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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to criminal rehabilitation;
3	amending s. 20.315, F.S.; redesignating the
4	area of program services within the Department
5	of Corrections as program, transition, and
6	postrelease services; amending s. 397.333,
7	F.S.; revising the qualifications for members
8	appointed to the Statewide Drug Policy Advisory
9	Council; providing additional duties of the
10	council; amending s. 944.026, F.S.; requiring
11	the department to designate a certain number of
12	beds to be used for transition assistance;
13	expanding the types of offenders who are
14	eligible for nonsecure community-based
15	residential drug treatment; amending s.
16	944.473, F.S.; requiring certain inmates to
17	participate in substance-abuse treatment;
18	providing criteria for program participation;
19	creating s. 944.4731, F.S.; creating the
20	Addiction-Recovery Supervision Program Act;
21	providing criteria for program participation;
22	requiring the department to contract with
23	faith-based groups and private organizations to
24	operate substance-abuse-transition housing
25	programs; providing program requirements;
26	requiring prerelease screening; providing
27	requirements for offenders who participate in
28	the program; amending s. 944.702, F.S.;
29	providing legislative intent with respect to
30	support services for inmates who abuse
31	substances; amending ss. 944.703, 944.704,
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1	F.S., relating to transition assistance for
2	inmates; requiring that inmates who abuse
3	substances receive priority assistance;
4	providing for transition-assistance specialists
5	at institutions; creating s. 944.7031, F.S.;
6	providing for inmates released from private
7	correctional facilities to be eligible for the
8	same transition-assistance services that are
9	provided to inmates in state correctional
10	facilities; requiring that such inmates be
11	given access to placement consideration in
12	substance-abuse-transition housing programs,
13	including programs that have a faith-based
14	component; amending ss. 944.705, 944.706,
15	944.707, F.S.; authorizing the department to
16	contract with faith-based service groups for
17	release-assistance programs and postrelease
18	services; amending s. 944.803, F.S.; providing
19	additional requirements for faith-based
20	programs for inmates; requiring the department
21	to assign chaplains to certain community
22	correctional centers; amending s. 945.091,
23	F.S.; authorizing an inmate to participate in
24	faith-based service groups; amending s.
25	947.141, F.S.; providing revocation process for
26	offenders on addiction-recovery supervision;
27	amending s. 948.08, F.S.; providing that
28	specified offenders are eligible for certain
29	pretrial intervention programs; providing
30	requirements for a defendant to be designated
31	as eligible for a pretrial intervention
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1	program; amending s. 951.10, F.S.; clarifying
2	provisions governing the leasing of prisoners;
3	requiring the Department of Corrections to
4	report to the Governor and the Legislature on
5	the implementation of the act; requiring the
6	Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental
7	Relations to report to the Legislature on
8	intervention and treatment strategies for
9	persons convicted of prostitution; requiring
10	inmates to complete a course on job readiness
11	and life management before release; providing
12	an appropriation; providing an effective date.
13	
14	WHEREAS, the Task Force on Self-Inflicted Crimes, as
15	created by chapter 2000-366, Laws of Florida, identified in
16	its report issued January 18, 2001, a wide variety of
17	potential legislative solutions for reducing the repetitious
18	self-injurious behavior of prostitution and substance abuse,
19	and
20	WHEREAS, those recommendations stemmed from the
21	testimony from numerous individuals, substance-abuse experts,
22	governmental officials, and private organizations throughout
23	Florida, and
24	WHEREAS, a significant recommendation made by the task
25	force was recognition that state government should not and
26	cannot bear the sole burden of treating and helping those
27	suffering from addictions and self-injurious behaviors, and
28	WHEREAS, the task force concluded that faith-based
29	organizations are "armies of compassion" devoted to changing
30	individuals' hearts and lives and can offer cost-effective
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substance-abuse treatment through the use of volunteers and 1 other cost-saving measures, and 2 3 WHEREAS, the task force concluded that inmates with 4 histories of substance abuse will most likely return to prison 5 without transition assistance and postrelease supervision, 6 coupled with treatment and job placement, and 7 WHEREAS, research has proven that "one-on-one" private 8 and faith-based programming is often more effective than 9 government programs in shaping and reclaiming lives because they are free to assert the essential connection between 10 responsibility and human dignity; their approach is personal, 11 12 not bureaucratic; their service is not primarily a function of professional background, but of individual commitment; and 13 14 they inject an element of moral challenge and spiritual 15 renewal that government cannot duplicate, and WHEREAS, a study required by chapter 97-78, Laws of 16 17 Florida, to measure the effectiveness of faith-based programs 18 in Florida's correctional facilities found a strong and 19 beneficial correlation between faith-based programming and remaining crime-free and drug-free upon release, and 20 21 WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections employs 105 22 prison chaplains who are responsible for addressing the religious and spiritual needs of over 71,000 inmates; for 23 developing community linkages with churches, synagogues, 24 mosques, and other faith-based institutions; and for 25 26 recruiting and supervising volunteers who come into Florida's 27 prisons to provide spiritual programs, mentoring activities, and other transitional skills, and 28 29 WHEREAS, the continued investment in the work of prison 30 chaplains and their clerical staff is a critical factor for strengthening volunteer participation and support of 31 4 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

faith-based programs in the prisons, as recognized by an 1 academic study in 1997 entitled "The Report of Faith-Based 2 3 Programs in Correctional Facilities, " and 4 WHEREAS, the task force recommended that the 5 Legislature fund faith-based substance-abuse-recovery programs 6 and transition assistance for the secular purpose of reducing 7 recidivism, and 8 WHEREAS, in an effort to transform lives and break the 9 personally destructive and expensive recidivism cycle, Florida should increase the number of chaplains who strengthen 10 volunteer participation; expand the pilot dormitory program 11 12 started in November 1999; and implement a strong transition-assistance residential program that includes a 13 14 voluntary faith component that supports inmates as they 15 reenter communities, NOW, THEREFORE, 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 20 20.315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 21 20.315 Department of Corrections.--There is created a 22 Department of Corrections. (3) SECRETARY OF CORRECTIONS.--The head of the 23 Department of Corrections is the Secretary of Corrections. 24 The secretary is appointed by the Governor, subject to 25 26 confirmation by the Senate, and shall serve at the pleasure of 27 the Governor. The secretary is responsible for planning, coordinating, and managing the corrections system of the 28 29 state. The secretary shall ensure that the programs and services of the department are administered in accordance with 30 state and federal laws, rules, and regulations, with 31 5

