By the Committee on Health Regulation and Representatives Farkas, Sobel, Alexander, Ritter, Harrell and Wishner

A bill to be entitled 1 An act relating to public records; creating ss. 2 3 458.353 and 459.028, F.S.; providing exemptions from public records requirements for 4 5 information contained in reports made by physicians and osteopathic physicians of 6 7 adverse incidents occurring in office practice 8 settings; providing for future review and 9 repeal; providing findings of public necessity; 10 providing an effective date. 11 12 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 13 Section 1. Section 458.353, Florida Statutes, is 14 15 created to read: 458.353 Notification of adverse incident; public 16 17 records exemption. -- Information contained in the notification of an adverse incident which identifies a patient, 18 practitioner, or office by name, location, or other 19 20 identifier, which is required under s. 458.351 and provided to the department by a physician licensed under this chapter, is 21 22 confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, until 10 days after probable cause 23 is found that a violation of law occurred. This section is 24 subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in 25 26 accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed October 2, 2006, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through 27 28 reenactment by the Legislature. 29 Section 2. Section 459.028, Florida Statutes, is 30 created to read: 31

459.028 Notification of adverse incident; public 1 2 records exemption. -- Information contained in the notification of an adverse incident which identifies a patient, 3 4 practitioner, or office by name, location, or other identifier, which is required under s. 459.026 and provided to 5 6 the department by an osteopathic physician licensed under this 7 chapter, is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 8 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until 10 days after probable cause is found that a violation of law occurred. This 9 section is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 10 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed 11 12 October 2, 2006, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through 13 reenactment by the Legislature. 14 Section 3. The Legislature finds that the exemptions 15 from public records requirements provided in ss. 458.353 and 16 459.028, Florida Statutes, are a public necessity, and that it would be an invasion of a patient's privacy for personal, 17 sensitive information contained in the notification of an 18 19 adverse incident to be publicly available. Furthermore, the 20 Legislature finds that failure to protect the confidentiality of any information submitted to or collected by the Department 21 of Health pursuant to s. 458.351, Florida Statutes, or s. 22 459.026, Florida Statutes, regarding an adverse incident, 23 24 including, but not limited to, the identity of the patient, practitioner, and office, and the fact that an investigation 25 26 is being conducted, would deter the collection and reporting of this information to the department. This would prevent the 27 28 department and the appropriate regulatory boards from effectively carrying out their responsibility to enforce safe 29 patient care and take necessary disciplinary action for 30 practice violations. Release of such personal information

prior to the completion of the investigation and prior to a finding of probable cause would deter physicians and osteopathic physicians licensed in this state from reporting adverse incidents. This could lead to the deterioration of services and care rendered, all to the detriment of the health of those served. These exemptions apply the same exemption accorded under ss. 395.0198 and 395.0193, Florida Statutes, relating to the reporting of adverse incidents by facilities licensed under chapter 395, Florida Statutes. The Legislature has thus consistently and repeatedly acknowledged the public necessity of these types of exemptions. Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.