By the Committees on Agriculture and Consumer Services; Commerce and Economic Opportunities; and Senators Geller and Crist

303-1767-01

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to consumer protection; amending s. 400.925, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 427.802, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 427.803, F.S.; revising warranty requirements; amending s. 427.804, F.S.; conforming references; deleting investigation and complaint processing requirements of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; repealing s. 427.8041, F.S., relating to the registration of assistive technology device dealers; amending s. 496.411, F.S.; requiring charitable organizations or sponsors to display certain information on certain solicitation materials; amending s. 501.017, F.S.; requiring certain health studio contract refunds to be issued within a time certain; amending s. 501.019, F.S.; expanding application of felony penalties for knowingly making false representations for certain purposes; amending s. 539.001, F.S.; redefining the term "agency"; prohibiting pawnbrokers from knowingly accepting stolen property; correcting terminology; amending s. 559.801, F.S.; revising a definition; amending s. 559.803, F.S.; revising statements that must be placed in disclosure documents; specifying additional information required in certain business opportunity contract disclosure statements; amending s. 559.807, F.S.; revising application of requirements for certain securities relating

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to selling business opportunities; amending s. 559.809, F.S.; specifying an additional prohibited act by business opportunity sellers; reenacting s. 559.815, F.S., relating to penalties for violations of s. 559.809, F.S.; amending s. 559.902, F.S.; providing an additional exception for certain schools to application of certain motor vehicle repair shop provisions; amending s. 559.904, F.S.; revising certain requirements for motor vehicle repair shop registrations; amending s. 559.905, F.S.; providing additional estimated cost of repair requirements for written repair estimates; amending s. 559.9221, F.S.; revising Motor Vehicle Repair Advisory Council membership requirements; repealing s. 559.903(5), F.S., relating to a definition of minor repair service; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Subsection (8) of section 400.925, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 400.925 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

reimbursed under the Florida Medicaid durable medical 31 equipment program. Home medical equipment includes, but is not

"Home medical equipment" includes any product as

defined by the Federal Drug Administration's Drugs, Devices

Part B Durable Medical Equipment benefits, or any products

and Cosmetics Act, any products reimbursed under the Medicare

limited to, oxygen and related respiratory equipment. Home medical equipment includes customized wheelchairs and related seating and positioning, but does not include prosthetics or orthotics or any splints, braces, or aids custom fabricated by a licensed health care practitioner. Home medical equipment includes assistive technology devices, including: manual wheelchairs, motorized wheelchairs, motorized scooters, voice-synthesized computer modules, optical scanners, talking software, braille printers, environmental control devices for use by person with quadriplegia, motor vehicle adaptive transportation aids, devices that enable persons with severe speech disabilities to in effect speak, personal transfer systems and specialty beds, including demonstrator, that a consumer purchases or accepts transfer of in the state for use by a person with a disability.

Section 2. Section 427.802, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

427.802 Definitions. -- As used in this part:

(1) "Assistive technology devices" means manual wheelchairs, motorized wheelchairs, motorized scooters, voice-synthesized computer modules, optical scanners, talking software, braille printers, environmental control devices for use by a person with quadriplegia, motor vehicle adaptive transportation aids, devices that enable persons with severe speech disabilities to in effect speak, personal transfer systems, and specialty beds, including a demonstrator, that a consumer purchases or accepts transfer of in this state for use by a person with a disability.

(2) "Assistive Technology Device Warranty Act rights
period" means the period ending 1 year after first delivery of

the assistive technology device to the consumer or the manufacturer's express written warranty, whichever is longer.

(2) "Person with a disability" means any person who has one or more permanent physical or mental limitations that restrict his or her ability to perform the normal activities of daily living and impede his or her capacity to live independently.

(3)(4) "Assistive technology device dealer" means a person who is business entity that is primarily engaged in the business of selling or leasing of assistive technology devices. As used in this subsection, the term "primarily" means no less than 30 percent of the business entity's gross sales in the previous fiscal year.

