Amendment No. ____ (for drafter's use only)

| | CHAMBER ACTION <u>Senate</u> House |
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| 5 | ORIGINAL STAMP BELOW |
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| 11 | The Committee on State Administration offered the following: |
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| 13 | Amendment (with title amendment) |
| 14 | On page 4, line 31 through page 15, line 17, |
| 15 | remove from the bill: all of said lines |
| 16 | |
| 17 | and insert in lieu thereof: bond for protection. <u>If the</u> |
| 18 | claimant serves the notice before, or not later than 45 days |
| 19 | after, commencing to furnish labor, services, or materials, a |
| 20 | claim against the bond may include amounts unpaid to the |
| 21 | claimant for all labor, services, or materials furnished on |
| 22 | the project and any unpaid finance charges due under the |
| 23 | claimant's contract. If the claimant serves the notice later |
| 24 | than 45 days after commencing to furnish labor, services, or |
| 25 | materials, the claimant's claim against the bond may only |
| 26 | include amounts unpaid for labor, services or materials |
| 27 | furnished on the project on or after the date the notice is |
| 28 | mailed or otherwise served in accordance with s. 713.18 and |
| 29 | any unpaid finance charges due under the claimant's contract |
| 30 | for such labor, services, or materials. A notice served on a |
| 31 | contractor later than 45 days after commencing to furnish |

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labor, services, or materials, must be accompanied by a sworn 2 statement of account as defined in s. 713.16(3). A claimant 3 who is not in privity with the contractor and who has not received payment for his or her labor, materials, or supplies shall deliver to the contractor and to the surety written notice of the performance of the labor or delivery of the materials or supplies and of the nonpayment. The notice of nonpayment may be served at any time during the progress of the work or thereafter but not before 45 days after the first 10 furnishing of labor, services, or materials, and not later than 90 days after the final furnishing of the labor, 11 12 services, or materials by the claimant or, with respect to 13 rental equipment, not later than 90 days after the date that 14 the rental equipment was last on the job site available for 15 use. No action for the labor, materials, or supplies may be 16 instituted against the contractor or the surety unless both notices have been given. Notices required or permitted under this section may be served in accordance with s. 713.18. An 18 action, except for an action exclusively for recovery of 19 20 retainage, must be instituted against the contractor or the surety on the payment bond or the payment provisions of a 21 combined payment and performance bond within 1 year after the 22 performance of the labor or completion of delivery of the 23 24 materials or supplies. An action exclusively for recovery of 25 retainage must be instituted against the contractor or the surety within 1 year after the performance of the labor or 26 27 completion of delivery of the materials or supplies, or within 90 days after the contractor's receipt of final payment (or 28 29 the payment estimate containing the owner's final 30 reconciliation of quantities if no further payment is earned and due as a result of deductive adjustments) by the

contractor or surety, whichever comes last. A claimant may not waive in advance his or her right to bring an action under the bond against the surety. In any action brought to enforce a claim against a payment bond under this section, the prevailing party is entitled to recover a reasonable fee for the services of his or her attorney for trial and appeal or for arbitration, in an amount to be determined by the court, which fee must be taxed as part of the prevailing party's costs, as allowed in equitable actions. The time periods for service of a notice of nonpayment or for bringing an action against a contractor or a surety shall be measured from the last day of furnishing labor, services, or materials by the claimant and shall not be measured by other standards, such as the issuance of a certificate of occupancy or the issuance of a certificate of substantial completion.

(3) The bond required in subsection (1) $\underline{\text{shall}}$ $\underline{\text{may}}$ be in substantially the following form:

PUBLIC CONSTRUCTION BOND

BY THIS BOND, We, as Principal and, a corporation, as Surety, are bound to, herein called Owner, in the sum of \$...., for payment of which we bind ourselves, our heirs, personal representatives, successors, and assigns, jointly and severally.

THE CONDITION OF THIS BOND is that if Principal:

- 1. Performs the contract dated,, between Principal and Owner for construction of, the contract being made a part of this bond by reference, at the times and in the manner prescribed in the contract; and
 - 2. Promptly makes payments to all claimants, as

defined in Section 255.05(1), Florida Statutes, supplying Principal with labor, materials, or supplies, used directly or indirectly by Principal in the prosecution of the work provided for in the contract; and

3 Pays Owner all losses damages expenses costs

- 3. Pays Owner all losses, damages, expenses, costs, and attorney's fees, including appellate proceedings, that Owner sustains because of a default by Principal under the contract; and
- 4. Performs the guarantee of all work and materials furnished under the contract for the time specified in the contract, then this bond is void; otherwise it remains in full force.

