By the Committee on Natural Resources and Senators Laurent, Posey, Lawson, Bronson, Smith, Brown-Waite, Pruitt, Mitchell and Constantine

312-1631-01 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to rural land conservation; 3 creating the "Rural and Family Lands Protection Act"; defining terms; providing legislative 4 5 intent; creating s. 570.70, F.S.; providing for 6 the purchase of rural-lands-protection easements by the Department of Agriculture and 7 8 Consumer Services; providing criteria; 9 providing for resource conservation agreements and agricultural protection agreements; 10 11 prescribing allowable land uses; providing for 12 an application process; providing for an enforceable option to purchase property; 13 14 directing the department to seek funds from 15 federal sources; amending s. 201.15, F.S.; providing for the distribution of certain taxes 16 17 to the department to be used for the program; 18 creating s. 215.619, F.S.; providing for bonds; 19 amending s. 570.207, F.S.; providing uses for 20 funds from the Conservation and Recreation Lands Program Trust Fund; providing an 21 effective date. 22 23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 24 25 26 Section 1. Short title. -- This act may be cited as the "Rural and Family Lands Protection Act." 27 28 Section 2. Definitions. -- As used in this act, the term 29 department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 30 Services. 31

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1 Section 3. Section 570.70, Florida Statutes, is 2 created to read: 3 570.70 Legislative findings.--The Legislature finds 4 and declares that: 5 (1) A thriving rural economy with a strong 6 agricultural base, healthy natural environment, and viable 7 rural communities is an essential part of Florida. Rural areas 8 also include the largest remaining intact ecosystems and best examples of remaining wildlife habitats as well as a majority 9 10 of privately owned land targeted by local, state, and federal 11 agencies for natural-resource protection. (2) The growth of Florida's population can result in 12 agricultural and rural lands being converted into residential 13 14 or commercial development. (3) The agricultural, rural, natural-resource, and 15 commodity values of rural lands are vital to the state's 16 17 economy, productivity, rural heritage, and quality of life. (4) The purpose of this act is to bring under public 18 19 protection lands that serve to limit subdivision and conversion of agricultural and natural areas that provide 20 21 economic, open space, water, and wildlife benefits by acquiring land or related interests in land such as perpetual, 22 less-than-fee acquisitions, agricultural protection 23 24 agreements, and resource conservation agreements. 25 Section 4. Section 570.71, Florida Statutes, is 26 created to read: 27 570.71 Conservation easements and agreements.--28 (1) The department may allocate moneys to acquire 29 perpetual, less-than-fee interest in land, to enter into

agricultural protection agreements, and to enter into resource

conservation agreements for the following public purposes:

1	(a) Promotion and improvement of wildlife habitat;
2	(b) Protection and enhancement of water bodies,
3	aquifer recharge areas, wetlands, and watersheds;
4	(c) Perpetuation of open space on lands with
5	significant natural areas; or
6	(d) Protection of agricultural lands threatened by
7	conversion to other uses.
8	(2) To achieve the purposes of this act, beginning no
9	later than July 1, 2002, and every year thereafter, the
10	department shall accept applications for project proposals
11	that:
12	(a) Purchase conservation easements, as defined in s.
13	<u>704.06.</u>
14	(b) Purchase rural-lands-protection easements pursuant
15	to this act.
16	(c) Fund resource conservation agreements pursuant to
17	this act.
18	(d) Fund agricultural protection agreements pursuant
19	to this act.
20	(3) Rural-lands-protection easements shall be a
21	perpetual right or interest in agricultural land which is
22	appropriate to retain such land in predominantly its current
23	state and to prevent the subdivision and conversion of such
24	land into other uses. This right or interest in property shall
25	prohibit only the following:
26	(a) Construction or placing of buildings, roads,
27	billboards or other advertising, utilities, or structures,
28	except those structures and unpaved roads necessary for the
29	agricultural operations on the land or structures necessary
30	for other activities allowed under the easement, and except
31	for linear facilities described in s. 704.06(11);

- 1 (b) Subdivision of the property;
 - (c) Dumping or placing of trash, waste, or offensive
 materials; and
 - (d) Activities that affect the natural hydrology of the land or that detrimentally affect water conservation, erosion control, soil conservation, or fish or wildlife habitat, except those required for environmental restoration; federal, state, or local government regulatory programs; or best management practices.
 - (4) Resource conservation agreements will be contracts for services which provide annual payments to landowners for services that actively improve habitat and water restoration or conservation on their lands over and above that which is already required by law or which provide recreational opportunities. They will be for a term of not less than 5 years and not more than 10 years. Property owners will become eligible to enter into a resource conservation agreement only upon entering into a conservation easement or rural lands protection easement.
 - (5) Agricultural protection agreements shall be for terms of not more than 30 years and will provide payments to landowners having significant natural areas on their land.

