Florida Senate - 2001

By Senator Campbell

33-126-01 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to insurance; amending s. 3 627.351, F.S.; deleting provisions authorizing 4 certain associations to require rate 5 arbitration of rate filings; repealing s. 6 627.062(6), F.S., relating to an insurer's 7 alternative under rate standards to require arbitration of rate filings; providing an 8 9 effective date. 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 12 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and 13 14 paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida 15 Statutes, are amended to read: 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans .--16 (2) WINDSTORM INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT.--17 The department shall require all insurers holding 18 (b) 19 a certificate of authority to transact property insurance on a 20 direct basis in this state, other than joint underwriting 21 associations and other entities formed pursuant to this 22 section, to provide windstorm coverage to applicants from areas determined to be eligible pursuant to paragraph (c) who 23 in good faith are entitled to, but are unable to procure, such 24 25 coverage through ordinary means; or it shall adopt a 26 reasonable plan or plans for the equitable apportionment or 27 sharing among such insurers of windstorm coverage, which may 28 include formation of an association for this purpose. As used in this subsection, the term "property insurance" means 29 30 insurance on real or personal property, as defined in s. 31 624.604, including insurance for fire, industrial fire, allied 1

1 lines, farmowners multiperil, homeowners' multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, and including 2 3 liability coverages on all such insurance, but excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and excluding 4 5 vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(a) other than 6 insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The 7 department shall adopt rules that provide a formula for the 8 recovery and repayment of any deferred assessments.

9 1. For the purpose of this section, properties 10 eligible for such windstorm coverage are defined as dwellings, 11 buildings, and other structures, including mobile homes which are used as dwellings and which are tied down in compliance 12 13 with mobile home tie-down requirements prescribed by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles pursuant to s. 14 320.8325, and the contents of all such properties. An 15 applicant or policyholder is eligible for coverage only if an 16 17 offer of coverage cannot be obtained by or for the applicant 18 or policyholder from an admitted insurer at approved rates.

19 2.a.(I) All insurers required to be members of such 20 association shall participate in its writings, expenses, and 21 losses. Surplus of the association shall be retained for the payment of claims and shall not be distributed to the member 22 insurers. Such participation by member insurers shall be in 23 24 the proportion that the net direct premiums of each member 25 insurer written for property insurance in this state during the preceding calendar year bear to the aggregate net direct 26 premiums for property insurance of all member insurers, as 27 28 reduced by any credits for voluntary writings, in this state 29 during the preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "net direct premiums" means direct 30 31 written premiums for property insurance, reduced by premium

2

1 for liability coverage and for the following if included in 2 allied lines: rain and hail on growing crops; livestock; 3 association direct premiums booked; National Flood Insurance Program direct premiums; and similar deductions specifically 4 5 authorized by the plan of operation and approved by the б department. A member's participation shall begin on the first 7 day of the calendar year following the year in which it is 8 issued a certificate of authority to transact property 9 insurance in the state and shall terminate 1 year after the 10 end of the calendar year during which it no longer holds a 11 certificate of authority to transact property insurance in the state. The commissioner, after review of annual statements, 12 other reports, and any other statistics that the commissioner 13 deems necessary, shall certify to the association the 14 aggregate direct premiums written for property insurance in 15 this state by all member insurers. 16

17 (II) The plan of operation shall provide for a board of directors consisting of the Insurance Consumer Advocate 18 19 appointed under s. 627.0613, 1 consumer representative 20 appointed by the Insurance Commissioner, 1 consumer representative appointed by the Governor, and 12 additional 21 members appointed as specified in the plan of operation. One 22 of the 12 additional members shall be elected by the domestic 23 24 companies of this state on the basis of cumulative weighted voting based on the net direct premiums of domestic companies 25 in this state. Nothing in the 1997 amendments to this 26 27 paragraph terminates the existing board or the terms of any 28 members of the board.

(III) The plan of operation shall provide a formula whereby a company voluntarily providing windstorm coverage in affected areas will be relieved wholly or partially from

3

apportionment of a regular assessment pursuant to
 sub-sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-subparagraph d.(II).

3 (IV) A company which is a member of a group of 4 companies under common management may elect to have its 5 credits applied on a group basis, and any company or group may 6 elect to have its credits applied to any other company or 7 group.

8 (V) There shall be no credits or relief from
9 apportionment to a company for emergency assessments collected
10 from its policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph d.(III).

