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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Florida Building Code; amending s. 235.061, F.S.; delaying the date by which relocatables used as classrooms must meet certain standards; amending s. 235.212, F.S.; specifying certain low-energy window standards for relocatable classrooms; amending s. 255.31, F.S.; exempting certain facilities from plans reviews and inspections by local governments; amending s. 373.323, F.S.; authorizing water well contractors to install, repair, or modify specified equipment in accordance with the code; amending s. 399.061, F.S.; providing requirements for the inspection of elevators and other conveyances; amending s. 489.509, F.S.; transferring specified licensing fees from the Department of Education to the Department of Community Affairs; amending s. 489.537, F.S.; revising the power of municipalities and counties with respect to regulating electrical journeymen; amending ss. 553.36, 553.415, F.S.; defining the term "factory-built school shelter"; providing for the department to approve plans for such shelters; authorizing districts to charge inspection fees; authorizing approved inspection entities to conduct inspections of factory-built school buildings while they are under construction; delaying the date for inclusion of the Uniform Code for Public Education Facilities in the Florida Building

Code; delaying the deadline for inspecting 1 2 factory-built buildings currently in use; 3 amending ss. 553.505, 553.507, F.S.; conforming 4 cross-references; amending s. 553.73, F.S.; 5 providing for the uniform implementation of 6 parts of the residential swimming pool safety 7 act; providing a process for the approval of technical amendments to the code; providing for 8 9 the treatment of permit applications submitted prior to the effective date of the code; 10 exempting specified structures from the 11 12 wind-borne-debris-impact standards of the Florida Building Code; amending s. 553.77, 13 14 F.S.; requiring the commission to issue 15 specified declaratory statements; providing for hearings; providing for rules for plan review 16 17 of prototype buildings; authorizing the commission to produce a commentary to accompany 18 19 the Florida Building Code; amending s. 553.79, F.S.; requiring the code to establish standards 20 for preliminary construction; amending s. 21 22 553.84, F.S.; providing an exception to certain 23 liability provisions relating to the Florida building Code; creating s. 553.8412, F.S.; 24 providing for statewide outreach for training 25 26 on the code; amending s. 553.842, F.S.; providing methods for local and statewide 27 approval of products, methods, and systems of 28 29 construction; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 553.895, F.S.; exempting specified 30 spaces within telecommunications buildings 31

1 under specified circumstances; allowing the use 2 of a manual wet standpipe under certain 3 circumstances; directing the commission to 4 research some issues and provide reports to the 5 Legislature; providing an effective date for 6 the Florida Building Code; amending s. 135 of 7 ch. 2000-141, Laws of Florida, and ss. 62(2) and 68 of ch. 98-287, Laws of Florida, as 8 9 amended; requiring that the Florida Building Commission appoint members to the commission's 10 Education Technical Advisory Committee; 11 12 specifying duties of the advisory committee; providing for the carryforward of funds 13 14 collected for research projects; requiring the Florida Building Commission to convene an ad 15 hoc subcommittee to recommend procedures for 16 17 engaging an engineer or architect to perform 18 plans review and inspections; requiring 19 recommendations for the role of local building 20 officials in issuing building permits and 21 certificates of occupancy; providing for appointment of members; providing for meetings 22 23 and staff support by the Department of Community Affairs; requiring a report to the 24 Governor and the Legislature by a specified 25 date; amending s. 627.0629, F.S.; delaying a 26 27 deadline by which insurance companies are 28 required to make certain rate filings; amending 29 s. 663.0215, F.S.; delaying the date on which the State Fire Marshal is required to adopt a 30 statewide firesafety code; providing 31

appropriations; repealing s. 1 of ch. 2000-150, Laws of Florida, relating to legislative intent regarding the meaning of the terms "net premiums written" and "net premiums collected" as used in ch. 440, F.S.; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (1) of section 235.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

235.061 Standards for relocatables used as classroom space; inspections.--

The Commissioner of Education shall adopt rules establishing standards for relocatables intended for long-term use as classroom space at a public elementary school, middle school, or high school. "Long-term use" means the use of relocatables at the same educational plant for a period of 4 years or more. These rules must be implemented by July 1, 1998, and each relocatable acquired by a district school board after the effective date of the rules and intended for long-term use must comply with the standards. The rules shall require that, by $\underline{\text{July 1}}$, 2002 $\underline{\text{July 1}}$, relocatables that fail to meet the standards may not be used as classrooms. The standards shall protect the health, safety, and welfare of occupants by requiring compliance with the Uniform Building Code for Public Educational Facilities or other locally adopted state minimum building codes to ensure the safety and stability of construction and onsite installation; fire and moisture protection; air quality and ventilation; appropriate

wind resistance; and compliance with the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. If appropriate, the standards must also require relocatables to provide access to the same technologies available to similar classrooms within the main school facility and, if appropriate, to be accessible by adequate covered walkways. By July 1, 2000, the commissioner shall adopt standards for all relocatables intended for long-term use as classrooms. A relocatable that is subject to this section and does not meet the standards shall not be reported as providing satisfactory student stations in the Florida Inventory of School Houses.

Section 2. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (1) of section 235.212, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

235.212 Low-energy use design; solar energy systems; swimming pool heaters.--

- (1)(a) Passive design elements and low-energy usage features shall be included in the design and construction of new educational facilities. Operable glazing consisting of at least 5 percent of the floor area shall be placed in each classroom located on the perimeter of the building. For a relocatable classroom facility, the area of operable glazing and the area of exterior doors, together, shall consist of at least 5 percent of the floor area. Operable glazing is not required in community colleges, auxiliary facilities, music rooms, gyms, locker and shower rooms, special laboratories requiring special climate control, and large group instruction areas having a capacity of more than 100 persons.
- (b) In the remodeling and renovation of educational facilities which have existing natural ventilation, adequate sources of natural ventilation shall be retained, or a

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combination of natural and low-energy usage mechanical equipment shall be provided that will permit the use of the facility without air-conditioning or heat when ambient conditions are moderate. However, the Commissioner of Education is authorized to waive this requirement when environmental conditions, particularly noise and pollution factors, preclude the effective use of natural ventilation.