Any changes in or under the contract documents and compliance or noncompliance with any formalities connected with the contract or the changes does not affect Surety's obligation under this bond.

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DATED ON,

...(Name of Principal)...

By \dots (As Attorney in Fact) \dots

 \dots (Name of Surety) \dots

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Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section 713.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

713.06 Liens of persons not in privity; proper payments.--

(2)(a) All lienors under this section, except laborers, as a prerequisite to perfecting a lien under this chapter and recording a claim of lien, must serve a notice on

the owner setting forth the lienor's name and address, a

description sufficient for identification of the real 2 property, and the nature of the services or materials 3 furnished or to be furnished. A sub-subcontractor or a 4 materialman to a subcontractor must serve a copy of the notice 5 on the contractor as a prerequisite to perfecting a lien under this chapter and recording a claim of lien. A materialman to a 6 7 sub-subcontractor must serve a copy of the notice to owner on 8 the contractor as a prerequisite to perfecting a lien under this chapter and recording a claim of lien. A materialman to a 9 10 sub-subcontractor shall serve the notice to owner on the 11 subcontractor if the materialman knows the name and address of 12 the subcontractor. If the lienor serves the notice before, or not later than 45 days after, commencing to furnish labor, 13 services, or materials, the lienor's claim of lien may include 14 15 amounts unpaid to the lienor for all labor, services, or materials furnished on the project and any unpaid finance 16 17 charges due under the lienor's contract. If the lienor serves 18 the notice later than 45 days after commencing to furnish labor, services, or materials, the lienor's claim of lien may 19 only include amounts unpaid for labor, services or materials 20 furnished on the project on or after the date the notice is 21 mailed or otherwise served in accordance with s. 713.18 and 22 any unpaid finance charges due under the lienor's contract for 23 24 such labor, services, or materials. A notice served on an 25 owner or contractor later than 45 days after commencing to furnish labor, services, or materials, must be accompanied by 26 27 a sworn statement of account as defined in s. 713.16(3). The notice must be served before commencing, or not later than 45 28 29 days after commencing, to furnish his or her labor, services, 30 or materials, but, In any event, the notice shall be served before the date of the owner's disbursement of the final

payment after the contractor has furnished the affidavit under subparagraph (3)(d)1. The notice must be served regardless of the method of payments by the owner, whether proper or improper, and does not give to the lienor serving the notice any priority over other lienors in the same category; and the failure to serve the notice, or to timely serve it, is a complete defense to enforcement of a lien by any person. The serving of the notice does not dispense with recording the claim of lien. The notice is not a lien, cloud, or encumbrance on the real property nor actual or constructive notice of any of them.

- (3) The owner may make proper payments on the direct contract as to lienors under this section, in the following manner:
- (h) When the owner has properly retained all sums required in this section to be retained but has otherwise made improper payments, the owner's real property shall be liable to all laborers, subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, and materialmen complying with this chapter only to the extent of the retentions and the improper payments, notwithstanding the other provisions of this subsection. Any money paid by the owner on a direct contract, the payment of which is proved to have caused no detriment to any certain lienor, shall be held properly paid as to the lienor, and if any of the money shall be held not properly paid as to any other lienors, the entire benefit of its being held not properly paid as to them shall go to the lienors. An owner is not entitled to a proper payment defense to the extent of improper payments made by the owner at any time during the project.

Section 3. Section 713.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 713.18 Manner of serving notices and other 1 instruments.--
 - (1) Service of notices, claims of lien, affidavits, assignments, and other instruments permitted or required under this part, or copies thereof when so permitted or required, unless otherwise specifically provided in this part, must be made by one of the following methods:
 - (a) By actual delivery to the person to be served; or, if a partnership, to one of the partners; or, if a corporation, to an officer, director, managing agent, or business agent thereof.
 - (b) By sending mailing the same, postage prepaid, by registered or certified mail, with postage prepaid, or by overnight or second-day delivery with to the person to be served at her or his last known address and evidence of delivery.
 - 1. If a notice to owner, or a notice to contractor under s. 713.23, or a preliminary notice under s. 255.05 is mailed by registered or certified mail with postage prepaid to the person to be served at any of the addresses set forth in subparagraph 2. pursuant to this paragraph within 40 days after the date the lienor first furnishes labor, services, or materials, service of that notice is effective as of the date of mailing if the person who served the notice maintains a registered or certified mail log that shows the date the notice was served, the registered or certified mail number issued by the United States Postal Service, the name and address of the person served, and the date stamp of the United States Postal Service confirming the date of mailing.
 - 2. If an instrument served pursuant to this section paragraph to the last address shown in the notice of

