$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committees on Appropriations, Education and Senators Pruitt, Horne and Lawson

309-1927A-01

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to education governance reorganization; amending s. 240.3836, F.S.; providing legislative intent; providing a process for authorizing community colleges to offer baccalaureate degree programs; amending s. 240.527, F.S.; requiring a Campus Board of the University of South Florida St. Petersburg; requiring separate accreditation; providing powers and duties of the Campus Board and the Campus Executive Officer; providing a procedure for preparing a budget request; providing for central support services contracts and a letter of agreement; excluding certain entities from certain provisions; amending s. 240.2011, F.S.; adding to the State University System the New College in Sarasota; creating fiscally autonomous campuses of the University of South Florida; requiring a Campus Board of the University of South Florida Sarasota/Manatee; authorizing separate accreditation; providing powers and duties of the Campus Board and the Campus Executive Officer; providing a procedure for preparing a budget request; providing for central-support-services contracts and a letter of agreement; establishing a mission, goals, and board of trustees for New College of Florida; providing Legislative intent; redesignating St. Petersburg Junior College as "St. Petersburg College"; requiring accreditation; providing a mission; providing

1 for students and fees; providing conditional 2 authority to offer baccalaureate-degree-level 3 programs; authorizing certain 4 baccalaureate-degree programs and a process for 5 increasing their number; establishing a 6 governing board and a coordinating board; 7 providing for dispute resolution; providing for certain employment classifications; providing 8 for the acquisition of land, buildings, and 9 10 equipment; authorizing the power of eminent 11 domain; providing for state funding; requiring a cost-accounting process; amending s. 229.001, 12 13 F.S.; revising a short title to delete obsolete language; amending s. 229.002, F.S.; revising 14 the policy and guiding principles of the 15 Legislature relating to education governance; 16 17 amending s. 229.003, F.S.; revising the timeframe for education governance 18 19 reorganization; revising the titles of the 20 education governance officers; revising the name of the Florida On-Line High School to 21 conform with changes made by the bill; revising 22 the membership of university boards of 23 24 trustees; abolishing the Board of Regents, the 25 State Board of Community Colleges, and the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission; 26 27 transferring the powers, duties, functions, records, personnel, property, unexpended 28 29 balances of appropriations, allocations, other funds, administrative authority, administrative 30 rules, pending issues, and existing contracts 31

1 of the Board of Regents to the Florida Board of 2 Education, of the State Board of Community 3 Colleges to the Florida Board of Education, and of the Postsecondary Education Planning 4 5 Commission to the Education K-20 Policy and 6 Research Council, respectively; creating the 7 Education K-20 Policy and Research Council 8 within the Department of Education; 9 transferring the Articulation Coordinating 10 Committee and the Education Standards 11 Commission by a type two transfer from the Department of Education to the Florida Board of 12 13 Education; requiring the Commissioner of Education to commence reorganization of the 14 department and specifying offices and 15 divisions; requiring the merger of the powers, 16 17 duties, and staffs of the State Board of Independent Colleges and Universities and the 18 19 State Board of Nonpublic Career Education, with 20 an exception, into a single Commission for Independent Education; creating s. 229.0031, 21 F.S.; creating the Education K-20 Policy and 22 Research Council; establishing the membership 23 24 and duties of the council; providing for the appointment and employment of an executive 25 director; amending s. 229.004, F.S.; revising 26 the timeframe for the creation of the Florida 27 28 Board of Education; deleting the requirement 29 that the board be part time; revising the duties and responsibilities of the board; 30 31 conforming terminology with changes made by the

1 bill; providing cross-references to newly 2 created missions and goals and guidelines; 3 amending s. 229.005, F.S.; revising provisions relating to qualifications of Florida education 4 5 governance officers to conform terminology to 6 changes made by the bill and to provide 7 cross-references to newly created missions and goals; requiring the Commissioner of Education 8 to work with the board and oversee the 9 10 chancellors and the executive director and to 11 serve as chief executive officer of the seamless K-20 education system; deleting 12 13 references to requirements of the Florida Constitution relating to education; requiring 14 the Chancellor of Public Schools, the 15 Chancellor of Colleges and Universities, the 16 17 Chancellor of Community Colleges, and the Executive Director of Independent Education to 18 19 work as division vice presidents of the 20 seamless K-20 education system; revising the name of the Florida On-Line High School to 21 conform with changes made by the bill; amending 22 s. 229.006, F.S.; deleting obsolete language 23 24 relating to the creation and the already 25 accomplished duties of the Education Governance Reorganization Transition Task Force; revising 26 27 the timeframe for the reorganization; requiring 28 the task force to provide guidance and 29 monitoring of the reorganization implementation process and to report to the Governor, the 30 31 Legislature, the Secretary of the Florida Board

1 of Education, and the public on its progress; 2 revising the timeframe and recipients of the 3 final report of the task force; creating s. 229.0061, F.S.; establishing guidelines for the 4 5 implementation, structure, functions, and 6 organization of Florida's K-20 education 7 system; creating s. 229.007, F.S.; establishing 8 Florida's K-20 education performance 9 accountability system; providing legislative 10 intent; establishing the mission and goals and 11 systemwide measures; requiring proposals and an implementation schedule for performance-based 12 funding; creating s. 229.0072, F.S.; 13 14 establishing a reorganization implementation process; requiring the Governor to appoint 15 university boards of trustees, a Florida Board 16 17 of Education and a Secretary of the Florida Board of Education; establishing duties of the 18 19 Florida Board of Education relating to the 20 transition and implementation of the K-20 system; requiring the Commissioner of Education 21 to work with the Florida Board of Education to 22 achieve full implementation of the seamless 23 24 K-20 system and to commence reorganization of 25 the department as required by the act; requiring the Florida Board of Education to 26 27 appoint advisory bodies as necessary, and 28 develop and recommend to the Legislature a new 29 School Code; creating s. 229.0073, F.S.; 30 directing the Commissioner of Education to work with the Florida Board of Education to 31

1 reorganize the Department of Education as 2 provided by the act; creating s. 229.0074, 3 F.S.; establishing the mission of the Division of Independent Education; providing duties of 4 5 the executive director; combining and 6 transferring the powers and duties of the State 7 Board of Independent Colleges and Universities and the State Board of Nonpublic Career 8 9 Education, with an exception, to the Commission 10 for Independent Education; providing duties of 11 the commission; providing composition of the Commission for Independent Education; creating 12 13 s. 229.008, F.S.; providing for establishment and membership of boards of trustees of 14 universities in the State University System; 15 creating s. 229.0081, F.S.; establishing powers 16 17 and duties of university boards of trustees; creating s. 229.0082, F.S.; establishing powers 18 19 and duties of university presidents; creating 20 s. 229.0083, F.S.; transferring the Partnership for School Readiness from the Executive Office 21 of the Governor to the Agency for Workforce 22 Innovation; revising the name of the Florida 23 24 On-Line High School to the Florida Virtual High 25 School, which school shall be housed within the Commissioner of Education's Office of 26 Technology and Information Services and 27 28 monitored by the commissioner; stating the mission of the Florida Virtual High School; 29 deleting obsolete language; revising the duties 30 31 of the school's board of trustees; requiring

1 the Department of Education to maximize federal 2 indirect cost allowed on federal grants; 3 requiring appropriation for expenditure of funds received from indirect cost allowance; 4 5 repealing s. 229.0865, F.S., relating to the 6 Knott Data Center and projects, contracts, and 7 grants; amending s. 229.085, F.S.; removing an exemption for personnel employed by projects 8 9 funded by contracts and grants; repealing ss. 10 240.145, 240.147, 240.209(2), 240.227, 240.307, 11 and 240.311(4), F.S., relating to the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission, 12 13 the powers and duties of the commission, the Board of Regents appointment of a Chancellor of 14 the State University System, powers and duties 15 of university presidents, the appointment of 16 17 members of the State Board of Community Colleges, and the appointment of an executive 18 19 director of the community college system; 20 repealing s. 235.217(1)(b), (c), and (d), (3)(a), (c), (d), and (e), and (2), (4), and 21 (5), F.S., relating to the SMART Schools 22 Clearinghouse; providing effective dates. 23 25

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WHEREAS, in response to Floridians' amendment of s. 2, Art. IX of the State Constitution requiring a seven-member state board of education appointed by the Governor to staggered 4-year terms, subject to confirmation by the Senate, which "shall appoint the commissioner of education," the 2000 Legislature enacted the "Florida Education Governance

Reorganization Act of 2000" (chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida), and

WHEREAS, the Florida Education Governance Reorganization Act of 2000 provided legislative policy and guiding principles for a seamless kindergarten through postgraduate education system; provided for the future repeal of existing education entities and statutes; provided for nine-member boards of trustees for each university in the State University System; provided for the establishment and duties of the Florida Board of Education and specified education governance officers; and established the Education Governance Reorganization Transition Task Force charged with the duty to make recommendations to the Legislature, pursuant to a legislatively established timeline, to accomplish a smooth and orderly transition to the new education system, and

WHEREAS, the Education Governance Reorganization Transition Task Force was timely appointed and has been aggressively pursuing its statutory duties by holding meetings and public hearings throughout the state, consulting with education stakeholders and national experts, taking public testimony, and working to expedite its recommendations, NOW, THEREFORE,

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 240.3836, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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240.3836 Site-determined baccalaureate degree access program; funding.--

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The Legislature recognizes that public and private (1)31 postsecondary education institutions play essential roles in

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improving the quality of life and economic well-being of the state and its residents. The Legislature also recognizes that economic development needs and the educational needs of place-bound, nontraditional students have increased the demand for local access to baccalaureate degree programs. In some, but not all, geographic regions, baccalaureate degree programs are being delivered successfully at the local community college through agreements between the community college and 4-year postsecondary institutions within or outside of the state. It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to further expand access to baccalaureate degree programs through the use of community colleges apply this concept in the creation and funding of a program that supports local economic development and responds to public demand for increased access to baccalaureate degrees in areas of the state that are underserved by 4-year institutions.

- (2) A community college may be authorized by the State Board of Education to offer a limited number of baccalaureate degrees designed to meet local workforce needs through one of the following processes:
- (a) A community college may enter into a formal agreement with the state university in its service area for the community college to deliver specified baccalaureate degree programs. The agreement must be submitted to the State Board of Education for approval. The college's proposal must include the following information:
- 1. Demand for the baccalaureate degree program is identified by the workforce development board, local businesses and industry, local chambers of commerce, and potential students.

2. Unmet need for graduates of the proposed degree program is substantiated.

3. The community college has the facilities and academic resources to deliver the program.

The proposal must be submitted to the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission for review and comment. Upon approval of the State Board of Education for the specific degree program or programs, the college shall pursue regional accreditation by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools. Any additional baccalaureate degree programs the college wishes to offer must be approved by the State Board of Education.

- (b) A community college may develop a proposal to deliver specified baccalaureate degree programs in its district. The proposal must be submitted to the State Board of Education for approval. The college's proposal must include the following information:
- 1. Demand for the baccalaureate degree program is identified by the workforce development board, local businesses and industry, local chambers of commerce, and potential students.
- 2. Unmet need for graduates of the proposed degree program is substantiated.
- 3. The community college has the facilities and academic resources to deliver the program.

The proposal must be submitted to the Postsecondary Education
Planning Commission for review and comment. Upon approval of
the State Board of Education for the specific degree program
or programs, the college shall pursue regional accreditation

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29 30 31 by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools. Any additional baccalaureate degree programs the college wishes to offer must be approved by the State Board of Education.

- (3) A community college may not terminate its Associate-in-Arts or Associate-in-Science degree programs as a result of the authorization provided in subsection (2). The Legislature intends that the primary mission of a community college, including a college that offers baccalaureate-degree programs, continues to be the provision of associate degrees that provide access to a university.
- (2) Categorical funding is authorized for the site-determined baccalaureate degree access program created by this section. Funds may not be used to support the construction, renovation, or remodeling of facilities. This program is voluntary and does not preclude other mutually agreed upon arrangements between community colleges and 4-year institutions for the delivery of baccalaureate degrees on community college sites.
- (3) Each community college wishing to participate in the site-determined baccalaureate degree access program must:
- (a) Identify baccalaureate degree programs that are not currently offered at the community college but are proposed for delivery at the college to meet the academic and economic development needs of one or more communities within the college's service area. When assessing local needs, the college should seek input from the appropriate chamber of commerce, workforce development council, and other civic and business groups. As used in this section, the term "economic development" means entrepreneurial efforts, the attraction of

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new business and industry to the area, and the expansion of existing business and industry.

- (b) Determine the number of students interested in pursuing each proposed baccalaureate degree program and identify the enrollment patterns, any special characteristics of those students, and any unique combination or modification of course offerings that may be necessary to meet student enrollment needs.
- (c) Submit a proposal to the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission requesting validation of the need for the proposed baccalaureate degree program and tentative approval for program funding. The proposal must include:
- 1. A description of each proposed baccalaureate degree program identifying the junior-level and senior-level courses to be offered and designating whether the program should be offered for a cohort group or as an ongoing degree program.
- 2. Evidence that local occupational forecasts support the existence of jobs for graduates of the proposed baccalaureate degree programs.
- 3. An estimated number of students to be served by each proposed degree program.
- 4. An assurance that the community college's existing facilities are sufficient to meet the additional demands for classroom and laboratory space for the proposed degree programs.
- 5. Evidence that the college has requested the participation of no fewer than three regionally accredited 4-year postsecondary institutions, including at least one member of the State University System. Any member of the State University System and any independent, regionally 31 accredited, 4-year institution that is chartered in, and has

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its primary campus located in, Florida may be a partner in a site-determined baccalaureate degree access program at any community college.

