ī	CHAMBER ACTION Senate House
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5	ORIGINAL STAMP BELOW
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11	Representative(s) Ross and Alexander offered the following:
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13	Amendment (with title amendment)
14	On page 4, between lines 2 & 3 of the bill
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16	insert:
17	Section 3. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection
18	(14) of section 440.02, Florida Statutes, are amended, and
19	subsections (40) and (41) are added to that section, to read:
20	440.02 DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, unless
21	the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms
22	shall have the following meanings:
23	(14)
24	(b) "Employee" includes any person who is an officer
25	of a corporation and who performs services for remuneration
26	for such corporation within this state, whether or not such
27	services are continuous.
28	1. Any officer of a corporation may elect to be exempt
29	from this chapter by filing written notice of the election
30	with the division as provided in s. 440.05.
31	2. As to officers of a corporation who are actively

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engaged in the construction industry, no more than three officers may elect to be exempt from this chapter by filing written notice of the election with the division as provided in s. 440.05. However, any exemption obtained by a corporate officer of a corporation actively engaged in the construction industry is not applicable with respect to any commercial building project estimated to be valued at \$250,000 or greater.

3. An officer of a corporation who elects to be exempt from this chapter by filing a written notice of the election with the division as provided in s. 440.05 is not an employee.

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Services are presumed to have been rendered to the corporation if the officer is compensated by other than dividends upon shares of stock of the corporation which the officer owns.

(c)1. "Employee" includes a sole proprietor or a partner who devotes full time to the proprietorship or partnership and, except as provided in this paragraph, elects to be included in the definition of employee by filing notice thereof as provided in s. 440.05. Partners or sole proprietors actively engaged in the construction industry are considered employees unless they elect to be excluded from the definition of employee by filing written notice of the election with the division as provided in s. 440.05. However, no more than three partners in a partnership that is actively engaged in the construction industry may elect to be excluded. A sole proprietor or partner who is actively engaged in the construction industry and who elects to be exempt from this chapter by filing a written notice of the election with the division as provided in s. 440.05 is not an employee. For purposes of this chapter, an independent contractor is an

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employee unless he or she meets all of the conditions set forth in subparagraph (d)1.

- 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph 1., the term "employee" includes a sole proprietor or partner actively engaged in the construction industry with respect to any commercial building project estimated to be valued at \$250,000 or greater. Any exemption obtained is not applicable, with respect to work performed at such a commercial building project.
 - (d) "Employee" does not include:
 - 1. An independent contractor, if:
- a. The independent contractor maintains a separate business with his or her own work facility, truck, equipment, materials, or similar accommodations;
- b. The independent contractor holds or has applied for a federal employer identification number, unless the independent contractor is a sole proprietor who is not required to obtain a federal employer identification number under state or federal requirements;
- c. The independent contractor performs or agrees to perform specific services or work for specific amounts of money and controls the means of performing the services or work;
- d. The independent contractor incurs the principal expenses related to the service or work that he or she performs or agrees to perform;
- e. The independent contractor is responsible for the satisfactory completion of work or services that he or she performs or agrees to perform and is or could be held liable for a failure to complete the work or services;
 - f. The independent contractor receives compensation

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for work or services performed for a commission or on a per-job or competitive-bid basis and not on any other basis; The independent contractor may realize a profit or suffer a loss in connection with performing work or services; The independent contractor has continuing or recurring business liabilities or obligations; and The success or failure of the independent contractor's business depends on the relationship of business receipts to expenditures. However, the determination as to whether an individual included in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual of 1987, Industry Numbers 0711, 0721, 0722, 0751, 0761, 0762, 0781, 0782, 0783, 0811, 0831, 0851, 2411, 2421, 2435, 2436, 2448, or 2449, or a newspaper delivery person, is an independent contractor is governed not by the criteria in this paragraph but by common-law principles, giving due consideration to the business activity of the individual. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph or any other provision of this chapter, with respect to any commercial building project estimated to be valued at \$250,000 or greater, a person who is actively engaged in the construction industry is not an independent contractor and is either an employer or an employee who may not be exempt from the

- 2. A real estate salesperson or agent, if that person agrees, in writing, to perform for remuneration solely by way of commission.
- 3. Bands, orchestras, and musical and theatrical performers, including disk jockeys, performing in licensed premises as defined in chapter 562, if a written contract

coverage requirements of this chapter.

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evidencing an independent contractor relationship is entered into before the commencement of such entertainment.

- 4. An owner-operator of a motor vehicle who transports property under a written contract with a motor carrier which evidences a relationship by which the owner-operator assumes the responsibility of an employer for the performance of the contract, if the owner-operator is required to furnish the necessary motor vehicle equipment and all costs incidental to the performance of the contract, including, but not limited to, fuel, taxes, licenses, repairs, and hired help; and the owner-operator is paid a commission for transportation service and is not paid by the hour or on some other time-measured basis.
- 5. A person whose employment is both casual and not in the course of the trade, business, profession, or occupation of the employer.
- 6. A volunteer, except a volunteer worker for the state or a county, municipality, or other governmental entity. A person who does not receive monetary remuneration for services is presumed to be a volunteer unless there is substantial evidence that a valuable consideration was intended by both employer and employee. For purposes of this chapter, the term "volunteer" includes, but is not limited to:
- a. Persons who serve in private nonprofit agencies and who receive no compensation other than expenses in an amount less than or equivalent to the standard mileage and per diem expenses provided to salaried employees in the same agency or, if such agency does not have salaried employees who receive mileage and per diem, then such volunteers who receive no compensation other than expenses in an amount less than or equivalent to the customary mileage and per diem paid to

