Florida House of Representatives - 2001

HB 1969

By the Committee on Natural Resources & Environmental Protection and Representative Harrington

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to land acquisition and
3	management; amending s. 253.034, F.S.; defining
4	"conservation lands"; providing procedure for
5	disposition of certain surplus conservation
6	lands by the Board of Trustees of the Internal
7	Improvement Trust Fund; revising procedure for
8	evaluating and offering for sale of surplus
9	lands; providing for disposition of proceeds
10	from the sale of surplus nonconservation lands;
11	exempting sale of Cross Florida Greenway lands
12	from review by the Acquisition and Restoration
13	Council; amending ss. 253.7821, 253.7825,
14	253.7827, 253.7828, and 259.035, F.S.;
15	conforming references and cross references;
16	deleting obsolete language; amending ss.
17	253.111 and 253.115, F.S.; exempting Greenway
18	lands from certain public notice and hearing
19	requirements prior to sale, lease, exchange, or
20	grant of easement; amending s. 253.781, F.S.;
21	renaming the Cross Florida Greenways State
22	Recreation and Conservation Area; amending s.
23	253.7822, F.S.; providing for modification of
24	the Greenway boundary; amending s. 253.7823,
25	F.S.; providing for sale or exchange of surplus
26	lands within the Greenway; providing for
27	disposition of fees and proceeds; amending s.
28	253.7829, F.S.; revising requirements for
29	management of Greenway lands and structures;
30	amending s. 253.783, F.S.; deleting obsolete
31	language relating to the disposition of surplus
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1	lands by the Department of Environmental
2	Protection; amending s. 253.82, F.S.; revising
3	conditions under which certain lands titled to
4	the board of trustees may be declared surplus
5	lands; revising appraisal requirements;
б	providing rulemaking authority; creating s.
7	253.86, F.S.; providing for management and use
8	of certain uplands; providing rulemaking
9	authority of the Office of Coastal and Aquatic
10	Managed Areas; providing for fees; providing a
11	penalty; creating s. 259.0324, F.S.; creating
12	the Citizenship Conservation and Education
13	Program; providing legislative findings and
14	definitions; providing requirements for
15	participation; providing for use of funds from
16	the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust
17	Fund as state matching funds; providing
18	rulemaking authority; amending s. 259.105,
19	F.S.; revising goals and performance measures
20	of the Florida Forever Act; authorizing the
21	Florida Communities Trust to develop certain
22	goals and performance measures; providing
23	rulemaking authority; amending s. 298.22, F.S.;
24	authorizing boards of supervisors of water
25	control districts to construct and manage
26	resource-based recreational facilities;
27	amending s. 369.255, F.S.; authorizing certain
28	municipalities to create a funding mechanism
29	for greenspace management and exotic plant
30	control; providing an effective date.
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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 1 2 3 Section 1. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of 4 section 253.034, Florida Statutes, and subsection (6) of said 5 section is amended, to read: 253.034 State-owned lands; uses.--6 7 (2) As used in this section, the following phrases 8 have the following meanings: 9 (c) "Conservation lands" means lands that are 10 currently managed for conservation, outdoor resource-based 11 recreation, or archaeological or historic preservation, except 12 those lands that were acquired solely to facilitate the 13 acquisition of other conservation lands. Lands acquired for 14 uses other than conservation, outdoor resource-based 15 recreation, or archaeological or historic preservation shall 16 not be designated conservation lands except as otherwise authorized under this section. These lands shall include, but 17 not be limited to, the following: correction and detention 18 19 facilities, military installations and facilities, state 20 office buildings, maintenance yards, state university or state community college campuses, agricultural field stations or 21 offices, tower sites, law enforcement and license facilities, 22 laboratories, hospitals, clinics, and other sites that possess 23 no significant natural or historical resources. However, 24 25 lands acquired solely to facilitate the acquisition of other 26 conservation lands, and for which the land management plan has 27 not yet been completed or updated, may be evaluated by the 28 Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund on a case-by-case basis to determine if they will be designated 29 conservation lands. 30

31

HB 1969

The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement 1 (6) 2 Trust Fund shall determine which lands, the title to which is 3 vested in the board, may be surplused. Notwithstanding s. 253.111, For conservation lands, the board shall make a 4 5 determination that the lands are no longer needed for б conservation purposes and may dispose of them by a two-thirds 7 vote. In the case of a land exchange involving the disposition 8 of conservation lands, the board must determine by at least a 9 two-thirds vote that the exchange will result in a net positive conservation benefit.For all other lands, the board 10 shall make a determination that the lands are no longer needed 11 12 and may dispose of them by majority vote. None of the 13 surplusing procedures or requirements referred to in this section apply to conveyances allowed under s. 253.025(13). 14 15 (a) For the purposes of this subsection, all lands 16 acquired by the state prior to July 1, 1999, using proceeds from the Preservation 2000 bonds, the Conservation and 17 Recreation Lands Trust Fund, the Water Management Lands Trust 18 19 Fund, Environmentally Endangered Lands Program, and the Save 20 Our Coast Program and titled to the board, which lands are identified as core parcels or within original project 21 22 boundaries, shall be deemed to have been acquired for conservation purposes. 23 24 (b) For any lands purchased by the state on or after 25 July 1, 1999, a determination shall be made by the board prior 26 to acquisition as to those parcels that shall be designated as having been acquired for conservation purposes. No lands 27 28 acquired for use by the Department of Corrections, the 29 Department of Management Services for use as state offices, the Department of Transportation, except those specifically 30 31 managed for conservation or recreation purposes, or the State

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HB 1969

University System or the Florida Community College System
 shall be designated as having been purchased for conservation
 purposes.

4 (c) At least every 5 $\frac{3}{2}$ years, as a component of each 5 land management plan or land use plan and in a form and manner prescribed by rule by the board, each management entity shall 6 7 evaluate and indicate to the board those lands that the entity 8 manages which are not being used for the purpose for which they were originally leased. Such lands shall be reviewed by 9 the council for its recommendation as to whether such lands 10 should be disposed of by the board. 11

(d) Lands owned by the board which are not actively managed by any state agency or for which a land management plan has not been completed pursuant to subsection (5) shall be reviewed by the council or its successor for its recommendation as to whether such lands should be disposed of by the board.

(e) Prior to any decision by the board to surplus lands, the Acquisition and Restoration Council shall review and make recommendations to the board concerning the request for surplusing. The council shall determine whether the request for surplusing is compatible with the resource values of and management objectives for such lands.