- 6. A tentative agreement between the community college and the 4-year postsecondary institution selected to offer the upper-level courses leading to the proposed degree or degrees.
- 7. Any additional provisions that the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission considers pertinent to the proposal.
- (4) The Postsecondary Education Planning Commission, after soliciting comments from the Board of Regents and the State Board of Community Colleges, shall validate the need for each baccalaureate degree program proposed for delivery according to this section and shall notify the community college that its proposal has been approved or rejected. The commission shall establish procedures for the timely submission, review, and approval of the proposals and agreements required by this section. These procedures must be designed to allow the initiation of approved baccalaureate degree programs at least 3 times each fiscal year.
- (5) Once the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission validates the need for the proposed baccalaureate degree program and notifies the community college that its proposal has been approved, the community college shall finalize an agreement with the regionally accredited, public or nonpublic, 4-year postsecondary institution selected to provide the upper-level instructional services in the approved baccalaureate degree program. The commission shall identify the common aspects that each agreement must address, including, but not limited to:

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(a) A course delivery pattern based on the student enrollment patterns and characteristics included in the approved proposal.

- (b) An articulation provision that guarantees acceptance of students who hold an associate in arts or associate in science degree and satisfy any other prerequisites for admission to the specific baccalaureate degree program.
- (c) The provision of library services and student support services.
- (d) An agreement that the participating 4-year postsecondary institution will continue offering instructional services at least until all qualified members of the initial group of students have had an opportunity to complete the degree program.
- (e) The specific and measurable performance criteria that the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission may use to evaluate the outcomes and outputs of the baccalaureate degree program within an identified timeframe.
- (f) An agreement that in-state student tuition for the degree program will not exceed the matriculation fee for the State University System unless the proposal approved by the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission allows the participating institutions to charge differentiated tuition and fees to encourage student attendance and participation. Out-of-state students shall pay full costs. Notwithstanding s. 240.605, students participating in a site-determined baccalaureate degree program may not receive a Florida Resident Access Grant.
- (6) Each participating community college must submit 31 the agreement required by this section to the Postsecondary

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Education Planning Commission for review and final approval before initiating an approved site-determined baccalaureate degree access program. Subject to the availability of legislative appropriations specifically provided for this purpose, the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission must recommend to the Commissioner of Education the total funds to be released to each participating community college for the initiation of the approved site-determined baccalaureate degree access program. The community college shall distribute funds to the participating 4-year postsecondary institution at the rate specified in the approved agreement. The Postsecondary Education Planning Commission shall not recommend the release of funding for any program that is terminated before or after the evaluation required by this section. The total funds to be released for the initiation of an approved program shall be based on the number of fundable upper-level student credit hours for each term. Unless otherwise provided in an appropriations act, the funding per credit hour shall be an amount equal to the state funds, excluding student fees, appropriated to the State University System for each full-time equivalent student enrolled in upper-level course work. Student credit hours funded under this program may not be duplicated in any other calculation of state funding for the 4-year institution. (7) The Postsecondary Education Planning Commission may require the participating community colleges and 4-year postsecondary institutions to submit information necessary to monitor the annual performance of the program. Within 90 days after the 2nd and 4th year of the site-determined

baccalaureate degree access program, the commission shall

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the Legislature a progress report, including an evaluation of the funding mechanism created by this section. The commission shall review each site-determined baccalaureate degree access program funded under this section to ascertain whether the performance measures specified in the agreement between the participating community college and the 4-year institution have been met. Each program must be reviewed 4 years after initiation unless a shorter timeframe is specified in the agreement. The performance measures must include the student graduation rate, the employment rate of program graduates both within and outside the community college service area, the continuing need to offer the specific baccalaureate degree program in the community college service area, and such other information as the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission may determine necessary for program and performance evaluation. Based on its evaluation, the commission shall either approve continuation of the program, require modifications prior to program approval, or recommend that the participating institutions terminate the program after all qualified members of the initial group of students have an opportunity to complete the degree program. The commission must submit to the Commissioner of Education for inclusion in the legislative budget a request for funding for approved site-determined baccalaureate degree access programs. (8) If no accredited 4-year institution is willing to provide a baccalaureate degree program approved by the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission under this section, the community college board of trustees may ask the commission to evaluate the college's request to offer the degree program. If the commission is satisfied that the

community college should offer the degree program, it shall

recommend to the Legislature the enactment of statutory 2 authority for the community college to offer that specific 3 baccalaureate degree program. Section 2. Section 240.527, Florida Statutes, is 4 5 amended to read: 6 (Substantial rewording of section. See 7 s. 240.527, F.S., for present text.) 8 240.527 The University of South Florida St. 9 Petersburg.--10 (1) The St. Petersburg campus of the University of 11 South Florida is established and shall be known as the 'University of South Florida St. Petersburg." 12 (a) The Legislature intends that the University of 13 South Florida St. Petersburg be operated and maintained as a 14 separate organizational and budget entity of the University of 15 South Florida, and that all legislative appropriations for the 16 17 University of South Florida St. Petersburg be set forth as separate line items in the annual General Appropriations Act. 18 19 The University of South Florida St. Petersburg shall have a Campus Board and a Campus Executive Officer. 20 21 (c) As soon as possible, but no later than the effective date of this act, the President of the University of 22 South Florida shall begin the process of application to the 23 24 Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges 25 and Schools for separate accreditation of the University of South Florida St. Petersburg. If the application is not 26 27 approved or is provisionally approved, the University of South Florida shall correct any identified deficiencies and shall 28 29 continue to work for accreditation. 30 (2) The Board of Trustees of the University of South 31 | Florida shall appoint to the Campus Board, from

recommendations of the President of the University of South
Florida, five residents of Pinellas County. If a resident of
Pinellas County is appointed to the Board of Trustees of the
University of South Florida, the board shall appoint that
member to serve jointly as a member of the Campus Board. If
more than one Pinellas County resident is appointed to the
Board of Trustees, the board shall select one joint member.
The Board of Trustees may reappoint a member to the Campus
Board for one additional term. The Campus Board has the powers
and duties provided by law, which include the authority to:

- (a) Review and approve an annual legislative budget request to be submitted to the Commissioner of Education. The Campus Executive Officer shall prepare the legislative budget request in accordance with guidelines established by the Florida Board of Education. This request must include items for campus operations and fixed capital outlay.
- (b) Approve and submit an annual operating plan and budget for review and consultation by the Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida. The campus operating budget must reflect the actual funding available to that campus from separate line-item appropriations contained in each annual General Appropriations Act, which line-item appropriations must initially reflect the funds reported to the Florida Legislature for the University of South Florida St. Petersburg Campus for fiscal year 2000-2001 and any additional funds provided in the fiscal year 2001-2002 legislative appropriation.
- (c) Enter into central support services contracts with the Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida for any services that the St. Petersburg campus cannot provide more economically, including payroll processing, accounting,

technology, construction administration, and other desired services. However, all legal services for the campus must be provided by a central services contract with the university. The Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida and the Campus Board shall determine in a letter of agreement any allocation or sharing of student fee revenue between the University of South Florida's main campus and the St. Petersburg campus.

The Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida may lawfully delegate other powers and duties to the Campus Board for the efficient operation and improvement of the campus and for the purpose of vesting in the campus the attributes necessary to meet the requirements for separate accreditation by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools.

- (3) The University of South Florida St. Petersburg shall be administered by a Campus Executive Officer who shall be appointed by, report directly to, and serve at the pleasure of the President of the University of South Florida. The President shall consult with the Campus Board before hiring or terminating the Campus Executive Officer. The Campus Executive Officer has authority and responsibility as provided in law, including the authority to:
- (a) Administer campus operations within the annual operating budget as approved by the Campus Board.
- (b) Recommend to the Campus Board an annual legislative budget request that includes funding for campus operations and fixed capital outlay.
- (c) Recommend to the Campus Board an annual campus operating budget.

1 (d) Recommend to the Campus Board appropriate services
2 and terms and conditions to be included in annual central
3 support services contracts.
4 (e) Carry out any additional responsibilities assigned

- (e) Carry out any additional responsibilities assigned or delegated by the President of the University of South

 Florida for the efficient operation and improvement of the campus, especially any authority necessary for the purpose of vesting in the campus attributes necessary to meet the requirements for separate accreditation.
- (4) Students enrolled at the University of South
 Florida, including those enrolled at a branch campus, have the
 same rights and obligations as provided by law, policy, or
 rule adopted by the University of South Florida, the Florida
 Department of Education, or other lawful entity. The
 University of South Florida shall provide a comprehensive and
 coordinated system of student registration so that a student
 enrolled at any campus of the University of South Florida has
 the ability to register for courses at any other campus of the
 University of South Florida.
- (5) The following entities are not affected by this section and remain under the administrative control of the University of South Florida:
- (a) The University of South Florida College of Marine Science, which is a component college of the main campus.
- (b) The Florida Institute of Oceanography, which is a Type One Institute.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}} \quad \text{The University of South Florida Pediatric Research} \\ \text{Center.}$
- 29 (d) The University of South Florida/USGS joint 30 facility.

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1 Section 3. Effective July 1, 2001, subsection (5) of section 240.2011, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection 2 3 (12) is added to that section, to read: 240.2011 State University System defined.--The State 4 5 University System shall consist of the following: 6 The University of South Florida, with a main campus located in Hillsborough County and two fiscally 7 8 autonomous campuses, one in Pinellas County, named the University of South Florida St. Petersburg, and the other 9 10 named the University of South Florida Sarasota/Manatee. 11 (12) New College of Florida, located in Sarasota County, which is the 4-year residential liberal arts honors 12 13 college of the state of Florida. 14 Section 4. The University of South Florida 15 Sarasota/Manatee.--The Sarasota/Manatee campus of the University of 16 17 South Florida is established and shall be known as the 'University of South Florida Sarasota/Manatee." 18 19 The Legislature intends that the University of 20 South Florida Sarasota/Manatee be operated and maintained as a 21 separate organizational and budget entity of the University of South Florida and that all legislative appropriations for the 22 University of South Florida Sarasota/Manatee be set forth as 23 24 separate line items in the annual General Appropriations Act. 25 (b) The University of South Florida Sarasota/Manatee

(c) As soon as possible, but no later than July 1,

2002, the President of the University of South Florida shall

begin the process of application to the Commission on Colleges

of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools for

separate accreditation of the University of South Florida

shall have a Campus Board and a Campus Executive Officer.

Sarasota/Manatee. If the application is not approved or is provisionally approved, the University of South Florida shall correct any identified deficiencies and shall continue to work for accreditation.

- (2) The Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida shall appoint to the Campus Board, from recommendations of the President of the University of South Florida, three residents of Manatee County and two residents of Sarasota County, to serve 4-year staggered terms. If one or more residents of Sarasota County or Manatee County is appointed to the Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida, the board shall, at the next vacancy of the campus board, appoint one of those members to serve jointly as a member of the Campus Board. The Board of Trustees may reappoint a member to the Campus Board for one additional term. The Campus Board has the powers and duties provided by law, which include the authority to:
- (a) Review and approve an annual legislative budget request to be submitted to the Commissioner of Education. The Campus Executive Officer shall prepare the legislative budget request in accordance with guidelines established by the Florida Board of Education. This request must include items for campus operations and fixed capital outlay.
- (b) Approve and submit an annual operating plan and budget for review and consultation by the Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida. The campus operating budget must reflect the actual funding available to that campus from separate line-item appropriations contained in each annual General Appropriations Act, which line-item appropriations must initially reflect the funds reported to the Florida

 Legislature for the University of South Florida

Sarasota/Manatee Campus for fiscal year 2000-2001 and any additional funds provided in the fiscal year 2001-2002 legislative appropriation.

(c) Enter into central support services contracts with the Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida for any services that the campus at Sarasota/Manatee cannot provide more economically, including payroll processing, accounting, technology, construction administration, and other desired services. However, all legal services for the campus must be provided by a central services contract with the university. The Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida and the Campus Board shall determine in a letter of agreement any allocation or sharing of student fee revenue between the University of South Florida's main campus and the Sarasota/Manatee campus.

The Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida may lawfully delegate other powers and duties to the Campus Board for the efficient operation and improvement of the campus and for the purpose of vesting in the campus the attributes necessary to meet the requirements for separate accreditation by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools.

(3) The University of South Florida Sarasota/Manatee shall be administered by a Campus Executive Officer who shall be appointed by, report directly to, and serve at the pleasure of the President of the University of South Florida. The President shall consult with the Campus Board before hiring or terminating the Campus Executive Officer. The Campus Executive Officer has authority and responsibility as provided in law, including the authority to:

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1 (a) Administer campus operations within the annual 2 operating budget as approved by the Campus Board. 3 (b) Recommend to the Campus Board an annual legislative budget request that includes funding for campus 4 5 operations and fixed capital outlay. 6 (c) Recommend to the Campus Board an annual campus 7 operating budget. 8 (d) Recommend to the Campus Board appropriate services 9 and terms and conditions to be included in annual central 10 support services contracts. 11 (e) Carry out any additional responsibilities assigned or delegated by the President of the University of South 12 Florida for the efficient operation and improvement of the 13 campus, especially any authority necessary for the purpose of 14 vesting in the campus attributes necessary to meet the 15 requirements for separate accreditation. 16 17 (4) Students enrolled at the University of South Florida, including those enrolled at a branch campus, have the 18 19 same rights and obligations as provided by law, policy, or rule adopted by the University of South Florida, the Florida 20 21 Department of Education, or other lawful entity. The University of South Florida shall provide a comprehensive and 22 coordinated system of student registration so that a student 23 24 enrolled at any campus of the University of South Florida has the ability to register for courses at any other campus of the 25 University of South Florida. 26 27 (5) Promote technology transfer between the research operations of the University of South Florida and local 28 29 economic development agencies.

Section 5. New College of Florida. --

30 31 College Foundation.