established program standards, and consistent with legislative 1 2 intent. The secretary shall identify the need for and 3 recommend funding for the secure and efficient operation of 4 the state correctional system. 5 (c) The secretary may appoint assistant secretaries, 6 directors, or other such persons that he or she deems are 7 necessary to accomplish the mission and goals of the 8 department, including, but not limited to, the following areas 9 of program responsibility: 1. Security and institutional operations, which shall 10 provide inmate work programs, offender programs, security 11 12 administration, emergency operations response, and operational oversight of the regions. 13 14 2. Health services, which shall be headed by a 15 physician licensed under chapter 458 or an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, or a professionally 16 17 trained health care administrator with progressively responsible experience in health care administration. 18 This 19 individual shall be responsible for the delivery of health 20 services to offenders within the system and shall have direct professional authority over such services. 21 3. Community corrections, which shall provide for 22 23 coordination of community alternatives to incarceration and operational oversight of community corrections regions. 24 25 4. Administrative services, which shall provide budget 26 and accounting services within the department, including the construction and maintenance of correctional institutions, 27 human resource management, research, planning and evaluation, 28 29 and technology. Program, transition, and postrelease services, 30 5. which shall provide for the direct management and supervision 31 6

of all departmental programs, including the coordination and 1 delivery of education and job training to the offenders in the 2 3 custody of the department. In addition, this program shall provide for the direct management and supervision of all 4 5 programs that furnish transition assistance to inmates who are 6 or have recently been in the custody of the department, 7 including the coordination, facilitation, and contract 8 management of prerelease and postrelease transition services 9 provided by governmental and private providers, including faith-based service groups. 10 Section 2. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 397.333, 11 12 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 397.333 Statewide Drug Policy Advisory Council .--13 14 (1)(a) The Statewide Drug Policy Advisory Council is created within the Executive Office of the Governor. The 15 16 director of the Office of Drug Control shall be a nonvoting, 17 ex officio member of the advisory council and shall act as chairperson. The director of the Office of Planning and 18 19 Budgeting shall be a nonvoting, ex officio member of the advisory council. The Office of Drug Control and the Office of 20 Planning and Budgeting shall provide staff support for the 21 advisory council. 22 23 (b) The following state officials shall be appointed to serve on the advisory council: 24 The Attorney General, or his or her designee. 25 1. 26 2. The executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement, or his or her designee. 27 28 The Secretary of Children and Family Services, or 3. 29 his or her designee. The Secretary of Health, or his or her designee. 30 4. 31 7 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

5. The Secretary of Corrections, or his or her 1 2 designee. 3 The Secretary of Juvenile Justice, or his or her 6. 4 designee. 5 7. The Commissioner of Education, or his or her 6 designee. 7 The executive director of the Department of Highway 8. Safety and Motor Vehicles, or his or her designee. 8 9 9. The Adjutant General of the state as the Chief of the Department of Military Affairs, or his or her designee. 10 In addition, the Governor shall appoint 11 members 11 (C) 12 of the public to serve on the advisory council. Of the 11 13 appointed members, one members must have professional or 14 occupational expertise in drug enforcement, one member must 15 have professional or occupational expertise in substance abuse 16 prevention, and one member must have professional or 17 occupational expertise in substance abuse treatment, and two 18 members must have professional or occupational expertise in 19 faith-based substance-abuse-treatment services. The remainder 20 of the members appointed should have professional or occupational expertise in, or be generally knowledgeable 21 about, issues that relate to drug enforcement and substance 22 23 abuse programs and services. The members appointed by the 24 Governor must, to the extent possible, equitably represent all geographic areas of the state. 25 26 (d) The President of the Senate shall appoint a member 27 of the Senate to the advisory council and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint a member of the House 28 29 of Representatives to the advisory council. (e) The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall 30 appoint a member of the judiciary to the advisory council. 31 8

1	(f) Members appointed by the Governor, the President
2	of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives,
3	and the Chief Justice shall be appointed to terms of 4 years
4	each. However, for the purpose of providing staggered terms,
5	of the Governor's initial appointments, five members shall be
6	appointed to 2-year terms and six members shall be appointed
7	to 4-year terms.
8	(3) The advisory council shall:
9	(a) Conduct a comprehensive analysis of the problem of
10	substance abuse in this state and make recommendations to the
11	Governor and Legislature for developing and implementing a
12	state drug control strategy. The advisory council shall
13	determine the most effective means of establishing clear and
14	meaningful lines of communication between the advisory council
15	and the public and private sectors in order to ensure that the
16	process of developing and implementing the state drug control
17	strategy has afforded a broad spectrum of the public and
18	private sectors an opportunity to comment and make
19	recommendations.
20	(b) Review and make recommendations to the Governor
21	and Legislature on funding substance abuse programs and
22	services, consistent with the state drug control strategy, as
23	developed. The council may recommend the creation of a
24	separate appropriations category for funding services
25	delivered or procured by state agencies and may recommend the
26	use of performance-based contracting as provided in s.
27	414.065.
28	(c) Review various substance abuse programs and
29	recommend, where needed, measures that are sufficient to
30	determine program outcomes. The council shall review different
31	methodologies for evaluating programs and determine whether
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programs within different agencies have common outcomes. The
 methodologies shall be consistent with those established under
 s. 216.0166.

4 (d) Review the drug control strategies and programs
5 of, and efforts by, other states and the Federal Government
6 and compile the relevant research.

7 (e) Recommend to the Governor and Legislature applied 8 research projects that would use research capabilities within 9 the state, including, but not limited to, the resources of the 10 State University System, for the purpose of achieving improved 11 outcomes and making better-informed strategic budgetary 12 decisions.

(f) Recommend to the Governor and Legislature changes
in law which would remove barriers to or enhance the
implementation of the state drug control strategy.

16 (g) Make recommendations to the Governor and the 17 Legislature on the need for public information campaigns to be 18 conducted in the state to limit substance abuse.

(h) Ensure that there is a coordinated, integrated, and multidisciplinary response to the substance abuse problem in this state, with special attention given to creating partnerships within and between the public and private sectors, and to the coordinated, supported, and integrated delivery of multiple-system services for substance abusers, including a multiagency team approach to service delivery.