 Public access and public recreational opportunities may be negotiated at the request of the landowner.
 - (a) For the length of the agreement, the landowner
 shall agree to prohibit:
 - 1. Construction or placing of buildings, roads, billboards or other advertising, utilities, or structures, except those structures and unpaved roads necessary for the agricultural operations on the land or structures necessary

for other activities allowed under the easement, and except for linear facilities described in s. 704.06(11);

- 2. Subdivision of the property;
- 3. Dumping or placing of trash, waste, or offensive materials; and
- 4. Activities that affect the natural hydrology of the land, or that detrimentally affect water conservation, erosion control, soil conservation, or fish or wildlife habitat.
- (b) Concurrently with entering into an agricultural protection agreement, the landowner shall grant to the state an enforceable option to purchase the property in fee simple at the end of the agreement based on the value of the property at the time the agreement is entered into plus a reasonable escalator. The escalator shall not exceed 2 percent of the value of the property at the time the agreement is entered into multiplied by the number of full calendar years from the date of the commencement of the agreement. At the end of an agreement, the parties may agree to extend the agreement for up to 5 years, but only if the option to purchase remains in effect until the end of the term extension. Upon mutual consent and agreement of the parties, a landowner may enter into a perpetual easement at any time during the term of an agricultural protection agreement.
- (6) Payment for conservation easements and rural land protection easements shall be a lump-sum payment at the time the easement is entered into, payable from proceeds derived from revenues distributed pursuant to ss. 201.15 and 215.619.
- (7) Landowners entering into an agricultural protection agreement may receive up to 50 percent of the purchase price at the time the agreement is entered into and remaining payments on the balance shall be equal annual

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payments over the term of the agreement, payable from proceeds derived from revenues distributed pursuant to ss. 201.15 and 215.619, subject to the provisions of s. 11(e) of Art. VII of the State Constitution.

- (8) Payments for the resource conservation agreements shall be equal annual payments over the term of the agreement, payable from proceeds derived from revenues distributed pursuant to s. 201.15.
- (9) Easements purchased pursuant to this act may not prevent landowners from transferring the remaining fee value with the easement.
- (10) The department, in consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, the water management districts, and the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, shall adopt rules that establish an application process, prioritize projects toward ranch and timber lands using sustainable practices to best achieve the purposes of this act, establish an appraisal process for easements, and establish a method to determine payments under an agricultural protection agreement or a resource conservation agreement.
- (11) The department is directed to seek funds from federal sources to use in combination with state funds to carry out the purposes of this section.

Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 201.15, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapters 99-247, 2000-151, 2000-170, and 2000-197, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

201.15 Distribution of taxes collected.--All taxes collected under this chapter shall be distributed as follows and shall be subject to the service charge imposed in s. 31 215.20(1), except that such service charge shall not be levied

bonds.

against any portion of taxes pledged to debt service on bonds to the extent that the amount of the service charge is required to pay any amounts relating to the bonds:

- (1) Sixty-two and sixty-three hundredths percent of the remaining taxes collected under this chapter shall be used for the following purposes:
- (c) The remainder of the moneys distributed under this subsection, after the required payments under paragraph (a), shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state to be used and expended for the purposes for which the General Revenue Fund was created and exists by law or to the Ecosystem Management and Restoration Trust Fund or to the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund as provided in subsection (11) or to the Conservation and Recreation Lands Program Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to s. 570.71.

Section 6. Section 215.619, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

215.619 Bonds for rural land preservation. --

(1) The issuance of bonds, not to exceed \$100 million, to finance or refinance the Rural and Family Lands Protection Act is authorized and shall commence on July 1, 2002, subject to the provisions of s. 570.71 and pursuant to s. 11(e) of Art. VII of the State Constitution. The duration of each series of bonds issued may not exceed 10 annual maturities. These Rural Land Preservation bonds shall be equally and ratably secured by moneys distributed pursuant to s. 201.15(1)(a), except to the extent specifically provided otherwise by the documents authorizing the issuance of the