(f) In reviewing lands owned by the board, the council or its successor shall consider whether such lands would be more appropriately owned or managed by the county or other unit of local government in which the land is located. The council or its successor shall recommend to the board whether a sale, lease, or other conveyance to a local government would be in the best interests of the state and local government. The provisions of this paragraph in no way limit the

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provisions of ss. 253.111 and 253.115. Such lands shall be 1 offered to the state, county, or local government for a period 2 3 of 30 90 days. Permittable uses for such surplus lands may include public schools; public libraries; fire or law 4 5 enforcement substations; and governmental, judicial, or recreational centers. County or local government requests for 6 7 surplus lands shall be expedited throughout the surplusing 8 process. If the county or local government does not elect to 9 purchase such lands in accordance with s. 253.111, then any surplusing determination involving other governmental agencies 10 11 shall be made upon the board deciding the best public use of 12 the lands. State agencies shall have the subsequent 13 opportunity to acquire the surplus lands for a period not to 14 exceed 30 days after the offer to a county or local government expires.Surplus properties in which governmental agencies 15 16 have expressed no interest shall then be available for sale on 17 the private market.

(g) Lands determined to be surplus pursuant to this 18 19 subsection shall be sold for fair market value or the price 20 paid by the state or a water management district to originally acquire the lands, whichever is greater, except that the price 21 22 of lands sold as surplus to any unit of government shall not exceed the price paid by the state or a water management 23 district to originally acquire the lands. A unit of government 24 which acquires title to lands hereunder for less than fair 25 26 market value may not sell or transfer title to all or any 27 portion of the lands to any private owner for a period of 10 28 years. Any unit of government seeking to transfer or sell 29 lands pursuant to this paragraph shall first allow the board of trustees to reacquire such lands. The board of trustees 30 31

HB 1969

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HB 1969

1 may reacquire such lands for the price at which they sold such 2 lands.

3 (h) Where a unit of government acquired land by gift, 4 donation, grant, quit-claim deed, or other such conveyance 5 where no monetary consideration was exchanged, the price of б land sold as surplus shall not exceed the fair market value of 7 the lands. Fair market value shall be determined by the 8 average of two separate appraisals. The individual or entity 9 requesting the surplus shall select and use appraisers from 10 the list of approved appraisers maintained by the Division of 11 State Lands in accordance with s. 253.025(6)(b). The 12 individual or entity requesting the surplus is to incur all 13 costs of the appraisals.

(i) After reviewing the recommendations of the council
or its successor, the board shall determine whether lands
identified for surplus are to be held for other public
purposes or whether such lands are no longer needed. The
board may require an agency to release its interest in such
lands.

20 (j) Requests for surplusing may be made by any public 21 or private entity or person. All requests shall be submitted 22 to the lead managing agency for review and recommendation to the council or its successor. Lead managing agencies shall 23 have 90 days to review such requests and make recommendations. 24 Any surplusing requests that have not been acted upon within 25 26 the 90-day time period shall be immediately scheduled for 27 hearing at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the council 28 or its successor. Requests for surplusing pursuant to this 29 paragraph shall not be required to be offered to local or 30 state governments as provided in paragraph (f). 31

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(k) Proceeds from any sale of surplus lands pursuant 1 2 to this subsection shall be deposited into the fund from which 3 such lands were acquired. However, if the fund from which the lands were originally acquired no longer exists, such proceeds 4 5 shall be deposited into an appropriate account to be used for land management by the lead managing agency assigned the lands б 7 prior to the lands being declared surplus. Funds received from 8 the sale of surplus nonconservation lands, or lands that were 9 acquired by gift, by donation, or for no consideration, shall be deposited into the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. 10 11 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, 12 no such disposition of land shall be made if such disposition 13 would have the effect of causing all or any portion of the 14 interest on any revenue bonds issued to lose the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes. 15 16 (m) The sale of filled, formerly submerged land that does not exceed 5 acres in area is not subject to review by 17 the council or its successor. 18 19 (n) The sale of lands managed pursuant to ss. 20 253.781-253.785 is not subject to review by the council. 21 Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 253.111, Florida 22 Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) is added to subsection (6) of said section, to read: 23 253.111 Notice to board of county commissioners before 24 sale .-- The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust 25 26 Fund of the state may not sell any land to which they hold 27 title unless and until they afford an opportunity to the 28 county in which such land is situated to receive such land on 29 the following terms and conditions: (3) If the board receives, within 30 45 days after 30 31 notice is given to the board of county commissioners pursuant 8

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to subsection (1), the certified copy of the resolution 1 2 provided for in subsection (2), the board shall forthwith 3 convey to the county such land at a price that is equal to its appraised market value established by generally accepted 4 professional standards for real estate appraisal and subject б to such other terms and conditions as the board determines. (6) This section does not apply to: (a) Any land exchange approved by the board; or The conveyance of any lands located within the (b) 10 Everglades Agricultural Area; or. 11 (c) Lands managed pursuant to ss. 253.781-253.785. 12 Section 3. Paragraphs (h) and (i) of subsection (5) of 13 section 253.115, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph 14 (j) is added to said subsection, to read: 15 253.115 Public notice and hearings .--16 (5) The notice and publication requirements of this 17 section do not apply to: The conveyance of lands pursuant to the provisions 18 (h) 19 of s. 373.4592(4)(b); or 20 (i) Renewals, modifications, or assignments; or. 21 (j) Lands managed pursuant to ss. 253.781-253.785. 22 Section 4. Section 253.781, Florida Statutes, is 23 amended to read: 24 253.781 Retention of state-owned lands along former 25 Cross Florida Barge Canal route; creation of Marjorie Harris 26 Carr Cross Florida Greenway Greenways State Recreation and 27 Conservation Area; authorizing transfer to the Federal 28 Government for inclusion in Ocala National Forest.--29 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to conserve 30 and protect the natural resources and scenic beauty of the Ocklawaha Oklawaha River Valley and all lands and interests 31

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HB 1969

formerly acquired by the state or Federal Government for 1 2 construction and operation of the Cross Florida Barge Canal. 3 It is the finding of the Legislature that these areas have a significant impact upon environmental and recreational 4 5 resources of statewide importance and that public ownership of б and access to such areas are necessary and desirable to 7 protect the health, welfare, safety, and quality of life of 8 the residents of this state and to implement s. 7, Art. II of the State Constitution. It is further the finding of the 9 Legislature that retention of ownership and control of the 10 11 majority of the lands by the state and the ownership and 12 control of additional portions by the Federal Government as 13 part of the Ocala National Forest will properly protect and 14 conserve the natural resources and scenic beauty of Florida, enhance recreational opportunities, and be in the public 15 16 interest. To achieve these goals, the Legislature hereby creates the Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenway 17 Greenways State Recreation and Conservation Area. 18

(2) The department is authorized to transfer for
consideration ownership of all lands or interests in lands
previously owned by the canal authority contained within the
existing boundary of the Ocala National Forest and any
extension of the boundary of the Ocala National Forest in
Putnam County to the United States Department of Agriculture
for the purpose of inclusion in the Ocala National Forest.

(3) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund may acquire by purchase, exchange of other state lands, or the exercise of the power of eminent domain the fee title to lands acquired in less-than-fee title and to privately owned lands that break the continuity of publicly owned lands within the original canal corridor as specified in

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the University Planning Team Greenway Management Plan along

the canal route, using canal authority assets transferred to the department or using state, local, or federal funds dedicated to acquiring lands for conservation and recreation. The Legislature finds that such exercise of the power of eminent domain to accomplish the purposes of this section is necessary and for a public purpose. Such power of eminent domain must be exercised pursuant to chapter 73.

