## Florida House of Representatives - 2001 By Representative Ryan

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to windstorm property
3	insurance; amending s. 627.062, F.S.; excluding
4	the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association
5	from certain rate filing arbitration
6	provisions; amending s. 627.0629, F.S.;
7	specifying criteria for certain rate filings;
8	authorizing computer modeling for certain
9	purposes under certain circumstances; providing
10	requirements; providing a limitation for the
11	Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association;
12	providing criteria; amending s. 627.351, F.S.;
13	revising the membership of the board of
14	directors of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting
15	Association; providing an effective date.
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17	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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19	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section
20	627.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
21	627.062 Rate standards
22	(6)(a) After any action with respect to a rate filing
23	that constitutes agency action for purposes of the
24	Administrative Procedure Act, an insurer other than Florida
25	Windstorm Underwriting Association may, in lieu of demanding a
26	hearing under s. 120.57, require arbitration of the rate
27	filing. Arbitration shall be conducted by a board of
28	arbitrators consisting of an arbitrator selected by the
29	department, an arbitrator selected by the insurer, and an
30	arbitrator selected jointly by the other two arbitrators. Each
31	arbitrator must be certified by the American Arbitration
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Association. A decision is valid only upon the affirmative 1 2 vote of at least two of the arbitrators. No arbitrator may be 3 an employee of any insurance regulator or regulatory body or of any insurer, regardless of whether or not the employing 4 5 insurer does business in this state. The department and the б insurer must treat the decision of the arbitrators as the 7 final approval of a rate filing. Costs of arbitration shall be 8 paid by the insurer. Section 2. Subsection (11) is added to section 9 10 627.0629, Florida Statutes, to read: 11 627.0629 Residential property insurance; rate 12 filings.--13 (11) All rate filings under this section relating to 14 coverage for windstorm losses shall be based primarily upon 15 average losses over the most recent 30-year period. Such 16 historical experience may be augmented by computer modeling. 17 Any insurer, including the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, if using a computer model in making a rate filing 18 19 under this section, may use only a computer model: 20 (a) Which is developed exclusively with public funds and is subject to the standards and guidelines developed or 21 22 established by the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology under s. 627.0628, and for which the 23 underlying assumptions, data, and methodologies are subject to 24 chapters 119 and 286; or 25 26 (b) Which is based upon standards and guidelines 27 developed or established by the Florida Commission on 28 Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology under s. 627.0628 and the underlying assumptions, data, and methodologies used in 29 such model are available to the Department of Insurance solely 30 31

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for inspection or challenge in camera in any administrative or 1 2 judicial proceeding. 3 Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 4 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.--(2) WINDSTORM INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT. -б 7 (b) The department shall require all insurers holding 8 a certificate of authority to transact property insurance on a direct basis in this state, other than joint underwriting 9 associations and other entities formed pursuant to this 10 11 section, to provide windstorm coverage to applicants from areas determined to be eligible pursuant to paragraph (c) who 12 13 in good faith are entitled to, but are unable to procure, such 14 coverage through ordinary means; or it shall adopt a reasonable plan or plans for the equitable apportionment or 15 16 sharing among such insurers of windstorm coverage, which may include formation of an association for this purpose. As used 17 in this subsection, the term "property insurance" means 18 19 insurance on real or personal property, as defined in s. 20 624.604, including insurance for fire, industrial fire, allied 21 lines, farmowners multiperil, homeowners' multiperil, 22 commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, and including liability coverages on all such insurance, but excluding 23 inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and excluding 24 vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(a) other than 25 26 insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The 27 department shall adopt rules that provide a formula for the 28 recovery and repayment of any deferred assessments. 29 1. For the purpose of this section, properties eligible for such windstorm coverage are defined as dwellings, 30 31 buildings, and other structures, including mobile homes which

