A bill to be entitled

An act relating to public records; providing an exemption from public records requirements for information identifying the location of specified archaeological and cultural sites; providing an expiration date; providing a finding of public necessity; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Any information identifying the location of archaeological sites contained in site files or other records maintained by the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State is exempt from the provisions of section 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and Section 24(a) of Article I of the State Constitution, if the Division of Historical Resources finds that disclosure of such information will create a substantial risk of destruction or harm at such sites. This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with section 119.15, Florida Statutes, and expires on October 2, 2006, unless reviewed and reenacted by the Legislature.

Section 2. (1) The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that information identifying the location of archaeological and cultural sites be exempt and confidential from public records requirements because the state has a serious problem with archaeological looting. The exact location of an archaeological site should be exempt from disclosure if the Division of Historical Resources determines

 that disclosure of the site location will create a substantial risk of harm, theft, or destruction at the site.

- (2) The Legislature also finds that the lack of protection for sensitive sites puts the federal government in a difficult position. The Federal Government is mandated to share site-specific information with the Florida State Historic Preservation Officer to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. However, section 304 of the National Historic Preservation Act protects specific information concerning the location and character of cultural resources when sharing that information could place them in jeopardy.
- is required by the development of Geographic Information
 System databases listing sites located in the Florida Site
 File at the Florida Department of State. The Geographic
 Information System is a valuable tool for recording
 site-location and survey data for participating research,
 land-use planning, and site stewardship by land managers and
 law enforcement officers. However, while this data can be
 quickly disseminated to the public via the Internet,
 protective measures must be placed on the sharing and use of
 this data for sensitive archaeological and cultural locations.
- (4) The Legislature also finds that new implementation guidelines for the National Historic Preservation Act require increased consultation with federally recognized tribes. The Legislature finds that managing information concerning Native American sacred sites and sites of cultural patrimony carries a responsibility of confidentiality. Credible stewardship in these areas requires the ability to protect sensitive information from public dissemination.

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. SENATE SUMMARY Provides an exemption from public records requirements for information identifying the location of specified archaeological and cultural sites. Provides a finding of public necessity and an expiration date.