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By the Committee on Child & Family Security and Representatives Murman, Rich, Lynn, Flanagan, Hogan, Jordan, Bean, Benson, Negron, Russell, Hart, Green, Ross, Brown, Paul, Simmons, Kravitz, Garcia, Detert, Mahon, Berfield, Baxley, Kallinger, Mealor and Attkisson

A bill to be entitled An act relating to foster care; amending s. 20.19, F.S.; modifying the authority for lead agencies to provide services; amending s. 39.521, F.S., relating to disposition hearings; providing that certain children must be placed in licensed residential care and must remain there unless a court determines that it is not in the child's best interest; requiring that the Department of Children and Family Services report to the Legislature each year on the number of children placed in residential group care and the number of children for whom placement was unavailable; amending s. 409.1671, F.S.; redefining the term "related services"; providing an additional requirement for eligible lead community-based providers; providing for a plan to be used as an alternative to procuring foster care services through an eligible lead community-based provider; creating s. 409.1676, F.S.; providing for comprehensive residential services to children who have extraordinary needs; defining terms; providing for the Department of Children and Family Services to contract with specified entities for such services; specifying duties of the contracting entity; providing legal authority of the contracting entity to authorize specified activities for children served; prescribing departmental duties; creating s. 409.1677, F.S.; providing for model

comprehensive residential services programs in 1 2 specified counties; defining terms; providing 3 for the programs to be established through 4 contracts between the department and specified 5 entities; prescribing the content of each model program; establishing responsibilities of the 6 7 contracting private entity; providing legal 8 authority of the contracting private entity to authorize certain activities for children 9 served; prescribing departmental duties; 10 creating s. 409.1679, F.S.; prescribing 11 12 additional requirements for the programs 13 established under ss. 409.1676 and 409.1677, 14 F.S., including requirements relating to 15 reimbursement methodology and program 16 evaluation; requiring the department to provide progress reports to the Legislature; amending 17 s. 409.175, F.S.; allowing a family foster home 18 license to be valid for an extended period in 19 20 specified circumstances; amending s. 784.081, F.S., relating to upgrading the seriousness of 21 22 the offense if a person commits an assault or a battery against specified officials or 23 24 employees; including on the list of such 25 officials and employees an employee of a lead 26 community-based provider or its direct service 27 contract providers; requiring the Department of 28 Children and Family Services to provide the 29 Legislature with a report on the status of the child protection program; providing an 30 31 effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 20.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

20.19 Department of Children and Family Services. -- There is created a Department of Children and Family Services.

- (7) PROTOTYPE REGION. --
- (c) The department is authorized to contract for children's services with a lead agency in each county of the prototype area, except that the lead agency contract may cover more than one county when it is determined that such coverage will provide more effective or efficient services. The duties of the lead agency shall include, but not necessarily be limited to:
- 1. Directing and coordinating the program and children's services within the scope of its contract.
- Providing or contracting for the provision of core services, including intake and eligibility, assessment, service planning, and case management. However, a lead agency may obtain approval from the department to provide core services, including intake and eligibility, assessment, service planning, and case management, upon a finding by the department that such lead agency is the only appropriate organization within the service district capable of providing such service or services within the department's quality assurance and performance standards.
- 3. Creating a service provider network capable of delivering the services contained in client service plans, which shall include identifying the necessary services, the 31 | necessary volume of services, and possible utilization

 patterns and negotiating rates and expectations with providers.

- 4. Managing and monitoring of provider contracts and subcontracts.
- 5. Developing and implementing an effective bill payment mechanism to ensure all providers are paid in a timely fashion.
- 6. Providing or arranging for administrative services necessary to support service delivery.
- 7. Utilizing departmentally approved training and meeting departmentally defined credentials and standards.
- 8. Providing for performance measurement in accordance with the department's quality assurance program and providing for quality improvement and performance measurement.
- 9. Developing and maintaining effective interagency collaboration to optimize service delivery.
- $10. \;\;$  Ensuring that all federal and state reporting requirements are met.
- 11. Operating a consumer complaint and grievance process.
- 12. Ensuring that services are coordinated and not duplicated with other major payors, such as the local schools and Medicaid.
- 13. Any other duties or responsibilities defined in s. 409.1671 related to community-based care.
- Section 2. Subsections (5), (6), and (7) of section 39.521, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6), (7), and (8), respectively, and a new subsection (5) is added to said section to read:
  - 39.521 Disposition hearings; powers of disposition.--