Section 3. Effective January 1, 2002, subsection (1) of section 255.31, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 15 of chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

255.31 Authority to the Department of Management Services to manage construction projects for state and local governments.--

(1) The design, construction, erection, alteration, modification, repair, and demolition of all public and private buildings are governed by the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code, which are to be enforced by local jurisdictions or local enforcement districts unless specifically exempted as provided in s. 553.80. However, the Department of Management Services shall provide the project management and administration services for the construction, renovation, repair, modification, or demolition of buildings, utilities, parks, parking lots, or other facilities or improvements for projects for which the funds are appropriated to the department; provided that, with the exception of facilities constructed under the authority of chapters 944, 945, and 985; the Governor's mansion and grounds thereof, as described in s. 272.18; and the Capitol Building and environs, being that part of the City of Tallahassee bounded on the north by Pensacola and Jefferson Streets, on the east by Monroe Street, on the south by Madison Street, and on the west

by Duval Street, the department may not conduct plans reviews or inspection services for consistency with the Florida 2 Building Code. The department's fees for such services shall 3 4 be paid from such appropriations. 5 Section 4. Subsection (10) is added to section 6 373.323, Florida Statutes, to read: 7 373.323 Licensure of water well contractors; application, qualifications, and examinations; equipment 8 9 identification. --10 (10) Water well contractors licensed under this section may install, repair, and modify pumps and tanks in 11 12 accordance with the Florida Building Code, Plumbing; Section 13 612--Wells pumps and tanks used for private potable water 14 systems. In addition, licensed water well contractors may 15 install pumps, tanks, and water conditioning equipment for all water well systems. 16 17 Section 5. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 399.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 399.061 Inspections; correction of deficiencies.--20 (1)(a) All elevators or other conveyances subject to 21 this chapter must be annually inspected by a certified 22 elevator inspector through a third-party inspection service, 23 or by a municipality or county under contract with the division, pursuant to s. 399.13. If the elevator or other 24 25 conveyance is by a third-party inspection service certified as 26 a qualified elevator inspector or maintained pursuant to a 27 service maintenance contract continuously in force, it shall be inspected at least once every 2 years by a certified 28 29 elevator inspector who is not employed by or otherwise associated with the maintenance company; however, if the 30 31 elevator is not an escalator or a dumbwaiter, serves only two

adjacent floors, and is covered by a service maintenance contract, an inspection is not required so long as the service contract remains in effect. A statement verifying the existence, performance, and cancellation of each service maintenance contract must be filed annually with the division as prescribed by rule. All elevators covered by a service maintenance contract shall be inspected by a certificate-of-competency holder at least once every 2 years; however, if the elevator is not an escalator or a dumbwaiter and the elevator serves only two adjacent floors and is covered by a service maintenance contract, no inspection shall be required so long as the service contract remains in effect.

- (b) The division may inspect an elevator whenever necessary to ensure its safe operation or when a third-party inspection service is not available for a routine inspection.
- (2) The division <u>may</u> <u>shall</u> employ state elevator inspectors to conduct the inspections <u>as</u> required by subsection (1) <u>and may charge an inspection fee for each inspection in an amount sufficient to cover the costs of that <u>inspection</u>, <u>as provided by rule</u>. Each state elevator inspector shall hold a certificate of competency issued by the division.</u>
- (3) Whenever the division determines from the results of any inspection that, in the interest of the public safety, an elevator is in an unsafe condition, the division may seal the elevator or order the discontinuance of the use of the elevator until the division determines by inspection that such elevator has been satisfactorily repaired or replaced so that the elevator may be operated in a safe manner.
- (4) When the division determines that an elevator is in violation of this chapter, the division may issue an order to the elevator owner requiring correction of the violation.

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Section 6. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (3) of section 489.509, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.509 Fees.--

(3) Four dollars of each fee under subsection (1) paid to the department at the time of application or renewal shall be transferred at the end of each licensing period to the Department of Community Affairs Education to fund projects relating to the building construction industry or continuing education programs offered to persons engaged in the building construction industry in Florida. The board shall, at the time the funds are transferred, advise the Department of Community Affairs Education on the most needed areas of research or continuing education based on significant changes in the industry's practices or on the most common types of consumer complaints or on problems costing the state or local governmental entities substantial waste. The board's advice is not binding on the Department of Community Affairs Education. The Department of Education must allocate 50 percent of the funds to a graduate program in building construction in a Florida university and 50 percent of the funds to all accredited private and state universities and community colleges within the state offering approved courses in building construction, with each university or college receiving a pro rata share of such funds based upon the number of full-time building construction students enrolled at the institution. The Department of Community Affairs Education shall ensure the distribution of research reports and the availability of continuing education programs to all segments of the building construction industry to which they relate. The Department of Community Affairs Education shall report to

the board in October of each year, summarizing the allocation of the funds by institution and summarizing the new projects funded and the status of previously funded projects. The Commissioner of Education is directed to appoint one electrical contractor and one certified alarm system contractor to the Building Construction Industry Advisory Committee.

Section 7. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (3) of section 489.537, Florida Statutes, to read:

489.537 Application of this part.--

- (3) Nothing in this act limits the power of a municipality or county:
- (f) To require that one electrical journeyman, who is a graduate of the Institute of Applied Technology in Construction Excellence or licensed pursuant to s. 489.5335, be present on an industrial or commercial new construction site with a facility of 50,000 gross square feet or more when electrical work in excess of 77 volts is being performed in order to supervise or perform such work, except as provided in s. 489.503.

Section 8. Effective upon this act becoming a law, present subsections (7) through (15) of section 553.36, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (8) through (16), respectively, and a new subsection (7) is added to that section, to read:

- 553.36 Definitions.--The definitions contained in this section govern the construction of this part unless the context otherwise requires.
- (7) "Factory-built school shelter" means any site-assembled or factory-built school building that is designed to be portable, relocatable, demountable, or

reconstructible and that complies with the provisions for enhanced hurricane protection areas, as required by the applicable code.

Section 9. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 553.415, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.415 Factory-built school buildings.--

- (1) It is the purpose of this section to provide an alternative procedure for the construction and installation of factory-built school buildings designed or intended for use as school buildings. As used in this section, the term "factory-built school building" means any building designed or intended for use as a school building, which is in whole or in part, manufactured at an offsite facility in compliance with the State Uniform Code for Public Educational Facilities and Department of Education rule, effective on January 5, 2000. After January 1, 2002 July 1, 2001, the Uniform Code for Public Educational Facilities shall be incorporated into the Florida Building Code, including specific requirements for Public Educational Facilities and the Department of Education rule, effective on January 5, 2000. For the purpose of this section, factory-built school buildings include prefabricated educational facilities, factory-built educational facilities, and modular-built educational facilities, that are designed to be portable, relocatable, demountable, or reconstructible; are used primarily as classrooms or the components of an entire school; and do not fall under the provisions of ss. 320.822-320.862.
- (2) A manufacturer of factory-built school buildings shall be subject to the certification and enforcement requirements in this part except as provided in this section.

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- (3) Within 90 days after the effective date of this section, the department shall adopt by emergency rule regulations to carry out the provisions of this section. Such rule shall ensure the safety of design, construction, accessibility, alterations, and inspections and shall also prescribe procedures for the plans, specifications, and methods of construction to be submitted to the department for approval.
- (4) A manufacturer of factory-built school buildings designed or intended for use as school buildings shall submit to the department for approval the manufacturer's plans, specifications, alterations, and methods of construction. The department is authorized to charge manufacturers a fee which reflects the actual expenses incurred for the review of such plans and specifications.
- and procedures adopted pursuant to this section and as such standards and procedures may thereafter be modified, shall approve or reject such plans, specifications, and methods of construction. Approval shall not be given unless such plans, specifications, and methods of construction are in compliance with the State Uniform Building Code for Public Educational Facilities and department rule. After <u>January 1, 2002 July 1, 2001</u>, the Uniform Code for Public Educational facilities shall be incorporated into the Florida Building Code, including specific requirements for public educational facilities and department rule.
- (6) The department may delegate its plans review authority to a state agency or public or private entity; however, the department shall ensure that any person

conducting plans reviews is a certified plans examiner, pursuant to part XII of chapter 468.