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salaried workers in the community as determined by the division; and

- b. Volunteers participating in federal programs established under Pub. L. No. 93-113.
- 7. Any officer of a corporation who elects to be exempt from this chapter.
- 8. A sole proprietor or officer of a corporation who actively engages in the construction industry, and a partner in a partnership that is actively engaged in the construction industry, who elects to be exempt from the provisions of this chapter. Such sole proprietor, officer, or partner is not an employee for any reason until the notice of revocation of election filed pursuant to s. 440.05 is effective.
- 9. An exercise rider who does not work for a single horse farm or breeder, and who is compensated for riding on a case-by-case basis, provided a written contract is entered into prior to the commencement of such activity which evidences that an employee/employer relationship does not exist.
- 10. A taxicab, limousine, or other passenger vehicle-for-hire driver who operates said vehicles pursuant to a written agreement with a company which provides any dispatch, marketing, insurance, communications, or other services under which the driver and any fees or charges paid by the driver to the company for such services are not conditioned upon, or expressed as a proportion of, fare revenues.
- 11. A person who performs services as a sports official for an entity sponsoring an interscholastic sports event or for a public entity or private, nonprofit organization that sponsors an amateur sports event. For

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purposes of this subparagraph, such a person is an independent contractor. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "sports official" means any person who is a neutral participant in a sports event, including, but not limited to, umpires, referees, judges, linespersons, scorekeepers, or timekeepers. This subparagraph does not apply to any person employed by a district school board who serves as a sports official as required by the employing school board or who serves as a sports official as part of his or her responsibilities during normal school hours.

- (40) "Commercial building" means any building or structure intended for commercial or industrial use, or any building or structure intended for multifamily use of more than four dwelling units, as well as any accessory use structures constructed in conjunction with the principle structure. The term, "commercial building," does not include the conversion of any existing residential building to a commercial building.
- (41) "Residential building" means any building or structure intended for residential use containing four or fewer dwelling units and any structures intended as an accessory use to the residential structure.

Section 4. Subsections (10), (11), (12), and (13) are added to section 440.05, Florida Statutes, to read:

440.05 Election of exemption; revocation of election; notice; certification.--

(10) Each sole proprietor, partner, or officer of a corporation who is actively engaged in the construction industry and who elects an exemption from this chapter shall maintain business records as specified by the division by rule, which rules must include the provision that any

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corporation with exempt officers and any partnership actively 1 2 engaged in the construction industry with exempt partners must 3 maintain written statements of those exempted persons 4 affirmatively acknowledging each such individual's exempt 5 status. 6 (11) Any sole proprietor or partner claiming an 7 exemption under this section shall maintain a copy of his or 8 her federal income tax records for each of the immediately previous 3 years in which he or she claims an exemption. Such 9 10 federal income tax records must include a complete copy of the 11 following for each year in which an exemption is claimed: 12 (a) For sole proprietors, a copy of Federal Income Tax 13 Form 1040 and its accompanying Schedule C; 14 For partners, a copy of the partner's Federal (b) 15 Income Tax Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) and Federal Income Tax Form 1040 and its accompanying Schedule E. 16 17 18 A sole proprietor or partner shall produce, upon request by 19 the division, a copy of those documents together with a statement by the sole proprietor or partner that the tax 20 records provided are true and accurate copies of what the sole 21 proprietor or partner has filed with the federal Internal 22 Revenue Service. The statement must be signed under oath by 23 24 the sole proprietor or partner and must be notarized. The division shall issue a stop-work order under s. 440.107(5) to 25 any sole proprietor or partner who fails or refuses to produce 26 27 a copy of the tax records and affidavit required under this paragraph to the division within 3 business days after the 28 29 request is made. 30 (12) For those sole proprietors or partners that have

not been in business long enough to provide the information

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required of an established business, the division shall
require such sole proprietor or partner to provide copies of
the most recently filed Federal Income Tax Form 1040. The
division shall establish by rule such other criteria to show
that the sole proprietor or partner intends to engage in a
legitimate enterprise within the construction industry and is
not otherwise attempting to evade the requirements of this
section. The division shall establish by rule the form and
format of financial information required to be submitted by
such employers.
      (13) Any corporate officer claiming an exemption under
this section must be listed on the records of this state's
Secretary of State, Division of Corporations, as a corporate
officer. If the person who claims an exemption as a corporate
officer is not so listed on the records of the Secretary of
State, the individual must provide to the division, upon
request by the division, a notarized affidavit stating that
the individual is a bona fide officer of the corporation and
stating the date his or her appointment or election as a
corporate officer became or will become effective. The
statement must be signed under oath by both the officer and
the president or chief operating officer of the corporation
and must be notarized. The division shall issue a stop-work
order under s. 440.107(1) to any corporation who employs a
person who claims to be exempt as a corporate officer but who
fails or refuses to produce the documents required under this
subsection to the division within 3 business days after the
request is made.
       Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 440.10, Florida
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440.10 Liability for compensation. --

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Statutes, is amended to read:

