1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to government accountability 3 and legal proceedings; amending s. 11.066, 4 F.S.; providing that property of the state or a monetary recovery made on behalf of the state 5 6 is not subject to a lien; amending s. 112.3175, 7 F.S.; providing that certain contracts executed 8 in violation of part III of ch. 112, F.S., are 9 presumed void or voidable; amending s. 287.058, F.S.; clarifying current requirement that 10 contractor on certain state contracts must 11 allow access to public records unless the 12 records are exempt; amending s. 287.059, F.S.; 13 14 providing additional requirements for contracts 15 for private attorney services; providing requirements for contingency fee contracts; 16 providing for binding arbitration in fee 17 disputes; providing requirements if multiple 18 19 law firms are parties to a contract; providing 20 requirements for private attorneys with respect 21 to maintaining documents and records and making such documents and records available for 22 inspection; creating s. 60.08, F.S.; providing 23 for injunctions without bond when sought by the 24 25 state or its agencies; amending s. 16.01, F.S.; 26 clarifying that certain provisions are not intended to authorize the joinder of the 27 28 Attorney General as party; amending s. 48.121, 29 F.S.; clarifying that the section is not 30 intended to authorize the joinder of the Attorney General or a state attorney as a 31

1 party; amending s. 45.051, F.S.; authorizing 2 the Division of Risk Management to enter into 3 indemnification agreements for supersedeas 4 bonds; amending s. 45.062.; providing 5 additional requirements with respect to 6 notification of certain settlements or orders; 7 providing that certain settlements or orders shall be contingent upon and subject to 8 9 legislative appropriation or statutory amendment; providing for the disposition of 10 funds; providing legislative intent; amending 11 12 s. 216.023, F.S.; providing for an inventory of all litigation in which an agency is involved 13 14 which may require additional appropriations to 15 the agency or amendments to the law under which the agency operates as a part of legislative 16 17 budget requests; amending s. 284.385, F.S.; 18 revising provisions relating to the reporting 19 and handling of claims by the Department of Insurance covered by the State Risk Management 20 21 Trust Fund; providing for severability; 22 providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (5) is added to section 11.066, Florida Statutes, to read:

11.066 Suits seeking monetary damages against the state or its agencies; payment of judgments; appropriations required.--

(5) The property of the state, the property of any 1 2 state agency, or any monetary recovery made on behalf of the 3 state or any state agency is not subject to a lien of any 4 kind. 5 Section 2. Section 112.3175, Florida Statutes, is 6 amended to read: 7 112.3175 Remedies; contracts voidable.--8 (1) Any contract that which has been executed in 9 violation of this part is voidable: 10 (a) (1) By any party to the contract. (b) (b) (2) In any circuit court, by any appropriate 11 12 action, by: 13 $1.\frac{(a)}{(a)}$ The commission. 14 2.(b) The Attorney General. 3.(c) Any citizen materially affected by the contract 15 16 and residing in the jurisdiction represented by the officer or 17 agency entering into such contract. 18 (2) Any contract that has been executed in violation 19 of this part is presumed void with respect to any former 20 employee or former public official of a state agency and is voidable with respect to any private-sector third party who 21 employs or retains in any capacity such former agency employee 22 or former public official. 23 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 287.058, Florida 24 25 Statutes, is amended to read: 26 287.058 Contract document.--(1) Every procurement of contractual services in 27 excess of the threshold amount provided in s. 287.017 for 28 29 CATEGORY TWO, except for the providing of health and mental health services or drugs in the examination, diagnosis, or 30 treatment of sick or injured state employees or the providing 31

of other benefits as required by the provisions of chapter 440, shall be evidenced by a written agreement embodying all provisions and conditions of the procurement of such services, which provisions and conditions shall, where applicable, include, but shall not be limited to:

- (a) A provision that bills for fees or other compensation for services or expenses be submitted in detail sufficient for a proper preaudit and postaudit thereof.
- (b) A provision that bills for any travel expenses be submitted in accordance with s. 112.061. A state agency may establish rates lower than the maximum provided in s. 112.061.
- (c) A provision allowing unilateral cancellation by the agency for refusal by the contractor to allow public access to all documents, papers, letters, or other material subject to the provisions of chapter 119 and made or received by the contractor in conjunction with the contract, unless the records are exempt from s. 24, (a) Art. I of the State Constitution and s. 119.07(1).
- (d) A provision dividing the contract into units of deliverables, which shall include, but not be limited to, reports, findings, and drafts, that must be received and accepted in writing by the contract manager prior to payment.
- (e) A provision specifying the criteria and the final date by which such criteria must be met for completion of the contract.
- (f) A provision specifying that the contract may be renewed on a yearly basis for a period of up to 2 years after the initial contract or for a period no longer than the term of the original contract, whichever period is longer, specifying the terms under which the cost may change as determined in the invitation to bid or request for proposals,

and specifying that renewals shall be contingent upon satisfactory performance evaluations by the agency and subject to the availability of funds.

