Florida Senate - 2002

CS for SB 1264

 \mathbf{By} the Committee on Health, Aging and Long-Term Care; and Senator Brown-Waite

Ī	317-1824A-02
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to public health; amending s.
3	381.0011, F.S.; revising the rulemaking
4	authority of the Department of Health with
5	respect to its power to impose quarantine,
6	including requiring vaccination; amending s.
7	381.00315, F.S.; defining the terms "public
8	health advisory" and "public health emergency";
9	specifying the terms under which a public
10	health emergency is declared; providing for
11	consultation for, notice, and duration of a
12	declaration of a public health emergency;
13	authorizing the State Health Officer to take
14	specified actions upon the declaration of a
15	public health emergency relating to shipping of
16	specified drugs, directing the compounding of
17	bulk prescription drugs, and specifying the use
18	of such drugs; authorizing the State Health
19	Officer to reactivate the inactive licenses of
20	certain practitioners who request such
21	reactivation; authorizing the State Health
22	Officer to order that an individual be
23	examined, tested, vaccinated, treated, or
24	quarantined for certain communicable diseases
25	under specified circumstances; specifying
26	benefits to be made available to volunteers
27	acting under a public health emergency;
28	providing an effective date.
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30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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1 Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 381.0011, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 381.0011 Duties and powers of the Department of 4 Health.--It is the duty of the Department of Health to: 5 (6) Declare, enforce, modify, and abolish quarantine б of persons, animals, and premises as the circumstances 7 indicate for controlling communicable diseases or providing 8 protection from unsafe conditions that pose a threat to public health, except as provided in ss. 384.28 and 392.545-392.60. 9 10 (a) The department shall adopt rules to specify the 11 conditions and procedures for imposing and releasing a quarantine. The rules must include provisions related to: 12 The closure of premises. 13 1. 2. The movement of persons or animals exposed to or 14 infected with a communicable disease. 15 The tests or prophylactic treatment, including 16 3. 17 vaccination, for communicable disease required prior to 18 employment or admission to the premises or to comply with a 19 quarantine. 20 4. Testing or destruction of animals with or suspected 21 of having a disease transmissible to humans. 22 5. Access by the department to quarantined premises. The disinfection of quarantined animals, persons, 23 6. 24 or premises. 25 7. Methods of quarantine. (b) Any health regulation that restricts travel or 26 27 trade within the state may not be adopted or enforced in this 28 state except by authority of the department. 29 Section 2. Section 381.00315, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 31

1 381.00315 Public health advisories; public health 2 emergencies. -- The State Health Officer is responsible for 3 declaring public health emergencies and issuing public health advisories. 4 5 (1) As used in this section, the term: б (a) "Public health advisory" means any warning or 7 report giving information to the public about a potential 8 public health threat. Prior to issuing any public health 9 advisory, the State Health Officer must consult with any state 10 or local agency regarding areas of responsibility which may be 11 affected by such advisory. Upon determining that issuing a public health advisory is necessary to protect the public 12 13 health and safety, and prior to issuing the advisory, the State Health Officer must notify each county health department 14 within the area which is affected by the advisory of the State 15 Health Officer's intent to issue the advisory. The State 16 17 Health Officer is authorized to take any action appropriate to enforce any public health advisory. 18 19 (b) "Public health emergency" means any occurrence, or threat thereof, whether natural or man made, which results or 20 21 may result in substantial injury or harm to the public health from infectious disease, chemical agents, nuclear agents, 22 biological toxins, or situations involving mass casualties or 23 24 natural disasters. Prior to declaring a public health 25 emergency, the State Health Officer shall, to the extent possible, consult with the Governor and shall notify the Chief 26 27 of Domestic Security Initiatives as created in s. 943.03. The 28 declaration of a public health emergency shall continue until 29 the State Health Officer finds that the threat or danger has been dealt with to the extent that the emergency conditions no 30 31 longer exist and he or she terminates the declaration.

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1 However, a declaration of a public health emergency may not continue for longer than 60 days unless the Governor concurs 2 3 in the renewal of the declaration. The State Health Officer, upon declaration of a public health emergency, may take 4 5 actions that are necessary to protect the public health. Such б actions include, but are not limited to: 7 Directing manufacturers of prescription drugs or 1. 8 over-the-counter drugs who are permitted under chapter 499 and 9 wholesalers of prescription drugs located in this state who are permitted under chapter 499 to give priority to the 10 11 shipping of specified drugs to pharmacies and health care providers within geographic areas that have been identified by 12 the State Health Officer. The State Health Officer must 13 identify the drugs to be shipped. Manufacturers and 14 wholesalers located in the state must respond to the State 15 Health Officer's priority shipping directive before shipping 16 17 the specified drugs. 2. Notwithstanding chapters 465 and 499 and rules 18 19 adopted thereunder, directing pharmacists employed by the department to compound bulk prescription drugs and provide 20 21 these bulk prescription drugs to physicians and nurses of county health departments or any qualified person authorized 22 by the State Health Officer for administration to persons as 23 part of a prophylactic or treatment regimen. 24 25 3. Notwithstanding s. 456.036, temporarily 26 reactivating the inactive license of the following health care 27 practitioners, when such practitioners are needed to respond to the public health emergency: physicians licensed under 28 29 chapter 458 or chapter 459; physician assistants licensed 30 under chapter 458 or chapter 459; licensed practical nurses, registered nurses, and advanced registered nurse practitioners 31 4

1 licensed under part I of chapter 464; respiratory therapists licensed under part V of chapter 468; and emergency medical 2 3 technicians and paramedics certified under part III of chapter 401. Only those health care practitioners specified in this 4 5 paragraph who possess an unencumbered inactive license and who б request that such license be reactivated are eligible for 7 reactivation. An inactive license that is reactivated under 8 this paragraph shall return to inactive status when the public health emergency ends or prior to the end of the public health 9 10 emergency if the State Health Officer determines that the 11 health care practitioner is no longer needed to provide services during the public health emergency. Such licenses may 12 only be reactivated for a period not to exceed 90 days without 13 meeting the requirements of s. 456.036 or chapter 401, as 14 15 applicable. 4. Ordering an individual to be examined, tested, 16 17 vaccinated, treated, or quarantined for communicable diseases 18 that have significant morbidity or mortality and present a 19 severe danger to public health. a. Examination, testing, vaccination, or treatment may 20 21 be performed by any qualified person authorized by the State 22 Health Officer. b. If the individual poses a danger to the public 23 24 health, the State Health Officer may subject the individual to 25 quarantine. If there is no practical method to quarantine the 26 individual, the State Health Officer may use any means 27 necessary to vaccinate or treat the individual. 28 29 Any order of the State Health Officer given to effectuate this 30 paragraph shall be immediately enforceable by a law 31 enforcement officer under s. 381.0012. 5

(2) Individuals who assist the State Health Officer at his or her request on a volunteer basis during a public health emergency are entitled to the benefits specified in s. 110.504 2), (3), (4), and (5). Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a б law. STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 1264 The Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 1264 revises the rulemaking authority of the Department of Health for its power to impose a quarantine to include required vaccination and to establish additional authority for the Department of Health to impose methods of quarantine. "Public health advisory" and "public health emergency" are defined. The State Health Officer is required to consult with the Governor and to notify the Chief of Domestic Security Initiatives before declaring a public health emergency. A declaration of a public health emergency may only continue for 60 days unless the Governor concurs in the renewal of the declaration. The State Health Officer may take specified actions to protect the public health during a declared public health emergency. health during a declared public health emergency.