(i) Assist communities and families in pooling their
knowledge and experiences with respect to the problem of
substance abuse. Forums for exchanging ideas, experiences, and
practical information, as well as instruction, should be
considered. For communities, such instruction may involve
issues of funding, staffing, training, and neighborhood and

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parental involvement, and instruction on other issues. For 1 families, such instruction may involve practical strategies 2 3 for addressing family substance abuse; improving cognitive, 4 communication, and decisionmaking skills; providing parents 5 with techniques for resolving conflicts, communicating, and cultivating meaningful relationships with their children and 6 7 establishing guidelines for their children; educating families about drug-free programs and activities in which they may 8 9 serve as participants and planners; and other programs of similar instruction. To maximize the effectiveness of such 10 forums, multiple agencies should participate. 11 12 (j) Examine the extent to which all state programs 13 that involve substance-abuse treatment can include a 14 meaningful work component, and identify any change in the law 15 which would remove barriers to or enhance the work component 16 for a substance-abuse-treatment program. 17 (k) Recommend to the Governor and the Legislature ways to expand and fund drug courts, which have proven effective in 18 19 the state's drug-control strategy. 20 Section 3. Section 944.026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 21 22 944.026 Community-based facilities and programs.--In addition to those facilities and services 23 (1) described elsewhere in this chapter, the department shall 24 develop, provide, or contract for a statewide system of 25 26 community-based facilities, services, and programs dealing 27 with the rehabilitation of offenders, which shall include, but not be limited to: 28 29 (a) A system of community correctional centers to be used for reintegration of the offender back into the 30 31 11 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. CS for CS for SB 912

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community, located at various places throughout the state as 1 provided in s. 944.033. 2 3 (b) Community-based residential drug treatment 4 facilities that which include: 5 Nonsecure facilities, whereby probationers and drug 1. 6 offender probationers who have violated their terms or 7 conditions, or persons placed on community control whose presumptive sentence exceeds 22 months, may be required to 8 9 reside while working, receiving treatment, or attending 10 school, and whereby inmates may be placed who are nearing their date of release from a correctional institution or a 11 12 community correctional center, who are in need of placement in 13 a substance-abuse-transition housing program, and who are 14 considered eligible for such placement by the department; and 15 Secure facilities which provide for limited access 2. 16 for the duration of the program for persons who have violated 17 their conditions of probation, drug offender probation, or community control, and whose presumptive sentence exceeds 22 18 19 months. 20 (c) A system of probation and restitution centers throughout the state whereby probationers, drug offender 21 22 probationers, and community controllees who have violated 23 their terms or conditions, and whose presumptive sentence exceeds 22 months, may be required to reside while working, 24 receiving treatment, or attending school, or for persons on 25 26 probation, drug offender probation, or community control who 27 may be required to attend outpatient substance abuse counseling and whereby inmates may be placed who are nearing 28 29 their date of release from a correctional institution or a community correctional center, who are in need of placement in 30 a substance-abuse-transition housing program, and who are 31 12

considered eligible for such placement by the department. The 1 purpose of these facilities and services is to provide the 2 court with an alternative to committing offenders to more 3 4 secure state correctional institutions and to assist in the 5 supervision of probationers, drug offender probationers, and community controllees and to provide the department б 7 transitional-housing beds to assist inmates released into the 8 community. 9 (2) By January 1, 2002, and notwithstanding any other 10 law, the department shall ensure that at least 400 of its contracted beds in nonsecure community-based residential 11 12 substance-abuse-treatment facilities authorized under subparagraph (1)(b)1. or probation and restitution centers 13 14 authorized under paragraph (1)(c) are designated for 15 transition assistance for inmates who are nearing their date of release from a correctional institution or a community 16 17 correctional center. These designated beds shall be provided by private organizations that do not have a faith component 18 19 and that are under contract with the department. In making 20 placement decisions, the department and the contract providers 21 shall give priority consideration to those inmates who are nearing their date of release and who are to be placed in some 22 23 form of postrelease community supervision. However, if an inmate whose sentence expires upon his or her release from a 24 correctional institution or a community correction center and 25 26 for whom community supervision is not required demonstrates 27 the need for or interest in and suitability for transition-housing assistance, as determined by the 28 29 department, the inmate is eligible to be considered for 30 placement in transition housing. A right to 31 13

substance-abuse-program services is not stated, intended, or 1 2 otherwise implied by this subsection. 3 (3)(2)(a) The department shall develop and implement 4 procedures to diagnose offenders prior to sentencing, for the 5 purpose of recommending to the sentencing court suitable candidates for placement in a community-based residential drug 6 7 treatment facility or probation and restitution center as provided in this section. The department shall also develop 8 9 and implement procedures to properly identify inmates prior to release who demonstrate the need for or interest in and 10 suitability for placement in a community-based 11 12 substance-abuse-transition housing program as provided in this section and pursuant to ss. 944.704 and 944.4731. 13 14 (b) Pretrial intervention programs in appropriate 15 counties to provide early counseling and supervision services to specified offenders as provided in s. 948.08. 16 17 Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 944.473, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 944.473 Inmate substance abuse testing program.--20 (2) SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS.--(a) An inmate who meets the criteria established by 21 22 the department shall participate in substance-abuse-program 23 services when such services are available. A right to 24 substance-abuse-program services is not stated, intended, or otherwise implied by this chapter. 25 26 (b) Upon arrival at a department's reception center for initial processing, each inmate shall be screened and 27 assessed to determine if the inmate meets the department's 28 29 criteria for mandated participation in a substance-abuse program. Criteria for mandated substance-abuse-program 30 services shall be based on: 31 14

1. The presence of a diagnosed psychoactive substance 1 2 dependence or use disorder; 3 2. The severity of the addiction; 4 3. A history of criminal behavior related to substance 5 abuse; 6 4. A recommendation by a sentencing authority for 7 substance-abuse-program services; 8 5. Unsuccessful participation in community-based 9 substance-abuse services; 6. Sentencing by a drug court or drug division; and 10 7. Other classification or program criteria that the 11 12 department finds will ensure security and optimal program 13 placement. 14 (c) When selecting contract providers to administer substance-abuse-treatment programs, the department shall make 15 every effort to consider qualified faith-based service groups 16 17 on an equal basis with other private organizations. If 18 substance abuse treatment is requested by an inmate, the 19 department shall place the inmate in a substance abuse treatment program, if available and appropriate. 20 21 Section 5. Section 944.4731, Florida Statutes, is 22 created to read: 23 944.4731 Addiction-Recovery Supervision Program.--(1) This section may be cited as the 24 "Addiction-Recovery Supervision Program Act." 25 26 (2)(a) Any offender released from a state correctional 27 facility who is convicted of a crime committed on or after 28 July 1, 2001, must be given addiction-recovery supervision if 29 the offender has: 1. A history of substance-abuse or addiction; 30 31 2. Participated in any drug treatment; 15

