31

An act relating to financial settlements; amending s. 626.9911, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 626.9921, F.S.; providing for approval of forms; amending s. 626.99235, F.S.; providing for applicability; amending s. 626.99236, F.S.; requiring certain purchases to be handled by an independent third-party trustee; amending s. 626.9924, F.S.; revising procedures for tracking the insured; amending s. 626.99245, F.S.; clarifying the application of licensing requirements to viatical settlement providers; specifying the purpose of the act; providing definitions; providing requirements for the direct or indirect transfer of structured-settlement-payment rights; requiring that any such transfer be approved by a court; requiring that the court make certain findings with respect to the transfer; authorizing an interested party to file an objection to a proposed transfer; providing requirements for an order approving a transfer; requiring that an obligor make certain disclosures to a claimant in negotiating a settlement of claims; requiring a transferee to provide certain notice with respect to a proposed transfer of structured-settlement-payment rights; providing for penalties to be imposed for certain violations of the act; authorizing an

```
interested party to bring an action for
1
2
           injunctive relief; providing an effective date.
3
4
   Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
5
6
           Section 1. Subsections (8), (9), (10), (14), and (15)
7
    of section 626.9911, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
           626.9911 Definitions.--As used in this act, the term:
8
                "Related provider trust" means a titling trust or
9
    other trust established by a licensed viatical settlement
10
    provider or financing entity for the sole purpose of holding
11
12
    the ownership or beneficial interest in purchased policies in
13
    connection with a financing transaction entering into or
14
   owning viatical settlement contracts. The trust must have a
    written agreement with a licensed viatical settlement provider
15
    or financing entity under which the licensed viatical
16
17
    settlement provider or financing entity is responsible for
    insuring compliance with all statutory and regulatory
18
19
    requirements and under which the trust agrees to make all
20
    records and files relating to viatical settlement transactions
21
    available to the department as if those records and files were
    maintained directly by the licensed viatical settlement
22
23
   provider. This term does not include an independent
    third-party trustee or escrow agent or a trust that does not
24
    enter into agreements with a viator. A related provider trust
25
26
    shall be subject to all provisions of this act that apply to
    the viatical settlement provider who established the related
27
   provider trust, except s. 626.9912, which shall not be
28
29
    applicable. A viatical settlement provider may establish no
   more than one related provider trust, and the sole trustee of
30
    such related provider trust shall be the viatical settlement
31
```

4

5

6 7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

2223

24

2526

27

2829

30

31

provider licensed under s. 626.9912. The name of the licensed viatical settlement provider shall be included within the name of the related provider trust.

- (9) "Viatical settlement purchase agreement" means a contract or agreement, entered into by a viatical settlement purchaser, to which the viator is not a party, to purchase a life insurance policy or an interest in a life insurance policy, which is entered into for the purpose of deriving an economic benefit. The term also includes purchases made by viatical settlement purchasers from any person other than the provider who effectuated the viatical settlement contract.
- (10) "Viatical settlement purchaser" means a person who gives a sum of money as consideration for a life insurance policy or an equitable or legal interest in the death benefits of a life insurance policy that has been or will be the subject of a viatical settlement contract, for the purpose of deriving an economic benefit, including purchases made from any person other than the provider who effectuated the viatical settlement contract or an entity affiliated with the provider. The term does not include, other than a licensee under this part, an accredited investor as defined in Rule 501, Regulation D of the Securities Act Rules, or a qualified institutional buyer as defined by Rule 144(a) of the Federal Securities Act, or a special purpose entity, a financing entity, or a contingency insurer who gives a sum of money as consideration for a life insurance policy or an equitable or legal interest in the death benefits of a life insurance policy which has been or will be the subject of a viatical settlement contract, for the purpose of deriving an economic benefit. The above references to Rule 501, Regulation D and Rule 144(a) of the Federal Securities Act are used strictly

for defining purposes and shall not be interpreted in any other manner. Any person who claims to be an accredited investor shall sign an affidavit stating that he or she is an accredited investor, the basis of that claim, and that he or she understands that as an accredited investor he or she will not be entitled to certain protections of the Viatical Act. This affidavit must be kept with other documents required to be maintained by this act.

