By Representatives Jennings, Richardson, McGriff, Peterman, Greenstein, Ausley and Kendrick

A bill to be entitled 1 An act relating to state government; creating 2 3 s. 14.204, F.S.; creating the State Council on 4 Competitive Government; providing for appointment of members, powers, and duties; 5 providing for review of government services and 6 7 functions in relation to the performance of 8 those services and functions by nongovernment 9 providers; providing criteria for review; providing for contract recommendations; 10 providing limitations on contracts for services 11 under certain circumstances; repealing s. 12 14.203, F.S., which provides for a State 13 14 Council on Competitive Government; providing an effective date. 15 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 Section 1. Section 14.204, Florida Statutes, is 20 created to read: 14.204 State Council on Competitive Government.--21 2.2 DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term: 23 "Commercial activity" means an activity that 24 provides a product or service that is commonly available from 25 a private source. 26 "Council" means the State Council on Competitive (b) Government. 27 28 "Identified state service" means a service 29 provided by the state which the council has identified as a 30 commercially available service and which the council has 31

brought under study to determine whether the service may be provided by private sources through competition.

- (d) "Privatization" means the transfer of government functions, assets, agencies, management, products or productive capacity, financing, or service delivery from the government sector to the nongovernment sector.
- State Council on Competitive Government is established within the legislative branch of government. Staff shall be provided by the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability which shall also provide direction to the council. It is the policy of this state that all state services be performed in the most effective and efficient manner in order to provide the best value to the public. The state recognizes that competition among service providers may improve the quality of services provided. The council shall encourage competition, innovation, and creativity among service providers and within the public sector.
- members appointed as follows: two members appointed by the Governor, one of whom must be from the government sector; two appointees of the Governor and Cabinet, one of whom must be from the government sector; the director of the Legislature's Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability; two members appointed by the President of the Senate; and two members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The council shall select its presiding officer from its membership. The council shall meet as often as necessary to perform its duties.
 - (4) DUTIES.--

- (a) The council shall identify commercially available services currently being performed by state agencies and, if the council finds that any services of an agency can be better provided through competition with private sources or other state agency service providers, the council may recommend that the state agency engage in any process, including competitive bidding, which is recommended by the council to provide the service through competition among private sources or with other state agency service providers.
- (b) The council shall review and comment on all requests for proposals, invitations to bid, invitations to negotiate, or contracts issued by state agencies which propose privatization of funded government services. Each state agency shall submit all of its privatization proposals costing \$100,000 or more to the council for its review before any action is taken by the agency.
- (c) The council shall review all existing instances in which state government funded services have been privatized in order to comment on whether the services are being performed in the most effective and efficient manner to provide the best value to the public.
- (5) POWERS.--In performing its duties under this
 section, the council may:
- (a) Adopt rules governing any aspect of the council's duties or responsibilities.
 - (b) Hold public hearings or conduct studies.
- (c) Consult with private sources or state agencies that provide services.
- (d) Recommend that a state agency conduct an in-house cost estimate, a management study, or any other hearing,

study, review, or cost estimate concerning any aspect of an
identified state service.

- (e) Develop for use by state agencies methods to accurately and fairly estimate and account for the cost of providing an identified state service.
- (f) Recommend that an identified state service be submitted to competitive bidding or another process that creates competition among private sources.
- (g) Suggest, in consultation with affected state agencies, the specifications and conditions of purchase procedures that should be followed by a state agency or a private source engaged in competitive bidding to provide an identified state service.
- (h) Recommend the award of a contract to a state agency currently providing the service, another state agency, a private source, or any combination of those entities if the bidder presents the best and most reasonable bid, which is not necessarily the lowest bid.
- (i) Suggest the terms and conditions of a contract for service or an interagency contract to provide an identified state service or other commercially available service.
- (j) Recommend a minimum level of contractor health insurance coverage for employees, including optional family coverage, whether employer paid or employee paid or a combination thereof.
- (k) Encourage state employees to organize and submit a bid for the identified service.
- (6) COST COMPARISON AND CONTRACT CONSIDERATIONS.--In comparing the cost of providing a service, the council must consider the cost of supervising the work of any private contractor, including an analysis of whether health-care