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- (1)(a) Every employer coming within the provisions of this chapter, including any brought within the chapter by waiver of exclusion or of exemption, shall be liable for, and shall secure, the payment to his or her employees, or any physician, surgeon, or pharmacist providing services under the provisions of s. 440.13, of the compensation payable under ss. 440.13, 440.15, and 440.16. Any contractor or subcontractor who engages in any public or private construction in the state shall secure and maintain compensation for his or her employees under this chapter as provided in s. 440.38.
- (b) In case a contractor sublets any part or parts of his or her contract work to a subcontractor or subcontractors, all of the employees of such contractor and subcontractor or subcontractors engaged on such contract work shall be deemed to be employed in one and the same business or establishment; and the contractor shall be liable for, and shall secure, the payment of compensation to all such employees, except to employees of a subcontractor who has secured such payment.
- (c) A contractor may require a subcontractor to provide evidence of workers' compensation insurance or a copy of his or her certificate of election. A subcontractor electing to be exempt as a sole proprietor, partner, or officer of a corporation shall provide a copy of his or her certificate of election to the contractor.
- (d)1. If a contractor becomes liable for the payment of compensation to the employees of a subcontractor who has failed to secure such payment in violation of s. 440.38, the contractor or other third-party payor shall be entitled to recover from the subcontractor all benefits paid or payable plus interest unless the contractor and subcontractor have agreed in writing that the contractor will provide coverage.

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- 2. If a contractor or third-party payor becomes liable for the payment of compensation to the employee of a subcontractor who is actively engaged in the construction industry and has elected to be exempt from the provisions of this chapter, but whose election is invalid, the contractor or third-party payor may recover from the claimant, partnership, or corporation all benefits paid or payable plus interest, unless the contractor and the subcontractor have agreed in writing that the contractor will provide coverage.
- (e) A subcontractor is not liable for the payment of compensation to the employees of another subcontractor on such contract work and is not protected by the exclusiveness-of-liability provisions of s. 440.11 from action at law or in admiralty on account of injury of such employee of another subcontractor.
- (f) If an employer willfully fails to secure compensation as required by this chapter, the division may assess against the employer a penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for each employee of that employer who is classified by the employer as an independent contractor but who is found by the division to not meet the criteria for an independent contractor that are set forth in s. 440.02. The division shall adopt rules to administer the provisions of this paragraph.
- (g) For purposes of this section, a person is conclusively presumed to be an independent contractor if:
- 1. The independent contractor provides the general contractor with an affidavit stating that he or she meets all the requirements of s. 440.02(14)(d); and
- 2. The independent contractor provides the general contractor with a valid certificate of workers' compensation insurance or a valid certificate of exemption issued by the

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division.

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A sole proprietor, partner, or officer of a corporation who elects exemption from this chapter by filing a certificate of election under s. 440.05 may not recover benefits or compensation under this chapter. An independent contractor who provides the general contractor with both an affidavit stating that he or she meets the requirements of s. 440.02(14)(d) and a certificate of exemption is not an employee under s. 440.02(14)(c) and may not recover benefits under this chapter. For purposes of determining the appropriate premium for workers' compensation coverage, carriers may not consider any person who meets the requirements of this paragraph to be an employee.

Section 6. Subsections (5) and (7) of section 440.107, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (12) is added to that section to read:

440.107 Division powers to enforce employer compliance with coverage requirements.--

who is required to secure the payment to his or her employees of the compensation provided for by this chapter has failed to do so, such failure shall be deemed an immediate serious danger to public health, safety, or welfare sufficient to justify service by the division of a stop-work order on the employer, requiring the cessation of all business operations at the place of employment or job site. If the division makes such a determination, the division shall issue a stop-work order within 72 hours. The order shall take effect upon the date of service upon the employer, unless the employer provides evidence satisfactory to the division of having

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secured any necessary insurance or self-insurance and pays a civil penalty to the division, to be deposited by the division into the Workers' Compensation Administration Trust Fund, in the amount of \$100 per day for each day the employer was not in compliance with this chapter.

- (7) In addition to any penalty, stop-work order, or injunction, the division <u>shall</u> <u>may</u> assess against any employer, who has failed to secure the payment of compensation as required by this chapter, a penalty in the <u>following</u> amount of:
- employer would have paid or up to twice the amount the employer would have paid during periods it illegally failed to secure payment of compensation in the preceding 3-year period based on the employer's payroll during the preceding 3-year period; or
 - (b) One thousand dollars, whichever is greater.

Any penalty assessed under this subsection is due within 30 days after the date on which the employer is notified, except that, if the division has posted a stop-work order or obtained injunctive relief against the employer, payment is due, in addition to those conditions set forth in this section, as a condition to relief from a stop-work order or an injunction. Interest shall accrue on amounts not paid when due at the rate of 1 percent per month. The division shall adopt rules to administer this section.

(12) If the division finds that an employer who is certified or registered under part I or part II of chapter 489 and who is required to secure payment of the compensation

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failed to do so, the division shall immediately notify the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.