- (7) A standard plan approval may be obtained from the department for factory-built school buildings and such department-approved plans shall be accepted by the enforcement agency as approved for the purpose of obtaining a construction permit for the structure itself. The department, or its designated representative, shall determine if the plans qualify for purposes of a factory-built school shelter, as defined in s. 553.36.
- (8) Any amendment to the State Uniform Code for Public Educational Facilities, and after January 1, 2002 July 1, 2001, the Florida Building Code, shall become effective 180 days after the amendment is filed with the Secretary of State. Notwithstanding the 180-day delayed effective date, the manufacturer shall submit and obtain a revised approved plan within the 180 days. A revised plan submitted pursuant to this subsection shall be processed as a renewal or revision with appropriate fees. A plan submitted after the period of time provided shall be processed as a new application with appropriate fees.
- (9) The school district or community college district for which any factory-built school building is constructed or altered after July 1, 2001, shall provide for periodic inspection of the proposed factory-built school building during each phase of construction or alteration. The inspector shall act under the direction of the governing board for employment purposes. This subsection does not prevent a school district or community college district from purchasing or otherwise using a factory-built school building that has been inspected during all phases of construction or alteration

conducted after July 1, 2002, by another school district or community college or by an approved inspection agency certified pursuant to s. 553.36(2). If a factory-built school building is constructed or altered for an entity other than a school district or community college district, such entity may employ at its election a school district, community college district, or such approved inspection agency to conduct such inspections. A school district or community college district so employed may charge such entity for services at reasonable rates comparable to those charged for similar services by approved inspection agencies.

- (10) The department shall, by rule, develop forms and reporting periods for the architect or structural engineer in charge of the supervision of the work of construction in the factory, the inspector on the work, and the manufacturer verifying that based upon personal knowledge, the work during the period covered by the report has been performed, and the materials used and installed, in every particular, in accordance with the approved plans and specifications, setting forth such detailed statements of facts as required by the department.
- identification label to be affixed to all newly constructed factory-built school buildings and existing factory-built school buildings which have been brought into compliance with the standards for existing "satisfactory" buildings pursuant to chapter 5 of the Uniform Code for Public Educational Facilities, and after January 1, 2002 July 1, 2001, the Florida Building Code. The department may charge a fee for issuing such labels. Such labels, bearing the department's name and state seal, shall at a minimum, contain:

- 1 (a) The name of the manufacturer.
 - (b) The standard plan approval number or alteration number.
 - (c) The date of manufacture or alteration.
 - (d) The serial or other identification number.
 - (e) The following designed-for loads: lbs. per square foot live load; lbs. per square foot floor live load; lbs. per square foot horizontal wind load; and lbs. per square foot wind uplift load.
 - (f) The designed-for flood zone usage.
 - (g) The designed-for wind zone usage.
 - (h) The designed-for enhanced hurricane protection zone usage: yes or no.
 - (12) Such identification label shall be permanently affixed by the manufacturer in the case of newly constructed factory-built school buildings, or by the department or its designee in the case of an existing factory-built building altered to comply with provisions of s. 235.061.
 - (13) As of July 1, 2001, all existing and newly constructed factory-built school buildings shall bear a label pursuant to subsection (12). As of July 1, 2002, existing factory-built school buildings and manufactured building used as classrooms and not bearing such label shall not be used as classrooms pursuant to s. 235.061.
 - (14) Nothing in this section shall affect any requirement for compliance with firesafety criteria.
 - Section 10. Effective July 1, 2001, section 553.505, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 553.505 Exceptions to applicability of the Americans with Disabilities Act.--Notwithstanding the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, private clubs are governed by ss.

553.501-553.513. Parking spaces, parking lots, and other parking facilities are governed by $\underline{s.553.5041}$ $\underline{s.316.1955}$, when that section provides increased accessibility.

Section 11. Effective July 1, 2001, section 553.507, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.507 Exemptions.--Sections 553.501-553.513 and s. $\frac{316.1955(4)}{0}$ not apply to any of the following:

- (1) Buildings, structures, or facilities that were either under construction or under contract for construction on October 1, 1997.
- (2) Buildings, structures, or facilities that were in existence on October 1, 1997, unless:
- (a) The building, structure, or facility is being converted from residential to nonresidential or mixed use, as defined by local law;
- (b) The proposed alteration or renovation of the building, structure, or facility will affect usability or accessibility to a degree that invokes the requirements of s. 303(a) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990; or
- (c) The original construction or any former alteration or renovation of the building, structure, or facility was carried out in violation of applicable permitting law.

Section 12. Subsections (2) and (3), paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and subsections (5), (6), and (7) of section 553.73, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 40 of chapter 98-287, Laws of Florida, as amended by section 61 of chapter 98-419, Laws of Florida, as amended by sections 73, 74, and 75 of chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, and section 62 of chapter 2000-154, Laws of Florida, are amended, and present subsections (8), (9), and (10) of that section are

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redesignated as subsections (9), (10), and (11), respectively, to read:

553.73 State Minimum Building Codes.--

(2) The Florida Building Code shall contain provisions or requirements for public and private buildings, structures, and facilities relative to structural, mechanical, electrical, plumbing, energy, and gas systems, existing buildings, historical buildings, manufactured buildings, elevators, coastal construction, lodging facilities, food sales and food service facilities, health care facilities, including assisted living facilities, adult day care facilities, and facilities for the control of radiation hazards, public or private educational facilities, swimming pools, and correctional facilities and enforcement of and compliance with such provisions or requirements. Further, the Florida Building Code must provide for uniform implementation of ss. 515.25, 515.27, and 515.29 by including standards and criteria for residential swimming pool barriers, pool covers, latching devices, door and window exit alarms, and other equipment required therein, which are consistent with the intent of s. 515.23. Technical provisions to be contained within the Florida Building Code are restricted to requirements related to the types of materials used and construction methods and standards employed in order to meet criteria specified in the Florida Building Code. Provisions relating to the personnel, supervision or training of personnel, or any other professional qualification requirements relating to contractors or their workforce may not be included within the Florida Building Code, and subsections (4), (5), and (6) are not to be construed to allow the inclusion of such provisions within the Florida Building

Code by amendment. This restriction applies to both initial development and amendment of the Florida Building Code.

- (3) The commission shall select from available national or international model building codes, or other available building codes and standards currently recognized by the laws of this state, to form the foundation for the Florida Building Code. The commission may modify the selected model codes and standards as needed to accommodate the specific needs of this state. Standards or criteria referenced by the selected model codes shall be similarly incorporated by reference. If a referenced standard or criterion requires amplification or modification to be appropriate for use in this state, only the amplification or modification shall be specifically set forth in the Florida Building Code. The Florida Building Commission may approve technical amendments to the code after the amendments have been subject to the following conditions:
- (a) The proposed amendment has been published on the commission's website for a minimum of 45 days and all the associated documentation has been made available to any interested party before any consideration by any Technical Advisory Committee;
- (b) In order for a Technical Advisory Committee to make a favorable recommendation to the commission, the proposal must receive a three-fourths vote of the members present at the Technical Advisory Committee meeting and at least half of the regular members must be present in order to conduct a meeting;
- (c) After Technical Advisory Committee consideration and a recommendation for approval of any proposed amendment, the proposal must be published on the commission's website for

not less than 45 days before any consideration by the
commission; and

(d) Any proposal may be modified by the commission based on public testimony and evidence from a public hearing held in accordance with chapter 120.