- established by a licensed viatical settlement provider or by a financing entity, which may be a corporation, partnership, trust, limited liability company, or other similar entity formed solely to provide, either directly or indirectly, access to act as a vehicle to permit a lender to the provider to access institutional capital markets to a viatical settlement for the provider or financing entity. A special purpose entity shall not enter into a viatical settlement contract or a viatical settlement purchase agreement.
- placement agent, lender, purchaser of securities, or purchaser of a policy or certificate from a viatical settlement provider, credit enhancer, or any entity person that may be a party to a viatical settlement contract and that has direct ownership in a policy or certificate that is the subject of a viatical settlement contract, but whose principal sole activity related to the transaction is providing funds or credit enhancement to effect the viatical settlement or the purchase of one or more viatical policies and who has an agreement in writing with one or more licensed viatical settlement providers to finance the acquisition of viatical settlement contracts a licensed viatical settlement provider

to act as a participant in a financing transaction. The term does not include a nonaccredited investor, a viatical 2 3 settlement purchaser, or other natural person. A financing 4 entity may not enter into a viatical settlement contract. 5 Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 626.9921, Florida 6 Statutes, is amended to read: 7 626.9921 Filing of forms; required procedures; 8 approval. --9 (1) A viatical settlement contract form, viatical settlement purchase agreement form, escrow form, or related 10 form may be used in this state only after the viatical 11 12 settlement provider or any related provider trust has filed the form has been filed with the department and only after the 13 14 form has been approved by the department. Section 3. Subsection (3) is added to section 15 626.99235, Florida Statutes, to read: 16 626.99235 Disclosures to viatical settlement 17 18 purchasers; misrepresentations.--19 (3) The requirements of this section also apply to 20 purchases made from any person other than the provider who 21 effectuated the viatical settlement contract which are the subject of a viatical settlement purchase agreement. 22 23 Section 4. Section 626.99236, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 25 626.99236 Further disclosures to viatical settlement 26 purchasers.--27 (1) No later than 5 days prior to the assignment, transfer, sale, devise, or bequest of the death benefit or 28 29 ownership of all or a portion of the insurance policy or certificate of insurance to the purchaser, the viatical 30

settlement provider and the viatical settlement sales agent,

purchaser:

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19

20

2122

23

24

2526

27

28

29

30

31

1 themselves itself or through another person, shall provide in writing the following disclosures to any viatical settlement

- (a) All the life expectancy certifications obtained by the provider.
- (b) The name and address of the insurance company, the policy number, and the date of original issue of the viaticated policy.
- (c) The experience and qualifications of the person issuing the life expectancy certification, and that person's relationship to the viatical settlement provider, the viatical settlement broker, the viatical settlement sales agent, and the viator.
- (d) The name and address of any person providing escrow services, and that person's relationship to the viatical settlement provider, the viatical settlement broker, the viatical settlement sales agent, and the viator.
- (e) The type of life insurance policy offered or sold, including a statement as to whether the policy is whole life, term life, universal life, or a group policy certificate; a statement as to whether the policy is in lapse status or has lapsed in the last 2 years; and a statement as to whether the purchaser is entitled to benefits contained in the policy other than the death benefit of the policy.
- (f) The procedure to be used by the provider to provide the status of the health condition of the insured to a purchaser.
- (2) The viatical settlement purchase agreement is voidable by the purchaser at any time within 3 days after the disclosures mandated by this section are received by the purchaser.