1	(1) Mission and goalsAs a member of the State
2	University System of Florida, New College of Florida preserves
3	its distinctive mission as a residential liberal arts honors
4	college. To maintain this mission, New College of Florida has
5	the following goals:
6	(a) To provide a quality education to students of high
7	ability who, because of their ability, deserve a program of
8	study that is both demanding and stimulating.
9	(b) To engage in undergraduate educational reform by
10	combining educational innovation with educational excellence.
11	(c) To provide programs of study that allow students
12	to design their educational experience as much as possible in
13	accordance with their individual interests, values, and
14	abilities.
15	(d) To challenge undergraduates not only to master
16	existing bodies of knowledge but also to extend the frontiers
17	of knowledge through original research.
18	(2) Accreditation As soon as possible, New College
19	of Florida shall apply to the Commission on Colleges of the
20	Southern Association of Colleges and Schools for separate
21	accreditation.
22	(3) Board of Trustees The Governor shall appoint 11
23	members to the Board of Trustees, to serve 4-year staggered
24	terms, as follows:
25	(a) Three residents of Sarasota County.
26	(b) Two residents of Manatee County.
27	(c) Until the expiration date of the terms of office
28	of the members who are on the board June 30, 2001, six members

shall be selected from the Board of Trustees of the New

Section 6. Legislative intent.--The Legislature intends to create an innovative means to increase access to baccalaureate-degree-level education in populous counties that are underserved by public baccalaureate-degree-granting institutions. This education is intended to address the state's workforce needs, especially the need for teachers, nurses, and business managers in agencies and firms that require expertise in technology.

Section 7. St. Petersburg College; mission.--St.
Petersburg Junior College is redesignated as St. Petersburg College. The college shall immediately seek accreditation from the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools as a

(1) The primary mission of St. Petersburg College is to provide high-quality undergraduate education at an affordable price for students and the state. The purpose is to promote economic development by preparing people for occupations that require a bachelor's degree and are in demand by existing or emerging public and private employers in this state.

baccalaureate-degree-granting college.

- (2) The college is to maintain the mission and policies of a Florida community college, including the open-door admissions policy and the authority to offer all programs consistent with a public community college's authority.
- (3) St. Petersburg College shall maintain the distinction between the college and its university center. St. Petersburg College is limited to community college programs and to selected baccalaureate-degree-level programs that meet community needs and are authorized as provided by this act. The University Center may make available more diverse program

offerings, but those programs are offered by a participating college or university and are not to be classified or funded as a program of St. Petersburg College.

- (4) The academic policies of the upper-division program at St. Petersburg College must be in accordance with policies of the State University System.
- (5) Sections 240.293 and 240.2945, Florida Statutes, apply to St. Petersburg College.

Section 8. St. Petersburg College; students.--

- (1) St. Petersburg College shall maintain separate records for students who are enrolled in courses classified in the upper division and lower division of a baccalaureate program, according to the Common Course Numbering System. A student shall be reported as a community college student for enrollment in a lower-division course and as a baccalaureate-degree-program student for enrollment in an upper-division course.
- (2) The Board of Trustees of St. Petersburg College shall establish the level of matriculation, tuition, and other authorized student fees.
- (a) For each credit hour of enrollment in a certificate-level course or lower-division-level college credit course, matriculation and tuition fees must be within the range authorized in law and rule for a community college student at that level.
- (b) For each credit hour of enrollment in an upper-division-level course, matriculation and tuition fees must be in an amount established by the Board of Trustees of St. Petersburg College. However, fees for upper-division students must reflect the fact that the college does not incur the costs of major research programs. Therefore, the board

shall establish fees for upper-division students within a range that is lower than the fees established for students at a public university but higher than the fees for community college students.

(c) Other mandatory fees and local fees must be at the same level for all lower division students. For upper division students, other mandatory fees and local fees must be at a level less than fees established for University of South Florida students, regardless of program enrollment or level. However, students in workforce development education courses maintain the authorized fee exemptions described in section 239.117, Florida Statutes, and may be exempt from local fees imposed by the Board of Trustees, at the board's discretion.

Section 9. St. Petersburg College; degrees.--

- (1) In addition to the certificates, diplomas, and degrees authorized in section 240.301, Florida Statutes, St. Petersburg College may offer selected baccalaureate degrees. Initially, the college may offer programs that lead to a baccalaureate degree in the following fields:
- (a) Bachelor of Science in Nursing. This program must be designed to articulate with the Associate in Science Degree in nursing. St. Petersburg College shall continue to offer the Associate in Science degree in nursing.
- (b) Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science in Elementary Education.
- (c) Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science in Special Education.
- (d) Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science in Secondary Education.
- (e) Bachelor of Applied Science in fields selected by
 the Board of Trustees of St. Petersburg College. The board

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shall base the selection on an analysis of workforce needs and
    opportunities in the following counties: Pinellas, Pasco,
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   Hernando, and other counties approved by the Florida
    Department of Education. For each program selected, St.
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    Petersburg College must offer a related Associate-in-Science
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    or Associate-in-Applied-Science degree program, and the
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   baccalaureate-degree-level program must be designed to
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    articulate fully with at least one Associate-in-Science degree
    program. The college is encouraged to develop articulation
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    agreements for enrollment of graduates of related
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    Associate-in-Applied-Science degree programs.
          (2) St. Petersburg College may offer courses that
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    enable teachers to qualify for certification and
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    recertification as required by law or rule.
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              The college may offer programs to provide
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    opportunities for a person who holds a baccalaureate degree,
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    but is not certified to teach, to obtain any additional
    courses required for teacher certification.
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              Masters-degree-level programs and doctoral
    programs may be provided by agreement with a college or
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    university participating in the University Center of St.
    Petersburg College.
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          (5) For those students living outside Pinellas County,
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    St. Petersburg College shall recruit for the upper-division
    only those students who have earned an associate degree. In
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    recruiting upper division students in Pasco and Hernando
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    Counties, St. Petersburg College shall work cooperatively with
    Pasco-Hernando Community College and shall seek to offer
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    courses and programs at Pasco-Hernando Community College when
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    feasible. The nursing programs, in particular, must be
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conducted cooperatively, and programs at St. Petersburg

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College shall not conflict with Pasco-Hernando Community

College's and the University of South Florida's cooperative
nursing program.

Section 10. St. Petersburg College; boards.--

- (1) The Board of Trustees of St. Petersburg Junior
 College is renamed the Board of Trustees of St. Petersburg
 College and serves as its governing board. The Governor shall
 appoint members as provided in section 240.313, Florida
 Statutes, and the board has the duties and authorities granted
 in sections 240.315 and 240.319, Florida Statutes, and by
 rules of the State Board of Education.
- (2) The Board of Trustees of St. Petersburg College may authorize direct support organizations as authorized in sections 240.299 and 240.331, Florida Statutes.
- (3) The Board of Trustees of St. Petersburg College may continue to award degrees, diplomas, and certificates as authorized for St. Petersburg Junior College, and in the name of St. Petersburg Junior College, until St. Petersburg College receives its accreditation.
- (4) A coordinating board shall assist the Board of Trustees in its deliberations concerning issues that affect the upper division of the college. The coordinating board consists of the President of the University of South Florida, the President of St. Petersburg College, the President of Pasco-Hernando Community College, and the chairpersons of the boards of trustees of those institutions.
- (5) Beginning 4 years after the college receives
 accreditation to offer baccalaureate degrees, the Board of
 Trustees of St. Petersburg College may determine additional
 programs to be offered, with the approval of the coordinating

board. The determination must consider community needs and economic opportunities.

- (6) The coordinating board shall meet at the request of the President of the University of South Florida or the President of St. Petersburg College.
- (7) If the coordinating board cannot decide an issue of importance to the programs designed for upper-division students, the chief educational officer of this state shall resolve the issue.

Section 11. St. Petersburg College; employees.--

- (1) Employment at St. Petersburg College is governed by the same laws that govern community colleges, except that upper-division faculty are eligible for continuing contract upon the completion of the fifth year of teaching.
- (2) Employee records for all personnel shall be maintained as required by s. 240.337, Florida Statutes.

Section 12. St. Petersburg College; facilities.--The
St. Petersburg College may request funding from the Public
Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund as a
community college and as a university. The municipalities of
Pinellas County, the Board of County Commissioners of Pinellas
County, and all other governmental entities are authorized to
cooperate with the Board of Trustees in establishing this
institution. The acquisition and donation of lands, buildings,
and equipment for the use of St. Petersburg College are
authorized as a public purpose. The Board of County
Commissioners of Pinellas County and all municipalities in
Pinellas County may exercise the power of eminent domain to
acquire lands, buildings, and equipment for the use of St.
Petersburg College, regardless of whether such lands,

buildings, and equipment are located in a community 2 redevelopment area. 3 Section 13. St. Petersburg College; state funding.--(1) The Legislature intends to fund St. Petersburg 4 5 College as a community college for its workforce development 6 education programs and for its lower-division-level college 7 credit courses and programs. 8 The Legislature intends to fund St. Petersburg College as a baccalaureate-degree-level institution for its 9 10 upper-division-level courses and programs. 11 (3) During the 2001-2002 fiscal year, St. Petersburg College shall estimate the appropriate level of funding for 12 these programs. By March 1, 2002, the college shall complete a 13 cost study and shall submit to the Legislature a proposal for 14 15 cost accounting and legislative budget requests designed to acknowledge its unique classification. The cost study must 16 17 indicate actual costs projected for the first 4 years of operation as a baccalaureate-level institution, with the first 18 19 students expected to enroll in the upper division in fall 20 semester of 2002. Section 14. Nothing contained within this act shall be 21 construed to adversely impact the accreditation of the 22 University of South Florida. 23 24 Section 15. Section 229.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 229.001 Short title.--This act may be cited as the 26 27 "Florida Education Governance Reorganization Implementation 28 Act of 2000." 29 Section 16. Section 229.002, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read:

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- 229.002 Declaration of policy and guiding principles.--
 - It is the policy of the Legislature: (1)
- (a) To achieve within existing resources true systemic change in education governance by establishing a seamless academic educational system that fosters an integrated continuum of kindergarten through graduate school education for Florida's citizens.
- (b) To promote enhanced academic success and funding efficiency by centralizing the governance of educational delivery systems and aligning responsibility with accountability.
- (c) To provide consistent education policy vertically and horizontally across all educational delivery systems, focusing on students the needs of those receiving education, not those providing education.
- (d) To provide substantially improved vertical and horizontal articulation across all educational delivery systems while ensuring that nonpublic education institutions and home education programs maintain their independence, autonomy, and nongovernmental status.
- (e) To provide for devolution of authority to the schools, community colleges, universities, and other education institutions that are the actual deliverers of educational services in order to provide student-centered education services within the clear parameters of the overarching education policy established by the Legislature.
- To ensure that independent education institutions and home education programs maintain their independence, autonomy, and nongovernmental status.

- 1 (2) The guiding principles for Florida's new education 2 governance are: 3 (a) A coordinated, seamless system for kindergarten
 - (a) A coordinated, seamless system for kindergarten through graduate school education.
 - (b) A system that is student-centered in every facet.
 - (c) A system that maximizes education access and provides the opportunity for a high-quality education academic success for all Floridians.
 - (d) A system that safeguards equity $\underline{\text{and supports}}$ academic excellence.
 - (e) A system that <u>provides for local operational</u>

 flexibility while promoting accountability for student

 achievement and improvement refuses to compromise academic excellence.

Section 17. Section 229.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

229.003 Florida education governance reorganization .--

- (1) Effective January 7, 2003, The Florida Board of Education, created pursuant to s. 229.004, shall be responsible for overseeing kindergarten through graduate school education, in accordance with the implementation process in s. 229.0072 and the policies and guiding principles in s. 229.002 and the mission and goals of s. 229.007.
- (2) Effective January 7, 2003, the Florida Board of Education shall appoint the Commissioner of Education.
- (2)(3) Effective January 7, 2003, There are is established the following education governance officers in addition to the Commissioner of Education:
- (a) A Chancellor of Public Schools, K-12 Education appointed by the Commissioner of Education.

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- (b) A Chancellor of Colleges and State Universities, appointed by the Secretary of the Florida Board Commissioner of Education.
- (c) A Chancellor of Community Colleges and Career Preparation, appointed by the Secretary of the Florida Board Commissioner of Education.
- (d) An Executive Director of Independent Nonpublic and Nontraditional Education, appointed by the Commissioner of Education.
- Each chancellor and executive director shall be subject to confirmation by the Florida Board of Education and shall serve at the pleasure and under the authority of the Commissioner of Education and the Secretary of the Florida Board of Education.
- (3)(4) Effective July 1, 2000, The Governor shall appoint a seven-member board of trustees for the Florida Virtual On-Line High School, which shall be a body corporate with all the powers of a body corporate.
- (4)(5) Effective January 7, 2003, The Governor shall appoint for each university in the State University System, an 11-member a nine-member board of trustees, with members subject to confirmation by the Senate, trustees which shall be a body corporate with all the powers of a body corporate. In addition to the 11 members, each student body president shall serve as an ex officio nonvoting member of the board of trustees. There shall be no state residency requirement for university board members, but the Governor shall consider regional representatives, as appropriate All members of the board of trustees of Florida Atlantic University must reside within the service area of the university; three must be 31 residents of Broward County, three must be residents of Palm

Beach County, and three may be residents of any county within the service area. Each appointee is subject to confirmation by 2 3 the Senate in the regular legislative session immediately following his or her appointment. 4 5 Effective July 1, 2001: (5) 6 The Board of Regents created in s. 240.205 is 7 abolished. 8 (b) All of the powers, duties, functions, records, personnel, and property; unexpended balances of 9 appropriations, allocations, and other funds; administrative 10 11 authority; administrative rules; pending issues; and existing contracts of the Board of Regents are transferred by a type 12 two transfer, pursuant to s. 20.06(2), to the Florida Board of 13 14 Education. 15 (c) The State Board of Community Colleges is 16 abolished. 17 (d) All of the powers, duties, functions, records, personnel, and property; unexpended balances of 18 19 appropriations, allocations, and other funds; administrative authority; administrative rules; pending issues; and existing 20 21 contracts of the State Board of Community Colleges are transferred by a type two transfer, pursuant to s. 20.06(2), 22 from the Department of Education to the Florida Board of 23 24 Education. 25 (e) The Postsecondary Education Planning Commission is 26 abolished. 27 The Education K-20 Policy and Research Council is (f) created and assigned for administrative purposes to the 28 29 Department of Education. 30 (g) All personnel, unexpended balances of

Planning Commission are transferred to the Education K-20 Policy and Research Council.