- $\underline{(4)(5)}$  "Assistive technology device lessor" means a person who leases an assistive technology device to a consumer, or holds the lessor's rights, under a written lease.
- (5) "Collateral costs" means expenses incurred by a consumer in connection with the repair of a nonconformity, including the costs of obtaining an alternative assistive technology device.
  - (6) "Consumer" means any of the following:
- (a) The purchaser of an assistive technology device, if the assistive technology device was purchased from an assistive technology device dealer or manufacturer for purposes other than resale.
- (b) A person to whom the assistive technology device is transferred for purposes other than resale, if the transfer occurs before the expiration of an express warranty applicable to the assistive technology device.
  - (c) A person who may enforce the warranty.

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(d) A person who leases an assistive technology device from an assistive technology device lessor under a written lease.

(7)<del>(8)</del> "Demonstrator" means an assistive technology device used primarily for the purpose of demonstration to the public.

(9) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

(8)<del>(10)</del> "Early termination cost" means any expense or obligation that an assistive technology device lessor incurs as a result of both the termination of a written lease before the termination date set forth in that lease and the return of an assistive technology device to a manufacturer pursuant to this section. The term includes a penalty for prepayment under a financial arrangement.

(9)<del>(11)</del> "Early termination saving" means any expense or obligation that an assistive technology device lessor avoids as a result of both the termination of a written lease before the termination date set forth in the lease and the return of an assistive technology device to a manufacturer pursuant to this section. The term includes an interest charge that the assistive technology device lessor would have paid to finance the assistive technology device or, if the assistive technology device lessor does not finance the assistive technology device, the difference between the total amount for which the lease obligates the consumer during the period of the lease term remaining after the early termination and the present value of that amount at the date of the early termination.

(10)<del>(12)</del> "Manufacturer" means a business entity that 31 | manufactures or produces assistive technology devices for sale

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and agents of that business entity, including an importer, a distributor, a factory branch, a distributor branch, and any warrantors of the manufacturer's assistive technology device, but not including an assistive technology device dealer.

(11)<del>(13)</del> "Nonconformity" means a condition or defect of an assistive technology device which substantially impairs the use, value, or safety of the device and which is covered by an express warranty applicable to the assistive technology device, but does not include a condition or defect that is the result of abuse, neglect, excessive wear, or unauthorized modification or alteration of the assistive technology device by a consumer.

(12)<del>(14)</del> "Reasonable attempt to repair" means, within the terms of an express warranty applicable to a new assistive technology device:

- (a) A maximum of three efforts by the manufacturer, the assistive technology device lessor, or any of the manufacturer's authorized assistive technology device dealers to repair a nonconformity that is subject to repair under the warranty; or
- (b) The passage of at least 30 cumulative days during which the assistive technology device is out of service because of a nonconformity that is covered by the warranty.

Section 3. Section 427.803, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

427.803 Express <del>Duty of manufacturer and an assistive</del> technology device dealer to conform an assistive technology device to the warranty. --

(1) A manufacturer who sells a new assistive technology device to a consumer, either directly or through an 31 assistive technology device dealer, shall furnish the consumer

 with an express warranty for the assistive technology device. The duration of the express warranty must be at least 1 year after first delivery of the assistive technology device to the consumer. In the absence of an express warranty from the manufacturer, the manufacturer is considered to have expressly warranted to the consumer of an assistive technology device that, for a period of 1 year after the date of first delivery to the consumer, the assistive technology device will be free from any condition or defect that substantially impairs the value of the assistive technology device to the consumer.

to the warranty and the consumer first reports the problem to the manufacturer during the Assistive Technology Device Warranty Act rights period, the manufacturer shall make such repairs as are necessary to conform the device to the warranty, irrespective of whether such repairs are made after the expiration of the Assistive Technology Device Warranty Act rights period. Such repairs shall be at no cost to the consumer if reported to the manufacturer or assistive technology device dealer during the Assistive Technology Device Warranty Act rights period. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to grant an extension of the Assistive Technology Device Warranty Act rights period or to expand the time within which a consumer must file a complaint under this chapter.