11 The plan of operation may also provide for the (VI) award of credits, for a period not to exceed 3 years, from a 12 13 regular assessment pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-subparagraph d.(II) as an incentive for taking 14 policies out of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 15 Underwriting Association. In order to qualify for the 16 17 exemption under this sub-sub-subparagraph, the take-out plan 18 must provide that at least 40 percent of the policies removed 19 from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 20 Association cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm 21 Beach Counties or at least 30 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach 22 Counties and an additional 50 percent of the policies so 23 24 removed cover risks located in other coastal counties, and 25 must also provide that no more than 15 percent of the policies so removed may exclude windstorm coverage. With the approval 26 of the department, the association may waive these geographic 27 28 criteria for a take-out plan that removes at least the lesser 29 of 100,000 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association policies or 15 percent of the total 30 31 number of Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting

4

1 Association policies, provided the governing board of the 2 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 3 Association certifies that the take-out plan will materially 4 reduce the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 5 Underwriting Association's 100-year probable maximum loss from 6 hurricanes. With the approval of the department, the board 7 may extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer quarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies 8 9 removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 10 Underwriting Association, or for 2 additional years if the 11 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty 12 13 Joint Underwriting Association.

b. Assessments to pay deficits in the association
under this subparagraph shall be included as an appropriate
factor in the making of rates as provided in s. 627.3512.

17 The Legislature finds that the potential for c. 18 unlimited deficit assessments under this subparagraph may 19 induce insurers to attempt to reduce their writings in the voluntary market, and that such actions would worsen the 20 availability problems that the association was created to 21 remedy. It is the intent of the Legislature that insurers 22 remain fully responsible for paying regular assessments and 23 24 collecting emergency assessments for any deficits of the 25 association; however, it is also the intent of the Legislature to provide a means by which assessment liabilities may be 26 27 amortized over a period of years.

d.(I) When the deficit incurred in a particular
calendar year is 10 percent or less of the aggregate statewide
direct written premium for property insurance for the prior
calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall

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levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to
 the deficit.

3 (II) When the deficit incurred in a particular 4 calendar year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide 5 direct written premium for property insurance for the prior б calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall 7 levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to 8 the greater of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the 9 aggregate statewide direct written premium for property 10 insurance for the prior calendar year for member insurers. Any 11 remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (III). 12

13 (III) Upon a determination by the board of directors that a deficit exceeds the amount that will be recovered 14 through regular assessments on member insurers, pursuant to 15 sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), the 16 17 board shall levy, after verification by the department, 18 emergency assessments to be collected by member insurers and 19 by underwriting associations created pursuant to this section 20 which write property insurance, upon issuance or renewal of 21 property insurance policies other than National Flood 22 Insurance policies in the year or years following levy of the regular assessments. The amount of the emergency assessment 23 24 collected in a particular year shall be a uniform percentage 25 of that year's direct written premium for property insurance for all member insurers and underwriting associations, 26 excluding National Flood Insurance policy premiums, as 27 28 annually determined by the board and verified by the 29 department. The department shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 30 31 days after receipt of the information on which the

6

1 determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision 2 of law, each member insurer and each underwriting association 3 created pursuant to this section shall collect emergency 4 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation 5 being affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or б deferment. The emergency assessments so collected shall be 7 transferred directly to the association on a periodic basis as 8 determined by the association. The aggregate amount of 9 emergency assessments levied under this sub-subparagraph 10 in any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent 11 of the amount needed to cover the original deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other 12 costs associated with financing of the original deficit, or 10 13 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for 14 property insurance written by member insurers and underwriting 15 associations for the prior year, plus interest, fees, 16 17 commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated 18 with financing the original deficit. The board may pledge the 19 proceeds of the emergency assessments under this 20 sub-sub-subparagraph as the source of revenue for bonds, to retire any other debt incurred as a result of the deficit or 21 events giving rise to the deficit, or in any other way that 22 the board determines will efficiently recover the deficit. The 23 24 emergency assessments under this sub-subparagraph shall 25 continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment 26 was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has 27 28 been made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness 29 pursuant to the document governing such bonds or other 30 indebtedness. Emergency assessments collected under this 31 sub-sub-subparagraph are not part of an insurer's rates, are