- (h) The Articulation Coordinating Committee and the Education Standards Commission are transferred by a type two transfer, pursuant to s. 20.06(2), from the Department of Education to the Florida Board of Education.
- (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 20.15, the

 Commissioner of Education shall commence the reorganization of
 the Department of Education in accordance with s. 229.0073,
 which shall include an Office of the Commissioner of Education
 comprised of the general areas of operation that are common to
 all delivery sectors and, in addition, shall include:
- 1. The creation of an Office of Technology and
 Information Services, an Office of Workforce and Economic
 Development, and an Office of Educational Facilities.
- <u>2. The creation of a Division of Colleges and Universities.</u>
 - 3. The creation of a Division of Community Colleges.
 - 4. The creation of a Division of Public Schools.
- 5. The creation of a Division of Independent Education.
- 6. The merger of the powers, duties, and staffs of the State Board of Independent Colleges and Universities and the State Board of Nonpublic Career Education, except as relating to any independent nonprofit college or university which is located in and chartered by the state, is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, and grants baccalaureate degrees, into a single Commission for Independent Education administratively housed within the Division of Independent Education.

1	(6) Effective January 7, 2003, the powers and duties
2	of the following entities are relocated to the Florida Board
3	of Education, which shall retain all related funding and
4	budget authority for purposes of a single, seamless
5	kindergarten through graduate school education system and
6	single or coordinated budget and may retain or redistribute
7	the powers and duties of each entity in accordance with the
8	policies and guiding principles of s. 229.002, and the
9	entities shall cease to exist:
10	(a) The Board of Regents.
11	(b) The State Board of Community Colleges.
12	(c) The State Board of Independent Colleges and
13	Universities.
14	(d) The State Board of Nonpublic Career Education.
15	(e) The Division of Workforce Development of the
16	Department of Education.
17	(f) The Postsecondary Education Planning Commission.
18	(g) The Articulation Coordination Committee.
19	(h) The Division of Human Resource Development of the
20	Department of Education.
21	(i) The Division of Support Services of the Department
22	of Education.
23	(j) The Division of Administration of the Department
24	of Education.
25	(k) The Division of Financial Services of the
26	Department of Education.
27	(1) The Division of Technology of the Department of
28	Education.
29	(m) The Office of Student Financial Assistance of the
30	Department of Education.
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          (n) The Division of Universities of the Department of
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   Education.
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         (o) The Division of Community Colleges of the
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   Department of Education.
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           Section 18. Section 229.0031, Florida Statutes, is
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    created to read:
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           229.0031 Education K-20 Policy and Research
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    Council. -- Effective July 1, 2001, the Education K-20 Policy
    and Research Council is created and assigned to the Department
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    of Education. The council shall be administratively housed
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    within the Office of the Commissioner of Education, but it
    shall independently exercise the responsibilities assigned to
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    it in this section or delegated by the Florida Board of
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    Education. The council shall serve as an advisory body to the
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    Florida Board of Education, the Legislature, and other
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    appropriate state agencies and entities on all matters
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    relating to education in this state. In addition, the
    Council's reports and recommendations shall be made available
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    to the Legislature, the Florida Board of Education, and other
    appropriate government and educational agencies and entities.
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          (1)(a) The council shall be composed of 11 members of
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    the general public and 1 full-time student representing the
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    education system of the state. Each member shall be appointed
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    by the Governor, approved by three members of the Florida
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    Board of Education, and confirmed by the Senate. Members shall
    be appointed to serve staggered 4-year terms, except for the
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    full-time student member, who shall serve for 1 year; however,
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    of the initial nonstudent appointees, two shall be appointed
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    for 1-year terms and three shall be appointed for 4-year
    terms. The student member shall be selected annually with the
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   qualification that he or she be a registered full-time student
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 at any of this state's educational institutions as defined in chapters 228 and 229 relating to public and nonpublic schools, in chapter 230 relating to public community colleges and universities, or in chapter 246 relating to nonpublic colleges, universities, and vocational schools. The members of the council shall elect a chair annually. The Governor shall, subject to approval and confirmation, fill all vacancies that occur on the council.

- (b) The council shall meet as often as it considers necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities.
- (c) Members shall be paid travel and per diem expenses as provided in s. 112.061 while performing their duties under this section.
- (2) The council shall appoint an executive director, who shall serve at the pleasure of the council and shall perform the duties assigned to him or her by the council. The executive director is the chief administrative officer of the council and shall appoint all employees and staff members of the council, who shall serve under the executive director's direction and control.
 - (3) The council shall:
- (a) Serve as a citizen board to provide independent policy analyses and recommendations to the Florida Board of Education, the Commissioner of Education, the Governor, and the Legislature to ensure a seamless educational system in this state.
- (b) Assist the Florida Board of Education in the conduct of its educational responsibilities in such capacities as the state board considers appropriate.
- (c) Prepare and submit to the Florida Board of
 Education a long-range master plan for education. The plan

1	must include consideration of the promotion of quality,
2	fundamental educational goals, programmatic access, needs for
3	remedial education, regional and state economic development,
4	international education programs, demographic patterns,
5	student demand for programs, needs of particular subgroups of
6	the population, implementation of innovative educational
7	techniques and technology, and the requirements of the labor
8	market. The capacity of existing programs, in public and
9	independent institutions, to respond to identified needs must
10	be evaluated, and a plan must be developed to respond
11	efficiently to unmet needs.
12	(d) Update the state master plan for education every 5
13	years.
14	(e) Review implementation of the state master plan and
15	annually report to the Florida Board of Education and the
16	Legislature the progress toward implementation.
17	(f) Explore emerging educational issues.
18	(g) Identify successful and innovative educational
19	programs.
20	(h) On its own initiative or in response to the
21	Governor, the Legislature, the Florida Board of Education, or
22	the Commissioner of Education, issue reports and
23	recommendations on matters relating to any education sector.
24	(i) Recommend goals for the overall improvement of
25	education in this state.
26	(j) Recommend to the Florida Board of Education rules
27	concerning the planning and coordination of educational
28	programs.

(k) By January 1, 2003, and on a 3-year cycle

thereafter, review and make recommendations to the Legislature regarding the activities of research centers and institutes

 supported with state funds to assess the return on the state's investment in research conducted by public postsecondary education institutions, in coordination with the Leadership Board for Applied Research and Public Service, created pursuant to s. 240.706.

Section 19. Section 229.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

229.004 Florida Board of Education. --

- in s. 229.0072 Effective January 7, 2003, the Florida Board of Education is established as a body corporate. The board shall be a part-time citizen board consisting of seven members appointed by the Governor to staggered 4-year terms, subject to confirmation by the Senate. Members of the board shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement of travel and per diem expenses in accordance with s. 112.061. Members may be reappointed by the Governor for additional terms.
- (b) The Florida Board of Education shall have a chairperson who shall be appointed by the Governor.
- establish education goals and objectives consistent with the policies and guiding principles of s. 229.002 and the mission and goals of s. 229.007 and, together with the Commissioner of Education, to oversee the implementation of and enforce compliance with the education policies established by the Legislature. The board and its secretary, and the commissioner, shall establish, operate, and maintain optimal efficiency of an Office of the Commissioner of Education, pursuant to s. 229.0061(2)(c)Board of Education.

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- (3) In performing its duties, the board, together with the Commissioner of Education, shall:
- (a) Ensure accountability and responsiveness to Florida's citizens, including the establishment of a Citizen Information Center that utilizes quick response and customer-friendly methodologies.
- (b) Establish and aggressively enforce efficient and effective performance management objectives.
- (c) Maximize the effectiveness of local, state, and federal education linkages and funds.
- (d) Issue guidelines for the development of legislative budget requests for operations and fixed capital outlay for the coordinated K-20 system.
- (e) (d) Recommend one budget or a coordinated budget and long-range program plans based on consistent policies for a seamless kindergarten through graduate school education.
- (f)(e) Adopt cohesive rules governing systemwide access to educational opportunities, within statutory authority, for education systemwide issues and ensure that rules adopted for the various education delivery systems are compatible.
- (g)(f) Ensure articulation and coordination within and across the entire education delivery system.
- (h) (g) Provide ongoing public information regarding performance results for the entire kindergarten through graduate school education system and each of its components.
- (4) The board, with the Commissioner of Education, shall be responsible for:
- The work of with the Chancellor of Public Schools (a) K-12 Education to establish, and maintain optimal efficiency 31 of, a Division an Office of Public Schools, within the

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guidelines of ss. 229.0061 and 229.0073, and to achieve the mission and goals of s. 229.007 K-12 Education.

- (b) The work of with the Chancellor of Colleges and State Universities to establish, and maintain optimal efficiency of, a Division an Office of Colleges and State Universities, within the guidelines of ss. 229.0061 and 229.0073, and to achieve the mission and goals of s. 229.007.
- The work of with the Chancellor of Community Colleges and Career Preparation to establish, and maintain optimal efficiency of, a Division an Office of Community Colleges and Career Preparation, within the guidelines of ss. 229.0061 and 229.0073, and to achieve the mission and goals of s. 229.007.
- (d) The work of with the Executive Director of Independent Nonpublic and Nontraditional Education to establish, and maintain optimal efficiency of, a Division an Office of Independent Nonpublic and Nontraditional Education, within the guidelines of ss. 229.0061 and 229.0073, and to achieve the mission and goals of s. 229.007 Services.

Section 20. Section 229.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

229.005 Florida education governance officers.--

(1) COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION. -- The Commissioner of Education shall work with the Florida Board of Education, and its secretary, to ensure that all education governance officers focus be appointed by the Board of Education from candidates of national caliber and respected and proven organizational leadership with established experience in administering broad-based policy. The commissioner shall be a person who is eminently capable of focusing the entire 31 | kindergarten through graduate school education system on

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accomplishing to accomplish the policies and guiding principles of s. 229.002 and achieving the mission and goals of s. 229.007. The commissioner shall have the ability to successfully provide education policy and planning direction, program development, performance management, and funding allocation recommendations across the spectrum of kindergarten through graduate school education. The commissioner shall serve as chief executive officer of the seamless K-20 education system., and the ability to achieve and safeguard the will of the people of Florida as expressed in s. 1, Art. IX of the Florida Constitution, that "adequate provision shall be made by law for a uniform, efficient, safe, secure, and high quality system of free public schools that allows students to obtain a high quality education and for the establishment, maintenance, and operation of institutions of higher learning and other public education programs that the needs of the people may require."

Chancellor of Public Schools K-12 Education shall be appointed by the Commissioner of Education, subject to confirmation by the Florida Board of Education, based on his or her ability to work as a division vice president of the seamless K-20 education system with the Florida Board of Education and the other education governance officers to comply with the policies and guiding principles of s. 229.002, to achieve the mission and goals of s. 229.007, to enhance the quality of public K-12 education in Florida, and to maximize the equity of public K-12 education in Florida by moving the focus to the school site and the individual student., and to achieve and safeguard the will of the people of Florida as expressed in s. 1, Art. IX of the Florida Constitution, that "adequate"

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provision shall be made by law for a uniform, efficient, safe, secure, and high quality system of free public schools that allows students to obtain a high quality education. . . . "

- (3) CHANCELLOR OF COLLEGES AND STATE UNIVERSITIES. -- The Chancellor of Colleges and State Universities shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Florida Board of Education, subject to confirmation by the Florida Board of Education, Commissioner of Education based on his or her ability to work as a division vice president of the seamless K-20 education system with the Florida Board of Education and the other education governance officers to comply with the policies and guiding principles of s. 229.002, to achieve the mission and goals of s. 229.007, to enhance the national reputation and quality of education and educational research in Florida's colleges and state universities, and to work directly with each of the college and state university presidents and boards of trustees in focusing on the education and educational research needs of the individual college or university and its students.
- PREPARATION. -- The Chancellor of Community Colleges and Career Preparation shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Florida Board of Education, subject to confirmation by the Florida Board of Education, Commissioner of Education based on his or her ability to work as a division vice president of the seamless K-20 education system with the Florida Board of Education and the other education governance officers to comply with the policies and guiding principles of s. 229.002, to achieve the mission and goals of s. 229.007, to enhance the quality of education in Florida's community colleges, and to work directly with each of the community college presidents

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and boards of trustees in focusing on the education needs of the communities and students they serve.

(5) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF INDEPENDENT NONPUBLIC AND NONTRADITIONAL EDUCATION. -- The Executive Director of Independent Nonpublic and Nontraditional Education shall be appointed by the Commissioner of Education, subject to confirmation by the Florida Board of Education, based on his or her ability to work as a division vice president of the seamless K-20 education system with the Florida Board of Education and the other education governance officers to comply with the policies and guiding principles of s. 229.002, to protect the independence, autonomy, and nongovermental status of independent education in Florida, to enhance the quality and expand the offerings and innovations of independent nonpublic and nontraditional education in Florida, to establish partnerships with independent nonpublic education providers at all levels to achieve these goals, and to work directly with the Board of Trustees of the Florida Virtual On-Line High School and with Florida's private school associations, home education associations, independent nonpublic career education institutions, and independent colleges and universities to maximize educational choice and enhance the options, educational alternatives, and student-focused delivery for their students. Section 21. Subsections (1), (4), (5), (6), and (7) of

section 229.006, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

229.006 Education Governance Reorganization Transition Task Force.--

(1) In order to accomplish a smooth transition on January 7, 2003, from the elected State Board of Education to 31 the appointed Florida Board of Education, there shall be

established the Education Governance Reorganization Transition Task Force. All members of the task force shall be appointed as soon as feasible but not later than October 1, 2000. The task force shall be comprised of:

- (a) Five members appointed by the Governor;
- (b) Three members appointed by the President of the Senate; and
- (c) Three members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

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The transition task force shall be charged with the duty to identify issues, conduct research, develop the necessary procedural and substantive framework, and make recommendations to the Legislature for an orderly 3-year phase-in for a seamless education continuum and a single or coordinated kindergarten through graduate school budget in accordance with the policies and guiding principles of s. 229.002, so that the Florida Board of Education may immediately begin its work on January 7, 2003, with maximum effectiveness.