9 (4) Lands transferred pursuant to this section by the 10 department may reserve existing road rights-of-way.

Section 5. Section 253.7821, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

13 253.7821 Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenway 14 Greenways State Recreation and Conservation Area assigned to 15 the Office of the Executive Director. -- The Marjorie Harris 16 Carr Cross Florida Greenway Greenways State Recreation and Conservation Area(Greenway) is hereby established and is 17 initially assigned to the Office of Greenways and Trails 18 19 Management within the Office of the Secretary. The office 20 shall manage the Greenway greenways pursuant to the department's existing statutory authority until administrative 21 22 rules are adopted by the department. However, the provisions of this act shall control in any conflict between this act and 23 24 any other authority of the department.

25 Section 6. Section 253.7822, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read:

27 253.7822 Boundaries of the <u>Marjorie Harris Carr</u> Cross
28 Florida <u>Greenway</u> Greenways State Recreation and Conservation
29 Area; coordination of management activities.--

30 (1) The initial boundaries of the <u>Greenway</u> greenways
31 shall be as follows, as described in the August 30, 1992,

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1 management plan published by the University of Florida 2 University Planning Team: Segments 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of the Base 3 (a) 4 Boundary. 5 (b) Segments 3 and 4 of the Payback Boundary II. 6 (2) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement 7 Trust Fund is authorized to modify the recommended Greenway 8 boundary as described in subsection (1) to include other contiguous lands acquired after the effective date of this act 9 which are suitable for recreation, conservation, or as 10 wildlife corridors within the greenways. The board is also 11 12 authorized to modify the Greenway greenways boundaries as 13 needed to resolve boundary disputes and to reflect the sale of 14 surplus lands; however, no such modifications may result in a 15 discontinuous corridor or a corridor less than 300 yards in width, except as provided for by federal law. 16 (3) If lands located outside the greenways boundaries 17 are designated by the Board of Trustees of the Internal 18 19 Improvement Trust Fund as important to the overall management 20 of the greenways and are purchased by other land acquisition programs, or are otherwise made available for management, the 21 22 board may direct the greenways-managing entity to coordinate 23 management activities to enhance the greenways to the greatest 24 extent possible, or assume lead agency responsibilities when 25 appropriate. 26 Section 7. Section 253.7823, Florida Statutes, is 27 amended to read: 28 253.7823 Disposition of surplus lands; compensation of 29 counties located within the Cross Florida Canal Navigation 30 District.--

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(1) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement 1 2 Trust Fund may authorize the sale or exchange of surplus lands within the former Cross Florida Barge Canal project corridor. 3 4 In identifying such surplus lands, the department shall give 5 consideration to those lands that are determined to be б unnecessary to effectuate the creation of recreational 7 opportunities and conservation activities for which the 8 Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenway State Recreation 9 and Conservation Area was created. 10 (2) Sale or exchange of said surplus lands within the 11 former corridor shall be subject to the requirements of s. 12 253.783. 13 (3) Any fees from leases or easements or any proceeds 14 from the sale or exchange of lands within the former corridor 15 shall be deposited into the Land Acquisition Trust Fund. (1) The department shall identify parcels of former 16 barge canal lands which may be sold or exchanged as needed to 17 repay the counties of the Cross Florida Canal Navigation 18 District any sums due them pursuant to s. 253.783(2)(e). In 19 20 identifying said surplus lands, the department shall give priority consideration to lands situated outside the 21 22 greenways' boundaries, those not having high recreation or conservation values, and those having the greatest assessed 23 24 valuations. Although the department shall immediately begin to 25 identify the parcels of surplus lands to be sold, the 26 department shall offer the lands for sale in a manner designed 27 to maximize the amounts received over a reasonable period of 28 time. 29 (2) Disbursements of amounts due the counties shall be 30 made on a semiannual basis and shall be completed before any 31

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additional lands or easements may be acquired within the boundaries of the greenways. (3) In addition to lands identified for sale to generate funds for repayment of counties pursuant to s. 253.783(2)(e), the department is authorized to sell surplus additional former canal lands if they are determined to be unnecessary to the effective provision of the type of recreational opportunities and conservation activities for which the greenways were created. (4) Until repayment to the counties pursuant to s. 253.783(2)(e) has been completed, any agency wishing to use former canal lands must pay the full assessed value of said lands. Section 8. Subsections (1) and (2) and paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (4) of section 253.7825, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 253.7825 Recreational uses.--(1) The Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenway Greenways State Recreation and Conservation Area must be managed as a multiple-use area pursuant to s. 253.034(2)(a), and as further provided herein. The University of Florida Management Plan provides a conceptual recreational plan that may ultimately be developed at various locations throughout the Greenway greenways corridor. The plan proposes to locate a number of the larger, more comprehensive and complex recreational facilities in sensitive, natural resource areas. Future site-specific studies and investigations must be conducted by the department to determine compatibility with, and potential for adverse impact to, existing natural

30 resources, need for the facility, the availability of other

31 alternative locations with reduced adverse impacts to existing

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HB 1969

natural resources, and the proper specific sites and locations 1 2 for the more comprehensive and complex facilities. 3 Furthermore, it is appropriate, with the approval of the department, to allow more fishing docks, boat launches, and 4 5 other user-oriented facilities to be developed and maintained б by local governments. 7 (2) In determining appropriate recreational uses of 8 Greenway greenways lands, the promotion and development of 9 resources-based activities shall be given priority 10 consideration, although user-oriented activities shall not be 11 arbitrarily prohibited when site-specific studies indicate 12 compatibility of the proposed use with natural or cultural 13 resources. 14 (4) 15 (c) Resources-based recreational activities associated 16 with the horse park-agricultural center, including, but not limited to, recreational trails, trails for endurance or 17 competitive riding, steeplechase, and other related activities 18 may be permitted within the Greenway greenways boundary. The 19 20 Office of Greenways and Trails greenways managing entity shall 21 retain jurisdiction over such activities occurring within the 22 Greenway greenways boundary. (d) Those activities and structures associated with 23 24 the horse park-agricultural center which are determined by the Office of Greenways and Trails greenways managing entity to be 25 26 inappropriate uses of Greenway greenways lands shall be sited 27 on lands outside the Greenway greenways boundary. 28 Section 9. Section 253.7827, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read: 30 253.7827 Transportation and utility crossings of Greenway greenways lands.--31 15

(1) The Legislature recognizes that from time to time
 it may be necessary to serve statewide public needs by
 allowing transportation and utility uses to cross the <u>Greenway</u>
 greenways lands. When these crossings are needed, the
 location and design should consider and mitigate the impact on
 environmental resources, and the value of the land shall be
 paid based on fair market value.

