By Senator Garcia

	39-373-02 See HB
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to foster care; amending s.
3	39.812, F.S.; specifying the circumstances
4	under which the Department of Children and
5	Family Services may remove a child from a
6	foster home after denying the foster parent's
7	application for adoption; providing legislative
8	findings and intent regarding the role of
9	foster parents as participants in the state's
10	child welfare system; creating s. 409.1684,
11	F.S.; creating the "Foster Parent Act";
12	specifying responsibilities of the department
13	with respect to foster parents; specifying
14	rights and responsibilities of foster parents;
15	requiring the department and agencies providing
16	foster care services under contract with the
17	department to prepare an annual plan for
18	implementation of the act; providing an
19	effective date.
20	
21	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
22	
23	Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 39.812, Florida
24	Statutes, is amended to read:
25	39.812 Postdisposition relief; petition for
26	adoption
27	(4) The court shall retain jurisdiction over any child
28	placed in the custody of the department until the child is
29	adopted. After custody of a child for subsequent adoption has
30	been given to the department, the court has jurisdiction for
31	the purpose of reviewing the status of the child and the

progress being made toward permanent adoptive placement. As part of this continuing jurisdiction, for good cause shown by the guardian ad litem for the child, the court may review the appropriateness of the adoptive placement of the child. When a licensed foster parent has applied to adopt a foster child who has resided with the foster parent for at least 6 months and who has previously been permanently committed to the legal custody of the department and the department does not grant the application to adopt, the department may not, in the absence of a prior court order authorizing it to do so, remove the child from the foster home, except when:

- (a) There is probable cause to believe that the child is at imminent risk of abuse or neglect;
- (b) Thirty days have expired following written notice to the foster parent of the denial of the application to adopt, within which period no formal challenge of the department's decision has been filed; or
 - (c) The foster parent agrees to the child's removal.
 Section 2. Legislative findings and intent.--
- (1) Family foster care is an essential service for children and their families who have been separated due to child abuse, neglect, or dependency. When children have been separated from their families, it is the responsibility of the Department of Children and Family Services, its service providers, and other participants in the child welfare system to respond to the needs of the children and their families, by means which shall include:
- (a) Providing protection and nurture to children in a safe, healthy environment.

- (b) Meeting the developmental and emotional needs of the children, including maintaining and promoting the child's emotional attachment to his or her own family.
- (c) Protecting and promoting the child's cultural identity and heritage.
- (d) Working toward permanency for the children by connecting them to safe, nurturing relationships intended to last a lifetime, preferably with their own family.
- (2) Foster parents are an essential part of and fulfill an integral role in the child welfare system, along with children in care who are old enough to participate in planning and services, parents of children in care, caseworkers, and other professionals serving the child and family. By providing care for children and supporting the attachment of children to their families in a manner sensitive to each child's and family's unique needs, the foster parent serves the child, the family, and the community.
- (3) In order to successfully fulfill their role, foster parents must be committed to the goals for dependent children provided in section 39.4085, Florida Statutes, and must provide care to children and promote the best interests of the children and families served. In order to achieve these goals, foster parents must understand and be sensitive to issues of culture, ethnicity, and religion, and the children's connection with their families, and must maintain a level of care, conduct, and demeanor that is consistent with the high professional ethics demanded of all others serving children in the child welfare system.
- (4) The Legislature finds that there is a need to establish public policy regarding the role of foster parents. The Legislature intends by enactment of section 409.1684,

4 5

Florida Statutes, to provide a statement of foster parents'
rights and responsibilities, which shall apply to all foster
parents in the state, whether supervised by the Department of
Children and Family Services or by another agency under
contract to the department to provide foster care services.

Section 3. Section 409.1684, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.1684 Foster parent rights and responsibilities.--

- (1) SHORT TITLE.--This section may be cited as the "Foster Parent Act."
- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES OF DEPARTMENT OF CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES TO A FOSTER PARENT.--The responsibilities of the Department of Children and Family Services to a foster parent include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (a) Treating a foster parent with dignity, respect, and consideration as a professional participant in the child welfare system.
- (b) Giving a foster parent standardized preservice training and appropriate ongoing training to meet mutually assessed needs and improve the foster parent's skills.
- (c) Informing a foster parent as to how to contact the appropriate child-placing agency in order to receive information and assistance to access supportive services for children in the foster parent's care.
- (d) Providing a foster parent with timely financial reimbursement commensurate with the care needs of the child, as specified in a contract.
- (e) Providing a foster parent with a clear, written understanding of a placement agency's plan concerning the placement of a child in the foster parent's home. Inherent in this right is the foster parent's responsibility to support

activities that will promote the child's right to relationships with his or her own family and cultural heritage.

- (f) Providing to a foster parent a fair, timely, and impartial investigation of complaints concerning the foster parent's licensure, the opportunity to have a person of the foster parent's choosing present during the investigation, and due process during the investigation; the right to request and receive mediation or an administrative review, or both, of decisions that affect licensing parameters; and the right to have decisions concerning a licensing corrective action plan specifically explained and tied to the licensing standards violated.
- (g) Providing to a foster parent at any time during which a child is placed with the foster parent additional or necessary information that is relevant to the care of the child.
- (h) Notifying a foster parent of scheduled meetings and staff briefings concerning the foster child in order to include the foster parent in actively participating in the case planning and decisionmaking process regarding the child, including individual service planning meetings, administrative case reviews, interdisciplinary staff briefings, and individual educational planning meetings; of the foster parent's right to be informed of decisions made by the courts, or by the department or its service providers, concerning the child; of the foster parent's right to provide input concerning the plan of services for the child and to have that input given full consideration in the same manner as information presented by any other professional participant in the child welfare system; and of the foster parent's right to

communicate with other professionals who work with the foster child within the context of the provision of services to dependent children, including therapists, physicians, and teachers.