- years of age or older who has been in licensed family foster care for 6 months or longer and who is then moved more than once must be assessed for placement in licensed residential group care. This assessment procedure shall be led by the child's assigned caseworker and shall incorporate current and historical information from any psychological testing or evaluation that has occurred; from the guardian ad litem, if one has been assigned; and from any current therapist, teacher, or other professional who has knowledge of the child and has worked with the child, and shall include information concerning the impact of the child's placement in residential group care on the child's siblings and the availability of suitable residential group care.
- 1. If such placement is determined to be appropriate as a result of this procedure, the department shall place the child in residential group care and inform the court within 48 hours after the placement. The child must remain in residential group care unless the court determines that continued placement is not in the child's best interest.
- 2. If the child is placed in residential group care and the department determines that continued placement is inappropriate, the assigned caseworker must submit specific justification to remove the child from residential group care, in writing, to the court for review at the next scheduled hearing.
- (b) By December 1 of each year, the department shall report to the Legislature on the placement of children in licensed residential group care during the preceding fiscal year, including the criteria used to determine the placement of children, the number of children who were assessed for

placement, the number of children who were placed based upon 1 2 the assessment, and the number of children who were not placed. The department shall maintain data specifying the 3 number of children who were referred to licensed residential 4 5 child care for whom placement was unavailable and the counties 6 in which such placement was unavailable. The department shall 7 include this data in its report to the Legislature due on December 1 so that the Legislature may consider this 8 9 information in developing the General Appropriations Act. Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 409.1671, Florida 10 11 Statutes, is amended to read: 409.1671 Foster care and related services; 12 13 privatization.--14 (1)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the 15 Department of Children and Family Services shall privatize the 16 provision of foster care and related services statewide. It is further the Legislature's intent to encourage communities and 17 other stakeholders in the well-being of children to 18 19 participate in assuring that children are safe and 20 well-nurtured. However, while recognizing that some local 21 governments are presently funding portions of certain foster 22 care and related services programs and may choose to expand such funding in the future, the Legislature does not intend by 23 its privatization of foster care and related services that any 24 county, municipality, or special district be required to 25 26 assist in funding programs that previously have been funded by 27 the state. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits any county, 28 municipality, or special district from future voluntary 29 funding participation in foster care and related services. As used in this section, the term "privatize" means to contract 30

31 with competent, community-based agencies. The department shall

submit a plan to accomplish privatization statewide, through a 1 2 competitive process, phased in over a 3-year period beginning 3 January 1, 2000. This plan must be developed with local community participation, including, but not limited to, input 4 5 from community-based providers that are currently under contract with the department to furnish community-based foster 6 7 care and related services, and must include a methodology for 8 determining and transferring all available funds, including federal funds that the provider is eligible for and agrees to earn and that portion of general revenue funds which is 10 11 currently associated with the services that are being furnished under contract. The methodology must provide for the 12 13 transfer of funds appropriated and budgeted for all services 14 and programs that have been incorporated into the project, including all management, capital (including current furniture 15 16 and equipment), and administrative funds to accomplish the transfer of these programs. This methodology must address 17 expected workload and at least the 3 previous years' 18 experience in expenses and workload. With respect to any 19 20 district or portion of a district in which privatization cannot be accomplished within the 3-year timeframe, the 21 22 department must clearly state in its plan the reasons the timeframe cannot be met and the efforts that should be made to 23 remediate the obstacles, which may include alternatives to 24 total privatization, such as public-private partnerships. As 25 26 used in this section, the term "related services" includes, at 27 a minimum, means family preservation, independent living, 28 emergency shelter, residential group care, foster care, therapeutic foster care, intensive residential treatment, 29 foster care supervision, case management, postplacement 30 31 supervision, permanent foster care, and family reunification.