8 (2) In furtherance of previous legislative decisions and policy, the Legislature recognizes the need for the 9 Lebanon Station-to-Wildwood Turnpike toll road extension and 10 11 the need for it to cross Greenway greenways lands at the intersection of State Road 200 and State Road 484. 12 The 13 Department of Transportation shall pay fair compensation for 14 the lands needed to accomplish the crossing of Greenway greenways lands and shall mitigate the impacts of the crossing 15 16 to the extent practicable practical.

(3) Furthermore, the Legislature recognizes the needs 17 expressed by Marion County to provide for the southerly 18 19 extension of Sixtieth Avenue between State Road 200 and 20 Interstate 75 and for the extension to cross the Greenway greenways lands to allow for the orderly growth and 21 development of Marion County. Right-of-way for this extension 22 across Greenway greenways lands shall be designed to mitigate 23 the impacts to the extent practicable practical, and the value 24 of such lands shall be paid based on fair market value or, at 25 26 the option of Marion County, the value can be subtracted from 27 the amount of reimbursement due the county pursuant to s. 28 253.783. 29 Section 10. Section 253.7828, Florida Statutes, is

30 amended to read:

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1 253.7828 Impairment of use or conservation by agencies 2 prohibited.--All agencies of the state, regional planning 3 councils, water management districts, and local governments shall recognize the special character of the lands and waters 4 5 designated by the state as the Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenway Greenways State Recreation and Conservation 6 7 Area and shall not take any action which will impair its use 8 and conservation. 9 Section 11. Section 253.7829, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 11 253.7829 Management plan for retention or disposition 12 of former Cross Florida Barge Canal lands; authority to manage 13 lands until disposition .--14 (1) It is declared to be in the public interest that 15 the department shall do and is hereby authorized to perform 16 any management activities for the public purposes described in this section, and incur any and all expenses necessary, 17 convenient, and proper to: 18 19 (a) Provide updates as needed to the management plan 20 for the Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenway State Recreation and Conservation Area submitted to the Governor and 21 Cabinet on August 30, 1992. Updates will reflect boundary 22 23 amendments due to acquistion of additional lands; boundary 24 amendments due to surplus of lands identified in the 25 recommended boundary as described in s. 253.7822(1)(a) and 26 (b), and any changes in management activities. 27 (b) Operate and maintain existing lands and interests 28 in lands, appurtenances, structures, and facilities. 29 Operation and maintenance of water control structures may be delegated by the department to the St. Johns River Water 30 Management District or the Southwest Florida Water Management 31 17

District, as necessary. Rights-of-way necessary for the 1 2 construction and maintenance of electric transmission lines 3 may be authorized. 4 (2) The development of hydroelectric power is a 5 compatible use of Greenway lands and may be considered by the б Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund as an 7 allowable use within the Greenway boundary of Lake Rousseau 8 and the lower Withlacoochee River, provided that such hydroelectric power complies with all requisite state and 9 10 federal environmental and water management standards. (3) The final disposition of the water control 11 12 structures must be outlined in the management plan as adopted 13 by the Legislature. Such plan shall not be implemented until 14 state legislation specifically directing implementation of the 15 submitted plan or a modified plan, as recommended, becomes 16 effective. (1) It is declared to be in the public interest that 17 the department shall do and is hereby authorized to do any and 18 all things and incur and pay from the canal authority assets, 19 20 for the public purposes described herein, any and all expenses necessary, convenient, and proper to: 21 22 (a) Develop a management plan for the retention or 23 disposition of lands acquired for the Cross Florida Barge 24 Canal to be submitted to the Governor and Cabinet no later 25 than 2 years after the date of enactment of the Cross Florida 26 Barge Canal deauthorization act, which plan shall reflect a 27 consideration of alternatives for disposition as provided in 28 this section of all lands in fee or less than fee owned by the 29 Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, including those lands previously owned by the canal authority 30 and the United States Army Corps of Engineers, and lands to be 31 18

transferred to the state by the United States Army Corps of 1 Engineers. The management plan shall establish a plan for 2 3 delineating the specific boundaries of the Cross Florida Greenways State Recreation and Conservation Area. The 4 5 Legislature intends that such boundaries include, at a minimum, a 300-yard-wide corridor, except where the original 6 7 corridor is a lesser width or except in areas where bridges 8 and roads cross the canal corridor, on former canal lands within the original canal corridor extending from the St. 9 Johns River to the Gulf of Mexico, including all of the 10 11 Oklawaha River Valley and Rodman Reservoir, and all canal 12 works in all areas whether completed and in use or not, but 13 excluding all parts of Lake Rousseau. Such boundaries may include other former canal lands according to the following 14 15 criteria: 1. The proximity of the lands to former canal corridor 16 lands. 17 18 2. The environmental sensitivity or importance of the lands or its characteristics as a unique or significant 19 20 wildlife habitat. 3. The proximity of the lands to existing state or 21 22 federal land which is maintained, at least in part, as natural wildlife habitat, so that the addition of the parcel would 23 24 function as a wildlife corridor, or as additional habitat. 25 4. The potential of the lands to be developed as 26 outdoor recreation lands. 27 28 Commercially valuable parcels, including those parcels near road crossings, within the canal corridor which do not meet 29 the criteria of subparagraphs 1.-4. and other former canal 30 lands which are not included within the boundaries of the 31 19

Cross Florida Greenways State Recreation and Conservation Area 1 under the criteria of subparagraphs 1.-4., may be disposed of 2 3 as surplus lands pursuant to s. 253.783(2)(a)-(d). Such alternatives for disposition will include retention by the 4 5 state or any agency thereof for the specific public purposes outlined in this paragraph or by the counties or adjacent 6 7 municipalities for recreational or conservation purposes, and 8 a declaration of lands not to be retained as surplus lands to be disposed of pursuant to s. 253.783(2)(a)-(d). The 9 management plan shall also address any remedial measures 10 11 necessary to correct any environmental or economic damage 12 caused by works constructed as a part of or as a result of the 13 Cross Florida Barge Canal. 14 (b) Operate and maintain existing lands and interests in lands, appurtenances, structures, and facilities. Operation 15 and maintenance of water control structures may be delegated 16 by the department to the St. Johns River Water Management 17 District or the Southwest Florida Water Management District, 18 as necessary. Rights-of-way necessary for the construction and 19 20 maintenance of electric transmission lines may be authorized. (2) The development of hydroelectric power is a 21 22 compatible use of greenway land and may be considered by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund as an 23 allowable use within the greenways of Lake Rousseau and the 24 lower Withlacoochee River, provided that such hydroelectric 25 26 power complies with all requisite state and federal 27 environmental and water management standards. 28 (3)(a) Before taking any action to control the rhesus monkey population located in Marion County, the Fish and 29 Wildlife Conservation Commission shall conduct a study of the 30 options available to them to deal with control of the rhesus 31

monkeys located within a 10-mile radius of the convergence of 1 2 the Oklawaha and Silver Rivers. The options studied shall include but not be limited to: 3 1. Developing a management plan to allow the monkeys 4 to remain in their present locations. 5 2. Relocating all or some of the monkeys to 6 7 appropriate private state or federal lands in the United 8 States. 3. Sterilizing all or some of the monkeys, regardless 9 of whether they remain in their present location or are 10 11 relocated. 4. Euthanizing all or some of the monkeys. 12 13 (b) During the time the study is being conducted, the 14 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission may control monkeys 15 that constitute a threat to visitors to such area. Such control includes, but is not limited to, the right to deny 16 public access to any area where the monkeys are known to 17 congregate. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 18 19 shall post adequate warning signs in areas to which the public 20 is denied access. (c) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission may 21 22 consult with any other local or state agency while conducting the study and may subcontract with any such agency to complete 23 24 the study. 25 (d) The study of the options shall be delivered to the 26 Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. 27 (e) Nothing in this subsection affects the signed 28 agreement between the department and the Silver Springs Attraction regarding the relocation of rhesus monkeys from 29 Silver River State Park to the attraction, and such agreement 30 continues to be valid. 31

