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2	An act relating to prevention and amelioration	
3	of learning problems and learning disabilities	
4	in young children; authorizing a 3-year	
5	demonstration program to be called Learning	
6	Gateway; creating a steering committee;	
7	providing for membership and appointment of	
8	steering committee members; establishing duties	
9	of the steering committee; authorizing	
10	demonstration projects in three counties;	
11	authorizing designated agencies to share	
12	confidential information with Learning Gateway	
13	programs; amending s. 228.093, F.S.; providing	
14	access to student records by Learning Gateway	
15	programs and the Learning Gateway steering	
16	committee; providing for funding; providing an	
17	effective date.	
18		
19	WHEREAS, learning problems in children encompass all	
20	areas of development and may affect cognition; communication;	
21	attention; perception; behavior; and social, emotional,	
22	sensory, and motor functioning, and	
23	WHEREAS, learning problems and learning disabilities	
24	place children at risk for significant learning and adaptation	
25	problems in school, and, over time, adversely affect students'	
26	school performance as well as their social, physical, and	
27	emotional functioning and quality of life, and	
28	WHEREAS, the impact of learning problems on a child's	
29	school performance, such as grade retention and referrals to	
30	special education, may not be evident until the elementary	
31	school years, but warning signs or precursors of learning	
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COD	ING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions	

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problems and learning disabilities are exhibited much earlier, 1 2 and 3 WHEREAS, new research identifies factors that predict 4 which children are at risk of early learning problems prior to 5 school age, including biological, environmental, and 6 behavioral risks, and 7 WHEREAS, while no single risk factor can accurately 8 predict the occurrence of a learning disability, the presence 9 of multiple risks assists in identifying those children who 10 are most vulnerable, and

WHEREAS, recent advances in brain research show that 11 12 the greatest potential to influence a child's developing brain 13 exists during early years of life, and that the environment 14 sculpts the young child's brain as neurons form connections 15 and mature in response to stimulation and the environment, and WHEREAS, strategies to successfully intervene and 16 17 instruct before the children experience failure in the early elementary grades are being tested and disseminated by a 18

19 variety of demonstration research settings but are not widely 20 implemented in general practice, and

21 WHEREAS, identification of potential learning problems is essential to facilitate the provision of services to 22 23 children during the critical years of development, but inappropriate assessments of young children can create 24 inaccurate, stigmatizing long-term misperceptions about the 25 26 child's potential as a competent learner and citizen, and 27 WHEREAS, specific programs exist to provide services to children with established disabling conditions and 28 29 moderate-to-severe developmental delays that qualify under Part C and Part B of the Individuals with Disabilities 30 Education Act (IDEA) and to their families, and 31

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WHEREAS, few, if any, programs exist that specifically 1 2 target children with early learning problems and mild 3 developmental delays, and these children frequently do not 4 qualify for services or supports provided through 5 federally-funded programs such as Part C and Part B of the 6 IDEA, and 7 WHEREAS, providers of education, health services, 8 mental health services, and other systems of care for children 9 and their families may be unaware of or untrained in current research on early warning signs and effective instructional 10 strategies and methods of intervention, and 11 12 WHEREAS, parents are usually the best and most 13 important source of support for their children, but access to 14 information and services is often inconsistent and fragmented 15 across the state, and WHEREAS, the benefits to be generated by early 16 17 identification and intervention with learning problems, learning disabilities, and mild developmental delays are 18 19 significant in the lives of children and families, NOW, 20 THEREFORE, 21 22 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 23 24 Section 1. Learning Gateway .--(1) The Legislature authorizes a 3-year demonstration 25 26 program, to be called the Learning Gateway, the purpose of 27 which is to design and test an integrated community-based system to lessen the effects of early learning problems and 28 29 learning disabilities for children from birth through age 9 through prevention, early identification, early education, and 30 intervention. The goals of the Learning Gateway are to: 31 3

