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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to Lake Okeechobee Protection Program; amending s. 373.4595, F.S.; authorizing a line item on utility sewer rates to cover wastewater residual treatment and disposal in certain counties; providing exemption from requirements of the Public Service Commission; requiring an audit of certain treatment facilities; requiring a report to the Legislature; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 373.4595, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.4595 Lake Okeechobee Protection Program. --

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(3) LAKE OKEECHOBEE PROTECTION PROGRAM. -- A protection program for Lake Okeechobee that achieves phosphorus load reductions for Lake Okeechobee shall be immediately implemented as specified in this subsection. The program shall address the reduction of phosphorus loading to the lake from both internal and external sources. Phosphorus load reductions shall be achieved through a phased program of implementation. Initial implementation actions shall be technology-based, based upon a consideration of both the availability of appropriate technology and the cost of such technology, and shall include phosphorus reduction measures at both the source and the regional level. The initial phase of phosphorus load reductions shall be based upon the district's Technical Publication 81-2 and the district's WOD program, with

subsequent phases of phosphorus load reductions based upon the total maximum daily loads established in accordance with s. 403.067. In the development and administration of the Lake Okeechobee Protection Program, the coordinating agencies shall maximize opportunities provided by federal cost-sharing programs and opportunities for partnerships with the private sector.

- Program.—The Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control
  Program is designed to be a multifaceted approach to reducing
  phosphorus loads by improving the management of phosphorus
  sources within the Lake Okeechobee watershed through continued
  implementation of existing regulations and best management
  practices, development and implementation of improved best
  management practices, improvement and restoration of the
  hydrologic function of natural and managed systems, and
  utilization of alternative technologies for nutrient
  reduction. The coordinating agencies shall facilitate the
  application of federal programs that offer opportunities for
  water quality treatment, including preservation, restoration,
  or creation of wetlands on agricultural lands.
- 1. Agricultural nonpoint source best management practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and designed to achieve the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee Protection Program, shall be implemented on an expedited basis. By March 1, 2001, the coordinating agencies shall develop an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406(5) that assures the development of best management practices that complement existing regulatory programs and specifies how those best management practices are implemented and verified. The interagency agreement shall address measures

to be taken by the coordinating agencies during any best management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to sub-subparagraph d. The department shall use best professional judgment in making the initial determination of best management practice effectiveness.

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- As provided in s. 403.067(7)(d), by October 1, 2000, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the department, the district, and affected parties, shall initiate rule development for interim measures, best management practices, conservation plans, nutrient management plans, or other measures necessary for Lake Okeechobee phosphorus load reduction. The rule shall include thresholds for requiring conservation and nutrient management plans and criteria for the contents of such plans. Development of agricultural nonpoint source best management practices shall initially focus on those priority basins listed in subparagraph (b)1. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the department, the district, and affected parties, shall conduct an ongoing program for improvement of existing and development of new interim measures or best management practices for the purpose of adoption of such practices by rule.
- b. Where agricultural nonpoint source best management practices or interim measures have been adopted by rule of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the owner or operator of an agricultural nonpoint source addressed by such rule shall either implement interim measures or best management practices or demonstrate compliance with the district's WOD program by conducting monitoring prescribed by the department or the district. Owners or operators of agricultural nonpoint sources who implement interim measures

or best management practices adopted by rule of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be subject to the provisions of s. 403.067(7). The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in cooperation with the department and the district, shall provide technical and financial assistance for implementation of agricultural best management practices, subject to the availability of funds.

- c. The district or department shall conduct monitoring at representative sites to verify the effectiveness of agricultural nonpoint source best management practices.
- d. Where water quality problems are detected for agricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate implementation of adopted best management practices, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the other coordinating agencies and affected parties, shall institute a reevaluation of the best management practices and make appropriate changes to the rule adopting best management practices.
- 2. Nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and designed to achieve the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee Protection Program, shall be implemented on an expedited basis. By March 1, 2001, the department and the district shall develop an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406(5) that assures the development of best management practices that complement existing regulatory programs and specifies how those best management practices are implemented and verified. The interagency agreement shall address measures to be taken by the department and the district during any best management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to sub-subparagraph d.

The department and the district are directed to work with the University of Florida's Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences to develop appropriate nutrient application rates for all nonagricultural soil amendments in the watershed. As provided in s. 403.067(7)(c), by January 1, 2001, the department, in consultation with the district and affected parties, shall develop interim measures, best management practices, or other measures necessary for Lake Okeechobee phosphorus load reduction. Development of nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices shall initially focus on those priority basins listed in subparagraph (b)1. The department, the district, and affected parties shall conduct an ongoing program for improvement of existing and development of new interim measures or best management practices. The district shall adopt technology-based standards under the district's WOD program for nonagricultural nonpoint sources of phosphorus.

