By the Committees on Appropriations; Health, Aging and Long-Term Care; and Senator Sanderson

309-1897-01

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to health care; amending s. 154.306, F.S.; providing procedures for computing the maximum amount that specified counties must pay for the treatment of an indigent resident of the county at a hospital located outside the county; providing for the exclusion of active-duty military personnel and certain institutionalized county residents from state population estimates when calculating a county's financial responsibility for such hospital care; requiring the county of residence to accept the hospital's documentation of financial eligibility and county residence; requiring that the documentation meet specified criteria; amending s. 381.0403, F.S.; transferring the community hospital education program from the Board of Regents to the Department of Health; prescribing membership of a committee reporting on graduate medical education; amending s. 409.908, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the reimbursement of Medicaid providers to conform to the transfer of the Community Hospital Education Program from the Board of Regents to the Department of Health; providing for the certification of local matching funds; providing requirements for the distribution of federal funds earned as a result of local matching funds; requiring an impact statement; providing rulemaking authority to the

Department of Health; amending s. 409.911, F.S.; redefining the term "charity care" or "uncompensated charity care" for purposes of the disproportionate share program; amending s. 409.9117, F.S.; revising eligibility criteria for payments under the primary care disproportionate share program; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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30 31 Section 1. Present subsections (3) and (4) of section 154.306, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (4) and (5), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

154.306 Financial responsibility for certified residents who are qualified indigent patients treated at an out-of-county participating hospital or regional referral hospital.--Ultimate financial responsibility for treatment received at a participating hospital or a regional referral hospital by a qualified indigent patient who is a certified resident of a county in the State of Florida, but is not a resident of the county in which the participating hospital or regional referral hospital is located, is the obligation of the county of which the qualified indigent patient is a resident. Each county shall reimburse participating hospitals or regional referral hospitals as provided for in this part, and shall provide or arrange for indigent eligibility determination procedures and resident certification determination procedures as provided for in rules developed to implement this part. The agency, or any county determining

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eligibility of a qualified indigent, shall provide to the county of residence, upon request, a copy of any documents, forms, or other information, as determined by rule, which may be used in making an eligibility determination.

(3) For the purpose of computing the maximum amount that a county having a population of 100,000 or less may be required to pay, the agency must reduce the official state population estimates by the number of inmates and patients residing in the county in institutions operated by the Federal Government, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Health, or the Department of Children and Family Services, and by the number of active-duty military personnel residing in the county, all of whom shall not be considered residents of the county. However, a county is entitled to receive the benefit of such a reduction in estimated population figures only if the county accepts as valid and true, and does not require any reverification of, the documentation of financial eligibility and county residency which is provided to it by the participating hospital or regional referral hospital. The participating hospital or regional referral hospital must provide documentation that is complete and in the form required by s. 154.3105.

Section 2. Subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), and (9) of section 381.0403, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (10) is added to that section, to read:

381.0403 The Community Hospital Education Act.--

- (3) PROGRAM FOR COMMUNITY HOSPITAL EDUCATION; STATE AND LOCAL PLANNING. --
- (a) There is established under the Department of Health Board of Regents a program for statewide graduate 31 | medical education. It is intended that continuing graduate

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medical education programs for interns and residents be 2 established on a statewide basis. The program shall provide 3 financial support for primary care specialty interns and residents based on policies recommended and approved by the 4 5 Community Hospital Education Council, herein established, and 6 the Department of Health Board of Regents. Only those programs 7 with at least three residents or interns in each year of the 8 training program are qualified to apply for financial support. 9 Programs with fewer than three residents or interns per 10 training year are qualified to apply for financial support, 11 but only if the appropriate accrediting entity for the particular specialty has approved the program for fewer 12 positions. Programs added after fiscal year 1997-1998 shall 13 have 5 years to attain the requisite number of residents or 14 interns. When feasible and to the extent allowed through the 15 General Appropriations Act, state funds shall be used to 16 17 generate federal matching funds under Medicaid, or other 18 federal programs, and the resulting combined state and federal 19 funds shall be allocated to participating hospitals for the support of graduate medical education. The department may 20 spend up to \$75,000 of the state appropriation, for 21 administrative costs associated with the production of the 22 annual report as specified in subsection (9), and for 23 24 administration of the program council. 25

(b) For the purposes of this section, primary care specialties include emergency medicine, family practice, internal medicine, pediatrics, psychiatry, obstetrics/qynecology, and combined pediatrics and internal medicine, and other primary care specialties as may be included by the council and Department of Health Board of 31 Regents.