Unless otherwise provided for, beginning in fiscal year 2 1999-2000, either the state attorney or the Office of the 3 Attorney General shall provide child welfare legal services, pursuant to chapter 39 and other relevant provisions, in 4 5 Sarasota, Pinellas, Pasco, Broward, and Manatee Counties. Such legal services shall commence and be effective, as soon 6 7 as determined reasonably feasible by the respective state 8 attorney or the Office of the Attorney General, after the privatization of associated programs and child protective investigations has occurred. When a private nonprofit agency 10 11 has received case management responsibilities, transferred from the state under this section, for a child who is 12 13 sheltered or found to be dependent and who is assigned to the care of the privatization project, the agency may act as the 14 child's guardian for the purpose of registering the child in 15 16 school if a parent or quardian of the child is unavailable and his or her whereabouts cannot reasonably be ascertained. The 17 private nonprofit agency may also seek emergency medical 18 19 attention for such a child, but only if a parent or guardian 20 of the child is unavailable, his or her whereabouts cannot reasonably be ascertained, and a court order for such 21 emergency medical services cannot be obtained because of the 22 severity of the emergency or because it is after normal 23 working hours. However, the provider may not consent to 24 sterilization, abortion, or termination of life support. If a 25 26 child's parents' rights have been terminated, the nonprofit 27 agency shall act as guardian of the child in all 28 circumstances.

community-based provider" means a single agency with which the

(b) As used in this section, the term "eligible lead

31 department shall contract for the provision of child

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 protective services in a community that is no smaller than a county. The secretary of the department may authorize more than one eligible lead community-based provider within a single county when to do so will result in more effective delivery of foster care and related services. To compete for a privatization project, such agency must have:

- 1. The ability to coordinate, integrate, and manage all child protective services in the designated community in cooperation with child protective investigations.
- 2. The ability to ensure continuity of care from entry to exit for all children referred from the protective investigation and court systems.
- 3. The ability to provide directly, or contract for through a local network of providers, all necessary child protective services.
- 4. The willingness to accept accountability for meeting the outcomes and performance standards related to child protective services established by the Legislature and the Federal Government.
- 5. The capability and the willingness to serve all children referred to it from the protective investigation and court systems, regardless of the level of funding allocated to the community by the state, provided all related funding is transferred.
- 6. The willingness to ensure that each individual who provides child protective services completes the training required of child protective service workers by the Department of Children and Family Services.
- 7. The ability to maintain eligibility to receive all federal child welfare funds, including Title IV-E and IV-A

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funds, currently being used by the Department of Children and Family Services.

(c) If attempts to competitively procure services through an eligible lead community-based provider as defined in paragraph (b) do not produce a capable and willing agency, the department shall develop a plan in collaboration with the local community alliance. The plan must detail how the community will continue to implement privatization through competitively procuring either the specific components of foster care and related services or comprehensive services for defined eligible populations of children and families from qualified licensed agencies as part of its efforts to develop the local capacity for a community-based system of coordinated care. The plan must ensure local control over the management and administration of the service provision in accordance with the intent of this section and may include recognized best business practices, including some form of public or private partnerships. In the absence of a community alliance, the plan must be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives for their comments.

(d) $\frac{(c)}{(c)}$ 1. The Legislature finds that the state has traditionally provided foster care services to children who have been the responsibility of the state. As such, foster children have not had the right to recover for injuries beyond the limitations specified in s. 768.28. The Legislature has determined that foster care and related services need to be privatized pursuant to this section and that the provision of such services is of paramount importance to the state. The purpose for such privatization is to increase the level of 31 safety, security, and stability of children who are or become

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the responsibility of the state. One of the components necessary to secure a safe and stable environment for such children is that private providers maintain liability insurance. As such, insurance needs to be available and remain available to nongovernmental foster care and related services providers without the resources of such providers being significantly reduced by the cost of maintaining such insurance.

The Legislature further finds that, by requiring the following minimum levels of insurance, children in privatized foster care and related services will gain increased protection and rights of recovery in the event of injury than provided for in s. 768.28.