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3. No current or previous convictions for a violent 1 2 offense; 3 4. No current or previous convictions for drug 4 trafficking or for the unlawful sale of a controlled 5 substance; 6 5. No current or previous convictions for a property 7 offense, except for a conviction for: 8 a. Passing worthless checks, forgery, uttering, or 9 counterfeiting; b. Third-degree felony grand theft, excluding a theft 10 11 relating to firearms; or 12 c. Third-degree felony burglary of an unoccupied 13 structure or conveyance; and 14 6. No current or previous conviction for a traffic 15 offense involving injury or death. (b) An offender released under addiction-recovery 16 17 supervision shall be subject to specified terms and conditions, including payment of the costs of supervision 18 19 under s. 948.09 and any other court-ordered payments, such as 20 child support and restitution. If an offender has received a 21 term of probation or community control to be served after release from incarceration, the period of probation or 22 23 community control may not be substituted for addiction-recovery supervision and shall follow the term of 24 25 addiction-recovery supervision. A panel of not fewer than two parole commissioners shall establish the terms and conditions 26 of supervision, and the terms and conditions must be included 27 28 in the supervision order. In setting the terms and conditions 29 of supervision, the parole commission shall weigh heavily the program requirements, including, but not limited to, work at 30 paid employment while participating in treatment and traveling 31 16

restrictions. The commission shall also determine whether an 1 2 offender violates the terms and conditions of supervision and 3 whether a violation warrants revocation of addiction-recovery supervision pursuant to s. 947.141. The parole commission 4 5 shall review the offender's record for the purpose of 6 establishing the terms and conditions of supervision. The 7 parole commission may impose any special conditions it 8 considers warranted from its review of the record. The length 9 of supervision may not exceed the maximum penalty imposed by 10 the court. (c) The Legislature finds that offenders released from 11 12 state prison into the community who meet the criteria for 13 participating in the addiction-recovery supervision program 14 possess the greatest potential for successful substance-abuse 15 recovery through treatment and transition assistance. 16 (3)(a) Each fiscal year, and contingent upon funding, 17 the department shall enter into contracts with multiple providers who are private organizations, including faith-based 18 19 service groups, to operate substance-abuse-transition housing 20 programs, including providers that: 21 1. Provide postrelease housing, programming, 22 treatment, and other transitional services; 23 2. Emphasize job placement and gainful employment for 24 program participants; 3. Provide a curriculum related to substance-abuse 25 26 treatment which uses a cognitive-behavior model or 12-step 27 model of addiction recovery; 28 4. Provide for a length of stay of not more than 12 29 months; and 5. Use community volunteers in operating the program 30 31 to the greatest extent possible. 17

1	(b) The department shall allow providers to use
2	innovative approaches to treatment and shall authorize a high
3	level of flexibility in operating a program. The department
4	shall ensure that an offender's faith orientation, or lack
5	thereof, will not be considered in determining admission to a
6	faith-based program and that the program does not attempt to
7	convert an offender toward a particular faith or religious
8	preference.
9	(4) When facilitating job placement for an offender
10	under this program, the provider shall make every effort to
11	secure suitable employment that provides adequate wages, a
12	potential for advancement, and a likelihood of stable and
13	long-term employment. To measure the success of postrelease
14	job placement, the department shall, as part of its annual
15	report, track for 1 year offenders who successfully complete
16	the program and shall determine their employment status.
17	(5) Each contract entered into under this section for
18	operating a substance-abuse-transition housing program must
19	invite innovation, minimize bureaucracy, and permit the
20	private organization or faith-based provider to petition the
21	department to waive any rule, policy, or procedure that is
22	inconsistent with the mission of the private organization or
23	faith-based provider.
24	(6) Six months before an offender is released, the
25	chaplain and transition-assistance specialist at the
26	institution where the offender is incarcerated shall initiate
27	the prerelease screening process in addition to the basic
28	release orientation required under s. 944.705.
29	(a) The transition-assistance specialist and the
30	chaplain shall provide a list of contracted private providers,
31	including faith-based providers, to the offender and
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1	facilitate the application process. The transition-assistance
2	specialist shall inform the offender of program availability
3	and assess the offender's need and suitability for
4	substance-abuse-transition housing assistance. If an offender
5	is approved for placement, the specialist shall assist the
6	offender and coordinate the release of the offender with the
7	selected program. If an offender requests and is approved for
8	placement in a contracted faith-based
9	substance-abuse-transition housing program, the specialist
10	must consult with the chaplain prior to such placement. A
11	right to substance-abuse-program services is not stated,
12	intended, or otherwise implied by this section.
13	(b) If an offender has participated in a faith-based
14	program while incarcerated or housed at a community
15	correctional center and the same or a similar faith-based
16	provider offers a contracted substance-abuse-transition
17	housing program, the department shall make every attempt to
18	maintain this continuum of care.
19	(7) While participating in a
20	substance-abuse-transition housing program, an offender shall:
21	(a) Adhere to all conditions of supervision enforced
22	by the commission and the program provider. Failure to comply
23	with such rules or conditions may result in revocation of
24	supervision pursuant to s. 947.141.
25	(b) Pay fees to defray program costs, costs of
26	supervision required under s. 948.09, and any restitution or
27	obligations for child support.
28	(c) Participate in a cognitive-behavior model or
29	12-step model of recovery.
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The commission may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 1 (8) 2 120.536(1) and 120.54 as necessary for administering this 3 section. 4 Section 6. Section 944.702, Florida Statutes, is 5 amended to read: 6 944.702 Legislative intent.--It is the intent of the 7 Legislature to provide persons released from incarceration 8 from the Department of Corrections with certain fundamental 9 resources in the areas of employment, life skills training, 10 job placement, and access to as many support services as possible in order to appreciably increase the likelihood of 11 12 the inmate's successful reentry into free society. The 13 Legislature intends that these support services include 14 faith-based service groups on an equal basis with other 15 private organizations. Section 7. Section 944.703, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 amended to read: 18 944.703 Eligible inmates.--Sections 944.701-944.708 19 apply to all inmates released from the custody of the 20 department. However, priority should be given to substance-addicted inmates to help break the cycle of drug 21 abuse, prostitution, and other self-injurious criminal 22 23 behavior that causes harm to families and communities. Those inmates with a detainer are eligible if the department 24 determines that cancellation of the detainer is likely or that 25 26 the incarceration for which the detainer was issued will be of 27 short duration. The department shall confirm the detainer with the originating authority prior to release. 28 29 Section 8. Section 944.7031, Florida Statutes, is 30 created to read: 31 20