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- (c) Medical institutions throughout the state may apply to the Community Hospital Education Council for grants-in-aid for financial support of their approved Recommendations for funding of approved programs shall be forwarded to the Department of Health Board of Regents.
- The program shall provide a plan for community (d) clinical teaching and training with the cooperation of the medical profession, hospitals, and clinics. The plan shall also include formal teaching opportunities for intern and resident training. In addition, the plan shall establish an off-campus medical faculty with university faculty review to be located throughout the state in local communities.
- (4) PROGRAM FOR GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION INNOVATIONS. --
- (a) There is established under the Department of Health Board of Regents a program for fostering graduate medical education innovations. Funds appropriated annually by the Legislature for this purpose shall be distributed to participating hospitals or consortia of participating hospitals and Florida medical schools or to a Florida medical school for the direct costs of providing graduate medical education in community-based clinical settings on a competitive grant or formula basis to achieve state health care workforce policy objectives, including, but not limited to:
- Increasing the number of residents in primary care 1. and other high demand specialties or fellowships;
- Enhancing retention of primary care physicians in Florida practice;

- 3. Promoting practice in medically underserved areas of the state;
- 4. Encouraging racial and ethnic diversity within the state's physician workforce; and
 - 5. Encouraging increased production of geriatricians.
- (b) Participating hospitals or consortia of participating hospitals and Florida medical schools or a Florida medical school providing graduate medical education in community-based clinical settings may apply to the Community Hospital Education Council for funding under this innovations program, except when such innovations directly compete with services or programs provided by participating hospitals or consortia of participating hospitals, or by both hospitals and consortia. Innovations program funding shall provide funding based on policies recommended and approved by the Community Hospital Education Council and the Department of Health Board of Regents.
- (c) Participating hospitals or consortia of participating hospitals and Florida medical schools or Florida medical schools awarded an innovations grant shall provide the Community Hospital Education Council and Department of Health Board of Regents with an annual report on their project.
- (5) FAMILY PRACTICE RESIDENCIES.—In addition to the programs established in subsection (3), the Community Hospital Education Council and the <u>Department of Health</u> Board of Regents shall establish an ongoing statewide program of family practice residencies. The administration of this program shall be in the manner described in this section.
 - (6) COUNCIL AND DIRECTOR. --

- (a) There is established the Community Hospital Education Council, hereinafter referred to as the council, which shall consist of 11 members, as follows:
- 1. Seven members must be program directors of accredited graduate medical education programs or practicing physicians who have faculty appointments in accredited graduate medical education programs. Six of these members must be board certified or board eligible in family practice, internal medicine, pediatrics, emergency medicine, obstetrics-gynecology, and psychiatry, respectively, and licensed pursuant to chapter 458. No more than one of these members may be appointed from any one specialty. One member must be licensed pursuant to chapter 459.
- 2. One member must be a representative of the administration of a hospital with an approved community hospital medical education program;
- 3. One member must be the dean of a medical school in this state; and
 - 4. Two members must be consumer representatives.
- All of the members shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of 4 years each.
- (b) Council membership shall cease when a member's representative status no longer exists. Members of similar representative status shall be appointed to replace retiring or resigning members of the council.
- (c) The <u>Secretary of the Department of Health</u>

 Chancellor of the State University System shall designate an administrator to serve as staff director. The council shall elect a chair from among its membership. Such other personnel

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as may be necessary to carry out the program shall be employed as authorized by the Department of Health Board of Regents.

- DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BOARD OF REGENTS; STANDARDS. --
- (a) The Department of Health Board of Regents, with recommendations from the council, shall establish standards and policies for the use and expenditure of graduate medical education funds appropriated pursuant to subsection (8) for a program of community hospital education. The Department of Health board shall establish requirements for hospitals to be qualified for participation in the program which shall include, but not be limited to:
- 1. Submission of an educational plan and a training schedule.
- A determination by the council to ascertain that each portion of the program of the hospital provides a high degree of academic excellence and is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education of the American Medical Association or is accredited by the American Osteopathic Association.
- Supervision of the educational program of the hospital by a physician who is not the hospital administrator.
- (b) The Department of Health Board of Regents shall periodically review the educational program provided by a participating hospital to assure that the program includes a reasonable amount of both formal and practical training and that the formal sessions are presented as scheduled in the plan submitted by each hospital.
- (c) In years that funds are transferred to the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Health Board 31 of Regents shall certify to the Agency for Health Care

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Administration on a quarterly basis the number of primary care specialty residents and interns at each of the participating hospitals for which the Community Hospital Education Council and the board recommends funding.