7

1 not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or 2 commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment 3 shall be treated as failure to pay premium. (IV) Each member insurer's share of the total regular 4 5 assessments under sub-subparagraph (I) or 6 sub-subparagraph (II) shall be in the proportion that the 7 insurer's net direct premium for property insurance in this 8 state, for the year preceding the assessment bears to the 9 aggregate statewide net direct premium for property insurance 10 of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for 11 voluntary writings for that year. (V) If regular deficit assessments are made under 12 13 sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), or by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 14 Association under sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.a. or 15 sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.b., the association shall levy upon 16 17 the association's policyholders, as part of its next rate 18 filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, 19 a market equalization surcharge in a percentage equal to the 20 total amount of such regular assessments divided by the 21 aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for member insurers for the prior calendar year. 22 Market equalization surcharges under this sub-subparagraph 23 24 are not considered premium and are not subject to commissions, 25 fees, or premium taxes; however, failure to pay a market equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay 26 27 premium. 28 The governing body of any unit of local government, e. 29 any residents of which are insured under the plan, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 to fund an 30

31 assistance program, in conjunction with the association, for

8

1 the purpose of defraying deficits of the association. In order 2 to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, 3 duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, 4 any unit of local government, any residents of which are 5 insured by the association, may provide for the payment of б losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred 7 within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local 8 government. Revenue bonds may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of emergency is 9 10 declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor 11 pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are necessary to determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary 12 for, the protection of the public health, safety, and general 13 welfare of residents of this state and the protection and 14 preservation of the economic stability of insurers operating 15 in this state, and declaring it an essential public purpose to 16 17 permit certain municipalities or counties to issue bonds as 18 will provide relief to claimants and policyholders of the 19 association and insurers responsible for apportionment of plan 20 losses. Any such unit of local government may enter into such 21 contracts with the association and with any other entity created pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry 22 out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under this 23 24 sub-subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by moneys 25 received by the association from assessments under this subparagraph, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the 26 unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of 27 such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of 28 29 the state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds 30 31 remain unsold 60 days after issuance, the department shall

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1 require all insurers subject to assessment to purchase the 2 bonds, which shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer 3 shall be required to purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative 4 5 share of assessment liability under this subsection. An 6 insurer shall not be required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the department determines that the purchase would 7 8 endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer. The authority 9 granted by this sub-subparagraph is additional to any bonding 10 authority granted by subparagraph 6.

11 3. The plan shall also provide that any member with a surplus as to policyholders of \$20 million or less writing 25 12 13 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may petition the department, within the 14 first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited 15 apportionment company. The apportionment of such a member 16 17 company in any calendar year for which it is qualified shall 18 not exceed its gross participation, which shall not be 19 affected by the formula for voluntary writings. In no event 20 shall a limited apportionment company be required to 21 participate in any apportionment of losses pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II) 22 in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after payment of 23 24 available plan funds in any calendar year. However, a limited 25 apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph 26 27 2.d.(III). The plan shall provide that, if the department 28 determines that any regular assessment will result in an 29 impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, the department may direct that all or part of such assessment 30 31 be deferred. However, there shall be no limitation or

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1 deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from 2 policyholders under sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III). 3 The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole 4. 4 or in part, of a regular assessment of a member insurer under 5 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II), б but not for an emergency assessment collected from 7 policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III), if, in the opinion of the commissioner, payment of such regular 8 9 assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the member 10 insurer. In the event a regular assessment against a member 11 insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other 12 13 member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or 14 15 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II). 5.a. The plan of operation may include deductibles and 16 17 rules for classification of risks and rate modifications consistent with the objective of providing and maintaining 18 19 funds sufficient to pay catastrophe losses. 20 The association may require arbitration of a rate b. filing under s. 627.062(6). It is the intent of the 21 Legislature that the rates for coverage provided by the 22 association be actuarially sound and not competitive with 23 24 approved rates charged in the admitted voluntary market such that the association functions as a residual market mechanism 25 to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot be 26 27 procured in the voluntary market. The plan of operation shall 28 provide a mechanism to assure that, beginning no later than 29 January 1, 1999, the rates charged by the association for each line of business are reflective of approved rates in the 30 31 voluntary market for hurricane coverage for each line of

11

business in the various areas eligible for association
 coverage.