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Improve community awareness and education of 1 (a) 2 parents and practitioners about the warning signs or 3 precursors of learning problems and learning disabilities, 4 including disorders or delayed development in language, 5 attention, behavior, and social-emotional functioning, 6 including dyslexia and attention deficit hyperactivity 7 disorder, in children from birth through age 9. 8 (b) Improve access for children who are experiencing 9 early learning problems and their families to appropriate programs, services, and supports through improved outreach and 10 referral processes among providers. 11 12 (c) Improve developmental monitoring and the 13 availability of appropriate screening resources, with emphasis 14 on children from birth through age 9 who are at high risk of 15 having learning problems. (d) Improve the availability of appropriate education 16 17 and intervention programs, services, and supports to address learning problems and learning disabilities; address gaps in 18 19 the array of services and supports so that an appropriate 20 child-centered and family-centered continuum of education and 21 support is readily available in each community. (e) Improve accountability of the system through 22 23 improved planning, integration, and collaboration among providers and through outcome measurement. 24 25 (2) Learning Gateway Steering Committee.--26 (a) To ensure that children with potential learning 27 problems and learning disabilities have access to the 28 appropriate necessary services and supports, a 23-member steering committee is created. The steering committee is 29 30 assigned to the Department of Education for administrative 31 purposes. 4

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1	(b) The duties of the Learning Gateway Steering
2	Committee are to provide policy development, consultation,
3	oversight, and support for the implementation of three
4	demonstration programs, and to advise the agencies, the
5	Legislature, and the Governor on statewide implementation of
6	system components and issues and of strategies for continuing
7	improvement to the system.
8	(c) The steering committee shall direct the
9	administering agency of the Learning Gateway program to
10	procure the products delineated in section 2 of this act
11	through contracts or other means.
12	(d) The steering committee must include
13	representatives of the disciplines relevant to diagnosis of
14	and intervention in early learning problems. The Governor
15	shall appoint one member having expertise in education, one
16	member having expertise in speech and language pathology, one
17	member having expertise in audiology, one member who is a
18	parent of a child eligible for services by the Learning
19	Gateway, and one provider of related diagnostic and
20	intervention services. The President of the Senate shall
21	appoint one member having expertise in psychiatry, one member
22	having expertise in pediatrics, one member having expertise in
23	psychology, one member who is a parent of a child eligible for
24	services by the Learning Gateway, and one member who is a
25	provider of related diagnostic and intervention services. The
26	Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint one
27	member having expertise in genetics, one member having
28	expertise in occupational and physical therapy, one member
29	having expertise in social work, one parent of a child
30	eligible for services by the Learning Gateway, and one member
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who is a school psychologist providing diagnostic and 1 2 intervention services. 3 (e) To support and facilitate system improvements, the 4 steering committee must also include representatives from the 5 Department of Education, the Department of Health, the Florida 6 Partnership for School Readiness, the Department of Children 7 and Family Services, the Agency for Health Care 8 Administration, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the 9 Department of Corrections and the director of the Learning Development and Evaluation Center of Florida Agricultural and 10 Mechanical University. 11 12 (f) Steering committee appointments must be made, and the committee must hold its first meeting, within 45 days 13 14 after this act takes effect. The Governor shall designate as 15 chairman one of the committee members listed in paragraph (d). (3) Learning Gateway Demonstration Projects.--16 17 (a) Within 90 days after its initial meeting, the Learning Gateway Steering Committee shall accept proposals 18 19 from interagency consortia in Broward, Manatee, and St. Lucie 20 counties which comprise public and private providers, 21 community agencies, business representatives, and the local school board in each county to serve as demonstration sites 22 23 for design and development of a system that addresses the requirements in section 2 of this act. Multi-county 24 collaboration is encouraged, where appropriate. 25 26 (b) The proposals for demonstration projects must 27 provide a comprehensive and detailed description of the system of care. The description of the proposed system of care must 28 29 clearly indicate the point of access, integration of services, 30 linkages of providers, and additional array of services 31 6

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required to address the needs of the targeted children and 1 2 families. 3 The demonstration projects should ensure that the (C) 4 system of care appropriately includes existing services to the 5 fullest extent possible and should determine additional 6 programs, services, and supports that are necessary to 7 implement the requirements of this act. 8 (d) The projects, in conjunction with the steering 9 committee, shall determine what portion of the system can be funded using existing funds, demonstration funds provided by 10 this act, and other available private and community funds. 11 12 (e) The demonstration projects shall recommend to the steering committee the linking or combining of some or all of 13 14 the local planning bodies, including school readiness 15 coalitions, Healthy Start coalitions, Part C advisory councils, Department of Children and Family Services community 16 17 alliances, and other boards or councils that have a primary focus on children from birth to age 9, to the extent allowed 18 19 by federal regulations, if such changes would improve 20 coordination and reduce unnecessary duplication of effort. 21 (f) Demonstration projects shall use public and private partnerships, partnerships with faith-based 22 23 organizations, and volunteers, as appropriate, to enhance 24 accomplishment of the goals of the system. (g) Addressing system components delineated in section 25 26 2 of this act, each demonstration project proposal must 27 include, at a minimum: 28 1. A method for establishing communication, 29 coordination, and planning processes within the community. 30 2. Action steps for making appropriate linkages to 31 existing services within the community. 7

