## Florida Senate - 2001

By Senator Crist

	13-1158A-01 See HB 1119
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to water and land use
3	relationships; amending s. 163.3177, F.S.;
4	providing additional criteria and requirements
5	for comprehensive plan amendments; amending s.
6	163.3180, F.S.; providing additional
7	limitations on concurrency requirements;
8	deleting a public transit facilities exception
9	to certain concurrency requirements; amending
10	s. 373.019, F.S.; revising a definition;
11	amending s. 373.223, F.S.; providing additional
12	requirements for obtaining a permit; providing
13	additional criteria for board evaluation of use
14	of ground or surface waters; amending s.
15	373.229, F.S.; requiring board approval of
16	permit applications during water shortages or
17	emergencies; amending s. 373.246, F.S.;
18	revising requirements, procedures, and
19	limitations for declarations of a water
20	shortage or emergency; amending s. 373.414,
21	F.S.; revising criteria for certain mitigation
22	activities in granting or denying a permit;
23	providing an effective date.
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25	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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27	Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section
28	163.3177, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
29	163.3177 Required and optional elements of
30	comprehensive plan; studies and surveys
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(6) In addition to the requirements of subsections
(1)-(5), the comprehensive plan shall include the following
elements:

A general sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, 4 (C) 5 potable water, and natural groundwater aquifer recharge 6 element correlated to principles and quidelines for future 7 land use, indicating ways to provide for future potable water, 8 drainage, sanitary sewer, solid waste, and aquifer recharge 9 protection requirements for the area. The element may be a 10 detailed engineering plan including a topographic map 11 depicting areas of prime groundwater recharge. The element shall describe the problems and needs and the general 12 13 facilities that will be required for solution of the problems and needs. The element shall also include a topographic map 14 depicting any areas adopted by a regional water management 15 district as prime groundwater recharge areas for the Floridan 16 17 or Biscayne aquifers, pursuant to s. 373.0395. These areas 18 shall be given special consideration when the local government 19 is engaged in zoning or considering future land use for said 20 designated areas. For areas served by septic tanks, soil surveys shall be provided which indicate the suitability of 21 soils for septic tanks. All comprehensive plan amendments that 22 would increase the amount of use, density, or intensity of use 23 24 on land shall be supported by data and analysis which 25 demonstrates that adequate potable water will be available to the development without contributing to harm to water 26 27 resources or wetlands, increasing the extent of water 28 shortages, or compromising the ability of a water management 29 district to establish and implement a minimum flow and level 30 for any water body. All comprehensive plan amendments that would increase the amount of use, density, or intensity of use 31

2

1 on land shall be based upon the relevant data from the appropriate water management district concerning water 2 3 recharge areas, floodprone areas, and minimum flows and 4 levels. 5 Section 2. Paragraphs (d) and (e) are added to б subsection (2) of section 163.3180, Florida Statutes, and 7 subsection (4) of that section is amended, to read: 8 163.3180 Concurrency.--9 (2) 10 (d) No local government shall provide public 11 facilities or services that significantly impact natural resources or contribute further to incrementally impact any 12 natural resource which exists in a significantly degraded 13 14 state due to past or current individual or cumulative impacts. 15 (e) No local government shall issue a development permit for other than facilities deemed critical by the state 16 17 for public health, safety, and welfare, without satisfying the requirements of paragraph (d). 18 19 (4) (4) (a) The concurrency requirement as implemented in 20 local comprehensive plans applies to state and other public 21 facilities and development to the same extent that it applies to all other facilities and development, as provided by law. 22 (b) The concurrency requirement as implemented in 23 24 local comprehensive plans does not apply to public transit 25 facilities. For the purposes of this paragraph, public transit facilities include transit stations and terminals, 26 transit station parking, park-and-ride lots, intermodal public 27 28 transit connection or transfer facilities, and fixed bus, 29 guideway, and rail stations. As used in this paragraph, the 30 terms "terminals" and "transit facilities" do not include 31