(4) Upon completion of its recommendations to the 20 21 Legislature by March 1, 2001, the transition task force shall redirect its focus to provide guidance and monitoring of the 22 implementation process pursuant to s. 229.0072 as recommended 23 24 by the task force, and to regularly report to the Governor, 25 the Legislature, Secretary of the Florida Board of Education, and the public on the progress of the reorganization 26 27 implementation process. If any implementation activity is

determined by a majority vote of the task force to be inconsistent with the intent of this act, the chair of the

task force shall report such activity directly to the State

31 Board of Education. The reporting of such activity shall

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30 31 automatically suspend any action relating to the disputed activity. The State Board of Education shall act to resolve the dispute. recommend to the Legislature:

- (a) How best to achieve education system integration by:
- 1. Combining appropriate education functions and policies into or under the new Florida Board of Education.
- 2. Devolving the education delivery services and operational decisions to the appropriate location of delivery to students, specifically the schools, community colleges, colleges, universities, area technical centers, and other education institutions or places where the students receive their education.
- 3. Providing for a single or coordinated kindergarten through graduate school education budget.
- (b) How best to achieve economies in education services, including recommendations concerning consolidation of information systems and integrated performance and financial accounting systems, while maximizing effectiveness within existing resources and staff.
- (c)1. Which, if any, current education staff functions and resources should be eliminated, transferred, or realigned within the proposed new education organizational structure.
- 2. A recommended salary structure for the Commissioner of Education and for the chancellors.
- (d) Whether an Office of Policy Research should be established to explore emerging issues, locate successful and innovative educational programs, and make recommendations to the Governor, the Florida Board of Education, and the Legislature and, if so, its mission, staffing, and location.

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(e) The optimal mission of the Florida On-Line High School and a methodology for the operation and funding of the school to achieve that mission.

- (f) The optimal location and structure of the Florida Partnership for School Readiness.
- (5) By March 1, 2002, the transition task force shall recommend to the Legislature:
- (a) Standards, definitions, and guidelines for universities, colleges, community colleges, schools, and other education institutions to ensure the quality of education, systemwide coordination, and efficient progress toward attainment of their appropriate missions.
- (b) Rules and procedures as necessary to be followed by university boards of trustees, community college boards of trustees, and other boards of trustees, as determined appropriate, for recruitment and selection of presidents, procedures for annual evaluations of presidents, and procedures for interaction between presidents, the boards of trustees, and the new Florida Board of Education.
- (c) A systemwide strategic plan for postsecondary institutions that considers the role, in their respective communities, of each of the institutions.
- (d) Methodologies for degree program approval, establishment of matriculation and tuition fees, and coordination of colleges' and universities' budget requests.
- (e) Any additional statutory changes needed during the 2002 legislative session to complete the education governance reorganization transition.
- (6) By March 1, 2003, the transition task force shall recommend to the Legislature:

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- (a) Statutory changes necessary to accomplish the policies and guiding principles of s. 229.002, including, but not limited to, statutory changes necessitated by the repeal and review provisions of subsection 3(8) of this act.
- (b) Rulemaking authority for the new Florida Board of Education and a plan and timetable for transition or coordination of existing education sector agency rules and rulemaking authority recommendations, if any, for education agencies.
- (c) Waiver authority, if any, for the Commissioner of Education or the Florida Board of Education.
- (5) (7) By March May 1, 2003, the transition task force shall have completed its duties and shall make its final report to the Governor, the Florida Board of Education, the Commissioner of Education, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the minority leaders of each chamber. The final report shall include, but is not limited to:
- (a) A summary of the work and recommendations of the task force and the status of full implementation of the K-20 education system.
- The status of all pending and completed actions on orders and rules, all enforcement matters, and all delegations, interagency agreements, and contracts with federal, state, regional, and local governments and private entities.
- Identification of any remaining or potential duplication in the administration of state education laws and rules, with specific recommendations to eliminate such duplication and promote more efficient administration.

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Section 22. Section 229.0061, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

229.0061 Florida's K-20 education system; guidelines for implementation; guidelines for structure, functions, and organization.--

- (1) GUIDELINES FOR IMPLEMENTATION. --
- (a) Florida's seamless K-20 education system shall be a decentralized system in which as many commissions, boards, councils, and excess layers of bureaucracy as possible are eliminated.
- (b) Florida's K-20 education system shall rely on a single entity, the Florida Board of Education, as its single strategic voice. If the board desires assistance on matters of policy research or other issues, the board shall be authorized to appoint a committee or committees to assist it on any and all issues within the K-20 education system on an ad hoc basis.
- (c) Members of the Florida Board of Education shall focus on high-level policy decisions.
- (d) It is essential to the success of Florida's seamless K-20 education system to have a fully operational systemwide technology plan based on a common set of data definitions.
- (2) GUIDELINES FOR STRUCTURE, FUNCTIONS, AND ORGANIZATION.--
- (a) Roles of the Legislature, the Florida Board of Education, the education governance officers, the university boards of trustees, and the institutional boards of trustees and school boards.--The Legislature shall enact education laws and policies and shall appropriate and allocate education resources. The Florida Board of Education shall enforce all

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laws, rules, and guidelines and shall timely provide direction, resources, assistance, intervention when needed, 2 3 and strong incentives and disincentives to force accountability for results. In terms of major areas of 4 5 responsibility, the Legislature, the Florida Board of 6 Education, the education governance officers, the university 7 boards of trustees, and the institutional boards of trustees 8 and school boards shall each perform essential constituent roles. 9

- (b) Florida Board of Education.--The Florida Board of Education shall serve as the body corporate for Florida's seamless K-20 education system; implement the systemwide education vision; and, together with the commissioner, Secretary of the Florida Board of Education, chancellors, and executive director, oversee the success of that vision. The Florida Board of Education shall:
 - 1. Enforce systemwide education policies and goals.
- 2. Recommend annually the coordinated education budget and authorize the allocation of resources in accordance with law and rule. Any program recommended by the Florida Board of Education which requires state funding for more than 1 year must be presented in a multi-year budget plan.
 - 3. Adopt long-term and short-term education plans.
- 4. Enforce education accountability standards and measures of all components of the K-20 education system.
- $\underline{\mbox{5.}}$ Accurately and continuously assess data and monitor and report performance.
- $\underline{\text{6. Provide high-quality assistance and intervention}}$ when and where needed.
- 7. Provide timely and accurate information on allpublic and independent education services.

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assistance.

1 8. Establish the missions of the public colleges and 2 universities and community colleges. 3 9. Approve new degree programs above the master's 4 degree level. 5 10. Approve new undergraduate medical education 6 programs or colleges, new graduate medical education programs, 7 and Programs in Medical Sciences (PIMS) which are partnerships 8 between two or more public higher education institutions or between public and private higher education institutions. 9 10 (c) Commissioner of Education. -- The Commissioner of 11 Education shall serve as chief executive officer of Florida's seamless K-20 education system. The commissioner shall propose 12 action on all issues that come before the board and be 13 responsible for enforcing compliance with the mission and 14 goals of the seamless K-20 education system by all education 15 delivery sectors. The commissioner's office shall operate all 16 17 statewide functions necessary to support the Florida Board of Education and the seamless K-20 education system, including 18 19 the following areas: 20 1. Legal. Communications, including a Citizen Information 21 22 Center that provides quick response and uses customer-friendly 23 methods. 24 Strategic planning and budget development. 25 General administration. Assessment and accountability. 26 27 Data management, education technology, and an 28 education data warehouse. 29 7. Access and opportunity, including student financial

1 8. Policy research and development, except the Education K-20 Policy and Research Council. 2 3 9. Florida Board of Education personnel. 4 10. Workforce and economic development. 5 11. Educational facilities. 6 12. Inspector General. 7 (d) Chancellors and executive director. -- The 8 chancellors of the public schools, community colleges, and 9 colleges and universities divisions and the Executive Director of the Division of Independent Education shall serve the 10 11 Florida Board of Education, the Secretary of the Florida Board of Education, and the Commissioner of Education in the role of 12 division vice presidents of the K-20 education system and as 13 governance officers and critical members of the state-level 14 education leadership team. They shall each be held responsible 15 for providing leadership, administering programs, resolving 16 17 disputes, providing technical assistance, and timely recommending action plans to the commissioner for sanctions or 18 19 intervention when needed, as well as making recommendations to the board and the commissioner for strategic planning and 20 21 budget development for their respective education delivery sectors. They shall support the governing policies and 22 responsibilities of the board and the commissioner and bear 23 24 primary responsibility for the achievement of the mission and 25 goals of the K-20 education system by their education delivery sectors, as applicable to their sectors. They shall reinforce 26 27 the policies and principles of the seamless K-20 education 28 system in every venue and at every opportunity, and work 29 together to facilitate horizontal communications and 30 interactions between the education delivery sectors. 31

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Specifically, as applicable, each education governance officer
shall:

- 1. Serve as the head of the division.
- 2. Supervise all employees and work of the division.
- 3. Properly and timely inform education institutions and the public as to legislative action, including funding, grant opportunities, and substantive policy changes affecting the division.
- 4. Direct the review of expenditures of public funds in accordance with legislative intent.
- 5. Evaluate the performance of each education institution under the division and report performance results to the public, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, the Florida Board of Education, and the institution and its governing board.
- 6. Direct institutional governing boards to take corrective action to improve unsatisfactory performance pursuant to law and rules of the Florida Board of Education.
- 7. Direct and oversee the development of the division's accountability system and recommend changes to the Commissioner of Education and the Florida Board of Education.
- 8. Direct the division's activities in order to coordinate with other divisions to provide a seamless education system.
- 9. Direct the provision of state services to institutions under the division.
- 10. Direct the development of the division's legislative budget request and work cooperatively with the commissioner and other governance officers to develop a coordinated budget request.

1	11. Serve as the primary point of contact and
2	communication for the division.
3	(e) Institutional boards of trustees and school
4	boardsEach institutional board of trustees and school board
5	shall:
6	1. Provide strategic planning and budget development
7	for their institution or school district.
8	2. Implement and maintain high-quality education
9	programs within law and rules of the Florida Board of
10	Education.
11	3. Measure and enforce performance.
12	4. Provide timely and accurate reporting of
13	information.
14	5. Provide direct input on education issues to the
15	education governance officers.
16	6. Have broad latitude within law and rules of the
17	Florida Board of Education in developing local policies and
18	local programs to meet the needs of their students, their
19	communities, and area employers.
20	7. Hold presidents and appointed superintendents
21	responsible for institution and school performance.
22	8. Be responsible for the fiscal accountability of
23	their institution or school district.
24	9. Be responsible for compliance with all laws, rules
25	of the Florida Board of Education, and performance
26	accountability requirements.
27	(f) Presidents and superintendentsEach
28	institutional president and school district superintendent
29	shall:
30	1. Be responsible for efficient and effective budget
31	and program administration.

1	2. Provide strong leadership to accomplish their
2	education missions and goals.
3	3. Closely monitor education performance.
4	4. Provide timely and accurate financial and
5	performance data.
6	5. Link instructional staff evaluations to student
7	performance.
8	(g) Ad hoc advisory committeesAdvisory bodies shall
9	be appointed on an ad hoc basis by the Florida Board of
10	Education to serve the board, its secretary, the commissioner,
11	and chancellors when and as needed by studying and
12	recommending action on major issues that affect the direction
13	and quality of education, providing public forums for debate,
14	and safeguarding a coordinated systemwide approach to
15	education policy decisions.
16	Section 23. Section 229.007, Florida Statutes, is
17	created to read:
18	229.007 Florida's K-20 education performance
19	accountability system; legislative intent; mission, goals, and
20	systemwide measures
21	(1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT It is the intent of the
22	<u>Legislature that:</u>
23	(a) The performance accountability system implemented
24	to assess the effectiveness of Florida's seamless K-20
25	education delivery system provide answers to the following
26	questions in relation to its mission and goals:
27	1. What is the public getting in return for funds it
28	invests in education?
29	2. How is Florida's K-20 education system performing
30	in terms of educating its students?
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- 3. How are the major delivery sectors performing to promote student achievement?
- 4. How are individual schools and postsecondary education institutions performing their responsibility to educate their students as measured by how students are performing and how much they are learning?
- (b) The Florida Board of Education recommend to the Legislature systemwide performance standards; the Legislature establish systemwide performance measures and standards; and the systemwide measures and standards provide Floridians with information on what the public is getting in return for the funds it invests in education and how well the K-20 system educates its students.
- (c) The Florida Board of Education establish performance measures and set performance standards for individual components of the system, including individual schools and postsecondary education institutions, which measures and standards are based primarily on student achievement.
- (d) The Florida Board of Education shall work with the chancellors and each delivery system to develop proposals for performance-based funding, using performance measures established by the Legislature. The proposals must provide that at least 10 percent of the state funds appropriated for the K-20 education system are conditional upon meeting or exceeding established performance standards. The boards must submit the recommendations to the Legislature in the following sequence:
- 1. By December 1, 2001, recommendations for state universities and independent colleges eligible for the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant, pursuant to s.