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1 3. Procedures to determine gaps in services and 2 identify appropriate providers. 4. Plans to contract for specialty services as needed. 3 4 5. Plans to provide additional direct service, if 5 necessary, with a limit of self-referrals. 6 6. A lead agency to serve as the system access point, 7 or gateway. 8 (h) As authorized under the budget authority of the Department of Education, demonstration projects, 9 representative of the diversity of the communities in this 10 state, shall be established in Broward, Manatee, and St. Lucie 11 12 counties as local Learning Gateway sites and shall be authorized to hire staff, establish office space, and contract 13 14 with private providers as needed to implement the project 15 within the budget designated by the Legislature. (i) The steering committee must approve, deny, or 16 17 conditionally approve a Learning Gateway proposal within 60 days after receipt of the proposal. If a proposal is 18 conditionally approved, the steering committee must assist the 19 20 Learning Gateway applicant to correct deficiencies in the proposal by December 1, 2001. Funds must be available to a 21 pilot program 15 days after final approval of its proposal by 22 23 the steering committee. Funds must be available to all pilot programs by January 1, 2002. 24 Section 2. Components of the Learning Gateway .--25 (1) The Learning Gateway system consists of the 26 following components: 27 28 (a) Community education and family-oriented access 29 strategies.--30 1. Each local demonstration project shall establish an 31 access point to provide the system access point, or gateway, 8

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by which parents can receive information about available 1 appropriate services. An existing public or private agency or 2 3 provider or new provider may serve as the system gateway. The 4 local Learning Gateway should provide parents and caretakers 5 with a single point of access for screening, assessment, and 6 referral for services for children ages birth through age 9. 7 The demonstration projects have the budgetary authority to hire appropriate personnel to perform the required functions. 8 9 These staff members must be knowledgeable about child development, early identification of learning problems and 10 learning disabilities, family service planning, and services 11 12 in the local area. If the following services are not provided by existing service systems, the gateway provider shall: 13 14 a. Conduct intake with families. 15 b. Conduct appropriate screening or refer for such 16 services. 17 c. Conduct needs/strengths-based family assessment. d. Develop family resource plans. 18 19 e. Make referrals for needed services and assist 20 families in the application process. 21 f. Provide service coordination as needed by families. g. Assist families in establishing a medical home. 22 23 h. Conduct case management and transition planning as necessary. 24 i. Monitor performance of service providers against 25 26 appropriate standards. The Learning Gateway Steering Committee and 27 2. 28 demonstration projects shall designate a central information 29 and referral access phone number in each pilot community. This 30 centralized phone number should be used to increase public 31 awareness and to improve access to local supports and services 9

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for children from birth through age 9 and their families. The 1 2 number should be highly publicized as the primary source of 3 information on services for young children. The telephone 4 staff should be trained and supported to offer accurate and 5 complete information and to make appropriate referrals to 6 existing public and private community agencies. 7 3. In collaboration with local resources such as 8 Healthy Start, the demonstration projects shall develop 9 strategies for providing systematic hospital visits or home visits by trained staff to new mothers. The Learning Gateway 10 Steering Committee shall provide technical assistance to local 11 12 demonstration projects in developing brochures and other 13 materials to be distributed to parents of newborns. 14 4. In collaboration with other local resources, the 15 demonstration projects shall develop public awareness strategies to disseminate information about developmental 16 17 milestones, precursors of learning problems and other developmental delays, and the service system that is 18 19 available. The information should target parents of children 20 from birth through age 9 and should be distributed to parents, health care providers, and caregivers of children from birth 21 through age 9. A variety of media should be used as 22 23 appropriate, such as print, television, radio, and a community-based internet web site, as well as opportunities 24 such as those presented by parent visits to physicians for 25 26 well-child check ups. The Learning Gateway Steering Committee 27 shall provide technical assistance to the local demonstration projects in developing and distributing educational materials 28 29 and information. a. Public awareness strategies targeting parents of 30 children from birth through age 5 shall be designed to provide 31 10

