

SENATE STAFF ANALYSIS AND ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

BILL: SB 330

SPONSOR: Senator Sullivan and Others

SUBJECT: Cigarette Taxes

DATE: April 6, 2001 REVISED: _____

	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1.	<u>Munroe</u>	<u>Wilson</u>	<u>HC</u>	<u>Fav/1 amendment</u>
2.	<u>Keating</u>	<u>Johansen</u>	<u>FT</u>	<u>Favorable</u>
3.	<u>Collins/McKee</u>	<u>Hickam</u>	<u>AED</u>	<u>Favorable</u>
4.	_____	_____	<u>AP</u>	_____
5.	_____	_____	_____	_____
6.	_____	_____	_____	_____

I. Summary:

The bill specifies that, beginning July 1, 2001, and continuing through June 30, 2011, 1.47 percent of net cigarette tax collections are to be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer and Research Institute. These funds are appropriated monthly out of the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund for use in financing the construction, furnishing and equipping of a cancer research facility at the University of South Florida. The bill provides that in fiscal years 2002-2003 and thereafter, the appropriation to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute authorized by this bill must not be less than the amount paid to the center in fiscal year 2001-2002.

The bill amends s. 210.201, F.S., relating to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute's establishment and funding, to clarify that the funding from the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund is to be used by the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer and Research Institute for financing the construction, furnishing and equipping of the cancer research facility. The bill also clarifies that all of the cigarette tax dollars pledged to the facility under s. 210.20, F.S., shall be replaced with tobacco litigation settlement proceeds.

This bill amends ss. 210.20 and 210.201, Florida Statutes, and creates one undesignated section.

II. Present Situation:

Cigarette Tax Revenue

Florida began taxing cigarettes in 1943. Taxes must be paid by the wholesale dealer at the time of the first sale within the state. Under s. 210.20, F.S., cigarettes of common size are taxed at a rate of \$0.339 per pack, with rates varying proportionately for cigarettes and packs of non-

standard size. Section 210.20, F.S., specifies the disposition of this tax revenue to require that: 7.3 percent of total collections is deducted for the General Revenue service charge under s. 215.20, F.S.; and an additional 0.9 percent of total collections is deducted to fund the administrative costs of the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation. Of the remaining cigarette tax revenue, distributions are made as follows: 2.9 percent to County Revenue Sharing; 29.3 percent to the Public Medical Assistance Trust Fund to fund indigent health care; 2.59 percent to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute; and the remainder to the General Revenue Fund. Chapter 2000-355, Laws of Florida, eliminated the distribution from the Cigarette Tax to the Municipal Revenue Sharing Trust Fund and the Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund, thereby increasing the distribution to the General Revenue Fund.

Section 210.20, F.S., provides for the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund. The Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation receives collections of cigarette tax and deposits the collections into the trust fund with a distribution outlined in s. 210.20, F.S. Beginning January 1, 1999, and continuing for 10 years thereafter, 2.59 percent of net cigarette tax collections are to be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute. These funds are appropriated monthly out of the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund to be used for the purpose of constructing, furnishing, and equipping a cancer research facility at the University of South Florida adjacent to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute.

Cigarette tax collections are estimated to be \$420.8 million in fiscal year 2000-2001 and \$420.3 million in fiscal year 2001-2002. Based on the above distribution, General Revenue allocations excluding the service charge for fiscal years 2000-2001 and 2001-2002 are estimated to be \$248.8 million and \$248.3 million, respectively.

University-Based Cancer Research

There are three university-based comprehensive cancer centers in Florida that conduct basic and clinical cancer-related research. The cancer centers include: the University of Florida Shands Cancer Center in Gainesville, the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute at the University of South Florida in Tampa, and the Sylvester Comprehensive Cancer Center at the University of Miami in Miami.

The H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute was established under s. 240.512, F.S., at the University of South Florida to provide research, education, treatment, prevention, and the early detection of cancer. The H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute is currently the only National Cancer Institute-designated comprehensive cancer center in Florida and a cancer research facility affiliated with the center is funded from proceeds of the cigarette tax. Section 210.201, F.S., requires the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute to construct, furnish, and equip and to covenant to complete, the cancer research facility at the University of South Florida adjacent to the center and research institute. Section 210.20, F.S., also requires any moneys transferred to the Board of Directors of the center and research institute to be used to secure financing to pay costs related to constructing, furnishing, and equipping the cancer research facility. Any cigarette tax dollars pledged to this facility must be replaced annually by the Legislature from tobacco litigation settlement proceeds.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill specifies that, beginning July 1, 2001, and continuing through June 30, 2011, 1.47 percent of net cigarette tax collections (cigarette tax collections under s. 210.02, F.S., less general revenue service charges provided for in s. 215.20, F.S., and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, F.S., which must be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund) are to be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer and Research Institute. The funds are appropriated monthly out of the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund for use in financing the construction, furnishing and equipping of a cancer research facility at the University of South Florida. The bill provides that in fiscal years 2002-2003 and thereafter, the appropriation to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute authorized by this bill must not be less than the amount paid to the center in fiscal year 2001-2002.