1	944.7031 Eligible inmates released from private
2	correctional facilities
3	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that state
4	inmates nearing release from a private correctional facility
5	managed under chapter 957 are eligible for assistance under
6	ss. 944.701-944.708, and all laws that provide for or mandate
7	transition-assistance services to inmates nearing release also
8	apply to inmates who reside in private correctional
9	facilities.
10	(2) To assist an inmate nearing release from a private
11	correctional facility, the department and the
12	transition-assistance specialist shall coordinate with a
13	designated staff person at each private correctional facility
14	to ensure that a state inmate released from the private
15	correctional facility is informed of and provided with the
16	same level of transition-assistance services that are provided
17	by the department for an inmate in a state correctional
18	facility. Any inmate released from a private correctional
19	facility shall also have equal access to placement
20	consideration in a contracted substance-abuse-transition
21	housing program, including those programs that have a
22	faith-based component.
23	Section 9. Section 944.704, Florida Statutes, is
24	amended to read:
25	944.704 Staff who provide transition assistance;
26	dutiesThe department shall provide a transition-assistance
27	<u>specialist</u> transition assistance officer at <u>each of the</u> major
28	institutions whose duties include, but are not limited to:
29	(1) Coordinating delivery of transition-assistance
30	transition assistance program services at the institution and
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at the community correctional centers authorized pursuant to 1 2 s. 945.091(1)(b). 3 (2) Assisting in the development of each inmate's 4 postrelease plan. 5 (3) Obtaining job placement information for 6 transmittal to the Department of Labor and Employment 7 Security. (4) Facilitating placement in a private 8 9 transition-housing program, if requested by any eligible inmate. If an inmate who is nearing his or her date of release 10 requests placement in a contracted substance-abuse-transition 11 12 housing program, the transition-assistance specialist shall 13 inform the inmate of program availability and assess the 14 inmate's need and suitability for transition-housing 15 assistance. If an inmate is approved for placement, the 16 specialist shall assist the inmate and coordinate the release 17 of the inmate with the selected program. If an inmate requests and is approved for placement in a contracted faith-based 18 19 substance-abuse-transition housing program, the specialist 20 must consult with the chaplain prior to such placement. In selecting inmates who are nearing their date of release for 21 placement in a faith-based program, the department shall 22 23 ensure that an inmate's faith orientation, or lack thereof, will not be considered in determining admission to the program 24 and that the program does not attempt to convert an inmate 25 26 toward a particular faith or religious preference. 27 (5) (4) Providing a photo identification card to all inmates prior to their release. 28 29 30 31 2.2 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

The transition-assistance specialist may not be a correctional 1 2 officer or correctional probation officer as defined in s. 3 943.10. 4 Section 10. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 944.705, Florida Statutes, are reenacted, and subsection (5) 5 6 of that section is amended to read: 7 944.705 Release orientation program.--8 (1) The department shall provide participation in a 9 standardized release orientation program to every eligible 10 inmate. (2) The release orientation program instruction must 11 12 include, but is not limited to: (a) Employment skills. 13 14 (b) Money management skills. 15 (c) Personal development and planning. (d) Special needs. 16 17 (e) Community reentry concerns. 18 (f) Community reentry support. 19 (g) Any other appropriate instruction to ensure the 20 inmate's successful reentry into the community. 21 (5) The department may is authorized to contract with public or private entities, including faith-based service 22 23 groups, for the provision of all or part of the services pursuant to this section. 24 25 Section 11. Section 944.706, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 944.706 Basic release assistance.--27 28 (1) Any inmate who is being released is eligible for 29 transition assistance. Those inmates released to a detainer 30 are eligible pursuant to s. 944.703. 31 23 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(2) The department <u>may</u> is authorized to contract with
2	the Department of Children and Family Services, the Salvation
3	Army, and other public or private organizations, including
4	faith-based service groups, for the provision of basic support
5	services for releasees. The department shall contract with
6	the Department of Labor and Employment Security for the
7	provision of releasee job placement.
8	(3) The department shall <u>adopt</u> promulgate rules for
9	the development, implementation, and termination of transition
10	assistance.
11	Section 12. Section 944.707, Florida Statutes, is
12	amended to read:
13	944.707 Postrelease special services; job placement
14	services
15	(1) The department shall attempt to generate and
16	provide to every releasee, identified by the prerelease needs
17	assessment, support services such as, but not limited to,
18	substance abuse counseling, family counseling, and employment
19	support programs. The department \underline{may} is authorized to select
20	and contract with public or private organizations, including
21	faith-based service groups, for the provision of these basic
22	support services. When selecting a provider, the department
23	shall consider faith-based service groups on an equal basis
24	with other private organizations.Provider selection criteria
25	include, but are not limited to:
26	(a) The depth and scope of services provided.
27	(b) The geographic area to be served.
28	(c) The number of inmates to be served and the cost of
29	services per inmate.
30	(d) The individual provider's record of success in the
31	provision of inmate services.
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1	(2) The department, with the assistance of the State
2	Office on Homelessness, shall maintain and regularly update a
3	comprehensive directory of support services offered by private
4	organizations and faith-based service groups for the purpose
5	of assisting transition-assistance specialists and chaplains
6	in making individualized placements and referrals. The
7	following items shall be provided to the Department of Labor
8	and Employment Security job service office located nearest to
9	the inmate's intended residence:
10	(a) The job placement information obtained at release
11	orientation.
12	(b) Referral information for the needed basic support
13	service providers.
14	(3)(a) The Department of Labor and Employment Security
15	shall assign job service staff exclusively dedicated to
16	releasee services at those offices identified by the
17	Department of Corrections as having a high number of releasee
18	contacts. Those offices having a fewer number of releasee
19	contacts shall have designated staff assigned to assist
20	releasees. The Department of Labor and Employment Security
21	shall provide appropriate training for staff assigned to
22	assist releasees. Staff assigned to assist releasees shall
23	use job placement information obtained at each releasee's
24	release orientation to attempt to secure suitable employment
25	for the releasee prior to the releasee's arrival. Staff
26	assigned to assist releasees shall act to maximize releasee
27	placement opportunities in the job service office service
28	area.
29	(b) The Department of Labor and Employment Security
30	shall provide to the Department of Corrections data relating
31	to inmate placement, tracking, and market needs.
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1 Section 13. Section 944.803, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 944.803 Faith-based programs for inmates .--4 (1) The Legislature finds and declares that 5 faith-based programs offered in state and private correctional 6 institutions and facilities have the potential to facilitate 7 inmate institutional adjustment, help inmates assume personal responsibility, and reduce recidivism. 8 9 (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Corrections and the private vendors operating 10 private correctional facilities shall continuously: 11 (a) Measure recidivism rates for inmates who have 12 participated in religious programs; 13 14 (b) Increase the number of volunteers who minister to 15 inmates from various faith-based institutions in the 16 community; 17 (c) Develop community linkages with churches, synagogues, mosques, and other faith-based institutions to 18 19 assist inmates in their release back into the community; and 20 (d) Fund through the use of inmate welfare trust funds pursuant to s. 945.215 an adequate number of chaplains and 21 22 support staff to operate faith-based programs in correctional 23 institutions. (3) By March 1, 2002, the department must have at 24 25 least three additional faith-based dormitory programs fully operational and by June 1, 2002, the department must have at 26 27 least three more faith-based dormitory programs fully 28 operational, for a total or six new programs fully operational 29 by June 1, 2002. These six programs shall be similar to and in 30 addition to the current faith-based pilot program. The six new 31 programs shall be a joint effort with the department and 26 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