information to public and private preschool programs, 1 childcare providers, pediatricians, parents, and local 2 3 business and organizations. These strategies should include 4 information on the school readiness performance standards for 5 kindergarten adopted by the School Readiness Partnership 6 Board. 7 b. Public awareness strategies targeting parents of children from ages 6 through 9 must be designed to disseminate 8 9 training materials and brochures to parents and public and private school personnel, and must be coordinated with the 10 local school board and the appropriate school advisory 11 12 committees in the demonstration projects. The materials should contain information on state and district proficiency 13 14 levels for grades K-3. (b) Screening and developmental monitoring.--15 16 1. In coordination with the Partnership for School 17 Readiness, the Department of Education, and the Florida Pediatric Society, and using information learned from the 18 19 local demonstration projects, the Learning Gateway Steering 20 Committee shall establish guidelines for screening children 21 from birth through age 9. The guidelines should incorporate recent research on the indicators most likely to predict early 22 learning problems, mild developmental delays, child-specific 23 precursors of school failure, and other related developmental 24 indicators in the domains of cognition; communication; 25 26 attention; perception; behavior; and social, emotional, sensory, and motor functioning. The steering committee should 27 assist projects in developing and testing screening processes 28 29 to address social/emotional/behavioral interactions between the child and caregiver which could indicate future problems 30 31 or delays.

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1	2. Based on the guidelines established by the steering		
2	committee and in cooperation with the Florida Pediatric		
3	Society, the steering committee shall adopt a comprehensive		
4	checklist for child healthcare checkups and a corresponding		
5	training package for physicians and other medical personnel in		
6	implementing more effective screening for precursors of		
7	learning problems, learning disabilities, and mild		
8	developmental delays.		
9	3. Using the screening guidelines developed by the		
10	steering committee, local demonstration projects should engage		
11	local physicians and other medical professionals in enhancing		
12	the screening opportunities presented by immunization visits		
13	and other well-child appointments, in accordance with the		
14	American Academy of Pediatrics Periodicity Schedule.		
15	4. Using the screening guidelines developed by the		
16	steering committee, the demonstration projects shall develop		
17	strategies to increase early identification of precursors to		
18	learning problems and learning disabilities through improved		
19	screening and referral practices within public and private		
20	early care and education programs and K-3 public and private		
21	school settings. Strategies may include training and		
22	technical assistance teams to assist program providers and		
23	teachers. Personnel should refer those children who exhibit		
24	potential learning problems to the appropriate community		
25	resource for further evaluation and services. The program		
26	shall collaborate appropriately with the school readiness		
27	coalitions, local school boards, and other community resources		
28	in arranging and providing training and technical assistance		
29	for early identification and screening.		
30	5. The demonstration project shall work with		
31	appropriate local entities to reduce the duplication of		
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cross-agency screening in each demonstration project area. 1 2 Demonstration projects shall provide opportunities for public 3 and private providers of screening and assessment at each age 4 level to meet periodically to identify screening practices 5 where gaps or duplication of efforts exists. 6 6. Based on technical assistance and support provided 7 by the steering committee and in conjunction with the school 8 readiness coalitions and other appropriate entities, 9 demonstration projects shall develop a system to log the number of children screened, assessed, and referred for 10 services. After development and testing, tracking should be 11 12 supported by a standard electronic data system for screening 13 and assessment information. 14 7. In conjunction with the technical assistance of the 15 steering committee, demonstration projects shall develop a system for targeted screening. The projects should conduct a 16 17 needs assessment of existing programs and services where targeted screening programs should be offered. Based on the 18 19 results of the needs assessment, procedures must be 20 established within the demonstration community to ensure that periodic developmental screening is conducted for children 21 from birth through age 9 who are served by state intervention 22 23 programs or whose parents or caregivers are in state intervention programs. Intervention programs for children, 24 parents, and caregivers include those administered or funded 25 26 by the: a. Agency for Health Care Administration; 27 b. Department of Children and Family Services; 28 29 c. Department of Corrections and other criminal 30 justice programs; d. Department of Education; 31 13