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benefits, retirement, and workers' compensation insurance for 1 2 employees of the contractor are reasonably comparable to benefits provided by the state. The council must also consider 3 the total cost to the agency of that agency's performance of a 4 5 service, such total cost to include all indirect costs related 6 to that agency and the costs of agencies such as the 7 Comptroller, the Treasurer, the Attorney General, and other 8 support agencies. In reviewing proposals submitted by state agencies or in making recommendations for actions to be 9 undertaken by state agencies in privatization or in making 10 recommendations for investments in productive improvements to 11 12 public-sector agencies, the council shall consider the 13 following: 14

- (a) Whether two or more state agencies provide an essentially similar service to a like population with little or no value added by multiple jurisdictions.
- (b) Whether the public-sector service has been created in response to a short-term need or abuse, and any subsequent actions that have satisfactorily addressed the need or remedied the abuse with sufficient protection to the affected public.
- (c) Whether the program, service, or deployment of resources exists because of a commitment to job-based tasks that prove unnecessary in light of alternative technology-based processes.
- (d) Whether market forces can address the program or service for its satisfactory operation in a nongovernment context.
- 29 (e) Whether the program or service is peripheral to
 30 the core mission of state government regardless of the
 31 efficiency of the state agency operation.

- (f) Whether the service or program provides a subsidy that the general population can obtain from a nongovernment provider without loss of integrity or unreasonable cost.
- (g) Whether the selected program or service unduly affects economically or geographically disadvantaged segments of the workforce from receiving subsequent employment.
- (h) Whether the nongovernment provider has made satisfactory provisions to avoid service interruption, provisions for employment by displaced public-sector employees, and provisions for maintenance of the quality and accessibility of the contracted service.
- (i) Whether privatization of the program or service would impair the integrity of the regulatory powers of state government or its sworn enforcement of functions conferred on it by law.
- government services adds value. For the purposes of this section, an alternative method adds value if it achieves one or more government-sector objectives with improvement outcomes irrespective of cost; achieves more outcomes within a fixed amount of appropriation; improves accuracy, timeliness, or responsiveness by employees on behalf of customers, clients, or the public; reduces unit costs; or reduces the cost of sales and general administrative expenses.
- (7) DUTIES OF AFFECTED STATE AGENCIES.--A state agency shall cooperate with the council in the performance of its duties under this section.
- (8) EXEMPTION.--Any contract entered into pursuant to council recommendations and decisions regarding whether an agency will engage in competitive bidding with respect to such

a contract is exempt from all laws of the state regulating or limiting state purchasing and purchasing decisions.

- contract entered into under this section constitutes an executive branch recommendation only and does not take effect until a specific appropriation to fund the contract is provided by law. In addition, any contract entered into by an executive-branch agency under this section must state in its text that its effect is contingent upon a specific appropriation by law. However, a contract entered into pursuant to this section may not impair the actions of any executive branch agency whose powers are derived directly from the State Constitution or impair any contractual or statutory obligations imposed by state or federal law or a grant-in-aid program.
- (10) OPEN MEETINGS AND OPEN RECORDS LAWS.--The meetings and records of the council are subject to the provisions of ss. 119.07 and 286.011.
- (11) REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPENSES.--Members of the council are not entitled to receive a salary but may be reimbursed for expenses under s. 112.061.

Section 2. Any other provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, no contract for services, request for proposals, or invitation to bid between an agency of the State of Florida and a contract vendor succeeding to the operation of a program or function of a State of Florida agency shall be executed unless the vendor shall be a domiciled Florida corporation or shall have a significant business presence in the state for the duration of the contract. For the purposes of this provision, the term "significant business presence" shall mean a retention of substantially all of the filled

positions previously assigned the state agency at substantially the same total cash equivalent of salaries and benefits. Section 3. Section 14.203, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001. ********** HOUSE SUMMARY Creates a new State Council on Competitive Government within the legislative branch and under the direction of the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability and provides for its membership, powers, and duties. Provides for review of government services and functions in relation to the performance of those services and functions by nongovernment providers. Repeals the existing Council on Competitive Government. Provides limitations on contracts for services, requests for proposals, or invitations to bid between an agency of the state and a contract vendor succeeding to the operation of a program or function of a state agency. See bill for details.