1 (4) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement 2 Trust Fund may authorize the sale or exchange of surplus lands 3 within the former Cross Florida Barge Canal project corridor and the acquisition of privately owned lands or easements over 4 5 such privately owned lands within the project corridor necessary for purposes of completing a continuous corridor or 6 7 for other management purposes provided by law. However, such 8 acquisition shall be funded from the proceeds of any sale or exchange of surplus canal lands after repayment to the 9 counties, as provided in s. 253.783(2)(e), or from other funds 10 11 appropriated by the Legislature. 12 (5) The management plan shall specifically and in 13 sufficient detail address the canal corridor lands comprising 14 the Oklawaha River Valley, identifying the recreational and scientific management options which are environmentally 15 desirable and cost-effective. The management plan shall be 16 consistent with the ultimate aim of developing an overall 17 integrated management plan for continued preservation of the 18 19 entire Oklawaha River Valley ecosystem. 20 (6) The management plan shall be prepared by the department. The management plan shall be submitted to the 21 22 Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the minority leaders of the Senate 23 and the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the Senate 24 25 Committee on Natural Resources and Conservation and the House 26 Committee on Natural Resources, no later than 2 years from the 27 deauthorization of the Cross Florida Barge Canal. Operation 28 and maintenance of water control structures shall be delegated to the Southwest Florida Water Management District and the St. 29 Johns River Water Management District or a responsible entity 30 contracted by the districts during the period from November 31 2.2

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28, 1992, until the management plan is completed by the canal authority and is adopted by the Legislature. The final disposition of the water control structures must be outlined in this management plan as adopted by the Legislature. Such plan shall not be implemented until state legislation specifically directing implementation of the submitted plan or a modified plan, as recommended, becomes effective. Section 12. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (2) of section 253.783, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 253.783 Additional powers and duties of the department; disposition of surplus lands; payments to counties.--(2) It is declared to be in the public interest that the department shall do and is hereby authorized to do any and all things and incur and pay, for the public purposes described herein, any and all expenses necessary, convenient, and proper to: (a) Offer any land declared to be surplus, at current appraised value, to the counties in which the surplus land lies, for acquisition for specific public purposes. Any county, at its option, may elect to acquire any lands so offered without monetary payment. The fair market value of any parcels so transferred shall be subtracted from the

24 county's reimbursement under paragraph (e). These offers will 25 be made within 3 calendar months after the date the management 26 plan is adopted and will be valid for 180 days after the date 27 of the offer.

28 (e) Refund to the counties of the Cross Florida Canal 29 Navigation District moneys pursuant to this paragraph from the 30 funds derived from the conveyance of lands of the project to 31 the Federal Government or any agency thereof, pursuant to s.

253.781, and from the sales of surplus lands pursuant to this 1 section. Following federal deauthorization of the project, 2 such refunds shall consist of the \$9,340,720 principal in ad 3 valorem taxes contributed by the counties and the interest 4 5 which had accrued on that amount from the time of payment to June 30, 1985. In no event shall the counties be paid less 6 7 than the aggregate sum of \$32 million in cash or the appraised 8 values of the surplus lands. Such refunds shall be in 9 proportion to the ad valorem tax share paid to the Cross Florida Canal Navigation District by the respective counties. 10 11 Should the funds derived from the conveyance of lands of the 12 project to the Federal Government for payment or from the sale 13 of surplus land be inadequate to pay the total of the 14 principal plus interest, first priority shall be given to repaying the principal and second priority shall be given to 15 repaying the interest. Interest to be refunded to the counties 16 shall be compounded annually at the following rates: 17 1937-1950, 4 percent; 1951-1960, 5 percent; 1961-1970, 6 18 percent; 1971-1975, 7 percent; 1976-June 30, 1985, 8 percent. 19 20 In computing interest, amounts already repaid to the counties shall not be subject to further assessments of interest. Any 21 22 partial repayments provided to the counties under this act shall be considered as contributing to the total repayment 23 owed to the counties. Should the funds generated by conveyance 24 to the Federal Government and sales of surplus lands be more 25 26 than sufficient to repay said counties in accordance with this 27 section, such excess funds may be used for the maintenance of 28 the greenways corridor. 29 Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 253.82, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 30 31

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HB 1969

Florida House of Representatives - 2001 194-158A-01

1 253.82 Title of state or private owners to Murphy Act 2 lands.--3 (2)(a) The title to any land which was acquired by the 4 state under chapter 18296, Laws of Florida, 1937, except those 5 parcels which have been sold, conveyed, dedicated, or released by the state pursuant to subsection (1), is hereby vested in 6 7 the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. (b) Land to which title is vested in the board of 8 trustees by paragraph (a) shall be treated in the same manner 9 as other nonsovereignty lands owned by the board. However, 10 11 any parcel of land the title to which is vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund pursuant to 12 13 this section which is 10 $\frac{5}{2}$ acres or less in size and has an 14 appraised market value of\$250,000\$100,000 or less is hereby declared surplus, except for lands determined to be needed for 15 state use, and may be sold in any manner provided by law. Only 16 one appraisal shall be required for a sale of such land.All 17 proceeds from the sale of such land shall be deposited into 18 19 the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. The Board of Trustees of 20 the Internal Improvement Trust Fund is authorized to adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection 21 Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund. 22 23 (c) The holder of a claim or lien against land vested 24 in the board of trustees by paragraph (a), including a 25 municipality or special taxing district, has until October 1, 26 1985, to institute suit in a court of competent jurisdiction 27 to establish or enforce the claim or lien. The failure to 28 institute suit by October 1, 1985, is conclusive evidence of abandonment of the claim or lien, and such claim or lien will 29 become unenforceable. This paragraph shall not operate to 30 31