3 The association shall provide for windstorm с. 4 coverage on residential properties in limits up to \$10 million 5 for commercial lines residential risks and up to \$1 million б for personal lines residential risks. If coverage with the 7 association is sought for a residential risk valued in excess of these limits, coverage shall be available to the risk up to 8 9 the replacement cost or actual cash value of the property, at 10 the option of the insured, if coverage for the risk cannot be 11 located in the authorized market. The association must accept a commercial lines residential risk with limits above \$10 12 million or a personal lines residential risk with limits above 13 \$1 million if coverage is not available in the authorized 14 15 market. The association may write coverage above the limits specified in this subparagraph with or without facultative or 16 17 other reinsurance coverage, as the association determines 18 appropriate.

19 d. The plan of operation must provide objective 20 criteria and procedures, approved by the department, to be 21 uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an 22 individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In 23 making this determination and in establishing the criteria and 24 procedures, the following shall be considered:

25 (I) Whether the likelihood of a loss for the 26 individual risk is substantially higher than for other risks 27 of the same class; and

28 (II) Whether the uncertainty associated with the 29 individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be 30 determined.

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12

The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the association
 pursuant to such criteria and procedures must be construed as
 the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of
 chapter 120 do not apply.

5 The policies issued by the association must provide e. б that if the association obtains an offer from an authorized 7 insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with 8 9 the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, 10 a basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is no longer 11 eligible for coverage through the association. Upon termination of eligibility, the association shall provide 12 13 written notice to the policyholder and agent of record stating 14 that the association policy must be canceled as of 60 days after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage 15 from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance 16 17 code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do not apply to actions under this sub-subparagraph. 18

19 f. Association policies and applications must include a notice that the association policy could, under this 20 section, be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized 21 insurer that does not provide coverage identical to the 22 coverage provided by the association. The notice shall also 23 24 specify that acceptance of association coverage creates a 25 conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential. 26

6.a. The plan of operation may authorize the formation of a private nonprofit corporation, a private nonprofit unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust, a limited liability company, or a nonprofit mutual company which may be empowered, among other things, to borrow money by issuing

13

1 bonds or by incurring other indebtedness and to accumulate 2 reserves or funds to be used for the payment of insured 3 catastrophe losses. The plan may authorize all actions 4 necessary to facilitate the issuance of bonds, including the 5 pledging of assessments or other revenues.

б Any entity created under this subsection, or any b. 7 entity formed for the purposes of this subsection, may sue and 8 be sued, may borrow money; issue bonds, notes, or debt 9 instruments; pledge or sell assessments, market equalization 10 surcharges and other surcharges, rights, premiums, contractual 11 rights, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, and other 12 13 assets as security for such bonds, notes, or debt instruments; 14 enter into any contracts or agreements necessary or proper to accomplish such borrowings; and take other actions necessary 15 to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The association 16 17 may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government pursuant to 18 19 subparagraph (g)2., in the absence of a hurricane or other 20 weather-related event, upon a determination by the association subject to approval by the department that such action would 21 enable it to efficiently meet the financial obligations of the 22 association and that such financings are reasonably necessary 23 24 to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. Any such 25 entity may accumulate reserves and retain surpluses as of the end of any association year to provide for the payment of 26 losses incurred by the association during that year or any 27 28 future year. The association shall incorporate and continue 29 the plan of operation and articles of agreement in effect on the effective date of chapter 76-96, Laws of Florida, to the 30 31 extent that it is not inconsistent with chapter 76-96, and as

14

1 subsequently modified consistent with chapter 76-96. The board 2 of directors and officers currently serving shall continue to 3 serve until their successors are duly qualified as provided 4 under the plan. The assets and obligations of the plan in 5 effect immediately prior to the effective date of chapter 6 76-96 shall be construed to be the assets and obligations of 7 the successor plan created herein.

In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State 8 с. 9 Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of 10 contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action 11 be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or financing agreement or any revenue source committed by 12 13 contract to such bond or other indebtedness issued or incurred 14 by the association or any other entity created under this subsection. 15

16 7. On such coverage, an agent's remuneration shall be 17 that amount of money payable to the agent by the terms of his 18 or her contract with the company with which the business is 19 placed. However, no commission will be paid on that portion of 20 the premium which is in excess of the standard premium of that 21 company.

