${\bf By}$ the Committee on Health, Aging and Long-Term Care; and Senator Garcia

317-1822-01 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to medical practice; creating 3 s. 456.0375, F.S.; defining the term "clinic"; 4 imposing registration requirements for certain 5 clinics; providing for medical directors; 6 providing for enforcement; providing penalties; 7 providing an effective date. 8 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 Section 1. Section 456.0375, Florida Statutes, is 12 created to read: 13 456.0375 Registration of certain clinics; requirements; discipline; exemptions.--14 15 (1) As used in this section, the term "clinic" means a business operating in a single structure or facility or group 16 of adjacent structures or facilities operating under the same 17 18 business name or management at which health care services are 19 provided to individuals and at which the clinic tenders 20 charges for reimbursement for such services, unless it is otherwise licensed or registered by the state pursuant to 21 chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 397, chapter 22 23 400, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, chapter 480, or chapter 484 or is exempt from federal taxation 24 under 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3). This section also does not apply 25 to a sole or group practice, partnership, or corporation that 26 27 provides health care services by licensed health care practitioners as defined in s. 456.001(4), in accordance with 28 the applicable practice act, which is jointly owned by 29 30 licensed health care practitioners and the spouse, parent, or child of a licensed health care practitioner, and at which the 31

<u>licensed health care practitioners are legally responsible for</u> the clinic's compliance with all federal and state laws.

- (2)(a) A clinic in which an entity or individual other than those licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 or certified under s. 464.012 possesses an ownership interest must register with the department. The clinic must at all times maintain a valid registration. Each clinic location must be registered separately even if operated under a common business name or management. For purposes of determining registration requirements under this paragraph, a clinic owned by a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 also includes any clinic owned jointly by the physician and the physician's spouse, parent, or child if the licensed physician supervises the services performed in the clinic and is legally responsible for the clinic's compliance with all federal and state laws.
- (b) The department shall adopt rules necessary to administer the registration program, including rules establishing the specific registration procedures, forms, and fees. Registration fees must be calculated to reasonably cover the cost of registration and must be in such amount that the total fees collected do not exceed the cost of administering and enforcing compliance with this section. The registration program must require:
- 1. The clinic to file the registration form with the department within 60 days after the effective date of this section or prior to the inception of operation. The registration expires automatically 2 years after its date of issuance and must be renewed biennially thereafter.

- 2. The registration form to contain the name,
 residence, and business address, phone number, and license
 number of the medical director or clinical director for the
 clinic.

 The clinic to display the registration certificat
 - 3. The clinic to display the registration certificate in a conspicuous location within the clinic which is readily visible to all patients.
 - (3)(a) Each clinic owned by an individual other than a fully licensed physician or owned by an entity other than a professional corporation or limited liability company composed only of fully licensed physicians must employ or contract with a physician maintaining a full and unencumbered physician license in accordance with chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 to serve as the medical director, or with a licensed health care practitioner to serve as the clinical director, who is responsible for activities in accordance with her or his practice act.
 - (b) A medical director or clinical director must agree in writing to accept responsibility for the following activities on behalf of the clinic. The medical director or the clinical director shall:
 - 1. Have signs identifying the medical director or clinical director posted in a conspicuous location within the clinic which are readily visible to all patients.
 - 2. Ensure that all practitioners providing health care services or supplies to patients maintain a current active and unencumbered Florida license.
 - 3. Review any patient-referral contracts or agreements executed by the clinic.

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- 4. Ensure that all health care practitioners at the clinic have active appropriate certification or licensure for the level of care being provided.
- 5. Serve as the clinic records owner as defined in s. 456.057.
- 6. Ensure compliance with the medical recordkeeping, office-surgery, and adverse-incident-reporting requirements of chapter 456, the respective practice acts, and the rules adopted thereunder.
- 7. Conduct systematic reviews of clinic billings to ensure that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful. Upon discovery of an unlawful charge, the medical director or clinical director must take immediate corrective action.
- (c) Any contract to serve as a medical director or clinical director entered into or renewed by a physician or licensed health care practitioner in violation of this section is void as contrary to public policy. This section applies to contracts entered into or renewed on or after October 1, 2001.
- (d) The department, in consultation with the boards, shall adopt rules specifying limitations on the number of registered clinics and licensees for which a medical director or clinical director may assume responsibility for purposes of this section. In determining the quality of supervision a medical director or clinical director can provide, the department shall consider the number of clinic employees, the clinic location, and the services provided by the clinic.
- (4)(a) All charges or reimbursement claims made by or on behalf of a clinic that is required to be registered under this section but that is not so registered are unlawful charges and therefore are noncompensable and unenforceable.

 Any person knowingly operating or managing an unregistered

clinic otherwise required to be registered under this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. (b) Any licensed health care practitioner who violates this section is subject to discipline in accordance with chapter 456 and the respective practice act. (c) The department shall revoke the registration of any clinic registered under this section for operating in violation of the requirements of this section. Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2001.

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STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
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                                                                                                         COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
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                                                                                                                             Senate Bill 1910
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                  The bill requires individuals or entities who are not
                Florida-licensed allopathic or osteopathic physicians, chiropractic physicians, podiatric physicians, physician assistants, or advanced registered nurse practitioners, who possess an ownership interest in a clinic to register with the Department of Health within 60 days after October 1, 2001.
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                 Clinics that are not exempt must comply with the bill's requirements to employ or contract with a medical director who is a Florida-licensed physician or with a clinical director who is a Florida-licensed brills or with a clinical director
                  who is a Florida-licensed health care practitioner.
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                A clinic licensed or registered under chapter 390 (abortion), 394 (mental health), 395 (hospitals), 397 (substance abuse services), 400 (nursing homes), 463 (optometry), 465 (pharmacy), 466 (dental), 478 (electrolysis), 480 (massage), or 484 (optical/hearing aid specialist), Florida Statutes, or that is exempt from federal taxation under the Tax Code is exempt from the bill's requirements. The bill exempts a sole or group practice partnership or corporation that provides
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               exempt from the bill's requirements. The bill exempts a sole or group practice, partnership, or corporation that provides health care services by licensed health care practitioners as defined in s. 456.001(4), F.S., in accordance with their practice act, only if the following conditions are met: the clinic must be jointly owned by licensed health care practitioners and the spouse, parent, or child of a licensed health care practitioner, and the licensed health care practitioners are legally responsible for the clinic's compliance with all federal and state laws.
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                The bill requires all clinics that are not otherwise exempt to register with the Department of Health. The Department of Health must adopt rules to implement a registration program, including rules prescribing registration fees. The fees must not exceed an amount that will provide sufficient revenue to administer the registration program.
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                The bill requires a medical director or clinical director to be responsible for activities on behalf of the clinic and specifies the duties of the medical director or clinical
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                  director of such clinic.
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              Any person knowingly operating or managing an unregistered clinic commits a third degree felony. A third degree felony carries a maximum prison sentence of 5 years and a maximum fine of $5,000. The Department of Health must revoke the registration of clinics found to be in violation of the bill. Also, a violation of the bill by a licensed health care practitioner would be grounds for discipline under ch. 456, F.S., and the practice act of that practitioner. All charges or any reimbursement claims made by or on behalf of unregistered clinics would be considered to be unlawful charges and therefore be noncompensable and unenforceable. The bill makes any contract to serve as a medical director or clinical director entered into or renewed by a physician or licensed health care practitioner after October 1, 2001, that violates the provisions of the bill void.
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