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240.605, for consideration by the 2002 Legislature and implementation in the 2002-2003 fiscal year.

- 2. By December 1, 2002, recommendations for public schools, nonpublic schools that receive state funding and workforce education, for consideration by the 2003 Legislature and implementation in the 2003-2004 fiscal year.
- 3. By December 1, 2003, recommendations for community colleges, for consideration by the 2004 Legislature and implementation in the 2004-2005 fiscal year.
- 4. By December 1, 2004, recommendations for all other programs that receive state funds within the Department of Education.
- (2) MISSION, GOALS, AND SYSTEMWIDE MEASURES.--The mission of Florida's K-20 education system, when it becomes fully operational, shall be to increase the proficiency of all students within one seamless, efficient system, by providing them with the opportunity to expand their knowledge and skills through learning opportunities and research valued by students, parents, and communities, and to maintain an accountability system that measures student progress toward the following goals:
- (a) Highest student achievement, as measured by:
 student FCAT performance and annual learning gains; the number
 and percentage of schools that improve at least one school
 performance grade designation or maintain a school performance
 grade designation of "A" pursuant to s. 229.57; graduation or
 completion rates at all learning levels; and other measures
 identified in law or rule.
- (b) Seamless articulation and maximum access, as measured by: the percentage of students who demonstrate readiness for the educational level they are entering, from

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kindergarten through postsecondary education and into the workforce; the number and percentage of students needing remediation; the percentage of Floridians who complete associate, baccalaureate, professional, and postgraduate degrees; the number and percentage of credits that articulate; the extent to which each set of exit-point requirements matches the next set of entrance-point requirements; and other measures identified in law or rule.

- (c) Skilled workforce and economic development, as measured by: the number and percentage of graduates employed in their areas of preparation; the percentage of Floridians with high school diplomas and postsecondary education credentials; the percentage of business and community members who find that Florida's graduates possess the skills they need; and other measures identified in law or rule.
- (d) Quality efficient services, as measured by: cost per completer or graduate; average cost per noncompleter at each educational level; cost disparity across institutions offering the same degrees; the percentage of education customers at each educational level who are satisfied with the education provided; and other measures identified in law or rule.

Section 24. Section 229.0072, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

229.0072 Reorganization implementation process.--In order to best achieve the legislative purpose of the Florida Education Governance Reorganization Implementation Act:

(1) The Governor shall appoint the members of the boards of trustees of the state universities in accordance with section 229.008, Florida Statutes.

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- (2) Effective July 1, 2001, the Governor shall appoint a seven-member Florida Board of Education. The Florida Board of Education shall be housed within, and operate under the direction of, the State Board of Education.
- The Governor shall appoint a Secretary of the Florida Board of Education who shall possess proven organizational leadership and knowledge of broad-based education policy. The secretary shall be confirmed by the Senate during the 2002 regular legislative session, but may perform all duties in the interim. The secretary shall serve as the board's primary liaison with all entities involved in the reorganization of education in Florida. The secretary shall be responsible directly to the Florida Board of Education and shall serve as staff to the board on all action items relating to the reorganization. During the implementation period, the secretary shall:
- (a) Be responsible for proposing actions regarding all education governance reorganization implementation issues.
- Be responsible for integration of the Department of Education as it is reorganized into an agency of the Governor.
- Serve as Secretary of the Florida Board of Education during the reorganization implementation period.
- Serve as the head of the K-20 education leadership team during the reorganization implementation period.
- The Florida Board of Education shall establish a detailed procedure for the implementation of a systemwide K-20 technology plan which includes a month-by-month timeline with monthly progress reports to the board.
- (5) Subject to review and approval of the State Board of Education, the Florida Board of Education shall: 31

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- 1 (a) Adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement provisions of law conferring duties upon it. The 2 3 rules shall be submitted to the State Board of Education. If any rule is not disapproved by the State Board of Education 4 5 within 45 days after its receipt, the rule shall be filed 6 immediately with the Department of State. 7 (b) Prepare and submit a coordinated K-20 education 8 budget that clearly defines the individual needs of the four divisions created within the Department of Education. 9 10 (c) Establish a work plan and timeline for the orderly 11 implementation of the transition, including a fully detailed plan and timeline for the devolution of duties, as 12
 - (d) Establish accountability standards for existing legislative performance goals, standards, and measures, and order the development of mechanisms to implement new legislative goals, standards, and measures.

appropriate, to the university boards of trustees.

- (e) Supervise the coordination of institutions and delivery sectors.
- (f) Establish policies for university and community college boards of trustees to follow in selecting presidents.
- (g) Approve plans and reports, and take other necessary actions pertaining to the supervision of education.
- (h) Effectuate the timely implementation of the seamless K-20 education system.
- (i) Establish advisory boards to provide the support needed to address issues such as public education facilities planning; student issues; instructional issues; distance learning and technology; academic quality, freedom, and responsibility; and research.

1	(j) Develop and review recommendations on issues of
2	statewide importance, such as technology systems and
3	facilities.
4	(k) Adopt criteria and implementation plans for future
5	growth issues, such as new colleges and universities and
6	campus mergers; and provide for cooperative agreements between
7	and within public and private education sectors.
8	(1) Advise the State Board of Education regarding the
9	issuance of bonds.
10	(m) Appoint advisory bodies, as necessary, on an ad
11	hoc basis.
12	(n) Develop and recommend to the Education Governance
13	Reorganization Transition Task Force, the Governor, the
14	Secretary of the Florida Board of Education, the Commissioner
15	of Education, and the Legislature, no later than January 1,
16	2002, for adoption during 2002, a clear, concise new School
17	Code, comprised of the revision of chapters 228-246, Florida
18	Statutes, to accomplish the implementation, administration,
19	and operation of Florida's seamless K-20 education system in
20	accordance with the guidelines included in s. 229.0061.
21	(6) Effective July 1, 2001, the Commissioner of
22	Education shall:
23	(a) Work with the Florida Board of Education to
24	achieve full implementation of the seamless K-20 education
25	system.

Education as a state agency of the Governor in accordance with legislative guidelines pursuant to s. 229.0073, the requirements of s. 229.003(5), and requests of the Florida Board of Education as approved by the State Board of

(b) Commence reorganization of the Department of

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1 (c) As a member of the State Board of Education, determine the agenda for the Florida Board of Education and 2 3 provide the Florida Board of Education and the State Board of Education the full support of the reorganized Department of 4 5 Education. 6 Section 25. Section 229.0073, Florida Statutes, is 7 created to read: 8 229.0073 Reorganization of the Department of Education. -- Effective July 1, 2001, notwithstanding the 9 10 provisions of s. 20.15, the secretary's Education 11 Reorganization Advisory Workgroup is established to provide oversight and direction for the reorganization of Florida's 12 K-20 Department of Education. The Secretary of the Florida 13 Board of Education, the Commissioner of Education, the 14 Governor or his or her designee, the Chairman of the Education 15 Governance Reorganization Transition Task Force, the 16 17 Chancellor of Public Schools, the Executive Director of Independent Education, the Chancellor of the Division of 18 19 Colleges and Universities, the Chancellor of the Division of Community Colleges, a member of the Senate appointed by the 20 President, and a member of the House of Representatives 21 appointed by the Speaker shall serve on this workgroup. The 22 reorganization shall: 23 24 (1) Eliminate duplication across divisions; achieve greater efficiencies in financial and human resources and 25 education services; and identify functions, resources, and 26 27 services that should be eliminated, transferred, or realigned. 28 (2) Include a review and assessment of all bureaus, 29 offices, divisions, and functions of the department 30 reorganized pursuant to this section. 31

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- (3) Establish an Office of the Commissioner of
 Education that includes the general areas of operation that
 are common to all delivery sectors, such as administration,
 communication, legal services, financial aid, and government
 and public relations, in order to increase efficiency, improve
 service delivery to students, and fully support the
 operational needs of the Florida Board of Education.
- $\underline{\text{(4)}}$ Establish the following divisions within the $\underline{\text{department:}}$
- (a) Division of Public Schools (K-12).--The state's public elementary, middle, junior high, and high schools, as well as combination schools, charter schools, district magnet programs, and area technical centers.
- (b) Division of Community Colleges.--The state's 28 public community colleges.
- (c) Division of Colleges and Universities.—The state's public universities and colleges and the 4-year independent colleges and universities which are located in and chartered by the state, are accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, and grant baccalaureate degrees, to enable more effective articulation between these public and private institutions. The division chancellor shall administer those provisions of chapter 246 that apply to the independent colleges and universities within the division and shall establish a liaison responsible for partnerships that enhance articulation between and communication with Florida's 4-year independent colleges and universities.
- (d) Division of Independent Education.--The independent education providers within the state, including home education programs that meet the requirements of s.

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232.0201, private K-12 institutions as described in s.

229.808, independent colleges and universities, except those identified under paragraph (c), and private postsecondary career preparation and vocational training institutions.

- 1. The division shall be under an executive director and shall house a new commission, appointed by the Governor, to oversee licensing of independent postsecondary institutions, consumer protection, and program improvement. The commission shall have the powers and duties of the State Board of Independent Colleges and Universities specified in chapter 246, except the powers and duties relating to those institutions identified under paragraph (c), and of the State Board of Nonpublic Career Education.
- 2. The division shall serve as the advocate for and liaison to the independent education providers identified in this paragraph.
- 3. The executive director of the division shall establish a mechanism for regular interaction and input from independent education providers in the development of policies that provide seamless articulation for all students.
- 4. The division shall afford students and parents educational options apart from the public K-20 system.
- (5) Establish the following offices within the Office of the Commissioner of Education which shall coordinate their activities with all other divisions and offices:
- (a) Office of Technology and Information Services.--In conjunction with the chancellors of the divisions of public schools, community colleges, and colleges and universities, the office shall be responsible for developing a systemwide technology plan, making budget recommendations to the commissioner, providing data collection and management for the

system, and coordinating services with other state, local, and private agencies. The office shall develop a method to address the need for a statewide approach to planning and operations of library and information services. The Florida Virtual High School shall be administratively housed within the office.

- (b) Office of Workforce and Economic Development.--The office shall evaluate the role of each sector of education in Florida's workforce and economic development, assess the specific work skills and variety of careers provided, and report to the Florida Board of Education the effectiveness of each sector.
- (c) Office of Educational Facilities and SMART Schools
 Clearinghouse. -- The office shall validate all educational
 plant surveys and verify Florida Inventory of School Houses
 (FISH) data. The office shall provide technical assistance to
 public school districts when requested. The office, staff,
 property, and functions of the SMART Schools Clearinghouse are
 transferred by a type two transfer, pursuant to s. 20.06(2),
 from the Department of Management Services to the Office of
 Educational Facilities and SMART Schools Clearinghouse within
 the Office of the Commissioner of Education.
- (d) Office of Student Financial Assistance.--The office shall provide access to and administer state and federal grants, scholarships, and loans to those students seeking financial assistance for postsecondary study pursuant to program criteria and eligibility requirements.
- (6) Establish a K-20 education leadership team, including, but not limited to, the Secretary of the Florida

 Board of Education and the education governance officers. The leadership team shall be responsible for systemwide horizontal

and vertical communication, and assisting the achievement of the seamless K-20 education system.

Section 26. Section 229.0074, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

229.0074 Division of Independent Education.--

- Education is to enhance the opportunity to raise the educational attainment levels of students pursuing their education in nongovernment settings by representing their interests, and those of the institutions that serve them, in the Department of Education. The Division of Independent Education has no authority over the institutions or students in Florida's independent education sector, other than those specified in chapter 246 relating to independent postsecondary education. The division shall serve as the advocate for, and liaison to, independent education providers and institutions, including home education programs, private K-12 institutions, independent colleges and universities except as otherwise provided in s. 229.0073(4)(c), and private postsecondary career preparation/vocational training institutions.
- (2) The executive director of the division shall establish a mechanism for regular interaction and input from independent education providers in the development of policies that provide seamless articulation for all students. The executive director shall:
- (a) Learn the interests and concerns of the students and providers of independent education at all levels in order to strongly represent them in the Department of Education.
- (b) Articulate the interests and concerns of the students and providers of independent education at all levels

1	in all relevant government settings, accurately reflecting the
2	consensus or differences in opinion among those represented.
3	(c) Participate with the other division heads in key
4	education decisionmaking processes.
5	(d) Monitor and participate in rulemaking and other
6	activities relevant to the interests of the independent
7	education sector.
8	(e) Serve as a key spokesperson for the independent
9	education sector.
10	(f) Advocate for any necessary educational services
11	and funds for independent education sector families and
12	schools.
13	(g) Establish a clearinghouse of information.
14	(h) Foster a collaborative spirit and working
15	relationship among the institutions of the private and public
16	sectors.
17	(i) Identify and convey the best practices of the
18	independent education sector for the benefit of the other
19	education delivery sectors, and vice versa.
20	(j) Augment, where appropriate, the efforts of groups
21	representing the students and providers of independent
22	education to communicate their concerns to government.
23	(k) Facilitate the administration of education
24	services provided by the Department of Education to the
25	independent education sector, such as those relating to
26	teacher certification and background checks.
27	(1) Encourage student-centered funding and the

(m) Develop and propose courses of action to the

representatives of the independent education sector.

expansion of family choice in education.