(e) $\frac{d}{d}$  Other than an entity to which s. 768.28 applies, any eligible lead community-based provider, as defined in paragraph (b), or its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph(f) (e), must, as a part of its contract, obtain a minimum of \$1 million per claim/\$3 million per incident in general liability insurance coverage. In any tort action brought against such an eligible lead community-based provider, net economic damages shall be limited to \$1 million per claim, including, but not limited to, past and future medical expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or payable. In any tort action brought against such an eligible lead community-based provider, noneconomic damages shall be limited to \$200,000 per claim. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of a claimant pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the limits specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source payments made as of the date of 31 the settlement or judgment shall be in accordance with s.

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768.76. The lead community-based provider shall not be liable in tort for the acts or omissions of its subcontractors or the officers, agents, or employees of its subcontractors.

(f) The liability of an eligible lead community-based provider described in this section shall be exclusive and in place of all other liability of such provider. The same immunities from liability enjoyed by such providers shall extend as well to each employee of the provider when such employee is acting in furtherance of the provider's business. Such immunities shall not be applicable to a provider or an employee who acts in a culpably negligent manner or with willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked physical aggression when such acts result in injury or death or such acts proximately cause such injury or death; nor shall such immunities be applicable to employees of the same provider when each is operating in the furtherance of the provider's business, but they are assigned primarily to unrelated works within private or public employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by a provider shall also apply to any sole proprietor, partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, or other person who in the course and scope of his or her duties acts in a managerial or policymaking capacity and the conduct that caused the alleged injury arose within the course and scope of those managerial or policymaking duties. Culpable negligence is defined as reckless indifference or grossly careless disregard of human life.

(g)(f) Any subcontractor of an eligible lead community-based provider, as defined in paragraph (b), which is a direct provider of foster care and related services to children and families, and its employees or officers, except 31 as otherwise provided in paragraph(f) $\frac{(e)}{(e)}$ , must, as a part of

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its contract, obtain a minimum of \$1 million per claim \$3 million per incident in general liability insurance coverage. In any tort action brought against such subcontractor, net economic damages shall be limited to \$1 million per claim, including, but not limited to, past and future medical expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or payable. In any tort action brought against such subcontractor, noneconomic damages shall be limited to \$200,000 per claim. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of a claimant pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the limits specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment shall be in accordance with s. 768.76.

(h) (g) The liability of a subcontractor of an eligible lead community-based provider that is a direct provider of foster care and related services as described in this section shall be exclusive and in place of all other liability of such provider. The same immunities from liability enjoyed by such subcontractor provider shall extend as well to each employee of the subcontractor when such employee is acting in furtherance of the subcontractor's business. Such immunities shall not be applicable to a subcontractor or an employee who acts in a culpably negligent manner or with willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked physical aggression when such acts result in injury or death or such acts proximately cause such injury or death; nor shall such immunities be applicable to employees of the same subcontractor when each is operating in the furtherance of the subcontractor's business, but they are assigned primarily to unrelated works within private or public 31 employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by a

subcontractor shall also apply to any sole proprietor, partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, or other person who in the course and scope of his or her duties acts in a managerial or policymaking capacity and the conduct that caused the alleged injury arose within the course and scope of those managerial or policymaking duties. Culpable negligence is defined as reckless indifference or grossly careless disregard of human life.

(i)(h) The Legislature is cognizant of the increasing costs of goods and services each year and recognizes that fixing a set amount of compensation actually has the effect of a reduction in compensation each year. Accordingly, the conditional limitations on damages in this section shall be increased at the rate of 5 percent each year, prorated from the effective date of this paragraph to the date at which damages subject to such limitations are awarded by final judgment or settlement.

Section 4. Section 409.1676, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.1676 Comprehensive residential services to children who have extraordinary needs.--

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide comprehensive residential services, including residential care, case management, and other services, to children in the child protection system who have extraordinary needs, such as children who have serious behavioral problems or have been determined to be without the option of reunification with the family. These services are to be provided in a residential group care setting by a not-for-profit corporation or a local government entity, under a contract with the Department of Children and Family Services, or by a lead agency as described

in s. 409.1671. These contracts shall be designed to provide an identified number of children with access to a full array of services for a fixed price.