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e. Department of Health; and 1 2 f. Department of Juvenile Justice. 3 8. When results of screening suggest developmental problems, potential learning problems, or learning 4 5 disabilities, the intervention program shall refer the child 6 to the Learning Gateway for coordination of further 7 assessment. The Learning Gateway shall make referrals to the 8 appropriate entities within the service system. 9 9. The local Learning Gateway shall provide for followup contact to all families whose children were found 10 ineligible for services under Part B or Part C of the IDEA. 11 12 10. In consultation with the steering committee, demonstration projects shall pilot the expansion of newborn 13 14 screening to include tandem mass spectrometry, pursuant to 15 section 383.14, Florida Statutes, with the intention of statewide implementation at the earliest feasible date. 16 17 11. Demonstration projects shall pilot an automatic referral of high-risk newborns by the Office of Vital 18 19 Statistics to the local Learning Gateway. Upon receipt of 20 referral, staff of the local Learning Gateway shall contact the parents and provide information about available services. 21 Parental consent is required for further referral for 22 23 evaluation and services. The procedures established must be consistent with applicable confidentiality requirements. 24 12. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, each 25 26 agency identified in paragraph 7. is authorized to share with a Learning Gateway program confidential information exempt 27 from disclosure under chapter 119, Florida Statutes, on any 28 29 individual who is or has been the subject of a developmental 30 screening within the jurisdiction of each agency. 31 (c) Early education, services and supports.--14

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1 1. The demonstration projects shall develop a model system of care that builds upon, integrates, and fills the 2 3 gaps in existing services. Qualified providers of 4 family-based or center-based interventions or public and 5 private school personnel shall offer services in a manner 6 consistent with the standards established by their profession 7 and by the standards and criteria adopted by the steering 8 committee and consistent with effective and proven strategies. 9 The specific services and supports may include: a. High-quality early education and care programs. 10 b. Assistance to parents and other caregivers, such as 11 12 home-based modeling programs for parents and play programs to 13 provide peer interactions. 14 c. Speech and language therapy that is age 15 appropriate. 16 d. Parent education and training. 17 e. Comprehensive medical screening and referral with biomedical interventions as necessary. 18 f. Referral as needed for family therapy, other mental 19 20 health services, and treatment programs. 21 g. Family support services as necessary. 22 h. Therapy for learning differences in reading and 23 math, and attention to subject material for children in grades 24 K to 3. i. Referral for Part B or Part C services as required. 25 26 Expanded access to community-based services for j. 27 parents. 28 k. Parental choice in the provision of services by 29 public and private providers. 30 2. Demonstration projects shall develop strategies to increase the use of appropriate intervention practices with 31 15

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children who have learning problems and learning disabilities 1 2 within public and private early care and education programs 3 and K-3 public and private school settings. Strategies may 4 include training and technical assistance teams. Intervention 5 must be coordinated and must focus on providing effective 6 supports to children and their families within their regular 7 education and community environment. These strategies must 8 incorporate, as appropriate, school and district activities 9 related to the student's academic improvement plan and must provide parents with greater access to community-based 10 services that should be available beyond the traditional 11 12 school day. Academic expectations for public school students 13 in grades K-3 must be based upon the local school board's 14 adopted proficiency levels. When appropriate, school 15 personnel shall consult with the local Learning Gateway to identify other community resources for supporting the child 16 17 and the family. 3. The steering committee, in conjunction with local 18 19 demonstration projects and local school boards, may develop a 20 plan for creating incentives for educators and parents or 21 caregivers to use appropriate practices for young children from birth through age 9 which address the unique needs of 22 23 children who are at risk of learning problems and learning disabilities that may impede success in school. Incentives 24 should be awarded based on the integration of instructional 25 strategies, staffing ratios, staff training requirements, 26 family involvement, and other specialized services and 27 supports that are designed to meet the unique needs of all 28 29 learners. 4. The steering committee shall work toward the goal 30 of ensuring that every teacher has the ability to identify and 31 16