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are used as dwellings and which are tied down in compliance 1 2 with mobile home tie-down requirements prescribed by the 3 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles pursuant to s. 320.8325, and the contents of all such properties. An 4 5 applicant or policyholder is eligible for coverage only if an б offer of coverage cannot be obtained by or for the applicant 7 or policyholder from an admitted insurer at approved rates. 8 2.a.(I) All insurers required to be members of such 9 association shall participate in its writings, expenses, and losses. Surplus of the association shall be retained for the 10 11 payment of claims and shall not be distributed to the member 12 insurers. Such participation by member insurers shall be in 13 the proportion that the net direct premiums of each member 14 insurer written for property insurance in this state during the preceding calendar year bear to the aggregate net direct 15 16 premiums for property insurance of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for voluntary writings, in this state 17 during the preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this 18 19 subsection, the term "net direct premiums" means direct 20 written premiums for property insurance, reduced by premium 21 for liability coverage and for the following if included in 22 allied lines: rain and hail on growing crops; livestock; association direct premiums booked; National Flood Insurance 23 Program direct premiums; and similar deductions specifically 24 authorized by the plan of operation and approved by the 25 26 department. A member's participation shall begin on the first 27 day of the calendar year following the year in which it is 28 issued a certificate of authority to transact property 29 insurance in the state and shall terminate 1 year after the end of the calendar year during which it no longer holds a 30 31 certificate of authority to transact property insurance in the

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state. The commissioner, after review of annual statements,
 other reports, and any other statistics that the commissioner
 deems necessary, shall certify to the association the
 aggregate direct premiums written for property insurance in
 this state by all member insurers.

(II) The plan of operation shall provide for a board 6 7 of directors consisting of the Insurance Consumer Advocate 8 appointed under s. 627.0613, 2 ± consumer representatives 9 representative appointed by the Insurance Commissioner, 1 10 consumer representative appointed by the Governor, 1 consumer 11 representative appointed by the Speaker of the House of 12 Representatives, 1 consumer representative appointed by the 13 President of the Senate, and 9  $\frac{12}{12}$  additional members appointed 14 as specified in the plan of operation. One of The 9 12 additional members shall be elected by the domestic companies 15 16 of this state on the basis of cumulative weighted voting based on the net direct premiums of domestic companies in this state 17 and shall be residents of this state. Nothing in the 1997 18 19 amendments to this paragraph terminates the existing board or 20 the terms of any members of the board.

(III) The plan of operation shall provide a formula 21 22 whereby a company voluntarily providing windstorm coverage in affected areas will be relieved wholly or partially from 23 apportionment of a regular assessment pursuant to 24 sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-subparagraph d.(II). 25 26 (IV) A company which is a member of a group of 27 companies under common management may elect to have its 28 credits applied on a group basis, and any company or group may 29 elect to have its credits applied to any other company or 30 group.

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There shall be no credits or relief from 1 (V) 2 apportionment to a company for emergency assessments collected 3 from its policyholders under sub-subparagraph d.(III). 4 (VI) The plan of operation may also provide for the 5 award of credits, for a period not to exceed 3 years, from a б regular assessment pursuant to sub-subparagraph d.(I) or 7 sub-subparagraph d.(II) as an incentive for taking 8 policies out of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 9 Underwriting Association. In order to qualify for the 10 exemption under this sub-sub-subparagraph, the take-out plan 11 must provide that at least 40 percent of the policies removed 12 from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 13 Association cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm 14 Beach Counties or at least 30 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach 15 16 Counties and an additional 50 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in other coastal counties, and 17 must also provide that no more than 15 percent of the policies 18 19 so removed may exclude windstorm coverage. With the approval 20 of the department, the association may waive these geographic 21 criteria for a take-out plan that removes at least the lesser 22 of 100,000 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association policies or 15 percent of the total 23 number of Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 24 25 Association policies, provided the governing board of the 26 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 27 Association certifies that the take-out plan will materially 28 reduce the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 29 Underwriting Association's 100-year probable maximum loss from hurricanes. With the approval of the department, the board 30 31 may extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer

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guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association, or for 2 additional years if the insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association.

b. Assessments to pay deficits in the association
under this subparagraph shall be included as an appropriate
factor in the making of rates as provided in s. 627.3512.

The Legislature finds that the potential for 10 c. 11 unlimited deficit assessments under this subparagraph may 12 induce insurers to attempt to reduce their writings in the 13 voluntary market, and that such actions would worsen the availability problems that the association was created to 14 remedy. It is the intent of the Legislature that insurers 15 16 remain fully responsible for paying regular assessments and collecting emergency assessments for any deficits of the 17 association; however, it is also the intent of the Legislature 18 to provide a means by which assessment liabilities may be 19 20 amortized over a period of years.

d.(I) When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar year is 10 percent or less of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the deficit.

(II) When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to

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1 the greater of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the 2 aggregate statewide direct written premium for property 3 insurance for the prior calendar year for member insurers. Any 4 remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency 5 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (III).