- (i) Providing to a foster parent, in a timely and consistent manner, any information a caseworker or other service provider has regarding the child and the child's family which is pertinent to the care and needs of the child and to making a permanency plan for the child. Disclosure of information concerning the child's family shall be limited to information that is essential for understanding the needs of and providing care to the child, in order to protect the rights of the child's family. When a positive relationship exists between the foster parent and the child's family, the child's family may consent to disclosure of additional information.
- (j) Providing to a foster parent reasonable written
 notice of:
- 1. Any change in a child's case plan, and the reasons for the change.
- 2. Plans to terminate the placement of the child with the foster parent, and the reasons for the termination in placement.

Such notice shall be waived only in cases of a court order or when the child is determined to be at imminent risk of harm.

(k) Notifying a foster parent in a timely and complete manner of all court hearings, including notice of the date and time of the hearing, the name of the judge or hearing officer hearing the case, the location of the hearing, and the court docket number of the case.

(1) Considering a foster parent as a placement option when a foster child who was formerly placed with the foster parent is to reenter foster care, if that placement is consistent with the best interest of the child and other children in the family foster home.

- (m) Providing to a foster parent timely access to the child-placing agency's existing appeals process and the right to be free from acts of harassment and retaliation by any other party when exercising the right to appeal.
- (n) Informing a foster parent of the rights accorded to foster parents concerning reports of misconduct by department employees, service providers, or contractors, and the investigation and confidential handling of such reports.
- (3) RESPONSIBILITIES OF FOSTER PARENTS.--A foster parent's responsibilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (a) The responsibility to openly communicate and share information about the child with other participants in the child welfare system.
- (b) The responsibility to respect the confidentiality of information concerning foster children and their families and to act appropriately within applicable confidentiality laws and rules.
- (c) The responsibility to advocate for children in the foster parent's care.
- (d) The responsibility to treat children in the foster parent's care and the children's families with dignity, respect, and consideration.
- (e) The responsibility to recognize the foster

 parent's own individual and familial strengths and limitations
 when deciding whether to accept a child into care; and the

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29

30

responsibility to recognize the foster parent's own support needs and to use appropriate supports in providing care for foster children.

- The responsibility to be aware of the benefits of relying on and affiliating with other foster parents and foster parent associations in improving the quality of care and service to children and families.
- (g) The responsibility to assess the foster parent's ongoing individual training needs and take action to meet those needs.
- (h) The responsibility to develop and assist in implementing strategies to prevent placement disruptions, recognizing the traumatic impact of placement disruptions on a foster child and all members of the foster family; and the responsibility to provide emotional support for the foster children and members of the foster family if preventive strategies fail and placement disruptions occur.
- The responsibility to know the impact foster (i) parenting has on individuals and family relationships; and the responsibility to endeavor to minimize, as much as possible, any stress that results from foster parenting.
- (j) The responsibility to know the rewards and benefits to children, parents, families, and society that come from foster parenting and to promote the foster parenting experience in a positive way.
- The responsibility to know the roles, rights, and responsibilities of foster parents, other professional participants in the child welfare system, the foster child, and the foster child's own family.
- (1) The responsibility to know and, as necessary, 31 fulfill the foster parent's responsibility to serve as a

4 5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12

13 14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28 29

30

31

mandated reporter of suspected child abuse, abandonment, or neglect under s. 39.201; and the responsibility to know the department's policy regarding allegations that a foster parent has committed child abuse, abandonment, or neglect, and the applicable administrative rules and procedures governing investigations of those allegations.

- The responsibility to know and receive training (m) regarding the purpose of administrative case reviews, case plans, and court processes, as well as any filing or time requirements associated with those proceedings; and the responsibility to actively participate in the foster parent's designated role in these proceedings.
- The responsibility to know the department's appeal procedure for foster parents and the rights of foster parents under the procedure.
- The responsibility to know and understand the importance of maintaining accurate and relevant records regarding the child's history and progress, and the responsibility to be aware of and follow the procedures and rules of the department.
- The responsibility to share information, through the department, its service providers, or other participants in the child welfare system, with the subsequent caregiver, whether the child's parent or another caregiver, regarding the child's adjustment in the family foster home.
- The responsibility to provide care and services that are respectful of and responsive to the child's cultural needs and are supportive of the relationship between the child and his or her own family; the responsibility to recognize the increased importance of maintaining a child's cultural

identity when the race or culture of the foster family differs

from that of the foster child; and the responsibility to take action to address these issues.

(4) IMPLEMENTATION; ANNUAL PLAN. -- The department and each agency providing foster care services under contract with the department shall be responsible for implementing this section and shall annually, by January 1, prepare a plan providing for implementation of this section in each of the department's service districts. The plans shall be submitted to foster parents for comment.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

Specifies the circumstances under which the Department of Children and Family Services may remove a child from a foster home after denying the foster parent's application for adoption. Provides legislative findings and intent regarding the role of foster parents as participants in the child welfare system. Creates the "Foster Parent Act." Specifies responsibilities of the department with respect to foster parents and specifies the rights and responsibilities of foster parents. Requires the department and each agency providing foster care services under contract with the department to implement the act and prepare an annual plan for implementation in the department's service districts.