(9) ANNUAL REPORT ON GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION; COMMITTEE .-- The Board of Regents, the Executive Office of the Governor, the Department of Health, and the Agency for Health Care Administration shall collaborate to establish a committee that shall produce an annual report on graduate medical education. The committee shall be comprised of 11 members: five members shall be deans of the medical schools or their designees; the Governor shall appoint two members, one of whom must be a representative of the Florida Medical Association who has supervised or currently supervises residents or interns and one of whom must be a representative of the Florida Hospital Association; the Secretary of Health Care Administration shall appoint two members, one of whom must be a representative of a statutory teaching hospital and one of whom must be a physician who has supervised or is currently supervising residents or interns; and the Secretary of Health shall appoint two members, one of whom must be a representative of a statutory family practice teaching hospital and one of whom must be a physician who has supervised or is currently supervising residents or interns. With the exception of the deans, members shall serve 4-year terms. In order to stagger the terms, the Governor's appointees shall serve initial terms of 4 years, the Secretary of Health's appointees shall serve initial terms of 3 years, and the Secretary of Health Care Administration's appointees shall serve initial terms of 2 years. A member's term shall be deemed terminated when the member's representative status no

longer exists. Once the committee is appointed, it shall elect a chair to serve for a 1-year term. To the maximum extent feasible, the committee shall have the same membership as the Graduate Medical Education Study Committee, established by proviso accompanying Specific Appropriation 191 of the 1999-2000 General Appropriations Act. The report shall be provided to the Governor, the President of Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 15 annually. Committee members shall serve without compensation. From the funds provided pursuant to subsection (3), the committee is authorized to expend a maximum of \$75,000 per year to provide for administrative costs and contractual services. The report shall address the following:

- (a) The role of residents and medical faculty in the provision of health care.
- (b) The relationship of graduate medical education to the state's physician workforce.
- (c) The costs of training medical residents for hospitals, medical schools, teaching hospitals, including all hospital-medical affiliations, practice plans at all of the medical schools, and municipalities.
- (d) The availability and adequacy of all sources of revenue to support graduate medical education and recommend alternative sources of funding for graduate medical education.
- (e) The use of state and federal appropriated funds for graduate medical education by hospitals receiving such funds.
- (10) RULEMAKING.--The department has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section.

1 Section 3. All statutory powers, duties, and functions and the records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances 2 3 of appropriations, allocations, or other funds of the 4 Community Hospital Education Program are transferred from the 5 Board of Regents to the Department of Health by a type two 6 transfer as defined in section 20.06, Florida Statutes. 7 Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 8 409.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.--Subject 9 to specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse 10 11 Medicaid providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according to methodologies set forth in the rules of the 12 13 agency and in policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. These methodologies may include fee 14 schedules, reimbursement methods based on cost reporting, 15 negotiated fees, competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, 16 17 and other mechanisms the agency considers efficient and 18 effective for purchasing services or goods on behalf of 19 recipients. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on 20 behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the 21 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. 22 Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent 23 24 or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, 25 lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the 26 27 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 28 provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the 29 adjustment is consistent with legislative intent. 30

- (1) Reimbursement to hospitals licensed under part I of chapter 395 must be made prospectively or on the basis of negotiation.
- (a) Reimbursement for inpatient care is limited as provided for in s. 409.905(5), except for:
- The raising of rate reimbursement caps, excluding rural hospitals.
- Recognition of the costs of graduate medical education.
- Other methodologies recognized in the General Appropriations Act.