Section 7. Subsection (14) of section 440.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- (14) PAYMENT OF MEDICAL FEES. --
- (b) Fees charged for remedial treatment, care, and attendance may not exceed the applicable fee schedules adopted under this chapter, except as provided pursuant to a contract entered into between an employer or carrier and a certified health care provider or health care facility for the payment of medical services for covered expenses.
- Section 8. Section 440.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 440.191 Employee Assistance and Ombudsman Office. --
- (1)(a) In order to effect the self-executing features of the Workers' Compensation Law, this chapter shall be construed to permit injured employees and employers or the employer's carrier to resolve disagreements without undue expense, costly litigation, or delay in the provisions of benefits. It is the duty of all who participate in the workers' compensation system, including, but not limited to, carriers, service providers, health care providers, attorneys, employers, managed care arrangements, and employees, to attempt to resolve disagreements in good faith and to cooperate with the division's efforts to resolve disagreements between the parties. The division may by rule prescribe definitions that are necessary for the effective administration of this section.
- (b) An Employee Assistance and Ombudsman Office is created within the Division of Workers' Compensation to inform and assist injured workers, employers, carriers, and health

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care providers, and managed care arrangements in fulfilling their responsibilities under this chapter. The division may by rule specify forms and procedures for administering requests for assistance provided by this section.

- (c) The Employee Assistance and Ombudsman Office,
 Division of Workers' Compensation, shall be a resource
 available to all employees who participate in the workers'
 compensation system and shall take all steps necessary to
 educate and disseminate information to employees and
 employers. Upon receiving a notice of injury or death, the
 Employee Assistance and Ombudsman Office may initiate contact
 with the injured employee or employee's representative to
 discuss rights and responsibilities of the employee under this
 chapter and the services available through the Employee
 Assistance and Ombudsman Office.
- (2)(a) An employee may not file a petition requesting any benefit under this chapter unless the employee has exhausted the procedures for informal dispute resolution under this section.
- (a) (b) If at any time the employer or its carrier fails to provide benefits to which the employee believes she or he is entitled, the employee shall contact the office to request assistance in resolving the dispute. The office may review a petition for benefits filed under s. 440.192 shall investigate the dispute and may shall attempt to facilitate an agreement between the employee and the employer or carrier. The employee, the employer, and the carrier shall cooperate with the office and shall timely provide the office with any documents or other information that it may require in connection with its efforts under this section.
 - (b) (c) The office may compel parties to attend

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conferences in person or by telephone in an attempt to resolve disputes quickly and in the most efficient manner possible. Settlement agreements resulting from such conferences must be submitted to the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims for approval.

(c)(d) The Employee Assistance and Ombudsman Office may assign an ombudsman to assist the employee in resolving the dispute. If the dispute is not resolved within 30 days after the employee contacts the office, The ombudsman may shall, at the employee's request, assist the employee in drafting a petition for benefits and explain the procedures for filing petitions. The division may by rule determine the method used to calculate the 30-day period. The Employee Assistance and Ombudsman Office may not represent employees before the judges of compensation claims. An employer or carrier may not pay any attorneys' fees on behalf of the employee for services rendered or costs incurred in connection with this section, unless expressly authorized elsewhere in this chapter.

Section 9. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 440.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

440.25 Procedures for mediation and hearings .--

(1) Within 90 21 days after a petition for benefits is filed under s. 440.192, a mediation conference concerning such petition shall be held. Within 40 7 days after such petition is filed, the judge of compensation claims shall notify the interested parties by order that a mediation conference concerning such petition will be held unless the parties have notified the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims that a mediation has been held. Such order must notice shall give

the date by which, time, and location of the mediation

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conference <u>must be held</u>. Such <u>order</u> notice may be served personally upon the interested parties or may be sent to the interested parties by mail. The claimant or the adjuster of the employer or carrier may, at the mediator's discretion, attend the mediation conference by telephone or, if agreed to by the parties, other electronic means. A continuance may be granted if the requesting party demonstrates to the judge of compensation claims that the reason for requesting the continuance arises from circumstances beyond the party's control. Any order granting a continuance must set forth the date of the rescheduled mediation conference. A mediation conference may not be used solely for the purpose of mediating attorney's fees.

(3)(a) Such mediation conference shall be conducted informally and does not require the use of formal rules of evidence or procedure. Any information from the files, reports, case summaries, mediator's notes, or other communications or materials, oral or written, relating to a mediation conference under this section obtained by any person performing mediation duties is privileged and confidential and may not be disclosed without the written consent of all parties to the conference. Any research or evaluation effort directed at assessing the mediation program activities or performance must protect the confidentiality of such information. Each party to a mediation conference has a privilege during and after the conference to refuse to disclose and to prevent another from disclosing communications made during the conference whether or not the contested issues are successfully resolved. This subsection and paragraphs (4)(a) and (b) shall not be construed to prevent or inhibit the discovery or admissibility of any information that is

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otherwise subject to discovery or that is admissible under applicable law or rule of procedure, except that any conduct or statements made during a mediation conference or in negotiations concerning the conference are inadmissible in any proceeding under this chapter.