The commission shall incorporate within sections of the Florida Building Code provisions which address regional and local concerns and variations. The commission shall make every effort to minimize conflicts between the Florida Building Code, the Florida Fire Prevention Code, and the Life Safety Code.

(4)

- (b) Local governments may, subject to the limitations of this section, adopt amendments to the technical provisions of the Florida Building Code which apply solely within the jurisdiction of such government and which provide for more stringent requirements than those specified in the Florida Building Code, not more than once every 6 months, provided:
- 1. The local governing body determines, following a public hearing which has been advertised in a newspaper of general circulation at least 10 days before the hearing, that there is a need to strengthen the requirements of the Florida Building Code. The determination must be based upon a review of local conditions by the local governing body, which review demonstrates that local conditions justify more stringent requirements than those specified in the Florida Building Code for the protection of life and property.
- 2. Such additional requirements are not discriminatory against materials, products, or construction techniques of demonstrated capabilities.

- 3. Such additional requirements may not introduce a new subject not addressed in the Florida Building Code.
- 4. The enforcing agency shall make readily available, in a usable format, all amendments adopted pursuant to this section.
- 5. Any amendment to the Florida Building Code shall be transmitted within 30 days by the adopting local government to the commission. The commission shall maintain copies of all such amendments in a format that is usable and obtainable by the public.
- 6. Any amendment to the Florida Building Code adopted by a local government pursuant to this paragraph shall be effective only until the adoption by the commission of the new edition of the Florida Building Code every third year. At such time, the commission shall review such amendment for consistency with the criteria in paragraph (6)(a) and adopt such amendment as part of the Florida Building Code or rescind the amendment. The commission shall immediately notify the respective local government of the rescission of any amendment. After receiving such notice, the respective local government may readopt the rescinded amendment pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph.
- 7. Each county and municipality desiring to make local technical amendments to the Florida Building Code shall by interlocal agreement establish a countywide compliance review board to review any amendment to the Florida Building Code, adopted by a local government within the county pursuant to this paragraph, that is challenged by any substantially affected party for purposes of determining the amendment's compliance with this paragraph. If the compliance review board determines such amendment is not in compliance with this

paragraph, the compliance review board shall notify such local government of the noncompliance and that the amendment is invalid and unenforceable until the local government corrects the amendment to bring it into compliance. The local government may appeal the decision of the compliance review board to the commission, which shall conduct a hearing under chapter 120 and the uniform rules of procedure. If the compliance review board determines such amendment to be in compliance with this paragraph, any substantially affected party may appeal such determination to the commission, which shall conduct a hearing under chapter 120 and the uniform rules of procedure. Actions of the commission are subject to judicial review pursuant to s. 120.68. The compliance review board shall determine whether its decisions apply to a respective local jurisdiction or apply countywide.

- 8. An amendment adopted under this paragraph shall include a fiscal impact statement which documents the costs and benefits of the proposed amendment. Criteria for the fiscal impact statement shall include the impact to local government relative to enforcement, the impact to property and building owners, as well as to industry, relative to the cost of compliance. The fiscal impact statement may not be used as a basis for challenging the amendment for compliance.
- 9. In addition to subparagraphs 7. and 8., the commission may review any amendments adopted pursuant to this subsection and make nonbinding recommendations related to compliance of such amendments with this subsection.
- (5) The commission, by rule adopted pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, shall update the Florida Building Code every 3 years. The initial adoption of, and any subsequent update or amendment to, the Florida Building Code by the

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commission is deemed adopted for use statewide without adoptions by local government. For a building permit for which an application is submitted prior to the effective date of the Florida Building Code, the state minimum building code in effect in the permitting jurisdiction on the date of the application governs the permitted work for the life of the permit and any extension granted to the permit.

(6) The commission, by rule adopted pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, shall update the Florida Building Code every 3 years. When updating the Florida Building Code, the commission shall consider changes made by the adopting entity of any selected model code for any model code incorporated into the Florida Building Code, and may subsequently adopt the new edition or successor of the model code or any part of such code, no sooner than 6 months after such model code has been adopted by the adopting organization, which may then be modified for this state as provided in this section, and shall further consider the commission's own interpretations, declaratory statements, appellate decisions, and approved statewide and local technical amendments. A change made by an institute or standards organization to any standard or criterion that is adopted by reference in the Florida Building Code does not become effective statewide until it has been adopted by the commission. Furthermore, the edition of the Florida Building Code which is in effect on the date of application for of any permit authorized by the code governs the permitted work for the life of the permit and any extension granted to the permit. Any amendment to the Florida Building Code which is adopted upon a finding by the commission that the amendment is necessary to protect the public from immediate threat of harm takes effect immediately.

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 $(7)\frac{(6)}{(a)}$ The commission may approve technical amendments to the Florida Building Code once each year for statewide or regional application upon a finding that the amendment:

- 1. Has a reasonable and substantial connection with the health, safety, and welfare of the general public.
- Strengthens or improves the Florida Building Code, or in the case of innovation or new technology, will provide equivalent or better products or methods or systems of construction.
- 3. Does not discriminate against materials, products, methods, or systems of construction of demonstrated capabilities.
- 4. Does not degrade the effectiveness of the Florida Building Code.

Furthermore, the Florida Building Commission may approve technical amendments to the code once each year to incorporate into the Florida Building Code its own interpretations of the code which are embodied in its opinions and declaratory statements. Amendments approved under this paragraph shall be adopted by rule pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, after the amendments have been subjected to the provisions of subsection (3).

(b) A proposed amendment shall include a fiscal impact statement which documents the costs and benefits of the proposed amendment. Criteria for the fiscal impact statement shall be established by rule by the commission and shall include the impact to local government relative to enforcement, the impact to property and building owners, as well as to industry, relative to the cost of compliance.

- (c) The commission may not approve any proposed amendment that does not accurately and completely address all requirements for amendment which are set forth in this section.
- (8) (7) The following buildings, structures, and facilities are exempt from the Florida Building Code as provided by law, and any further exemptions shall be as determined by the Legislature and provided by law:
- $\hbox{(a)} \quad \hbox{{\tt Buildings} and structures specifically regulated} \\$ and preempted by the Federal Government.
- (b) Railroads and ancillary facilities associated with the railroad.
 - (c) Nonresidential farm buildings on farms.
- (d) Temporary buildings or sheds used exclusively for construction purposes.
- (e) Mobile homes used as temporary offices, except that the provisions of part V relating to accessibility by persons with disabilities shall apply to such mobile homes.
- (f) Those structures or facilities of electric utilities, as defined in s. 366.02, which are directly involved in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electricity.
- (g) Temporary sets, assemblies, or structures used in commercial motion picture or television production, or any sound-recording equipment used in such production, on or off the premises.
- (h) Storage sheds that are not designed for human habitation and that have a floor area of 720 square feet or less are not required to comply with the mandatory wind-borne-debris-impact standards of the Florida Building Code.