faith-based service groups within the community. The 1 2 department shall ensure that an inmate's faith orientation, or 3 lack thereof, will not be considered in determining admission 4 to a faith-based program and that the program does not attempt to convert an inmate toward a particular faith or religious 5 preference. The programs shall operate 24 hours a day within б 7 the existing correctional facilities. The programs must 8 emphasize the importance of personal responsibility, 9 meaningful work, education, substance-abuse treatment, and peer support. Participation in the faith-based dormitory 10 program shall be voluntary. However, at least 80 percent of 11 12 the inmates participating in this program must be within 36 months of release. Assignment to these programs shall be based 13 14 on evaluation and the length of time the inmate is projected 15 to be assigned to that particular institution. In evaluating an inmate for this program, priority shall be given to inmates 16 17 who have shown an indication for substance abuse. A right to substance-abuse-program services is not stated, intended, or 18 19 otherwise implied by this subsection. The department may not 20 remove an inmate once assigned to the program except for the purposes of population management, for inmate conduct that may 21 subject the inmate to disciplinary confinement or loss of 22 23 gain-time, for physical or mental health concerns, or for 24 security or safety concerns. To support the programming component, the department shall assign a chaplain and a 25 26 full-time clerical support person dedicated to each dormitory to implement and monitor the program and to strengthen 27 volunteer participation and support. By January 1, 2004, the 28 29 department shall submit an evaluation report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 30 31 Representatives on the faith-based dormitory program. The 27

report must contain the findings from an extensive and 1 2 scientifically sound evaluation of the program, including at 3 least a longitudinal followup of the inmates who have 4 successfully completed the program compared to other similar inmates who have not participated and an opinion survey of the 5 6 faith-based service providers. 7 (4) Effective October 1, 2001, the Department of 8 Corrections shall assign chaplains to community correctional 9 centers authorized pursuant to s. 945.091(1)(b). These chaplains shall strengthen volunteer participation by 10 recruiting volunteers in the community to assist inmates in 11 12 transition, and, if requested by the inmate, placement in a 13 mentoring program or at a contracted 14 substance-abuse-transition housing program. When placing an inmate in a contracted program, the chaplain shall work with 15 16 the institutional transition-assistance specialist in an 17 effort to successfully place the released inmate. (5) The department shall ensure that any faith 18 19 component of any program authorized in this chapter is offered 20 on a voluntary basis and, an offender's faith orientation, or lack thereof, will not be considered in determining admission 21 22 to a faith-based program and that the program does not attempt 23 to convert an offender toward a particular faith or religious 24 preference. (6) The department shall ensure that state funds are 25 26 not expended for the purpose of furthering religious indoctrination, but rather, that state funds are expended for 27 purposes of furthering the secular goals of criminal 28 29 rehabilitation, the successful reintegration of offenders into the community, and the reduction of recidivism. 30 31 2.8

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Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 945.091, Florida 1 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 945.091 Extension of the limits of confinement; 3 restitution by employed inmates. --4 5 (1) The department may is authorized to adopt rules 6 regulations permitting the extension of the limits of the 7 place of confinement of an inmate as to whom there is reasonable cause to believe that the inmate will honor his or 8 9 her trust by authorizing the inmate, under prescribed conditions and following investigation and approval by the 10 secretary, or the secretary's designee, who shall maintain a 11 12 written record of such action, to leave the confines of that place unaccompanied by a custodial agent for a prescribed 13 14 period of time to: 15 (a) Visit, for a specified period, a specifically 16 designated place or places: 17 1. For the purpose of visiting a dying relative, 18 attending the funeral of a relative, or arranging for 19 employment or for a suitable residence for use when released; 20 To otherwise aid in the rehabilitation of the 2. 21 inmate and his or her successful transition into the 22 community; or 23 For another compelling reason consistent with the 3. 24 public interest, 25 26 and return to the same or another institution or facility 27 designated by the Department of Corrections. 28 (b) Work at paid employment, participate in an 29 education or a training program, or voluntarily serve a public or nonprofit agency or faith-based service group in the 30 community, while continuing as an inmate of the institution or 31 29 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

facility in which the inmate is confined, except during the 1 hours of his or her employment, education, training, or 2 3 service and traveling thereto and therefrom. 4 1. An inmate may participate in paid employment only 5 during the last 36 months of his or her confinement, unless sooner requested by the Parole Commission or the Control 6 7 Release Authority. 2. While working at paid employment and residing in 8 9 the facility, an inmate may apply for placement at a 10 contracted substance-abuse-transition housing program. The transition-assistance specialist shall inform the inmate of 11 12 program availability and assess the inmate's need and 13 suitability for transition-housing assistance. If an inmate is 14 approved for placement, the specialist shall assist the 15 inmate. If an inmate requests and is approved for placement in 16 a contracted faith-based substance-abuse-transition housing 17 program, the specialist must consult with the chaplain prior to such placement. The department shall ensure that an 18 19 inmate's faith orientation, or lack thereof, will not be 20 considered in determining admission to a faith-based program 21 and that the program does not attempt to convert an inmate 22 toward a particular faith or religious preference. 23 (c) Participate in a residential or nonresidential 24 rehabilitative program operated by a public or private, nonprofit agency, including faith-based service groups, with 25 26 which the department has contracted for the treatment of such inmate. The provisions of ss. 216.311 and 287.057 shall apply 27 to all contracts between the department and any private entity 28 29 providing such services. The department shall require such agency to provide appropriate supervision of inmates 30 participating in such program. The department is authorized 31 30