- 1. Unless the parties conduct a private mediation under subparagraph 2., mediation shall be conducted by a mediator selected by the Director of the Division of Administrative Hearings from among mediators shall select a mediator. The mediator shall be employed on a full-time basis by the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims. A mediator must be a member of The Florida Bar for at least 5 years and must complete a mediation training program approved by the Director of the Division of Administrative Hearings. Adjunct mediators may be employed by the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims on an as-needed basis and shall be selected from a list prepared by the Director of the Division of Administrative Hearings. An adjunct mediator must be independent of all parties participating in the mediation conference. An adjunct mediator must be a member of The Florida Bar for at least 5 years and must complete a mediation training program approved by the Director of the Division of Administrative Hearings. An adjunct mediator shall have access to the office, equipment, and supplies of the judge of compensation claims in each district.
- 2. With respect to any mediation occurring on or after January 1, 2003, if the parties agree or if mediators are not available under subparagraph 1. to conduct the required mediation within the period specified in this section, the parties shall hold a mediation conference at the carrier's expense within the 90-day period set for mediation. The

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mediation conference shall be conducted by a mediator
certified under s. 44.106. If the parties do not agree upon a
mediator within 10 days after the date of the order, the
claimant shall notify the judge in writing and the judge shall
appoint a mediator under this subparagraph within 7 days. In
the event both parties agree, the results of the mediation
conference shall be binding and neither party shall have a
right to appeal the results. In the event either party refuses
to agree to the results of the mediation conference, the
results of the mediation conference as well as the testimony,
witnesses, and evidence presented at the conference shall not
be admissible at any subsequent proceeding on the claim. The
mediator shall not be called in to testify or give deposition
to resolve any claim for any hearing before the judge of
compensation claims. The employer may be represented by an
attorney at the mediation conference if the employee is also
represented by an attorney at the mediation conference.
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- (c) The parties shall complete the pretrial stipulations before the conclusion of the mediation conference if the claims, except for attorney's fees and costs, have not been settled and if any claims in any filed petition remain unresolved. The judge of compensation claims may impose sanctions against a party or both parties for failing to complete the pretrial stipulations before the conclusion of the mediation conference.
- (4)(a) If the parties fail to agree upon written submission of pretrial stipulations at the mediation conference, on the 10th day following commencement of mediation, the questions in dispute have not been resolved, the judge of compensation claims shall order hold a pretrial hearing to occur within 14 days after the date of mediation

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ordered by the judge of compensation claims. The judge of compensation claims shall give the interested parties at least 7 days' advance notice of the pretrial hearing by mail. At the pretrial hearing, the judge of compensation claims shall, subject to paragraph (b), set a date for the final hearing that allows the parties at least $\underline{60}$ $\underline{30}$ days to conduct discovery unless the parties consent to an earlier hearing date.

- (b) The final hearing must be held and concluded within 90 45 days after the mediation conference is held pretrial hearing. Continuances may be granted only if the requesting party demonstrates to the judge of compensation claims that the reason for requesting the continuance arises from circumstances beyond the party's control. The written consent of the claimant must be obtained before any request from a claimant's attorney is granted for an additional continuance after the initial continuance has been granted. Any order granting a continuance must set forth the date and time of the rescheduled hearing. A continuance may be granted only if the requesting party demonstrates to the judge of compensation claims that the reason for requesting the continuance arises from circumstances beyond the control of the parties. The judge of compensation claims shall report any grant of two or more continuances to the Deputy Chief Judge.
- (c) The judge of compensation claims shall give the interested parties at least 7 days' advance notice of the final hearing, served upon the interested parties by mail.
- (d) The <u>final</u> hearing shall be held <u>within 210 days</u> after receipt of the petition for benefits in the county where the injury occurred, if the injury occurred in this state, unless otherwise agreed to between the parties and authorized

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by the judge of compensation claims in the county where the injury occurred. If the injury occurred outside without the state and is one for which compensation is payable under this chapter, then the final hearing above referred to may be held in the county of the employer's residence or place of business, or in any other county of the state that which will, in the discretion of the Deputy Chief Judge, be the most convenient for a hearing. The final hearing shall be conducted by a judge of compensation claims, who shall, within 30 days after final hearing or closure of the hearing record, unless otherwise agreed by the parties, enter a final order on the merits of the disputed issues. The judge of compensation claims may enter an abbreviated final order in cases in which compensability is not disputed. Either party may request separate findings of fact and conclusions of law. At the final such hearing, the claimant and employer may each present evidence with in respect to the claims presented by the petition for benefits of such claim and may be represented by any attorney authorized in writing for such purpose. When there is a conflict in the medical evidence submitted at the hearing, the provisions of s. 440.13 shall apply. The report or testimony of the expert medical advisor shall be made a part of the record of the proceeding and shall be given the same consideration by the judge of compensation claims as is accorded other medical evidence submitted in the proceeding; and all costs incurred in connection with such examination and testimony may be assessed as costs in the proceeding, subject to the provisions of s. 440.13. No judge of compensation claims may make a finding of a degree of permanent impairment that is greater than the greatest permanent impairment rating given the claimant by any examining or treating physician,

except upon stipulation of the parties. Any benefit due but not raised at the final hearing which was ripe, due, or owing at the time of the final hearing is waived.