In lieu of a written agreement, the department may authorize the use of a purchase order for classes of contractual services, provided the provisions of paragraphs (a)-(f) are included in the purchase order, invitation to bid, or request for proposals. The purchase order shall include an adequate description of the services, the contract period, and the method of payment. In lieu of printing the provisions of paragraphs (a)-(f) in the contract document or purchase order, agencies may incorporate the requirements of paragraphs (a)-(f) by reference.

Section 4. Section 287.059, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

287.059 Private attorney services.--

- (1) For purposes of this section, the term "agency" or "state agency" includes state officers, departments, boards, commissions, divisions, bureaus, councils, and units of organization, however designated, of the executive branch of state government, community and junior colleges, and multicounty special districts exclusive of those created by interlocal agreement or which have elected governing boards.
- (2) No agency shall contract for private attorney services without the prior written approval of the Attorney General, except that such written approval is not required for private attorney services:
- (a) Procured by the Executive Office of the Governor or any department under the exclusive jurisdiction of a single Cabinet officer.

(b) Provided by legal services organizations to indigent clients.

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- (c) Necessary to represent the state in litigation involving the State Risk Management Trust Fund pursuant to part II of chapter 284.
- (d) Procured by the Board of Regents and the universities of the State University System.
- (e) Procured by community and junior colleges and multicounty special districts.
- (f) Procured by the Board of Trustees for the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind.
- (3) An agency requesting approval for the use of private attorney services shall first offer to contract with the Department of Legal Affairs for such attorney services at a cost pursuant to mutual agreement. The Attorney General shall decide on a case-by-case basis to accept or decline to provide such attorney services as staffing, expertise, or other legal or economic considerations warrant. Attorney General declines to provide the requested attorney services, the Attorney General's written approval shall include a statement that the private attorney services requested cannot be provided by the office of the Attorney General or that such private attorney services are cost-effective in the opinion of the Attorney General. Attorney General shall not consider political affiliation in making such decision. The office of the Attorney General shall respond to the request of an agency for prior written approval within 10 working days after receiving such request. The Attorney General may request additional information necessary for evaluation of a request. The Attorney General shall respond to the request within 10 working days after

receipt of the requested information. Those agencies exempt from written approval from the Attorney General, as described in paragraphs (2)(a)-(f), may contract with the Department of Legal Affairs for attorney services. The Attorney General shall determine on a case-by-case basis whether to provide such attorney services as staffing, expertise, or other legal considerations warrant. The Attorney General may adopt, by rule, a form on which agencies requesting written approval for private attorney services shall provide information concerning:

- (a) The nature of the attorney services to be provided and the issues involved.
- (b) The need for use of private attorneys, rather than agency staff attorneys, utilizing the criteria provided in subsection(9)(8).
- (c) The criteria by which the agency selected the private attorney or law firm it proposes to employ, utilizing the criteria provided in subsection(10)(9).
 - (d) Competitive fees for similar attorney services.
- (e) The agency's analysis estimating the number of hours for attorney services, the costs, the total contract amount, and, when appropriate, a risk or cost-benefit analysis.
- (f) Which partners, associates, paralegals, research associates, or other personnel will be used, and how their time will be billed to the agency.
- (g) Any other information which the Attorney General deems appropriate for the proper evaluation of the need for such private attorney services.
- (4) When written approval has been received from the Attorney General, the general counsel for the agency shall

review the form and legality of the contract for private attorney services and shall indicate his or her approval by signing the contract written final approval must be obtained from the agency head, or designee of the agency head, prior to the contracting for private attorney services. After a contract is approved and signed by the general counsel, in order to effectuate that contract the agency head must sign the contract. The agency head shall also maintain custody of the contract.

- (5) The agency head or a designee shall give written approval prior to contracting for private attorney services for all agencies exempt from written approval of the Attorney General as described in paragraphs (2)(a)-(f).
- (6) The Attorney General shall, by rule, adopt a standard fee schedule for private attorney services using hourly rates or an alternative billing methodology. The Attorney General shall take into consideration the following factors:
- (a) Type of controversy involved and complexity of the legal services needed.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{(b)}}$ Geographic area where the attorney services are to be provided.
 - (c) Novelty of the legal questions involved.
- (d) Amount of experience desired for the particular kind of attorney services to be provided.
- (e) Other factors deemed appropriate by the Attorney General.
- (f) The most cost-effective or appropriate billing methodology.
- (7)(a) A contingency fee contract must be commercially reasonable. As used in this subsection, the term "commercially

reasonable" means no more than the amount permissible pursuant to rule 4-1.5 of the rules regulating The Florida Bar and case law interpreting that rule.