(i) Chickees constructed by the Miccosukee Tribe of
Indians of Florida or the Seminole Tribe of Florida. As used
in this paragraph, the term "chickee" means an open-sided
wooden hut that has a thatched roof of palm or palmetto or
other traditional materials, and that does not incorporate any
electrical, plumbing, or other nonwood features.

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With the exception of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (f), in order to preserve the health, safety, and welfare of the public, the Florida Building Commission may, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, provide for exceptions to the broad categories of buildings exempted in this section, including exceptions for application of specific sections of the code or standards adopted therein. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall have exclusive authority to adopt by rule, pursuant to chapter 120, exceptions to nonresidential farm buildings exempted in paragraph (c) when reasonably necessary to preserve public health, safety, and welfare. The exceptions must be based upon specific criteria, such as under-roof floor area, aggregate electrical service capacity, HVAC system capacity, or other building requirements. Further, the commission may recommend to the Legislature additional categories of buildings, structures, or facilities which should be exempted from the Florida Building Code, to be provided by law.

Section 13. Paragraphs (e) and (h) of subsection (1) and subsections (2) and (6) of section 553.77, Florida

Statutes, as amended by section 46 of chapter 98-287, Laws of Florida, as amended by section 78 of chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, as amended by section 79 of chapter 2000-141, Laws of

Florida, are amended, and subsection (7) is added to that section, to read:

553.77 Specific powers of the commission.--

- (1) The commission shall:
- (e) When requested in writing by any substantially affected person, state agency, or a local enforcing agency, shall issue declaratory statements pursuant to s. 120.565 relating to this part and ss. 515.25, 515.27, 515.29, and 515.37. Actions of the commission are subject to judicial review pursuant to s. 120.68.
- (h) Hear appeals of the decisions of local boards of appeal regarding interpretation decisions of local building officials, or if no local board exists, hear appeals of decisions of the building officials regarding interpretations of the code. For such appeals:
- 1. Local decisions declaring structures to be unsafe and subject to repair or demolition shall not be appealable to the commission if the local governing body finds there is an immediate danger to the health and safety of its citizens.
- 2. All appeals shall be heard in the county of the jurisdiction defending the appeal.
- 3. Hearings shall be conducted pursuant to chapter 120 and the uniform rules of procedure, and decisions Actions of the commission are subject to judicial review pursuant to s. 120.68.
- (2) With respect to the qualification program for special inspectors of threshold buildings as required by s. 553.79(5)(c), the commission may prescribe initial and annual renewal fees for certification, by rule, in accordance with chapter 120.

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- The commission may provide by rule for plans review and approval of prototype buildings owned by public and private entities to be replicated throughout the state. The rule must allow for review and approval of plans for prototype buildings to be performed by a public or private entity with oversight by the commission. The department may charge reasonable fees to cover the administrative costs of the program. Such approved plans or prototype buildings shall be exempt from further review required by s. 553.79(2), except changes to the prototype design, site plans, and other site-related items. As provided in s. 553.73, prototype buildings are exempt from, or any locally adopted local amendment to any part of the Florida Building Code. Construction or erection of such prototype buildings is subject to local permitting and inspections pursuant to this part.
- (7) The commission may produce and distribute a commentary document to accompany the Florida Building Code.

 The commentary must be limited in effect to providing technical assistance and must not have the effect of binding interpretations of the code document itself.

Section 14. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 553.79, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 49 of chapter 98-287, Laws of Florida, as amended by sections 83 and 84 of chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

553.79 Permits; applications; issuance; inspections.--

(2) Except as provided in subsection (6), an No enforcing agency may not issue any permit for construction, erection, alteration, modification, repair, or demolition of any building or structure until the local building code administrator or inspector has reviewed the plans and

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specifications required by the Florida Building Code, or local 1 amendment thereto, for such proposal and found the plans to be in compliance with the Florida Building Code. In addition, an enforcing agency may not issue any permit for construction, erection, alteration, modification, repair, or demolition of any building until the appropriate firesafety inspector certified pursuant to s. 633.081 has reviewed the plans and specifications required by the Florida Building Code, or local amendment thereto, for such proposal and found that the plans comply with the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Life Safety Code. Any building or structure which is not subject to 12 a firesafety code shall not be required to have its plans reviewed by the firesafety inspector. Any building or 14 structure that is exempt from the local building permit process may not be required to have its plans reviewed by the local building code administrator. Industrial construction on 16 17 sites where design, construction, and firesafety are supervised by appropriate design and inspection professionals 18 and which contain adequate in-house fire departments and 20 rescue squads is exempt, subject to local government option, from review of plans and inspections, providing owners certify 21 22 that applicable codes and standards have been met and supply 23 appropriate approved drawings to local building and firesafety inspectors. The enforcing agency shall issue a permit to 24 construct, erect, alter, modify, repair, or demolish any 25 26 building or structure when the plans and specifications for 27 such proposal comply with the provisions of the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the 28 29 Life Safety Code as determined by the local authority in accordance with this chapter and chapter 633.

(6) A permit may not be issued for any building construction, erection, alteration, modification, repair, or addition unless the applicant for such permit complies with the requirements for plan review established by the Florida Building Commission within the Florida Building Code. However, the code shall set standards and criteria to authorize preliminary construction before completion of all building plans review, including, but not limited to, special permits for the foundation only, and such standards shall take effect concurrent with the first effective date of the Florida Building Code.

Section 15. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 553.84, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 88 of chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

other remedies available, any person or party, in an individual capacity or on behalf of a class of persons or parties, damaged as a result of a violation of this part or the Florida Building Code, has a cause of action in any court of competent jurisdiction against the person or party who committed the violation; however, if the person or party obtains the required building permits and any local government or public agency with authority to enforce the Florida Building Code approves the plans, if the construction project passes all required inspections under the code, and if there is no personal injury or damage to property other than the property that is the subject of the permits, plans, and inspections, this section does not apply unless the person or party knew or should have known that the violation existed.

Section 16. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 553.8412, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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553.8412 Legislative intent; delivery of training; outsourcing.--

- (1) The number of licensees who will require initial training for the Florida Building Code is in excess of 100,000. It is the intent of the Legislature that the Florida Building Commission make sure that initial training for the Florida Building Code be achieved as soon as practicable to ensure compliance. It is further the intent of the Legislature that the Florida Building Commission encourage and promote improved coordination between industry associations as a way to achieve better compliance with Florida's building codes.
- (2) Not more than 60 days after the effective date of this section, the Florida Building Commission and the department shall provide for statewide outreach for training on the Florida Building Code. The Florida Building Commission and the department shall achieve statewide outreach for training through organizations, including, but not limited to, existing licensee trade and professional associations. The Florida Building Commission or the department may not exclude participation in statewide outreach by any trade or professional association that has as its primary constituency members who are required to comply with the training requirements of the Florida Building Code. Wherever possible and by contract pursuant to s. 287.057, the Florida Building Commission and the department shall outsource components, outreach, and coordination of training and the training itself to prevent duplication and ensure the most expeditious and consistent delivery and minimize administrative costs to the commission and the department. This section does not prohibit any qualified entity from providing training on the Florida Building Code.