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- b. Where nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices or interim measures have been developed by the department and adopted by the district, the owner or operator of a nonagricultural nonpoint source shall implement interim measures or best management practices and be subject to the provisions of s. 403.067(7). The department and district shall provide technical and financial assistance for implementation of nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices, subject to the availability of funds.
- c. The district or the department shall conduct monitoring at representative sites to verify the effectiveness of nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices.
- d. Where water quality problems are detected for nonagricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate

implementation of adopted best management practices, the department and the district shall institute a reevaluation of the best management practices.

- 3. The provisions of subparagraphs 1. and 2. shall not preclude the department or the district from requiring compliance with water quality standards or with current best management practices requirements set forth in any applicable regulatory program authorized by law for the purpose of protecting water quality. Additionally, subparagraphs 1. and 2. are applicable only to the extent that they do not conflict with any rules promulgated by the department that are necessary to maintain a federally delegated or approved program.
- 4. Projects which reduce the phosphorus load originating from domestic wastewater systems within the Lake Okeechobee watershed shall be given funding priority in the department's revolving loan program under s. 403.1835. The department shall coordinate and provide assistance to those local governments seeking financial assistance for such priority projects.
- 5.(a) The department shall require all entities disposing of domestic wastewater residuals within the Lake Okeechobee watershed to develop and submit to the department by July 1, 2001, an agricultural use plan that limits applications based upon phosphorus loading. Phosphorus loading originating from these application sites shall not exceed the limits established in the district's WOD program.
- (b) Private and government-owned utilities within

  Monroe, Dade, Broward, Palm Beach, Martin, St. Lucie, Indian
  River, Okeechobee, Highlands, Hendry and Glades counties that
  dispose of wastewater residual sludge from utility operations

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and septic removal by land spreading in the Lake Okeechobee
    watershed may use a line item on local sewer rates to cover
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    wastewater residual treatment and disposal if such disposal
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    and treatment is done by approved alternative treatment
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    methodology at a facility located within the areas designated
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    by the Governor as rural areas of critical economic concern
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    pursuant to s. 288.0656. This additional line item is an
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    environmental protection disposal fee above the present sewer
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    rate and shall not be considered a part of the present sewer
    rate to customers, notwithstanding provisions to the contrary
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    in chapter 367. The fee shall be established by the County
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    Commission or their designated assignee in the county in which
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    the alternative method treatment facility is located. The fee
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    shall be calculated to be no higher than that necessary to
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    recover the facility's prudent cost of providing the service.
    Upon request by an affected county commission, the Public
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    Service Commission will provide assistance in establishing the
    fee. Further, for utilities and utility authorities that use
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    the additional line item environmental protection disposal
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    fee, such fee shall not be considered a rate increase under
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    the rules of the Public Service Commission and shall be exempt
    from such rules. Utilities using the provisions of this
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    section may immediately include in their sewer invoicing the
    new environmental protection disposal fee. Proceeds from this
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    environmental protection disposal fee shall be used for
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    treatment and disposal of wastewater residuals including any
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    treatment technology that helps reduce the volume of residuals
    that require final disposal, but such proceeds shall not be
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    used for transportation or shipment costs for disposal or any
    costs relating to the land application of residuals in the
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    Lake Okeechobee watershed.
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c. No less than once every 3 years, the Public Service Commission or the county commission through the services of an independent auditor shall perform a financial audit of all facilities receiving compensation from an environmental protection disposal fee. The Public Service Commission or the county commission through the services of an independent auditor shall also perform an audit of the methodology used in establishing the environmental protection disposal fee. The Public Service Commission or the county commission shall, within 120 days of completion of an audit, file the audit report with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and shall provide copies to the commissions of the counties set forth in sub-subparagraph 5.b. The books and records, of any facilities receiving compensation from an environmental protection disposal fee, shall be open to the Public Service Commission and the Auditor General for review upon request.

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- 6. By July 1, 2001, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall initiate rulemaking requiring entities within the Lake Okeechobee watershed which land-apply animal manure to develop conservation or nutrient management plans that limit application, based upon phosphorus loading. Such rules may include criteria and thresholds for the requirement to develop a conservation or nutrient management plan, requirements for plan approval, and recordkeeping requirements.
- 7. Prior to authorizing a discharge into works of the district, the district shall require responsible parties to demonstrate that proposed changes in land use will not result in increased phosphorus loading over that of existing land uses.

1	8. The district, the department, or the Department of
2	Agriculture and Consumer Services, as appropriate, shall
3	implement those alternative nutrient reduction technologies
4	determined to be feasible pursuant to subparagraph (d)6.
5	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001.
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.