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properly respond to children who have learning problems and 1 learning disabilities. In cooperation with the universities in 2 3 the state and the Department of Education, the steering 4 committee shall identify competencies for instructional 5 personnel to address learning problems and learning 6 disabilities that may impede school success. These 7 competencies must be used to develop or adopt research-based 8 preservice and inservice training programs for teachers and 9 personnel in public and private early care and education programs and grades prek-3. Each teacher preparation program 10 in the state university system must require a minimum of 3 11 12 hours of credit in coursework in normal child development and 13 the disorders of development. 14 5. The steering committee shall work with the 15 Department of Education to ensure that certification and recertification requirements prepare teachers to identify 16 17 developmental problems in students and to use research-based, effective instructional and behavioral strategies for speech 18 19 and language development, emerging literacy, and 20 developmentally appropriate practices and learning strategies 21 for diverse learners. The steering committee, in cooperation with the 22 6. 23 Florida Partnership for School Readiness, shall identify the elements of an effective research-based curriculum for early 24 25 care and education programs. 7. The steering committee, in conjunction with the 26 demonstration projects, shall develop processes for 27 28 identifying and sharing promising practices and shall showcase 29 these programs and practices at the dissemination conference. 30 As funding is available, the committee may recommend monetary awards to programs selected as "promising practices" to be 31 17

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used for program enhancements. Processes for selecting 1 2 promising practices should include: 3 a. Establishing criteria for selection, including 4 length of time in operation and evidence of effectiveness 5 (outcome data); 6 b. Establishing a nomination process; 7 c. Establishing a review panel and review process; d. Making the selection based on a written 8 9 description; 10 e. Conducting a site visit; f. Completing the selections; and 11 12 g. Disseminating program descriptions. 8. The steering committee shall establish processes 13 14 for facilitating state and local providers' ready access to information and training concerning effective instructional 15 and behavioral practices and interventions based on advances 16 17 in the field and for encouraging researchers to regularly guide practitioners in designing and implementing 18 19 research-based practices. At a minimum, the steering committee 20 shall assist the demonstration projects in conducting periodic conferences to ensure the dissemination of information on best 21 practices and new insights about early identification, 22 23 education, and intervention for children from birth through age 9. The conference should be established so that continuing 24 25 education credits may be awarded to medical professionals, teachers, and others for whom this is an incentive. 26 27 9. Demonstration projects shall investigate and may recommend to the steering committee more effective resource 28 29 allocation and flexible funding strategies such as central 30 financing, if such strategies are in the best interest of the children and families in the community. The Department of 31 18

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Education and other relevant agencies shall assist the 1 demonstration projects in securing state and federal waivers 2 3 as appropriate. Effectiveness of interventions, such as 4 reduced referrals to special education, should not negatively 5 affect the schools' or district's budget. 6 Section 3. Accountability.--7 (1) The steering committee shall assist the School 8 Readiness Estimating Conference and the Enrollment Conference 9 for Public Schools in developing estimates of the population of children from birth through age 9 who are at risk of 10 learning problems and learning disabilities by establishing 11 12 cross-agency standards for data collection and sharing. (2) The steering committee, in conjunction with the 13 14 demonstration projects, shall develop accountability mechanisms to ensure that the demonstration programs are 15 16 effective and that resources are used as efficiently as 17 possible. Accountability should be addressed through a multilevel evaluation system, including measurement of 18 19 outcomes and operational indicators. Measurable outcomes must 20 be developed to address improved family functioning, improved 21 child development, improved child health, and success in school. Indicators of system improvements must be developed 22 23 to address quality of programs and integration of services. Agency monitoring of programs shall include a review of child 24 25 and family outcomes and system effectiveness indicators with a 26 specific focus on elimination of unnecessary duplication of planning, screening, and services. 27 28 (3) The steering committee shall oversee a formative 29 evaluation of the project during implementation, including 30 reporting short-term outcomes and system improvements. By January 2003, the steering committee shall make 31 19

