Florida Senate - 2001

CS for SB 1662

By the Committee on Natural Resources and Senator Laurent

312-1715-01 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to Lake Okeechobee Protection 3 Program; amending s. 373.4595, F.S.; 4 authorizing a line item on utility sewer rates 5 to cover wastewater residual treatment and б disposal in certain counties; providing 7 exemption from requirements of the Public 8 Service Commission; providing an effective 9 date. 10 11 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 12 13 Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 373.4595, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 15 373.4595 Lake Okeechobee Protection Program.--16 (3) LAKE OKEECHOBEE PROTECTION PROGRAM. -- A protection program for Lake Okeechobee that achieves phosphorus load 17 18 reductions for Lake Okeechobee shall be immediately implemented as specified in this subsection. The program shall 19 20 address the reduction of phosphorus loading to the lake from both internal and external sources. Phosphorus load reductions 21 22 shall be achieved through a phased program of implementation. 23 Initial implementation actions shall be technology-based, based upon a consideration of both the availability of 24 25 appropriate technology and the cost of such technology, and 26 shall include phosphorus reduction measures at both the source 27 and the regional level. The initial phase of phosphorus load 28 reductions shall be based upon the district's Technical 29 Publication 81-2 and the district's WOD program, with subsequent phases of phosphorus load reductions based upon the 30 total maximum daily loads established in accordance with s. 31 1

403.067. In the development and administration of the Lake
 Okeechobee Protection Program, the coordinating agencies shall
 maximize opportunities provided by federal cost-sharing
 programs and opportunities for partnerships with the private
 sector.

6 (c) Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control 7 Program. -- The Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control 8 Program is designed to be a multifaceted approach to reducing 9 phosphorus loads by improving the management of phosphorus 10 sources within the Lake Okeechobee watershed through continued 11 implementation of existing regulations and best management practices, development and implementation of improved best 12 management practices, improvement and restoration of the 13 hydrologic function of natural and managed systems, and 14 utilization of alternative technologies for nutrient 15 reduction. The coordinating agencies shall facilitate the 16 17 application of federal programs that offer opportunities for 18 water quality treatment, including preservation, restoration, 19 or creation of wetlands on agricultural lands.

20 1. Agricultural nonpoint source best management 21 practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and designed to achieve the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee 22 Protection Program, shall be implemented on an expedited 23 24 basis. By March 1, 2001, the coordinating agencies shall 25 develop an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406(5) that assures the development of best management 26 27 practices that complement existing regulatory programs and 28 specifies how those best management practices are implemented 29 and verified. The interagency agreement shall address measures 30 to be taken by the coordinating agencies during any best 31 management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to

2

sub-subparagraph d. The department shall use best professional
 judgment in making the initial determination of best
 management practice effectiveness.

4 a. As provided in s. 403.067(7)(d), by October 1, 5 2000, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in 6 consultation with the department, the district, and affected 7 parties, shall initiate rule development for interim measures, 8 best management practices, conservation plans, nutrient 9 management plans, or other measures necessary for Lake 10 Okeechobee phosphorus load reduction. The rule shall include 11 thresholds for requiring conservation and nutrient management plans and criteria for the contents of such plans. Development 12 13 of agricultural nonpoint source best management practices 14 shall initially focus on those priority basins listed in 15 subparagraph (b)1. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the department, the district, 16 17 and affected parties, shall conduct an ongoing program for 18 improvement of existing and development of new interim 19 measures or best management practices for the purpose of 20 adoption of such practices by rule.

21 Where agricultural nonpoint source best management b. 22 practices or interim measures have been adopted by rule of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the owner or 23 24 operator of an agricultural nonpoint source addressed by such 25 rule shall either implement interim measures or best management practices or demonstrate compliance with the 26 district's WOD program by conducting monitoring prescribed by 27 28 the department or the district. Owners or operators of 29 agricultural nonpoint sources who implement interim measures or best management practices adopted by rule of the Department 30 31 of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be subject to the

3

provisions of s. 403.067(7). The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in cooperation with the department and the district, shall provide technical and financial assistance for implementation of agricultural best management practices, subject to the availability of funds.

c. The district or department shall conduct monitoring
at representative sites to verify the effectiveness of
agricultural nonpoint source best management practices.

9 d. Where water quality problems are detected for 10 agricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate 11 implementation of adopted best management practices, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in 12 13 consultation with the other coordinating agencies and affected parties, shall institute a reevaluation of the best management 14 15 practices and make appropriate changes to the rule adopting best management practices. 16

17 2. Nonagricultural nonpoint source best management 18 practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and 19 designed to achieve the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee 20 Protection Program, shall be implemented on an expedited 21 basis. By March 1, 2001, the department and the district shall develop an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 22 373.406(5) that assures the development of best management 23 24 practices that complement existing regulatory programs and 25 specifies how those best management practices are implemented and verified. The interagency agreement shall address measures 26 27 to be taken by the department and the district during any best 28 management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to 29 sub-subparagraph d.