(3) Each manufacturer or assistive technology device dealer shall provide to its consumers conspicuous notice of the address and phone number for its zone, district, or regional office for this state in the written warranty or owner's manual. Within 10 days after the department's written request, a manufacturer shall forward to the department a copy

(4) The manufacturer shall provide to the assistive

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30 31 of the owner's manual and any written warranty for each make and model of assistive technology device that it sells in this state.

technology device dealer and, at the time of acquisition, the assistive technology device dealer shall provide to the consumer a written statement that explains the consumer's rights under this chapter. The written statement shall be prepared by the department and shall contain a toll-free number for the department that the consumer can contact to obtain information regarding the consumer's rights and obligations under this chapter or to commence arbitration. The consumer's signed acknowledgment of receipt of materials required under this subsection shall constitute prima facie evidence of compliance by the manufacturer and assistive technology device dealer. The form of the acknowledgments shall be approved by the department, and the assistive technology device dealer shall maintain the consumer's signed acknowledgment for 3 years.

(5) A manufacturer or an assistive technology device dealer shall provide to the consumer, each time the consumer's assistive technology device is returned after being examined or repaired under the warranty, a fully itemized, legible statement of any diagnosis made and all work performed on the assistive technology device, including, but not limited to, a general description of the problem reported by the consumer or an identification of the defect or condition, parts and labor, the date on which the assistive technology device was submitted for examination or repair, and the date when the repair or examination was completed.

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Section 4. Section 427.804, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

427.804 Repair of nonconforming assistive technology devices; refund or replacement of devices after attempt to repair; sale or lease of returned device; arbitration; investigation; limitation of rights. --

- (1) If a new assistive technology device does not conform to an applicable express warranty and the consumer reports the nonconformity to the manufacturer, the assistive technology device lessor, or any of the manufacturer's authorized assistive technology device dealers and makes the assistive technology device available for repair within 1 year after first delivery or return of the assistive technology device to the consumer, the nonconformity must be repaired at no charge to the consumer.
- (2) If, after a reasonable attempt to repair, the nonconformity is not repaired, the manufacturer, at the direction of a consumer as defined in s.  $427.802(6)\frac{(7)}{(a)}$ must do one of the following:
- (a) Accept return of the assistive technology device and replace the assistive technology device with a comparable new assistive technology device and refund any collateral costs.
- (b) Accept return of the assistive technology device and refund to the consumer and to any holder of a perfected security interest in the consumer's assistive technology device, as the interest may appear, the full purchase price plus any finance charge amount paid by the consumer at the point of sale, and collateral costs.
- (c) With respect to a consumer as defined in s. 31 427.802(6)(7)(d), accept return of the assistive technology

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device, refund to the assistive technology device lessor and to any holder of a perfected security interest in the assistive technology device, as the interest may appear, the current value of the written lease, and refund to the consumer the amount that the consumer paid under the written lease plus any collateral costs.

- (3) The current value of the written lease equals the total amount for which the lease obligates the consumer during the period of the lease remaining after its early termination plus the assistive technology device dealer's early termination costs and the value of the assistive technology device at the lease expiration date if the lease sets forth the value, less the assistive technology device lessor's early termination savings.
- device or a refund due under paragraph (2)(a), a consumer must offer to the manufacturer of the assistive technology device having the nonconformity to transfer possession of the assistive technology device to the manufacturer. No later than 30 days after the offer, the manufacturer shall provide the consumer with the comparable assistive technology device or refund. When the manufacturer provides the comparable assistive technology device or refund, the consumer shall return the assistive technology device having the nonconformity to the manufacturer, along with any endorsements necessary to transfer real possession to the manufacturer.
- (5) To receive a refund due under paragraph (2)(b), a consumer must offer to return the assistive technology device having the nonconformity to its manufacturer. No later than 30 days after the offer, the manufacturer shall provide the refund to the consumer who paid for or the provider who billed

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a third party payor source for the assistive technology device. When the manufacturer provides the refund, the consumer shall return to the manufacturer the assistive technology device having the nonconformity.