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- (o) Establish and oversee the division staff necessary to carry out the division's functions in the most economical and effective manner.
- (p) Evaluate pending policies to ensure they do not place unnecessary regulation or mandates on the independent education community.
- (3) The powers and duties of the State Board of
 Independent Colleges and Universities and the State Board of
 Nonpublic Career Education, except as relating to any
 independent nonprofit college or university which is located
 in and chartered by the state, is accredited by the Commission
 on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and
 Schools, and grants baccalaureate degrees, shall be combined
 and transferred to a single board named the Commission for
 Independent Education, which shall be administratively housed
 within the division. This single board shall authorize
 granting of certificates, diplomas, and degrees for
 independent postsecondary education institutions through
 exemption, registration authorization, and licensing.
- (4) The Commission for Independent Education shall consist of 10 citizens who are residents of this state, a majority of whom represent independent postsecondary educational institutions licensed, authorized, or exempt from licensure by the Commission for Independent Education. Members shall be selected from the state at large and shall be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. To be consistent with an independent rulemaking commission, members, except members appointed pursuant to paragraph (g), must be employees, consultants, commission members, or trustees of an

independent postsecondary educational institution that is
licensed, authorized, or exempt from licensure by the
Commission for Independent Education and offers primarily
resident training. The commission shall consist of the
following members:

- (a) One member from a college or university licensed or exempt from licensure by the commission and accredited by a regional accrediting agency.
- (b) Two members from colleges or universities licensed or exempt from licensure by the commission and accredited by a national accrediting agency.
- (c) One member from a college or university authorized pursuant to s. 246.085(1)(b) or a college or university issued an authorization pursuant to s. 246.084.
- (d) Two members from a school licensed by the commission and accredited by a national accrediting agency.
- (e) One member from a nonaccredited school that is licensed by the commission.
- (f) One member from a college or university licensed or exempt from licensure by the commission, nationally or regionally accredited, and offering programs at both the degrees and nondegree levels.
- (g) Two lay citizens of the state who are not employees, consultants, commission members, or trustees of a nonpublic postsecondary educational institution and who do not derive any income from a nonpublic postsecondary educational institution.

Accreditation of an institution under this subsection must be institutional accreditation by a regional or national

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accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education.

- (5) The Governor shall appoint the new members of the commission to 3-year terms; however, for the initial appointment in 2001, four members shall be appointed for 3 years, three members for 2 years, and three members for 1 year. The Governor shall make the initial appointments no later than July 1, 2001.
- (6) The establishment of the Division of Independent Education shall not be construed to advance the extension or expansion of government regulation on independent or home education programs.

Section 27. Section 229.008, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

<u>229.008</u> Boards of trustees of the state universities.--

- November 1, 2001, the Governor shall appoint an 11-member board of trustees for each university in the State University System, with members subject to confirmation by the Senate. In addition, each student body president shall serve as an ex officio nonvoting member of his or her university board of trustees. Members of the boards of trustees shall receive no compensation but may be reimbursed for travel and per diem expenses as provided in s. 112.061.
- (b) The Governor may remove a trustee upon the recommendation of the Florida Board of Education or for cause.
- (2) There shall be no state residency requirements for members of university boards of trustees. For regional universities defined in rule as having a service area of more than three counties, no county shall have a majority of board

members, and every county where the university has a physical presence must be represented on the board.

- (3) A board of trustees shall be a public body corporate by the name of "The (name of university) Board of Trustees," with all the powers of a body corporate, including a corporate seal, the power to contract and be contracted with, to sue and be sued, to plead and be impleaded in all courts of law or equity, and to give and receive donations. In all suits against a board of trustees, service of process shall be made on the chair of the board or, in the absence of the chair, on the corporate secretary or designee.
- (4) Boards of trustees' members shall be appointed for staggered 4-year terms, and may be reappointed for additional terms not to exceed 8 years of service.
- (5) Each board of trustees shall select its chair and vice chair from the appointed members at its first regular meeting after July 1. The chair shall serve for 2 years and may be reselected for one additional consecutive term. The duties of the chair shall include presiding at all meetings of the board, calling special meetings of the board, attesting to actions of the board, and notifying the Governor in writing whenever a board member fails to attend three consecutive regular board meetings in any fiscal year, which failure may be grounds for removal. The duty of the vice chair is to act as chair during the absence or disability of the chair.
- officer and corporate secretary of the board of trustees and shall be responsible to the board for all operations of the university and for setting the agenda for meetings of the board in consultation with the chair.

(7) Upon appointment, each board of trustees shall commence professional orientation, training, and board development activities, and shall begin setting direction for its university in keeping with accountability and performance expectations of the seamless K-20 education system. In preparation for the transition from operating as a state agency to a body corporate employer without state agency status on July 1, 2002, each board of trustees shall submit to the Florida Board of Education action plans and timelines for devolution of duties and responsibilities to the board of trustees.

(8) The boards of trustees shall be responsible for cost-effective policy decisions appropriate to the university's mission, the implementation and maintenance of high-quality education programs within law and rules of the Florida Board of Education, the measurement of performance, the reporting of information, and the provision of input regarding state policy, budgeting, and education standards.

Section 28. Section 229.0081, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

229.0081 Powers and duties of university boards of trustees.--

(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 240, effective July 1, 2001, each university board of trustees is vested with the authority to govern and set policy for its university, as necessary to provide proper governance and improvement of the university in accordance with law and with rules of the Florida Board of Education. Each board of trustees shall perform all duties assigned by law or by rule of the Florida Board of Education or the Commissioner of Education.

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 240, effective July 1, 2001, each university board of trustees may adopt rules and policies consistent with the university mission, with law, and with rule of the Florida Board of Education, including rules and policies for the following:
- (a) Selecting the president to serve at the pleasure of the board and perform such duties as are assigned by the board or otherwise provided by law or by rule.
- (b) Fixing the compensation and other conditions of employment of the president.
- (c) Conducting periodic evaluations of the president, submitting such evaluations to the Chancellor for review, and suspending or removing the president in accordance with guidelines established by the Chancellor.
- (d) Appointing a presidential search committee to make recommendations to the full board of trustees, from which the board shall select a candidate for reference to the Chancellor and ratification by the Florida Board of Education.
- (e) In consultation with the university president, defining and developing a strategic plan for the university for recommendation to the Chancellor, the Commissioner of Education, and the Florida Board of Education, as provided by law, specifying institutional goals and objectives.
- (f) In consultation with the university president, providing for academic freedom and academic responsibility at the university.
- (g) In consultation with the university president, submitting an institutional budget request, including a request for fixed capital outlay, to the Chancellor in accordance with guidelines established by the Florida Board of Education.

- (h) Approving new, and terminating existing, undergraduate and graduate degree programs up to and including the master's degree level, based on criteria established by the Florida Board of Education.
- (i) Purchasing, acquiring, receiving, holding, owning, managing, leasing, selling, disposing of, and conveying title to real property, in accordance with rules and guidelines of the Florida Board of Education.
- (j) Entering into agreements for and accepting credit card, charge card, and debit card payments as compensation for goods, services, tuition, and fees.
- (k) Establishing codes of conduct and appropriate penalties for violations of university rules by students and student organizations, including rules governing student academic honesty.
- (1) Establishing a committee, at least one-half of the members of which shall be students appointed by the student body president, to periodically review and evaluate the student judicial system.
- (m) Establishing the personnel program for all employees of the university in accordance with law, including: compensation and other conditions of employment, recruitment and selection, nonreappointment, standards for performance and conduct, evaluation, benefits and hours of work, recognition, inventions and works, travel, learning opportunities, academic freedom and responsibility, promotion, assignment, demotion, transfer, tenure and permanent status, ethical obligations and conflicts of interest, restrictive covenants, disciplinary actions, complaints, appeals and grievance procedures, and separation and termination from employment.

- (n) Establishing and maintaining a personnel exchange program.
- (o) Governing admission of students subject to the rules of the Florida Board of Education.
- (p) Considering the past actions of any person applying for admission, enrollment, or employment, and establishing policies to deny admission, enrollment, or employment to an applicant because of misconduct if determined to be in the best interest of the university.
- (q) Ensuring compliance with federal laws, regulations, and requirements.
- (r) Using, maintaining, protecting, and controlling university-owned or university-controlled buildings and grounds, property and equipment, name, trademarks and other proprietary marks, and the financial and other resources of the university. Such authority may include placing restrictions on activities and on access to facilities, firearms, food, tobacco, alcoholic beverages, distribution of printed materials, human subjects, animals, and sound.
- (s) Assuring that any challenge grant program, to be matched with state funds, is consistent with the mission of each institution, as approved by the Florida Board of Education pursuant to s. 299.0061. The board of trustees must also approve state matching funds for private contributions consistent with that mission.
- (t) Establishing a procurement program for the purchase, lease, or acquisition in any manner (including purchase by installment or lease-purchase contract which may provide for the payment of interest on the unpaid portion of the purchase price and for the granting of a security interest

in the items purchased) of goods, materials, equipment, and services required by the university.

- $\underline{\text{(u)}} \quad \underline{\text{Supervising faculty practice plans for the}} \\ \text{academic health science centers.}$
- (v) Establishing policies for the procurement and use of information resources and technology, including but not limited to, information systems, communications systems, computer hardware and software, and networks.
- (3) Each board of trustees shall actively implement a plan, in accordance with guidelines of the Florida Board of Education, for working on a regular basis with the other university boards of trustees, representatives of the community college boards of trustees, and representatives of the district school boards, to achieve the goals of the seamless education system.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.351(1), a state university board of trustees may authorize the rent or lease of parking facilities, provided that such facilities are funded through parking fees or parking fines imposed by a university. A board of trustees may authorize a university to charge fees for parking at such rented or leased parking facilities.
- (5) Effective July 1, 2002, within proviso in the General Appropriations Act and law, each board of trustees shall set university matriculation fees, tuition, and other fees. The matriculation fees and tuition level set by the Board of Trustees shall vary from the standard tuition, established in the annual General Appropriations Act, by no more than 10 percent below or 15 percent above the standard.
- (6) Effective July 1, 2002, each board of trustees shall implement the university facilities plan in accordance

with law and guidelines of the Commissioner of Education's
Office of Educational Facilities and SMART Schools
Clearinghouse.

- (7) A board of trustees shall perform such other duties as are provided by law or rule of the Florida Board of Education.
- (8) Establish policies relating to credit and noncredit educational offerings by the university, subject to guidelines of the Florida Board of Education.

Section 29. Section 229.0082, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

229.0082 University presidents; powers and duties.—The president is the chief executive officer of the university, shall be corporate secretary of the state university board of trustees, and is responsible for the operation and administration of the university. Each university president shall:

- (1) Recommend the adoption of rules, as appropriate, to the state university board of trustees to implement provisions of law governing the operation and administration of the university, which shall include the specific powers and duties enumerated in this section. Such rules shall be consistent with the mission of the university and the rules and policies of the Florida Board of Education.
- (2) Prepare a budget request and an operating budget for approval by the university board of trustees.
- (3) Establish and implement policies and procedures to recruit, appoint, transfer, promote, compensate, evaluate, reward, demote, discipline, and remove personnel, within law and rules of the Florida Board of Education and in accordance

with rules or policies approved by the university board of trustees.

- (4) Govern admissions, subject to law and rules or policies of the university board of trustees and the Florida Board of Education.
- on behalf of the university board of trustees for the acquisition of commodities, goods, equipment, services, leases of real and personal property, and planning and construction to be rendered to or by the university, provided such contracts are within law and guidelines of the Florida Board of Education and in conformance with policies of the university board of trustees, and are for the implementation of approved programs of the university.
- (6) Act for the university board of trustees as custodian of all university property. The authority vested in the university president under this subsection includes the authority to prioritize the use of university space, property, equipment, and resources and the authority to impose charges for the use of those items.
- (7) Establish the internal academic calendar of the university within general guidelines of the Florida Board of Education.
- (8) Administer the university's program of intercollegiate athletics.
- (9) Recommend to the board of trustees the establishment and termination of undergraduate and master's level degree programs within the approved role and scope of the university.
 - (10) Award degrees.

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1 (11) Recommend to the board of trustees a schedule of matriculation fees, tuition, and other fees to be charged by 2 3 the university, within law and rules of the Florida Board of 4 Education. 5 (12) Organize the university to efficiently and 6 effectively achieve the goals of the university. 7 (13) Review periodically the operations of the 8 university in order to determine how effectively and efficiently the university is being administered and whether 9 10 it is meeting the goals of its strategic plan adopted by the 11 Florida Board of Education. (14) Enter into agreements for student exchange 12 programs which involve students at the university and students 13 in other institutions of higher learning. 14 (15) Approve the internal procedures of student 15 government organizations and provide purchasing, contracting, 16 17 and budgetary review processes for these organizations. 18 (16) Ensure compliance with federal and state laws, 19 regulations, and other requirements that are applicable to the 20 university. 21 (17) Maintain all data and information pertaining to the operation of the university, and report on the attainment 22 by the university of institutional and statewide performance 23 24 accountability goals. 25 (18) Each university president has the authority to 26 adjust property records and dispose of state-owned tangible 27 personal property in the university's custody in accordance with procedures established by the university board of 28 29 trustees. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 273.055(5), all

moneys received from the disposition of state-owned tangible personal property shall be retained by the university and

disbursed for the acquisition of tangible personal property and for all necessary operating expenditures. The university shall maintain records of the accounts into which such moneys are deposited.

Section 30. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, effective July 1, 2001, the Florida

Partnership for School Readiness is transferred by a type two transfer, pursuant to section 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, from the Executive Office of the Governor to the Agency for Workforce Innovation.