21

2223

2425

26

2728

29

3031

- (3) At the time the disclosures in subsection (1) are 1 2 made, the viatical settlement purchaser shall be advised to 3 seek independent financial advice from a person not 4 compensated by the viatical settlement provider or viatical 5 settlement broker or the viatical settlement sales agent. The viatical settlement purchaser shall sign an affidavit that he 6 7 or she has received the disclosures and understands their 8 importance. 9 (4) A viatical settlement purchase transaction, which involves a purchase from any person other than the provider 10 who effectuated the viatical settlement contract that is the 11 subject of a viatical settlement purchase agreement, may be
- subject of a viatical settlement purchase agreement, may be
 completed only through the use of an independent third-party
 trustee or escrow agent. All funds to be paid by the purchaser

 must be deposited by the purchaser with the independent
 third-party trustee or escrow agent. The independent
 third-party trustee or escrow agent shall not release the
- third-party trustee or escrow agent shall not release the
 deposited funds to the seller until after the 3-day voidable
 period established by subsection (2) has expired.
 - (5) The requirements of subsections (1), (2), and (3) also apply to purchases made from any person other than the provider who effectuated the viatical settlement contract that are the subject of a viatical settlement purchase agreement.

Section 5. Subsection (10) is added to section 626.9924, Florida Statutes, to read:

626.9924 Viatical settlement contracts; procedures; rescission.--

(10) The viatical settlement provider who effectuated the viatical settlement contract with the viator (the "initial provider") is responsible for tracking the insured, including but not limited to, keeping track of the insured's whereabouts

```
and health status, submission of death claims or assisting the
 1
 2
    beneficiary in the submission of death claims, and the status
 3
    of the payment of premiums until the death of the insured.
 4
    This responsibility may be contracted out to a third party;
 5
    however, the ultimate responsibility remains with the initial
 6
    provider. This responsibility continues with the initial
 7
    provider, notwithstanding any transfers of the viaticated
    policy in the secondary market. This subsection applies only
 8
 9
    to those viaticated policies that are or are to become the
    subject of viatical settlement purchase agreements.
10
           Section 6. Subsection (3) is added to section
11
12
    626.99245, Florida Statutes, to read:
           626.99245 Conflict of regulation of viaticals.--
13
14
          (3) This section does not affect the requirement of
15
    ss. 626.9911(6) and 626.9912(1) that a viatical settlement
    provider doing business from this state must obtain a viatical
16
17
    settlement license from the department. As used in this
    subsection, the term "doing business from this state" includes
18
19
    effectuating viatical settlement contracts and effectuating
20
    viatical settlement purchase agreements from offices in this
    state, regardless of the state of residence of the viator or
21
22
    the viatical settlement purchaser.
23
           Section 7. Transfers of structured-settlement-payment
24
    rights.--
          (1) PURPOSE. -- The purpose of this section is to
25
26
    protect recipients of structured settlements who are involved
27
    in the process of transferring structured-settlement-payment
28
    rights.
29
          (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
30
31
```

1	(a) "Annuity issuer" means an insurer that has issued
2	an annuity contract to be used to fund periodic payments under
3	a structured settlement.
4	(b) "Applicable law" means any of the following, as
5	applicable in interpreting the terms of a structured
6	settlement:
7	1. The laws of the United States;
8	2. The laws of this state, including principles of
9	equity applied in the courts of this state; and
10	3. The laws of any other jurisdiction:
11	a. That is the domicile of the payee or any other
12	<pre>interested party;</pre>
13	b. Under whose laws a structured-settlement agreement
14	was approved by a court; or
15	c. In whose courts a settled claim was pending when
16	the parties entered into a structured-settlement agreement.
17	(c) "Applicable federal rate" means the most recently
18	published applicable rate for determining the present value of
19	an annuity, as issued by the United States Internal Revenue
20	Service pursuant to section 7520 of the United States Internal
21	Revenue Code, as amended.
22	(d) "Assignee" means any party that acquires
23	structured-settlement-payment rights directly or indirectly
24	from a transferee of such rights.
25	(e) "Dependents" means a payee's spouse and minor
26	children and all other family members and other persons for
27	whom the payee is legally obligated to provide support,
28	including spousal maintenance.
29	(f) "Discount and finance charge" means the sum of all
30	charges that are payable directly or indirectly from assigned