- (6) To receive a refund due under paragraph (2)(c), an assistive technology device lessor must offer to transfer possession of the assistive technology device having the nonconformity to its manufacturer. No later than 30 days after the offer, the manufacturer shall provide the refund to the assistive technology device lessor. When the manufacturer provides the refund, the assistive technology device lessor shall provide to the manufacturer any endorsements necessary to transfer legal possession to the manufacturer.
- (7) A person may not enforce the lease against the consumer after the consumer receives a refund due under paragraph (2)(c).
- (8) An assistive technology device that is returned by a consumer or assistive technology device lessor in this state, or by a consumer or assistive technology device lessor in another state under a similar law of that state, may not be sold or leased again in this state, unless full disclosure of the reasons for return is made to any prospective buyer or lessee.
- (9) Each consumer may submit any dispute arising under this part to the department by completing a complaint form. The department may investigate the complaint on behalf of the consumer if reasonable evidence warrants such an action.
- (10) The department shall process consumer complaints pursuant to s. 570.544.
- (9)<del>(11)</del> Each consumer may submit any dispute arising under this part to an alternative arbitration mechanism

established pursuant to chapter 682. Upon notice by the consumer, all manufacturers must submit to such alternative arbitration.

(10)(12) Such alternative arbitration must be conducted by a professional arbitrator or arbitration firm appointed under chapter 682 and any applicable rules. These procedures must provide for the personal objectivity of the arbitrators and for the right of each party to present its case, to be in attendance during any presentation made by the other party, and to rebut or refute such a presentation.

 $\underline{(11)}$  (13) This part does not limit rights or remedies available to a consumer under any other law.

Section 5. <u>Section 427.8041, Florida Statutes, is</u> repealed.

Section 6. Subsection (6) is added to section 496.411, Florida Statutes, to read:

496.411 Disclosure requirements and duties of charitable organizations and sponsors.--

- (6) Each charitable organization or sponsor that is required to register under s. 496.405 shall conspicuously display the following information on every printed solicitation, written confirmation, receipt, or reminder of a contribution:
- (a) The organization's or sponsor's registration number issued by the department under this chapter.
- (b) The percentage, if any, of each contribution that is retained by any professional solicitor that has contracted with the organization or sponsor.
- (c) The percentage of each contribution that is received by the organization or sponsor.

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If the solicitation consists of more than a single item, the statement shall be displayed prominently in the solicitation materials.

Section 7. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (1) of section 501.017, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

501.017 Health studios; contracts.--

- (1) Every contract for the sale of future health studio services which is paid for in advance or which the buyer agrees to pay for in future installment payments shall be in writing and shall contain, contractual provisions to the contrary notwithstanding, in immediate proximity to the space reserved in the contract for the signature of the buyer, and in 10-point boldfaced type, language substantially equivalent to the following:
- (b)1. A provision for the cancellation and refund of the contract if the contracting business location of the health studio goes out of business, or moves its facilities more than 5 driving miles from the business location designated in such contract and fails to provide, within 30 days, a facility of equal quality located within 5 driving miles of the business location designated in such contract at no additional cost to the buyer.
- 2. A provision that notice of intent to cancel by the buyer shall be given in writing to the health studio. Such a notice of cancellation from the consumer shall also terminate automatically the consumer's obligation to any entity to whom the health studio has subrogated or assigned the consumer's contract. If the health studio wishes to enforce such contract after receipt of such showing, it may request the department to determine the sufficiency of the showing.