- (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Residential group care" means a living environment for children 12 years of age and older who have been adjudicated dependent and are expected to be in foster care for at least 6 months with 24-hour awake staff or live-in group home parents or staff. All facilities must be appropriately licensed in this state.
- (b) "Serious behavioral problems" means behaviors of children who have been assessed by a licensed master's-level human services professional to need, at a minimum, intensive services but who do not meet the criteria of s. 394.492(6) or s. 394.492(7). A child with an emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(5) may be served in residential group care unless a determination is made by a mental health professional that such a setting is inappropriate.
- appropriation for this program, shall contract with a not-for-profit corporation, a local government entity, or the lead agency that has been established in accordance with s.

  409.1671 for the provision of residential group care services described in this section in, at a minimum, districts 4, 11, 12, and the prototype region as defined in s. 20.19, of the Department of Children and Family Services and with a not-for-profit entity serving children from multiple districts. A lead agency that is currently providing residential care may provide this service directly with the approval of the local community alliance. The department or a

that is determined to be the most effective way to achieve the goals set forth in this section.

- (4) The lead agency, the contracted not-for-profit corporation, or the local government entity is responsible for a comprehensive assessment, residential care, transportation, behavioral health services, recreational activities, clothing, supplies, and miscellaneous expenses associated with caring for these children, necessary arrangement for or provision of educational services, and ensuring necessary and appropriate health and dental care.
- (5) The department may transfer all casework responsibilities for children served under this program to the entity that provides this service, including case management, development and implementation of a case plan in accordance with current standards for child protection services, and, except as provided in s. 409.1671(1)(a), all related court work. When the department establishes this program in a community that has a lead agency as described in s. 409.1671, the casework responsibilities must be transferred to the lead agency.
- (6) This section does not prohibit any provider of these services from appropriately billing Medicaid for services rendered, from contracting with a local school district for educational services, or from earning federal or local funding for services provided, as long as two or more funding sources do not pay for the same specific service that has been provided to a child.
- (7) The lead agency, not-for-profit corporation, or local government entity has the legal authority for children served under this program, as provided in chapter 39 or this chapter, as appropriate, to enroll the child in school, sign

for a driver's license for the child, cosign loans and insurance for the child, sign for medical treatment, and authorize other such activities.

(8) The department shall provide technical assistance, as requested, and contract management services.

Section 5. Section 409.1677, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.1677 Model comprehensive residential services programs.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Residential group care" means a living environment for children 12 years of age and older who have been adjudicated dependent and are expected to be in foster care for a minimum of 6 months with 24-hour awake staff or live-in group home parents or staff. All facilities must be appropriately licensed in this state.
- (b) "Serious behavioral problems" means behaviors of children who have been assessed by a licensed master's-level human services professional to need, at a minimum, intensive services but who do not meet the criteria of s. 394.492(6) or s. 394.492(7). A child with an emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(5) may be served in residential group care unless a determination is made by a mental health professional that such a setting is inappropriate.
- (2) The department shall establish three model comprehensive residential services programs, one each in Miami-Dade, Hillsborough, and Manatee Counties, through contracts with designated lead agencies established in accordance with s. 409.1671 or with private entities capable of providing residential group care and home-based care and experienced in the delivery of a range of services to foster

children if no lead agency exists. These model programs are to serve that portion of eligible children within each county which is specified in the contract, based on funds appropriated, and to include a full array of services for a fixed price. The private entity or lead agency is responsible for all programmatic functions necessary to carry out the intent of this section.

- (3) Each model program must include, at a minimum:
- (a) A focus on serving the full range of children in foster care, including those who have specialized needs, such as children who are unlikely to be reunited with their families or placed in adoptive homes, sibling groups, children who have serious behavioral problems, and children who are victims of sexual abuse.
- (b) For each child who is in care, the provision of or arrangements for a comprehensive assessment; residential care; transportation; behavioral health services; recreational activities; clothing, supplies, and miscellaneous expenses associated with caring for these children; educational services; necessary and appropriate health and dental care; legal services; and aftercare services.
- (c) A commitment and ability to find and use innovative approaches to address the problems in the traditional foster care system, such as high caregiver turnover, disrupted and multiple placements, runaway behavior, and abusive or nontherapeutic care.
- (d) The provision of a full range of residential services tailored to the individual needs of each child in care, including group homes for initial assessment and for stabilization; professional and traditional foster homes; residential group care provided in a setting that is homelike

and provides care in residences housing no more than 12 children and staffed with full-time, appropriately trained house parents; and independent living apartments. The programs are designed for children who must enter the foster care system, but the use of placement with relatives as part of a child's care is encouraged.