(III) Upon a determination by the board of directors 6 7 that a deficit exceeds the amount that will be recovered 8 through regular assessments on member insurers, pursuant to 9 sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), the board shall levy, after verification by the department, 10 11 emergency assessments to be collected by member insurers and by underwriting associations created pursuant to this section 12 13 which write property insurance, upon issuance or renewal of 14 property insurance policies other than National Flood Insurance policies in the year or years following levy of the 15 16 regular assessments. The amount of the emergency assessment collected in a particular year shall be a uniform percentage 17 of that year's direct written premium for property insurance 18 19 for all member insurers and underwriting associations, 20 excluding National Flood Insurance policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and verified by the 21 22 department. The department shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 23 days after receipt of the information on which the 24 determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision 25 26 of law, each member insurer and each underwriting association 27 created pursuant to this section shall collect emergency 28 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation 29 being affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. The emergency assessments so collected shall be 30 transferred directly to the association on a periodic basis as 31

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determined by the association. The aggregate amount of 1 2 emergency assessments levied under this sub-subparagraph 3 in any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to cover the original deficit, plus 4 5 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing of the original deficit, or 10 6 7 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for 8 property insurance written by member insurers and underwriting 9 associations for the prior year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated 10 11 with financing the original deficit. The board may pledge the proceeds of the emergency assessments under this 12 13 sub-subparagraph as the source of revenue for bonds, to 14 retire any other debt incurred as a result of the deficit or events giving rise to the deficit, or in any other way that 15 16 the board determines will efficiently recover the deficit. The emergency assessments under this sub-subparagraph shall 17 continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness 18 19 incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment 20 was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has 21 been made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness 22 pursuant to the document governing such bonds or other indebtedness. Emergency assessments collected under this 23 sub-subparagraph are not part of an insurer's rates, are 24 not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or 25 commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment 26 27 shall be treated as failure to pay premium. 28 (IV) Each member insurer's share of the total regular 29 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-sub-subparagraph (II) shall be in the proportion that the 30

31 insurer's net direct premium for property insurance in this

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state, for the year preceding the assessment bears to the
 aggregate statewide net direct premium for property insurance
 of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for
 voluntary writings for that year.

5 (V) If regular deficit assessments are made under б sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), or by 7 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 8 Association under sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.a. or 9 sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.b., the association shall levy upon the association's policyholders, as part of its next rate 10 11 filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a market equalization surcharge in a percentage equal to the 12 13 total amount of such regular assessments divided by the 14 aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for member insurers for the prior calendar year. 15 16 Market equalization surcharges under this sub-subparagraph are not considered premium and are not subject to commissions, 17 fees, or premium taxes; however, failure to pay a market 18 19 equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay 20 premium.

The governing body of any unit of local government, 21 e. 22 any residents of which are insured under the plan, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 to fund an 23 assistance program, in conjunction with the association, for 24 the purpose of defraying deficits of the association. In order 25 26 to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, 27 duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, 28 any unit of local government, any residents of which are 29 insured by the association, may provide for the payment of losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred 30 31 within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local

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government. Revenue bonds may not be issued until validated 1 2 pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of emergency is 3 declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are necessary to 4 5 determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public health, safety, and general 6 7 welfare of residents of this state and the protection and 8 preservation of the economic stability of insurers operating 9 in this state, and declaring it an essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to issue bonds as 10 will provide relief to claimants and policyholders of the 11 12 association and insurers responsible for apportionment of plan 13 losses. Any such unit of local government may enter into such 14 contracts with the association and with any other entity created pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry 15 16 out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under this sub-subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by moneys 17 received by the association from assessments under this 18 19 subparagraph, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the 20 unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of 21 22 the state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds 23 remain unsold 60 days after issuance, the department shall 24 require all insurers subject to assessment to purchase the 25 26 bonds, which shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer 27 shall be required to purchase that percentage of the unsold 28 portion of the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative 29 share of assessment liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not be required to purchase the bonds to the 30 31 extent that the department determines that the purchase would

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endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer. The authority
 granted by this sub-subparagraph is additional to any bonding
 authority granted by subparagraph 6.