- 3. A provision that if the department determines that a refund is due the buyer, the refund shall be an amount computed by dividing the contract price by the number of weeks in the contract term and multiplying the result by the number of weeks remaining in the contract term. The business location of a health studio shall not be deemed out of business when temporarily closed for repair and renovation of the premises:
  - a. Upon sale, for not more than 14 consecutive days; or
  - b. During ownership, for not more than 7 consecutive days and not more than two periods of 7 consecutive days in any calendar year.

## A refund shall be issued within 30 days after receipt of the notice of cancellation made pursuant to this paragraph.

(d) A provision for the cancellation of the contract if the buyer dies or becomes physically unable to avail himself or herself of a substantial portion of those services which he or she used from the commencement of the contract until the time of disability, with refund of funds paid or accepted in payment of the contract in an amount computed by dividing the contract price by the number of weeks in the contract term and multiplying the result by the number of weeks remaining in the contract term. The contract may require a buyer or the buyer's estate seeking relief under this paragraph to provide proof of disability or death. A physical disability sufficient to warrant cancellation of the contract by the buyer shall be established if the buyer furnishes to the health studio a certification of such disability by a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter

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459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 to the extent the diagnosis or treatment of the disability is within the physician's scope of practice. A refund shall be issued within 30 days after receipt of the notice of cancellation made pursuant to this paragraph.

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 501.019, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.019 Health studios; penalties.--

(2) Any person health studio owner or, in the case of corporate ownership, any officer of the corporation, or any manager of a health studio or health studio's business location, who knowingly makes a false representation to the department with the intent to obtain an exemption of any kind from the requirements of s. 501.016 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (4), and paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 539.001, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraph (n) is added to subsection (12) of that section, and subsection (21) of that section is amended, to read:

539.001 The Florida Pawnbroking Act.--

- (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Agency" means the Division of Consumer Services of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
  - (4) ELIGIBILITY FOR LICENSE. --
- Any applicant claiming to have a net worth of \$50,000 or more shall file with the agency department, at the time of applying for a license, the following documentation:
- 1. A current financial statement prepared by a Florida 31 | certified public accountant; or

- 2. An affidavit stating the applicant's net worth is at least \$50,000, accompanied by supporting documentation; or3. If the applicant is a corporation, a copy of the

applicant's most recently filed federal tax return.

 If the agency cannot verify that the applicant meets the net worth requirement for a license, the agency may require a finding, including the presentation of a current balance sheet, by an accounting firm or individual holding a permit to practice public accounting in this state, that the accountant has reviewed the books and records of the applicant and that the applicant meets the net worth requirement.

- (5) APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.--
- (c) Each initial application for a license must be accompanied by a complete set of fingerprints taken by an authorized law enforcement officer, \$300 for the first year's license fee, and the actual cost to the agency department for fingerprint analysis for each person subject to the eligibility requirements. The agency shall submit the fingerprints to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, and the Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history check. These fees and costs are not refundable.
- (12) PROHIBITED ACTS.--A pawnbroker, or an employee or agent of a pawnbroker, may not:
- (n) Knowingly accept or receive misappropriated property from a conveying customer in a pawn or purchase transaction.

(21) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.--The <u>agency</u> <del>department</del> has authority to adopt rules pursuant to chapter 120 to implement the provisions of this section.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 559.801, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.801 Definitions.--For the purpose of ss. 559.80-559.815, the term:

- (1)(a) "Business opportunity" means the sale or lease of any products, equipment, supplies, or services which are sold or leased to a purchaser to enable the purchaser to start a business for which the purchaser is required to pay an initial fee or sum of money which exceeds \$500 to the seller, and in which the seller represents:
- 1. That the seller or person or entity affiliated with or referred by the seller will provide locations or assist the purchaser in finding locations for the use or operation of vending machines, racks, display cases, currency or card operated equipment, or other similar devices or currency-operated amusement machines or devices on premises neither owned nor leased by the purchaser or seller;
- 2. That the seller will purchase any or all products made, produced, fabricated, grown, bred, or modified by the purchaser using in whole or in part the supplies, services, or chattels sold to the purchaser;
- 3. That the seller guarantees in writing that the purchaser will derive income from the business opportunity which exceeds the price paid or rent charged for the business opportunity or that the seller will refund all or part of the price paid or rent charged for the business opportunity, or will repurchase any of the products, equipment, supplies, or

chattels supplied by the seller, if the purchaser is unsatisfied with the business opportunity; or