- (e) The provision of the full range of administrative services necessary to operate the program.
- (f) Specific eligibility criteria established in the contract, including a "no-reject-no-eject" commitment with the described eligible children, unless the court determines that the placement is not in a child's best interest.
- (g) An ability, through its trained, multidisciplinary staff, to facilitate the achievement of the permanency goals of the children who are in care.
- (h) The design and utilization of a volunteer mentor program that would make use of the skills of retired individuals in helping to meet the needs of both the children in care and their caregivers.
- (i) The willingness and ability to assume financial risk for the care of children referred to the program under the contract.
- (j) The willingness and ability to serve as a research and teaching laboratory for departmental and community-based care programs throughout the state in an effort to improve the quality of foster care.
- (4) This section does not prohibit any provider of these services from appropriately billing Medicaid for services rendered, from contracting with a local school district for educational services, or from earning federal or local funding for services provided, as long as two or more

funding sources do not pay for the same specific service that has been provided to a child.

- (5) The lead agency, not-for-profit corporation, or local government entity has the legal authority for children served under this program, as provided in chapter 39 or this chapter, as appropriate, to enroll the child in school, sign for a driver's license for the child, cosign loans and insurance for the child, sign for medical treatment, and authorize other such activities.
- (6) The department shall provide technical assistance, as requested, and contract management services.
- Section 6. Section 409.1679, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 409.1679 Additional requirements, effective date, reimbursement methodology, and evaluation.--
- (1) The programs established under ss. 409.1676 and 409.1677 are to be operational within 6 months after those sections take effect, and, beginning 1 month after this section takes effect and continuing until full operation of those programs is realized, the department shall provide to the Legislature monthly written status reports on the progress toward implementing those programs.
- (2) The programs established under ss. 409.1676 and 409.1677 must be included as part of the annual evaluation currently required under s. 409.1671. With respect to these specific programs and models, the annual evaluation must be conducted by an independent third party and must include, by specific site, the level of attainment of the targeted outcomes listed in subsection (3). The evaluation of the model programs must include, at a minimum, an assessment of their cost-effectiveness, their ability to successfully implement

the assigned program elements, and their attainment of performance standards that include legislatively established standards for similar programs and other standards determined jointly by the department and the providers and stated in a contract.

- (3) Each program established under ss. 409.1676 and 409.1677 must meet the following expectations, which must be included in its contracts with the department or lead agency:
- (a) No more than 10 percent of the children served may move from one living environment to another, unless a child is returned to family members or is moved, in accordance with the treatment plan, to a less restrictive setting. Each child must have a comprehensive transitional plan that identifies the child's living arrangement upon leaving the program and specific steps and services that are being provided to prepare for that arrangement. Specific expectations as to the time period necessary for the achievement of these permanency goals must be included in the contract.
- (b) Each child must receive a full academic year of appropriate educational instruction. No more than 10 percent of the children may be in more than one academic setting in an academic year, unless a child is being moved, in accordance with an educational plan, to a less restrictive setting. Each child must demonstrate academic progress and must be performing at grade level or at a level commensurate with a valid academic assessment.
- (c) Siblings must be kept together in the same living environment 100 percent of the time, unless that is determined by the provider not to be in the children's best interest.

  When siblings are separated in placement, the decision must be reviewed and approved by the court within 30 days.

- (d) The program must experience a caregiver turnover rate and an incidence of child runaway episodes which are at least 50 percent below the rates experienced in the rest of the state.
- (e) In addition to providing a comprehensive assessment, the program must provide, 100 percent of the time, any or all of the following services that are indicated through the assessment: residential care; transportation; behavioral health services; recreational activities; clothing, supplies, and miscellaneous expenses associated with caring for these children; necessary arrangements for or provision of educational services; and necessary and appropriate health and dental care.
- (f) The children who are served in this program must be satisfied with the services and living environment.
  - (g) The caregivers must be satisfied with the program.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 409.141, the

  Department of Children and Family Services shall fairly and
  reasonably reimburse the programs established under ss.