structured-settlement payments and imposed directly or

1	indirectly by the transferee and that are incident to a
2	transfer of structured-settlement-payment rights, including:
3	1. Interest charges, discounts, or other compensation
4	for the time value of money;
5	2. All application, origination, processing,
6	underwriting, closing, filing, and notary fees and all similar
7	charges, however denominated; and
8	3. All charges for commissions or brokerage,
9	regardless of the identity of the party to whom such charges
10	are paid or payable.
11	
12	The term does not include any fee or other obligation incurred
13	by a payee in obtaining independent professional advice
14	concerning a transfer of structured-settlement-payment rights.
15	(g) "Discounted present value" means, with respect to
16	a proposed transfer of structured-settlement-payment rights,
17	the fair present value of future payments, as determined by
18	discounting the payments to the present using the most
19	recently published applicable federal rate as the discount
20	rate.
21	(h) "Independent professional advice" means advice of
22	an attorney, certified public accountant, actuary, or other
23	licensed professional adviser:
24	1. Who is engaged by a payee to render advice
25	concerning the legal, tax, and financial implications of a
26	transfer of structured-settlement-payment rights;
27	2. Who is not in any manner affiliated with or
28	compensated by the transferee of the transfer; and
29	3. Whose compensation for providing the advice is not
30	affected by whether a transfer occurs or does not occur.
31	(i) "Interested parties" means:

31

1	1. The payee;
2	2. Any beneficiary irrevocably designated under the
3	annuity contract to receive payments following the payee's
4	death or, if such designated beneficiary is a minor, the
5	designated beneficiary's parent or guardian;
6	3. The annuity issuer;
7	4. The structured-settlement obligor; or
8	5. Any other party who has continuing rights or
9	obligations under the structured settlement.
10	(j) "Payee" means an individual who is receiving
11	tax-free damage payments under a structured settlement and
12	proposes to make a transfer of payment rights under the
13	structured settlement.
14	(k) "Qualified-assignment agreement" means an
15	agreement providing for a qualified assignment, as authorized
16	by Title 26, section 130 of the United States Internal Revenue
17	Code, as amended.
18	(1) "Settled claim" means the original tort claim
19	resolved by a structured settlement.
20	(m) "Structured settlement" means an arrangement for
21	periodic payment of damages for personal injuries established
22	by settlement or judgment in resolution of a tort claim.
23	(n) "Structured-settlement agreement" means the
24	agreement, judgment, stipulation, or release embodying the
25	terms of a structured settlement, including the rights of the
26	payee to receive periodic payments.
27	(o) "Structured-settlement obligor" means the party
28	who is obligated to make continuing periodic payments to the
29	payee under a structured-settlement agreement or a

qualified-assignment agreement.

1	(p) "Structured-settlement-payment rights" means
2	rights to receive periodic payments, including lump-sum
3	payments under a structured settlement, whether from the
4	structured-settlement obligor or the annuity issuer, if:
5	1. The payee or any other interested party is
6	domiciled in this state;
7	2. The structured settlement agreement was approved by
8	a court of this state; or
9	3. The settled claim was pending before the courts of
10	this state when the parties entered into the
11	structured-settlement agreement.
12	(q) "Terms of the structured settlement" means the
13	terms of the structured-settlement agreement; the annuity
14	contract; a qualified-assignment agreement; or an order or
15	approval of a court or other government authority authorizing
16	or approving the structured settlement.
17	(r) "Transfer" means a sale, assignment, pledge,
18	hypothecation, or other form of alienation or encumbrance made
19	by a payee for consideration.
20	(s) "Transfer agreement" means the agreement providing
21	for transfer of structured-settlement-payment rights from a
22	payee to a transferee.
23	(t) "Transferee" means a person who is receiving or
24	who will receive structured-settlement-payment rights
25	resulting from a transfer.
26	(3) CONDITIONS TO TRANSFERS OF
27	STRUCTURED-SETTLEMENT-PAYMENT RIGHTS AND STRUCTURED-SETTLEMENT
28	AGREEMENTS
29	(a) A direct or indirect transfer of
30	structured-settlement-payment rights is not effective and a
31	structured-settlement obligor or annuity issuer is not

