## Florida Senate - 2001

By Senators Sebesta and Klein

20-335B-01 See HB 71 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to uniform traffic control; creating the "Red Light Safety Act of 2001"; 3 4 amending s. 316.003, F.S.; defining the term 5 "traffic infraction detector"; creating a pilot project in Palm Beach, Pinellas, and Broward 6 7 Counties administered by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; authorizing 8 9 counties and municipalities in the pilot 10 project to enact ordinances permitting the use of traffic infraction detectors; providing an 11 12 exception; providing penalties for traffic control signal violations detected by traffic 13 14 infraction detectors; providing procedures; amending s. 316.0745, F.S.; providing that 15 traffic infraction detectors must meet certain 16 17 requirements; amending s. 320.03, F.S.; providing a cross-reference in conformance to 18 19 the act; prohibiting the issuance of license plates or revalidation stickers when fines are 20 21 outstanding for violations detected by traffic 22 infraction detectors; providing for an annual report on the use of traffic infraction 23 detectors by counties and municipalities in the 24 25 pilot project; providing an effective date. 26 27 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 28 29 Section 1. Short title. -- This act may be cited as the 30 "Red Light Safety Act of 2001." 31 1

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 1586

1 Section 2. Subsection (82) is added to section 2 316.003, Florida Statutes, to read: 3 316.003 Definitions.--The following words and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings 4 5 respectively ascribed to them in this section, except where б the context otherwise requires: 7 (82) TRAFFIC INFRACTION DETECTOR. -- A device that uses 8 a vehicle sensor installed to work in conjunction with a 9 traffic control signal and a camera synchronized to 10 automatically record two or more sequenced photographs, 11 microphotographs, or electronic images which utilize wet film, of only the rear of a motor vehicle at the time the vehicle 12 fails to stop when facing a steady red traffic control signal. 13 Any citation issued by the utilization of a traffic infraction 14 detector must include a photograph showing both the license 15 tag of the offending vehicle and the traffic control device 16 17 being violated in the same frame. 18 Section 3. Pilot project on use of traffic infraction 19 detectors in Palm Beach, Pinellas, and Broward Counties; administration; report.--20 21 There is created a pilot project on the operation (1)of traffic infraction detectors. The pilot project shall be 22 administered by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 23 Vehicles in Palm Beach, Pinellas, and Broward Counties. The 24 pilot project shall include the following provisions: 25 26 In order to utilize a traffic infraction detector, (a) 27 Palm Beach County, Pinellas County, or Broward County or a municipality therein may enact an ordinance that provides for 28 the use of a traffic infraction detector to enforce section 29 30 316.075(1)(c), Florida Statutes, which requires the driver of a vehicle to stop the vehicle when facing a steady red traffic 31

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1 control signal on the streets and highways under the jurisdiction of the county or municipality. A county or 2 3 municipality within the pilot project that operates a traffic infraction detector may, by ordinance, authorize a traffic 4 5 infraction officer to issue a ticket for violations of section 316.075(1)(c), Florida Statutes, and to enforce the payment of б tickets for such violation. This paragraph does not authorize 7 8 a traffic infraction officer to carry a firearm or other weapon and does not authorize such an officer to make arrests. 9 The ordinance must require that a sign be posted to provide 10 11 motorists with notification that a traffic infraction detector is in use. Such signage must conform to the standards and 12 requirements adopted by the Department of Transportation under 13 section 316.0745, Florida Statutes. The ordinance must also 14 require that the county or municipality make a public 15 announcement and conduct a public awareness campaign of the 16 17 proposed use of traffic infraction detectors at least 30 days before commencing the enforcement program. In addition, the 18 ordinance must establish a schedule of fines to be assessed 19 against the registered owner of a motor vehicle whose vehicle 20 fails to stop when facing a steady red traffic control signal, 21 as determined through the use of a traffic infraction 22 detector. However, any such fine imposed by ordinance may not 23 24 exceed \$100. Any other provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, an additional surcharge, fee, or cost may not 25 be added to the civil penalty authorized by this subsection. 26 27 When responding to an emergency call, an emergency (b) 28 vehicle is exempt from any ordinance enacted under this 29 subsection. 30 (c) A county or municipality participating in the 31 pilot project may adopt an ordinance that provides for the use 3

