States Supreme Court under the United States 12 Constitution, or if the United States Supreme Court declines 13 to review any judgment holding electrocution to be 14 unconstitutional under the United States Constitution made by 15 the Florida Supreme Court or the United States Court of 16 Appeals that has jurisdiction over Florida, a person all 17 persons sentenced to death for a capital crime shall be 18 19 executed by lethal injection. 20 (2) The provisions of the opinion and all points of law decided by the United States Supreme Court in Malloy v. 21 22 South Carolina, 237 U.S. 180 (1915), finding that the Ex Post Facto Clause of the United States Constitution is not violated 23 24 by a legislatively enacted change in the method of execution 25 for a sentence of death validly imposed for previously committed capital murders, are adopted by the Legislature as 26 27 the law of this state. 28 (3) A change in the method of execution does not 29 increase the punishment or modify the penalty of death for capital murder. Any legislative change to the method of 30 31 5

1 execution for the crime of capital murder does not violate s. 2 10, Art. I or s. 9, Art. X of the State Constitution. 3 (4) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person authorized by state law to prescribe medication and designated 4 5 by the Department of Corrections may prescribe the drug or drugs necessary to compound a lethal injection. 6 7 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person authorized 8 by state law to prepare, compound, or dispense medication and 9 designated by the Department of Corrections may prepare, 10 compound, or dispense a lethal injection. For purposes of 11 this section, prescription, preparation, compounding, dispensing, and administration of a lethal injection does not 12 13 constitute the practice of medicine, nursing, or pharmacy. (5) The policies and procedures of the Department of 14 Corrections for execution of persons sentenced to death shall 15 16 be exempt from chapter 120. (6) Notwithstanding s. 775.082(2), s. 775.15(1)(a), or 17 18 s. 790.161(4), or any other provision to the contrary, no 19 sentence of death shall be reduced as a result of a determination that a method of execution is declared 20 21 unconstitutional under the State Constitution or the Constitution of the United States. In any case in which an 22 23 execution method is declared unconstitutional, the death 24 sentence shall remain in force until the sentence can be lawfully executed by any valid method of execution. 25 26 (7) Nothing contained in this chapter is intended to 27 require any physician, nurse, pharmacist, or employee of the 28 Department of Corrections or any other person to assist in any 29 aspect of an execution which is contrary to the person's moral 30 or ethical beliefs. 31

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| 1  | Section 7. The Legislature declares its intent to  |
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| 2  | revise, in a separate bill to be considered during the 2000  |
| 3  | Regular Session of the Legislature, the laws governing   |
| 4  | postconviction and collateral actions brought for reviewing  |
| 5  | either the judgment or the sentence of death in capital cases.   |
| 6  | To this end, the Legislature urges the Florida Supreme Court   |
| 7  | to expeditiously adopt procedural rules that will streamline   |
| 8  | the process for filing and handling such actions and to submit   |
| 9  | to the presiding officer of each house of the Legislature by   |
| 10 | March 2, 2000, any recommendations that the Court has for the  |
| 11 | substantive revision of the laws governing such actions.   |
| 12 | Section 8. This act shall take effect upon becoming a  |
| 13 | law.   |
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| 16 | SENATE SUMMARY   |
| 17 | Creates the "Death Penalty Reform Act of 2000." Provides   |
| 18 | for a death sentence to be executed by lethal injection<br>unless the person sentenced to death elects death by<br>electrocution. Requires that such election be made in |
| 19 | writing to the warden within 30 days after the sentence<br>of death is affirmed by the Florida Supreme Court. If the   |
| 20 | death warrant is issued before expiration of the 30-day<br>period, requires that such election be made within 48   |
| 21 | hours after the date for execution is set. Provides<br>procedures for execution by lethal injection. Urges the   |
| 22 | Supreme Court to adopt procedural rules that will<br>streamline the filing and handling of postconviction and  |
| 23 | collateral actions of persons under sentence of death and<br>to submit certain recommendations to the Legislature.   |
| 24 | to submit certain recommendations to the negistature.  |
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