- (2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, effective July 1, 2001, the child care executive partnership program; the child care resource and referral program; and the subsidized child care program including statewide staff as referenced in the interagency agreement between the Department of Children and Family Services and the Florida Partnership for School Readiness signed on March 15, 2001, shall be transferred by a type two transfer, pursuant to section 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, to the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- (3) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, effective July 1, 2001, prekindergarten, migrant prekindergarten, and Florida First Start programs including statewide staff as referenced in the interagency agreement between the Department of Education and the Florida

 Partnership for School Readiness shall be transferred by a type two transfer, pursuant to section 20.06(2), Florida

 Statutes, to the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- (4) The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall prepare a plan that provides for the distribution and expenditure of all school readiness funds. The plan shall be submitted to

1 the Governor and the Legislative Budget Commission. Upon approval, the Legislative Budget Commission shall authorize 2 3 the transfer of funds to the Agency for Workforce Innovation for distribution in accordance with the provisions of the 4 5 School Readiness Act. Section 31. Section 229.0084, Florida Statutes, is 6 7 created to read: 8 229.0084 Legislative findings and intent.--It is the 9 finding of the Legislature that student achievement, from 10 kindergarten through graduate school, is dependent upon a 11 number of factors, including the quality of schools, the quality of instruction, and the personal efforts and 12 responsibilities of the students and their parents. Nothing 13 contained in Florida law shall make the state or local school 14 districts the guarantors that students will fully avail 15 themselves of the opportunities provided them to attain high 16 17 academic achievement. Section 32. Section 228.082, Florida Statutes, is 18 19 amended to read: 228.082 The Florida Virtual On-Line High School.--20 (1)(a) The Florida Virtual On-Line High School is 21 established for the development and delivery of on-line and 22 distance learning education and shall be administratively 23 24 housed within the Commissioner of Education's Office of 25 Technology and Information Services. The Commissioner of Education shall monitor the school's performance and report 26 27 its performance to the Florida Board of Education and the 28 Legislature. 29 The mission of the Florida Virtual High School is (b) to provide students with high-quality technology-based 30

educational opportunities to gain the knowledge and skills

necessary to succeed in the 21st century. The school shall
serve any student in the state who meets the profile for
success in this educational delivery context and shall give
priority to:

- 1. Students who need expanded access to courses in order to meet their educational goals, such as home education students and students in inner-city and rural high schools who do not have access to higher-level courses.
- 2. Students seeking accelerated access in order to obtain a high school diploma at least one semester early.

The board of trustees of the Florida Virtual High School shall identify appropriate performance measures and standards based on student achievement that reflect the school's statutory mission and priorities, and shall implement an accountability system for the school that includes assessment of its

effectiveness and efficiency in providing quality services that encourage high student achievement, seamless

19 articulation, and maximum access.

(2) The Florida <u>Virtual</u> On-Line High School shall be governed by a board of trustees comprised of seven members appointed by the Governor to 4-year staggered terms, one of whom shall be the current chair of the Florida High School Advisory Board and one of whom shall be a representative of the fiscal agent, and one of whom shall be the Chief Information Officer or his designee from the State Technology Office pursuant to ch. 2000-164, Laws of Florida. The board shall be a public agency entitled to sovereign immunity pursuant to s. 768.28, and board members shall be public officers who shall bear fiduciary responsibility for the

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Florida Virtual On-Line High School. The board of trustees shall have the following powers and duties:

- (a)1. The board of trustees shall meet within 30 days of July 1, 2000, and shall continue to meet at least 4 times each year, upon the call of the chair, or at the request of a majority of the membership.
- (b) Until not more than 60 days after the initial meeting of the board, the current governance structure of the Florida On-Line High School shall be maintained.
- 2.(c) The fiscal year for the Florida Virtual On-Line High School shall be the state fiscal year as provided in s. 216.011(1)(n).
- (b) The board of trustees shall be responsible for the Florida Virtual High School's development of a state-of-the-art technology-based education delivery system that is cost-effective, educationally sound, marketable, and capable of sustaining a self-sufficient delivery system through the Florida Education Finance Program, by fiscal year 2003-2004. Beginning in fiscal year 2002-2003, the school shall collect FTE for home-schooled students.
- (c) (d) The board of trustees shall aggressively seek avenues to generate revenue to support its future endeavors, and shall enter into agreements with distance learning providers. The board of trustees and may acquire, enjoy, use, and dispose of patents, copyrights, and trademarks and any licenses and other rights or interests thereunder or therein. Ownership of all such patents, copyrights, trademarks, licenses, and rights or interests thereunder or therein shall vest in the state, with the board having full right of use and full right to retain the revenues derived therefrom. Any funds 31 realized from patents, copyrights, trademarks, or licenses

 shall be used to support the school's research and development activities in order to improve courseware and services to its students.

(d)(e) The board of trustees shall annually prepare and submit to the Florida Board of Education a legislative budget request, including funding requests for computers for public school students who do not have access to public school computers, in accordance with chapter 216 and s. 235.41. The legislative budget request of the Florida Virtual On-Line High School shall be prepared using the same format, procedures, and timelines required for the submission of the legislative budget of the Department of Education.

(e)(f) In accordance with law and rules of the Florida

Board of Education, the board of trustees shall administer and
maintain personnel programs for all employees of the board of
trustees and the Florida Virtual On-Line High School. The
board of trustees may adopt rules, policies, and procedures
related to the appointment, employment, and removal of
personnel.

- 1. The board of trustees shall determine the compensation, including salaries and fringe benefits, and other conditions of employment for such personnel.
- 2. The board of trustees may establish and maintain a personnel loan or exchange program by which persons employed by the board for the Florida Virtual On-Line High School as academic administrative and instructional staff may be loaned to, or exchanged with persons employed in like capacities by, public agencies either within or without this state, or by private industry. With respect to public agency employees, the program authorized by this subparagraph shall be consistent with the requirements of part II of chapter 112. The salary

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and benefits of board personnel participating in the loan or exchange program shall be continued during the period of time they participate in a loan or exchange program, and such personnel shall be deemed to have no break in creditable or continuous service or employment during such time. The salary and benefits of persons participating in the personnel loan or exchange program who are employed by public agencies or private industry shall be paid by the originating employers of those participants, and such personnel shall be deemed to have no break in creditable or continuous service or employment during such time.

- The employment of all Florida Virtual On-Line High School academic administrative and instructional personnel shall be subject to rejection for cause by the board of trustees, and shall be subject to policies of the board of trustees relative to certification, tenure, leaves of absence, sabbaticals, remuneration, and such other conditions of employment as the board deems necessary and proper, not inconsistent with law.
- 4. Each person employed by the board of trustees in an academic administrative or instructional capacity with the Florida Virtual On-Line High School shall be entitled to a contract as provided by rules of the board.
- 5. All employees except temporary, seasonal, and student employees may be state employees for the purpose of being eligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System and receive benefits. The classification and pay plan, including terminal leave and other benefits, and any amendments thereto, shall be subject to review and approval by the Department of Management Services and the Executive Office 31 of the Governor prior to adoption. In the event that the board

 of trustees assumes responsibility for governance pursuant to this section before approval is obtained, employees shall be compensated pursuant to the system in effect for the employees of the fiscal agent.

 $\underline{(f)(g)}$ The board of trustees shall establish priorities for admission of students in accordance with paragraph (1)(b).

(g)(h) The board of trustees shall establish and distribute to all school districts and high schools in the state procedures for enrollment of students into courses offered by the Florida Virtual On-Line High School. Such procedures shall be designed to minimize paperwork and fairly resolve the issue of double funding students taking courses online maximize participation by students.

(h)(i) The board of trustees shall annually submit to the Florida Board Department of Education both forecasted and actual enrollments for the Florida Virtual On-Line High School, according to procedures established by the Florida Board Department of Education. At a minimum, such procedures must include the number of public, private, and home school students served by district.

(i)(j) The board of trustees shall provide for the content and custody of student and employee personnel records. Student records shall be subject to the provisions of s. 228.093. Employee records shall be subject to the provisions of s. 231.291.

 $\underline{\text{(j)}(k)}$ The financial records and accounts of the Florida $\underline{\text{Virtual}}$ On-Line High School shall be maintained under the direction of the board of trustees and under regulations prescribed by the $\underline{\text{Florida}}$ State Board of Education for the

uniform system of financial records and accounts for the schools of the state.

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The Governor shall designate the initial chair of the board of trustees to serve a term of 4 years. Members of the board of trustees shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses pursuant to s. 112.061. The board of trustees shall be a body corporate with all the powers of a body corporate and such authority as is needed for the proper operation and improvement of the Florida Virtual On-Line High School. The board of trustees is specifically authorized to adopt rules, policies, and procedures, consistent with law and rules of the Florida Board of Education related to governance, personnel, budget and finance, administration, programs, curriculum and instruction, travel and purchasing, technology, students, contracts and grants, and property as necessary for optimal, efficient operation of the Florida Virtual On-Line High School. Tangible personal property owned by the board of trustees shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 273.

(3)(a) Until fiscal year 2003-2004, the Commissioner of Education shall include the Florida Virtual On-Line High School as a grant-in-aid appropriation in the department's legislative budget request to the Florida State Board of Education, the Governor, and the Legislature, -

(a) subject to any guidelines imposed in the General Appropriations Act, funds for the operation of the Florida On-Line High School shall be requested and appropriated within the Department of Education as a grant-in-aid category until such time as the Legislature authorizes a different funding 31 mechanism.

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the temporary fiscal agent of the Florida Virtual On-Line High School.

The Orange County District School Board shall be

- (c) Priorities for the delivery of services by the Florida On-Line High School shall ensure that priority access is provided equitably across the state.
- (4) Under no circumstance may the credit of the state be pledged on behalf of the Florida Virtual On-Line High School.
- (5) By January 1, 2001, The board of trustees shall annually submit to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the Florida Board of Education Reorganization Transition Commission a complete and detailed report setting forth:
- (a) The operations and accomplishments of the Florida Virtual On-Line High School.
- (b) The marketing and operational plan for the Florida Virtual On-Line High School, including recommendations regarding methods for improving the delivery of education through the Internet and other distance learning technology.
- (c) The assets and liabilities of the Florida Virtual On-Line High School at the end of the fiscal year.
- (d) A copy of an annual financial and compliance audit of the accounts and records of the Florida Virtual On-Line High School, conducted by an independent certified public accountant and performed in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General.
- (e) Recommendations regarding the unit cost of providing services to students. In order to most effectively develop public policy regarding any future funding of the 31 Florida Virtual On-Line High School, it is imperative that the

cost of the program is accurately identified. The identified cost of the program must be based on reliable data and reflect the costs associated with maintaining a state-of-the-art on-line high school, including the costs associated with maintaining a high-quality research and development effort to locate and assimilate, or develop, Internet-based courses.

- (f) Recommendations regarding an accountability mechanism to assess the effectiveness of the services provided by the Florida Virtual $\frac{\partial n-\text{Line}}{\partial n}$ High School.
- (6) The Auditor General may, pursuant to his or her own authority, or at the direction of the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, conduct an audit of the Florida <u>Virtual</u> On-Line High School.
- (7) The Florida State Board of Education may adopt rules it deems necessary to implement reporting requirements for the Florida Virtual On-Line High School.

Section 33. The Department of Education shall maximize the available federal indirect cost allowed on all federal grants. Effective with fiscal year 2001-2002, the Division of Public Schools and the state's public colleges and universities shall provide a report by December 15 of each year to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives that addresses the expenditures of the indirect overhead. The report shall be in a format to support the legislative appropriations process and, at a minimum, shall include expenditure summaries by revenue source and specific purpose.

Section 34. Effective June 30, 2002, section 229.8065, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 35. Effective June 30, 2002, subsection (2) of section 229.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1 229.085 Custody of educational funds.--2 (2) There is created in the Department of Education 3 the Projects, Contracts, and Grants Trust Fund. If, in 4 executing the terms of such grants or contracts for specific 5 projects, the employment of personnel shall be required, such 6 personnel shall not be subject to the requirements of s. 216.262(1)(a). The personnel employed to plan and administer 7 8 such projects shall be considered in time-limited employment not to exceed the duration of the grant or until completion of 9 10 the project, whichever first occurs. Such employees shall not 11 acquire retention rights under the Career Service System, the provisions of s. 110.051(1) to the contrary notwithstanding. 12 13 Any employee holding permanent career service status in a Department of Education position who is appointed to a 14 15 position under the Projects, Contracts, and Grants Trust Fund shall retain such permanent status in the career service 16 17 position. 18 Section 36. Subsections (2), (4), and (5), paragraphs 19 (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (1), and paragraphs (a), (c), (d), and (e) of subsection (3) of section 235.217, Florida 20 Statutes, are repealed. 21 22 Section 37. Sections 240.145, 240.147, 240.227, 240.307, subsection (2) of section 240.209, and subsection (4) 23 24 of section 240.311, Florida Statutes, are repealed. 25 Section 38. Except as otherwise provided in this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 26 27 28 29 30 31

1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR CS/SB 2108
3	<u>02,22 2200</u>
4	The Governor will appoint the Secretary of the Florida Board
5	of Education. The secretary and the commissioner are required to conduct the transition activities in partnership.
6	The board that replaces the Postsecondary Education Planning Commission is named the Education K-20 Policy and Research
7	Council, has 11 members instead of 9, and is administratively housed in the Office of the Commissioner of Education.
9	Several subsections state that the bill does not constitute any interference with the status of independent and home education.
10 11 12	The SMART Schools Clearinghouse is transferred from the Department of Management Services to a newly created unit in the Office of the Commissioner, called the Office of Educational Facilities and the SMART Schools Clearinghouse.
13	A community college may obtain the authority to offer a limited number of selected baccalaureate-degree level programs; the bill details procedures and requirements for the process.
14	
15	New College, which is currently a branch campus of the
16	University of South Florida, is designated as the eleventh member of the State University System, while it retains its
17 18	distinctive mission as the 4-year residential liberal arts honors college of the State of Florida.
19	The branch campuses of the University of South Florida in Sarasota/Manatee and in St. Petersburg are converted into
20	fiscally autonomous campuses with separate campus boards and executive officers. The bill requires the University of South
21	Florida to seek separate accreditation for the two campuses. The Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida will
22	appoint the members of the campus boards from recommendations of the President of the University of South Florida, who will appoint the campus executive officers.
23	By type two transfer, the following entities are transferred
24	to the Agency for Workforce Innovation: the Florida Partnership for School Readiness, prekindergarten program,
25	migrant prekindergarten, Florida First Start program, subsidized child care programs, child care executive
26	partnership program, and child care resource and referral program.
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