- (3) To the extent available, funding for outreach, coordination of training, or training may come from existing resources. If necessary, the Florida Building Commission or the department may seek additional or supplemental funds pursuant to s. 215.559(5). This section does not preclude the Florida Building Commission from charging fees to fund the building code training program in a self-sufficient manner as provided in s. 553.841(5).
- (4) This section is repealed June 30, 2003, unless reenacted by the Legislature.

Section 17. Effective July 1, 2001, section 553.842, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.842 Product evaluation and approval.--

- (1) The commission shall adopt rules under ss.

 120.536(1) and 120.54 make recommendations to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives prior to the 2001 Regular Session to develop and implement a product evaluation and approval system that applies statewide to operate in coordination with the Florida Building Code. The commission may enter into contracts to provide for administration of the product evaluation and approval system. The product evaluation and approval system shall provide:
- (a) Appropriate promotion of innovation and new technologies.
- (b) Processing submittals of products from manufacturers in a timely manner.
- (c) Independent, third-party qualified and accredited testing and laboratory facilities, product evaluation entities, quality-assurance agencies, certification agencies, and validation entities.

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- (d) An easily accessible product acceptance list to 1 entities subject to the Florida Building Code.
 - (e) Development of stringent but reasonable testing criteria based upon existing consensus standards, when available, for products.
 - (f) Long-term approvals, where feasible. State and local approvals will be valid until the requirements of the code on which the approval is based change, the product changes in a manner affecting its performance as required by the code, or the approval is revoked.
 - (g) Criteria for recall or revocation of a product approval.
 - (h) Cost-effectiveness.
 - (2) The product evaluation and approval system shall rely on regional, national, and international consensus standards, whenever adopted by the Florida Building Code, for demonstrating compliance with code standards. Other standards which meet or exceed established state requirements shall also be considered.
 - (3) Products or methods or systems of construction that require approval under s. 553.77, that have standardized testing or comparative or rational analysis methods established by the code, required to be approved and that are certified by an approved product evaluation entity, testing laboratory, or certification agency as complying with the standards specified by the code shall be approved for local or statewide use by one of the methods established in subsection (6) permitted to be used statewide, without further evaluation or approval.
 - (4) By October 1, 2003, products or methods or systems of construction requiring approval under s. 553.77 must be

approved by one of the methods established in subsection (5) or subsection (6) before their use in construction in this state. Products may be approved either by the commission for statewide use, or by a local building department for use in that department's jurisdiction only. Notwithstanding a local government's authority to amend the Florida Building Code as provided in this act, statewide approval shall preclude local jurisdictions from requiring further testing, evaluation, or submission of other evidence as a condition of using the product so long as the product is being used consistent with the conditions of its approval.

- (5) Statewide and Local approval of products or methods or systems of construction may shall be achieved by the local building official through building plans review and inspection to determine that the product, method, or system of construction complies with the prescriptive standards established in the code. Alternatively, local approval may be achieved by one of the methods established in subsection (6).
- (6) Statewide or local approval of products, methods, or systems of construction may be achieved by one of the following methods. One of these methods must be used by local officials or the commission to approve the following categories of products: panel walls, exterior doors, roofing, skylights, windows, shutters, and structural components as established by the commission by rule.
- (a) Products for which the code establishes
 standardized testing or comparative or rational analysis
 methods shall be approved by submittal and validation of one
 of the following reports or listings indicating that the
 product or method or system of construction was evaluated to
 be in compliance with the Florida Building Code and that the

product or method or system of construction is, for the
purpose intended, at least equivalent to that required by the
Florida Building Code:

- 1. A certification mark or listing of an approved certification agency;
 - 2. A test report from an approved testing laboratory;
- 3. A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from an approved product evaluation entity; or
- 4. A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed and signed and sealed by a professional engineer or architect, licensed in this state.
- (b) Products, methods, or systems of construction for which there are no specific standardized testing or comparative or rational analysis methods established in the code may be approved by submittal and validation of one of the following:
- 1. A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from an approved product evaluation entity indicating that the product or method or system of construction was evaluated to be in compliance with the intent of the Florida Building Code and that the product or method or system of construction is, for the purpose intended, at least equivalent to that required by the Florida Building Code; or
- 2. A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed and signed and sealed by a professional engineer or architect, licensed in this state, who certifies that the product or method or system of construction is, for the

purpose intended, at least equivalent to that required by the Florida Building Code.

- (7) The commission shall ensure that product manufacturers operate quality-assurance programs for all approved products. The commission shall adopt by rule criteria for operation of the quality-assurance programs.
- (8) For local approvals, validation shall be performed by the local building official. The commission shall adopt by rule criteria constituting complete validation by the local official, including, but not limited to, criteria governing verification of a quality-assurance program. For state approvals, validation shall be performed by validation entities approved by the commission. The commission shall adopt by rule criteria for approval of validation entities, which shall be third-party entities independent of the product's manufacturer and which shall certify to the commission the product's compliance with the code.
- (9) The commission may adopt rules to approve the following types of entities that produce information on which product approvals are based. All of the following entities, including engineers and architects, must comply with a nationally recognized standard demonstrating independence or no conflict of interest:
- (a) Evaluation entities that meet the criteria for approval adopted by the commission by rule. The commission shall specifically approve the National Evaluation Service, the International Conference of Building Officials Evaluation Services, the Building Officials and Code Administrators

 International Evaluation Services, the Southern Building Code Congress International Evaluation Services, and the Miami-Dade County Building Code Compliance Office Product Control.

Architects and engineers licensed in this state are also approved to conduct product evaluations as provided in subsection (6).

- (b) Testing laboratories accredited by national organizations, such as A2LA and the National Voluntary
 Laboratory Accreditation Program, laboratories accredited by evaluation entities approved under paragraph (a), and laboratories that comply with other guidelines for testing laboratories selected by the commission and adopted by rule.
- (c) Quality-assurance entities approved by evaluation entities approved under paragraph (a) and by certification agencies approved under paragraph (d) and other quality-assurance entities that comply with guidelines selected by the commission and adopted by rule.
- (d) Certification agencies accredited by nationally recognized accreditors and other certification agencies that comply with guidelines selected by the commission and adopted by rule.
- (e) Validation entities that comply with accreditation standards established by the commission by rule.÷
- (a) Submittal and validation of a product evaluation report from an approved product evaluation entity indicating the product or method or system of construction was tested to be in compliance with the Florida Building Code or with the intent of the Florida Building Code and the product or method or system of construction is, for the purpose intended, at least equivalent of that required by the Florida Building Code; or
- (b) Submittal and validation of a product evaluation report or rational analysis which is signed and sealed by a professional engineer or architect, licensed in this state,

who has no conflict of interest, as determined by national guidelines, who certifies that the product or method or system of construction is, for the purpose intended, at least equivalent of that required by the Florida Building Code. Any product approved under this procedure shall be required to be manufactured under a quality assurance program, certified by an approved product evaluation entity.