4. That the seller will provide a sales program or marketing program that will enable the purchaser to derive income from the business opportunity, except that this paragraph does not apply to the sale of a sales program or marketing program made in conjunction with the licensing of a trademark or service mark that is registered under the laws of any state or of the United States if the seller requires use of the trademark or service mark in the sales agreement.

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> For the purpose of subparagraph 1., the term "assist the purchaser in finding locations" means, but is not limited to, supplying the purchaser with names of locator companies, contracting with the purchaser to provide assistance or supply names, or collecting a fee on behalf of or for a locator company.

> Section 11. Subsection (8) of section 559.803, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsections (11), (12), and (13) of that section are renumbered as subsections (12), (13), and (14), respectively, and a new subsection (11) is added to that section, to read:

559.803 Disclosure statement. -- At least 3 working days prior to the time the purchaser signs a business opportunity contract, or at least 3 working days prior to the receipt of any consideration by the seller, whichever occurs first, the seller must provide the prospective purchaser a written document, the cover sheet of which is entitled in at least 12-point boldfaced capital letters "DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY FLORIDA LAW." Under this title shall appear the following 31 statement in at least 10-point type: "The State of Florida

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has not reviewed and does not approve, recommend, endorse, or sponsor any business opportunity. The information contained in this disclosure has not been verified by the state. If you have any questions about this investment, see an attorney before you sign a contract or agreement." Nothing except the title and required statement shall appear on the cover sheet. Immediately following the cover sheet, the seller must provide an index page that briefly lists the contents of the disclosure document as required in this section and any pages on which the prospective purchaser can find each required disclosure. At the top of the index page, the following statement must appear in at least 10-point type: "The State of Florida requires sellers of business opportunities to disclose certain information to prospective purchasers. This index is provided to help you locate this information." If the index contains other information not required by this section, the seller shall place a designation beside each of the disclosures required by this section and provide an explanation of the designation at the end of the statement at the top of the index page. The disclosure document shall contain the following information:

- (8) If the business opportunity seller is required to secure a bond, guaranteed letter of credit, or certificate of deposit or establish a trust deposit pursuant to s. 559.807, either of the following statements:
- (a) "As required by Florida law, the seller has secured a bond issued by ...., a surety company authorized to do business in this state. Before signing a contract to purchase this business opportunity, you should confirm the bond's status with the surety company."; or

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                "As required by Florida law, the seller has
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    established a trust account or quaranteed letter of credit or
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    certificate of deposit ...(number of account)... with ...(name
    and address of bank or savings institution).... Before
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    signing a contract to purchase this business opportunity, you
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    should confirm with the bank or savings institution the
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    current status of the trust account or quaranteed letter of
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    credit or certificate of deposit."
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          (11)(a) The total number of persons who purchased the
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    business opportunity being offered by the seller within the
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    past 3 years.
          (b) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the
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    10 persons who previously purchased the business opportunity
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    from the seller and who are geographically closest to the
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    Should any seller of business opportunities prepare a
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    disclosure statement pursuant to 16 C.F.R. ss. 436.1 et seq.,
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    a Trade Regulation Rule of the Federal Trade Commission
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    regarding Disclosure Requirements and Prohibitions Concerning
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    Franchising and Business Opportunity Ventures, the seller may
    file that disclosure statement in lieu of the document
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    required pursuant to this section. Should the seller be
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    required pursuant to 16 C.F.R. to prepare any other documents
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    to be presented to the prospective purchaser, those documents
    shall also be filed with the department.
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           Section 12. Section 559.807, Florida Statutes, is
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559.807 Bond or other security trust account

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(1) If the business opportunity seller makes any representations set forth in s. 559.801(1)(a)3., the seller must either have obtained a surety bond issued by a surety company authorized to do business in this state or have established a certificate of deposit trust account or a guaranteed letter of credit with a licensed and insured bank or savings institution located in the state. The amount of the bond, certificate of deposit trust account, or guaranteed letter of credit shall be an amount not less than \$50,000.