recommendations to the Governor, the President of the Senate, 1 2 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the 3 Commissioner of Education related to the merits of expansion 4 of the demonstration projects. 5 (4) The steering committee, at any time, may recommend 6 statewide expansion of any component of the system which has 7 demonstrated effectiveness as documented by the formative evaluation. 8 9 (5) If statewide expansion of the comprehensive system is recommended after the second year of the program, the 10 steering committee, in conjunction with the demonstration 11 12 projects, shall develop state-level and community-based strategic plans to formalize the goals, objectives, 13 14 strategies, and intended outcomes of the comprehensive system, and to support the integration and efficient delivery of all 15 services and supports for children from birth through age 9 16 17 who have learning problems or learning disabilities. In conjunction with the demonstration projects, the steering 18 19 committee shall develop a statewide strategic plan for 20 implementing a model system statewide. Community-level strategic plans must include, but need not be limited to, 21 22 strategies to: 23 Improve early identification of those who are at (a) risk for learning problems and learning disabilities; 24 (b) Provide access to an appropriate array of services 25 26 within the child's natural environment or regular classroom 27 setting or specialized training in other settings; (c) Improve and coordinate screening for children from 28 29 birth through age 9; Improve and coordinate services for children from 30 (d) 31 birth through age 9; 20

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(e) Address training of professionals in effectively 1 2 identifying factors, across all domains, which place children 3 from birth through age 9 at risk of school failure and in 4 appropriate interventions for the learning differences; 5 (f) Provide appropriate support to families; 6 (g) Share best practices with caregivers and referral 7 sources; 8 (h) Address resource needs of the assessment and 9 intervention system; and 10 (i) Address development of implementation plans to identify action steps, responsible parties, and implementation 11 schedules, and to ensure appropriate alignment with agency 12 13 strategic plans. 14 Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 228.093, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 228.093 Pupil and student records and reports; rights 16 17 of parents, guardians, pupils, and students; notification; 18 penalty.--19 (3) RIGHTS OF PARENT, GUARDIAN, PUPIL, OR STUDENT. -- The parent or guardian of any pupil or student who 20 attends or has attended any public school, area 21 22 vocational-technical training center, community college, or 23 institution of higher education in the State University System shall have the following rights with respect to any records or 24 reports created, maintained, and used by any public 25 26 educational institution in the state. However, whenever a pupil or student has attained 18 years of age, or is attending 27 an institution of postsecondary education, the permission or 28 29 consent required of, and the rights accorded to, the parents of the pupil or student shall thereafter be required of and 30 accorded to the pupil or student only, unless the pupil or 31 21

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1 student is a dependent pupil or student of such parents as 2 defined in 26 U.S.C. s. 152 (s. 152 of the Internal Revenue 3 Code of 1954). The State Board of Education shall formulate, 4 adopt, and promulgate rules whereby parents, guardians, 5 pupils, or students may exercise these rights:

6 (d) Right of privacy.--Every pupil or student shall 7 have a right of privacy with respect to the educational 8 records kept on him or her. Personally identifiable records or 9 reports of a pupil or student, and any personal information contained therein, are confidential and exempt from the 10 provisions of s. 119.07(1). No state or local educational 11 12 agency, board, public school, area technical center, community 13 college, or institution of higher education in the State 14 University System shall permit the release of such records, 15 reports, or information without the written consent of the 16 pupil's or student's parent or guardian, or of the pupil or 17 student himself or herself if he or she is qualified as provided in this subsection, to any individual, agency, or 18 19 organization. However, personally identifiable records or reports of a pupil or student may be released to the following 20 persons or organizations without the consent of the pupil or 21 22 the pupil's parent:

1. Officials of schools, school systems, area technical centers, community colleges, or institutions of higher learning in which the pupil or student seeks or intends to enroll; and a copy of such records or reports shall be furnished to the parent, guardian, pupil, or student upon request.

29 2. Other school officials, including teachers within 30 the educational institution or agency, who have legitimate 31

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educational interests in the information contained in the
 records.

3 3. The United States Secretary of Education, the 4 Director of the National Institute of Education, the Assistant 5 Secretary for Education, the Comptroller General of the United 6 States, or state or local educational authorities who are 7 authorized to receive such information subject to the 8 conditions set forth in applicable federal statutes and 9 regulations of the United States Department of Education, or in applicable state statutes and rules of the State Board of 10 Education. 11

12 4. Other school officials, in connection with a13 pupil's or student's application for or receipt of financial14 aid.

Individuals or organizations conducting studies for 15 5. 16 or on behalf of an institution or a board of education for the 17 purpose of developing, validating, or administering predictive 18 tests, administering pupil or student aid programs, or improving instruction, if such studies are conducted in such a 19 manner as will not permit the personal identification of 20 pupils or students and their parents by persons other than 21 representatives of such organizations and if such information 22 23 will be destroyed when no longer needed for the purpose of conducting such studies. 24

25 6. Accrediting organizations, in order to carry out26 their accrediting functions.

