A bill to be entitled

An act relating to community college funding; amending s. 240.359, F.S.; revising the method of determining the annual apportionment to each community college from state funds; authorizing determination annually in the General Appropriations Act and revising components to be considered in such determination; providing for use of a resource allocation funding model and specifying components of the model; providing for use of a relative need index; providing for consideration of performance-based budget funding and workforce development funding; providing duties of the Florida Board of Education; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 240.359, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

240.359 Procedure for determining state financial support and annual apportionment of state funds to each community college district.—The procedure for determining state financial support and the annual apportionment to each community college district authorized to operate a community college under the provisions of s. 240.313 shall be as follows:

- (3) DETERMINING THE APPORTIONMENT FROM STATE FUNDS.--
- (a) By December 15 of each year, the Department of 31 Education shall estimate the annual enrollment of each

community college for the current fiscal year and for the 6 subsequent fiscal years. These estimates shall be based upon prior years' enrollments, upon the initial fall term enrollments for the current fiscal year for each college, and upon each college's estimated current enrollment and demographic changes in the respective community college districts.

(a)(b) The apportionment to each community college from the Community College Program Fund may shall be determined annually in the General Appropriations Act. In determining each college's apportionment, the Legislature shall consider the following components:

- 1. Base budget, which includes the state <u>general</u> revenue and lottery appropriations appropriation to the Community College Program Fund in the current year plus the related student matriculation and tuition fees <u>established</u> assigned in the current General Appropriations Act.
- 2. The cost-to-continue allocation, which consists of incremental changes to the base budget, including salaries, price levels, and other related costs allocated through the resource allocation funding model. The model shall consider the additional operational costs related to small community colleges and community colleges with multiple campuses. The resource allocation funding model shall be approved by the Florida Board of Education and shall include, but not be limited to, the following components:
- a. Direct instruction, including class size, faculty load, average instructional salaries and benefits, program resource requirements, and full-time equivalent student enrollments.
 - b. Academic support.

1	c. Libraries, including library materials, library
2	technology, and staffing.
3	d. Student services, including student headcount,
4	full-time equivalent students, and disabled student services.
5	e. Plant operations and maintenance, including
6	maintenance, repair, custodial service, utilities, space
7	utilization, and facility inventory.
8	f. Special projects.
9	g. District cost differential.
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11	To determine state support, standard student matriculation and
12	tuition fee revenues and related state support shall be
13	deducted from the sum of the components included in the
14	resource allocation funding model. The resultant calculated
15	state support by community college shall be compared to
16	current state support by community college to determine a
17	relative need index by community college. New state
18	appropriations shall be multiplied by the relative need index
19	to determine the annual state appropriation by community
20	college.
21	3. Enrollment workload adjustment, which shall be
22	determined as follows:
23	a. The actual full-time equivalent enrollment for the
24	prior year, as accepted or modified by the Legislature, shall
25	be the assigned enrollment and the basis for allocating
26	appropriated funds for enrollment workload. If the enrollment
27	workload allocation to a college is determined to be less than

b. The systemwide average direct instructional cost

zero, the reduction in allocation shall be implemented over a

31 level of each program of study shall be used to calculate the

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2-year period.

 enrollment workload adjustment. This amount, multiplied by a factor of 1.3, for support services shall be multiplied by the change in enrollment as determined in sub-subparagraph a.

From this amount, student matriculation and tuition fees generated by the change in assigned enrollment shall be deducted and the remaining amount shall be the state allocation to each college for enrollment workload.

- c. Students enrolled in a recreation and leisure program and students enrolled in a lifelong learning program may not be counted as full-time equivalent enrollments for purposes of enrollment workload adjustments.
- 3.4. Operating costs of new facilities adjustments, which shall be provided, from funds available, for each new facility that is owned by the college and is recommended in accordance with s. 235.15 and guidelines of the Florida Board of Education.
- $\underline{4.5}$. New and improved program enhancements, which shall be determined by the Legislature and may be allocated through the resource allocation funding model.
 - 5. Performance-based budget funding.
 - 6. Workforce development funding.

Student fees in the base budget plus student fee revenues generated by increases in fee rates shall be deducted from the sum of the components determined in subparagraphs 1.-5. The amount remaining shall be the net annual state apportionment to each college.

 $\underline{\text{(b)}(c)}$ No community college shall commit funds for the employment of personnel or resources in excess of those required to continue the same level of support for either the

previously approved enrollment or the revised enrollment, whichever is lower.

(c) (d) The apportionment to each community college district for capital outlay and debt service shall be the amount determined in accordance with subsection (2). This amount, less any amount determined as necessary for administrative expense by the Florida State Board of Education and any amount necessary for debt service on bonds issued by the Florida State Board of Education, shall be transmitted to the community college district board of trustees to be expended in a manner prescribed by rules of the Florida State Board of Education.

(d)(e) Colleges shall seek to maintain an unencumbered fund balance of between 4 percent and 10 percent of the funds available in the current general fund of the operating budget. If the 10-percent upper level is exceeded for 2 consecutive years, the appropriation to the college in a succeeding fiscal year shall be reduced by the average of the excess of the fund balance over the 10 percent for the 2 years. In exceptional cases, when fund balances greater than 10 percent are necessary for a college, prior approval shall be obtained from the Florida Board of Education State Board of Community Colleges.

 $\underline{\text{(e)}(f)}$ Expenditures for apprenticeship programs shall be reported separately.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.

HOUSE SUMMARY

With respect to community college funding, revises the method of determining the annual apportionment to each community college from state funds. Authorizes determination annually in the General Appropriations Act and revises components to be considered in such determination. Provides for use of a resource allocation funding model and specifies components of the model. Provides for use of a relative need index. Provides for consideration of performance-based budget funding and workforce development funding. Provides duties of the Florida Board of Education.