4 The plan shall also provide that any member with a 3. 5 surplus as to policyholders of \$20 million or less writing 25 б percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance 7 premiums in this state may petition the department, within the 8 first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited 9 apportionment company. The apportionment of such a member company in any calendar year for which it is qualified shall 10 11 not exceed its gross participation, which shall not be 12 affected by the formula for voluntary writings. In no event 13 shall a limited apportionment company be required to 14 participate in any apportionment of losses pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II) 15 16 in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after payment of available plan funds in any calendar year. However, a limited 17 apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any 18 19 emergency assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph 20 2.d.(III). The plan shall provide that, if the department determines that any regular assessment will result in an 21 22 impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, the department may direct that all or part of such assessment 23 be deferred. However, there shall be no limitation or 24 25 deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from 26 policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III). 27 The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole 4. 28 or in part, of a regular assessment of a member insurer under 29 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II), but not for an emergency assessment collected from 30

31 policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III), if, in the

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opinion of the commissioner, payment of such regular 1 2 assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the member 3 insurer. In the event a regular assessment against a member insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which 4 5 such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other б member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for 7 assessments set forth in sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or 8 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II).

9 5.a. The plan of operation may include deductibles and
10 rules for classification of risks and rate modifications
11 consistent with the objective of providing and maintaining
12 funds sufficient to pay catastrophe losses.

13 b. The association may require arbitration of a rate filing under s. 627.062(6). It is the intent of the 14 Legislature that the rates for coverage provided by the 15 16 association be actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates charged in the admitted voluntary market such 17 that the association functions as a residual market mechanism 18 to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot be 19 20 procured in the voluntary market. The plan of operation shall 21 provide a mechanism to assure that, beginning no later than 22 January 1, 1999, the rates charged by the association for each line of business are reflective of approved rates in the 23 voluntary market for hurricane coverage for each line of 24 business in the various areas eligible for association 25 26 coverage.

27 c. The association shall provide for windstorm 28 coverage on residential properties in limits up to \$10 million 29 for commercial lines residential risks and up to \$1 million 30 for personal lines residential risks. If coverage with the 31 association is sought for a residential risk valued in excess

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of these limits, coverage shall be available to the risk up to 1 2 the replacement cost or actual cash value of the property, at 3 the option of the insured, if coverage for the risk cannot be located in the authorized market. The association must accept 4 5 a commercial lines residential risk with limits above \$10 million or a personal lines residential risk with limits above 6 7 \$1 million if coverage is not available in the authorized 8 market. The association may write coverage above the limits 9 specified in this subparagraph with or without facultative or 10 other reinsurance coverage, as the association determines 11 appropriate.

12 d. The plan of operation must provide objective 13 criteria and procedures, approved by the department, to be 14 uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an 15 individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In 16 making this determination and in establishing the criteria and 17 procedures, the following shall be considered:

(I) Whether the likelihood of a loss for the
individual risk is substantially higher than for other risks
of the same class; and

(II) Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined.

24 25 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the association 26 pursuant to such criteria and procedures must be construed as 27 the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of 28 chapter 120 do not apply.

e. The policies issued by the association must provide
that if the association obtains an offer from an authorized
insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a

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standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with 1 2 the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, 3 a basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is no longer eligible for coverage through the association. Upon 4 5 termination of eligibility, the association shall provide written notice to the policyholder and agent of record stating 6 7 that the association policy must be canceled as of 60 days 8 after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage 9 from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do 10 11 not apply to actions under this sub-subparagraph.

12 f. Association policies and applications must include 13 a notice that the association policy could, under this section, be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized 14 insurer that does not provide coverage identical to the 15 16 coverage provided by the association. The notice shall also specify that acceptance of association coverage creates a 17 18 conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is 19 aware of this potential.

20 6.a. The plan of operation may authorize the formation 21 of a private nonprofit corporation, a private nonprofit 22 unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust, a limited liability company, or a nonprofit mutual company which may be 23 empowered, among other things, to borrow money by issuing 24 bonds or by incurring other indebtedness and to accumulate 25 26 reserves or funds to be used for the payment of insured 27 catastrophe losses. The plan may authorize all actions 28 necessary to facilitate the issuance of bonds, including the 29 pledging of assessments or other revenues. Any entity created under this subsection, or any 30 b.