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1 airports or seaports or commercial or residential development 2 constructed in conjunction with a public transit facility. 3 Section 3. Subsection (13) of section 373.019, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 373.019 Definitions.--When appearing in this chapter б or in any rule, regulation, or order adopted pursuant thereto, 7 the following words shall, unless the context clearly 8 indicates otherwise, mean: (13) "Reasonable-beneficial use" means the use of 9 10 water in such quantity as is necessary for economic and 11 efficient utilization for a purpose and in a manner which is both reasonable and consistent with the public interest, is 12 13 the subject of a binding drought management plan, and will not 14 cause or contribute to a cumulative, significant impact. Section 4. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 373.223, 15 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (5) is added to 16 17 that section, to read: 373.223 Conditions for a permit.--18 19 (1) To obtain a permit pursuant to the provisions of 20 this chapter, the applicant must establish that the proposed 21 use of water: (a) Is a reasonable-beneficial use as defined in s. 22 23 373.019.<del>;</del> 24 (b) Will not interfere with any presently existing 25 legal use of water. ; and (c) Is consistent with the public interest. 26 27 First avoids and then minimizes impacts to natural (d) 28 resources to the extent reasonably practicable. 29 Will include a mitigation plan, approved by the (e) governing board or the department, for avoiding or minimizing 30 31 adverse impacts.

1 (f) Will include reasonable efforts to mitigate past 2 impacts related to water use. 3 (g) Can and will be reduced to levels specified by the district during times of mandatory water conservation 4 5 requirements. б (h) Is consistent with the implementation of minimum 7 flows and levels for all impacted water bodies. 8 (i) Is consistent with the comprehensive plans of the affected local governments. 9 10 11 No permit shall be issued for a development or land use, or for an amount of water, that is not consistent with this 12 13 subsection. (4) The governing board or the department, by 14 regulation, may reserve from use by permit applicants, water 15 in such locations and quantities, and for such seasons of the 16 17 year, as in its judgment may be required for the protection of natural resources, fish and wildlife, or the public health and 18 19 safety. Such reservations shall be subject to periodic review and revision in the light of changed conditions. However, all 20 21 presently existing legal uses of water shall be protected so long as such use is not contrary to the public interest. 22 23 (5) When evaluating whether a potential use of ground 24 or surface water is consistent with the public interest, 25 pursuant to paragraph (1)(c), the governing board or 26 department shall consider: 27 Whether the activity will adversely affect the (a) 28 public health, safety, or welfare or the property of others. 29 Whether the activity will adversely affect the (b) 30 conservation of natural resources, fish, and wildlife, 31 including endangered or threatened species or their habitats.

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1 (c) Whether the activity will adversely affect 2 navigation or the flow of water. 3 (d) Whether the activity will adversely affect the 4 fishing or recreational values or marine productivity. 5 (e) Whether the activity will be of a temporary or б permanent nature. 7 Whether the activity will adversely affect or will (f) 8 enhance significant historical and archaeological resources under the provisions of s. 267.061. 9 10 (q) The current condition and relative value of the 11 water resource being affected by the proposed activity. The impact to natural resources, including 12 (h) incremental adverse impacts to any natural resource which 13 exists in a significantly degraded state due to past or 14 current individual or cumulative impacts. 15 (i) All economically and technically feasible 16 17 alternatives to the proposed source, including, but not limited to, desalination, conservation, reuse of nonpotable 18 19 reclaimed water and stormwater, and aquifer storage and 20 recovery. 21 Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 373.229, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 22 23 373.229 Application for permit.--24 (4) If the proposed application is for less than 100,000 gallons per day, the governing board or the department 25 26 may consider the application and any objections thereto 27 without a hearing. If the proposed application is for 100,000 28 gallons per day or more and no objection is received, the 29 governing board or the department, after proper investigation by its staff, may, at its discretion, approve the application 30 31 without a hearing. Notwithstanding the provisions of this