(10)(6) A building official may deny the local application of a product or method or system of construction which has received statewide approval, based upon a written report signed by the official that concludes the product application is inconsistent with the statewide approval and that states the reasons the application is inconsistent. Such denial is subject to the provisions of s. 553.77 governing appeal of the building official's interpretation of the code.

(11)(7) Products, other than manufactured buildings, which are custom fabricated or assembled shall not require separate approval under this section provided the component parts have been approved for the fabricated or assembled product's use and the components meet the standards and requirements of the Florida Building Code which applies to the product's intended use.

(12)(8) A building official may appeal the required approval for local use of a product or method or system of construction to the commission. The commission shall conduct a hearing under chapter 120 and the uniform rules of procedure and shall establish expedited procedures to handle such appeals in an expedited manner.

 $\underline{(13)(9)}$ The decisions of local building officials shall be appealable to the local board of appeals, if such board exists, and then to the commission, which shall conduct

<u>a hearing under chapter 120 and the uniform rules of</u>
<u>procedure</u>. Decisions of the commission regarding statewide
product approvals and appeals of local product approval shall
be subject to judicial review pursuant to s. 120.68.

(14)(10) The commission shall maintain a list of the state-approved approved products, and product evaluation entities, testing laboratories, quality-assurance agencies, certification agencies, and validation entities and make such lists list available in the most cost-effective manner. The commission shall establish reasonable timeframes associated with the product approval process and availability of the lists list.

(15) The commission shall by rule establish criteria for revocation of product approvals as well as revocation of approvals of product evaluation entities, testing laboratories, quality-assurance entities, certification agencies, and validation entities. Revocation is governed by s. 120.60 and the uniform rules of procedure.

adoption of the rules required in this section to ensure that the product manufacturing industry has sufficient time to revise products to meet the requirements for approval and submit them for testing or evaluation before the system taking effect on October 1, 2003, and to ensure that the availability of statewide approval is not delayed.

(11) The commission may establish reasonable and appropriate fees for the review of rational analyses and certification of manufactured buildings submitted pursuant to this section and may enter into any contracts the commission deems necessary in order to implement this section.

with this section.

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Commission and the State Fire Marshal, are exempt from the

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

recognized independent evaluation authority or entity otherwise approved by the commission. Section 18. Effective July 1, 2001, subsection (2) of section 553.895, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 553.895 Firesafety.--(2) Except for single-family and two-family dwellings, any building which is of three stories or more and for which the construction contract is let after January 1, 1994, regardless of occupancy classification and including any building which is subject to s. 509.215, shall be equipped with an automatic sprinkler system installed in compliance with the provisions of chapter 633 and the rules and codes adopted pursuant thereto. A stand-alone parking garage constructed with noncombustible materials, the design of which is such that all levels of the garage are uniformly open to the atmosphere on all sides with percentages of openings as prescribed in the applicable building code, and which parking garage is separated from other structures by at least 20 feet, is exempt from the requirements of this subsection. Telecommunications spaces located within telecommunications buildings, if the spaces are equipped to meet an equivalent fire-prevention standard approved by both the Florida Building

(12) Products certified or approved for statewide or

local use by an approved product evaluation entity prior to

the effective date of this act shall be deemed to be approved

for use in this state pursuant to this section and to comply

For purposes of this section, an approved product evaluation

entity is an entity that has been accredited by a nationally

requirements of this subsection. In a building less than 75 1 2 feet in height which is protected throughout with an approved 3 and maintained fire sprinkler system, a manual wet standpipe, 4 as defined in the National Fire Protection Association Standard 14, Standard for the Installation of Standpipe, 5 6 Private Hydrant, and Hose Systems, shall be allowed. 7 Section 19. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 8 the Florida Building Commission shall research the issue of 9 adopting a rehabilitation code for the state and shall report to the Legislature before the 2002 Regular Session regarding 10 the feasibility of adopting such a code. The commission shall 11 review the rehabilitation codes adopted by other states as 12 13 part of its research. 14 Section 20. Effective upon this act becoming a law, the Florida Building Commission shall research the issue of 15 requiring all primary elevators in buildings with more than 16 17 five levels to operate with a universal key, thereby allowing access and operation by emergency personnel. The commission 18 19 must report its recommendations to the Legislature before the 20 2002 Regular Session. 21 Section 21. Notwithstanding any other provision in chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, effective upon this act 22 23 becoming a law, the effective date of the following sections 24 of chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, is changed to January 1, 2002: sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 25 26 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 36, 39, 44, 47, 48, 49, 52, 54, 56, 58, 59, 60, 62, 70, 71, 72, 27 75, 79, 81, 84, 86, 87, 88, 91, 92, 93, 94, and 99. 28 29 Section 22. Notwithstanding any other provision in chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, effective upon this act 30 becoming a law, the effective date of the following sections 31 40

 of chapter 98-287, Laws of Florida, as amended by chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, is changed to January 1, 2002: sections 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 24, 29, 31, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 44, 46, 47, 49, 51, and 56.

Section 23. Notwithstanding any other provision in chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, effective upon this act becoming a law, the effective date of section 61 of chapter 98-419, Laws of Florida, as amended by chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, is changed to January 1, 2002.

Section 24. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 135 of chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

Section 135. Effective <u>January 1, 2002</u> July 1, 2001, subsection (2) of section 255.21, Florida Statutes, paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (1) of section 395.1055, Florida Statutes, and subsection (11) of section 553.79, Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 25. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (2) of section 62 of chapter 98-287, Laws of Florida, as amended by section 107 of chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

Section 62.

(2) Effective <u>January 1, 2002</u> July 1, 2001, all existing local technical amendments to any building code adopted by any local government, except for local ordinances setting forth administrative requirements which are not in conflict with the Florida Building Code, are repealed. Each local government may readopt such amendments pursuant to s. 553.73, Florida Statutes, provided such amendments comply with applicable provisions of the Florida Building Code.