22 8. Subject to approval by the department, the association may establish different eligibility requirements 23 24 and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage 25 for any specified eligible area or portion of an eligible area if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility 26 requirements and operational procedures are justified due to 27 28 the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and competitive 29 in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain insurance 30 31 through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 continue to have access to coverage from the association. When 2 coverage is sought in connection with a real property 3 transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide 4 for an effective date of coverage later than the date of the 5 closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the б transferee, and, if applicable, the lender. 7 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law: 8 The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the a. 9 security interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of 10 the association created or purported to be created pursuant to 11 any financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of the association shall be and remain valid and 12 enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement of and during 13 14 the continuation of, and after, any rehabilitation, 15 insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or similar proceeding against 16 17 the association under the laws of this state or any other applicable laws. 18 19 b. No such proceeding shall relieve the association of 20 its obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its 21 obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, 22 assessments, market equalization or other surcharges, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 23 24 Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or any other rights, revenues, 25 or other assets of the association pledged. c. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and 26 security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, 27 28 lien, or security interest, any such assessments, emergency 29 assessments, market equalization or renewal surcharges, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 30 31 Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or other rights, revenues, or

16

other assets which are collected, or levied and collected,
 after the commencement of and during the pendency of or after
 any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such
 proceeding.

5 d. As used in this subsection, the term "financing 6 documents" means any agreement, instrument, or other document 7 now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness of the association or pursuant to which any 8 9 such bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and 10 pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 11 association are pledged or sold to secure the repayment of such bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of 12 13 interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of 14 any other obligation of the association related to such bonds 15 or indebtedness.

Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 16 e. 17 contract rights or other rights or assets of the association shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the 18 19 case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or 20 assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the 21 pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, 22 valid, binding, and enforceable against the association or 23 24 other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding 25 against and superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any other person or entity, including policyholders in 26 this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, 27 28 revenues, contract, or other rights or assets to the extent 29 set forth in and in accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in the applicable financing documents, whether 30 31 or not any such person or entity has notice of such pledge or

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1 sale and without the need for any physical delivery, 2 recordation, filing, or other action. 3 There shall be no liability on the part of, and no f. 4 cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member 5 insurer or its agents or employees, agents or employees of the б association, members of the board of directors of the 7 association, or the department or its representatives, for any action taken by them in the performance of their duties or 8 9 responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not 10 apply to actions for breach of any contract or agreement 11 pertaining to insurance, or any willful tort. (6) RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY AND CASUALTY JOINT 12 UNDERWRITING ASSOCIATION. --13 (d)1. It is the intent of the Legislature that the 14 15 rates for coverage provided by the association be actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates charged in the 16 17 admitted voluntary market, so that the association functions as a residual market mechanism to provide insurance only when 18 19 the insurance cannot be procured in the voluntary market. Rates shall include an appropriate catastrophe loading factor 20 that reflects the actual catastrophic exposure of the 21 association and recognizes that the association has little or 22 no capital or surplus; and the association shall carefully 23 24 review each rate filing to assure that provider compensation 25 is not excessive. 2. For each county, the average rates of the 26 27 association for each line of business for personal lines 28 residential policies shall be no lower than the average rates 29 charged by the insurer that had the highest average rate in that county among the 20 insurers with the greatest total 30 31 direct written premium in the state for that line of business 18

1	in the preceding year, except that with respect to mobile home
1 2	coverages, the average rates of the association shall be no
3	lower than the average rates charged by the insurer that had
4	the highest average rate in that county among the 5 insurers
5	with the greatest total written premium for mobile home
6	owner's policies in the state in the preceding year.
7	3. Rates for commercial residential coverage shall not
8	be subject to the requirements of subparagraph 2., but shall
9	be subject to all other requirements of this paragraph and s.
10	627.062.
11	4. Nothing in this paragraph shall require or allow
12	the association to adopt a rate that is inadequate under s.
13	627.062 or to reduce rates approved under s. 627.062.
14	5. The association may require arbitration of a filing
15	pursuant to s. 627.062(6).Rate filings of the association
16	under this paragraph shall be made on a use and file basis
17	under s. 627.062(2)(a)2. The association shall make a rate
18	filing at least once a year, but no more often than quarterly.
19	Section 2. Subsection (6) of section 627.062, Florida
20	Statutes, is repealed.
21	Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 2001.
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23	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
24	SENATE SUMMARY
25	Deletes provisions authorizing insurers, the Florida
26	Windstorm Underwriting Association, and the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association to require rate arbitration of rate filings rather than
27	demanding a rate hearing.
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