6

1 subsection, all applications shall require approval by the governing board during any water shortage or emergency. 2 3 Section 6. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (7) of section 373.246, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 4 5 373.246 Declaration of water shortage or emergency .-б (1) The governing board or the department by 7 regulation shall formulate a plan, if not in effect on the 8 effective date of this act, no later than January 1, 2002, for 9 implementation during periods of water shortage. As a part of 10 this plan the governing board or the department shall adopt a 11 reasonable system of water-use classification according to source of water supply; method of extraction, withdrawal, or 12 diversion; or use of water or a combination thereof. 13 The plan may include provisions for variances and alternative measures 14 to prevent undue hardship and ensure equitable distribution of 15 water resources. The district shall issue orders requiring any 16 17 local government within the part of the district subject to the water shortage order or, in the case of a regional water 18 19 supply authority, the entire area served, whether or not the entire area is subject to the order, to obtain approval from 20 21 the governing board for all development permits which individually or cumulatively have the potential to be 22 inconsistent with efforts to mitigate the water shortage. 23 24 (2) The governing board or the department by order may declare that a water shortage exists for a source or sources 25 within all or part of the district when insufficient water is 26 27 or will be available to meet the present and anticipated 28 requirements of the users or when conditions are such as to 29 require temporary reduction in total use within the area to protect natural water resources from serious harm. The order 30 31

7

1 shall implement the plan adopted under subsection (1) and 2 shall constitute Such orders will be final agency action. 3 (3) In accordance with the plan adopted under 4 subsection (1), the governing board or the department may 5 impose such restrictions on one or more classes of water uses б as may be necessary to protect the natural water resources of 7 the area from serious harm and to restore them to their 8 previous condition. 9 (7) If an emergency condition exists due to a water 10 shortage within any area of the district, and if the 11 department, or the executive director of the district with the concurrence of the governing board, finds that the exercise of 12 powers under subsection (1) is not sufficient to protect the 13 public health, safety, or welfare; the health of animals, 14 fish, or aquatic life, or other natural resources; a public 15 water supply; or recreational, commercial, industrial, 16 agricultural, or other reasonable uses, the department it or 17 18 the executive director shall he or she may, pursuant to the 19 provisions of s. 373.119, issue emergency orders reciting the 20 existence of such an emergency and requiring that such action, 21 including, but not limited to, apportioning, rotating, limiting, or prohibiting the use of the water resources of the 22 district, be taken as the department or the executive director 23 24 deems necessary to meet the emergency. 25 (a) During an emergency, the plan shall be 26 automatically implemented to assure the availability of water 27 for the health and safety of existing residents. 28 (b) Notwithstanding the provision for variances and 29 prevention of undue hardship, no new permit shall be issued, 30 nor shall any expansion of an existing permit be granted, 31 during the emergency within all or part of a district or the

8

1 part thereof served by a regional water supply authority, except permits necessary to assure availability of water for 2 3 the health and safety of existing residents. 4 (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), a 5 permittee shall submit a specific plan for assuring that the б permittee can meet specified water conservation goals designed 7 to meet emergency water conservation goals reasonably expected 8 to be adopted by the district during the duration of the 9 requested permit. 10 Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 11 373.414, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 373.414 Additional criteria for activities in surface 12 13 waters and wetlands. --(1) As part of an applicant's demonstration that an 14 15 activity regulated under this part will not be harmful to the water resources or will not be inconsistent with the overall 16 17 objectives of the district, the governing board or the department shall require the applicant to provide reasonable 18 19 assurance that state water quality standards applicable to 20 waters as defined in s. 403.031(13) will not be violated and reasonable assurance that such activity in, on, or over 21 surface waters or wetlands, as delineated in s. 373.421(1), is 22 not contrary to the public interest. However, if such an 23 24 activity significantly degrades or is within an Outstanding 25 Florida Water, as provided by department rule, the applicant must provide reasonable assurance that the proposed activity 26 will be clearly in the public interest. 27 28 (b) If the applicant is unable to otherwise meet the 29 criteria set forth in this subsection and provided all reasonable efforts to avoid and minimize the impact have been 30 31 exhausted, the governing board or the department, in deciding

9

1 to grant or deny a permit, shall consider measures proposed by 2 or acceptable to the applicant to mitigate adverse effects 3 that may be caused by the regulated activity. Such measures may include, but are not limited to, onsite mitigation, 4 5 offsite mitigation, offsite regional mitigation, and the б purchase of mitigation credits from mitigation banks permitted 7 under s. 373.4136. It shall be the responsibility of the 8 applicant to choose the form of mitigation. The mitigation 9 must offset the adverse effects caused by the regulated 10 activity.