- (e) The order making an award or rejecting the claim, referred to in this chapter as a "compensation order," shall set forth the findings of ultimate facts and the mandate; and the order need not include any other reason or justification for such mandate. The compensation order shall be filed in the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims at Tallahassee. A copy of such compensation order shall be sent by mail to the parties and attorneys of record at the last known address of each, with the date of mailing noted thereon.
- (f) Each judge of compensation claims is required to submit a special report to the Deputy Chief Judge in each contested workers' compensation case in which the case is not determined within 30 days of final hearing or closure of the hearing record. Said form shall be provided by the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings and shall contain the names of the judge of compensation claims and of the attorneys involved and a brief explanation by the judge of compensation claims as to the reason for such a delay in issuing a final order.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the judge of compensation claims may require the appearance of the parties and counsel before her or him without written notice for an emergency conference where there is a bona fide emergency involving the health, safety, or welfare of an employee. An emergency conference under this section may result in the entry of an order or the rendering of an adjudication by the judge of compensation claims.
 - (h) To expedite dispute resolution and to enhance the

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self-executing features of the Workers' Compensation Law, the Deputy Chief Judge shall make provision by rule or order for the resolution of appropriate motions by judges of compensation claims without oral hearing upon submission of brief written statements in support and opposition, and for expedited discovery and docketing. Unless the judge of compensation claims, for good cause, orders a hearing under paragraph (i), each claim in a petition relating to the determination of pay under s. 440.14 shall be resolved under this paragraph without oral hearing.

(i) To further expedite dispute resolution and to enhance the self-executing features of the system, those petitions filed in accordance with s. 440.192 that involve a claim for benefits of \$5,000 or less shall, in the absence of compelling evidence to the contrary, be presumed to be appropriate for expedited resolution under this paragraph; and any other claim filed in accordance with s. 440.192, upon the written agreement of both parties and application by either party, may similarly be resolved under this paragraph. A claim in a petition or \$5,000 or less for medical benefits only or a petition for reimbursement for mileage for medical purposes shall, in the absence of compelling evidence to the contrary, be resolved through the expedited dispute-resolution process provided in this paragraph. For purposes of expedited resolution pursuant to this paragraph, the Deputy Chief Judge shall make provision by rule or order for expedited and limited discovery and expedited docketing in such cases. At least 15 days prior to hearing, the parties shall exchange and file with the judge of compensation claims a pretrial outline of all issues, defenses, and witnesses on a form adopted by the Deputy Chief Judge; provided, in no event shall such

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hearing be held without 15 days' written notice to all parties. No pretrial hearing shall be held. The judge of compensation claims shall limit all argument and presentation of evidence at the hearing to a maximum of 30 minutes, and such hearings shall not exceed 30 minutes in length. Neither party shall be required to be represented by counsel. The employer or carrier may be represented by an adjuster or other qualified representative. The employer or carrier and any witness may appear at such hearing by telephone. The rules of evidence shall be liberally construed in favor of allowing introduction of evidence.

- (j) A judge of compensation claims may, upon the motion of a party or the judge's own motion, dismiss a petition for lack of prosecution if a petition, response, motion, order, request for hearing, or notice of deposition has not been filed during the previous 12 months unless good cause is shown. A dismissal for lack of prosecution is without prejudice and does not require a hearing.
- (k) A judge of compensation claims may not award interest on unpaid medical bills and the amount of such bills may not be used to calculate the amount of interest awarded.

 Regardless of the date benefits were initially requested, attorney's fees do not attach under this subsection until 30 days after the date the carrier or self-insured employer receives the petition.

Section 10. Subsection (3) of section 440.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(3) If the claimant should prevail in any proceedings before a judge of compensation claims or court, there shall be taxed against the employer the reasonable costs of such proceedings, not to include the attorney's fees of the

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claimant. A claimant shall be responsible for the payment of her or his own attorney's fees, except that a claimant shall be entitled to recover a reasonable attorney's fee from a carrier or employer:

- (a) Against whom she or he successfully asserts a petition claim for medical benefits only, if the claimant has not filed or is not entitled to file at such time a claim for disability, permanent impairment, wage-loss, or death benefits, arising out of the same accident; or
- (b) In any case in which the employer or carrier files a response to petition denying benefits with the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims and the injured person has employed an attorney in the successful prosecution of the petition claim; or
- In a proceeding in which a carrier or employer denies that an accident injury occurred for which compensation benefits are payable, and the claimant prevails on the issue of compensability; or
- (d) In cases where the claimant successfully prevails in proceedings filed under s. 440.24 or s. 440.28.

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> Regardless of the date benefits were initially requested, attorney's fees shall not attach under this subsection until 30 days after the date the carrier or employer, if self-insured, receives the petition. In applying the factors set forth in subsection (1) to cases arising under paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d), the judge of compensation claims must only consider only such benefits and the time reasonably spent in obtaining them as were secured for the claimant within the scope of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d).

> > Section 11. Subsections (2), (3), and (6) of section

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440.381, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
440.381 Application for coverage; reporting payroll;
payroll audit procedures; penalties.--

- (2) The application must contain a statement that the filing of an application containing false, misleading, or incomplete information with the purpose of avoiding or reducing the amount of premiums for workers' compensation coverage is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. The application must contain a sworn statement by the employer attesting to the accuracy of the information submitted and acknowledging the provisions of former s. 440.37(4). The application must contain a sworn statement by the agent attesting that the agent explained to the employer or officer the classification codes that are used for premium calculations.
- (3) The Department of Insurance and the Department of Labor and Employment Security shall establish by rule minimum requirements for audits of payroll and classifications in order to ensure that the appropriate premium is charged for workers' compensation coverage. The rules shall ensure that audits performed by both carriers and employers are adequate to provide that all sources of payments to employees, subcontractors, and independent contractors have been reviewed and that the accuracy of classification of employees has been verified. The rules shall provide that employers in all classes other than the construction class be audited not less frequently than biennially and may provide for more frequent audits of employers in specified classifications based on factors such as amount of premium, type of business, loss ratios, or other relevant factors. In no event shall employers

