## Florida Senate - 2001

CS for SB 886

By the Committee on Judiciary and Senator Klein

308-1570-01 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to durable powers of attorney; 3 amending s. 709.08, F.S.; providing for durable 4 powers of attorney contingent upon a specified 5 condition; providing guidelines for such б powers; providing statutory forms for 7 affidavits to attest to a specified condition; 8 providing immunity from criminal and civil 9 liability for physicians making a determination of incapacity to manage property under certain 10 11 conditions; providing an effective date. 12 13 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 14 15 Section 1. Subsections (1), (4), and (5) of section 16 709.08, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 17 709.08 Durable power of attorney.--18 (1) CREATION OF DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY.--A durable 19 power of attorney is a written power of attorney by which a 20 principal designates another as the principal's attorney in fact. The durable power of attorney must be in writing, must 21 be executed with the same formalities required for the 22 23 conveyance of real property by Florida law, and must contain the words: "This durable power of attorney is not affected by 24 25 subsequent incapacity of the principal except as provided in 26 s. 709.08, Florida Statutes"; or similar words that show the 27 principal's intent that the authority conferred is exercisable 28 notwithstanding the principal's subsequent incapacity, except 29 as otherwise provided by this section. The durable power of attorney is exercisable as of the date of execution; however, 30 if the durable power of attorney is conditioned upon the 31

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1 principal's lack of capacity to manage property as defined in s. 744.102(10)(a), the durable power of attorney is 2 3 exercisable upon the delivery of affidavits in paragraphs (4)(c) and (d) to the third party. 4 5 (4) PROTECTION WITHOUT NOTICE; GOOD FAITH ACTS; 6 AFFIDAVITS.--7 (a) Any third party may rely upon the authority 8 granted in a durable power of attorney that is not conditioned 9 on the principal's lack of capacity to manage property until 10 the third party has received notice as provided in subsection 11 (5). A third party may, but need not, require the attorney in fact to execute an affidavit pursuant to paragraph (c). 12 13 Any third party may rely upon the authority (b) granted in a durable power of attorney that is conditioned on 14 the principal's lack of capacity to manage property as defined 15 in s. 744.102(10)(a) only after receiving the affidavits 16 17 provided in paragraphs (c) and (d), and such reliance shall end when the third party has received notice as provided in 18 19 subsection (5). Until a third party has received notice of 20 revocation pursuant to subsection (5), partial or complete 21 termination of the durable power of attorney by adjudication of incapacity, suspension by initiation of proceedings to 22 determine incapacity, death of the principal, or the 23 24 occurrence of an event referenced in the power of attorney, 25 the third party may act in reliance upon the authority granted in the durable power of attorney. 26 27 (c) A third party that has not received written notice under subsection (5) may, but need not, require that the 28 attorney in fact execute An affidavit executed by the attorney 29 30 in fact must state where the principal is domiciled, that the principal is not deceased, and stating that there has been no 31 2

1 revocation, partial or complete termination by adjudication of 2 incapacity or by the occurrence of an event referenced in the 3 durable power of attorney, or suspension by initiation of 4 proceedings to determine incapacity or to appoint a guardian 5 of the durable power of attorney at the time the power of 6 attorney is exercised. A written affidavit executed by the 7 attorney in fact under this paragraph may, but need not, be in 8 the following form: 9 10 STATE OF 11 COUNTY OF 12 13 Before me, the undersigned authority, personally 14 appeared ... (attorney in fact)... ("Affiant"), who swore or affirmed that: 15 1. Affiant is the attorney in fact named in the 16 17 Durable Power of Attorney executed by ... (principal)... 18 ("Principal") on ...(date).... 19 2. This Durable Power of Attorney is currently exercisable by Affiant. The principal is domiciled in 20 21 ... insert name of state, territory, or foreign county.... 3.2. To the best of the Affiant's knowledge after 22 23 diligent search and inquiry: 24 a. The Principal is not deceased, has not been 25 adjudicated incapacitated, and has not revoked, partially or completely terminated, or suspended the Durable Power of 26 27 Attorney; and 28 b. There has been no revocation, partial or complete 29 termination by adjudication of incapacity or by the occurrence 30 of an event referenced in the durable power of attorney, or 31 suspension by initiation of proceedings to determine 3

incapacity or to appoint a guardian A petition to determine 1 2 the incapacity of or to appoint a quardian for the Principal 3 is not pending. 4 4.3. Affiant agrees not to exercise any powers granted 5 by the Durable Power of Attorney if Affiant attains knowledge б that it has been revoked, partially or completely terminated, 7 suspended, or is no longer valid because of the death or 8 adjudication of incapacity of the Principal. 9 10 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 11 ...Affiant... 12 Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me 13 14 this.... day of ,...(month).....(year)..., by ...(name 15 of person making statement)... 16 17 ... (Signature of Notary Public-State of Florida)... 18 (Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary Public) 19 Personally Known OR Produced Identification 20 ... (Type of Identification Produced)... 21 (d) A determination that a principal lacks the 22 capacity to manage property as defined in s. 744.102(10)(a) 23 24 must be made and evidenced by the affidavit of a physician 25 licensed to practice medicine as of the date of the affidavit. For purposes of this section, the physician executing the 26 27 affidavit must be the primary physician who has responsibility 28 for the treatment and care of the principal. The affidavit 29 executed by a physician must state where the physician is licensed to practice medicine, that the physician is the 30 31 primary physician who has responsibility for the treatment and