31 entity formed for the purposes of this subsection, may sue and

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be sued, may borrow money; issue bonds, notes, or debt 1 2 instruments; pledge or sell assessments, market equalization 3 surcharges and other surcharges, rights, premiums, contractual rights, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane 4 5 Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, and other assets as security for such bonds, notes, or debt instruments; 6 7 enter into any contracts or agreements necessary or proper to 8 accomplish such borrowings; and take other actions necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The association 9 may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds 10 11 issued on its behalf by a unit of local government pursuant to subparagraph (g)2., in the absence of a hurricane or other 12 13 weather-related event, upon a determination by the association 14 subject to approval by the department that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the financial obligations of the 15 16 association and that such financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. Any such 17 entity may accumulate reserves and retain surpluses as of the 18 end of any association year to provide for the payment of 19 20 losses incurred by the association during that year or any 21 future year. The association shall incorporate and continue 22 the plan of operation and articles of agreement in effect on the effective date of chapter 76-96, Laws of Florida, to the 23 extent that it is not inconsistent with chapter 76-96, and as 24 subsequently modified consistent with chapter 76-96. The board 25 26 of directors and officers currently serving shall continue to 27 serve until their successors are duly qualified as provided 28 under the plan. The assets and obligations of the plan in 29 effect immediately prior to the effective date of chapter 76-96 shall be construed to be the assets and obligations of 30 the successor plan created herein. 31

In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State 1 c. 2 Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of 3 contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or 4 5 financing agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other indebtedness issued or incurred 6 7 by the association or any other entity created under this 8 subsection.

9 7. On such coverage, an agent's remuneration shall be 10 that amount of money payable to the agent by the terms of his 11 or her contract with the company with which the business is 12 placed. However, no commission will be paid on that portion of 13 the premium which is in excess of the standard premium of that 14 company.

15 Subject to approval by the department, the 8. 16 association may establish different eligibility requirements and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage 17 for any specified eligible area or portion of an eligible area 18 19 if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility 20 requirements and operational procedures are justified due to 21 the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and competitive 22 in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain insurance 23 through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would 24 continue to have access to coverage from the association. When 25 26 coverage is sought in connection with a real property 27 transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide 28 for an effective date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the 29 transferee, and, if applicable, the lender. 30 31 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

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1 The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the a. 2 security interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of 3 the association created or purported to be created pursuant to any financing documents to secure any bonds or other 4 5 indebtedness of the association shall be and remain valid and enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement of and during 6 7 the continuation of, and after, any rehabilitation, 8 insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, receivership, 9 conservatorship, reorganization, or similar proceeding against the association under the laws of this state or any other 10 11 applicable laws. 12 b. No such proceeding shall relieve the association of 13 its obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its 14 obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, assessments, market equalization or other surcharges, 15 16 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or any other rights, revenues, 17 or other assets of the association pledged. 18 19 c. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and 20 security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, 21 lien, or security interest, any such assessments, emergency 22 assessments, market equalization or renewal surcharges, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 23 Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or other rights, revenues, or 24 other assets which are collected, or levied and collected, 25 26 after the commencement of and during the pendency of or after 27 any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such 28 proceeding. 29 d. As used in this subsection, the term "financing documents" means any agreement, instrument, or other document 30

31 now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or

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other indebtedness of the association or pursuant to which any 1 2 such bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and 3 pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the association are pledged or sold to secure the repayment of 4 5 such bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of 6 7 any other obligation of the association related to such bonds 8 or indebtedness.

9 Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, e. 10 contract rights or other rights or assets of the association 11 shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to 12 13 such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the 14 pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, 15 16 valid, binding, and enforceable against the association or 17 other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding 18 against and superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any other person or entity, including policyholders in 19 20 this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, 21 revenues, contract, or other rights or assets to the extent 22 set forth in and in accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in the applicable financing documents, whether 23 or not any such person or entity has notice of such pledge or 24 sale and without the need for any physical delivery, 25 26 recordation, filing, or other action. 27 There shall be no liability on the part of, and no f.

28 cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member 29 insurer or its agents or employees, agents or employees of the 30 association, members of the board of directors of the 31 association, or the department or its representatives, for any

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action taken by them in the performance of their duties or responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not apply to actions for breach of any contract or agreement pertaining to insurance, or any willful tort. Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a б law. HOUSE SUMMARY Excludes the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association from insurers authorized to require rate filing arbitration. Requires rate filings for coverage for windstorm losses to be based on historical experience but windstorm losses to be based on historical experience but authorizes supporting computer modeling. Requires disclosure of assumptions, data, and methodologies of computer modeling used by insurers and reinsurers. Limits use of computer modeling by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association to publicly funded models or privately funded models for which the underlying data, assumptions, and calculations used in developing the rate in the model are made available to the Department of Insurance for inspection. Revises the membership of the Insurance for inspection. Revises the membership of the board of directors of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association. See bill for details.