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in the construction class, generating more than the amount of premium required to be experience rated, be audited less than annually. The annual audits required for construction classes shall consist of physical onsite audits. Payroll verification audit rules must include, but need not be limited to, the use of state and federal reports of employee income, payroll and other accounting records, certificates of insurance maintained by subcontractors, and duties of employees. At the completion of an audit, the employer or officer of the corporation and the auditor must print and sign their names on the audit document and attach proof of identification to the audit document.

conceals payroll, or misrepresents or conceals employee duties so as to avoid proper classification for premium calculations, or misrepresents or conceals information pertinent to the computation and application of an experience rating modification factor, the employer, or the employer's agent or attorney, shall pay to the insurance carrier a penalty of 10 times the amount of the difference in premium paid and the amount the employer should have paid and reasonable attorney's fees. The penalty may be enforced in the circuit courts of this state.

Section 12. Section 440.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.40 Compensation notice.--Every employer who has secured compensation under the provisions of this chapter shall keep posted in a conspicuous place or places in and about her or his place or places of business typewritten or printed notices, in accordance with a form prescribed by the division, the following:

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(1) A notice stating that such employer has secured
the payment of compensation in accordance with the provisions
of this chapter. Such notices shall contain the name and
address of the carrier, if any, with whom the employer has
secured payment of compensation and the date of the expiration
of the policy. The division may by rule prescribe the form of
the notices and require carriers to provide the notices to
policyholders.

Program.--Rewards of up to \$25,000 may be paid to persons
providing information to the Department of Insurance leading
to the arrest and conviction of persons committing insurance
fraud, including employers who illegally fail to obtain
workers' compensation coverage. Persons may report suspected
fraud to the department at...(Phone No.).... A person is not
subject to civil liability for furnishing such information, if
such person acts without malice, fraud, or bad faith."

Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 440.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.45 Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims .--

(1)(a) There is created the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims within the Department of Management Services. The Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims shall be headed by the Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation Claims. The Deputy Chief Judge shall report to the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings. The Deputy Chief Judge shall be appointed by the Governor for a term of 4 years from a list of three names submitted by the statewide nominating commission created under subsection (2). The Deputy Chief Judge must demonstrate prior administrative experience and possess the same qualifications for appointment as a judge

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of compensation claims, and the procedure for reappointment of
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    the Deputy Chief Judge will be the same as for reappointment
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    of a judge of compensation claims. The office shall be a
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    separate budget entity and the director of the Division of
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    Administrative Hearings shall be its agency head for all
   purposes, including, but not limited to, rulemaking pursuant
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    to subsection (4) and establishing agency policies and
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    procedures.
                The Department of Management Services shall
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   provide administrative support and service to the office to
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    the extent requested by the director of the Division of
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    Administrative Hearings but shall not direct, supervise, or
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    control the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims in any
   manner, including, but not limited to, personnel, purchasing,
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   budgetary matters, or property transactions. The operating
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   budget of the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims
    shall be paid out of the Workers' Compensation Administration
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    Trust Fund established in s. 440.50.
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(b) The current term of the Chief Judge of Compensation Claims shall expire October 1, 2001. Effective October 1, 2001, the position of Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation Claims is created.

Section 14. Section 489.114, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.114 Evidence of workers' compensation coverage.—Except as provided in s. 489.115(5)(d), any person, business organization, or qualifying agent engaged in the business of contracting in this state and certified or registered under this part shall, as a condition precedent to the issuance or renewal of a certificate, registration, or certificate of authority of the contractor, provide to the Construction Industry Licensing Board, as provided by board