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1 care of the principal, and that the physician believes that 2 the principal lacks the capacity to manage property as defined 3 in s. 744.102(10)(a). The affidavit may, but need not, be in the following form: 4 5 6 STATE OF 7 COUNTY OF 8 9 Before me, the undersigned authority, personally 10 appeared ......(name of physician)..., Affiant, who swore or 11 affirmed that: 12 1. Affiant is a physician licensed to practice medicine in ... (name of state, territory, or foreign 13 14 country).... 2. Affiant is the primary physician who has 15 responsibility for the treatment and care of ... (principal's 16 17 name).... 3. To the best of Affiant's knowledge after reasonable 18 19 inquiry, Affiant believes that the principal lacks the capacity to manage property, including taking those actions 20 21 necessary to obtain, administer, and dispose of real and 22 personal property, intangible property, business property, 23 benefits, and income. 24 25 Affiant 26 27 Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this 28 ...day of... ...(month)..., ...(year)..., by .... (name of 29 person making statement).... 30 31 ....(Signature of Notary Public-State of Florida).... 5

1 ... (Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary 2 3 Public).... 4 5 Personally Known OR Produced Identification 6 7 ....(Type of Identification Produced).... 8 (e) A physician who makes a determination of 9 incapacity to manage property under paragraph (d) is not 10 subject to criminal prosecution or civil liability and is not 11 considered to have engaged in unprofessional conduct as a result of making such determination. The provisions of this 12 paragraph do not apply if there is shown by a preponderance of 13 the evidence that the physician making the determination did 14 not comply in good faith with the provisions of this section. 15 (f) A third party may not rely on the authority 16 17 granted in a durable power of attorney conditioned on the principal's lack of capacity to manage property as defined in 18 19 s. 744.102(10)(a) when any affidavit presented has been executed more than 6 months prior to the first presentation of 20 21 the durable power of attorney to the third party. (g) (d) Third parties who act in reliance upon the 22 authority granted to the attorney in fact under the durable 23 24 power of attorney and in accordance with the instructions of the attorney in fact must be held harmless by the principal 25 from any loss suffered or liability incurred as a result of 26 27 actions taken prior to receipt of written notice pursuant to subsection (5)of revocation, suspension, notice of a petition 28 29 to determine incapacity, partial or complete termination, or death of the principal. A person who acts in good faith upon 30 31 any representation, direction, decision, or act of the

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attorney in fact is not liable to the principal or the 2 principal's estate, beneficiaries, or joint owners for those 3 acts. 4 (h) (e) A durable power of attorney may provide that 5 the attorney in fact is not liable for any acts or decisions 6 made by the attorney in fact in good faith and under the terms 7 of the durable power of attorney. 8 (5) NOTICE.--9 (a) A notice, including, but not limited to, a notice 10 of revocation, notice of partial or complete termination by 11 adjudication of incapacity or by the occurrence of an event referenced in the durable power of attorney, notice of death 12 of the principal, notice of suspension by initiation of 13 proceedings to determine incapacity or to appoint a guardian, 14 or other notice, suspension, or otherwise, is not effective 15 until written notice is served upon the attorney in fact or 16 17 any third persons relying upon a durable power of attorney. (b) Notice must be in writing and served on the person 18 19 or entity to be bound by the such notice. Service may be by 20 any form of mail that requires a signed receipt or by personal delivery as provided for service of process. Service is 21 complete when received by interested persons or entities 22 specified in this section and in chapter 48, where applicable. 23 24 In the case of a financial institution as defined in chapter 25 655, notice, when not mailed, must be served during regular business hours upon an officer or manager of the financial 26 27 institution at the financial institution's principal place of 28 business in Florida and its office where the power of attorney 29 or account was presented, handled, or administered. Notice by mail to a financial institution must be mailed to the 30 31 financial institution's principal place of business in this 7

state and its office where the power of attorney or account was presented, handled, or administered.Except for service of court orders, a third party served with notice must be given 14 calendar days after service to act upon that notice. In the case of a financial institution, notice must be served before б the occurrence of any of the events described in s. 674.303. Section 2. This act shall take effect January 1, 2002. STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SB 886 Revises the affidavit requirement from two to one physician's affidavit needed for purposes of exercising authority under a durable power of attorney conditioned on a principal's lack of capacity to manage property.