to terminate any inmate's participation in the program if such 1 inmate fails to demonstrate satisfactory progress in the 2 3 program as established by departmental rules. 4 Section 15. Subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), and (6) of 5 section 947.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 947.141 Violations of conditional release, control б 7 release, or conditional medical release or addiction-recovery supervision. --8 9 (1) If a member of the commission or a duly authorized representative of the commission has reasonable grounds to 10 believe that an offender who is on release supervision under 11 12 s. 947.1405, s. 947.146, or s. 947.149, or s. 944.4731 has violated the terms and conditions of the release in a material 13 14 respect, such member or representative may cause a warrant to 15 be issued for the arrest of the releasee; if the offender was 16 found to be a sexual predator, the warrant must be issued. 17 (2) Upon the arrest on a felony charge of an offender who is on release supervision under s. 947.1405, s. 947.146, 18 19 or s. 947.149, or s. 944.4731, the offender must be detained without bond until the initial appearance of the offender at 20 which a judicial determination of probable cause is made. If 21 the magistrate determines that there was no probable cause for 22 23 the arrest, the offender may be released. If the magistrate determines that there was probable cause for the arrest, such 24 determination also constitutes reasonable grounds to believe 25 26 that the offender violated the conditions of the release. Within 24 hours after the magistrate's finding of probable 27 cause, the detention facility administrator or designee shall 28 29 notify the commission and the department of the finding and transmit to each a facsimile copy of the probable cause 30 affidavit or the sworn offense report upon which the 31

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1	magistrate's probable cause determination is based. The
2	offender must continue to be detained without bond for a
3	period not exceeding 72 hours excluding weekends and holidays
4	after the date of the probable cause determination, pending a
5	decision by the commission whether to issue a warrant charging
б	the offender with violation of the conditions of release. Upon
7	the issuance of the commission's warrant, the offender must
8	continue to be held in custody pending a revocation hearing
9	held in accordance with this section.
10	(3) Within 45 days after notice to the Parole
11	Commission of the arrest of a releasee charged with a
12	violation of the terms and conditions of conditional release,
13	control release, or conditional medical release <u>, or</u>
14	addiction-recovery supervision, the releasee must be afforded
15	a hearing conducted by a commissioner or a duly authorized
16	representative thereof. If the releasee elects to proceed with
17	a hearing, the releasee must be informed orally and in writing
18	of the following:
19	(a) The alleged violation with which the releasee is
20	charged.
21	(b) The releasee's right to be represented by counsel.
22	(c) The releasee's right to be heard in person.
23	(d) The releasee's right to secure, present, and
24	compel the attendance of witnesses relevant to the proceeding.
25	(e) The releasee's right to produce documents on the
26	releasee's own behalf.
27	(f) The releasee's right of access to all evidence
28	used against the releasee and to confront and cross-examine
29	adverse witnesses.
30	(g) The releasee's right to waive the hearing.
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1	(4) Within a reasonable time following the hearing,
2	the commissioner or the commissioner's duly authorized
3	representative who conducted the hearing shall make findings
4	of fact in regard to the alleged violation. A panel of no
5	fewer than two commissioners shall enter an order determining
6	whether the charge of violation of conditional release,
7	control release, or conditional medical release <u>, or</u>
8	addiction-recovery supervision has been sustained based upon
9	the findings of fact presented by the hearing commissioner or
10	authorized representative. By such order, the panel may revoke
11	conditional release, control release, or conditional medical
12	release, or addiction-recovery supervision and thereby return
13	the releasee to prison to serve the sentence imposed,
14	reinstate the original order granting the release, or enter
15	such other order as it considers proper. Effective for inmates
16	whose offenses were committed on or after July 1, 1995, the
17	panel may order the placement of a releasee, upon a finding of
18	violation pursuant to this subsection, into a local detention
19	facility as a condition of supervision.
20	(6) Whenever a conditional release, control release,
21	or conditional medical release <u>, or addiction-recovery</u>
22	supervision is revoked by a panel of no fewer than two
23	commissioners and the releasee is ordered to be returned to
24	prison, the releasee, by reason of the misconduct, shall be
25	deemed to have forfeited all gain-time or commutation of time
26	for good conduct, as provided for by law, earned up to the
27	date of release. However, if a conditional medical release is
28	revoked due to the improved medical or physical condition of
29	the releasee, the releasee shall not forfeit gain-time accrued
30	before the date of conditional medical release. This
31	subsection does not deprive the prisoner of the right to
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gain-time or commutation of time for good conduct, as provided 1 by law, from the date of return to prison. 2 3 Section 16. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) and 4 subsection (7) of section 948.08, Florida Statutes, are 5 amended to read: 6 948.08 Pretrial intervention program.--7 (6)(a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, 8 a person who is charged with a felony of the second or third 9 degree for purchase or possession of a controlled substance 10 under chapter 893, tampering with evidence, solicitation for purchase of a controlled substance, or obtaining a 11 12 prescription by fraud; who has not been charged with a crime involving violence, including, but not limited to, murder, 13 14 sexual battery, robbery, carjacking, home-invasion robbery, or 15 any other crime involving violence; and who has not previously 16 been convicted of a felony nor been admitted to a felony 17 pretrial program referred to in this section, is eligible for admission into a pretrial substance abuse education and 18 19 treatment intervention program approved by the chief judge of the circuit, for a period of not less than 1 year in duration, 20 upon motion of either party or the court's own motion, except: 21 If a defendant was previously offered admission to 22 1. 23 a pretrial substance abuse education and treatment intervention program at any time prior to trial and the 24 defendant rejected that offer on the record, then the court or 25 26 the state attorney may deny the defendant's admission to such 27 a program. 2. If the state attorney believes that the facts and 28 29 circumstances of the case suggest the defendant's involvement in the dealing and selling of controlled substances, the court 30 shall hold a preadmission hearing. If the state attorney 31 34