22

23

2425

26

27

28

29

30

	2001 Legislature CS 101 SB 1550, 1St Engrossed
_	
1	required to make a payment directly or indirectly to a
2	transferee of structured-settlement-payment rights unless the
3	transfer is authorized in advance in a final order by a court
4	of competent jurisdiction which is based on the written
5	express findings by the court that:
6	1. The transfer complies with this section and does
7	not contravene other applicable law;
8	2. At least 10 days before the date on which the payee
9	first incurred an obligation with respect to the transfer, the
10	transferee provided to the payee a disclosure statement in
11	bold type, no smaller than 14 points in size, which specifies:
12	a. The amounts and due dates of the
13	structured-settlement payments to be transferred;
14	b. The aggregate amount of the payments;
15	c. The discounted present value of the payments,
16	together with the discount rate used in determining the
17	discounted present value;
18	d. The gross amount payable to the payee in exchange
19	for the payments;
20	e. An itemized listing of all brokers' commissions,

- e. An itemized listing of all brokers' commissions, service charges, application fees, processing fees, closing costs, filing fees, referral fees, administrative fees, legal fees, and notary fees and other commissions, fees, costs, expenses, and charges payable by the payee or deductible from the gross amount otherwise payable to the payee;
- <u>f.</u> The net amount payable to the payee after deducting all commissions, fees, costs, expenses, and charges described in sub-subparagraph e.;
- g. The quotient, expressed as a percentage, obtained by dividing the net payment amount by the discounted present value of the payments, which must be disclosed in the

following statement: "The net amount that you will receive from us in exchange for your future structured-settlement payments represent ___ percent of the estimated current value of the payments based upon the discounted value using the applicable federal rate";

- h. The effective annual interest rate, which must be disclosed in the following statement: "Based on the net amount that you will receive from us and the amounts and timing of the structured-settlement payments that you are turning over to us, you will, in effect, be paying interest to us at a rate of __ percent per year"; and
- <u>i.</u> The amount of any penalty and the aggregate amount of any liquidated damages, including penalties, payable by the payee in the event of a breach of the transfer agreement by the payee;
- 3. The payee has established that the transfer is in the best interests of the payee, taking into account the welfare and support of the payee's dependents;
- 4. The payee has received, or waived his or her right to receive, independent professional advice regarding the legal, tax, and financial implications of the transfer;
- 5. The transferee has given written notice of the transferee's name, address, and taxpayer identification number to the annuity issuer and the structured-settlement obligor and has filed a copy of the notice with the court;
- 6. The transfer agreement provides that if the payee is domiciled in this state, any disputes between the parties will be governed in accordance with the laws of this state and that the domicile state of the payee is the proper venue to bring any cause of action arising out of a breach of the agreement; and

- 7. The court has determined that the net amount payable to the payee is fair, just, and reasonable under the circumstances then existing.
- (b) If a proposed transfer would contravene the terms of the structured settlement, upon the filing of a written objection by any interested party and after considering the objection and any response to it, the court may grant, deny, or impose conditions upon the proposed transfer which the court deems just and proper given the facts and circumstances and in accordance with established principles of law. Any order approving a transfer must require that the transferee indemnify the annuity issuer and the structured-settlement obligor for any liability, including reasonable costs and attorney's fees, which arises from compliance by the issuer or obligor with the order of the court.
- (c) Any provision in a transfer agreement which gives a transferee power to confess judgment against a payee is unenforceable to the extent that the amount of the judgment would exceed the amount paid by the transferee to the payee, less any payments received from the structured-settlement obligor or payee.
- (d) In negotiating a structured settlement of claims brought by or on behalf of a claimant who is domiciled in this state, the structured-settlement obligor must disclose in writing to the claimant or the claimant's legal representative all of the following information that is not otherwise specified in the structured-settlement agreement:
- 1. The amounts and due dates of the periodic payments to be made under the structured-settlement agreement. In the case of payments that will be subject to periodic percentage increases, the amounts of future payments may be disclosed by