HB 1969

1 revive any claim or lien previously extinguished by operation 2 of law. 3 Section 14. Section 253.86, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 4 5 253.86 Management and use of state-owned or other б uplands; rulemaking authority.--7 (1) The Office of Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas of 8 the Department of Environmental Protection shall have the 9 authority to promulgate rules to govern the management and use of state-owned or other uplands above the mean or ordinary 10 high water line assigned to it for management. Such rules may 11 12 include, but shall not be limited to, establishing prohibited 13 activities or restrictions on activities, consistent with the 14 purposes for which the lands were acquired, designated, or dedicated, and charging fees for use of lands. All fees 15 16 collected shall be used for the management of uplands managed 17 by the office. (2) Any person violating or otherwise failing to 18 comply with the rules adopted under this section commits a 19 20 noncriminal violation as defined in s. 775.08(3), punishable 21 by fine, not to exceed \$500 per violation. 22 Section 15. Section 259.0324, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 23 24 259.0324 Citizenship Conservation and Education 25 Program. --26 (1) There is created the Citizenship Conservation and 27 Education Program to assist the state in the management of its 28 conservation and recreation lands and to educate residents and visitors, especially children. 29 (2) The Legislature finds that: 30 31

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(a) Informed citizen participation is necessary to 1 improve and expand efforts to preserve, conserve, and restore 2 3 our natural heritage and environment. 4 (b) Many children are not afforded scientific 5 place-based opportunities to gain hands-on experience or 6 knowledge that supports understanding of our natural world. 7 (c) Many families and individuals, especially those 8 living in urban environments, are not aware of or do not have sufficient access to Florida's extensive conservation and 9 10 recreational lands. 11 (d) Many residents and visitors have little knowledge 12 of the composition of ecosystems and the impact of various 13 activities on them. 14 (3) As used in this section: 15 (a) "Agency" means any governmental entity receiving 16 funds for management purposes pursuant to s. 259.032. 17 "Conservation education" means the practice of (b) providing outdoor experiences and interpretation regarding 18 natural systems, plants, animals, and water, and 19 20 interconnections among them. 21 "Conservation education destinations" means public (C) lands and buildings used for the purpose of providing 22 23 educational experiences and information. 24 "Conservation education providers" means (d) organizations that currently or may at some time offer to 25 26 provide conservation education experiences or destinations. At 27 a minimum, any such providers shall be: 28 1. A Florida corporation not for profit incorporated 29 under the provisions of chapter 617 and approved by the 30 Department of State. 31

2. Organized and operated to conduct programs and 1 2 activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and 3 4 administer, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of value, or other property, real or personal; and make 5 6 expenditures to or for the direct or indirect benefit of 7 conservation and recreational lands owned by the state. 8 3. Determined by the appropriate lead managing agency to be consistent with the goals of that agency and in the best 9 10 interests of the state. 11 4. Approved in writing by the appropriate lead 12 managing agency to operate for the direct or indirect benefit 13 of publicly owned conservation and recreational lands. Such 14 approval shall be given in a letter of agreement from the lead 15 managing agency. (4) Agencies may permit, without charge, appropriate 16 use of fixed property and facilities on their conservation and 17 recreation lands by conservation education providers, subject 18 to the provisions of this section. Such use shall be directly 19 20 in keeping with the approved purposes of the conservation education provider and may not be made at times or places that 21 would unreasonably interfere with opportunities for the 22 23 general public to use the property or facilities. 24 (5) Agencies may prescribe by rule any condition with which a conservation education provider shall comply in order 25 26 to use fixed property or facilities. 27 (6) Agencies shall not permit the use of any fixed 28 property or facilities by a conservation education provider that does not provide equal membership and employment 29 opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, 30 religion, sex, age, or national origin. 31

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HB 1969

1 (7) Agencies may use funds annually appropriated from 2 the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund for use as 3 state matching funds, in conjunction with private donations 4 from conservation education providers, for environmental 5 education facilities, materials, or other related activities. 6 (8) State funds used pursuant to this section shall be 7 used for matching private donations for 25 percent of each 8 project's costs. 9 (9) Agencies are authorized to properly recognize and honor conservation education providers who make donations of 10 11 matching funds by placing a plaque or other appropriate 12 designation noting the contribution to project facilities, or 13 by naming project facilities after the provider who made the 14 donation. 15 (10) Agencies are authorized to adopt necessary administrative rules to carry out the purposes of this 16 17 section. Section 16. Subsection (4) of section 259.035, Florida 18 19 Statutes, is amended to read: 20 259.035 Acquisition and Restoration Council.--(4) The council may use existing rules adopted by the 21 22 board of trustees, until it develops and recommends amendments to those rules, to competitively evaluate, select, and rank 23 projects eligible for the Conservation and Recreation Lands 24 list pursuant to ss. 259.032(3) and 259.101(4) and, beginning 25 26 no later than May 1, 2001, for Florida Forever funds pursuant 27 to s. 259.105(3)(b). In developing or amending the rules, the 28 council shall give weight to the criteria included in s. 29 259.105(10) (9). The board of trustees shall review the recommendations and shall adopt rules necessary to administer 30 31 this section.

HB 1969

Section 17. Present subsections (4), (7), (8), (13), 1 2 (14), and (16) of section 259.105, Florida Statutes, are 3 amended, subsections (5) through (20) are renumbered as subsections (6) through (21), respectively, and subsection (5) 4 5 is added to said section, to read: б 259.105 The Florida Forever Act.--7 (4) It is the intent of the Legislature that projects 8 or acquisitions funded pursuant to paragraphs (3)(a) and (b) 9 contribute to the achievement of the following goals and 10 performance measures: (a) Enhance the coordination and completion of land 11 12 acquisition projects, as measured by: 13 1. The number of acres acquired through the state's 14 land acquisition programs that contribute to the completion of Florida Preservation 2000 projects or projects begun before 15 16 Florida Preservation 2000; 2. The number of acres protected through the use of 17 alternatives to fee-simple acquisition; or 18 The number of shared-acquisition projects among 19 3. 20 Florida Forever funding partners and partners with other funding sources, including local governments and the Federal 21 Government. 22 23 (b) Increase the protection of Florida's biodiversity at the species, natural community, and landscape levels, as 24 25 measured by: 26 1. The number of acres acquired of significant 27 strategic habitat conservation areas; 28 2. The number of acres acquired of highest priority 29 conservation areas for Florida's rarest species; 30 31

3. The number of acres acquired of significant 1 2 landscapes, landscape linkages, and conservation corridors, 3 giving priority to completing linkages; 4 4. The number of acres acquired of underrepresented 5 native ecosystems; б 5. The number of landscape-sized protection areas of 7 at least 50,000 acres that exhibit a mosaic of predominantly 8 intact or restorable natural communities established through new acquisition projects or augmentations to previous 9 10 projects; or 11 6. The percentage increase in the number of 12 occurrences of endangered species, threatened species, or 13 species of special concern on publicly managed conservation 14 areas. 15 (c) Protect, restore, and maintain the quality and natural functions of land, water, and wetland systems of the 16 17 state, as measured by: 1. The number of acres of publicly owned land 18 19 identified as needing restoration, acres undergoing 20 restoration, and acres with restoration activities completed; 21 2. The percentage of water segments that fully meet, 22 partially meet, or do not meet their designated uses as 23 reported in the Department of Environmental Protection's State 24 Water Quality Assessment 305(b) Report; 25 3. The percentage completion of targeted capital 26 improvements in surface water improvement and management plans created under s. 373.453(2), regional or master stormwater 27 management system plans, or other adopted restoration plans; 28 29 4. The number of acres acquired that protect natural 30 floodplain functions; 31