commencement or any amendment thereto or, in the absence of a notice of commencement, to the last address shown in the building permit application, or to the last known address of the person to be served, is not received, but is returned by the United States Postal Service as being "refused," "moved, not forwardable," or "unclaimed," or is otherwise not delivered or deliverable through no fault of the person serving the item, then service is effective on the date the notice was sent; as of the date of mailing.

- (c) By facsimile transmission if the person being served has listed that person's facsimile phone number in the notice of commencement. The lienor's facsimile confirmation sheet with the correct facsimile phone number shall be proof of the date and time the notice was served; or
- $\underline{(d)(c)}$ If <u>none</u> neither of the foregoing methods can be accomplished, by posting on the premises.
- (2) If the real property is owned by more than one person <u>or a partnership</u>, a lienor may serve any notices or other papers under this part on any one of such owners <u>or partners</u>, and such notice is deemed notice to all owners <u>and partners</u>.
- (3) Service of notices or copies thereof, permitted or required under this part, may be made by facsimile transmission when the person being served has listed that person's facsimile phone number in the Notice of Commencement. The lienor's facsimile confirmation sheet with the correct facsimile phone number shall be proof of the date and time the notice was served.
- Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 713.245, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 713.245 Conditional payment bond. --

- (1) Notwithstanding any provisions of ss. 713.23 and 713.24 to the contrary, if the contractor's written contractual obligation to pay lienors is expressly conditioned upon and limited to the payments made by the owner to the contractor, the duty of the surety to pay lienors will be coextensive with the duty of the contractor to pay, if the following provisions are complied with:
- (a) The bond is listed in the Notice of Commencement for the project as a Conditional Payment Bond and is recorded along with the Notice of Commencement for the project, prior to commencement of the project.
- (b) The words "Conditional Payment Bond" are contained in the title of the bond at the top of the front page; and
- (c) The the bond contains on the front page, in at least 10-point type, the statement: THIS BOND ONLY COVERS CLAIMS OF SUBCONTRACTORS, SUB-SUBCONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS, AND LABORERS TO THE EXTENT THE CONTRACTOR HAS BEEN PAID FOR THE LABOR, SERVICES, OR MATERIALS PROVIDED BY SUCH PERSONS. THIS BOND DOES NOT PRECLUDE YOU FROM SERVING A NOTICE TO OWNER OR FILING A CLAIM OF LIEN ON THIS PROJECT.
- Section 5. Subsection (2) and paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section 95.11, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real property.—Actions other than for recovery of real property shall be commenced as follows:
 - (2) WITHIN FIVE YEARS.--
- (a) An action on a judgment or decree of any court, not of record, of this state or any court of the United States, any other state or territory in the United States, or a foreign country.

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(b) A legal or equitable action on a contract,
obligation, or liability founded on a written instrument
except for an action to enforce a claim against a payment
bond, which shall be governed by the applicable provisions of
s. 255.05(2)(a)2 and s. 713.23(1)(e).
       (c) An action to foreclose a mortgage.
       (5) WITHIN ONE YEAR.--
       (e) An action to enforce any claim against a payment
bond on which the principal is a contractor, subcontractor or
sub-subcontractor as defined in s. 713.01, for private work as
well as public work, from the last furnishing of labor,
services, or materials or from the last furnishing of labor,
services, or materials by the general contractor if the
general contractor is the principal on a bond on the same
construction project, whichever is later.
       Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001.
======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
And the title is amended as follows:
       On page 1, lines 6 through 18,
remove from the title of the bill: all of said lines
and insert in lieu thereof:
       requiring use of the statutory form; amending
       s. 713.06, F.S.; clarifying provisions relating
       to notice of claim against a lien; amending s.
       713.18, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
       manner of serving notices and certain
       instruments; amending s. 713.23, F.S.;
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a written notice of nonpayment of a payment bond; correcting a cross reference, to conform; amending s. 713.245, F.S., relating to conditional payment bonds; amending s. 95.11, F.S., to add cross-references regarding statutes of limitations for bond claims; clarifiying statute regarding contractor's bonds; providing an