Section 26. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 1 2 section 68 of chapter 98-287, Laws of Florida, as amended by 3 section 108 of chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, is amended 4 to read: 5 Section 68. Effective January 1, 2002 July 1, 2001, parts I, II, and III of chapter 553, Florida Statutes, 6 7 consisting of sections 553.01, 553.02, 553.03, 553.04, 553.041, 553.05, 553.06, 553.07, 553.08, 553.10, 553.11, 8 9 553.14, 553.15, 553.16, 553.17, 553.18, 553.20, 553.21, 553.22, 553.23, 553.24, 553.25, 553.26, 553.27, and 553.28, 10 Florida Statutes, are repealed, section 553.141, Florida 11 12 Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 553.86, 13 Florida Statutes. 14 Section 27. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 15 funds that are available under sections 489.109(3) and 489.509(3), Florida Statutes, shall be allocated and expended 16 17 by the Florida Building Commission as provided in this 18 section. 19 (1) Effective upon this act becoming a law, the 20 Florida Building Commission shall appoint those members of the 21 Building Construction Industry Advisory Committee on October 1, 2001, as established by Rule 6A-10.029, Florida 22 23 Administrative Code, to the Education Technical Advisory Committee of the Florida Building Commission to complete their 24 terms of office. Members of the Florida Building Commission 25 26 shall also be appointed to the Education Technical Advisory Committee. The members of the committee shall broadly 27 represent the building construction industry and must consist 28 29 of no fewer than 10 persons. The chairperson of the Florida Building Commission shall annually designate the chairperson 30 of the committee. The terms of the committee members shall be 31 42

- 2 years each and members may be reappointed at the discretion of the Florida Building Commission.
- (a) Advise the commission on any policies or procedures needed to administer sections 489.109(3) and 489.509(3), Florida Statutes.
- (b) Advise the commission on administering section 553.841, Florida Statutes.
- (c) Advise the commission on areas of priority for which funds should be expended for research and continuing education.
- (d) Review all proposed research and continuing education projects and recommend to the commission those projects that should be funded and the amount of funds to be provided for each project.
- Department of Community Affairs from the Construction Industry
 Licensing Board and the Electrical Contractors' Licensing
 Board provided under sections 489.109(3) and 489.509(3),
 Florida Statutes, the commission shall determine the amount of funds available for research projects from the proceeds of contractor licensing fees and identify, solicit, and accept funds from other sources for research and continuing education projects.
- (4) If funds collected for research projects in any year do not require the use of all available funds, the unused funds shall be carried forward and allocated for use during the following fiscal year.
- Section 28. <u>Effective upon this act becoming a law,</u> the Florida Building Commission shall convene an ad hoc

subcommittee to recommend a procedure by which the public could elect to engage an engineer or architect to perform plans review and inspection for the construction, alteration, repair, or improvement of real property, and the appropriate role of the local building official in such an alternative plans review and inspection procedure and in the resulting issuance of a building permit and certificate of occupancy.

- (1) The ad hoc committee shall be composed of 11 members appointed by the chairperson of the commission who shall meet the following qualifications:
- (a) Five members from the Building Officials
 Association of Florida;
- (b) Two members from the Associated General Contractors of Florida;
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \underline{\mbox{(c)}} & \mbox{One member from the Florida Homebuilders} \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll$
 - (d) One member from the Florida Engineering Society;
- (e) One member from the Florida Association of the American Institute of Architects; and
 - (f) One member from the Florida Insurance Council.
- (2) The ad hoc subcommittee shall meet at least four times prior to January 1, 2002. Members may participate in any meeting via telephone conference if the technology is available at the meeting location. Members shall serve on a voluntary basis, without compensation and without reimbursement of per diem and travel expenses.
- (3) The ad hoc subcommittee shall examine the various processes used by local building officials throughout the state in conducting plans review for the construction, alteration, repair, or improvement of real property, and approving building permit applications, as well as those

processes used by local building officials in conducting required inspections for construction, alteration, repair, or improvement of real property, and issuing certificates of occupancy. The ad hoc subcommittee shall make recommendations on the following:

- (a) A procedure by which the public could elect to engage an engineer or architect to perform plans review and inspection for the construction, alteration, repair, or improvement of real property; and
- (b) The appropriate role of the local building official in such an alternative plans review and inspection procedure and in the resulting issuance of a building permit and certificate of occupancy.
- (4) The ad hoc subcommittee shall submit to the Florida Building Commission its recommendations and findings by January 1, 2002. The commission shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, before the beginning of the next regularly scheduled legislative session, a report of its findings, which shall include the recommendations of the ad hoc committee.
- (5) The Department of Community Affairs shall provide logistical and staff support for the ad hoc subcommittee.

Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 627.0629, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 99 of chapter 2000-141, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

- 627.0629 Residential property insurance; rate filings.--
- (1) A rate filing for residential property insurance must include actuarially reasonable discounts, credits, or other rate differentials, or appropriate reductions in

deductibles, for properties on which fixtures or construction techniques demonstrated to reduce the amount of loss in a windstorm have been installed or implemented. The fixtures or construction techniques shall include, but not be limited to, fixtures or construction techniques which enhance roof strength, roof covering performance, roof-to-wall strength, wall-to-floor-to-foundation strength, opening protection, and window, door, and skylight strength. Credits, discounts, or other rate differentials for fixtures and construction techniques which meet the minimum requirements of the Florida Building Code must be included in the rate filing. All insurance companies must make a rate filing which includes the credits, discounts, or other rate differentials by December 31 June 1, 2002.

Section 30. Effective upon this act becoming a law, paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 633.0215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.0215 Florida Fire Prevention Code. --

(3) No later than 180 days before the triennial adoption of the Florida Fire Prevention Code, the State Fire Marshal shall notify each municipal, county, and special district fire department of the triennial code adoption and steps necessary for local amendments to be included within the code. No later than 120 days before the triennial adoption of the Florida Fire Prevention Code, each local jurisdiction shall provide the State Fire Marshal with copies of its local fire code amendments. The State Fire Marshal has the option to process local fire code amendments that are received less than 120 days before the adoption date of the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

(c) Notwithstanding other state or local building and 1 2 construction code laws to the contrary, locally adopted fire 3 code requirements that were in existence on the effective date 4 of this section shall be deemed local variations of the 5 Florida Fire Prevention Code until the State Fire Marshal takes action to adopt as a statewide firesafety code 6 7 requirement or rescind such requirements as provided herein, 8 and such action shall take place no later than January 1, 2002 9 July 1, 2001. 10 Section 31. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 1 of chapter 2000-150, Laws of Florida, is repealed. 11 12 Section 32. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 13 the Florida Building Commission shall research and evaluate 14 the types of specific needs for the state and its localities 15 which are appropriate to justify amendments to the adopted Florida Building Code, as referenced in section 553.73(3), 16 17 Florida Statutes, and shall make recommendations regarding legislative clarification of this issue to the Legislature 18 19 prior to the 2002 Regular Session. The commission shall 20 consider needs relating to the state's geographic, climatic, soil, topographic, fire, and other conditions as part of its 21 evaluation. The commission shall adopt no amendments to the 22 23 Florida Building Code until after July 1, 2002, except for the following: emergency amendments, amendments clarifying 24 construction regulations for state agencies, amendments that 25 26 eliminate conflicts with state law or implement new authorities granted by law, and amendments to implement 27 settlement agreements executed prior to March 1, 2002. 28 29 Section 33. Effective upon this act becoming a law, the sum of \$250,000 is appropriated from the General Revenue 30 Fund to Florida Community College at Jacksonville for the 31

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    operations of the Institute of Applied Technology in
 2
    Construction Excellence.
           Section 34. The sum of $250,000 is appropriated from
 3
 4
    the General Revenue Fund to Miami-Dade Community College for
 5
    the purpose of implementing the building code training program
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    for inspectors, contractors, architects, and engineers.
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           Section 35. Except as otherwise expressively provided
    in this act, this act shall take effect January 1, 2002.
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.