HB 1969

1 5. The number of acres acquired that protect surface 2 waters of the state; The number of acres identified for acquisition to 3 6. 4 minimize damage from flooding and the percentage of those 5 acres acquired; б 7. The number of acres acquired that protect fragile 7 coastal resources; 8 8. The number of acres of functional wetland systems 9 protected; 10 9. The percentage of miles of critically eroding beaches contiguous with public lands that are restored or 11 12 protected from further erosion; 13 10. The percentage of public lakes and rivers in which 14 invasive, nonnative aquatic plants are under maintenance 15 control; or 11. The number of acres of public conservation lands 16 in which upland invasive, exotic plants are under maintenance 17 18 control. 19 (d) Ensure that sufficient quantities of water are 20 available to meet the current and future needs of natural systems and the citizens of the state, as measured by: 21 1. The number of acres acquired which provide 22 23 retention and storage of surface water in naturally occurring 24 storage areas, such as lakes and wetlands, consistent with the 25 maintenance of water resources or water supplies and 26 consistent with district water supply plans; 27 2. The quantity of water made available through the 28 water resource development component of a district water 29 supply plan for which a water management district is responsible; or 30 31

3. The number of acres acquired of groundwater 1 recharge areas critical to springs, sinks, aquifers, other 2 natural systems, or water supply. 3 4 (e) Increase natural resource-based public recreational and educational opportunities, as measured by: 5 6 1. The number of acres acquired that are available for 7 natural resource-based public recreation or education; 8 2. The miles of trails that are available for public recreation, giving priority to those that provide significant 9 10 connections, including those that will assist in completing the Florida National Scenic Trail; or 11 12 3. The number of new resource-based recreation 13 facilities, by type, made available on public land. 14 (f) Preserve significant archaeological or historic 15 sites, as measured by: 1. The increase in the number of and percentage of 16 historic and archaeological properties listed in the Florida 17 Master Site File or National Register of Historic Places, 18 19 which are protected or preserved for public use; or 20 2. The increase in the number and percentage of historic and archaeological properties that are in state 21 ownership. 22 23 (g) Increase the amount of forestland available for 24 sustainable management of natural resources, as measured by: 1. The number of acres acquired that are available for 25 26 sustainable forest management; 2. The number of acres of state-owned forestland 27 28 managed for economic return in accordance with current best management practices; 29 30 31

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3. The number of acres of forestland acquired that 1 will serve to maintain natural groundwater recharge functions; 2 3 or 4 4. The percentage and number of acres identified for 5 restoration actually restored by reforestation. 6 (h) Increase the amount of open space available in 7 urban areas, as measured by: 1. The percentage of local governments that 8 participate in land acquisition programs and acquire open 9 space in urban cores; or 10 2. The percentage and number of acres of purchases of 11 12 open space within urban service areas. 13 (a) An increase in the level of protection for, or an 14 increase in the populations of, listed plant species, as 15 measured by the number of occurrences, acres of strategic habitat areas, or delisting or redesignation of such species. 16 (b) An increase in the level of protection for, or an 17 increase in the populations of, listed animal species, as 18 measured by the number of occurrences, acres of strategic 19 20 habitat areas, delisting or redesignation of such species, or 21 the change in long-term survival rates. 22 (c) The restoration of land areas, as measured by a 23 reduction in nonnative species, level of maintenance control of invasive species, reforestation rates, or regeneration of 24 25 natural communities. 26 (d) An increase in public landholdings needed to meet 27 the goals of this subsection, as measured by the acquisition 28 of lands in fee simple or with less than fee simple 29 alternatives. 30 31

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1 (e) The completion of projects begun under previous 2 land acquisition programs, as measured through the acquisition of land under inholdings and additions programs. 3 4 (f) An increase in the amount of forest land for sustainable natural resources. 5 (g) An increase in public recreational opportunities, 6 7 as measured by the acreage available for recreational 8 opportunities or the number of miles available for greenways 9 or trails. 10 (h) A reduction in the amount of pollutants flowing into Florida's surface waters, as measured by a reduction in 11 the number of surface water bodies designated as impaired. 12 13 (i) The improvement of water recharge rates on public 14 lands, as measured by increased speed of recharge and amount 15 of cubic feet of water made available. (j) The restoration of water areas, as measured by a 16 reduction of nonnative species, level of maintenance control 17 of invasive species, regeneration of natural communities, 18 19 reduction of excessive sedimentation, removal of impediments, 20 or reduction of shoreline erosion. (k) The protection of natural floodplain functions and 21 prevention of or reduction in flood damage, as measured by the 22 number of acres of floodplain in public ownership. 23 24 (1) The restoration of degraded water bodies, as 25 measured by the number of goals implemented under a surface 26 water improvement plan or other restoration plans. 27 (m) The restoration of wetlands, as measured by the 28 number of acres of previously converted wetlands returned to a functioning status. 29 30 (n) The preservation of strategic wetlands, as measured by the number of acres acquired. 31 35

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(o) The preservation of, or reduction of contaminants in, aquifers and springs, as measured by contaminant levels or the number of acres of recharge areas acquired. (p) The implementation of practices that provide sufficient quantities of water available to meet current and future needs of the natural system and residents of the state, as measured by execution of water-resource-development components of the districts' water management plans. However, funds provided for capital improvements under this purpose are limited to those provided the water management districts in paragraph (3)(a). (q) An increase in the state's inventory of historical and cultural sites as measured by the number of sites acquired. (r) An increase in the protection of fragile coastal resources, as measured by the linear feet and acreage of coastline acquired. (s) An increase in the protection of significant surface waters of the state, as measured by the acreage of lands acquired to buffer them. (5) Florida Forever projects and acquisitions funded pursuant to paragraph (3)(c) shall be measured by goals developed by rule by the governing body of the Florida Communities Trust created in s. 380.504. (8)(7)(a) Beginning no later than July 1, 2001, and every year thereafter, the Acquisition and Restoration Council shall accept applications from state agencies, local governments, nonprofit and for-profit organizations, private land trusts, and individuals for project proposals eligible for funding pursuant to paragraph (3)(b). The council shall 31 evaluate the proposals received pursuant to this subsection to

1 ensure that they meet at least one of the criteria under 2 subsection(10)(9). 3 (b) Project applications shall contain, at a minimum, 4 the following: 5 1. A minimum of two numeric performance measures that б directly relate to the overall goals adopted by the council. 7 Each performance measure shall include a baseline measurement, 8 which is the current situation; a performance standard which 9 the project sponsor anticipates the project will achieve; and the performance measurement itself, which should reflect the 10 11 incremental improvements the project accomplishes towards 12 achieving the performance standard. 13 2. Proof that property owners within any proposed 14 acquisition have been notified of their inclusion in the proposed project. Any property owner may request the removal 15 of such property from further consideration by submitting a 16 request to the project sponsor or the Acquisition and 17 Restoration Council by certified mail. Upon receiving this 18

request, the council shall delete the property from the 20 proposed project; however, the board of trustees, at the time 21 it votes to approve the proposed project lists pursuant to 22 subsection(17)(16), may add the property back on to the project lists if it determines by a super majority of its 23 24 members that such property is critical to achieve the purposes 25 of the project.