1	establishes, by a preponderance of the evidence at such
2	hearing, that the defendant was involved in the dealing or
3	selling of controlled substances, the court shall deny the
4	defendant's admission into a pretrial intervention program.
5	(7) The chief judge in each circuit may appoint an
6	advisory committee for the pretrial intervention program
7	composed of the chief judge or his or her designee, who shall
8	serve as chair; the state attorney, the public defender, and
9	the program administrator, or their designees; and such other
10	persons as the chair deems appropriate. The advisory committee
11	may not designate any defendant eligible for a pretrial
12	intervention program for any offense that is not listed under
13	paragraph (6)(a) without the state attorney's recommendation
14	and approval. The committee may also include persons
15	representing any other agencies to which persons released to
16	the pretrial intervention program may be referred.
17	Section 17. Section 951.10, Florida Statutes, is
18	amended to read:
19	951.10 Leasing prisoners to work for private interests
20	prohibited No County prisoners <u>may not</u> shall be leased to
21	work for any private interests. This section does not prohibit
22	county inmates from working in nonprofit and private-sector
23	jobs pursuant to s. 951.24(2) and consistent with federal law.
24	Section 18. By March 1, 2002, the Department of
25	Corrections shall submit a comprehensive report to the
26	Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
27	House of Representatives on its progress in implementing this
28	act. In its comprehensive report the department shall:
29	(1) Identify the number of beds needed for
30	substance-abuse-transition housing for the 2002-2003,
31	2003-2004, and 2004-2005 fiscal years, and shall evaluate the
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impact of designating nonsecure, community-based residential 1 2 beds for postrelease transition services. 3 (2) Provide a 5-year plan for and the amount of funds 4 needed for expanding the number of faith-based dormitory programs and expanding the number of chaplain-assisted 5 6 community correctional centers. 7 (3) Project the number and fiscal impact of the 8 anticipated admissions to the Addiction-Recovery Supervision 9 Program over the next 5 years. (4) Describe and evaluate new prerelease and 10 postrelease transition services provided by the department, 11 12 including the effectiveness of the newly created bureau, the transition-assistance specialists at each institution, the 13 14 chaplain positions, and the expansion of comprehensive transition courses. 15 Section 19. By March 1, 2002, the Legislative 16 17 Committee on Intergovernmental Relations shall submit a 18 detailed report to the Legislature on the feasibility of 19 providing effective intervention and treatment strategies for 20 persons convicted of prostitution and detained in county 21 detention facilities. In compiling this study, the committee 22 shall: 23 (1) Identify and describe successful intervention and treatment strategies in state county detention facilities and 24 25 other jurisdictions. 26 (2) Survey each county detention facility in the state 27 to determine what policies and practices are in place to 28 address persons convicted of prostitution. 29 (3) Determine the number of prostitutes being held in 30 county detention facilities, their length of stay, and their 31 frequency of incarceration. 36

1	(4) Examine relevant scientific studies documenting
2	any correlation between prostitution and substance abuse.
3	(5) Consider the implications of enhancing the
4	criminal penalty for prostitution from a misdemeanor to a
5	third-degree felony for a third or subsequent prostitution
6	offense with respect to the availability of treatment and
7	rehabilitation programs.
8	(6) Recommend any changes to substantive law and any
9	funding that is necessary to help persons convicted of
10	prostitution to avoid repeated incarceration in county
11	detention facilities and to successfully return to the
12	community.
13	Section 20. In an effort to ensure that inmates
14	released from the Department of Corrections successfully
15	reenter the community, beginning December 1, 2002, each inmate
16	released from incarceration by the department must complete a
17	100-hour comprehensive transition course that covers job
18	readiness and life-management skills. This requirement does
19	not apply to inmates released in an emergency situation.
20	Section 21. (1) The sum of \$5,005,514 is appropriated
21	from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Corrections
22	for the 2001-2002 fiscal year to implement the provisions of
23	this act for the secular purpose of reducing recidivism
24	through successful reintegration of released inmates into the
25	community.
26	(2) The appropriation shall fund a chaplain for at
27	least 10 community correctional centers authorized under
28	section 945.091(1)(b), Florida Statutes. The chaplains shall
29	assist inmates in transition, strengthen participation of
30	community volunteers, and serve as a liaison with community
31	leaders. Using nonrecurring funds from the appropriation, the
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1	department may erect adjacent structures or alter the physical
2	design of a community correctional center as is necessary to
3	accommodate the program needs and other unique requirements of
4	the chaplain.
5	(3)(a) This appropriation shall also be used to fund
6	52 transition-assistance specialists, six new Bureau of
7	Transition positions to monitor, oversee, and provide support
8	to transition assistance programs, and to expand the 100-hour
9	comprehensive transition course at each correctional
10	institution. The transition-assistance specialists shall
11	assist all inmates released from the custody of the department
12	who are eligible for the transition-assistance program.
13	(b) The appropriation shall also be used to fund six
14	additional faith-based dormitories similar to the current
15	faith-based pilot program operating at Tomoka Correctional
16	Institution. Using nonrecurring funds from the appropriation,
17	the department shall alter the physical design at selected
18	dormitories as necessary to accommodate program needs and
19	other unique requirements of the program described in section
20	944.803, Florida Statutes. Recurring funds from this
21	appropriation shall fund six chaplain positions, six
22	accompanying clerical-support positions, and the purchase of
23	miscellaneous secular supplies that are necessary to operate
24	the program.
25	(c) Finally, this appropriation shall also fund, for
26	the 2001-2002 fiscal year, the nonrecurring start-up and
27	recurring per diem costs for 400 substance-abuse-transition
28	housing beds. The 400 substance-abuse-transition housing beds
29	shall be provided by faith-based service groups under contract
30	with the department. The new beds and services funded by this
31	appropriation shall be in addition to the minimum 400 required
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beds designated as transition-housing beds under section 1 944.026(1)(c) and (2), Florida Statutes, which may be under 2 3 contract with private organizations not offering a faith component. Funds from the appropriation may be used for paying 4 5 nonrecurring start-up costs to ensure the proper selection and 6 training of staff and for expenses that relate to preparing 7 the facilities for occupancy. 8 (d) The department shall ensure that the number of 9 transition-housing beds provided by private organizations with a faith component does not exceed the number of 10 transition-housing beds provided by private organizations 11 12 without a faith component, so that an eligible offender has 13 equal access to either type of transition bed. 14 (e) The department shall ensure that state funds are 15 not expended for the sole purpose of furthering religious indoctrination, but rather that state funds are expended for 16 17 purposes of furthering the secular goals of criminal rehabilitation, the successful reintegration of offenders into 18 19 the community, and the reduction of recidivism. 20 Section 22. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001. 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 39 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.