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Health Board of Regents, any reimbursement supported by such funds shall be subject to certification by the Department of Health Board of Regents that the hospital has complied with s. 381.0403. The agency is authorized to receive funds from state entities, including, but not limited to, the Department of Health, the Board of Regents, local governments, and other local political subdivisions, for the purpose of making

special exception payments, including federal matching funds, through the Medicaid inpatient reimbursement methodologies. Funds received from state entities or local governments for this purpose shall be separately accounted for and shall not

be commingled with other state or local funds in any manner. The agency may certify all local governmental funds used as state match under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, to the

28 extent that the identified local health care provider that is 29 otherwise entitled to and is contracted to receive such local

30 funds is the benefactor under the state's Medicaid program as

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determined under the General Appropriations Act and pursuant

to an agreement between the Agency for Health Care Administration and the local governmental entity. The local governmental entity shall use a certification form prescribed by the agency. At a minimum, the certification form shall identify the amount being certified and describe the relationship between the certifying local governmental entity and the local health care provider. The agency shall prepare an annual statement of impact which documents the specific activities undertaken during the previous fiscal year pursuant to this paragraph, to be submitted to the Legislature no later than January 1, annually. Notwithstanding this section and s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the cost 12 of the special exception reimbursement for hospitals serving a 14 disproportionate share of low-income persons and providing 15 graduate medical education.

- (b) Reimbursement for hospital outpatient care is limited to \$1,500 per state fiscal year per recipient, except for:
- Such care provided to a Medicaid recipient under age 21, in which case the only limitation is medical necessity.
 - 2. Renal dialysis services.
 - 3. Other exceptions made by the agency.

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The agency is authorized to receive funds from state entities, including, but not limited to, the Board of Regents, local governments, and other local political subdivisions, for the purpose of making payments, including federal matching funds, through the Medicaid outpatient reimbursement methodologies. Funds received from state entities and local governments for

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this purpose shall be separately accounted for and shall not be commingled with other state or local funds in any manner.

- disproportionate share of low-income Medicaid recipients, or that participate in the regional perinatal intensive care center program under chapter 383, or that participate in the statutory teaching hospital disproportionate share program may receive additional reimbursement. The total amount of payment for disproportionate share hospitals shall be fixed by the General Appropriations Act. The computation of these payments must be made in compliance with all federal regulations and the methodologies described in ss. 409.911, 409.9112, and 409.9113.
- (d) The agency is authorized to limit inflationary increases for outpatient hospital services as directed by the General Appropriations Act.

Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 409.911, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.911 Disproportionate share program.—Subject to specific allocations established within the General Appropriations Act and any limitations established pursuant to chapter 216, the agency shall distribute, pursuant to this section, moneys to hospitals providing a disproportionate share of Medicaid or charity care services by making quarterly Medicaid payments as required. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income patients.

(1) Definitions.--As used in this section and s. 409.9112:

means that portion of hospital charges reported to the Agency for Health Care Administration for which there is no compensation, other than restricted or unrestricted revenues provided to a hospital by local governments or tax districts regardless of the method of payment, for care provided to a patient whose family income for the 12 months preceding the determination is less than or equal to 200 150 percent of the federal poverty level, unless the amount of hospital charges due from the patient exceeds 25 percent of the annual family income. However, in no case shall the hospital charges for a patient whose family income exceeds four times the federal poverty level for a family of four be considered charity.

Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 409.9117, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9117 Primary care disproportionate share program.--

- (2) In the establishment and funding of this program, the agency shall use the following criteria in addition to those specified in s. 409.911, payments may not be made to a hospital unless the hospital agrees to:
- (c) Coordinate and provide primary care services free of charge, except copayments, to all persons with incomes up to 100 percent of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise covered by Medicaid or another program administered by a governmental entity, and to provide such services based on a sliding fee scale to all persons with incomes up to 200 percent of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise covered by Medicaid or another program administered by a governmental entity, except that eligibility may be limited to

persons who reside within a more limited area, as agreed to by the agency and the hospital. Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001. STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR CS for SB 2092 Specifies procedures for computing the maximum amount that specified counties must pay for the treatment of indigent residents of the county at a hospital located outside the county. Provides for the exclusion of active-duty military personnel and certain institutionalized county residents from the state population estimates when calculating a county's financial responsibility for the hospital care. Requires the county of residence to accept the hospital's documentation of financial eligibility and county residence and requires that the documentation meet specified criteria. Provides that the Agency for Health Care Administration may certify local governmental funds as match to the Medicaid Program (Title XIX) and specifies certain policies and procedures and documentation requirements. Requires annual reports to the legislature documenting the specific activities undertaken pursuant to this provision.