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rule, evidence of workers' compensation coverage pursuant to
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    chapter 440. In the event that the Division of Workers'
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    Compensation of the Department of Labor and Employment
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    Security receives notice of the cancellation of a policy of
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    workers' compensation insurance insuring a person or entity
    governed by this section, the Division of Workers'
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    Compensation shall certify and identify all persons or
    entities by certification or registration license number to
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    the department after verification is made by the Division of
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    Workers' Compensation that such cancellation has occurred or
    that persons or entities governed by this section are no
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    longer covered by workers' compensation insurance.
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    certification and verification by the Division of Workers'
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    Compensation may shall result solely from records furnished to
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    the Division of Workers' Compensation by the persons or
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    entities governed by this section or an investigation
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    completed by the Division of Workers' Compensation.
    department shall notify the persons or entities governed by
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    this section who have been determined to be in noncompliance
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    with chapter 440, and the persons or entities notified shall
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   provide certification of compliance with chapter 440 to the
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    department and pay an administrative fine in the amount of
   $500 <del>as provided by rule</del>. The failure to maintain workers'
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    compensation coverage as required by law shall be grounds for
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    the board to revoke, suspend, or deny the issuance or renewal
    of a certificate, registration, or certificate of authority of
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    the contractor under the provisions of s. 489.129.
           Section 15.
                        Section 489.510, Florida Statutes, is
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    amended to read:
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           489.510 Evidence of workers' compensation
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    coverage. -- Except as provided in s. 489.515(3)(b), any person,
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business organization, or qualifying agent engaged in the
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   business of contracting in this state and certified or
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    registered under this part shall, as a condition precedent to
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    the issuance or renewal of a certificate or registration of
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    the contractor, provide to the Electrical Contractors'
    Licensing Board, as provided by board rule, evidence of
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    workers' compensation coverage pursuant to chapter 440.
                                                              In
    the event that the Division of Workers' Compensation of the
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    Department of Labor and Employment Security receives notice of
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    the cancellation of a policy of workers' compensation
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    insurance insuring a person or entity governed by this
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    section, the Division of Workers' Compensation shall certify
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    and identify all persons or entities by certification or
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    registration license number to the department after
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    verification is made by the Division of Workers' Compensation
    that such cancellation has occurred or that persons or
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    entities governed by this section are no longer covered by
    workers' compensation insurance. Such certification and
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   verification by the Division of Workers' Compensation \underline{may}
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    shall result solely from records furnished to the Division of
    Workers' Compensation by the persons or entities governed by
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    this section or an investigation completed by the Division of
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    Workers' Compensation. The department shall notify the persons
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    or entities governed by this section who have been determined
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    to be in noncompliance with chapter 440, and the persons or
    entities notified shall provide certification of compliance
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    with chapter 440 to the department and pay an administrative
    fine in the amount of $500 as provided by rule.
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                                                      The failure
    to maintain workers' compensation coverage as required by law
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    shall be grounds for the board to revoke, suspend, or deny the
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    issuance or renewal of a certificate or registration of the
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contractor under the provisions of s. 489.533.
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           Section 16. Subsection (2) of section 626.9892,
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   Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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           626.9892 Anti-Fraud Reward Program; reporting of
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   insurance fraud. --
           (2) The department may pay rewards of up to $25,000 to
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   persons providing information leading to the arrest and
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   conviction of persons committing complex or organized crimes
    investigated by the Division of Insurance Fraud arising from
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   violations of s. 440.105, s. 624.15, s. 626.9541, s. 626.989,
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   or s. 817.234.
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           Section 17. The Department of Insurance, in
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    consultation with the board of governors of the joint
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   underwriting association authorized under s. 627.311, Florida
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   Statutes, shall conduct a study of the response of the
    insurance market in meeting the need for coverage among
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   construction industry employers at a rate that is not
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    inadequate, excessive, or unfairly discriminatory, and any
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   actual or potential availability concerns. The scope of the
    study shall include a review of workers' compensation
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    insurance currently provided or required in other states and
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   possible alternative coverages. The department shall submit a
   report recommending any changes needed to promote availability
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   of coverage at a rate that is not inadequate, excessive, or
   unfairly discriminatory, to the President of the Senate and
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   the Speaker of the House of Representatives on or before
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    February 1, 2003.
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    ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========
   And the title is amended as follows:
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Bill No. <u>CS for CS for SB 108, 1st Eng.</u> Amendment No. 01 (for drafter's use only)

On page 1, line 9 1 2 3 after the semicolon, insert: 4 amending s. 440.02, F.S.; redefining the terms 5 "employee" and "independent contractor"; prohibiting exemptions from coverage for 6 7 commercial construction job sites; defining the terms "commercial building" and "residential 8 building"; amending s. 440.05, F.S.; requiring 9 10 employers to maintain business records specified by rules of the Division of Workers' 11 12 Compensation, relative to exemptions from 13 coverage; revising requirements for election of 14 exemptions for coverage; amending s. 440.10, 15 F.S.; providing penalties for employers who 16 fail to secure compensation; amending s. 17 440.107, F.S.; requiring and authorizing the division to issue stop-work orders and to 18 impose certain penalties against employers who 19 20 fail to secure compensation; requiring the division to notify the Department of Business 21 and Professional Regulation; amending s. 22 440.13, F.S.; revising the limitation on 23 24 medical fees; amending s. 440.191, F.S.; 25 revising duties of the Employee Assistance and Ombudsman Office; removing a requirement that 26 27 an employee exhaust certain dispute-resolution procedures before filing a petition requesting 28 benefits; amending s. 440.25, F.S.; revising 29 30 procedures for mediation and hearings; 31 extending the time for ordering and holding

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mediation conferences; providing requirements for granting a continuance; providing for mediation conducted by mediators other than from the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims; requiring that the parties complete pretrial stipulations before concluding mediation; extending the time for holding final hearings; providing for waiver of any benefit not raised at the final hearing; providing for an expedited determination of pay; requiring that certain claims be resolved through an expedited process; providing for dismissal for lack of prosecution; limiting the payment of interest and the attachment of attorney's fees; amending s. 440.34, F.S.; revising provisions governing the award of claimant's attorney's fees; limiting the attachment of claimant's attorney's fees; amending s. 440.381, F.S.; requiring that the application for workers' compensation coverage contain a sworn statement by the agent; providing a penalty for carriers that fail to comply with audit requirements; revising requirements for audits; amending s. 440.40, F.S.; requiring employers to post a notice related to the anti-fraud reward program; amending s. 440.45, F.S., relating to the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims; clarifying the responsibilities of the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings as agency head of the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims; amending ss.

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489.114 and 489.510, F.S.; revising provisions governing the verification by the division of coverage of persons engaged in the business of contracting; specifying an administrative fine for contractors who are in noncompliance with chapter 440, F.S., to be paid to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; amending s. 626.9892, F.S.; revising the criteria for the anti-fraud program; requiring the Department of Insurance to conduct a study related to workers' compensation for persons engaged in the construction industry;