(b) If the amount of the fee is in dispute, the counsel retained by the state shall participate in mandatory binding arbitration. Payment of all attorney's fees is subject to appropriation. Attorney's fees shall be forfeited if, during the pendency of the case, the counsel retained by the state takes a public position that is adverse to the state's litigation or settlement posture.

(8)(7) All agencies, when contracting for private attorney services, must use the standard fee schedule for private attorney services as established pursuant to this section unless the head of the agency, or his or her designee, waives use of the schedule and sets forth the reasons for deviating from the schedule in writing to the Attorney General. Such waiver must demonstrate necessity based upon criteria for deviation from the schedule which the Attorney General shall establish by rule.

(9) (8) The Attorney General shall develop guidelines that may be used by agencies to determine when it is necessary and appropriate to seek private attorney services in lieu of staff attorney services.

 $\underline{(10)}$ (9) Agencies are encouraged to use the following criteria when selecting outside firms for attorney services:

- (a) The magnitude or complexity of the case.
- (b) The firm's ratings and certifications.
- (c) The firm's minority status.
- (d) The firm's physical proximity to the case and the agency.
 - (e) The firm's prior experience with the agency.

- $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) ^{2}$ (f) The firm's prior experience with similar cases or issues.
 - (g) The firm's billing methodology and proposed rate.
- (h) The firm's current or past adversarial position, or conflict of interest, with the agency.
- (i) The firm's willingness to use resources of the agency to minimize costs.

(11)(10) The Attorney General shall develop a standard addendum to every contract for attorney services that must be used by all agencies, unless waived by the Attorney General, describing in detail what is expected of both the contracted private attorney and the contracting agency. The addendum must address the internal system of governance if multiple law firms are parties to the contract and must, at a minimum, require that each firm identify one member who is authorized to legally bind the firm.

(12)(11) Contracts for attorney services shall be originally executed for 1 year only, except that multiyear contracts may be entered into provided they are subject to annual appropriations and annual written approval from the Attorney General as described in subsection (3). Any amendments to extend the contract period or increase the billing rate or overall contract amount shall be considered new contracts for purposes of the written approval process described in subsection (3).

(13)(12) The office of the Attorney General shall periodically prepare and distribute to agencies a roster by geographic location of private attorneys under contract with agencies, their fees, and primary area of legal specialization.

(14)(13) The office of the Attorney General is authorized to competitively bid and contract with one or more court reporting services, on a circuitwide basis, on behalf of all state agencies in accordance with s. 287.057(2). The office of the Attorney General shall develop requests for proposal for court reporter services in consultation with the Florida Court Reporters Association. All agencies shall utilize the contracts for court reporting services entered into by the Office of the Attorney General where in force, unless otherwise ordered by a court or unless an agency has a contract for court reporting services executed prior to May 5, 1993.

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(15)(14) The Attorney General's office may, by rule, adopt standard fee schedules for court reporting services for each judicial circuit in consultation with the Florida Court Reporters Association. Agencies, when contracting for court reporting services, must use the standard fee schedule for court reporting services established pursuant to this section, provided no state contract is applicable or unless the head of the agency or his or her designee waives use of the schedule and sets forth the reasons for deviating from the schedule in writing to the Attorney General. Such waiver must demonstrate necessity based upon criteria for deviation from the schedule which the Attorney General shall establish by rule. Any proposed fee schedule under this section shall be submitted to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the Chief Justice of the Florida Supreme Court at least 60 days prior to publication of the notice to adopt the rule.

(16) Each private attorney who is under contract to provide attorney services for the state or a state agency

shall, from the inception of the contractual relationship until at least 4 years after the contract expires or terminates, maintain detailed current records, including documentation of all expenses, disbursements, charges, credits, underlying receipts and invoices, and other financial transactions that concern the provision of such attorney services. The private attorney shall make all such records available for inspection and copying upon request in accordance with chapter 119.

Section 5. Section 60.08, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

60.08 Injunctions sought by the state pursuant to statute shall issue without bond.—In any action for injunctive relief sought by the state or one of its agencies as provided in ss. 501.207(1)(b), 542.23, and 895.05(5), any injunction sought shall issue without bond or surety and no bond or surety shall be required during the term of the injunction.

Section 6. Subsection (5) of section 16.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 16.01 Residence, office, and duties of Attorney General.—The Attorney General:
- (5) Shall appear in and attend to such suits or prosecutions in any other of the courts of this state or in any courts of any other state or of the United States. This subsection is not intended to authorize the joinder of the Attorney General as a party in such suits or prosecutions.