1	identifying the base payment amount, the amount and timing of
2	scheduled increases, and the manner in which increases will be
3	compounded;
4	2. The amount of the premium payable to the annuity
5	<u>issuer;</u>
6	3. The discounted present value of all periodic
7	payments that are not life-contingent, together with the
8	discount rate used in determining the discounted present
9	value;
10	4. The nature and amount of any costs that may be
11	deducted from any of the periodic payments;
12	5. Where applicable, that any transfer of the periodic
13	payments is prohibited by the terms of the structured
14	settlement and may otherwise be prohibited or restricted under
15	applicable law; and
16	6. That any transfer of the periodic payments by the
17	claimant may subject the claimant to serious adverse tax
18	consequences.
19	(4) JURISDICTION; PROCEDURE FOR APPROVAL OF
20	TRANSFERSAt least 20 days before the scheduled hearing on
21	an application for authorizing a transfer of
22	structured-settlement-payment rights under this section, the
23	transferee must file with the court and all interested parties
24	a notice of the proposed transfer and the application for its
25	authorization. The notice must include:
26	(a) A copy of the transferee's application to the
27	court;
28	(b) A copy of the transfer agreement;
29	(c) A copy of the disclosure statement required under
30	subsection (3);
31	

- (d) Notification that an interested party may support, 1 2 oppose, or otherwise respond to the transferee's application, 3 in person or by counsel, by submitting written comments to the 4 court or by participating in the hearing; and 5 (e) Notification of the time and place of the hearing 6 and notification of the manner in which and the time by which 7 any written response to the application must be filed in order 8 to be considered by the court. A written response to an 9 application must be filed within 15 days after service of the transferee's notice. 10 11
 - (5) WAIVER PROHIBITED; NO PENALTIES INCURRED. --
 - (a) The provisions of this section may not be waived.
 - (b) If a transfer of structured-settlement-payment rights fails to satisfy the conditions of subsection (3), the payee who proposed the transfer does not incur any penalty, forfeit any application fee or other payment, or otherwise incur any liability to the proposed transferee.
 - (6) NONCOMPLIANCE.--
 - (a) If a transferee violates the requirements for stipulating the discount and finance charge provided for in subsection (3), neither the transferee nor any assignee may collect from the transferred payments, or from the payee, any amount in excess of the net advance amount, and the payee may recover from the transferee or any assignee:
 - 1. A refund of any excess amounts previously received by the transferee or any assignee;
 - 2. A penalty in an amount determined by the court, but not in excess of three times the aggregate amount of the discount and finance charge; and
 - 3. Reasonable costs and attorney's fees.

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22 23

24

25 26

27

2829

3031

1	(b) If the transferee violates the disclosure
2	requirements in subsection (3), the transferee and any
3	assignee are liable to the payee for:
4	1. A penalty in an amount determined by the court, but
5	not in excess of three times the amount of the discount and
6	finance charge; and
7	2. Reasonable costs and attorney's fees.
8	(c) A transferee or assignee is not liable for any
9	penalty in any action brought under this section if the
10	transferee or assignee establishes by a preponderance of
11	evidence that the violation was not intentional and resulted
12	from a bona fide error, notwithstanding the transferee's
13	maintenance of procedures reasonably designed to avoid such
14	errors.
15	(d) Notwithstanding any other law, an action may not
16	be brought under this section more than 1 year after the due
17	date of:
18	1. The last transferred structured-settlement payment,
19	in the case of a violation of the requirements for stipulating
20	the discount and finance charge provided for in subsection
21	(3).
22	2. The first transferred structured-settlement
23	payment, in the case of a violation of the disclosure
24	requirements of subsection (3).
25	(e) When any interested party has reason to believe
26	that any transferee has violated this section, any interested

Section 8. This act shall take effect October 1, 2001.

penalties, and any other relief that is appropriate to secure

party may bring a civil action for injunctive relief,

compliance with this section.