11 1. The department or water management districts may accept the donation of money as mitigation only where the 12 13 donation is specified for use in a duly noticed environmental creation, preservation, enhancement, or restoration project, 14 endorsed by the department or the governing board of the water 15 management district, which offsets the impacts of the activity 16 17 permitted under this part. However, the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to projects undertaken pursuant to 18 19 s. 373.4137 or chapter 378. Where a permit is required under 20 this part to implement any project endorsed by the department or a water management district, all necessary permits must 21 have been issued prior to the acceptance of any cash donation. 22 After the effective date of this act, when money is donated to 23 24 either the department or a water management district to offset 25 impacts authorized by a permit under this part, the department or the water management district shall accept only a donation 26 that represents the full cost to the department or water 27 28 management district of undertaking the project that is 29 intended to mitigate the adverse impacts. The full cost shall include all direct and indirect costs, as applicable, such as 30 31 those for land acquisition, land restoration or enhancement,

10

## **Florida Senate - 2001** 13-1158A-01

1 perpetual land management, and general overhead consisting of costs such as staff time, building, and vehicles. 2 The 3 department or the water management district may use a 4 multiplier or percentage to add to other direct or indirect 5 costs to estimate general overhead. Mitigation credit for 6 such a donation shall be given only to the extent that the 7 donation covers the full cost to the agency of undertaking the 8 project that is intended to mitigate the adverse impacts. 9 However, nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the 10 department or a water management district from accepting a 11 donation representing a portion of a larger project, provided that the donation covers the full cost of that portion and 12 mitigation credit is given only for that portion. 13 The 14 department or water management district may deviate from the full cost requirements of this subparagraph to resolve a 15 proceeding brought pursuant to chapter 70 or a claim for 16 17 inverse condemnation. Nothing in this section shall be 18 construed to require the owner of a private mitigation bank, 19 permitted under s. 373.4136, to include the full cost of a 20 mitigation credit in the price of the credit to a purchaser of 21 said credit.

The department and each water management district 22 2. shall report to the Executive Office of the Governor by 23 24 January 31 of each year all cash donations accepted under 25 subparagraph 1. during the preceding calendar year for wetland mitigation purposes. The report shall exclude those 26 contributions pursuant to s. 373.4137. The report shall 27 28 include a description of the endorsed mitigation projects and, 29 except for projects governed by s. 373.4135(6), shall address, as applicable, success criteria, project implementation status 30 31

11

1	and timeframe, monitoring, long-term management, provisions
2	for preservation, and full cost accounting.
3	3. If the applicant is unable to meet water quality
4	standards because existing ambient water quality does not meet
5	standards, the governing board or the department shall
6	consider mitigation measures proposed by or acceptable to the
7	applicant that cause net improvement of the water quality in
8	the receiving body of water for those parameters which do not
9	meet standards.
10	4. If mitigation requirements imposed by a local
11	government for surface water and wetland impacts of an
12	activity regulated under this part cannot be reconciled with
13	mitigation requirements approved under a permit for the same
14	activity issued under this part, including application of the
15	uniform wetland mitigation assessment method adopted pursuant
16	to subsection (18), the mitigation requirements for surface
17	water and wetland impacts shall be controlled by the permit
18	issued under this part.
19	Section 8. This act shall take effect October 1, 2001.
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22	LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY
23	Powigog comprehensive plan and congurrency provisions and
24	Revises comprehensive plan and concurrency provisions and consumptive use of water permit provisions to require greater coordination of uses of land and water resources
25	to protect natural resources, surface and ground waters, and wetlands.
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