Section 7. Sections 45.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 45.051 Execution of supersedeas bond when required of the state or its political subdivisions.--

(1) When a supersedeas bond is required by the appellate court under Rule 9.310(b)(2), Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure or an appeal or other proceeding is taken in any court and there is no court rule or statute exempting the parties from giving supersedeas, cost, or other required bond, the parties are authorized to make and execute the required bond with a corporate surety thereon duly licensed to do business in this state. The premium or other cost for the bond may be paid from the general necessary and regular appropriation of the party taking the appeal, in the case of the state or any of its officers, boards, commissioners or other agencies, and from the county general fund, district school general fund, or otherwise as the case may be, in the case of a political subdivision of the state or any of its officers, boards, commissions or other agencies. of the state and its political subdivisions and the executive officers of their boards, commissions, and other agencies aforesaid, are authorized to make and execute the bonds on behalf of the parties.

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employee or official of a judgement against that employee or official in an individual capacity, as part of the legal defense being provided by the state risk management program, the Division of Risk Management may enter into an indemnification agreement for the purpose of securing an appellate supersedeas bond, provided that, under any such agreement, the liability of the State of Florida is limited to the amount of the judgment being appealed and any costs imposed by law or the appropriate court.

Section 8. Section 48.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

48.121 Service on the state.--When the state has consented to be sued, process against the state shall be served on the state attorney or an assistant state attorney for the judicial circuit within which the action is brought and by sending two copies of the process by registered or certified mail to the Attorney General. The state may serve motions or pleadings within 40 days after service is made. This section is not intended to authorize the joinder of the Attorney General or a state attorney as a party in such suit or prosecution.

Section 9. Section 45.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

45.062 Settlements, conditions, or orders when an agency of the executive branch is a party.--

- (1) In any civil action in which a state executive branch agency or officer is a party in state or federal court, the officer, agent, official, or attorney who represents or is acting on behalf of such agency or officer may not settle such action, consent to any condition, or agree to any order in connection therewith, if the settlement, condition, or order requires the expenditure of or the obligation to expend any state funds or other state resources, or the establishment of any new program, unless:
- (a) The expenditure is provided for by an existing appropriation or program established by law; and
- (b) Prior written notification is given within 5 business days of the date the settlement or presettlement agreement or order is to be made final to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Senate and House minority leaders, and the Attorney General. Such notification shall specify how the agency involved will

address the costs in future years within the limits of current appropriations.

- (2) The state executive branch agency or officer shall negotiate a closure date as soon as possible for the civil action.
- (3) The state executive branch agency or officer may not pledge any current or future action of another branch of state government as a condition for settling the civil action.
- in excess of current appropriations or to policy changes inconsistent with current state law shall be contingent upon and subject to legislative appropriation or statutory amendment. The state agency or officer may agree to use all efforts to procure legislative funding or statutory amendment.
- (5) State agencies and officers shall report to each substantive and fiscal committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over the reporting agency on all potential settlements that may commit the state to:
 - (a) Spend in excess of current appropriations; or
- (b) Policy changes inconsistent with current state law.

The state agency or officer shall provide periodic updates to the appropriate legislative committees on these issues during the settlement process.

Section 10. Subsection (13) is added to section 216.023, Florida Statutes, to read:

216.023 Legislative budget requests to be furnished to Legislature by agencies.--

(13) As a part of the legislative budget request, the head of each state agency shall include an inventory of all

litigation in which the agency is involved which may require additional appropriations to the agency or amendments to the law under which the agency operates. No later than March 1 following the submission of the legislative budget request, the head of the state agency shall provide an update of any additions or changes to the inventory. Such inventory shall include those items specified annually in the legislative budget instructions.

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Section 11. Section 284.385, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

284.385 Reporting and handling of claims. -- All departments covered by the State Risk Management Trust Fund under this part shall immediately report all known or potential claims to the Department of Insurance for handling, except employment complaints which have not been filed with the Florida Human Relations Commission, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, or any similar agency. When deemed necessary, the Department of Insurance shall assign or reassign the claim to counsel. The assigned counsel shall report regularly to the Department of Insurance and to the covered department on the status of any such claims or litigation as required by the Department of Insurance. such claim shall be compromised or settled for monetary compensation without the prior approval of the Department of Insurance and prior notification to the covered department. All departments shall cooperate with the Department of Insurance in its handling of claims. The Department of Insurance, the Department of Management Services, and the Department of Banking and Finance, with the cooperation of the state attorneys and the clerks of the courts, shall develop a system to coordinate the exchange of information concerning

claims for and against the state, its agencies, and its subdivisions, to assist in collection of amounts due to them. The covered department shall have the responsibility for the settlement of any claim for injunctive or affirmative relief under 42 U.S.C. s. 1983 or similar federal or state statutes. The payment of a settlement or judgment for any claim covered and reported under this part shall be made only from the State Risk Management Trust Fund.

Section 12. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared severable.

Section 13. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001.