(2) The bond, certificate of deposit, or guaranteed letter of credit trust account shall be in the favor of the department for the use and benefit of-any person who is injured by the fraud, misrepresentation, damaged by any violation of ss. 559.80-559.815, or by the seller's breach of the contract, financial failure, or violation of any provision of this part by the seller. Such liability may be enforced by filing an action at law in a court of competent jurisdiction without precluding enforcement in an administrative action pursuant to chapter 120. However, the bond, certificate of deposit, or guaranteed letter of credit shall be amenable and enforceable only by and through administrative proceedings before the department. A money judgment resulting from an action at law, less any award for costs and attorney's fees, shall be prima facie evidence sufficient to establish the value of the claim in an administrative action. It is the intent of the Legislature that such bond, certificate of deposit, or guaranteed letter of credit shall be applicable and liable only for payment of claims duly adjudicated by order of the department. The bond, certificate of deposit, or guaranteed letter of credit shall be open to successive claims but for the business opportunity sale or of any obligation

arising therefrom, may bring an action against the bond, trust account, or quaranteed letter of credit to recover damages 2 3 suffered; however, the aggregate amount may not liability of the surety or trustee shall be only for actual damages and in 4 5 no event shall exceed the amount of the bond, certificate of 6 deposit trust account, or quaranteed letter of credit. 7 Section 13. Subsection (14) is added to section 8 559.809, Florida Statutes, to read: 9 559.809 Prohibited acts.--Business opportunity sellers 10 shall not: 11 (14) Fail to provide or deliver the products, equipment, supplies, or services as specified in the written 12 contract required under s. 559.811. 13 Section 14. For the purpose of incorporating the 14 amendment to section 559.809, Florida Statutes, in a reference 15 thereto, section 559.815, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to 16 17 read: 559.815 Penalties. -- Any person who fails to file with 18 19 the department as required by s. 559.805 or who commits an act 20 described in s. 559.809 is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 21 s. 775.084. 22 Section 15. Subsection (5) is added to section 23 24 559.902, Florida Statutes, to read: 25 559.902 Scope and application. -- This act shall apply to all motor vehicle repair shops in Florida, except: 26 27 Those located in public schools as defined in s. 28 228.041 or charter technical career centers as defined in s. 29 228.505. 30

31 However, such person may voluntarily register under this act.

1 Section 16. Subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), and (10) of section 559.904, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2 3 559.904 Motor vehicle repair shop registration; 4 application; exemption. --5 (3) Each application for registration must be 6 accompanied by a registration fee set forth as follows: 7 (a) If the place of business only performed "minor 8 repair service": \$25. 9 (a) (b) If the place of business has 1 to 5 employees: 10 \$50. 11 (b)(c) If the place of business has 6 to 10 employees: \$150. 12 (c) (d) If the place of business has 11 or more 13 14 employees: \$300. 15 (4) Each initial and renewal application for registration must be accompanied by copies of the applicant's 16 17 estimate and invoice forms. Such forms must comply with the 18 applicable provisions of this act before a registration may be 19 issued. 20 (5) (4) No annual registration fee is required for any 21 motor vehicle repair shop which has a local municipal or county license issued pursuant to an ordinance containing 22 standards which the department determines are at least equal 23 24 to the requirements of this part, or for any motor vehicle 25 dealer licensed pursuant to chapter 320. (6) (6) (5) The department shall issue to each applicant a 26 27 registration certificate in the form and size as prescribed by 28 the department in accordance with s. 120.60. In the case of 29 an applicant with more than one place of business, the department shall issue a registration certificate for each 30

31 place of business. The certificate must show at least the name

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and address of the motor vehicle repair shop and the registration number for that place of business. In the case of a mobile motor vehicle repair shop, the certificate must show the home address of the owner, if different from the business address.