of a traffic infraction detector in order to impose a fine on 1 the registered owner of a motor vehicle for a violation of an 2 3 ordinance enacted under section 316.008, Florida Statutes. The fine shall be imposed in the same manner and is subject to the 4 5 same limitations as provided for parking violations under б section 316.1967, Florida Statutes. Chapter 318, Florida 7 Statutes, and section 322.27, Florida Statutes, do not apply 8 to a violation of an ordinance enacted under section 316.008, Florida Statutes. Such a violation is not a conviction of the 9 10 operator, and may not be made part of the driving record of the operator, and may not be used for purposes of setting 11 motor vehicle insurance rates. Points may not be assessed 12 13 based upon such a violation. (d) The procedures set forth in section 316.1967(2), 14 (3), (4), and (5), Florida Statutes, apply to a violation of 15 an ordinance enacted under section 316.008, Florida Statutes, 16 17 except that the ticket must contain the name and address of the person alleged to be liable as the registered owner or 18 19 operator of the motor vehicle involved in the violation, the registration number of the vehicle, the location where the 20 violation occurred, the date and time of the violation, and 21 information that identifies the device that recorded the 22 violation. The ticket must advise the registered owner of the 23 24 motor vehicle responsible for the violation of the amount of 25 the fine, the date by which the fine must be paid, and the procedure for contesting the violation alleged in the ticket. 26 The ticket must contain a warning that failure to contest the 27 violation in the manner and time provided is deemed an 28 29 admission of liability and that a default may be entered thereon. The violation shall be processed by the county or 30 31 municipality that has jurisdiction over the street or highway

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1 where the violation occurred or by any entity authorized by the county or municipality to prepare and mail the ticket. 2 3 (e) The registered owner of the motor vehicle involved in a violation is responsible and liable for payment of the 4 5 fine assessed under this section, unless the owner can б establish that the motor vehicle was, at the time of the 7 violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. 8 In order to establish such facts, the registered owner must, within 20 days after receipt of notification of the alleged 9 10 violation, furnish to the county or municipality, as 11 appropriate, an affidavit that sets forth: The name, address, and, if known, the driver's 12 1. license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise 13 had care, custody, or control of the motor vehicle at the time 14 of the alleged violation; or 15 That the vehicle was stolen, with a copy of the 16 2. 17 police report attached indicating that the vehicle was stolen at the time of the alleged violation. 18 19 Upon receipt of an affidavit, the person designated as having 20 21 had care, custody, or control of the motor vehicle at the time of the violation may be issued a ticket. The affidavit is 22 admissible in a proceeding pursuant to this section for the 23 24 purpose of proving that the person identified in the affidavit was in actual care, custody, or control of the motor vehicle. 25 (f) A person may elect to contest the determination 26 27 that such person failed to stop when faced with a steady red traffic control signal as evidenced by a traffic infraction 28 29 detector by electing to appear before any judge authorized by law to preside over a court or hearing that adjudicates 30 31 traffic infractions. Any person who elects to appear before