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26 (c) The title to lands acquired under this section 27 shall vest in the Board of Trustees of the Internal 28 Improvement Trust Fund, except that title to lands acquired by 29 a water management district shall vest in the name of that district and lands acquired by a local government shall vest 30 31 in the name of the purchasing local government.

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1 (9)(8) The Acquisition and Restoration Council shall
2 develop a project list that shall represent those projects
3 submitted pursuant to subsection(8)(7).

4 <u>(14)(13)</u> An affirmative vote of five members of the 5 Acquisition and Restoration Council shall be required in order 6 to place a proposed project on the list developed pursuant to 7 subsection(9)(8). Any member of the council who by family or 8 a business relationship has a connection with any project 9 proposed to be ranked shall declare such interest prior to 10 voting for a project's inclusion on the list.

11 (15)(14) Each year that bonds are to be issued 12 pursuant to this section, the Acquisition and Restoration 13 Council shall review the most current approved project list 14 and shall, by the first board meeting in May, present to the 15 Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund for approval a listing of projects developed pursuant to 16 subsection(9)(8). The board of trustees may remove projects 17 from the list developed pursuant to this subsection, but may 18 19 not add projects or rearrange project rankings.

20 (17)(16) All proposals for projects pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) or subsection(21)(20) shall be implemented 21 22 only if adopted by the Acquisition and Restoration Council and approved by the board of trustees. The council shall consider 23 24 and evaluate in writing the merits and demerits of each 25 project that is proposed for Florida Forever funding and each 26 proposed addition to the Conservation and Recreation Lands 27 list program. The council shall ensure that each proposed 28 project will meet a stated public purpose for the restoration, 29 conservation, or preservation of environmentally sensitive lands and water areas or for providing outdoor recreational 30 31 opportunities and that each proposed addition to the

Conservation and Recreation Lands list will meet the public 1 2 purposes under s. 259.032(3) and, when applicable, s. 259.101(4). The council also shall determine whether the 3 project or addition conforms, where applicable, with the 4 5 comprehensive plan developed pursuant to s. 259.04(1)(a), the б comprehensive multipurpose outdoor recreation plan developed 7 pursuant to s. 375.021, the state lands management plan 8 adopted pursuant to s. 253.03(7), the water resources work plans developed pursuant to s. 373.199, and the provisions of 9 10 this section.

11 (21)(20) The Acquisition and Restoration Council, as 12 successors to the Land Acquisition and Management Advisory 13 Council, may amend existing Conservation and Recreation Lands 14 projects and add to or delete from the 2000 Conservation and Recreation Lands list until funding for the Conservation and 15 16 Recreation Lands program has been expended. The amendments to the 2000 Conservation and Recreation Lands list will be 17 reported to the board of trustees in conjunction with the 18 19 council's report developed pursuant to subsection $(14)\frac{(15)}{(15)}$.

20 Section 18. Subsection (12) is added to section 21 298.22, Florida Statutes, to read:

22 298.22 Powers of supervisors.--The board of 23 supervisors of the district has full power and authority to 24 construct, complete, operate, maintain, repair, and replace 25 any and all works and improvements necessary to execute the 26 water control plan. Subject to the applicable provisions of 27 chapter 373 or chapter 403, the board of supervisors: 28 (12) May construct, manage, or authorize construction

29 and management of resource-based recreational facilities that 30 may include greenways, trails, and associated facilities. 31

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1 Section 19. Section 369.255, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 369.255 Green utility ordinances for funding 4 greenspace management and exotic plant control .--5 (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDING. -- The Legislature finds that б the proper management of greenspace areas, including, without 7 limitation, the urban forest, greenways, private and public 8 forest preserves, wetlands, and aquatic zones, is essential to 9 the state's environment and economy and to the health and safety of its residents and visitors. The Legislature also 10 11 finds that the limitation and control of nonindigenous plants 12 and tree replacement and maintenance are vital to achieving 13 the natural systems and recreational lands goals and policies 14 of the state pursuant to s. 187.201(10), the State Comprehensive Plan. It is the intent of this section to 15 16 enable local governments to establish a mechanism to provide dedicated funding for the aforementioned activities, when 17 deemed necessary by a that county or municipality. 18 19 (2) In addition to any other funding mechanisms 20 legally available to counties and municipalities to control 21 invasive, nonindigenous aquatic or upland plants and manage 22 urban forest resources, a county or municipality may create one or more green utilities or adopt fees sufficient to plan, 23 restore, and manage urban forest resources, greenways, forest 24 preserves, wetlands, and other aquatic zones and create a 25 26 stewardship grant program for private natural areas. Counties 27 or municipalities may create, alone or in cooperation with 28 other counties or municipalities pursuant to the Florida 29 Interlocal Cooperation Act, s. 163.01, one or more greenspace management districts to fund the planning, management, 30 31 operation, and administration of a greenspace management

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HB 1969

The fees shall be collected on a voluntary basis as 1 program. set forth by the county or municipality and calculated to 2 3 generate sufficient funds to plan, manage, operate, and 4 administer a greenspace management program. Private natural 5 areas assessed according to s. 193.501 would qualify for 6 stewardship grants. 7 This section shall only apply to counties with a (3) 8 population of 500,000 or more and municipalities with a 9 population of 200,000 or more. 10 (4) Nothing in this section shall authorize counties 11 or municipalities to require any nongovernmental entity to collect the fee described in subsection (2) on their behalf. 12 13 Section 20. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001. 14 15 16 HOUSE SUMMARY 17 Revises provisions relating to disposition of surplus lands by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund and the Department of 18 Environmental Protection, including conservation lands, as defined in the act. Renames the Cross Florida Greenways State Recreation and Conservation Area as the Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenway State Recreation and Conservation Area (Greenway). Provides 19 20 21 procedures for modification of Greenway boundaries, sale or other disposition of Greenway lands, and management of Greenway lands and structures. Authorizes the Office of 22 23 Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas to provide for the management and use of certain uplands, and to adopt rules and charge fees. Provides a penalty for rule violations. Creates the Citizenship Conservation and Education Program to provide state land management assistance and citizen conservation education experiences. Provides for participation in and funding of the program. Revises goals and performance measures of the Florida Forever Act Authorizes boards of supervisors of water control 24 25 26 Act. Authorizes boards of supervisors of water control districts to construct and manage resource-based facilities. Authorizes municipalities with populations over 200,000 to create a funding mechanism for greenspace 27 28 29 management and exotic plant control. 30 31

41