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- (2) The state covenants with the holders of Rural Land Preservation bonds that it will not take any action that will materially and adversely affect the rights of such holders so long as such bonds are outstanding, including, but not limited to, a reduction in the portion of documentary stamp taxes distributable to the Conservation and Recreation Lands Program Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for payment of debt service.
- (3) Bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be payable from taxes distributable to the Conservation and Recreation Lands Program Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to s. 201.15(1)(c). Bonds issued pursuant to this section shall not constitute a general obligation of, or a pledge of the full faith and credit of, the state.
- (4) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer

 Services shall request the Division of Bond Finance of the

 State Board of Administration to issue the Rural Land

 Preservation bonds authorized by this section. The Division of

 Bond Finance shall issue such bonds pursuant to the State Bond

 Act.
- (5) The proceeds from the sale of bonds issued pursuant to this section, less the costs of issuance, the costs of funding reserve accounts, and other costs with respect to the bonds, shall be deposited into the Conservation and Recreation Lands Program Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services as provided in s. 570.71.
- (6) Pursuant to authority granted by s. 11(e) of Art.

 VII of the State Constitution, there is authorized the

 Conservation and Recreation Lands Program Trust Fund of the

 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, which

implements the purposes of s. 9(a)(1) of Art. XII of the State Constitution. The Conservation and Recreation Lands Program Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall continue beyond the termination of bonding authority provided for in s. 9(a)(1) of Art. XII of the State Constitution, pursuant to the authority provided by s. 11(e) of Art. VII of the State Constitution, and shall continue for so long as Rural Land Preservation bonds are outstanding and secured by taxes distributable thereto.

- (7) There shall be no sale, disposition, lease, easement, license, or other use of any land, water areas, or related property interests acquired or improved with proceeds of Rural Land Preservation bonds which would cause all or any portion of the interest of such bonds to lose the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes.
- (8) The initial series of Rural Land Preservation bonds shall be validated in addition to any other bonds required to be validated pursuant to s. 215.82. Any complaint for validation of bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be filed only in the circuit court of the county where the seat of state government is situated; the notice required to be published by s. 75.06 shall be published only in the county where the complaint is filed; and the complaint and order of the circuit court shall be served only on the state attorney of the circuit in which the action is pending.

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 570.207, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.207 Conservation and Recreation Lands Program
Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
Services.--

1 (1) There is created a Conservation and Recreation 2 Lands Program Trust Fund within the Department of Agriculture 3 and Consumer Services. The purpose of the trust fund is to provide for the management of conservation and recreation 4 5 lands by the department. Funds may be appropriated to the 6 trust fund from the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust 7 Fund in the Department of Environmental Protection, as created by s. 259.032(2), or from such other sources as the 8 9 Legislature may determine for the management of conservation 10 and recreation lands by the department. Additionally, subject 11 to the provisions of s. 11(e) of Art. VII of the State 12 Constitution, the department may use moneys deposited pursuant 13 to s. 201.15, bonded revenues deposited pursuant to s. 14 215.619, and funds from such other sources as the Legislature determines for the acquisition of conservation easements and 15 rural-lands-protection easements and for funding agricultural 16 17 protection agreements and resource conservation agreements pursuant to s. 570.71. 18 19 Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001. 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SB 1758
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4	The overall intent of the bill remains the same even though it
5	has been substantially rewritten. Bond revenues backed by a portion of the Documentary Stamp Tax proceeds would be used to
6	acquire interest in rural and agricultural lands to limit conversion of agricultural and natural areas to urban and
7	other uses. The program will be administered by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
8	Legislative findings and intent is clarified to protect rural
9	and agricultural lands by acquiring land or related interests in land such as perpetual easements, less than fee
10	acquisitions, agricultural protection agreements and resource conservation agreements. The original bill focused solely on two types of easements - permanent easements and thirty-year
11	easements.
12	The CS specifies the requirements, limitations, and payment consideration for conservation easements, rural lands
13	protection easements, resource conservation agreements and agricultural protection agreements.
14	The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services in
15	consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, the water management districts, and the Fish and Wildlife
16	Conservation Commission, shall adopt rules that establish an application process, prioritize projects toward ranch and
17	timber lands to achieve the purposes of this act.
18	The original bill provided for the incremental increase in the use of Documentary Stamp Tax revenues by \$10 million each year
19	use of Documentary Stamp Tax revenues by \$10 million each year for ten years ending in fiscal year 2011 to be used for interest on bonds. The CS provides for the issuance of not
20	more than \$100 million in bonds, beginning July 1, 2002 for this act. Specific provisions are included in the CS to
21	prescribe requirements for the issuance of bonds. The CS provides for moneys available for this act to be deposited in
22	the Conservation and Recreation Lands Program Trust Fund in the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Such
23	trust fund provisions were not in the original bill.
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