27 7. School readiness coalitions and the Florida
28 Partnership for School Readiness in order to carry out their
29 assigned duties.

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8. Learning Gateway programs and the Learning Gateway 1 2 steering committee in order to carry out their assigned 3 duties. 4 9.8. For use as evidence in pupil or student expulsion 5 hearings conducted by a district school board pursuant to the 6 provisions of chapter 120. 7 10.9. Appropriate parties in connection with an 8 emergency, if knowledge of the information in the pupil's or 9 student's educational records is necessary to protect the health or safety of the pupil, student, or other individuals. 10 11.10. The Auditor General in connection with his or 11 12 her official functions; however, except when the collection of personally identifiable information is specifically authorized 13 14 by law, any data collected by the Auditor General is 15 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and shall be protected in such a way as will not permit the 16 17 personal identification of students and their parents by other 18 than the Auditor General and his or her staff, and such 19 personally identifiable data shall be destroyed when no longer needed for the Auditor General's official use. 20 21 12.11.a. A court of competent jurisdiction in 22 compliance with an order of that court or the attorney of 23 record pursuant to a lawfully issued subpoena, upon the condition that the pupil or student and the pupil's or 24 student's parent are notified of the order or subpoena in 25 26 advance of compliance therewith by the educational institution 27 or agency. A person or entity pursuant to a court of competent 28 b. 29 jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the attorney of record pursuant to a lawfully issued subpoena, 30 upon the condition that the pupil or student, or his or her 31 24 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 parent if the pupil or student is either a minor and not 2 attending an institution of postsecondary education or a 3 dependent of such parent as defined in 26 U.S.C. s. 152 (s. 4 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954), is notified of the 5 order or subpoena in advance of compliance therewith by the 6 educational institution or agency.

7 <u>13.12.</u> Credit bureaus, in connection with an agreement 8 for financial aid which the student has executed, provided 9 that such information may be disclosed only to the extent 10 necessary to enforce the terms or conditions of the financial 11 aid agreement. Credit bureaus shall not release any 12 information obtained pursuant to this paragraph to any person.

13 1413. Parties to an interagency agreement among the 14 Department of Juvenile Justice, school and law enforcement 15 authorities, and other signatory agencies for the purpose of 16 reducing juvenile crime and especially motor vehicle theft by 17 promoting cooperation and collaboration, and the sharing of appropriate information in a joint effort to improve school 18 19 safety, to reduce truancy, in-school and out-of-school suspensions, to support alternatives to in-school and 20 out-of-school suspensions and expulsions that provide 21 structured and well-supervised educational programs 22 23 supplemented by a coordinated overlay of other appropriate services designed to correct behaviors that lead to truancy, 24 suspensions, and expulsions, and which support students in 25 26 successfully completing their education. Information provided 27 in furtherance of such interagency agreements is intended solely for use in determining the appropriate programs and 28 29 services for each juvenile or the juvenile's family, or for coordinating the delivery of such programs and services, and 30 as such is inadmissible in any court proceedings prior to a 31

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dispositional hearing unless written consent is provided by a
 parent, guardian, or other responsible adult on behalf of the
 juvenile.

5 This paragraph does not prohibit any educational institution 6 from publishing and releasing to the general public directory 7 information relating to a pupil or student if the institution 8 elects to do so. However, no educational institution shall 9 release, to any individual, agency, or organization which is not listed in subparagraphs 1.-13., directory information 10 relating to the student body in general or a portion thereof 11 12 unless it is normally published for the purpose of release to the public in general. Any educational institution making 13 14 directory information public shall give public notice of the 15 categories of information which it has designated as directory information with respect to all pupils or students attending 16 17 the institution and shall allow a reasonable period of time after such notice has been given for a parent, guardian, 18 19 pupil, or student to inform the institution in writing that 20 any or all of the information designated should not be released. 21

22 Section 5. <u>The Legislature shall appropriate a sum of</u> 23 <u>money to fund the demonstration programs and shall authorize</u> 24 <u>selected communities to blend funding from existing programs</u> 25 <u>to the extent that this is advantageous to the community and</u> 26 <u>is consistent with federal requirements.</u>

27Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a28law.

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