- (6) Any affidavit of exemption proof of filing certificate, issued by the department prior to July 1, 1997, to a motor vehicle repair shop conducting only minor repair services shall be valid until its expiration.
- (10) The department may deny, revoke, or refuse to renew the registration of a motor vehicle repair shop based upon a determination that the motor vehicle repair shop, or any of its directors, officers, owners, or general partners:
- (a) Have failed to meet the requirements for registration as provided in this part;
- (b) Have not satisfied a civil fine, administrative fine, or other penalty arising out of any administrative or enforcement action brought by any governmental agency based upon conduct involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or any violation of this part;
- (c) Have had against them any civil, criminal, or administrative adjudication in any jurisdiction, based upon conduct involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or any violation of this part; or
- (d) Have had a judgment entered against them in any action brought by the department or the state attorney pursuant to ss. 501.201-501.213 or this part.

Section 17. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section 559.905, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.905 Written motor vehicle repair estimate and 31 disclosure statement required.--

- (1) When any customer requests a motor vehicle repair shop to perform repair work on a motor vehicle, the cost of which repair work will exceed \$100 to the customer, the shop shall prepare a written repair estimate, which is a form setting forth the estimated cost of repair work, including diagnostic work, before effecting any diagnostic work or repair. The written repair estimate shall also include the following items:
- (h) The estimated cost of repair which shall include any charge for shop supplies or for hazardous or other waste removal and, if a charge is included, the estimate shall include the following statement:

"This charge represents costs and profits to
the motor vehicle repair facility for
miscellaneous shop supplies or waste disposal."

If a charge is mandated by state or federal law, the estimate shall contain a statement identifying the law and the specific amount charged under the law.

Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 559.9221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.9221 Motor Vehicle Repair Advisory Council.--The Motor Vehicle Repair Advisory Council is created to advise and assist the department in carrying out this part.

- (1) The membership of the council may not exceed 11 members appointed by the Commissioner of Agriculture.
- (a) Eight industry members of the council must be chosen from individuals already engaged in the motor vehicle repair business who are eligible to be registered under this part. Such members must become registered by October 1, 1993. Thereafter, The professional members of this council must be

licensed under this part. The commissioner shall select one industry member from each of the following categories:

- 1. Independent automotive mechanics shops.
- 2. Franchise or company-owned automotive mechanics shops.
  - 3. Independent automotive collision shops.
- 4. Franchise or company-owned automotive collision shops.
  - 5. Independent tire dealer.
  - 6. Franchise or company-owned tire dealer.
- 7. Independent motor vehicle dealer licensed under s. 320.27.
- 8. Franchise motor vehicle dealer licensed under s. 14 320.27.
  - (b) One member of the council <u>may must</u> be chosen from persons already engaged <del>solely</del> in <u>motor vehicle</u> <del>minor</del> repair service.
  - (c) Two consumer members of the council must be residents of this state and must not be connected with the motor vehicle repair business.
  - (d) Within 30 days after July 1, 1993, the commissioner shall appoint one consumer member and four industry members for terms of 2 years and one consumer member, one minor repair shop member, and four industry members for terms of 4 years. As terms of the members expire, the commissioner shall appoint successors for terms of 4 years. Members shall serve from the time of their appointment until their successors are appointed.
  - Section 19. <u>Subsection (5) of section 559.903, Florida</u>
    Statutes, is repealed.

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                   Section 20. This act shall take effect October 1,
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       2001.
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                     STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR CS for SB 784
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      Committee Substitute for Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 784 is different from Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 784 in that it:
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      Makes technical changes, adds a section which repeals the Assistive Technology Device Warranty Act, and revises the definition of "home medical equipment."
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