HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE & CONSUMER AFFAIRS ANALYSIS

- BILL #: HB 1119
- **RELATING TO:** Agriculture/Crop Damage/Destruction
- **SPONSOR(S):** Representatives Heyman, Kendrick and others
- TIED BILL(S): None

ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COUNCIL(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:

- (1) JUDICIAL OVERSIGHT (CSG) YEAS 10 NAYS 0
- (2) AGRICULTURE & CONSUMÉR AFFAIRS (CCC) YEAS 9 NAYS 0
- (3) COUNCIL FOR SMARTER GOVERNMENT
- (4)
- (5)

I. <u>SUMMARY</u>:

THIS DOCUMENT IS NOT INTENDED TO BE USED FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSTRUING STATUTES, OR TO BE CONSTRUED AS AFFECTING, DEFINING, LIMITING, CONTROLLING, SPECIFYING, CLARIFYING, OR MODIFYING ANY LEGISLATION OR STATUTE.

Current law provides to a grower or producer of agricultural products a civil cause of action for double damages, plus costs and attorney's fees, against any person who willfully and knowingly destroys those agricultural products.

This bill adds agricultural production systems to this civil cause of action; and increases the damages award from double to triple the amount of the value of the product or system damaged or destroyed.

This bill also provides an exemption from liability applicable to the state and local governments.

This bill does not appear to have a fiscal impact on state or local governments.

On February 12, 2002, the Committee on Judicial Oversight unanimously approved HB 1119 along with one amendment, which is traveling with the bill (see Section VI., Amendments).

On February 20, 2002, the Committee on Agriculture and Consumer Affairs unanimously approved HB 1119. There are now two amendments traveling with the bill (see Section VI., Amendments).

II. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS:

A. DOES THE BILL SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES:

1.	Less Government	Yes []	No [x]	N/A []
2.	Lower Taxes	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]
3.	Individual Freedom	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]
4.	Personal Responsibility	Yes [x]	No []	N/A []
5.	Family Empowerment	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

This bill expands a civil cause of action.

B. PRESENT SITUATION:

Section 604.60, F.S. provides a civil cause of action to a grower or producer of agricultural products against a person who willfully and knowingly destroys agricultural products belonging to the grower or producer. It provides that any private, public, or commercial agricultural grower or producer who grows or produces any agricultural product for personal, research, or commercial purposes or for testing or research purposes in a product development program conducted in conjunction or coordination with a private research facility, a university, or any federal, state, or local government agency who suffers damages as a result of another person's willful and knowing damage or destruction of any such agricultural product has a civil cause of action for damages.

Section 604.60, F.S., cross-references to the definition of "agricultural products" in s. 468.382(7), F.S.

Damages awarded under s. 604.60, F.S. include an amount equal to double the amount of the value of the product damaged or destroyed, including the cost of any experimental product replication. The court may also award compensatory and punitive damages. However, the total damages awarded is twice the market value of the product prior to damage or destruction plus twice the actual damages involving production, research, testing, replacement, and product development costs directly related to the product that has been damaged or destroyed. The prevailing party is entitled to court costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

C. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

This bill removes the cross-reference to "agricultural products" in 468.382(7), F.S., and transfers it verbatim into s. 604.60, F.S. The agricultural products is defined to include the natural products from a farm, nursery, grove, orchard, vineyard, garden, or apiary, including livestock, tobacco, and vegetables, and includes aquacultural, horticultural, viticultural, forestry, aquatic, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee, and any farm products.

This bill provides that a cause of action under s. 604.60, F.S. may also be pursued for damage or destruction to "agricultural production systems", which are defined to mean land, buildings, or equipment used in the production of any agricultural product.

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This bill increases the damages award to triple the amount of the value of the product damaged or destroyed, including the cost of any experimental product replication.

This bill also provides that there will be no liability on the part of the state or any agency thereof, including any criminal justice agency, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services or its agents or employees, a local governmental entity, or any other political subdivision of the state for any action taken by them in the performance of their powers and duties. It further provides that there will be no cause of action arising against any of these agencies or the state.

This bill provides an effective date of October 1, 2002.

D. SECTION-BY-SECTION ANALYSIS:

See "Present Situation" and "Effect of Proposed Changes."

III. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT:

- A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:
 - 1. <u>Revenues</u>:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

- B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:
 - 1. <u>Revenues</u>:

None.

2. <u>Expenditures</u>:

None.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

This bill increases the amount of damages, from double to triple the value of the loss, that growers and producers of agricultural products could potentially recover for damage to their agriculture products or agricultural production system if willfully destroyed.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None.

IV. CONSEQUENCES OF ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18 OF THE FLORIDA CONSTITUTION:

A. APPLICABILITY OF THE MANDATES PROVISION:

This bill does not require counties or municipalities to expend funds or to take an action requiring the expenditure of funds.

B. REDUCTION OF REVENUE RAISING AUTHORITY:

This bill does not reduce the authority that municipalities or counties have to raise revenues in the aggregate.

C. REDUCTION OF STATE TAX SHARED WITH COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES:

This bill does not reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

V. COMMENTS:

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

The intentional damage or destruction of agricultural property or agricultural production systems by any governmental agency may perhaps appear to be a "taking" by the government without just compensation. In *Rabin v. Lake Worth Drainage District*,¹ the Supreme Court of Florida determined that crops destroyed through an action of the Lake Worth Drainage District were not a "taking" by the agency.² Any destruction, if negligent, constitutes a tort,³ actionable under Florida negligence statutes with the exception of any actions that are taken pursuant to the police powers of the state as provided in s. 11.066(2), F.S., which provides:

The state and each state agency, when exercising its inherent police power to protect the public health, safety, or welfare, is presumed to be acting to prevent a public harm. A person may rebut this presumption in a suit seeking monetary damages from the state or a state agency only by clear and convincing evidence to the contrary.

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None.

C. OTHER COMMENTS:

The exemption from civil liability provided to the state and any agency of the states, under proposed subsection (4) of s.604.60, F.S., by this bill, is not limited to s. 604.60, F.S. As written, this provision could possibly provide the state or any state agency with a general exemption from all liability, in contravention of s. 768.28, F.S.

¹ 82 So.2d 353 (Fla. 1955).

² *Id.* at 355, *see also*, *Ardundel Corp. v. Griffin*, 89 Fla. 128, 103 So. 422 (1925), holding that damage to property without just compensation is no expressly forbidden in the Florida Constitution.

³ Id. at 355.

VI. AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES:

On February 12, 2002, the Committee on Judicial Oversight adopted 1 amendment to this bill. The amendment limits the applicability of the exemption from liability for the state or state agency, to s. 604.60, F.S. The bill was then reported favorably, as amended.

On February 20, 2002, the Committee on Agriculture and Consumer Affairs adopted 1 amendment to HB 1119. The amendment limits the applicability of the exemption from cause of action for the state or state agency, to s. 604.60, F.S. The bill was then reported favorably, as amended.

VII. <u>SIGNATURES</u>:

COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL OVERSIGHT:

Prepared by:

Staff Director:

Noelle M. Melanson

Nathan L. Bond J.D.

AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE & CONSUMER AFFAIRS:

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