The bill amends s. 210.201, F.S., relating to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute's establishment and funding, to clarify that the funding be used by the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer and Research Institute for financing the construction, furnishing and equipping of the cancer research facility from the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund. The bill also clarifies that the cigarette tax dollars pledged to the facility under s. 210.20, F.S., shall be replaced with tobacco litigation settlement proceeds.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2001.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The provisions of this bill have no impact on municipalities and the counties under the requirements of Art. VII, s. 18 of the Florida Constitution.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

The provisions of this bill have no impact on public records or open meetings issues under the requirements of Art. I, s. 24(a) and (b) of the Florida Constitution.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

The provisions of this bill have no impact on the trust fund restrictions under the requirements of Art. III, s. 19(f) of the Florida Constitution.

V. Economic Impact and Fiscal Note:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The 2.59 percent of net cigarette tax collections generated to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute \$4.5 million in 1998-99 and \$10.529 million in 1999-2000. It is estimated to generate to the Institute \$10.2 million in 2000-2001 and \$10.2 million in 2001-2002. The General Appropriations Act for fiscal year 1999-2000 transferred

\$15,000,000 from the Tobacco Settlement Trust Fund into the General Revenue Fund to replace cigarette tax revenues pledged to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute for fiscal years 1998-99 and 1999-2000. Over the ten-year period, it is anticipated that approximately \$100 million will be generated for this purpose.

The bill increases revenues to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute by an estimated \$5.6 million in 2001-2002 and \$5.6 million on a recurring basis. The bill guarantees that the annual appropriation to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute authorized by this bill shall not be less than the amount paid to the Institute in fiscal year 2001-2002. This annual appropriation is expected to generate \$56 million for the Institute over the next 10 years.

There is no loss to the General Revenue Fund from the transfer of cigarette tax revenues because the bill provides that the cigarette tax dollars pledged to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute shall be replaced annually by the Legislature from tobacco litigation settlement proceeds (Amendment #1 adopted by the Health, Aging and Long-Term Care Committee provides that the Legislature may, rather than shall, annually replace the cigarette tax dollars pledged to the institute from tobacco litigation settlement proceeds).

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Since the cigarette tax dollars pledged to the cancer research facility are replaced annually by the Legislature from tobacco litigation settlement proceeds, fewer dollars (\$5.6 million annually for the next 10 years) will be available from this funding source for other programs (Amendment #1 adopted by the Health, Aging and Long-Term Care Committee provides that the Legislature may, rather than shall, annually replace the cigarette tax dollars pledged to the institute from tobacco litigation settlement proceeds).

The revenues generated from the 2.59% previously authorized and the 1.47% authorized in this bill total \$156 million. Of this total, it is estimated that \$142 million in net proceeds will be available that will be added to approximately \$37.7 million raised from private contributions to construct 350,000 additional square feet and associated infrastructure for the Moffitt Cancer Center. This will double the research and outpatient clinic and diagnostic space. According to the Moffitt Cancer Center, this space is needed to serve the projected growth in outpatients from 130,000 last year to over 180,000 projected for 2003, which is the anticipated completion date for the facility.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

This bill requires an additional monthly appropriation of a portion of the revenue collected from the tax on cigarettes for payment of construction, furnishing and equipment of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Research Center and Institute for a period of 10 years. The bill also provides that the cigarette tax dollars pledged to the Institute shall be replaced annually by the Legislature from tobacco litigation settlement proceeds.

As the Florida Supreme Court has ruled in a series of cases, the most recent of which is *Neu v. Miami Herald Publishing Company*, 462 So.2d 821 (Fla. 1985), one legislative body cannot bind a future Legislature to an obligation. In *Neu*, a case addressing the Public Meetings Law, the court stated “A legislature may not bind the hands of future legislatures by prohibiting amendments to statutory law.” See *Neu v. Miami Herald Publishing Company*, 462 So.2d 821, 824 (Fla. 1985). In an earlier case reviewing a challenge to establishment of geographic municipal boundaries, the court stated, “The Legislature cannot prohibit a future Legislature by proper enactment changing boundaries which it [the earlier Legislature] established” *Kirklands v. Town of Bradley*, 139 So. 144, 145 (Fla. 1932).

VIII. Amendments:

#1 by Health, Aging and Long-Term Care:

Provides that the Legislature may, rather than shall, annually replace the cigarette tax dollars pledged to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer and Research Institute from tobacco litigation settlement proceeds.

This Senate staff analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill’s sponsor or the Florida Senate.