  409.1676 and 409.1677 based on a prospective per diem rate,
  which must be specified annually in the General Appropriations

  Act. Funding for these programs shall be made available from
  resources appropriated and identified in the General

  Appropriations Act.

Section 7. Paragraphs (h) and (i) of subsection (5) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraph (j) is redesignated as paragraph (k), and a new paragraph (j) is added to said subsection, to read:

409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies.-(5)

- (h) Upon determination that the applicant meets the state minimum licensing requirements, the department shall issue a license without charge to a specific person or agency at a specific location. A license may be issued if all the screening materials have been timely submitted; however, a license may not be issued or renewed if any person at the home or agency has failed the required screening. The license is nontransferable. A copy of the license shall be displayed in a conspicuous place. Except as provided in paragraph (j), the license is valid for 1 year from the date of issuance, unless the license is suspended or revoked by the department or is voluntarily surrendered by the licensee. The license is the property of the department.
- (i) A license issued for the operation of a family foster home or agency, unless sooner suspended, revoked, or voluntarily returned, will expire automatically 1 year from the date of issuance, except as provided in paragraph (j). Ninety days prior to the expiration date, an application for renewal shall be submitted to the department by a licensee who wishes to have the license renewed. A license shall be renewed upon the filing of an application on forms furnished by the department if the applicant has first met the requirements established under this section and the rules promulgated hereunder.
- (j) The department may issue a license that is valid for longer than 1 year but no longer than 3 years to a family foster home that:
- 1. Has maintained a license with the department as a family foster home for at least the 3 previous consecutive years.
  - 2. Remains in good standing with the department.

3. Has not been the subject of a report of child abuse or neglect with any findings of maltreatment.

A family foster home that has been issued a license valid for longer than 1 year must be monitored and visited as frequently as one that has been issued a 1-year license. The department reserves the right to reduce a licensure period to 1 year at any time.

Section 8. Section 784.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

784.081 Assault or battery on specified officials or employees; reclassification of offenses.—Whenever a person is charged with committing an assault or aggravated assault or a battery or aggravated battery upon any elected official or employee of: a school district; a private school; the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind; a university developmental research school; a state university or any other entity of the state system of public education, as defined in s. 228.041; or an employee or protective investigator of the Department of Children and Family Services; or an employee of a lead community-based provider or its direct service contract providers, when the person committing the offense knows or has reason to know the identity or position or employment of the victim, the offense for which the person is charged shall be reclassified as follows:

- (1) In the case of aggravated battery, from a felony of the second degree to a felony of the first degree.
- (2) In the case of aggravated assault, from a felony of the third degree to a felony of the second degree.
- (3) In the case of battery, from a misdemeanor of the first degree to a felony of the third degree.

1	(4) In the case of assault, from a misdemeanor of the
2	second degree to a misdemeanor of the first degree.
3	Section 9. Status report on the child protection
4	program
5	(1) The Department of Children and Family Services
6	shall provide the Legislature with a report on the status of
7	the child protection program. The report shall be submitted to
8	the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the
9	President of the Senate, the minority leaders of each house of
10	the Legislature, and the appropriate substantive committees of
11	each house of the Legislature, no later than February 1, 2002.
12	(2) The status report shall contain, at a minimum:
13	(a) The most current statistical information from the
14	abuse hotline.
15	(b) The most current data on the number of abuse and
16	neglect cases that are not closed within 60 days, by district.
17	(c) Reasons cases are not closed, by district.
18	(d) The turnover rate of the child protective
19	investigator staff, by district.
20	(e) Strategies to retain child protective investigator
21	staff.
22	(f) Factors that are creating caseload increases in
23	district 7 and other districts, including strategies to
24	address these factors.
25	(g) The most current statistical information
26	concerning the number of foster homes recruited, the number of
27	additional foster homes needed, and the description of the
28	<u>department's effort to recruit foster homes.</u>
29	(h) The department's progress in implementing the
30	HomeSafeNet information system

(i) The progress made in implementing the recommendations of the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability in the March 2001 justification review of the child protection program. Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001.