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1	the court to present evidence is deemed to have waived the
2	limitation of civil penalties imposed for the violation. The
3	court, after hearing, shall determine whether the violation
4	was committed and may impose a civil penalty not to exceed
5	\$100 plus court costs. The court may take appropriate measures
6	to enforce collection of any penalty not paid within the time
7	permitted by the court.
8	(g) A certificate sworn to or affirmed by a person
9	authorized under section 316.008, Florida Statutes, who is
10	employed by or under contract with the county or municipality
11	where the violation occurred, or a facsimile thereof which is
12	based upon inspection of photographs or other recorded images
13	produced by a traffic infraction detector, is prima facie
14	evidence of the facts contained in the certificate. A
15	photograph or other recorded image evidencing such a violation
16	must be available for inspection in any proceeding to
17	adjudicate liability for violation of an ordinance enacted
18	under section 316.008, Florida Statutes.
19	(h) In any county or municipality in which tickets are
20	issued as provided in this section, the names of persons who
21	have one or more outstanding violations may be included on the
22	list authorized under section 316.1967(6), Florida Statutes.
23	(i) The uniform traffic citation prepared by the
24	department under section 316.650, Florida Statutes, may not be
25	issued for any violation for which a ticket is issued as
26	provided in this section.
27	(2) From the funds received from fines imposed under
28	section 316.008, Florida Statutes, each county or municipality
29	that operates a traffic infraction detector under the pilot
30	project shall submit an annual report to the Department of
31	Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, which report details the
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1 results of using the traffic infraction detector and the procedures for enforcement. The Department of Highway Safety 2 3 and Motor Vehicles shall provide a summary report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 4 5 Representatives, and the Governor regarding the use and б operation of traffic infraction detectors under section 7 316.008, Florida Statutes. The summary report must include a 8 review of the information submitted to the department by the counties and municipalities and must describe the enhancement 9 10 of the traffic safety and enforcement programs. The department 11 shall report its recommendations on or before December 1, 2001, to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House 12 of Representatives, and the Governor, including any necessary 13 legislation in the event that the pilot project would be 14 beneficial for application on a statewide basis. 15 This section expires December 1, 2003. 16 (3) 17 Section 4. Subsection (6) of section 316.0745, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 316.0745 Uniform signals and devices .--19 (6)(a) Any system of traffic control devices 20 21 controlled and operated from a remote location by electronic computers or similar devices must shall meet all requirements 22 23 established for the uniform system, and, if where such a 24 system affects systems affect the movement of traffic on state 25 roads the design of the system must shall be reviewed and approved by the Department of Transportation. 26 27 (b) Any traffic infraction detector deployed on the 28 streets and highways of the state must meet requirements 29 established by the Department of Transportation and must be 30 tested according to procedures and at regular intervals as 31 prescribed by the department. 7

1 Section 5. Subsection (8) of section 320.03, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 320.03 Registration; duties of tax collectors; 4 International Registration Plan. --(8) If the applicant's name appears on the list 5 б referred to in s. 316.1001(4), or s. 316.1967(6), or s. 7 316.1971(5), a license plate or revalidation sticker may not 8 be issued until that person's name no longer appears on the 9 list or until the person presents a receipt from the clerk 10 showing that the outstanding fines outstanding have been paid. 11 The tax collector and the clerk of the court are each entitled to receive monthly, as costs for implementing and 12 13 administering this subsection, 10 percent of the civil penalties and fines recovered from such persons. If the tax 14 15 collector has private tag agents, such tag agents are entitled to receive a pro rata share of the amount paid to the tax 16 17 collector, based upon the percentage of license plates and 18 revalidation stickers issued by the tag agent compared to the 19 total issued within the county. The authority of any private 20 agent to issue license plates shall be revoked, after notice and a hearing as provided in chapter 120, if he or she issues 21 any license plate or revalidation sticker contrary to the 22 provisions of this subsection. This section applies only to 23 24 the annual renewal in the owner's birth month of a motor vehicle registration and does not apply to the transfer of a 25 registration of a motor vehicle sold by a motor vehicle dealer 26 licensed under this chapter, except for the transfer of 27 28 registrations which is inclusive of the annual renewals. This 29 section does not affect the issuance of the title to a motor vehicle, notwithstanding s. 319.23(7)(b). 30 31

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**SB 1586** See HB 71 Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a

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2	law.
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5	LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY
6	Creates the "Red Light Safety Act of 2001 " Defines the
7	Creates the "Red Light Safety Act of 2001." Defines the term "traffic infraction detector" to mean a device that uses a vehicle sensor installed to work in conjunction
8	with a traffic control signal and a camera synchronized to automatically record two or more sequenced
9	photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images which utilize wet film, of only the rear of a motor vehicle at
10	the time the vehicle fails to stop when facing a steady red traffic control signal. Creates a pilot project in
11	Palm Beach, Pinellas, and Broward Counties administered
12	by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles which enables such counties and municipalities therein to provide for the use of traffic infraction detectors. (See
13	bill for details.)
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