30 a. The department and the district are directed to31 work with the University of Florida's Institute of Food and

4

1 Agricultural Sciences to develop appropriate nutrient 2 application rates for all nonagricultural soil amendments in 3 the watershed. As provided in s. 403.067(7)(c), by January 1, 2001, the department, in consultation with the district and 4 5 affected parties, shall develop interim measures, best 6 management practices, or other measures necessary for Lake 7 Okeechobee phosphorus load reduction. Development of 8 nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices 9 shall initially focus on those priority basins listed in 10 subparagraph (b)1. The department, the district, and affected 11 parties shall conduct an ongoing program for improvement of existing and development of new interim measures or best 12 management practices. The district shall adopt 13 technology-based standards under the district's WOD program 14 for nonagricultural nonpoint sources of phosphorus. 15 Where nonagricultural nonpoint source best 16 b. 17 management practices or interim measures have been developed by the department and adopted by the district, the owner or 18 19 operator of a nonagricultural nonpoint source shall implement 20 interim measures or best management practices and be subject 21 to the provisions of s. 403.067(7). The department and district shall provide technical and financial assistance for 22 implementation of nonagricultural nonpoint source best 23 24 management practices, subject to the availability of funds. 25 The district or the department shall conduct c. 26 monitoring at representative sites to verify the effectiveness 27 of nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices. 28 d. Where water quality problems are detected for 29 nonagricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate 30 implementation of adopted best management practices, the 31

5

department and the district shall institute a reevaluation of
 the best management practices.

3 The provisions of subparagraphs 1. and 2. shall not 3. preclude the department or the district from requiring 4 5 compliance with water quality standards or with current best 6 management practices requirements set forth in any applicable regulatory program authorized by law for the purpose of 7 8 protecting water quality. Additionally, subparagraphs 1. and 9 2. are applicable only to the extent that they do not conflict 10 with any rules promulgated by the department that are 11 necessary to maintain a federally delegated or approved 12 program.

4. Projects which reduce the phosphorus load
originating from domestic wastewater systems within the Lake
Okeechobee watershed shall be given funding priority in the
department's revolving loan program under s. 403.1835. The
department shall coordinate and provide assistance to those
local governments seeking financial assistance for such
priority projects.

5.<u>a.</u> The department shall require all entities
disposing of domestic wastewater residuals within the Lake
Okeechobee watershed to develop and submit to the department
by July 1, 2001, an agricultural use plan that limits
applications based upon phosphorus loading. Phosphorus loading
originating from these application sites shall not exceed the
limits established in the district's WOD program.

b. Private and government-owned utilities within
Monroe, Dade, Broward, Palm Beach, Martin, St. Lucie, Indian
River, Okeechobee, Highlands, Hendry, and Glades counties that
dispose of wastewater residual sludge from utility operations
and septic removal by land spreading in the Lake Okeechobee

6

1 watershed may use a line item on local sewer rates to cover wastewater residual treatment and disposal if such disposal 2 3 and treatment is done by approved alternative treatment methodology at a facility located within the areas designated 4 5 by the Governor as rural areas of critical economic concern б pursuant to s. 288.0656. This additional line item is an 7 environmental protection disposal fee above the present sewer 8 rate and shall not be considered a part of the present sewer rate to customers, notwithstanding provisions to the contrary 9 10 in chapter 367. The fee shall be established by the County 11 Commission or its designated assignee in the county in which the alternative method treatment facility is located. Further, 12 for utilities and utility authorities that use the additional 13 line item environmental protection disposal fee, such fee 14 shall not be considered a rate increase under the rules of the 15 Public Service Commission and shall be exempt from such rules. 16 17 Utilities using the provisions of this section may immediately include in their sewer invoicing the new environmental 18 19 protection disposal fee. Proceeds from this environmental protection disposal fee shall be used for treatment and 20 disposal of wastewater residuals including any treatment 21 technology that helps reduce the volume of residuals that 22 require final disposal, but such proceeds shall not be used 23 24 for transportation or shipment costs for disposal or any costs 25 relating to the land application of residuals in the Lake Okeechobee watershed. 26 27 By July 1, 2001, the Department of Agriculture and б. 28 Consumer Services shall initiate rulemaking requiring entities 29 within the Lake Okeechobee watershed which land-apply animal

30 manure to develop conservation or nutrient management plans

31 that limit application, based upon phosphorus loading. Such

7

1 rules may include criteria and thresholds for the requirement 2 to develop a conservation or nutrient management plan, 3 requirements for plan approval, and recordkeeping 4 requirements. 5 7. Prior to authorizing a discharge into works of the б district, the district shall require responsible parties to 7 demonstrate that proposed changes in land use will not result in increased phosphorus loading over that of existing land 8 9 uses. 10 8. The district, the department, or the Department of 11 Agriculture and Consumer Services, as appropriate, shall 12 implement those alternative nutrient reduction technologies 13 determined to be feasible pursuant to subparagraph (d)6. Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001. 14 15 STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR 16 17 Senate Bill 1662 18 The committee substitute provides that private and government owned utilities within Monroe, Dade, Broward, Palm Beach, Martin, St. Lucie, Indian River, Okeechobee, Highlands, Hendry and Glades Counties that dispose of wastewater residual sludge from utility operations and septic removal by land spreading in the Lake Okeechobee watershed may impose an additional environmental disposal fee above the present sewer rate to cover the costs of disposal for wastewater residuals. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 8