1 An act

An act relating to the deduction and collection of a bargaining agent's dues and uniform assessments; amending s. 447.303, F.S.; eliminating a right of certain bargaining agents to have certain dues and assessments deducted and collected by an employer from certain employees; providing legislative findings and intent; providing that the deduction and collection of certain dues and assessments is a proper subject of collective bargaining; providing requirements and limitations; providing for accounting of funds; providing for enforcement; providing an effective date.

A bill to be entitled

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 447.303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

447.303 Dues; deduction and collection.--

(1) Any employee organization which has been certified as a bargaining agent, other than a certified bargaining agent for instructional personnel as defined in s. 228.041, shall have the right to have its dues and uniform assessments deducted and collected by the employer from the salaries of those employees who authorize the deduction of said dues and uniform assessments. However, such authorization is revocable at the employee's request upon 30 days' written notice to the employer and employee organization. Said deductions shall commence upon the bargaining agent's written request to the

employer. Reasonable costs to the employer of said deductions shall be a proper subject of collective bargaining. Such right to deduction, unless revoked pursuant to s. 447.507, shall be in force for so long as the employee organization remains the certified bargaining agent for the employees in the unit. The public employer is expressly prohibited from any involvement in the collection of fines, penalties, or special assessments.

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(2)(a) The Legislature acknowledges that Florida is a right to work state as guaranteed by s. 6, Art. I of the State Constitution, which provides employees the right to bargain collectively. However, the State Constitution does not require an employer to deduct and collect a bargaining agent's dues and uniform assessments from an employee's salary. Furthermore, the Legislature in implementing s. 6, Art. I of the State Constitution, has declared that it is the public policy of this state to neither encourage nor discourage participation in a certified employee organization. The current statutory right of a collective bargaining agent to have its dues and uniform assessments deducted from an employee's salary is inconsistent with this policy because it assumes a non-neutral position regarding membership in a certified employee organization. By statutorily requiring an employer to deduct a collective bargaining agent's dues and assessments, the state facilitates the financial support of that organization not only for its collective bargaining functions but for whatever political or social causes that organization chooses to support. The payroll deduction process does not require the identification of how the money deducted will be utilized. Other voluntary payroll deductions are clear on their face as to the amount and purpose of the

deductions. In addition, other payroll deductions are not encumbered with the legal complexities surrounding collective 2 3 bargaining rights and this state's policy of neutrality 4 regarding membership in a certified employee organization. Morever, the First Amendment to the United States Constitution 5 6 guarantees a person freedom of association, and included in 7 that right a person may not be compelled to financially 8 support a social cause or a political candidate or cause. To 9 the extent members of a certified employee organization are uninformed regarding the use of their payroll deducted dues 10 and assessments, unaware of their rights to be refunded any 11 12 portion of such dues or assessments used for political or social purposes to which they do not agree, or are prevented 13 14 or inhibited from exercising their associational rights, directly or indirectly, for whatever reason and from whatever 15 16 source, then the state's participation in their payroll 17 deduction impinges on those employees' First Amendment rights. The Legislature finds that instructional personnel 18 19 represent the largest collective bargaining unit in this 20 state. Furthermore, the Legislature recognizes and finds that 21 teacher shortages in this state have reached critical proportions and anticipates that Florida will need an 22 23 additional 162,000 teachers over the next 10 years to meet the challenges of this state's growing student population. 24 Attracting new teachers as well as retaining existing teachers 25 26 is a priority for this Legislature. Furthermore, the Legislature finds that this state has a substantial and 27 compelling interest in protecting the First Amendment rights 28 of instructional personnel, and that the state's ability to 29 recruit and retain instructional personnel should be enhanced 30 31 by empowering instructional personnel to pursue their First

Amendment rights and to make informed decisions regarding 1 2 their political and social participation within the context of 3 exercising their collective bargaining rights. The 4 Legislature also finds that, as a result of the recent merger 5 and industry consolidation of the collective bargaining agents 6 that represented instructional personnel as defined in s. 7 228.041, a monopoly in such services has been created in this 8 state. Accordingly, this state must redouble its efforts to 9 remain neutral and thereby not empower or detract from that collective bargaining agent's representational role, or from 10 the employees' ability to be represented in the collective 11 12 bargaining process by whomever they so choose. 13 Because of these facts and trends, the Legislature 14 finds that the current status of instructional personnel constitutes a set of circumstances distinct and unique from 15 any other area of public employment within this state. 16 17 Therefore, the Legislature finds that with regard to instructional personnel, the deduction and collection of the 18 19 certified bargaining agent's dues and uniform assessments 20 should not be mandated by the Legislature but should be a permissive subject of collective bargaining, as otherwise 21 restricted by this act. The Legislature further finds that 22 23 the restrictions imposed by this act do not interfere with the ability of instructional personnel to be a member of a 24 certified labor organization or to contribute directly to that 25 26 organization in support of its non-collective bargaining 27 activities. (b) With regard to a certified bargaining agent that 28 29 represents instructional personnel as defined in s. 228.041, any deduction and collection by an employer of that certified 30 bargaining agent's dues and uniform assessments from an 31

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employee's salary may be a proper subject of collective
    bargaining. If the deduction and collection of an agent's dues
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    and uniform assessments are collectively bargained, the
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    collectively bargained agreement shall provide that payroll
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    deduction for dues or uniform assessments shall not exceed an
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    amount actually used for activities of the certified
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    bargaining agent necessary to perform the agent's duties
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    regarding the resolution of labor-management issues which
    consist of collective bargaining, contract administration, and
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    grievance adjustment. Such amount shall not include any
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    amounts used for any other purpose, including, but not limited
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    to: electoral activities; independent expenditures or
    contributions to any candidate, political party, political
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    committee, or committee of continuous existence; voter
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    registration campaigns; or any other political or legislative
    cause, including, but not limited to, ballot initiatives.
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    Additionally, the collectively bargained agreement must
    require the written authorization of the employee,
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    commencement of the deductions upon the bargaining agent's
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    written request to the employer, collection of reasonable
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    costs which must include all of the costs incurred by the
    employer for making such deduction, revocation provisions,
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    including revocation pursuant to s. 447.507, and a prohibition
    against the public employer from collecting fines, penalties,
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    special assessments, or for any purpose other than
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    labor-management issues, as provided for in this subsection.
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          (c) The collectively bargained agreement shall also
   provide for a reasonable accounting of funds through a
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    segregation of funds received through payroll deduction or by
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    an independent audit of the use of such funds.
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          (d) Any taxpayer or other aggrieved party may seek
    enforcement of this subsection in a court of competent
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    jurisdiction.
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           Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001.
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